## RIVIERA TOOL CO

Form 10-Q
April 15, 2002

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                                    U.S SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
                                    WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
                                    FORM 10 - Q
                                    Quarterly Report Under Section 13 or 15 (d) of the
            Securities Exchange Act of 1934
                For The Quarter Ended February 28, 2002
                    Commission File Number 001 - 12673
RIVIERA TOOL COMPANY
A Michigan Corporation
I.R.S. Employer Identification No. 38- 2828870
5460 Executive Parkway S.E., Grand Rapids, Michigan 49512 Telephone: (616) 698-2100
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
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The number of Common Shares outstanding at April 15, 2002 was 3, 379,609.
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Item 1. Financial Statements
    Balance Sheets as of February 28, 2002 and August 31, 2001
    Statements of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended February 28, 2002 and 200
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    Notes to Financial Statements.
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk - None
                    PART II
OTHER INFORMATION
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Item 1. Legal Proceedings - The Company is involved in legal proceedings,
        which are ordinary or routine to its operations. In the opinion of
        management, no existing proceedings would have a significant effect
        on the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of
        the Company, if determined against the Company.
Item 2. Changes in Securities - None
Item 3. Default Upon Senior Securities - None
Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders - None.
Item 5. Other Information - None
Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.
    6(a) Exhibits - None
    6(b) Reports on Form 8-K - None.
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2.<br>RIVIERA TOOL COMPANY<br>FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEETS
Cash.

Accounts receivableCosts net of estimated gross loss in excessOf billings on contracts in process.2
InventoriesPrepaid expenses and other current assets
Total Current assets
3
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET
PERISHABLE TOOLING
OTHER ASSETSTotal assets
LIABILITIES AND
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
CURRENT LIABILITIES
Current portion of long-term debt4
Accounts payable.Accrued liabilities
Total Current liabilities
LONG-TERM DEBT ..... 4
ACCRUED LEASE EXPENSE
Total liabilities
PREFERRED STOCK - no par value,
$\$ 100$ mandatory redemption value:Authorized - 5,000 sharesIssued and outstanding - no shares
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:
Preferred stock - no par value,Authorized - 200,000 sharesIssued and outstanding - no shares
Common stock - No par value:
Authorized - 9,785,575 shares1
Issued and outstanding - 3,379,609 shares atFebruary 28, 2002 and August 31, 2001
Retained deficit. ..... 1
Total stockholders' equity
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity ..... $\$$

RIVIERA TOOL COMPANY STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

|  | FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2002 |  | 2001 |  |
| SALES . | \$ | 3,452,082 | \$ | 2,386,136 |
| COST OF SALES. |  | 3,593,381 |  | 3,732,166 |
| GROSS LOSS. |  | $(141,299)$ |  | $(1,346,030)$ |
| SELLING AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES. |  | 377,939 |  | 321,445 |
| LOSS FROM OPERATIONS.. |  | $(519,238)$ |  | $(1,667,475)$ |
| OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE) |  |  |  |  |
| INTEREST EXPENSE. |  | $(169,200)$ |  | $(215,407)$ |
| OTHER INCOME/(EXPENSE) |  | 448 |  | 83 |
| TOTAL OTHER EXPENSE - NET. |  | $(168,752)$ |  | $(215,324)$ |
| LOSS BEFORE TAXES ON INCOME. |  | $(687,990)$ |  | $(1,882,799)$ |
| INCOME TAX CREDIT. |  | -- |  | (640,152) |
| NET LOSS AVAILABLE FOR COMMON |  |  |  |  |
| SHARES . . . . | \$ | $(687,990)$ | \$ | $(1,242,647)$ |
| BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER COMMON SHARE. | \$ | (.20) | \$ | (.37) |
| BASIC AND DILUTED COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING.. |  | 3,379,609 |  | 3,379,609 |

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STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS<br>(UNAUDITED)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES
Net loss ..... \$Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash
From operating activities:
Depreciation and amortization 954, 88
Deferred taxes
(Increase) decrease in assets:
Accounts receivable ..... $(2,033,814)$
Federal income tax receivable
Costs and estimated gross profit/loss in
excess of billings on contracts in
process
Perishable tooling ..... 38, 202
Prepaid expenses and other current assets ..... $(35,426)$
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:
Accounts payable
Accrued lease expense ..... $(8,180)$
Accrued liabilities.
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities ..... \$
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES
Increase in other assets ..... $(42,290)$
Additions to property, plant and equipment ..... $(37,917)$
Net cash used in investing Activities\$
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES
Net borrowings (repayments) on revolvingCredit line
Principal payments on notes payable to bank andnon-revolving equipment line of credit
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing Activities. ..... \$
$2,428,745$
\$
NET DECREASE IN CASH
CASH - Beginning of Period
CASH - End of Period ..... \$124,473$(233,739)$213,0523,356,72(927, 983

$$
x_{i}
$$

$(135,787)$

## See notes to financial statements

## 5.

RIVIERA TOOL COMPANY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2002

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NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION
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The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements (the "Financial Statements") of Riviera Tool Company (the "Company") have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, the Financial Statements do not include all the information and footnotes normally included in the annual financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

In the opinion of management, the Financial Statements reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly such information in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Form 10-K dated November 12, 2001, for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2001.

The results of operations for the three and six month periods ended February 28 , 2002 is not indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

NOTE 2 - COSTS AND BILLINGS ON CONTRACTS IN PROCESS

Costs and billings on contracts in process are as follows:

Costs incurred on contracts in process under the

Percentage of completion method.
\$
Estimated gross loss

Total. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Less progress payments received and progress

Plus costs incurred on contracts in process under
the completed contract method.

Costs and estimated gross loss in excess of billings on contracts in process...........................
\$
$8,210,002$
(600, 000
$7,610,002$
$\qquad$
\$
$4,029,09$

Included in estimated gross loss for February 28, 2002 and August 31, 2001 are jobs with losses accrued of $\$ 1,107,635$ and $\$ 763,980$, respectively.

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property, plant and equipment, net consist of the following:

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Lease and leasehold improvements
Office furniture and fixtures
Machinery and equipment
Construction in Process
Computer equipment and software
Transportation equipment
    Total cost
Accumulated depreciation and amortization.
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6.
RIVIERA TOOL COMPANY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FEBRUARY 28, 2002
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\$

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The Company's long-term debt, which is subject to certain covenants discussed below, consists of the following:

## REVOLVING WORKING CAPITAL CREDIT LINE

The revolving working capital credit line is collateralized by substantially all assets of the Company and provides for borrowing, subject to certain collateral requirements of up to $\$ 6.5$ million. The agreement requires a commitment fee of ..25\% per annum on the average daily unused portion of the revolving credit line. The credit line is due September 1, 2002, and bears interest, payable monthly, at $1.0 \%$ above the bank's prime rate (as of February 28, 2002, an effective rate of $5.75 \%$ )

## NOTES PAYABLE TO BANK

Note payable to bank, collateralized by substantially all assets of the Company, is due July 19, 2002, and is payable in monthly installments of $\$ 54,167$ plus interest, payable monthly, at either LIBOR plus $2.25 \%$ or at $.25 \%$ below the bank's prime rate (as of February 28, 2002, an effective rate of $4.5 \%$ ), at the election of the Company

Note payable to bank, collateralized by specific assets of the Company, payable in monthly installments of $\$ 55,556$, plus simple interest of $7.26 \%$, due December 31, 2003

Note payable to bank, collateralized by specific assets of the Company, payable in monthly installments of $\$ 16,666$ plus simple interest of $8.04 \%$ due September

1, 2004

NON-REVOLVING EQUIPMENT LINE OF CREDIT
$\$ 3,271,000$ equipment line of credit is collateralized by specific assets of the Company, is due November 1, 2004, and is payable in monthly installments of $\$ 38,941$ plus interest, payable monthly, at either LIBOR plus $2.25 \%$ or at . $25 \%$ below the bank's prime rate (as of February 28, 2002, an effective rate of 4.5\%), at the election of the Company.

| Total long-term debt | \$ | 10,83 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less current portion |  | 8,05 |
| Long-term debt-- Net | \$ | 2,78 |

The Company is required to maintain certain levels of tangible net worth, ratio of total liabilities to tangible net worth, and earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization and prohibit the payment of common stock cash dividends. At February 28, 2002, the Company was in compliance with the earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization and the tangible net worth covenants. The Company was not in compliance with the ratio of total liabilities to tangible net worth covenant as of February 28, 2002, however in March, 2002 the Company was in compliance with such covenant and believes it will maintain such covenant compliance.

## 7.

ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS
The following table presents, for the periods therein, the components of the Company's Statements of Operations as a percentage of sales.

|  | FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2002 | 2001 |
| SALES. | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| COST OF SALES | 104.1\% | 156.4\% |
| GROSS (LOSS) | (4.1\%) | (56.4\%) |
| SELLING AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE. | 10.9\% | 13.5\% |
| LOSS FROM OPERATIONS. | (15.0\%) | (69.9\%) |
| OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE) |  |  |
| INTEREST EXPENSE.. | (4.9\%) | (9.0\%) |




#### Abstract

THE MATTERS DISCUSSED IN THIS QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q CONTAIN CERTAIN FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. FOR THIS PURPOSE, ANY STATEMENTS CONTAINED IN THIS REPORT THAT ARE NOT STATEMENTS OF HISTORICAL FACT MAY BE DEEMED TO BE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. WITHOUT LIMITING THE FOREGOING, WORDS SUCH AS "MAY," "WILL," "EXPECT," BELIEVE," "ANTICIPATE," "UNDERSTANDING," OR "CONTINUE," THE NEGATIVE OR OTHER VARIATION THEREOF, OR COMPARABLE TERMINOLOGY, ARE INTENDED TO IDENTIFY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. THESE STATEMENTS BY THEIR NATURE INVOLVE SUBSTANTIAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES, AND ACTUAL RESULTS MAY DIFFER MATERIALLY DEPENDING UPON A VARIETY OF FACTORS, INCLUDING CONTINUED MARKET DEMAND FOR THE TYPES OF PRODUCTS AND SERVICES PRODUCED AND SOLD BY THE COMPANY.

COMPARISON OF THE THREE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2002 TO THE THREE MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2001.

REVENUES - Revenues for the three months ended February 28, 2002 totaled \$3.5 million as compared to $\$ 2.4$ million for the three months ended February 28, 2001, an increase of $\$ 1.1$ million or $45 \%$. This is a result of increased shipments or completed contracts during the second quarter of 2002 as compared to the prior years second quarter. During the past twenty-four months, market demand for automotive tooling systems has declined. During this period limited contracts have been released and of those contracts that were released, most


## 8.

were competitively bid and resulted in erosion of contract pricing. These factors resulted in the Company having lower contract revenue as well as contract margins during fiscal 2001 and 2002.

As a direct result of these market conditions, the Company instituted specific cost containment measures in fiscal 2001 which have continued through 2002 such as direct labor layoffs, 45\% of the normal workforce, and suspension of the Company's matching contribution to the Company $401(\mathrm{~K}) \mathrm{Plan}$ for all employees.

During and subsequent to the second quarter of 2002 , the Company received $\$ 21$ million in purchase orders and letters of intent for upcoming models of Mercedes-Benz, BMW and Nissan Motors. The Company anticipates that revenue from the new contracts should contribute to revenue and earnings over the next 18-24 months.

COST OF SALES - Cost of sales was $\$ 3.6$ million or $104 \%$ of sales for the three months ended February 28, 2002 as compared to $\$ 3.7$ million or $156 \%$ of sales for the same period last year. The increase in gross margin was largely due to the Company's cost containment measures and the effect upon the Company's fixed manufacturing overhead. The Company continues to review and lower all fixed

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expenses where applicable in order to maintain the lowest possible cost rate.

Direct costs expense decreased from $\$ 1.8$ million in 2001 to $\$ 1.7$ million in 2002, as a percent of sales it decreased from 76.9\% to 51.1\%. Direct labor expense was $\$ 0.8$ million in 2002 as compared to $\$ 1.1$ million in 2001, as a percent of sales, direct labor expense decreased from $44.6 \%$ in 2001 to $24.5 \%$ in 2002. The Company incurred 40,400 shop floor hours during the second quarter of 2002 as compared to 52,700 during the same period of 2001 , a decrease of 12,300 hours or $23 \%$. This decrease was a direct result of lower direct labor requirements during the second quarter of 2002 . Additionally, the Company continued to review all labor levels and reduced labor expense during the second quarter of 2002. Other direct costs increased from $\$ 770,000$ in 2001 to $\$ 917,000$ in 2002, however as a percent of sales, other direct costs decreased from $32.3 \%$ to $26.5 \%$.

Engineering expense increased from $\$ 268,000$ for the second quarter of 2001 to $\$ 322,500$ for the second quarter of 2002 , however as a percent of sales engineering expense decreased from 11.25\% to 9.3\%. The increase in engineering expense was largely in salaries as a result of increasing staffing levels for the Company's increased backlog.

Manufacturing overhead expense decreased from $\$ 1,629,000$ or $68.3 \%$ of sales for the second quarter of 2001 to $\$ 1,508,000$ or $43.7 \%$ of sales for the second quarter of 2002. The largest decreases in the second quarter of 2002 as compared to 2001 included $\$ 44,300$ in indirect labor, vacation, holiday pay and related payroll taxes, $\$ 36,000$ in machinery repair and maintenance expense and $\$ 35,000$ in building rent, utilities, maintenance and supplies expenses. This decrease was offset by an increase of $\$ 22,000$ in perishable tooling expense.

SELLING \& ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES - Selling and administrative expenses increased from $\$ 321,000$ or $13.5 \%$ of sales for the second quarter of 2001 to $\$ 378,000$ or $10.9 \%$ of sales for the second quarter of 2002 . This increase was largely due to increases of $\$ 62,000$ in State of Michigan Single Business Tax, $\$ 22,000$ in supervision salaries, $\$ 16,000$ in legal and professional fees, $\$ 15,000$ in public company expenses and $\$ 13,000$ in employee training expense. These increases were offset by decreases of $\$ 43,000$ in insurance expense, $\$ 14,000$ in travel expenses and $\$ 10,000$ deferred compensation/401(k) expense.

INTEREST EXPENSE - Interest expense for the second quarter of 2002 decreased to $\$ 169,000$ or $4.9 \%$ of sales from $\$ 215,400$ or $9.0 \%$ of sales for the second quarter of 2001. This was a result of lower debt levels as well as lower interest rates during the second quarter of 2002 as compared to the second quarter of 2001 .

COMPARISON OF THE SIX MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2002 TO THE SIX MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2001.

REVENUES - Revenues for the six months ended February 28, 2002 totaled $\$ 6.8$ million as compared to $\$ 7.0$ million for the six months ended February 28, 2001, a decrease of $\$ 162,000$ or $2.3 \%$.

COST OF SALES - Cost of sales was $\$ 7.1$ million or $105 \%$ of sales for the six months ended February 28, 2002 as compared to $\$ 8.1$ million or $116 \%$ of sales for the same period last year. The increase in gross margin was largely due to the Company's cost containment measures and the effect upon the Company's fixed

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manufacturing overhead. The Company continues to review and lower all fixed expenses where applicable in order to maintain the lowest possible cost rate.

Direct costs expense decreased from \$4.0 million in 2001 to \$3.4 million in 2002, as a percent of sales it decreased from 57.6\% to 49.7\%. Direct labor expense was $\$ 1.8$ million in 2002 as compared to $\$ 2.3$ million in 2001 , as a percent of sales, direct labor expense decreased from 33.6\% in 2001 to $26.1 \%$ in 2002. The Company incurred 88,900 shop floor hours during the first and second quarters of 2002 as compared to 125,900 during the same period of 2001 , a decrease of 37,000 hours or $29 \%$. This decrease was a direct result of lower contract level requirements during the first and second quarter of 2002. Other direct costs decreased from $\$ 1.7$ million in 2001 to $\$ 1.6$ million in 2002, however as a percent of sales, other direct costs remained consistent at $24 \%$.

Engineering expense increased from $\$ 612,000$ for first and the second quarter of 2001 to $\$ 644,400$ for same period of 2002 , as a percent of sales engineering expense increased from $8.8 \%$ to $9.5 \%$. The increase in engineering expense was largely in salaries as a result of increasing staffing levels for the company's increased backlog. Such resulted in the Company increasing design and project management staffing.

Manufacturing overhead expense decreased from $\$ 3.4$ million or $49.1 \%$ of sales for the first and second quarter of 2001 to $\$ 3.1$ million or $45.6 \%$ of sales for the first and second quarter of 2002. The largest decreases during this period in 2002 as compared to 2001 included $\$ 182,000$ in indirect labor, vacation, holiday pay and related payroll taxes, $\$ 40,000$ in medical, workers compensation and general insurance, $\$ 35,000$ in machinery repair and maintenance expense, $\$ 22,000$ in building rent, utilities, maintenance and supplies expenses and $\$ 15,000$ in manufacturing supplies expense.

SELLING \& ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES - Selling and administrative expenses decreased slightly from $\$ 849,700$ or $12.1 \%$ of sales for the first and second quarter of 2001 to $\$ 843,800$ or $12.4 \%$ of sales in 2002 . Increases in the first and second quarters of 2002 as compared to 2001 included increases of $\$ 61,000$ in legal and professional fees, $\$ 37,000$ in supervision and office salaries, $\$ 22,000$ in employee training expense and $\$ 10,000$ in dues and subscriptions expense. These increases were offset by decreases of $\$ 43,000$ in insurance expense, $\$ 30,000$ in contributions expense, $\$ 20,000$ in director fees, $\$ 19,000$ in public company expenses, $\$ 16,000$ in deferred compensation/401(k) expense, $\$ 10,000$ in advertising expense and $\$ 8,000$ in meals and entertainment expense.

INTEREST EXPENSE - Interest expense for the first and second quarter of 2002 decreased to $\$ 337,000$ or $4.9 \%$ of sales from $\$ 456,000$ or $6.5 \%$ of sales for the 2001. This was a result of lower debt levels as well as lower interest rates during 2002 as compared to 2001.

FEDERAL INCOME TAXES
For the six months ended February 28, 2002, the Company recorded a valuation allowance of approximately $\$ 511,000$ to offset the income tax benefit. As of February 28, 2002, the Company had approximately $\$ 3,602,000$ of net operating loss carryforwards which will expire in fiscal 2020 through 2022, if unused, as well as $\$ 155,000$ of alternative minimum tax credits that do not expire.

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LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES
During the six months ended February 28, 2002, the Company's cash used in operating activities was $\$ 2,484,000$. This largely resulted from an increase of $\$ 2,034,000$ in accounts receivable and a decrease of $\$ 234,000$ in accounts payable. From investing activities, the Company acquired additional machinery and equipment of $\$ 38,000$. From financing activities, the Company used $\$ 928,000$ to reduce long-term debt and borrowed an additional $\$ 3,357,000$ on the revolving working capital credit line. Subsequent to February 28, 2002, the revolving working capital credit line balance was reduced by approximately $\$ 3.4$ million representing proceeds from the collection of accounts receivable. The Company believes that the unused portion of the revolving bank working capital credit line and the funds generated from operations will be sufficient to cover anticipated cash needs through fiscal 2002. However, depending on the level of future sales and terms of such sales, an expanded credit line may be necessary to finance increases in trade accounts receivable and contracts in process. The Company believes it will be able to obtain such expanded credit line, if required, on generally the same terms as the existing credit line.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: April 15, 2002

Riviera Tool Company
/s/ Kenneth K. Rieth
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Kenneth K. Rieth
President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)
/s/ Peter C. Canepa
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Peter C. Canepa
Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

