MFS CHARTER INCOME TRUST Form N-30D January 24, 2003

[MFS LOGO](R)
INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

MFS(R) CHARTER INCOME TRUST

ANNUAL REPORT o NOVEMBER 30, 2002

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MFS(R) PRIVACY POLICY

At MFS(R), we are committed to protecting your privacy.

On behalf of the MFS Family of Funds(R), the MFS(R) Institutional Trusts, the Vertex(SM) Funds, Massachusetts Financial Services Company, and certain affiliates(1) (collectively, "MFS," "we," "us" or "our"), this privacy policy outlines certain of our policies designed to maintain the privacy of your nonpublic personal information.

Nonpublic personal information includes much of the information you provide to us and the related information about you and your transactions involving your MFS investment product or service. Examples of nonpublic personal information include the information you provide on new account applications for MFS investment products or services, your share balance or transactional history, and the fact that you are a customer of MFS.

We may collect nonpublic personal information about you from the following sources:

- o information we receive from you on applications or other forms
- o information about your transactions with us, our affiliates, or others, and
- o information we receive from a consumer reporting agency

We do not disclose any nonpublic personal information about our customers or former customers to anyone except as permitted by law. We may disclose all of the information we collect, as described above, to companies that perform marketing services on our behalf or to other financial institutions with whom we have joint marketing arrangements.

We restrict access to nonpublic personal information about you to personnel who are necessary or appropriate to provide products or services to you. We maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards that comply with

federal regulations to guard your nonpublic personal information.

Our privacy policy applies only to individual MFS investors who have a direct relationship with us. If you own MFS products or receive MFS investment services in the name of a third-party broker-dealer, bank, investment adviser or other financial service provider, that third-party's privacy policies may apply to you and our privacy policy may not.

If you have any questions with respect to MFS' privacy policy, please call 1-800-225-2606 any business day between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m. Eastern time.

(1) MFS Institutional Advisors, Inc., Vertex Investment Management, Inc., MFS Original Research Advisors, LLC, MFS Original Research Partners, LLC, MFS(R) Heritage Trust Company(SM), and MFS Fund Distributors, Inc.

NOT FDIC INSURED

MAY LOSE VALUE

NO BANK GUARANTEE

NOT A DEPOSIT NOT INSURED BY ANY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AGENCY

LETTER FROM THE CHAIRMAN

[Photo of Jeffrey L. Shames]

Jeffrey L. Shames

Dear Shareholders,

As I write this in mid-December, major U.S. and overseas stock market indices have shown positive performance for two straight months -- something we haven't seen in a long time. The Dow Jones Industrial Average has recently recorded its second-best October ever, in terms of percentage gains(1). We see these as hopeful signs in what has been a difficult year for investors in stocks and corporate bonds. In our view, signals on the future direction of the economy and the market remain decidedly mixed.

A RELAY RACE

In mid-December, we could describe the state of the U.S. economy as a relay race against time involving two runners: the consumer, whose spending has fueled the beginning of a recovery, and corporate spending, which has yet to contribute much to the recovery. The hope is that corporate spending kicks in so that the consumer can pass the baton before running out of steam. But at this point, the near-term direction of consumer spending or corporate spending and profits is difficult to predict. The result is that the economy seems to us to be in a holding pattern as we wait for clear signs that things are improving.

REASONS FOR OPTIMISM

Optimists would point out that wages, according to the U.S. Labor Department, have been rising over the past year. This, in combination with historically low interest rates and inflation, may enable the consumer to keep spending. In addition, worker productivity in the third quarter grew at the highest rate since 1966 -- 5.1% on an annualized basis, according to the Labor Department. Higher productivity may allow firms to raise wages without raising prices.

Our research indicates that business spending overall has at least stopped falling and that corporate earnings and spending could trend upward in 2003. An encouraging sign is that business spending in the third quarter of 2002 eked out its first increase in two years, according to a report from the U.S. Commerce Department.

Pessimists, however, would counter that the outlook for corporate profits

remains very murky, that corporations could resort to further layoffs if profits languish, that consumer confidence still appears weak, and that the situation with Iraq adds to market uncertainty.

STAYING THE COURSE

With the economy in a holding pattern and markets extremely volatile, we think it's important to remember the familiar investment strategies that we believe apply in any market: Think long term. Be diversified. See crises as opportunities. That's how we'd describe our approach to this volatile environment -- which we think plays to our strength as research-based, bottomup, long-term investors.

We understand that the past few years have been discouraging. Short-term events have sorely tested investors' long-term faith in the market. However, we would caution investors about reacting to market news -- good or bad -- by making major changes in their portfolios. We would suggest that in difficult times it is even more important to have a long-term financial plan and to talk on a regular basis with your investment professional. We would also point out that history has shown that the market and the economy have been cyclical; downturns have usually been followed by upturns.

As always, we appreciate your confidence in MFS and welcome any questions or comments you may have.

Respectfully,

/s/ Jeffrey L. Shames

Jeffrey L. Shames Chairman MFS Investment Management(R)

December 16, 2002

(1) Source: The Wall St. Journal, November 1, 2002. The Dow Jones Industrial Average (DJIA) is a price-weighted average of 30 blue-chip stocks that are generally the leaders in their industry. It is not possible to invest directly in an index.

The opinions expressed in this letter are those of MFS, and no forecasts can be guaranteed.

MANAGEMENT REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

[Photo of Joseph C. Flaherty, Jr.]
Joseph C. Flaherty, Jr.

Dear Shareholders,

For the 12 months ended November 30, 2002, the trust provided a total return of 5.99% based on its beginning and ending stock market prices and assuming the reinvestment of any dividends and capital gains distributions paid during the period. The trust's total return based on its net asset value (NAV) was 6.10%. During the same period, the trust's benchmarks, the J.P. Morgan Non-Dollar Government Bond Index, the Lehman Brothers Government Bond Index, and the Lehman Brothers High Yield Bond Index, returned 11.81%, 7.91%, and -3.16%, respectively. The J.P. Morgan Non-Dollar Government Bond Index is an unmanaged aggregate of actively traded government bonds issued by 12 countries, excluding the United States, with remaining maturities of at least one year. The Lehman Brothers Government Bond Index is unmanaged and comprises all publicly issued debt obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. government

agencies, quasi-federal corporations, and corporate debt guaranteed by the U.S. government. The Lehman Brothers High Yield Bond Index includes all fixed-income securities having a maximum quality rating from Moody's Investors Service of "Bal," a minimum amount outstanding of \$150 million, and at least one year to maturity. Defaulted bonds are excluded from the index.

During the past 12 months, the U.S. Federal Reserve Board (the Fed) made periodic cuts to short-term interest rates in an effort to stimulate a sagging economy. By the end of November, short-term rates stood at 1.25%. In 2002, accounting scandals and fraud in some of this country's largest companies were front-page news. Stocks plunged across all industries, and corporate bonds mirrored stock performance. Investment-grade bonds, even those issued by companies with clean balance sheets, became much less attractive to potential buyers. In July of 2002, the high-yield market declined severely when the number of companies that were unable to make timely principal and/or interest payments rose to new levels. There was a flight to quality as investors sold their corporate bonds in favor of the safety offered by U.S. government securities.

International bond markets, especially European holdings denominated in local currencies, benefited from the strength of those currencies relative to a weaker U.S. dollar. However, currency-hedged international government bonds lagged their U.S. counterparts when the U.S. dollar declined in value. (A currency hedge is used to reduce currency risks associated with ownership of international securities that are not denominated in U.S. dollars.) Emerging market bonds experienced a period of volatility during the summer but by the end of the period delivered returns that were comparable to their developed counterparts.

TIMELY ADDITION OF HIGH-QUALITY BONDS TO CORPORATE ALLOCATION Historically, we had concentrated our corporate holdings in high yield bonds. However, in the fourth quarter of 2001, we decided to add investment-grade bonds to our corporate bond allocation. While this decision resulted in a somewhat lower yield, the higher quality bonds made a positive contribution to performance by holding their value better when market conditions deteriorated in the summer of 2002.

BRIGHT SPOTS IN QUALITY, INTERNATIONAL, AND BANKING Generally, the trust's overall focus on quality helped its performance throughout the past 12 months. For example, we were overweight U.S. Treasury and government bonds for much of the year, and they generated positive returns for the trust.

International investments in Germany, the United Kingdom, and "dollar bloc" countries such as Canada also performed well for the trust. These issues offered higher yields than U.S. Treasury securities and provided additional diversification to the high-quality portion of the portfolio. An increase in currency exposure boosted trust performance in late spring through mid-summer when the U.S. dollar weakened.

The trust's holdings in emerging market bonds stand at nearly 6% of the portfolio, down from roughly 10% at the beginning of the period. We have invested in what we believe is a well-diversified group that includes Mexico and Russia. Both of those countries have made solid progress in reforming social, political, and economic policies. As a result, their credit quality has improved and they are much better able to attract investment capital.

The trust had a relatively large portion of its investment-grade corporate bond holdings invested in U.S. banks, one of the few groups in the corporate sector that did well. A hot U.S. housing market translated into increased mortgage lending that improved business profitability for banks. The bank bonds we held were well-capitalized and had a strong consumer base and fewer

credit problems than many investors expected.

HIGH-YIELD BOND HOLDINGS REDUCED

Although the trust avoided most of the bonds with significant accounting and corporate governance problems such as Enron and Tyco, it did not escape from the general declines experienced in corporate bond markets, especially in the high-yield market. We reduced our high-yield holdings throughout the year from approximately 17% at the beginning of the period to roughly 11% by the end as we moved some of those assets into investment-grade bonds. Our high-yield holdings detracted from performance when corporate issuers were unable to fulfill their obligations. Our strategy within the high-yield sector was to increase the trust's diversification across industries, focus on more liquid issues where there was a ready market for buyers, and improve the credit quality of our holdings.

OPPORTUNITIES IN MORTGAGE-BACKED AND INTERNATIONAL BONDS
The trust's mortgage-backed bonds have done well in the past few months, and we think they will continue to be attractive assets. Recently, we've become more interested in 15-year mortgage issues for several reasons. First, mortgage-backed securities have higher yields than comparable U.S. Treasury bonds. (The principal value and interest on Treasury securities are guaranteed by the U.S. government if held to maturity.) Second, after the most recent interest rate cut by the Fed, we think that there may be another spate of refinancing, but that it would be the last for the near future. Third, if the U.S. economy does strengthen and the Fed were to raise interest rates, we believe that the 15-year maturity range may be less volatile in a potentially rising interest rate market.

We continue to favor overseas bonds as we head into the new year. As of November 30, yields on international bonds such as those from Germany, United Kingdom, Denmark, Canada, and New Zealand are higher than the yields on U.S. Treasury securities. We believe that these non-U.S. bonds offer investors solid income opportunities as well as appreciation potential, especially if the ECB makes further interest rate cuts.

POTENTIAL FOR CHANGE IN U.S. CORPORATE BOND MARKETS
Going forward, we expect to see U.S. companies continue to clean up and
strengthen their balance sheets to improve their credit quality. We would also
anticipate less volatility in the bond markets as investors' faith in the
corporate bond market is restored. That may already be happening. In our view,
the corporate bond investor's aversion to risk, real or perceived, has begun
to shift over the last quarter. Buyers are starting to come back. If business
spending were also to pick up, then long-term investors may be well positioned
to benefit.

Respectfully,

/s/ Joseph C. Flaherty, Jr.

Joseph C. Flaherty, Jr. Portfolio Manager

Note to shareholders: Effective on November 1, 2002, Joseph C. Flaherty, Jr. became portfolio manager of the Trust, replacing Stephen C. Bryant.

The opinions expressed in this report are those of the portfolio manager and are current only through the end of the period of the report as stated on the cover. These views are subject to change at any time based on market and other conditions, and no forecasts can be guaranteed.

It is not possible to invest directly in an index.

The portfolio is actively managed, and current holdings may be different.

PORTFOLIO MANAGER'S PROFILE

JOSEPH C. FLAHERTY, JR., IS SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT OF MFS INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT(R) (MFS(R)) AND MANAGER OF THE QUANTITATIVE RESEARCH GROUP. HE IS PORTFOLIO MANAGER OF THE GLOBAL ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIOS OF OUR MUTUAL FUNDS, VARIABLE ANNUITIES, AND OFFSHORE INVESTMENT PRODUCTS.

JOE JOINED MFS AS A FIXED-INCOME QUANTITATIVE RESEARCH ASSOCIATE IN 1993 AND WAS NAMED QUANTITATIVE RESEARCH ANALYST AND ASSISTANT VICE PRESIDENT IN 1996. HE BECAME VICE PRESIDENT AND MANAGER OF THE QUANTITATIVE RESEARCH GROUP IN 1998 AND PORTFOLIO MANAGER IN 1999. HE EARNED A BACHELOR OF SCIENCE DEGREE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING FROM TUFTS UNIVERSITY IN 1984 AND AN M.B.A. IN FINANCE FROM BENTLEY COLLEGE IN 1990.

ALL PORTFOLIO MANAGERS AT MFS ARE SUPPORTED BY AN INVESTMENT STAFF OF OVER 160 PROFESSIONALS UTILIZING MFS ORIGINAL RESEARCH(R), A GLOBAL, COMPANY-ORIENTED, BOTTOM-UP PROCESS OF SELECTING SECURITIES.

NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS

As of November 30, 2002, our records indicate that there are 5,168 registered shareholders and approximately 34,914 shareholders owning trust shares in "street" name, such as through brokers, banks, and other financial intermediaries. If you are a "street" name shareholder and wish to directly receive our reports, which contain important information about the trust, please write or call:

State Street Bank and Trust Company P.O. Box 8200
Boston, MA 02266-8200
1-800-637-2304

ADDRESS CHANGE

Please use our new mailing address, effective immediately.

State Street Bank and Trust Company c/o MFS Service Center, Inc. P.O. Box 55024 Boston, MA 02205-5024

In accordance with Section 23(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, the trust hereby gives notice that it may from time to time repurchase shares of the trust in the open market at the option of the Board of Trustees and on such terms as the Trustees shall determine.

OBJECTIVE: Seeks to maximize current income.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE SYMBOL: MCR

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

(For the year ended November 30, 2002)

NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE	
November 30, 2001	\$9.17
November 30, 2002	\$9.09
NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICE	
November 30, 2001	\$8.35
September 4, 2002 (high)*	\$8.64
October 24, 2002 (low)*	\$8.00
November 30, 2002	\$8.26

^{*} For the period December 1, 2001, through November 30, 2002.

RISK CONSIDERATIONS

Investments in foreign and/or emerging market securities may be unfavorably affected by interest-rate and currency-exchange-rate changes as well as by market, economic, and political conditions of the countries where investments are made. There may be greater returns but also greater risk than with U.S. investments.

The portfolio may invest in derivative securities which may include futures and options. These types of instruments can increase price fluctuation.

Because the portfolio focuses its investments on companies in a limited number of sectors, the portfolio is more susceptible to adverse economic, political or regulatory developments affecting those sectors than is a portfolio that invests more broadly.

Investments in lower-rated securities may provide greater returns but may have greater-than-average risk.

As a nondiversified portfolio, the portfolio invests in a limited number of companies and may have more risk because a change in one security's value may have a more significant effect on the portfolio's net asset value. An investment in the portfolio is not a complete investment program.

Government guarantees apply to the underlying securities only and not to the prices and yields of the portfolio.

These risks may increase share price volatility. Please see the prospectus for details.

DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT AND CASH PURCHASE PLAN

MFS offers a Dividend Reinvestment and Cash Purchase Plan that allows you to reinvest either all of the distributions paid by the trust or only the long-term capital gains. Purchases are made at the market price unless that price exceeds the net asset value (the shares are trading at a premium). If the shares are trading at a premium, purchases will be made at a discounted price of either the net asset value or 95% of the market price, whichever is greater. Twice each year you can also buy shares. Investments of \$100 or more can be made in January and July on the 15th of the month or shortly thereafter.

If your shares are in the name of a brokerage firm, bank, or other nominee, you can ask the firm or nominee to participate in the plan on your behalf. If the nominee does not offer the plan, you may wish to request that your shares be re-registered in your own name so that you can participate.

There is no service charge to reinvest distributions, nor are there brokerage charges for shares issued directly by the trust. However, when shares are bought on the New York Stock Exchange or otherwise on the open market, each

participant pays a pro rata share of the commissions. The automatic reinvestment of distributions does not relieve you of any income tax that may be payable (or required to be withheld) on the distributions.

To enroll in or withdraw from the plan, or if you have any questions, call 1-800-637-2304 any business day from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Eastern time. Please have available the name of the trust and your account and Social Security numbers. For certain types of registrations, such as corporate accounts, instructions must be submitted in writing. Please call for additional details. When you withdraw, you can receive the value of the reinvested shares in one of two ways: a check for the value of the full and fractional shares, or a certificate for the full shares and a check for the fractional shares.

RESULTS OF SHAREHOLDER MEETINGS (Unaudited)

At the annual meeting of shareholders of MFS Charter Income Trust, which was held on October 1, 2002 the following actions were taken:

ITEM 1. To elect a board of trustees.

NUMBER OF SHARES

NOMINEE	FOR	WITHHOLD AUTHORITY
William R. Gutow	55,074,573.516	1,705,303.145
J. Atwood Ives	55,070,769.729	1,709,106.932
Abby O'Neill	55,044,556.628	1,735,320.033
Jeffrey L. Shames	55,060,704.007	1,719,172.654

ITEM 2. To ratify the selection of Ernst & Young LLP as the independent public accountants for the current fiscal year.

	NUMBER	OF	SHARES
For	55 , 51	12,3	185.806
Against	7:	39,2	236.488
Abstain	52	28,4	154.367

PORTFOLIO OF INVESTMENTS -- November 30, 2002

Bonds - 96.3%

PRINCIPAL AMOUNT
ISSUER (000 OMITTED)

U.S. Bonds - 64.1%

Advertising & Broadcasting - 0.5%
Paxson Communications Corp. 0s to 2006, 12.25s to 2009
Spanish Broadcasting Systems, Inc., 9.625s, 2009

\$ 2,305 1,500

Aerospaca - 0 3%

Aerospace - 0.3%
 Argo Tech Corp., 8.625s, 2007
 K & F Industries, Inc., 9.25s, 2007

\$ 220 1,200

Airlines Airplane Pass-Through Trust, 10.875s, 2019	\$ 222
Apparel & Textiles - 0.1% Westpoint Stevens, Inc., 7.875s, 2008	\$ 1,650
Automotive - 0.7% DaimlerChrysler Corp., 7.45s, 2097 Ford Motor Credit Co., 7.375s, 2011	\$ 1,321 2,766
Banks & Credit Cos 1.8% Abbey National Capital, 1s, 2049 Credit Suisse First Boston USA, Inc., 6.5s, 2012 GS Escrow Corp., 7s, 2003	\$ 2,159 1,907 4,942
Broadcast & Cable TV - 2.0% Cox Communications, Inc., 7.125s, 2012 CSC Holdings, Inc., 8.125s, 2009 Mediacom Broadband LLC, 11s, 2013 Tele Communications, Inc., 9.8s, 2012	\$ 3,800 3,450 2,400 1,169
Building - 0.8% American Standard, Inc., 7.375s, 2008 Nortek, Inc., 8.875s, 2008 Williams Scotsman, Inc., 9.875s, 2007	\$ 2,390 1,145 1,000
Building Materials - 0.2% CRH America, Inc., 6.95s, 2012	\$ 1,057
Business Services - 1.2% Iron Mountain, Inc., 8.75s, 2009 Pierce Leahy Corp., 9.125s, 2007 Unisystem Corp., 7.875s, 2008	\$ 1,800 1,100 3,300
Chemicals Sterling Chemicals, Inc., 11.25s, 2007	\$ 125
Consumer Goods & Services - 0.3% Kindercare Learning Centers, Inc., 9.5s, 2009 Samsonite Corp., 10.75s, 2008	\$ 855 925
Container, Forest & Paper Products - 1.9% Ball Corp., 8.25s, 2008 Buckeye Cellulose Corp., 8.5s, 2005 Meadwestvaco Corp., 6.8s, 2032 Silgan Holdings, Inc., 9s, 2009 Weyerhaeuser Co., 6.75s, 2012	\$ 2,975 1,010 2,741 2,020 1,468

Corporate Asset-Backed - 3.3%	
Amresco Commercial Mortgage Funding I, 7s, 2029	\$ 3,000
Commercial Mortgage Acceptance Corp., 5.44s, 2030	3,535
First Union Lehman Brothers Bank of America, 0s, 2028	90,215
First Union Lehman Brothers Commercial, 7s, 2014	850
Morgan Stanley Capital I, Inc., 7.699s, 2039	2,000
TIAA Retail Commercial Mortgage Trust, 7.17s, 2032##	6,206
Defense Electronics - 0.3% L-3 Communications Corp., 7.625s, 2012	\$ 1,480
Energy - 2.8%	
AmeriGas Partners LP, 10.125s, 2007	\$ 510
AmeriGas Partners LP, 8.875s, 2011	3,235
Devon Financing Corp. ULC, 6.875s, 2011	2,529
Midamerican Energy Holdings Co., 5.875s, 2012	4,094
Ocean Energy, Inc., 4.375s, 2007	935
P&L Coal Holdings Corp., 9.625s, 2008	2,015
Valero Energy Corp., 6.875s, 2012	1,333
Entertainment - 0.9%	
News America Holdings, Inc., 7.7s, 2025	\$ 530
Time Warner, Inc., 6.95s, 2028	1,382
Turner Broadcasting, Inc., 8.375s, 2013	2,859
Financial Institutions - 0.5%	
Americo Life, Inc., 9.25s, 2005	\$ 115
General Motors Acceptance Corp., 7s, 2012	2,688
MGM Mirage, 8.375s, 2011	\$ 2 , 775
Park Place Entertainment Corp., 8.875s, 2008	2,500
Starwood Hotels & Resorts, 7.875s, 2012##	800
AGCO Corp., 9.5s, 2008	\$ 1,750
Terex Corp., 9.25s, 2001	1,405
1010A 001P., 3.200, 2011	1,700
Allbritton Communications Co., 9.75s, 2007	\$ 1,500
Chancellor Media Corp., 8.75s, 2007	1,220
Chancellor Media Corp., 8s, 2008	2,000
Echostar DBS Corp., 9.375s, 2009	1,400
Jones Intercable, Inc., 8.875s, 2007	3,150
Lenfest Communications, Inc., 10.5s, 2006	1,900
LIN Televison Corp., 8.375s, 2008	1,000
Young Broadcasting, Inc., 8.5s, 2008	2,600
10ang 210aa0a01ng, 1no., 0.00, 2000	2,000

Panamsat Corp., 8.5s, 2012## 	\$ 2,340
Medical & Health Technology Services - 0.7% Fisher Scientific International, Inc., 8.125s, 2012 Tenet Healthcare Corp., 6.875s, 2031	\$ 1,320 2,621
Natural Gas - Pipeline - 0.5%	
Kinder Morgan Energy Partners, 7.3s, 2033	\$ 2,638
Dil Services - 0.6%	
Chesapeake Energy Corp., 8.125s, 2011##	\$ 1,645
Pemex Project, 9.125s, 2010	1,014
Pemex Project, 8.625s, 2022##	620
Allied Waste North America, Inc., 10s, 2009	\$ 2,500
Waste Management, Inc., 7.75s, 2032##	2,522
Printing & Publishing	
Day International Group, Inc., 11.125s, 2005	\$ 100
Real Estate Investment Trusts - 0.8%	
Kimco Realty Corp., 6s, 2012	\$ 1,437
Vornado Realty Trust, 5.625s, 2007	2 , 927
Special Products & Services	
Thermadyne Manufacturing/Capital Corp., 9.875s, 2008	\$ 225
Steel	
WCI Steel, Inc., 10s, 2004	\$ 1,260
Telecommunications - 0.6%	
Granite Broadcasting Corp., 10.375s, 2005	\$ 1,537
Granite Broadcasting Corp., 8.875s, 2008	675
ICG Holdings, Inc., 1s, 2006	875
Triton PCS, Inc., 0s to 2003, 11s to 2008	1,615
AT&T Wireless Services, Inc., 8.75s, 2031	\$ 555
Verizon Wireless, Inc., 5.375s, 2006	1,260
Telecommunications - Wireline - 0.4%	
Telecommunications - Wireline - 0.4% Citizens Communications Co., 8.5s, 2006 Sprint Capital Corp., 6.875s, 2028	\$ 812 1,519

U.S. Government Agencies - 17.7%	
Federal National Mortgage Assn., 6s, 2017	\$13 , 584
Federal National Mortgage Assn., 6.262s, 2020	7
Federal National Mortgage Assn., 6.5s, 2031 - 2032	13,934
Financing Corp., Os, 2014	13,519
Financing Corp., 10.35s, 2018	15,100
Government National Mortgage Assn., 6.5s, 2028	6,804
Government National Mortgage Assn., 7s, 2031	15,420
Government National Mortgage Assn., 6.5s, 2032	14,125
U.S. Treasury Obligations - 16.0%	
U.S. Treasury Bonds, 10.75s, 2005	\$ 8,000
	7 , 500
U.S. Treasury Bonds, 12s, 2013	
U.S. Treasury Bonds, 9.875s, 2015	5 , 025
U.S. Treasury Bonds, 5.375s, 2031	4,933
U.S. Treasury Notes, 4.625s, 2006	20,137
U.S. Treasury Notes, 6.875s, 2006	8,000
U.S. Treasury Notes, 3.25s, 2007	6,431
U.S. Treasury Notes, 3.375s, 2007	5,242
U.S. Treasury Notes, 5s, 2011	3,870
U.S. Treasury Notes, 4.375s, 2012	4 , 971
U.S. Treasury Notes, 4.875s, 2012	2 , 722
Utilities - Electric - 2.0%	
Firstenergy Corp., 5.5s, 2006	\$ 2,308
Niagara Mohawk Power Corp., 5.375s, 2004	2,800
Northwestern Corp., 7.875s, 2007	1,385
Progress Energy, Inc., 5.85s, 2008	2,580
PSEG Power, 7.75s, 2011	1,903
	,
Utilities - Telephone - 1.0%	A F 400
Verizon Global Funding Corp., 7.375s, 2012	\$ 5 , 106
Total U.S. Bonds	
Foreign Bonds - 32.2%	
Algeria	
Republic of Algeria, 2.625s, 2004 - 2010	\$ 221
republic of Aigeria, 2.0238, 2004 - 2010	•
Austria - 1.0%	
Republic of Austria, 5.5s, 2007	EUR 4,912
Brazil - 0.2%	
Federal Republic of Brazil, 8s, 2014	\$ 1 , 563
Federal Republic of Brazil, 8.875s, 2024	623
Bulgaria - 0.5%	
National Republic of Bulgaria, 8.25s, 2015##	\$ 2,397
Canada - 5.9%	
Abitibi Consolidated, Inc., 8.55s, 2010 (Forest & Paper Products)	\$ 1 , 398
Abitibi Consolidated, Inc., 8.85s, 2030 (Forest & Paper Products)	1,240
Government of Canada, 5.75s, 2006	CAD 9,140
Government of Canada, 5.75s, 2008	3,737
Soveriment of Canada, 3.200, 2000	5, 151

Government of Canada, 5.5s, 2009 Government of Canada, 5.5s, 2010 Government of Canada, 5.25s, 2012 Government of Canada, 8s, 2023	6,800 8,618 7,964 4,660	
Cayman Islands - 0.4% DBS Capital Funding Corp., 7.657s, 2049 (Banks & Credit Cos.)##	\$ 2,167	
Denmark - 1.3% Kingdom of Denmark, 7s, 2007 Kingdom of Denmark, 6s, 2009	DKK 41,210 5,397	
Dominican Republic - 0.2% Dominican Republic, 9.5s, 2006##	\$ 1,072	
Finland - 1.0% Finland Republic, 5.375s, 2013	EUR 5,014	
France - 1.3% France Telecom SA, 7.75s, 2011 (Telecom - Wireline) Republic of France, 4.75s, 2012	\$ 2,423 EUR 4,538	
Germany - 5.0% Federal Republic of Germany, 4.5s, 2009	EUR 27,076	
Grand Cayman Islands - 0.2% Pemex Finance Ltd., 9.69s, 2009 (Financial Services)	\$ 915	
Ireland - 1.6% MDP Acquisitions PLC, 9.625s, 2012 (Forest & Paper Products)## Republic of Ireland, 4.25s, 2007 Republic of Ireland, 5s, 2013	\$ 970 EUR 3,953 3,786	
Italy - 1.1% Republic of Italy, 5s, 2008	EUR 5,873	
Kazakhstan - 0.2% Kaztransoil Co., 8.5s, 2006 (Industrial)##	\$ 1,002	
Luxembourg - 0.3% Mobile Telesystems Finance, 10.95s, 2004 (Financial Institutions) PTC International Finance II S.A., 11.25s, 2009 (Telecommunications)	\$ 1,086 676	
Malaysia - 0.3% Petroliam Nasional Berhd, 7.75s, 2015 (Oils) Petronas Capital Ltd., 7.875s, 2022 (Oils)##	\$ 970 350	
Mexico - 0.7% BBVA Bancomer, 10.5s, 2011 (Banks & Credit Cos.)## Corp. Durango SA, 13.75s, 2009 (Forest & Paper Products)##	\$ 800 962	

Petroleos Mexicanos, 9.5s, 2027 (Oils) United Mexican States, 11.5s, 2026	1,408 653	
Netherlands - 1.2% Kingdom Of Netherlands, 5s, 2012 PTC International Finance BV, 0s to 2002, 10.75s to 2007, (Telecommunications)	EUR 6,079 \$ 195	
New Zealand - 1.4% Government of New Zealand, 8s, 2006	NZD 14,176	
Panama - 0.4% Republic of Panama, 9.375s, 2029	\$ 2,209	
Russia - 1.3% Ministry of Finance Russia, 12.75s, 2028 Russian Federation, 3s, 2006 Russian Federation, 5s, 2030##	\$ 1,715 2,914 2,954	
Singapore - 0.4% Flextronics International Ltd., 9.875s, 2010 (Electronics)	\$ 1,890	
South Korea - 0.3% Hanvit Bank, 12.75s, 2010 (Banks & Credit Cos.)##	\$ 1,200	
Spain - 3.1% Kingdom of Spain, 7s, 2005 Kingdom of Spain, 5.35s, 2011 Kingdom of Spain, 5.5s, 2017	\$ 5,930 EUR 7,700 2,053	
Sweden - 0.3% Kingdom of Sweden, 5.5s, 2012	SEK 16,210	
United Kingdom - 2.6% Barclays Bank PLC, 8.55s, 2049 (Banks & Credit Cos.)## Global Telesystems, Inc., 10.875s, 2008 (Telecommunications) U.K. Treasury, 7.25s, 2007 U.K. Treasury, 5.75s, 2009	\$ 2,332 165 GBP 1,785 4,970	
Cotal Foreign Bonds		
Nunicipal Bonds - 3.0%		
	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT (000 OMITTED)	
Austin Texas Electric, 5.5s, 2012 Metropolitan Pier & Exposition Authoriy Illinois, 5s, 2028 Metropolitan Transportation Authority New York, 5s, 2032 Missouri State Water Pollution Control Revenue, 5.25s, 2012 Sarasota County Florida Utility Systems Revenue, 5.25s, 2013	\$ 1,200 4,800 2,500 5,260 2,010	

Total Municipal Bonds 	
Total Bonds (Identified Cost, \$529,515,828)	
	SHARES
J.S. Stocks - 0.2%	
Apparel & Textiles - 0.1% Sind Holdings, Inc.*	5,720
Manufacturing IKS Corp.*	2,499
Metals & Minerals - 0.1% Metal Management, Inc.*	93,507
Telecommunications ITC Deltacom, Inc.*	63,023
Cotal U.S. Stocks	
Foreign Stocks United Kingdom Colt Telecom Group PLC (Telecommunications)*	1,256
 arrants	
Loral Orion Network Systems, Inc., Expire 1/15/07* (Telecommunications)	1,625
Loral Orion Network Systems, Inc., Expire 1/15/07* (Telecommunications) Ono Finance PLC* (Media)	750 1,000
Cotal Warrants (Identified Cost, \$167,394)	
Repurchase Agreement - 1.0%	
	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT (000 OMITTED)
Merrill Lynch Repo Treasury, dated 11/29/02, due 12/02/02, total to be received \$5,710,638 (secured by various U.S. Treasury and Federal Agency obligations in a jointly traded account), at Cost	\$ 5,710
Total Investments (Identified Cost, \$540,262,689)	
Other Assets, Less Liabilities - (0.5)%	

^{*} Non-income producing security.

Abbreviations have been used throughout this report to indicate amounts shown in currencies other

^{##} SEC Rule 144A restriction.

Dollar. A list of abbreviations is shown below:

CAD=	Canadian Dollars	GBP=	British Pounds
DKK=	Danish Kroner	NZD=	New Zealand Dollars
EUR=	Euro Dollars	SEK=	Swedish Kroner

See notes to financial statements.

ETNIANCTAT	STATEMENTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Assets and Liabilities	
NOVEMBER 30, 2002	
Assets: Investments, at value (identified cost, \$540,262,689)	\$549,052,520
Investment of cash collateral for securities loaned, at identified cost and value Net receivable for forward foreign currency exchange contracts Net receivable for forward foreign currency exchange contracts	67,516,834 198,481
subject to master netting agreements Receivable for investments sold Interest receivable Other assets	28,181 3,736,587 8,374,154 4,752
Total assets	\$628,911,509
Liabilities: Payable to custodian Collateral for securities loaned, at value Payable to dividend disbursing agent Payable for Treasury shares reacquired Payable for investments purchased Net payable for forward foreign currency exchange contracts Net payable for forward foreign currency exchange contracts	\$ 150,827 67,516,834 205,559 330,882 11,068,019 2,357,924
subject to master netting agreements Payable to affiliates - Management fee Transfer and dividend disbursing agent fee Accrued expenses and other liabilities	453,075 27,943 8,556 510,657
Total liabilities	\$ 82,630,276
Net assets	\$546,281,233
Net assets consist of: Paid-in capital Unrealized appreciation on investments and translation of	\$628,071,240
assets and liabilities in foreign currencies Accumulated net realized loss on investments and foreign	6,313,928
currency transactions Accumulated net investment loss	(84,748,417) (3,355,518)
Total	\$546,281,233
Shares of beneficial interest outstanding (64,693,883 shares authorized less 4,601,344 treasury shares)	60,092,539
Net asset value per share (net assets / shares of beneficial interest outstanding)	\$9.09

\$ 26,185,597

(4,923,726)

\$ 21,261,871

See notes to financial statements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- continued

Statement of Operations

YEAR	ENDED	NOVEMBER	30,	2002
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Net investment income:	
Income -	
Interest	\$ 35,530,774
Dividends	607,719
Total investment income	\$ 36,138,493
Expenses -	
Management fee	\$ 3,472,289
Trustees' compensation	143,480
Transfer and dividend disbursing agent fee	100,666
Administrative fee	51,240
Custodian fee	363 , 235
Investor communication expense	337 , 512
Printing	39 , 487
Auditing fees	38,200
Postage	26,798
Legal fees	2,827
Miscellaneous	77,054
Total expenses	\$ 4,652,788
Fees paid indirectly	(31,528
Net expenses	\$ 4,621,260
Net investment income	\$ 31,517,233
Realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments:	
Realized gain (loss) (identified cost basis) -	
Investment transactions	\$(20,615,951
Written option transactions	4,756
Foreign currency transactions	(2,622,871
Net realized loss on investments and foreign currency	* 400 004 055
transactions	\$(23,234,066
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) -	0.00 105 507

Net realized and unrealized loss on investments and foreign currency \$ (1,972,195)

Translation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies

Net unrealized gain on investments and foreign currency

\$ 29,545,038 Increase in net assets from operations _____

See notes to financial statements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- continued

Statements of Changes in Net Assets

YEAR ENDED NOVEMBER 30,	2002	
<pre>Increase (decrease) in net assets:</pre>		
From operations -		
Net investment income	\$ 31,517,233	\$
Net realized loss on investments and foreign currency		·
transactions	(23,234,066)	
Net unrealized gain on investments and foreign currency		
translation	21,261,871	
Increase in net assets from operations	\$ 29,545,038	\$
Distributions declared to shareholders - From net investment income From paid-in capital	\$ (29,555,338) (5,548,996)	\$
Total distributions declared to shareholders	\$ (35,104,334)	\$
Net decrease in net assets from Trust share transactions	(4,773,607)	
Total decrease in net assets Net assets:	\$ (10,332,903)	\$
At beginning of period	556,614,136	
At end of period (including accumulated net investment loss	č E46 201 222	6
of \$3,355,518 and \$6,738,826, respectively)	\$ 546,281,233 ========	۶ ==

See notes to financial statements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- continued

Financial Highlights

YEAR ENDED NOVEMBER 30,	2002	2001	2000
Per share data (for a share outstanding throughout each period):			
Net asset value - beginning of period	\$ 9.17	\$ 9.20	\$ 9.71
Income from investment operations# (S)(S) -			
Net investment income	\$0.52	\$ 0.67	\$ 0.72
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments and foreign currency	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.45)
Total from investment operations	\$0.50 	\$ 0.66 	\$ 0.27
Less distributions declared to shareholders -			
From net investment income	\$(0.49)	\$(0.64)	\$(0.61)

In excess of net investment income			
From paid-in capital	(0.09)	(0.05)	(0.17)
Total distributions declared to shareholders	\$ (0.58)	\$ (0.69)	\$ (0.78)
Net asset value - end of period	\$ 9.09	\$ 9.17	\$ 9.20
Per share market value - end of period	\$ 8.26	\$ 8.35	\$ 8.44
Total return	===== 5.99%	===== 6.92%	14.66%
Ratios (to average net assets)/Supplemental data:			
Expenses##	0.85%	0.91%	0.93%
Net investment income	5.80%	7.18%	7.53%
Portfolio turnover	137%	98%	113%
Net assets at end of period (000 omitted)	\$546,281	\$556,614	\$561 , 105

- # Per share data are based on average shares outstanding.
- ## Ratios do not reflect expense reductions from certain expense offset arrangements.
- (S) (S) As required, effective December 1, 2001, the fund has adopted the provisions of the AICPA Investment Companies and began amortizing premium on debt securities. The effect of this of November 30, 2002 was to decrease net investment income per share by \$0.02, increase net reshare by \$0.02, and decrease the ratio of net investment income to average net assets by supplemental data for the periods prior to December 1, 2001 have not been restated to reflepresentation.

See notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Business and Organization MFS Charter Income Trust (the trust) is a non-diversified Massachusetts

business trust and is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, as a closed-end management investment company.

(2) Significant Accounting Policies

General - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The trust can invest in foreign securities. Investments in foreign securities are vulnerable to the effects of changes in the relative values of the local currency and the U.S. dollar and to the effects of changes in each country's legal, political, and economic environment.

Investment Valuations - Debt securities (other than short-term obligations which mature in 60 days or less), including listed issues, and forward foreign currency exchange contracts, are valued on the basis of valuations furnished by dealers or by a pricing service with consideration to factors such as institutional-size trading in similar groups of securities, yield, quality, coupon rate, maturity, type of issue, trading characteristics, and other market data, without exclusive reliance upon exchange or over-the-counter prices. Equity securities listed on securities exchanges or reported through the NASDAQ system are reported at market value using last sale prices. Unlisted equity securities or listed equity securities for which last sale prices are not available are reported at market value using last quoted bid prices. Short-term obligations, which mature in 60 days or less, are valued at amortized cost, which approximates market value. Options, and options on

futures contracts listed on commodities exchanges are reported at market value using closing settlement prices. Over-the-counter options on securities are valued by brokers. Over-the-counter currency options are valued through the use of a pricing model which takes into account foreign currency exchange spot and forward rates, implied volatility, and short-term repurchase rates. Securities for which there are no such quotations or valuations are valued in good faith at the direction of the Trustees.

Repurchase Agreements - The trust may enter into repurchase agreements with institutions that the trust's investment adviser has determined are creditworthy. Each repurchase agreement is recorded at cost. The trust requires that the securities collateral in a repurchase transaction be transferred to the custodian in a manner sufficient to enable the trust to obtain those securities in the event of a default under the repurchase agreement. The trust monitors, on a daily basis, the value of the collateral to ensure that its value, including accrued interest, is greater than amounts owed to the trust under each such repurchase agreement. The trust, along with other affiliated entities of Massachusetts Financial Services Company (MFS), may utilize a joint trading account for the purpose of entering into one or more repurchase agreements.

Foreign Currency Translation - Investment valuations, other assets, and liabilities initially expressed in foreign currencies are converted each business day into U.S. dollars based upon current exchange rates. Purchases and sales of foreign investments, income, and expenses are converted into U.S. dollars based upon currency exchange rates prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions. Gains and losses attributable to foreign currency exchange rates on sales of securities are recorded for financial statement purposes as net realized gains and losses on investments. Gains and losses attributable to foreign exchange rate movements on income and expenses are recorded for financial statement purposes as foreign currency transaction gains and losses. That portion of both realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments that results from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates is not separately disclosed.

Deferred Trustee Compensation - Under a Deferred Compensation Plan (the Plan) independent Trustees may elect to defer receipt of all or a portion of their annual compensation. Deferred amounts are treated as though equivalent dollar amounts had been invested in shares of the trust or other MFS trust selected by the Trustee. Deferred amounts represent an unsecured obligation of the trust until distributed in accordance with the Plan.

Written Options - The trust may write call or put options in exchange for a premium. The premium is initially recorded as a liability, which is subsequently adjusted to the current value of the option contract. When a written option expires, the trust realizes a gain equal to the amount of the premium received. When a written call option is exercised or closed, the premium received is offset against the proceeds to determine the realized gain or loss. When a written put option is exercised, the premium reduces the cost basis of the security purchased by the trust. The trust, as writer of an option, may have no control over whether the underlying securities may be sold (call) or purchased (put) and, as a result, bears the market risk of an unfavorable change in the price of the securities underlying the written option. In general, written call options may serve as a partial hedge against decreases in value in the underlying securities to the extent of the premium received. Written options may also be used as part of an income producing strategy reflecting the view of the trust's management on the direction of interest rates.

Security Loans - State Street Bank and Trust Company ("State Street"), as lending agent, may loan the securities of the trust to certain qualified institutions (the "Borrowers") approved by the trust. The loans are

collateralized at all times by cash and U.S. Treasury securities in an amount at least equal to the market value of the securities loaned. State Street provides the trust with indemnification against Borrower default. The trust bears the risk of loss with respect to the investment of cash collateral.

Cash collateral is invested in short-term securities. A portion of the income generated upon investment of the collateral is remitted to the Borrowers, and the remainder is allocated between the trust and the lending agent. On loans collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, a fee is received from the Borrower, and is allocated between the trust and the lending agent. Income from securities lending is included in interest income on the Statement of Operations. The dividend and interest income earned on the securities loaned is accounted for in the same manner as other dividend and interest income.

At November 30, 2002, the value of securities loaned was \$66,172,458. These loans were collateralized by cash of \$67,516,834 which was invested in the following short-term obligations:

	PRINCIPAL	AMORTIZED COST
	AMOUNT	AND VALUE
Navigator Securities Lending Prime Portfolio	67,516,834	\$67,516,834

Forward Foreign Currency Exchange Contracts - The trust may enter into forward foreign currency exchange contracts for the purchase or sale of a specific foreign currency at a fixed price on a future date. Risks may arise upon entering into these contracts from the potential inability of counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts and from unanticipated movements in the value of a foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar. The trust may enter into forward foreign currency exchange contracts for hedging purposes as well as for non-hedging purposes. For hedging purposes, the trust may enter into contracts to deliver or receive foreign currency it will receive from or require for its normal investment activities. The trust may also use contracts in a manner intended to protect foreign currency-denominated securities from declines in value due to unfavorable exchange rate movements. For non-hedging purposes, the trust may enter into contracts with the intent of changing the relative exposure of the trust's portfolio of securities to different currencies to take advantage of anticipated changes. The forward foreign currency exchange contracts are adjusted by the daily exchange rate of the underlying currency and any gains or losses are recorded as unrealized until the contract settlement date. On contract settlement date, the gains or losses are recorded as realized gains or losses on foreign currency transactions.

Investment Transactions and Income - Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. All discount is accreted for tax reporting purposes as required by federal income tax regulations. Dividends received in cash are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Dividend and interest payments received in additional securities are recorded on the ex-dividend or ex-interest date in an amount equal to the value of the security on such date. Some securities may be purchased on a "when-issued" or "forward delivery" basis, which means that the securities will be delivered to the trust at a future date, usually beyond customary settlement time.

Legal fees and other related expenses incurred to preserve and protect the value of a security owned are added to the cost of the security; other legal fees are expensed. Capital infusions made directly to the security issuer, which are generally non-recurring, incurred to protect or enhance the value of high-yield debt securities, are reported as additions to the cost basis of the security. Costs that are incurred to negotiate the terms or conditions of capital infusions or that are expected to result in a plan of reorganization are reported as realized losses. Ongoing costs incurred to protect or enhance

an investment, or costs incurred to pursue other claims or legal actions, are expensed.

Fees Paid Indirectly - The trust's custody fee is reduced according to an arrangement that measures the value of cash deposited with the custodian by the trust. This amount is shown as a reduction of total expenses on the Statement of Operations.

Tax Matters and Distributions - The trust's policy is to comply with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) applicable to regulated investment companies and to distribute to shareholders all of its net taxable income, including any net realized gain on investments. Accordingly, no provision for federal income or excise tax is provided.

Distributions to shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The trust distinguishes between distributions on a tax basis and a financial reporting basis and only distributions in excess of tax basis earnings and profits are reported in the financial statements as distributions from paid-in capital. Common types of book and tax differences that could occur include differences in accounting for foreign currency transactions, mortgage-backed securities, derivatives, real estate investment trusts, defaulted bonds, capital losses, and amortization and accretion on debt securities.

The tax character of distributions declared for the years ended November 30, 2002 and November 30, 2001 was as follows:

	NOVEMBER 30, 2002	NOVEMBER 30, 2001
Distributions declared from:		
Ordinary income	\$29,555,338	\$39,103,342
Tax return of capital	5,548,996	3,061,532
Total distributions declared	\$35,104,334	\$42,164,874
	=========	

During the year ended November 30, 2002, accumulated net investment loss decreased by \$6,970,409, accumulated net realized loss on investments and foreign currency transactions increased by \$1,020,054, and paid-in capital decreased by \$5,950,355 due to differences between book and tax accounting for mortgage-backed securities, currency transactions, and amortization and accretion on debt securities. In addition, \$5,548,996 was designated a tax return of capital distribution. This change had no effect on the net assets or net asset value per share. At November 30, 2002, accumulated net investment loss and net realized loss on investments and foreign currency transactions under book accounting were different from tax accounting due to temporary differences in accounting for capital losses, defaulted bonds, foreign currency transactions, and amortization and accretion on debt securities.

As of November 30, 2002, the components of distributable earnings (accumulated losses) on a tax basis were as follows:

Undistributed ordinary income	\$	
Undistributed long-term capital gain		
Capital loss carryforward	(79 ,	675,399)
Unrealized gain	3,	604,345
Other temporary differences	(5,	718,953)

For federal income tax purposes, the capital loss carryforward may be applied against any net taxable realized gains of each succeeding year until the earlier of its utilization or expiration on.

EXPIRATIO	N DA	ATE	
November	30,	2003	\$ (862,425)
November	30,	2007	(18,771,920)
November	30,	2008	(14,734,304)
November	30,	2009	(21,791,609)
November	30,	2010	(23,515,141)
Total			\$ (79,675,399)
			=========

(3) Transactions with Affiliates

Investment Adviser - The trust has an investment advisory agreement with Massachusetts Financial Services Company (MFS) to provide overall investment advisory and administrative services, and general office facilities.

The management fee is computed daily and paid monthly at an annual rate of 0.32% of the trust's average daily net assets and 4.57% of investment income.

The trust pays the compensation of the Independent Trustees in the form of both a retainer and attendance fees and pays no compensation directly to its Trustees who are officers of the investment adviser, or to officers of the trust, all of whom receive remuneration for their services to the trust from MFS. Certain officers and Trustees of the trust are officers or directors of MFS and MFS Service Center, Inc. (MFSC). On January 1, 2002, the Trustees terminated the Independent Trustee unfunded defined benefit plan for active Trustees and converted it to an unfunded retirement benefit deferral plan for active Trustees. Under the new plan, the unfunded pension liability was converted into an equivalent value of notional shares of the trust that will fluctuate with the performance of the trust. Included in Trustees' compensation is a net increase of \$9,234 as a result of the change in the trust's pension liability under this plan and a pension expense of \$13,137 for inactive trustees for the year ended November 30, 2002. Also included in Trustees' compensation is a one-time settlement expense of \$5,825 and a one-time transition expense of \$37,111.

Administrator - The trust has an administrative services agreement with MFS to provide the trust with certain financial, legal, shareholder communications, compliance, and other administrative services. As a partial reimbursement for the cost of providing these services, the trust pays MFS an administrative fee at the following annual percentages of the trust's average daily net assets:

First \$2 billion	0.0175%
Next \$2.5 billion	0.0130%
Next \$2.5 billion	0.0005%
In excess of \$7 billion	0.0000%

Transfer Agent - MFSC acts as registrar and dividend disbursing agent for the Trust. The agreement provides that the Trust will pay MFSC an account maintenance fee of no more than \$9.00 and a dividend services fee of \$0.75 per reinvestment and will reimburse MFSC for reasonable out-of-pocket expenses.

(4) Portfolio Securities

Purchases and sales of investments, other than purchased option transactions and short-term obligations, were as follows:

	PURCHASES	SALES
U.S. government securities	\$276,838,006	\$276,730,098
Investments (non-U.S. government securities)	\$441,712,807	\$437,841,493
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

The cost and unrealized appreciation and depreciation in the value of the investments owned by the trust, as computed on a federal income tax basis, are as follows:

Aggregate cost	\$545 , 335 , 707
Gross unrealized appreciation Gross unrealized depreciation	\$ 16,454,224 (12,737,411)
Net unrealized appreciation	\$ 3,716,813

(5) Shares of Beneficial Interest

The trust's Declaration of Trust permits the Trustees to issue an unlimited number of full and fractional shares of beneficial interest. The Trustees have authorized 64,693,883 full and fractional shares of beneficial interest. Transactions in trust shares were as follows:

	YEAR ENDED NOVEME	BER 30, 2002	YEAR ENDED NOVE	EMBER 30, 2001
	SHARES	AMOUNT	SHARES	AMOUNT
Treasury shares	(570,000)	(4 772 607)	(216, 600)	(2.712.656)
reacquired	(5/9,900)	(4,773,607)	(316,600)	(2,713,656)

In accordance with the provisions of the trust's prospectus, 579,900 shares of beneficial interest were purchased by the trust during year ended November 30, 2002 at an average price per share of \$8.23 and a weighted average discount of 9.02% per share. The trust repurchased 316,600 shares of beneficial interest during the year ended November 30, 2001, at an average price per shares of \$8.57 and a weighted average discount of 7.84% per share.

(6) Line of Credit

The trust and other affiliated funds participate in an \$800 million unsecured line of credit provided by a syndication of banks under a line of credit agreement. Borrowings may be made for temporary financing needs. Interest is charged to each fund, based on its borrowings, at a rate equal to the bank's base rate. In addition, a commitment fee, based on the average daily unused portion of the line of credit, is allocated among the participating funds at the end of each quarter. The commitment fee allocated to the trust for the year ended November 30, 2002, was \$4,716. The trust had no borrowings during the year.

(7) Financial Instruments

The trust trades financial instruments with off- balance-sheet risk in the normal course of its investing activities in order to manage exposure to market risks such as interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. These financial instruments include written options, forward foreign currency exchange contracts, swap agreements, and futures contracts. The notional or contractual amounts of these instruments represent the investment the trust has in particular classes of financial instruments and does not necessarily represent the amounts potentially subject to risk. The measurement of the risks associated with these instruments is meaningful only when all related and offsetting transactions are considered.

Written Option Transactions

	NUMBER OF	PREMIUMS
	CONTRACTS	RECEIVED
Outstanding, beginning of period		\$

Options written	1	4,756
Options expired	(1)	(4,756)
Outstanding, end of period		\$
	===	========

At November 30, 2002, the trust had sufficient cash and/or securities at least equal to the value of the written options.

Forward Foreign Currency Exchange Contracts

SETTLEMENT DATE	DE	CONTRACTS TO	IN EXCHANGE F		NTRACTS T VALUE	U APP (DEPR
Sales						
12/16/02	CAD	34,658,454	\$ 21,969,7	68 \$ 22,	132,726	\$
12/16/02	DKK	120,581,031	15,818,6	62 16,	116,731	
12/16/02	EUR	77,413,333	75,982,6	27 76,	814,121	
12/16/02	GBP	7,998,181	12,428,2	33 12,	421,087	
12/16/02	NZD	32,790,516	15,242,3	44 16,	291,411	(1
12/16/02	SEK	6,141,750	680,2	65	676,335	
			\$142,121,8	 99 \$144,	452 , 411	 \$(2
			========	== ====		===
Purchases						
12/16/02	CAD	89 , 877	\$ 57,0			\$
12/16/02	DKK	65 , 191 , 845	8,636,3	06 8,	713,472	
12/16/02	EUR	7,650,291	7,481,2	25 7,	591 , 075	
12/16/02	GBP	3,405,805	5,304,2	15 5,	289 , 177	
12/16/02	NZD	17,612,421	8,751,7	29 8,	750,431	
			\$ 30,230,4	 81 \$ 30,	401,550	\$
			========	== ====		===

At November 30, 2002, forward foreign currency purchases and sales under master netting agreements excluded above amounted to a net receivable of \$28,181 with Credit Suisse First Boston Corp. and net payable of \$453,075 with DB Clearing Services.

At November 30, 2002, the trust had sufficient cash and/or securities to cover any commitments under these contracts.

(8) Change in Accounting Principle

As required, effective December 1, 2001, the fund adopted the provisions of the AICPA Audit and Accounting Guide for Investment Companies and began amortizing premium and accreting market discount on debt securities. Prior to December 1, 2001, the fund did not amortize premium nor accrete market discount on debt securities. The cumulative effect of this accounting change had no impact on total net assets of the fund, but resulted in a \$3,914,186 reduction in cost of securities and a corresponding \$3,914,186 increase in net unrealized appreciation, based on securities held by the fund on December 1, 2001.

The effect of this change for the year ended November 30, 2002 was to decrease net investment income by \$1,285,943, increase net unrealized appreciation by \$735,369, and increase net realized gains by \$550,574. The Statement of Changes in Net Assets and Financial Highlights for prior periods has not been restated to reflect this change in presentation.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Trustees and Shareholders of MFS Charter Income Trust:

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities of MFS Charter Income Trust (the Fund), including the portfolio of investments, as of November 30, 2002, and the related statement of operations for the year then ended, the statements of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and financial highlights. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of November 30, 2002, by correspondence with the custodian and brokers or by other appropriate auditing procedures where replies from brokers were not received. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of MFS Charter Income Trust at November 30, 2002, the results of its operations for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended and its financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Boston, Massachusetts January 10, 2003

FEDERAL TAX INFORMATION (Unaudited)

IN JANUARY 2003, SHAREHOLDERS WILL BE MAILED A FORM 1099-DIV REPORTING THE FEDERAL TAX STATUS OF ALL DISTRIBUTIONS PAID DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR 2002.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2002, THE AMOUNT OF DISTRIBUTIONS FROM INCOME ELIGIBLE FOR THE 70% DIVIDENDS RECEIVED DEDUCTION FOR CORPORATIONS IS 2.05%.

MFS(R) CHARTER INCOME TRUST

The following tables present certain information regarding the Trustees and officers of the Trust, including their principal occupations, which, unless

specific dates are shown, are of more than five years' duration, although the titles may not have been the same throughout.

NAME, AGE, POSITION WITH THE TRUST, PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION, AND OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS (1)

TRUSTEES

JEFFREY L. SHAMES* (born 06/02/55) Trustee,

Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Chairman

JOHN W. BALLEN* (born 09/12/59) Trustee and President.

Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Chief Executive Officer and Director

KEVIN J. PARKE* (born 12/14/59) Trustee Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Chief Investment Officer, President and Director

LAWRENCE H. COHN, M.D. (born 03/11/37) Trustee Brigham and Women's Hospital, Chief of Cardiac Surgery; Harvard Medical School, Professor of Surgery

THE HON. SIR J. DAVID GIBBONS, KBE (born 06/15/27)

Edmund Gibbons Limited (diversified holding company), Chief Executive Officer; Colonial Insurance Company Ltd., Director and Chairman; Bank of Butterfield, Chairman (until 1997)

WILLIAM R. GUTOW (born 09/27/41) Trustee Private investor and real estate consultant; Capitol Entertainment Management Company (video franchise), Vice Chairman

J. ATWOOD IVES (born 05/01/36) Trustee
Private investor; KeySpan Corporation (energy
related services), Director; Eastern Enterprises
(diversified services company), Chairman, Trustee
and Chief Executive Officer (until November 2000)

ABBY M. O'NEILL (born 04/27/28) Trustee Private investor; Rockefeller Financial Inc. (investment advisers), Chairman and Executive Officer

LAWRENCE T. PERERA (born 06/23/35) Trust Hemenway & Barnes (attorneys), Partner

WILLIAM J. POORVU (born 04/10/35) Truste Private investor; Harvard University Gra School of Business Administration, Class Adjunct Professor in Entrepreneurship Em CBL & Associates Properties, Inc. (real investment trust), Director

J. DALE SHERRATT (born 09/23/38) Trustee Insight Resources, Inc. (acquisition pla specialists), President; Wellfleet Inves (investor in health care companies), Man General Partner (since 1993); Cambridge Nutraceuticals (professional nutritional products), Chief Executive Officer (unti 2001); Paragon Trade Brands, Inc. (disponent of the consumer products), Director

ELAINE R. SMITH (born 04/25/46) Trustee Independent health care industry consult

WARD SMITH (born 09/13/30) Trustee Private investor; Sundstrand Corporation (manufacturer of highly engineered produ industrial and aerospace applications), (until June 1999)

- (1) Directorships or trusteeships of companies required to report to the Securities and Exchange (i.e., "public companies").
 - * "Interested person" of MFS within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (referred Act) which is the principal federal law governing investment companies like the Trust. The ad 500 Boylston Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02116.

OFFICERS

JEFFREY L. SHAMES (born 06/02/55) Trustee, Chairman

Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Chairman

JOHN W. BALLEN (born 9/12/59) Trustee and President

Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Chief

RICHARD M. HISEY (born 08/29/58) Treasur Massachusetts Financial Services Company Vice President (since July 2002); The Ba York, Senior Vice President (September 2 July 2002); Lexington Global Asset Manag Executive Vice President and General Man (prior to September 2000)

Executive Officer and Director

JAMES R. BORDEWICK, JR. (born 03/06/59) Assistant Secretary and Assistant Clerk Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Senior Vice President and Associate General Counsel

STEPHEN E. CAVAN (born 11/06/53) Secretary and Clerk

Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

ROBERT R. FLAHERTY (born 09/18/63) Assistant Treasurer

Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Vice President (since August 2000); UAM Fund Services, Senior Vice President (prior to August 2000) ELLEN MOYNIHAN (born 11/13/57) Assistant Massachusetts Financial Services Company President

JAMES O. YOST (born 06/12/60) Assistant Massachusetts Financial Services Company Vice President

The Trust holds annual shareholder meetings for the purpose of electing Trustees, and Trustees are fixed terms. This means that each Trustee will be elected to hold office until his or her success and qualified or until his or her earlier death, resignation, retirement or removal. Each officer office until his or her successor is chosen and qualified, or until he or she retires, resigns or from office.

Messrs. Shames, Cohn, Gibbons, Sherratt and Smith, and Ms. O'Neill have served in their capacity the Trust continuously since originally elected or appointed. Messrs. Ballen, Gutow, Ives, Perera and Ms. Smith were elected by shareholders and have served as Trustees of the Trust since January Parke has served as Trustee of the Trust since January 1, 2002.

Each of the Trust's Trustees and officers holds comparable positions with certain other funds of a subsidiary is the investment adviser or distributor and, in the case of the officers, with certaffiliates of MFS. Each Trustee serves as a board member of 117 funds within the MFS Family of Fu

The Statement of Additional Information contains further information about the Trustees and is aw without charge upon request, by calling 1-800-225-2606.

INVESTMENT ADVISER
Massachusetts Financial Services Company
500 Boylston Street
Boston, MA 02116-3741

PORTFOLIO MANAGER
Joseph C. Flaherty, Jr.+

CUSTODIANS

State Street Bank and Trust Company 225 Franklin Street, Boston, MA 02110

JP Morgan Chase Bank One Chase Manhattan Plaza New York, NY 10081

AUDITORS
Ernst & Young LLP

EINSC & Toung LLF

TRANSFER AGENT, REGISTRAR AND DIVIDEND DISBURSING AGENT
State Street Bank and Trust Company c/o MFS Service Center, Inc.
P.O. Box 55024
Boston, MA 02205-8016
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+ MFS Investment Management

MFS(R) CHARTER INCOME TRUST

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INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

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