

Thompson Creek Metals Co Inc.

Form 10-Q

November 10, 2014

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2014

Or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-33783

THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

British Columbia, Canada

(State or other jurisdiction of

incorporation or organization)

26 West Dry Creek Circle, Suite 810, Littleton, CO

(Address of principal executive offices)

(303) 761-8801

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

98-0583591

(I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

80120

(Zip code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No
As of November 10, 2014, there were 214,086,167 shares of the registrant's common stock, no par value, outstanding.

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PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(UNAUDITED)

| (US dollars in millions, except share amounts) | Note | September 30, 2014 | December 31, 2013 |
|--|-------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Current assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | \$266.6 | \$233.9 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 2 | 65.0 | 47.8 |
| Accounts receivable-joint venture partner | 15 | 7.6 | 6.3 |
| Product inventory | 3 | 104.8 | 122.1 |
| Materials and supplies inventory | | 56.9 | 65.8 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | | 4.9 | 13.2 |
| Income and mining taxes receivable | 13 | 1.2 | 4.4 |
| Restricted cash | | 1.7 | 2.5 |
| Deferred income tax assets | 13 | 0.2 | — |
| | | 508.9 | 496.0 |
| Property, plant, equipment and development, net | 4 | 2,391.5 | 2,538.0 |
| Restricted cash | | 5.7 | 5.7 |
| Reclamation deposits | | 17.4 | 7.4 |
| Other assets | | 26.7 | 24.2 |
| Deferred income tax assets | 13 | 38.8 | 14.2 |
| | | \$2,989.0 | \$3,085.5 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | | \$94.6 | \$104.9 |
| Income, mining and other taxes payable | | 2.1 | 0.7 |
| Current portion of Gold Stream deferred revenue | 10 | 46.4 | 21.3 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 8 & 9 | 4.5 | 15.4 |
| Current portion of long-term lease obligations | 7 | 22.6 | 21.8 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | 13 | 15.6 | 14.4 |
| Other current liabilities | | 0.3 | 2.1 |
| | | 186.1 | 180.6 |
| Gold Stream deferred revenue | 10 | 719.8 | 759.4 |
| Long-term debt | 8 & 9 | 898.5 | 906.9 |
| Long-term lease obligations | 7 | 51.5 | 68.7 |
| Other liabilities | | 4.8 | 6.5 |
| Asset retirement obligations | | 45.3 | 43.8 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | 13 | 13.9 | 13.4 |
| | | 1,919.9 | 1,979.3 |
| Commitments and contingencies | 12 | | |
| Shareholders' equity | | | |
| Common stock, no-par, 213,887,744 and 171,452,069 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively | | 1,185.4 | 1,028.9 |
| Additional paid-in capital | | 87.5 | 230.7 |

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| | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|---|-----------|---|
| Retained earnings (deficit) | (111.3 |) | (122.7 |) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (92.5 |) | (30.7 |) |
| | 1,069.1 | | 1,106.2 | |
| | \$2,989.0 | | \$3,085.5 | |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS and COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
(UNAUDITED)

| (US dollars in millions, except per share amounts) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| | September 30, 2014 | 2013 | September 30, 2014 | 2013 |
| REVENUES | | | | |
| Copper sales | \$45.7 | \$— | \$140.3 | \$— |
| Gold sales | 55.0 | — | 133.5 | — |
| Molybdenum sales | 124.3 | 85.7 | 353.5 | 303.1 |
| Tolling, calcining and other | 4.3 | 5.1 | 11.4 | 14.2 |
| Total revenues | 229.3 | 90.8 | 638.7 | 317.3 |
| COSTS AND EXPENSES | | | | |
| Cost of sales | | | | |
| Operating expenses | 133.4 | 66.9 | 395.2 | 212.6 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | 22.7 | 11.6 | 78.3 | 38.5 |
| Total cost of sales | 156.1 | 78.5 | 473.5 | 251.1 |
| Selling and marketing | 3.1 | 1.4 | 10.8 | 6.4 |
| Accretion expense | 0.9 | 0.6 | 2.7 | 2.0 |
| General and administrative | 5.1 | 5.1 | 16.9 | 17.7 |
| Exploration | 0.3 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 1.3 |
| Total costs and expenses | 165.5 | 86.3 | 504.5 | 278.5 |
| OPERATING INCOME | 63.8 | 4.5 | 134.2 | 38.8 |
| OTHER (INCOME) EXPENSE | | | | |
| Start-up costs | — | 10.2 | — | 10.3 |
| (Gains) losses on foreign exchange, net | 60.3 | (24.2) | 64.5 | 30.0 |
| Interest and finance fees | 22.5 | 0.7 | 69.4 | 0.9 |
| Interest income | — | (0.4) | (0.2) | (0.9) |
| Loss from debt extinguishment | — | — | 0.5 | — |
| Other | (3.1) | 0.2 | (6.1) | — |
| Total other (income) expense | 79.7 | (13.5) | 128.1 | 40.3 |
| Income (loss) before income and mining taxes | (15.9) | 18.0 | 6.1 | (1.5) |
| Total income and mining tax expense (benefit) | (4.8) | 4.2 | (5.3) | 3.0 |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | \$(11.1) | \$13.8 | \$11.4 | \$(4.5) |
| COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) | | | | |
| Foreign currency translation | (58.2) | 29.4 | (61.8) | (44.5) |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss) | (58.2) | 29.4 | (61.8) | (44.5) |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | \$(69.3) | \$43.2 | \$(50.4) | \$(49.0) |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE | | | | |
| Basic | \$(0.05) | \$0.08 | \$0.06 | \$(0.03) |
| Diluted | \$(0.05) | \$0.06 | \$0.05 | \$(0.03) |
| Weighted-average number of common shares | | | | |
| Basic | 213.9 | 171.5 | 186.8 | 170.9 |
| Diluted | 213.9 | 216.5 | 220.1 | 170.9 |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)

| (US dollars in millions) | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|--|----------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Net income (loss) | \$(11.1) | \$13.8 | \$11.4 | \$(4.5) |
| Items not affecting cash: | | | | |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | 22.7 | 11.6 | 78.3 | 38.5 |
| Deferred revenue related to Gold Stream Arrangement | (10.8) | — | (24.9) | — |
| Accretion expense | 0.9 | 0.6 | 2.7 | 2.0 |
| Amortization of finance fees | 1.2 | — | 3.8 | — |
| Stock-based compensation | 1.9 | 1.6 | 4.5 | 4.9 |
| Materials and supplies inventory write downs | 0.1 | — | 0.3 | — |
| Product inventory write downs | 2.3 | 11.7 | 8.9 | 23.4 |
| Deferred income tax benefit | (11.3) | 1.4 | (20.6) | (8.9) |
| Unrealized gain on financial instruments and mark-to-market adjustments | (1.6) | — | (4.8) | — |
| Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss | 60.3 | (24.3) | 63.9 | 30.0 |
| Debt extinguishment | — | — | (0.1) | — |
| Change in current assets and liabilities (Note 16) | 14.4 | 3.1 | 1.6 | (5.4) |
| Gold Stream Arrangement net payable - ounces to be delivered | 14.0 | — | 24.9 | — |
| Cash generated by operating activities | 83.0 | 19.5 | 149.9 | 80.0 |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Capital expenditures | (21.9) | (112.9) | (70.4) | (387.5) |
| Capitalized interest payments | (1.3) | (19.1) | (8.2) | (54.5) |
| Restricted cash | 0.4 | 3.1 | 0.4 | 14.3 |
| Disposition of assets | — | — | — | 0.2 |
| Reclamation refund | — | 27.9 | — | 28.1 |
| Reclamation deposit | — | (6.8) | (10.0) | (7.0) |
| Cash used in investing activities | (22.8) | (107.8) | (88.2) | (406.4) |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | |
| Proceeds from the Gold Stream Arrangement | — | 12.9 | — | 111.9 |
| Proceeds from equipment financings | — | — | — | 37.8 |
| Repayments of equipment financings | (5.4) | (5.0) | (16.2) | (17.7) |
| Repayment of long-term debt | (1.2) | (4.6) | (10.0) | (12.8) |
| Proceeds (costs) from issuance of common shares, net | — | 0.7 | — | 0.9 |
| Cash generated by (used in) financing activities | (6.6) | 4.0 | (26.2) | 120.1 |
| EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH | (3.1) | 4.3 | (2.8) | 2.3 |
| INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 50.5 | (80.0) | 32.7 | (204.0) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period | 216.1 | 402.8 | 233.9 | 526.8 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of period | \$266.6 | \$322.8 | \$266.6 | \$322.8 |
| Supplementary cash flow information (Note 16) | | | | |
| See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements. | | | | |

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.
 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
 (UNAUDITED)

| (US dollars in millions, share data in thousands) | Common Stock | | Additional Paid-in Capital | Retained Earnings (Deficit) | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) | Total |
|--|--------------|-----------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|-----------|
| | Shares | Amount | | | | |
| Balances at December 31, 2013 | 171,452 | \$1,028.9 | \$230.7 | \$(122.7) | \$(30.7) | \$1,106.2 |
| Amortization of stock-based compensation | — | — | 4.5 | — | — | 4.5 |
| Shares issued under stock-based compensation | 306 | 1.7 | (2.0) | — | — | (0.3) |
| Settlement of tangible equity units exchange offer | 42,130 | 154.8 | (145.7) | — | — | 9.1 |
| Comprehensive income (loss): | | | | | | |
| Net income (loss) | — | — | — | 11.4 | — | 11.4 |
| Foreign currency translation | — | — | — | — | (61.8) | (61.8) |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | | | | | | (50.4) |
| Balances at September 30, 2014 | 213,888 | \$1,185.4 | \$87.5 | \$(111.3) | \$(92.5) | \$1,069.1 |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements- Unaudited

(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q. In compliance with those instructions, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("US GAAP") have been condensed or omitted. This report should be read in conjunction with Thompson Creek Metals Company Inc.'s ("TCM," "Company," "we," "us" or "our") consolidated financial statements and notes contained in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 (the "2013 Form 10-K") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The information reflects all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods reported. Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any other period or for the year ending December 31, 2014.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. TCM bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Accordingly, actual results may differ significantly from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Certain prior year amounts in the financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of TCM and its subsidiaries. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Financial amounts are presented in United States ("US") dollars unless otherwise stated. References to C\$ are Canadian dollars.

As used herein, "Mt. Milligan Mine" refers to our conventional truck-shovel open-pit copper and gold mine and concentrator with a copper-gold flotation processing plant in British Columbia, Canada; "TC Mine" refers to Thompson Creek Mine, our open-pit molybdenum mine and concentrator in Idaho, USA; "Endako Mine" refers to the open-pit molybdenum mine, concentrator and roaster in British Columbia, Canada in which we own a 75% joint venture interest; and "Langeloth Facility" refers to our Langeloth Metallurgical Facility in Pennsylvania, USA.

Change in Estimate

On January 1, 2014, the Life of Mine Plan ("LOM") for the Endako Mine, in which TCM owns a 75% joint venture interest, was revised to reflect long term molybdenum pricing expectations. As a result, Endako Mine's estimated mine life was reduced to approximately 3.5 years from 15 years. During the second quarter of 2014, in light of the reduced mine life and to better reflect the economic utilization of property, plant and equipment assets at the Endako Mine, TCM reduced the depreciable lives of Endako Mine's property, plant and equipment assets using the straight line and declining balance depreciation convention (the depreciable lives of assets using the units-of-production depreciation convention had been reduced in the first quarter of 2014) and began considering the salvage values of these assets when recognizing its share of depreciation, depletion and amortization expense. This change in estimate, effective as of April 1, 2014, was accounted for prospectively in accordance with ASC 205, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. This change lowered depreciation expense and increased net income by \$4.3 million, or approximately \$0.02 per diluted share and \$6.4 million, or approximately \$0.03 per diluted share, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014.

2. Accounts Receivable, Net

Accounts receivable are carried at their estimated collectible amounts. Accounts receivable included net trade receivables of \$62.2 million and other receivables of \$2.8 million at September 30, 2014, and trade receivables of \$41.6 million and other receivables of \$6.2 million at December 31, 2013. Other receivables at September 30, 2014 consisted of \$2.8 million of Goods and Services Tax refunds; \$1.6 million of third party molybdenum receivables; \$1.2 million of Langeloth Facility receivables; a \$0.6 million settlement receivable on hedges and miscellaneous receivables of \$0.5 million, offset by \$3.9 million of mark-to-market adjustments relating to provisional invoices for

Mt. Milligan Mine copper and gold concentrate sales. Other receivables at December 31, 2013 primarily consisted of \$3.3 million of Goods and Services Tax refunds and \$0.3 million of mark-to-market adjustments relating to provisional invoices for Mt. Milligan Mine copper and gold concentrate sales.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) - Unaudited

(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

3. Inventory

The carrying value of product inventory was as follows:

| (US\$ in millions) | September 30, 2014 | December 31, 2013 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Copper and Gold Inventory: | | |
| Concentrate | \$26.8 | \$39.8 |
| Stockpiled ore | 4.6 | 5.4 |
| | \$31.4 | \$45.2 |
| Molybdenum Inventory: | | |
| Finished product | \$43.1 | \$27.5 |
| Work-in-process | 24.7 | 28.0 |
| Stockpiled ore | 5.6 | 21.4 |
| | \$73.4 | \$76.9 |
| | \$104.8 | \$122.1 |

As of September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013 the carrying value of TCM's molybdenum inventory exceeded the market value, resulting in lower-of-cost-or-market write downs of \$2.6 million and \$10.6 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, and lower-of-cost-or-market write downs of \$13.3 million and \$27.4 million, respectively, for the three and nine months September 30, 2013.

The following table sets forth the inventory write downs in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the periods presented:

| (US\$ in millions) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Canadian Operations Molybdenum | | | | |
| Operating expense | \$2.3 | \$5.3 | \$8.9 | \$17.0 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | 0.3 | 0.7 | 1.7 | 3.1 |
| Start-up costs | — | 7.3 | — | 7.3 |
| | \$2.6 | \$13.3 | \$10.6 | \$27.4 |

4. Property, Plant, Equipment and Development, Net

Property, plant, equipment and development, net, were comprised of the following:

| (US\$ in millions) | September 30, 2014 | December 31, 2013 |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|
| Mining properties and mineral reserves | \$768.3 | \$768.6 |
| Mining and milling equipment and facilities | 1,573.8 | 1,661.2 |
| Processing facilities | 169.9 | 168.5 |
| Construction-in-progress | 68.7 | 42.7 |
| Other | 15.9 | 18.3 |
| | 2,596.6 | 2,659.3 |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation, depletion and amortization | (205.1 |) (121.3 |
| | \$2,391.5 | \$2,538.0 |

The construction-in-progress balance included \$58.5 million and \$33.2 million related to Mt. Milligan Mine as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. For Mt. Milligan Mine the construction-in-progress balance at

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) - Unaudited

(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

4. Property, Plant, Equipment and Development, Net (Continued)

September 30, 2014 consisted of \$44.4 million related to construction of a permanent operations residence, \$9.1 million for construction related to the tailings facility system's dam and \$5.0 million for other items for Mt. Milligan Mine.

5. Financial Instruments

TCM enters into various derivative financial instruments in the normal course of operations to manage exposure to the market prices of copper, gold and molybdenum. TCM does not apply hedge accounting to its derivative instruments. Accordingly, changes in fair value of derivative instruments are recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss), except those contracts for which TCM has elected to apply the normal purchases and normal sales scope exception.

The following table provides details about the fair values of TCM's derivative assets and liabilities:

| (US\$ in millions) | Fair Value as of September 30, 2014 | December 31, 2013 |
|----------------------------|---|----------------------|
| Assets ⁽¹⁾ | | |
| Commodity contracts | \$1.6 | \$0.2 |
| Liabilities ⁽¹⁾ | | |
| Forward currency contracts | \$0.3 | \$— |

(1) TCM's derivative assets are included in prepaid expenses and other current assets, and derivative liabilities are included in other current liabilities. TCM is exposed to credit risk when counterparties with which it has entered into derivative transactions are unable to pay. To reduce counterparty credit exposure, TCM deals primarily with large, credit-worthy financial institutions and companies and limits credit exposure to each. TCM believes the counterparties to the contracts to be credit-worthy entities and, therefore, TCM believes credit risk of counterparty non-performance is relatively low, and, as such, the fair value of the derivatives has not been adjusted.

The following table sets forth the gains (losses) on derivative instruments for periods presented:

| (US\$ in millions) | Statement of Operations Classification | Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 | | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 | |
|--|---|--|--------------------|---|--------------------|
| Derivative Type and Activity | | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Gold hedges related to Gold Stream Arrangement | Gold sales | \$(0.7) | \$ — | \$(0.4) | \$ — |
| Copper and Gold hedges | Other | \$2.9 | \$ — | \$2.8 | \$ — |
| Forward currency contracts | Gain (loss) on foreign exchange, net | \$(0.5) | \$ — | \$0.2 | \$ — |

Gold Hedges Related to Gold Stream Arrangement and Other Commodity Contracts

TCM must satisfy its obligation under the Gold Stream Arrangement (discussed in Note 10) by delivering gold to Royal Gold after TCM receives payment from third-party purchasers, including offtakers and traders, that purchase concentrate from Mt. Milligan Mine ("MTM Customers"). In connection with TCM's first 12 shipments of concentrate from Mt. Milligan Mine, TCM must deliver gold to Royal Gold based on a percentage of the gold ounces included in each provisional sale of gold to MTM Customers within two days of receiving a provisional payment, as discussed further in Note 10.

TCM receives payment from MTM Customers in cash, thus requiring the purchase of gold in order to satisfy the obligation to pay Royal Gold in gold. In order to hedge its gold price risk that arises when physical purchase and concentrate sales pricing periods do not match, hereafter referred to as the Gold Stream Risk, TCM has entered into certain forward gold purchase and sales contracts pursuant to which it purchases gold at an average price during a quotational period and sells gold at a spot price. TCM records its forward commodity contracts at fair value using a market approach based on observable quoted market prices and contracted prices.

In addition to the Gold Stream Risk and in connection with the sale of concentrate from Mt. Milligan Mine, TCM is exposed to copper and gold price fluctuations between the dates of concentrate shipment, provisional payment and final payment. In order to hedge the price risk for the metals contained in concentrate, TCM has entered into certain forward copper

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) - Unaudited

(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

5. Financial Instruments (Continued)

and gold purchase and sale contracts pursuant to which it purchases copper or gold at an average price during a quotational period and sells copper or gold at a spot price. Additionally, TCM has entered into zero cost collars pursuant to which it agrees with a counterparty to a floor and ceiling relative to future prices of gold. If the gold price is below the floor, the counterparty pays TCM the difference between the price and the floor. If the gold price is above the ceiling, TCM pays the counterparty the difference between the ceiling and the price. TCM records its commodity contracts at fair value using a market approach based on observable quoted market prices and contracted prices. These activities are intended to protect against the price risk related to the MTM Customer purchase contracts.

The following table provides details of TCM's commodity contracts as of September 30, 2014:

| | Quantity | Sell Price | Buy Price | Maturities Through |
|--|------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Gold Hedge Sales related to Gold Stream Arrangement (oz) | 9,522 | \$1,213-\$1,290 | TBD | October 2014-January 2015 |
| Gold Hedge Purchases related to Gold Stream Arrangement (oz) | 18,100 | TBD | TBD | October 2014-February 2015 |
| Forward Gold Sales (oz) | 500 | \$1,292 | TBD | October 2014 |
| Forward Copper Sales (lb) | 12,026,000 | \$3.17-\$3.21 | TBD | October 2014-March 2015 |
| Natural Gas Purchase (Dt) | 197,235 | n/a | \$2.91-\$3.38 | October 2014-September 2016 |
| | Quantity | Put Price | Call Price | Maturities Through |
| Gold Collars (oz) | 1,500 | \$1,200-\$1,225 | \$1,368 - \$1,395 | October 2014-November 2014 |

Forward Currency Contracts

TCM transacts business in various currencies in the normal course of its operations and for capital expenditures. In addition, with all of its revenues denominated in US dollars, TCM has an ongoing foreign exchange risk with respect to its Canadian operations. To help mitigate this risk, TCM has entered into foreign currency forward contracts pursuant to which it has agreed to buy Canadian dollars at an agreed-upon rate. TCM records its currency contracts at fair value using a market approach based on observable quoted exchange rates and contracted notional amounts. As of September 30, 2014, TCM had 10 open foreign currency option contracts.

The following table provides details of TCM's forward currency contracts as of September 30, 2014:

| | Notional Amount | Buy Price | Maturities Through |
|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Forward currency contracts | \$51,000,000 | \$1USD/C\$1.10-C\$1.12 | October 2014-December 2014 |

Fixed-Priced Contracts

TCM has entered into certain sales contracts pursuant to which it sells future molybdenum production at fixed prices. These fixed prices may be different than the quoted market prices at the date of sale. Additionally, TCM has entered into a natural gas contract at the Langeloth Facility to control the prices paid for natural gas used in operations. TCM has elected to treat these contracts as normal purchase and normal sale contracts.

The following table sets forth TCM's outstanding fixed-priced sales contracts as of September 30, 2014:

| | Quantity (000's lb) | Sell price | Maturities Through |
|------------------------------|---------------------|------------|--------------------|
| Molybdenum fixed price sales | 465 | \$12.65 | November 2015 |

6. Fair Value Measurement

US GAAP includes a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 inputs) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs). TCM's policy is to recognize transfers into and out of Level 3 as of the actual date of the event or change in circumstances. There were no transfers into or out of Level 1 or 2 during

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) -Unaudited

(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

6. Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The following table sets forth a reconciliation of activity related to Level 3 financial assets and liabilities for the nine months ended September 30, 2014:

| (US\$ in millions) | Total | Debt |
|-------------------------------------|--------|---------|
| Balance at December 31, 2013 | \$12.7 | \$12.7 |
| Settlement and revaluation of tMEDS | (11.7 |) (11.7 |
| Balance at September 30, 2014 | \$1.0 | \$1.0 |

The following tables set forth TCM's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value by level within the US GAAP fair value hierarchy. As required, assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement, as discussed in Note 2 to the 2013 Form 10-K.

| (US\$ in millions) | Fair Value at September 30, 2014 | | | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Senior secured notes | \$393.0 | \$— | \$393.0 | \$— |
| Senior unsecured notes | 560.7 | — | 560.7 | — |
| tMEDS | 1.0 | — | — | 1.0 |
| | \$954.7 | \$— | \$953.7 | \$1.0 |

| (US\$ in millions) | Fair Value at December 31, 2013 | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | Total | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Liabilities: | | | | |
| Senior secured notes | \$397.2 | \$— | \$397.2 | \$— |
| Senior unsecured notes | 492.4 | — | 492.4 | — |
| tMEDS | 12.7 | — | — | 12.7 |
| | \$902.3 | \$— | \$889.6 | \$12.7 |

TCM classified its senior secured and unsecured notes within Level 2 because they are valued using a mix of inputs, including a risk-free interest rate input that is quoted in an active market, and credit spread inputs that are observable but are not quoted market prices for identical liabilities. Both inputs are negatively correlated to the fair value measure; an increase (decrease) in the input will decrease (increase) the fair value measure.

TCM classified its Tangible Equity Units ("tMEDS") within Level 3 because they are valued using significant unobservable inputs. TCM determined the fair value of the debt component of tMEDS using a discounted cash flow model by obtaining yields for comparably-rated issuers trading in the market, considering the market yield of existing TCM debt and the credit rating of TCM.

As of September 30, 2014, the carrying values of the 9.75% senior secured notes and the 12.5% senior unsecured notes were lower than their fair values of approximately \$393.0 million and \$225.7 million, respectively, while the carrying value of the 7.375% senior unsecured notes and tMEDS were higher than their fair values of \$335.0 million and \$1.0 million, respectively. TCM determined the fair value of the notes using a discounted cash flow valuation model, consisting of inputs such as risk-free interest rates and credit spreads.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) - Unaudited

(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

7. Leases

TCM's total capital lease obligations consisted of the following:

| (US\$ in millions) | September 30, 2014 | December 31, 2013 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Equipment facility capital leases | \$22.0 | \$27.2 |
| Equipment facility sale leaseback | 49.3 | 59.8 |
| Endako Mine sale leaseback | 2.8 | 3.5 |
| Total lease obligations | 74.1 | 90.5 |
| Less: Current portion | (22.6 |) (21.8 |
| Total long-term lease obligations | \$51.5 | \$68.7 |

On March 30, 2011, TCM entered into an equipment financing facility, as amended from time to time (the "Equipment Facility"), pursuant to which Caterpillar Financial Services Limited ("Caterpillar") agreed to underwrite up to \$132.0 million in mobile fleet equipment financing for Mt. Milligan Mine. Each borrowing under the Equipment Facility represents a capital lease and has a term of 48 or 60 months. Interest on the amounts borrowed under the Equipment Facility is payable at either floating or fixed rates, at TCM's option. Interest pertaining to the Equipment Facility is allocable to the cost of developing mining properties and constructing new facilities and is capitalized until assets are ready for their intended use. TCM's ability to finance additional equipment under the Equipment Facility expired in September 2014 per the terms of the Equipment Facility agreement.

Beginning in September 2013, in conjunction with the start-up phase of Mt. Milligan Mine, TCM ceased capitalizing the interest and debt issuance costs associated with the leases under the Equipment Facility for Mt. Milligan Mine as the related assets were placed in service. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, TCM repaid \$5.4 million and \$16.2 million, respectively, in principal.

On June 14, 2013, we entered into a sale-leaseback transaction with Caterpillar with respect to certain Endako Mine equipment (the "Endako Sale Leaseback"), which is separate from the Equipment Facility, described above.

Interest and debt issuance costs on the equipment financings, as described above, consisted of the following:

| (US\$ in millions) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Interest paid | \$1.1 | \$1.4 | \$3.6 | \$3.5 |
| Interest and debt issuance costs capitalized | \$— | \$0.9 | \$— | \$3.7 |
| Interest and debt issuance costs expensed | \$1.2 | \$0.5 | \$3.9 | \$0.5 |

8. Debt

TCM's secured and unsecured notes, tMEDS, equipment loans and other credit facilities consisted of the following:

| (US\$ in millions) | September 30, 2014 | December 31, 2013 |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|
| 9.75% Senior secured notes due 2017, net of discount | \$347.8 | \$347.3 |
| 7.375% Senior unsecured notes due 2018 | 350.0 | 350.0 |
| 12.5% Senior unsecured notes due 2019 | 200.0 | 200.0 |
| tMEDS | 1.8 | 19.4 |
| Equipment loans | 3.4 | 5.4 |
| Other | — | 0.2 |
| Total debt | 903.0 | 922.3 |
| Less: Current portion | (4.5 |) (15.4 |
| Total long-term debt | \$898.5 | \$906.9 |

Interest and debt issuance costs paid, capitalized and expensed were as follows:

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) - Unaudited

(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

8. Debt (Continued)

| (US\$ in millions) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Interest paid | \$17.1 | \$17.8 | \$60.8 | \$51.0 |
| Interest and debt issuance costs capitalized | \$1.4 | \$23.3 | \$3.3 | \$70.1 |
| Interest and debt issuance costs expensed | \$21.3 | \$0.1 | \$65.5 | \$0.3 |
| 9.75% Senior Secured Notes | | | | |

On November 27, 2012, TCM issued \$350.0 million of 9.75% senior secured notes (the "2017 Notes"). The proceeds received in the offering were \$336.8 million, net of financing fees of \$10.0 million and a discount of \$3.2 million. The net proceeds from the 2017 Notes offering were used to fund the completion of Mt. Milligan Mine and for general working capital purposes. The 2017 Notes are guaranteed on a senior basis by substantially all of TCM's subsidiaries and are secured by a first priority lien subject to permitted liens on substantially all of TCM's and the guarantors' property and assets.

The 2017 Notes mature on December 1, 2017 and accrue interest from November 27, 2012 until maturity at a fixed rate of 9.75% per year. Interest on the 2017 Notes is payable on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing February 1, 2013, to the holders of record at the close of business on the January 15 and July 15 prior to each interest payment date.

The 2017 Notes are governed by a base indenture, dated May 11, 2012, supplemented by the first supplemental indenture, dated May 11, 2012, and the fifth supplemental indenture, dated November 27, 2012 (the "2017 Notes Indenture"). There are no maintenance covenants with respect to TCM's financial performance. However, the 2017 Notes Indenture does contain transaction-based restrictive covenants that restrict TCM's ability and the ability of certain of TCM's subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness; pay dividends or make other distributions or repurchase or redeem capital stock; prepay, redeem or repurchase certain debt; make loans and investments; sell assets; incur liens; enter into transactions with affiliates; and enter into agreements restricting our subsidiaries' ability to pay dividends and consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of TCM's assets, in each case subject to certain exceptions.

The 2017 Notes are redeemable at TCM's option at any time prior to December 1, 2015 at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2017 Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest and a make-whole premium. Under the terms of the 2017 Notes Indenture, TCM may also redeem up to 35% of the original principal amount of the 2017 Notes at any time prior to December 1, 2015 with the proceeds of certain equity offerings at a redemption price of 109.75% of the principal amount of the 2017 Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of redemption. TCM may also redeem the 2017 Notes at any time on or after December 1, 2015 at the redemption prices specified in the 2017 Notes Indenture together with accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of redemption. Finally, TCM may redeem the 2017 Notes at any time upon the occurrence of specified events relating to Canadian tax law at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of the 2017 Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of redemption.

The 2017 Notes Indenture contains customary events of default. If an event of default occurs and is continuing under the 2017 Notes Indenture, the trustee or holders of at least 25% in principal of the outstanding 2017 Notes may declare the principal, premium, if any, and accrued and unpaid interest on all the 2017 Notes to be due and payable immediately. Certain events of bankruptcy or insolvency are events of default that would result in the 2017 Notes

being due and payable immediately upon the occurrence of such events of default.

12.5% Senior Unsecured Notes

On May 11, 2012, TCM issued \$200.0 million of 12.5% senior unsecured notes (the “2019 Notes”). The proceeds received in the offering were \$193.1 million, net of financing fees of \$6.9 million. The net proceeds from the 2019 Notes offering were used to fund the completion of Mt. Milligan Mine and for general working capital purposes. The 2019 Notes are guaranteed on a senior basis by substantially all of TCM's subsidiaries.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) - Unaudited

(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

8. Debt (Continued)

The 2019 Notes mature on May 1, 2019 and accrue interest from May 11, 2012 until maturity at a fixed rate of 12.5% per year. Interest on the 2019 Notes is payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing November 1, 2012, to the holders of record at the close of business on the April 15 and October 15 prior to each interest payment date.

The 2019 Notes are governed by a base indenture as supplemented by the first supplemental indenture and the second supplemental indenture thereto, each dated May 11, 2012 (the "2019 Notes Indenture"). There are no maintenance covenants with respect to TCM's financial performance. However, the 2019 Notes Indenture does contain transaction-based restrictive covenants that restrict TCM's ability and the ability of certain of TCM's subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness; pay dividends or make other distributions or repurchase or redeem capital stock; prepay, redeem or repurchase certain debt; make loans and investments; sell assets; incur liens; enter into transactions with affiliates; enter into agreements restricting TCM's subsidiaries' ability to pay dividends and consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of TCM's assets, in each case subject to certain exceptions.

The 2019 Notes are redeemable at TCM's option at any time prior to May 1, 2016 at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2019 Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest and a make-whole premium. Under the terms of the 2019 Notes Indenture, TCM may also redeem up to 35% of the original principal amount of the 2019 Notes at any time prior to May 1, 2015 with the proceeds of certain equity offerings at a redemption price of 112.5% of the principal amount of the 2019 Notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of redemption. TCM may also redeem the 2019 Notes at any time on or after May 1, 2016 at the redemption prices specified in the 2019 Notes Indenture together with accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of redemption. Finally, TCM may redeem the 2019 Notes at any time upon the occurrence of specified events relating to Canadian tax law at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of the 2019 Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of redemption.

The 2019 Notes Indenture contains customary events of default. If an event of default occurs and is continuing under the 2019 Notes Indenture, the trustee or holders of at least 25% in principal of the outstanding 2019 Notes may declare the principal, premium, if any, and accrued and unpaid interest on all the 2019 Notes to be due and payable immediately. Certain events of bankruptcy or insolvency are events of default that would result in the 2019 Notes being due and payable immediately upon the occurrence of such events of default.

7.375% Senior Unsecured Notes

On May 20, 2011, TCM issued \$350.0 million of 7.375% senior unsecured notes (the "2018 Notes"). The proceeds received in the offering were \$339.9 million, net of financing fees of \$10.1 million. The net proceeds from the 2018 Notes offering were used to fund the development of Mt. Milligan and for general working capital purposes. The 2018 Notes are guaranteed on a senior basis by substantially all of TCM's subsidiaries.

The 2018 Notes mature on June 1, 2018 and accrue interest from May 20, 2011 until maturity at a fixed rate of 7.375% per year. Interest is payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year, and the first interest payment occurred on December 1, 2011. Interest is payable to the holders of record at the close of business on the May 15 and November 15 prior to each interest payment date.

The 2018 Notes are governed by an indenture, dated May 20, 2011 (the "2018 Notes Indenture"). There are no maintenance covenants with respect to TCM's financial performance. However, the 2018 Notes Indenture does

contain transaction-based restrictive covenants that restrict TCM's ability and the ability of certain of TCM's subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness; pay dividends or make other distributions or repurchase or redeem capital stock; prepay, redeem or repurchase certain debt; make loans and investments; sell assets; incur liens; enter into transactions with affiliates; enter into agreements restricting TCM's subsidiaries' ability to pay dividends and consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of TCM's assets, in each case subject to certain exceptions.

TCM may redeem the 2018 Notes at the redemption prices specified in the 2018 Notes Indenture, together with accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of redemption. TCM may also redeem the 2018 Notes at any time upon the occurrence of specified events relating to Canadian tax law at a redemption price of 100% of the principal amount of the 2018 Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of redemption.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) - Unaudited

(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

8. Debt (Continued)

The 2018 Notes Indenture contains customary events of default. If an event of default occurs and is continuing under the 2018 Notes Indenture, the trustee or holders of at least 25% in principal of the outstanding 2018 Notes may declare the principal, premium, if any, and accrued and unpaid interest on all the 2018 Notes to be due and payable immediately. Certain events of bankruptcy or insolvency are events of default that would result in the 2018 Notes being due and payable immediately upon the occurrence of such events of default. In December 2011, TCM completed an exchange offer of the original 2018 Notes for a like principal amount of exchange notes registered under the Securities Act of 1933, pursuant to a registration rights agreement with the initial purchasers.

Mobile Mining Equipment Loans

On December 8, 2010, TCM executed an equipment financing agreement with Caterpillar in the amount of \$12.8 million secured by six units of mobile mining equipment purchased by TCM during 2010. This fixed-rate loan bears interest at 3.6%, and is scheduled to mature no later than December 8, 2015.

9. tMEDS

On May 11, 2012, TCM completed a public offering of 8,800,000 tMEDS with a stated value of \$25.00. Each tMEDS unit consists of a prepaid common stock purchase contract and a senior amortizing note due May 15, 2015. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, holders early settled 100,000 and 460,000 common stock purchase contracts, respectively, for which TCM issued 458,550 and 2,109,330 shares of common stock, respectively. For more information, please see Note 11 within Item 8 of our 2013 Form 10-K.

On May 21, 2014, TCM commenced an offer ("Exchange Offer") to exchange any and all of the 8,340,000 then outstanding units of tMEDS for a number of shares of TCM's common stock. Pursuant to the terms of the Exchange Offer, as amended, each holder of tMEDS could tender all or a portion of such holder's tMEDS in exchange for (i) 5.3879 shares of common stock plus (ii) a number of shares of common stock equal to \$1.25 divided by \$2.73, which is the five day arithmetic daily volume-weighted average price of the TCM common stock over the trading period beginning on June 16, 2014 and ending on June 20, 2014. The Exchange Offer expired on June 24, 2014, and 7,206,862 units, or 86.4%, of the tMEDS were tendered for exchange, and accepted by TCM. In exchange for the tendered tMEDS, TCM issued 42,129,829 shares of its common stock.

As of September 30, 2014, 1,133,138 tMEDS remain outstanding. Such tMEDS will continue to be held pursuant to their original terms and conditions, including mandatory conversion on May 15, 2015. On July 8, 2014, TCM filed an application to notify the SEC of its delisting of any and all units of tMEDS which remained outstanding following settlement of the Exchange Offer, and the delisting became effective 10 days after such filing. TCM does not intend to re-list its tMEDS on another securities exchange.

Although each outstanding unit of tMEDS was treated as one unit for purposes of the Exchange Offer, the accounting treatment considers each component of each unit of tMEDS, a prepaid common stock purchase contract and a senior amortizing note, separately. In June 2014, in connection with shares of common stock issued in exchange for the prepaid common stock purchase contract components of the tendered tMEDS, TCM recorded a \$145.5 million increase to common stock and a \$145.5 million decrease to additional paid-in capital equal to the value of the shares issued in exchange for the prepaid common stock purchase contract components of the tendered tMEDS. In connection with the settlement of \$10.9 million of the senior amortizing notes component of the tendered tMEDS, TCM issued \$9.3 million in TCM common stock and made a principal payment of \$1.2 million to the senior amortizing note holders. As a result of the consummation of the Exchange Offer, TCM recorded a \$10.9 million decrease to debt, a \$9.3 million increase to common stock and a \$0.2 million decrease to additional paid-in capital for

issuance costs incurred by TCM in connection with the Exchange Offer. Additionally, TCM recorded \$0.5 million in debt extinguishment losses due to the difference between consideration offered for extinguished debt net of \$0.5 million of fees and expenses incurred by TCM in connection with the Exchange Offer, and the write off of \$0.3 million of unamortized debt issuance costs.

The senior amortizing note component of the tMEDS that remained outstanding as of September 30, 2014 was \$1.8 million, which is included in the current portion of long-term debt on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The unamortized deferred financing costs related to the remaining tMEDS were \$0.1 million as of September 30, 2014. See Note 8 for interest and debt issuance costs paid, capitalized and expensed for TCM's outstanding debt, including tMEDS.

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) - Unaudited

(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

10. Gold Stream Arrangement

Pursuant to an agreement dated October 2010, as subsequently amended in December 2011 and August 2012, with a subsidiary of Royal Gold, Inc. ("Royal Gold") (referred to as the "Gold Stream Arrangement"), TCM agreed to sell to Royal Gold 52.25% of the refined gold production from Mt. Milligan Mine for a total upfront payment of \$781.5 million, plus \$435 per ounce, or the prevailing market rate if lower than \$435 per ounce, when the gold is delivered. The upfront cash payments received under the Gold Stream Arrangement were recorded as deferred revenue and classified as a liability on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

TCM sells copper and gold concentrate from Mt. Milligan Mine to MTM Customers, and then purchases gold ounces in the market for delivery to Royal Gold, in an amount based on a portion of the gold ounces in the copper and gold concentrate sold to MTM Customers as determined in accordance with the terms of the Gold Stream Arrangement. Mt. Milligan Mine began selling copper and gold concentrate to MTM Customers and delivering gold ounces to Royal Gold in the fourth quarter of 2013, at which time TCM began to recognize an amount of the deferred revenue as gold ounces are delivered to Royal Gold, as explained further below. In connection with TCM's first 12 shipments of copper and gold concentrate from Mt. Milligan Mine to MTM Customers, TCM must deliver gold ounces to Royal Gold based on a percentage of gold ounces in each provisional sale of gold to MTM Customers within two days of receiving a provisional payment for the sale of the copper and gold concentrate, with subsequent delivery of gold ounces upon final settlement. Under the Gold Stream Arrangement, for shipments 1 through 4, 75% of the gold ounces to be delivered to Royal Gold were based on the gold ounces under each provisional payment, and 25% of the gold ounces were delivered upon final settlement under each MTM Customer contract. For shipments 5 through 8, those percentages were 50% and 50%, respectively, and for shipments 9 through 12, the percentages are 25% and 75%, respectively. Thereafter, all deliveries of gold to Royal Gold will be based solely on the final settlement of provisional sales of concentrate to MTM Customers and payable at the time of final settlement. The gold ounces delivered to Royal Gold under the Gold Stream Arrangement are based on the contained gold ounces in the provisional payments and final settlements multiplied by a 97% payable factor.

Revenues from the Gold Stream Arrangement are recognized upon the provisional sale of the copper and gold concentrate delivered to MTM Customers based on the amount of the provisional gold ounces in such sale, with adjustments made for the \$435 per ounce price, the per ounce price for the deferred revenue that was received upfront pursuant to the terms of the Gold Stream Arrangement and certain adjustments.

The components of revenue under the Gold Stream Arrangement are as follows:

- recognition of an amount of deferred revenue based on the amount of gold ounces delivered to Royal Gold in the applicable period compared to total expected gold deliveries over the life of the mine;
 - recognition of receipts of \$435 per ounce, or the prevailing market rate if lower than \$435 per ounce, when the gold ounces are delivered;
 - recognition of any unrealized losses resulting from the difference between the \$435 per ounce plus the deferred revenue per ounce price and the prevailing spot price at the end of any period, net of purchase costs for the gold ounces delivered to Royal Gold; and
 - gains or losses related to TCM's commodity gold contracts used to hedge TCM's Gold Stream Risk, as defined above.
- The following table presents the revenue under the Gold Stream Arrangement for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 in the form of (i) cash receipts based on gold sales during the applicable period, and (ii) deferred revenue for gold ounces delivered and deferred revenue to be recognized upon final settlement during the applicable period:

| (US\$ in millions) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |

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| | | | | |
|--|--------|------|--------|------|
| Gold sales related to cash portion of Gold Stream Arrangement (1) | \$13.0 | \$ — | \$30.2 | \$ — |
| Gold sales related to deferred portion of Gold Stream Arrangement (1) (2) | 10.8 | — | 24.9 | — |
| Total Gold Stream revenue (1) (2) | \$23.8 | \$ — | \$55.1 | \$ — |

(1) Recognized revenue and related gold ounces based on provisional sales may be subject to adjustment upon final settlement.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) - Unaudited

(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

10. Gold Stream Arrangement (Continued)

⁽²⁾ Consists of \$4.9 million and \$14.5 million of revenue which was previously deferred, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, and \$5.9 million and \$10.4 million of revenue which will be ultimately recognized upon delivery of gold.

In the event of any default under the Gold Stream Arrangement, Royal Gold could require TCM to repay the deposits received from Royal Gold, which amounts totaled \$745.3 million at September 30, 2014.

11. Stock-Based Compensation

As of September 30, 2014, TCM has granted stock options, PSUs and RSUs, as discussed below.

Stock Options

The following table summarizes stock option activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2014:

| | Options (000's) | Weighted-Average Exercise Price (1) |
|---|--------------------|--|
| Stock options outstanding at January 1, 2014 | 2,580 | \$8.86 |
| Granted | 362 | 2.76 |
| Exercised | 11 | 2.70 |
| Canceled/expired/surrendered | 349 | 9.01 |
| Stock options outstanding at September 30, 2014 | 2,582 | \$8.01 |

The weighted-average exercise price of options outstanding is shown in US dollars. Options with a Canadian dollar (1) strike price have been converted to US dollars for disclosure purposes using the exchange rates on the respective date of grant.

The expiration date and vesting provisions of stock options granted are established at the time an award is made. Stock options generally vest in three tranches over two or three years and are exercisable over a period of time not to exceed 10 years from the grant date but generally expire five years from the grant date. When an option is exercised, TCM issues the requisite shares from authorized but unissued common stock. The exercise price of options granted prior to March 1, 2011 is equal to the greater of: (i) the volume weighted-average trading price of the underlying shares on the Toronto Stock Exchange over the five consecutive trading days immediately before the grant date and (ii) if the award date occurs in a trading black-out period, the weighted-average trading price over the five consecutive trading days immediately after the black-out period has been lifted. The exercise price of options granted after March 1, 2011 is equal to the volume weighted-average trading price of the underlying shares over the five consecutive trading days immediately before the grant date.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, TCM recorded compensation expense related to stock options of \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million, respectively.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, TCM recorded compensation expense related to stock options of \$0.1 million and \$0.5 million, respectively.

As of September 30, 2014, approximately 0.8 million outstanding options had not vested and were not exercisable. The total unrecognized compensation cost related to these options was \$0.8 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.09 years.

As of September 30, 2014, approximately 1.8 million options had vested, were exercisable and had an aggregate intrinsic value of nil.

Performance Share Units (PSUs)

The following table summarizes PSU activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2014:

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) - Unaudited

(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

11. Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)

| | Units (000's) | Weighted-Average Fair Value |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|
| Outstanding at January 1, 2014 | 1,225 | \$ 7.88 |
| PSUs granted | 1,422 | 3.37 |
| Canceled/expired/forfeited | 395 | 11.63 |
| Outstanding at September 30, 2014 | 2,252 | \$ 4.46 |

The vesting of the PSUs granted prior to January 1, 2012 is contingent upon employee service and the performance of TCM's share price relative to the established award price. At each anniversary date during the vesting period, if the per share closing price of TCM's common stock on such date is at or higher than the award price, then the awards will vest one-third on each anniversary date, and the requisite shares will be issued from authorized but unissued common stock. If the closing price is less than the award price, and therefore, the market condition is not achieved, then those PSUs do not vest and are carried forward to the following anniversary date. Any PSUs not vested at the end of the three-year vesting period will expire.

The vesting of the PSUs granted subsequent to January 1, 2012 and prior to January 1, 2014 is contingent upon two performance metrics: 1) TCM's Total Shareholder Return (TSR) relative to the Russell 2000 Index during the three-year performance period and 2) the proven and probable mine reserves replaced by TCM during the three-year performance period as measured by the replacement reserves percentage determined by the plan administrator. The PSUs cliff vest three years from the date of issuance upon achievement of the above metrics. Any PSUs not vested at such time will expire.

The vesting of the PSUs granted subsequent to January 1, 2014 is contingent upon two performance metrics: 1) TCM's Total Shareholder Return (TSR) relative to the S&P TSX Global Base Metals Index during the three-year performance period and 2) cash flow from operations, defined as TCM's aggregate "cash generated by (used in) operating activities" less aggregate "capital expenditures" as reported for the calendar years 2014, 2015 and 2016 in the Statements of Cash Flows in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K. The PSUs cliff vest approximately three years from the date of issuance, or on the date in the first quarter of 2017 that the plan administrator determines and certifies the achievement of the above metrics. Any PSUs not vested at such time will expire.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, TCM recorded compensation expense related to PSUs of \$1.0 million and \$2.3 million, respectively.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, TCM recorded compensation expense related to PSUs of \$0.7 million and \$2.0 million, respectively.

As of September 30, 2014, unrecognized compensation expense related to PSUs totaled \$6.0 million that will be recognized on a straight-line basis over a weighted-average period of 2.16 years.

Restricted Stock Units (RSUs)

The following table summarizes RSU activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2014:

| | Units (000's) | Weighted-Average Fair Value |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|
| Outstanding at January 1, 2014 | 1,346 | \$ 4.23 |
| RSUs granted | 930 | 2.76 |
| RSUs vested and common shares issued | 419 | 5.25 |
| Canceled/expired/forfeited | 169 | 4.42 |
| Outstanding at September 30, 2014 | 1,688 | \$ 3.15 |

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) - Unaudited

(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

11. Stock-Based Compensation (Continued)

TCM accounts for RSUs at fair value, which is based on the market value of TCM's common shares on the day of grant and recognized over the vesting period of 3.0 years. Upon vesting, TCM will issue the requisite shares from authorized but unissued common stock.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, TCM recorded \$0.8 million and \$1.8 million of compensation expense related to its RSUs, respectively.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, TCM recorded \$0.6 million and \$1.9 million of compensation expense related to its RSUs, respectively.

As of September 30, 2014, unrecognized compensation expense related to restricted stock and RSUs totaled \$3.9 million that will be recognized on a straight-line basis over a weighted-average period of 2.14 years.

12. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Matters

TCM is from time to time involved in or subject to legal proceedings related to its business. While it is not feasible to predict or determine the outcome of these proceedings, it is the opinion of management that the resolution of such proceedings is not expected to have a material adverse effect on TCM's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Concentrate Sales Agreements

As of September 30, 2014, TCM is party to three concentrate sales agreements for the sale of concentrate produced at Mt. Milligan Mine. Pursuant to these agreements, TCM has agreed to sell an aggregate of approximately 85% of the copper and gold concentrate produced at Mt. Milligan Mine during 2014 and an aggregate of approximately 120,000 dry tonnes in each of the two calendar years thereafter. The remaining 15% of the copper and gold concentrate produced at Mt. Milligan Mine is currently being sold on a spot basis.

Under one of the agreements, TCM has the option to sell to the counterparty and the counterparty has the obligation to purchase from TCM additional concentrate up to an amount equal to 40,000 dry tonnes per year during each of 2015 and 2016. Pricing under these concentrate sales agreements will be determined by reference to specified published reference prices during the applicable quotation periods. Payment for the concentrate will be based on the price for the agreed copper and gold content of the parcels delivered, less smelting and refining charges and certain other deductions, if applicable. The copper smelting and refining charges will be negotiated in good faith and agreed by the parties for each contract year based on terms generally acknowledged as industry benchmark terms. The gold refining charges are as specified in the agreements.

Molybdenum Purchases

As of September 30, 2014, we have commitments to purchase approximately 7.0 million pounds of molybdenum as unroasted molybdenum concentrate from 2014 to 2016 primarily priced at the time of purchase at a set discount to the market price for roasted molybdenum concentrate. In addition, we have purchase agreements to buy approximately 0.4 million pounds of molybdenum as roasted molybdenum concentrate during the remainder of 2014 to be priced at market at the time of delivery.

Molybdenum Sales

In the normal course of operations, TCM enters into certain molybdenum sales contracts pursuant to which it sells future production at fixed prices. As of September 30, 2014, TCM had commitments to sell approximately 465 thousand pounds of molybdenum oxide in 2015 at an average price of \$12.65 per pound.

Capital Purchase Commitments

As of September 30, 2014, TCM had open purchase orders, contracts and capital purchase commitments of \$3.3 million related to the Mt. Milligan permanent operations residence.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) - Unaudited

(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

13. Income and Mining Tax Expense (Benefit)

Income and mining taxes for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 were a benefit of \$4.8 million and an expense of \$4.2 million, respectively. Income and mining taxes for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 were a benefit of \$5.3 million and an expense of \$3.0 million, respectively.

The tax benefit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 differs from the tax that would result from applying the Canadian federal and provincial income tax rates primarily due to the following items:

• During the three months ended September 30, 2014, we recognized a deferred tax benefit of \$7.4 million due to a change in our tax filing positions related to the construction of Mt. Milligan in prior periods.

• The tax benefit for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 included \$1.4 million due to a successful conclusion to a tax appeal.

The tax benefit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 included a tax benefit of \$0.5 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, due to an increase in the amount of our deferred taxes that will be realized due to higher taxable income as compared to previous forecasts.

The other historical drivers of differences for the periods presented between our effective rate and from applying the Canadian federal and provincial income tax rates are due to the U.S. percentage depletion benefit and pre-tax losses from the Endako Mine and foreign exchange, which largely have no benefit due to valuation allowances on the associated deferred tax assets.

Our current and noncurrent deferred income tax assets and liabilities changed at September 30, 2014 as compared to December 31, 2013 from a net liability of \$13.6 million to a net asset of \$9.5 million, or a change of \$23.1 million. This is primarily due to the recognition of a \$20.6 million deferred tax benefit in the first nine months ended September 30, 2014. Most of the deferred tax benefit is reflected as an increase to the noncurrent deferred tax asset on our balance sheet. The remaining \$2.5 million is primarily due to tax allowances, which will be used to offset future taxable income, generated from qualifying new mine facilities and equipment expenditures and included as reductions to property, plant and equipment.

14. Net Income (Loss) per Share

The following is a reconciliation of net income (loss) and weighted-average common shares outstanding for purposes of calculating diluted net income (loss) per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

| (US\$ in millions, except per share amounts) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Net income (loss) | \$(11.1) | \$13.8 | \$11.4 | \$(4.5) |
| Basic weighted-average number of shares outstanding | 213.9 | 171.5 | 186.8 | 170.9 |
| Effect of dilutive securities | | | | |
| Share-based awards | — | 0.1 | 0.2 | — |
| tMEDS | — | 44.9 | 33.1 | — |
| Diluted weighted-average number of shares outstanding | 213.9 | 216.5 | 220.1 | 170.9 |
| Net income (loss) per share | | | | |
| Basic | \$(0.05) | \$0.08 | \$0.06 | \$(0.03) |
| Diluted | \$(0.05) | \$0.06 | \$0.05 | \$(0.03) |

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, approximately 2.4 million and 2.6 million, respectively, of stock options were excluded from the computation of diluted weighted-average shares as the exercise prices exceeded the price of the common stock. For each of the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, approximately 2.3 million of PSUs were excluded from the computation of diluted weighted-average shares because the underlying market and performance

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) - Unaudited

(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

14. Net Income (Loss) per Share (Continued)

metrics had not been met. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, 1.7 million of RSUs were excluded from the computation of diluted weighted-average shares as the effect would have been anti-dilutive under the treasury stock method.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, the assumed issuance of 6.1 million and 33.1 million shares upon the conversion of the stock purchase contract component of the remaining outstanding tMEDS units were considered in the calculation of diluted weighted-average shares; however due to the net loss position of the Company for the three months ended September 30, 2014, the assumed issuance of 6.1 million has not been reflected above as the effect would be anti-dilutive.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, approximately 1.9 million and 2.0 million, respectively, of stock options were excluded from the computation of diluted weighted-average shares as the exercise prices exceeded the price of the common stock. For each of the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, 1.5 million PSUs were excluded from the computation of diluted weighted-average shares because the underlying market and performance metrics had not been met. For each of the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, approximately 1.2 million of RSUs were excluded from the computation of diluted weighted-average shares as the effect would have been anti-dilutive under the treasury stock method. For each of the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, the assumed issuance of 44.9 million shares upon a conversion of the stock purchase contract component of the then outstanding tMEDS units was considered in the calculation of diluted weighted-average shares; however due to the net loss position of the Company for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, they have not been reflected for that period above as the effect would be anti-dilutive.

15. Transactions with our Endako Mine Joint Venture Partner

Total sales by TCM to Sojitz, TCM's Endako Mine joint venture partner, were \$33.5 million and \$87.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively. This represented 14.6% and 13.7% of TCM's total revenues for these respective periods.

Total sales by TCM to Sojitz were \$19.0 million and \$54.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively. This represented 20.9% and 17.1% of TCM's total revenues for these respective periods.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, TCM recorded management fee income of \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, and selling and marketing costs of \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, from Sojitz.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, TCM recorded management fee income of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, and selling and marketing costs of \$0.1 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, from Sojitz.

At September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, TCM's related accounts receivable owing from Sojitz were \$7.6 million and \$6.3 million, respectively.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

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(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

16. Supplementary Cash Flow Information

| (US\$ in millions) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Change in current assets and current liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | \$19.7 | \$10.8 | \$(15.1 |) \$7.9 |
| Product inventory | (11.5 |) (18.1 |) 2.1 | (10.4 |
| Materials and supplies inventory | (1.1 |) (14.3 |) (0.4 |) (20.4 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 5.7 | 6.8 | 9.3 | (2.4 |
| Income and mining taxes receivable | 2.5 | 1.7 | 3.1 | 10.1 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 0.4 | 16.5 | 1.8 | 10.5 |
| Income and mining taxes payable | (1.3 |) (1.1 |) 0.8 | (1.5 |
| Non-cash property, plant and equipment | — | 0.8 | — | 0.8 |
| | \$14.4 | \$3.1 | \$1.6 | \$(5.4 |
| Cash interest paid ⁽¹⁾ | \$18.2 | \$19.1 | \$64.4 | \$54.5 |
| Income and mining taxes paid, net of refunds ⁽²⁾ | \$5.4 | \$1.4 | \$10.9 | \$1.7 |

(1) For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, cash interest paid of \$1.3 million and \$8.2 million, respectively, had been previously capitalized related to the Company's debt. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, cash interest paid of \$19.1 million and \$54.5 million, respectively, had been previously capitalized related to the Company's debt.

(2) For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, TCM received \$2.2 million and \$3.1 million, respectively, in refunds of US and Canadian income taxes related to prior year tax returns. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, TCM received \$4.1 million and \$7.2 million, respectively, in refunds of US and Canadian income taxes related to prior year tax returns.

Non-cash Financing Activities

| (US\$ in millions) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Financing activities | | | | |
| Capitalized interest and financing costs ⁽¹⁾ | \$— | \$24.2 | \$— | \$73.7 |
| Settlement of tMEDS | \$— | \$— | \$(9.3 |) \$— |

⁽¹⁾ Includes capitalized interest not paid in cash, amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discounts.

17. Concentration of Credit Risk

TCM is exposed to counterparty risk from its cash and cash equivalent balances and its reclamation deposits held by financial institutions and governmental entities. TCM monitors its positions with, and the credit quality of, the financial institutions and companies in which it invests its cash, cash equivalents and that hold its reclamation deposits. Counterparties to cash balances and its reclamation deposits, other than balances maintained in various bank operating accounts, are US and Canadian institutions and the US and Canadian governments.

TCM manages its credit risk from its accounts receivable through its collection activities. As of September 30, 2014, TCM had eight customers who owed TCM more than \$3.0 million and accounted for approximately 60.2% of total accounts and other receivables outstanding. Another nine customers had balances greater than \$1.0 million but less than \$3.0 million that accounted for approximately 18.7% of total accounts and other receivables. As of September 30, 2014, all of these customers were compliant with credit terms and scheduled payment dates.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) - Unaudited

(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

17. Concentration of Credit Risk (Continued)

TCM's maximum counterparty and credit risk exposure is the carrying value of its cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The carrying amounts of accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued liabilities and fixed-rate debt, excluding the senior secured and unsecured notes and tMEDS, as discussed in Note 6, approximate fair value as of September 30, 2014.

18. Segment Information

TCM has three reportable segments, based on products and geography: Copper-Gold, US Operations Molybdenum and Canadian Operations Molybdenum. The Copper-Gold segment includes all expenditures, including all mining, milling, mine site administration, transportation, shipping, concentrate selling and refining costs, and sale of concentrate from Mt. Milligan Mine. The US Operations Molybdenum segment includes all mining, milling, mine site administration, transportation, roasting (at the Langeloth Facility) and sale of molybdenum products from TC Mine, as well as all roasting and sales of third-party purchased material from the Langeloth Facility. The Canadian Operations Molybdenum segment includes all mining, milling, mine site administration, transportation, roasting (at the Langeloth Facility) and sale of molybdenum products from the 75% owned Endako Mine. The Inter-segment represents the elimination of management fee income, revenue and cost of sales of product transported from the Canadian Operations to the US Operations for processing.

TCM's chief operating decision makers (Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer) evaluate segment performance based on segment revenue less costs and expenses. TCM attributes other income and expenses to the reporting segments if the income or expense is directly related to segment operations, as described above. TCM does not allocate corporate expenditures such as general and administrative, exploration and interest income and expense items to its reporting segments, unless such expenditures are directly related to segment operations. Gains and losses on foreign exchange are calculated on transactions denominated in a different currency than the segment's functional currency; the Copper-Gold segment's unrealized foreign exchange balance is primarily comprised of its intercompany notes.

Segment information for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 was as follows:

For the three months ended September 30, 2014:

| (US\$ in millions) | Copper-Gold | US Operations Molybdenum | Canadian Operations Molybdenum | Inter- segment | Total |
|--|-------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--------|
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Copper sales | \$45.7 | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$45.7 |
| Gold sales | 55.0 | — | — | — | 55.0 |
| Molybdenum sales | — | 87.9 | 36.5 | (0.1) | 124.3 |
| Tolling, calcining and other | — | 6.0 | — | (1.7) | 4.3 |
| | 100.7 | 93.9 | 36.5 | (1.8) | 229.3 |
| Cost and expenses | | | | | |
| Operating expenses | 47.4 | 56.2 | 31.7 | (1.9) | 133.4 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | 15.5 | 4.2 | 3.0 | — | 22.7 |
| Cost of sales | 62.9 | 60.4 | 34.7 | (1.9) | 156.1 |
| Selling and marketing | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.0 | (0.5) | 3.1 |
| Accretion expense | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.4 | — | 0.9 |
| | 64.1 | 62.3 | 36.1 | (2.4) | 160.1 |
| Segment revenue less costs and expenses | 36.6 | 31.6 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 69.2 |
| Other segment expenses (income) | | | | | |
| (Gains) losses on foreign exchange, net | 8.8 | — | (1.4) | — | 7.4 |
| | \$27.8 | \$31.6 | \$1.8 | \$0.6 | \$61.8 |

Segment income (loss) before income and
mining taxes

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued) - Unaudited

(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

18. Segment Information (Continued)

For the three months ended September 30, 2013:

| (US\$ in millions) | Copper-Gold (Development) | US Operations Molybdenum | Canadian Operations Molybdenum | Inter- segment | Total |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|---------|
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Molybdenum sales | \$ — | \$ 67.1 | \$ 19.1 | \$(0.5) | \$ 85.7 |
| Tolling, calcining and other | — | 5.1 | — | — | 5.1 |
| | — | 72.2 | 19.1 | (0.5) | 90.8 |
| Cost and expenses | | | | | |
| Operating expenses ⁽¹⁾ | — | 44.8 | 22.6 | (0.5) | 66.9 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization ⁽¹⁾ | — | 8.2 | 2.9 | — | 11.1 |
| Cost of sales | — | 53.0 | 25.5 | (0.5) | 78.0 |
| Selling and marketing | — | 1.8 | (0.1) | (0.3) | 1.4 |
| Accretion expense | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.2 | — | 0.6 |
| | 0.1 | 55.1 | 25.6 | (0.8) | 80.0 |
| Segment revenue less costs and expenses | (0.1) | 17.1 | (6.5) | 0.3 | 10.8 |
| Other segment expenses (income) | | | | | |
| Start-up costs | 10.2 | — | — | — | 10.2 |
| (Gains) losses on foreign exchange, net | (4.2) | 0.1 | 0.3 | — | (3.8) |
| Segment income (loss) before income and mining taxes | \$(6.1) | \$ 17.0 | \$(6.8) | \$ 0.3 | \$ 4.4 |

(1) Certain prior year reclassifications were made to conform with current year presentation. This resulted in an increase in operating expenses and a decrease in depreciation, depletion and amortization of \$2.8 million.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

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18. Segment Information (Continued)

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014:

| (US\$ in millions) | Copper-Gold | US Operations Molybdenum | Canadian Operations Molybdenum | Inter- segment | Total |
|--|-------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Copper sales | \$ 140.3 | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$ 140.3 |
| Gold sales | 133.5 | — | — | — | 133.5 |
| Molybdenum sales | — | 264.2 | 94.1 | (4.8) | 353.5 |
| Tolling, calcining and other | — | 15.8 | — | (4.4) | 11.4 |
| | 273.8 | 280.0 | 94.1 | (9.2) | 638.7 |
| Cost and expenses | | | | | |
| Operating expenses | 159.9 | 163.5 | 81.0 | (9.2) | 395.2 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | 48.6 | 16.4 | 12.7 | — | 77.7 |
| Cost of sales | 208.5 | 179.9 | 93.7 | (9.2) | 472.9 |
| Selling and marketing | 4.6 | 4.8 | 2.7 | (1.3) | 10.8 |
| Accretion expense | 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.3 | — | 2.7 |
| | 213.4 | 185.8 | 97.7 | (10.5) | 486.4 |
| Segment revenue less costs and expenses | 60.4 | 94.2 | (3.6) | 1.3 | 152.3 |
| Other segment expenses (income) | | | | | |
| (Gains) losses on foreign exchange, net | 10.1 | — | (1.2) | — | 8.9 |
| Segment income (loss) before income and mining taxes | \$ 50.3 | \$ 94.2 | \$ (2.4) | \$ 1.3 | \$ 143.4 |

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013:

| (US\$ in millions) | Copper-Gold (Development) | US Operations Molybdenum | Canadian Operations Molybdenum | Inter- segment | Total |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Molybdenum sales | \$ — | \$ 246.2 | \$ 57.4 | \$(0.5) | \$ 303.1 |
| Tolling, calcining and other | — | 14.2 | — | — | 14.2 |
| | — | 260.4 | 57.4 | (0.5) | 317.3 |
| Cost and expenses | | | | | |
| Operating expenses ⁽¹⁾ | — | 150.1 | 63.0 | (0.5) | 212.6 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization ⁽¹⁾ | — | 24.9 | 12.2 | — | 37.1 |
| Cost of sales | — | 175.0 | 75.2 | (0.5) | 249.7 |
| Selling and marketing | — | 5.3 | 1.9 | (0.8) | 6.4 |
| Accretion expense | 0.3 | 1.0 | 0.7 | — | 2.0 |
| | 0.3 | 181.3 | 77.8 | (1.3) | 258.1 |
| Segment revenue less costs and expenses | (0.3) | 79.1 | (20.4) | 0.8 | 59.2 |
| Other segment expenses (income) | | | | | |
| Start-up costs | 10.2 | | 0.1 | | 10.3 |
| (Gains) losses on foreign exchange, net | 5.9 | 0.5 | 0.8 | — | 7.2 |
| Segment income (loss) before income and mining taxes | \$ (16.4) | \$ 78.6 | \$ (21.3) | \$ 0.8 | \$ 41.7 |

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

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(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

18. Segment Information (Continued)

(1) Certain prior year reclassifications were made to conform with current year presentation. This resulted in an increase in operating expenses and a decrease in depreciation, depletion and amortization of \$6.2 million.

Reconciliation of Segment Income to Net Income (Loss)

| (US\$ in millions) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Segment income (loss) | \$61.8 | \$4.4 | \$143.4 | \$41.7 |
| Less: | | | | |
| Corporate depreciation | — | 0.5 | 0.6 | 1.4 |
| General and administrative | 5.1 | 5.1 | 16.9 | 17.7 |
| Exploration | 0.3 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 1.3 |
| (Gain) loss on foreign exchange | 52.9 | (20.4 |) 55.6 | 22.8 |
| Interest expense (income), net | 22.5 | 0.3 | 69.2 | — |
| Loss from debt extinguishment | — | — | 0.5 | — |
| Other | (3.1 |) 0.2 | (6.1 |) — |
| Income (loss) before income and mining taxes | (15.9 |) 18.0 | 6.1 | (1.5 |
| Income and mining tax expense (benefit) | (4.8 |) 4.2 | (5.3 |) 3.0 |
| Net income (loss) | \$(11.1 |) \$13.8 | \$11.4 | \$(4.5 |

Other segment information regarding capital expenditures, assets and liabilities, including the assets and liabilities attributed to corporate operations, was as follows:

| As of September 30, 2014 (US\$ in millions) | Copper-Gold (1) | US | Canadian | Inter-segment | Total |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| | | Operations Molybdenum | Operations Molybdenum | | |
| Capital expenditures (2) | \$67.3 | \$ 1.9 | \$ 1.2 | \$ — | \$70.4 |
| Property, plant, equipment and development | \$2,171.6 | \$ 119.1 | \$ 99.7 | \$ 1.1 | \$2,391.5 |
| Assets | \$2,384.1 | \$ 410.5 | \$ 165.2 | \$ 29.2 | \$2,989.0 |
| Liabilities | \$824.7 | \$ 48.5 | \$ 29.4 | \$ 1,017.3 | \$1,919.9 |
| As of December 31, 2013 (US\$ in millions) | Copper-Gold (3) | US | Canadian | Inter-segment | Total |
| | | Operations Molybdenum | Operations Molybdenum | | |
| Capital expenditures (4) | \$419.1 | \$ 5.3 | \$ 4.3 | \$ 0.2 | \$428.9 |
| Property, plant, equipment and development | \$2,290.4 | \$ 129.2 | \$ 115.6 | \$ 2.8 | \$2,538.0 |
| Assets | \$2,402.9 | \$ 395.1 | \$ 170.9 | \$ 116.6 | \$3,085.5 |
| Liabilities | \$851.8 | \$ 49.5 | \$ 30.9 | \$ 1,047.1 | \$1,979.3 |

(1) Included \$26.7 million in permanent operations residence capital expenditure and \$24.5 million in operations capital expenditure at Mt. Milligan Mine.

(2) Capital expenditures were for the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

(3) Included \$18.1 million in permanent operations residence capital expenditure and \$12.0 million in operations capital expenditure at Mt. Milligan Mine. Excluded \$2.3 million of remaining prepaid deposits already made to one vendor.

(4) Capital expenditures were for the year ended December 31, 2013.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

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(US dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

19. Guarantor Financial Information

TCM has not presented separate combined financial statements of subsidiary guarantors that guarantee the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes and the 2019 Notes, because (1) each of the subsidiary guarantors is wholly owned by TCM; (2) the guarantees are full and unconditional; (3) the guarantees are joint and several and (4) TCM has no independent assets and operations, and all subsidiaries of TCM other than the subsidiary guarantors are immaterial.

Pursuant to the indentures governing the 2017 Notes, the 2018 Notes and the 2019 Notes, a guarantor may be released from its guarantee obligations only under certain customary circumstances specified in the indentures, namely upon (1) the sale or other disposition (including by way of merger, amalgamation or consolidation) of such guarantor, (2) the designation of such guarantor as an unrestricted subsidiary in accordance with the terms of the indentures, (3) upon a legal defeasance or covenant defeasance or (4) upon the full satisfaction of our obligations under the respective indenture.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") provides information that management believes is relevant to an assessment and understanding of the condensed consolidated financial condition and results of operations of TCM for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, and should be read in conjunction with TCM's condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in Item 1 herein and the discussion of Risk Factors included in Part II, Item 1A herein. Additionally, the following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements, the related "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," the discussion of "Risk Factors" and the discussion of TCM's "Business and Properties" in our 2013 Form 10-K.

The results of operations reported and summarized below are not necessarily indicative of future operating results. Throughout this MD&A, all references to earnings or losses per share are on a diluted basis, unless otherwise noted. The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with US GAAP. All dollar amounts are expressed in US\$, unless otherwise indicated. References to C\$ refer to Canadian dollars.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this report, other than purely historical information are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and applicable Canadian securities legislation and are intended to be covered by the safe harbor provided by these regulations. These forward-looking statements can, in some cases, be identified by the use of such terms as "believe," "project," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "intend," "strategy," "future," "opportunity," "plan," "may," "should," "will," "would," "will be," "will continue," "will likely result," and similar expressions. Our forward-looking statements may include, without limitation, statements with respect to: future financial or operating performance of the Company or its subsidiaries and its projects; access to existing or future financing arrangements; future inventory, production, sales, payments from customers, cash costs, capital expenditures and exploration expenditures; future earnings and operating results; expected concentrate and recovery grades; estimates of mineral reserves and resources, including estimated mine life and annual production; statements as to the projected ramp-up at Mt. Milligan Mine, including expected achievement of design capacities and whether additional crushing is needed; future operating plans and goals; and future molybdenum, copper, gold and silver prices.

Where we express an expectation or belief as to future events or results, such expectation or belief is expressed in good faith and believed to have a reasonable basis. However, our forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties, which may cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed, projected or implied by those forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results and events to differ from those described in such forward-looking statements can be found in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our 2013 Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and other documents filed on EDGAR at www.sec.gov and on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. Although we have attempted to identify those material factors that could cause actual results or events to differ from those described in such forward-looking statements, there may be other factors, currently unknown to us or deemed immaterial at the present time that could cause results or events to differ from those anticipated, estimated or intended. Many of these factors are beyond our ability to control or predict. Given these uncertainties, the reader is cautioned not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Highlights for the Third Quarter 2014

- Total cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2014 were \$266.6 million, compared to \$216.1 million at June 30, 2014, \$202.7 million at March 31, 2014 and \$233.9 million at December 31, 2013.

• Cash generated by operating activities was \$83.0 million in the third quarter of 2014 compared to \$19.5 million in the third quarter of 2013.

Consolidated revenues for the third quarter of 2014 were \$229.3 million, up from \$90.8 million for the third quarter of 2013, primarily as a result of copper and gold revenue of \$100.7 million from Mt. Milligan Mine. For the third quarter of 2014, we made three shipments and sales of copper and gold concentrate.

Sales volumes and average realized sales prices for copper and gold in the third quarter of 2014 were 16.5 million pounds of copper at an average realized price of \$3.02 per pound and 57,974 ounces of gold at an average realized

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

price of \$952 per ounce. Molybdenum sales volumes in the third quarter of 2014 were 8.9 million pounds at an average realized price of \$13.94 per pound compared to 8.3 million pounds at an average realized price of \$10.30 per pound for the third quarter of 2013.

Consolidated operating income for the third quarter of 2014 was \$63.8 million compared to operating income of \$4.5 million for the third quarter of 2013. The increase in consolidated operating income in the third quarter of 2014 was due primarily to increased operating income from TC Mine and the addition of operating income from Mt. Milligan Mine.

Non-GAAP unit cash costs for copper and gold for the third quarter of 2014 were, on a by-product basis, \$0.77 per pound of copper, and, on a co-product basis, \$1.80 per pound of copper and \$477 per ounce of gold. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for the definition and reconciliation of non-GAAP cash costs. The by-product cash cost for copper for the third quarter of 2014 was positively impacted by increased gold ounces sold during the third quarter when compared to the second quarter of 2014; however, a decrease in average realized gold sales prices resulted in higher by-product cash cost for copper for the third quarter, as compared to the second quarter.

Net loss for the third quarter of 2014 was \$11.1 million, or \$0.05 per diluted share, compared to net income of \$13.8 million, or \$0.06 per diluted share, for the third quarter of 2013. The third quarter of 2014 and 2013 included non-cash foreign exchange losses of \$60.3 million and foreign exchange gains of \$24.2 million, respectively, primarily on intercompany notes.

Non-GAAP adjusted net income for the third quarter of 2014 was \$38.3 million, or \$0.17 per diluted share, compared to non-GAAP adjusted net loss of \$7.6 million, or \$0.04 per diluted share, for the third quarter of 2013. Non-GAAP adjusted net income for the third quarter of 2014 and 2013 excluded foreign exchange losses and gains, net of their tax impacts, respectively. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for the definition and reconciliation of non-GAAP adjusted net income (loss).

Copper and gold payable production during the third quarter of 2014 was 16.3 million pounds of copper and 60,366 ounces of gold.

Molybdenum production for the third quarter of 2014 was 6.6 million pounds compared to 8.5 million pounds in the third quarter of 2013. Non-GAAP average molybdenum cash cost per pound produced for the third quarter of 2014 was \$6.77 per pound compared to \$5.93 per pound in the third quarter of 2013. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for the definition and reconciliation of non-GAAP cash costs.

Capital expenditures in the third quarter of 2014 were \$21.9 million, comprised of \$20.5 million for Mt. Milligan Mine and \$1.4 million of other capital costs for Endako Mine, TC Mine, the Langeloth Facility and corporate combined, compared to \$112.9 million in the third quarter of 2013.

Total debt, including capital lease obligations, at September 30, 2014 was \$977.1 million, compared to \$1,012.8 million at December 31, 2013.

Overview

We are a diversified North American mining company. We operate a copper and gold mine, two primary molybdenum mines and a metallurgical roasting facility. Our Mt. Milligan Mine is a conventional truck-shovel open-pit copper and gold mine and concentrator with a copper-gold flotation processing plant in British Columbia, Canada. Our

molybdenum producing properties are TC Mine, an open-pit molybdenum mine and concentrator in Idaho, USA, and Endako Mine, an open-pit molybdenum mine, concentrator and roaster in British Columbia, Canada in which we own a 75% joint venture interest. We also operate the Langeloth Facility in Pennsylvania, USA.

We have three reportable segments, based on products and geography: Copper-Gold, US Operations Molybdenum and Canadian Operations Molybdenum. The Copper-Gold segment includes all expenditures, including all mining, milling, on-site general and administration and transportation from Mt. Milligan Mine. The US Operations Molybdenum segment includes all mining, milling, mine site administration, transportation, roasting (at the Langeloth Facility) and sale of molybdenum products from TC Mine, as well as all roasting and sales of third-party purchased material from the Langeloth Facility. The Canadian

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Operations Molybdenum segment includes all mining, milling, on-site general and administration, transportation, roasting (at the Langeloth Facility) and sale of molybdenum products from the 75% owned Endako Mine.

Our financial results can vary significantly as a result of fluctuations in the market prices of copper, gold and molybdenum and fluctuations in our production. World market prices for our products have fluctuated historically and are affected by numerous factors beyond our control. Any significant weakness in demand or reduction in prices may have a material adverse effect on our operating results, cash flows and financial condition.

The average published price for our products has fluctuated as follows for the periods shown:

| | Copper ⁽¹⁾ | Gold ⁽²⁾ | Molybdenum oxide ⁽³⁾ |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| October 2014 | \$3.06 | \$1,223 | \$9.65 |
| Third quarter 2014 | \$3.17 | \$1,283 | \$12.70 |
| Second quarter 2014 | \$3.08 | \$1,289 | \$13.61 |
| First quarter 2014 | \$3.19 | \$1,293 | \$9.98 |
| Fourth quarter 2013 | \$3.24 | \$1,271 | \$9.65 |
| Third quarter 2013 | \$3.21 | \$1,327 | \$9.42 |
| Second quarter 2013 | \$3.24 | \$1,414 | \$10.87 |
| First quarter 2013 | \$3.60 | \$1,631 | \$11.35 |

(1) Average Metals Bulletin Daily published price for London Metal Exchange (LME) settlement per pound.

(2) Average Metals Bulletin Daily published price for daily average London price per troy ounce.

(3) Average Platts Metals Week published price per pound for molybdenum oxide.

For copper and gold, in addition to certain existing forward gold purchase and sales contracts related to our Gold Stream Arrangement as of September 30, 2014, we have put in place commodity price hedges in connection with our day-to-day copper and gold business designed to protect our cash flow for the future sale of 2,000 ounces of gold, with 1,500 ounces of gold at a floor price of \$1,200 to \$1,225 per ounce and a ceiling price ranging from \$1,368 to \$1,395 per ounce, maturing from October 2014 to November 2014, and 500 ounces of gold at a forward sales price of approximately \$1,292 per ounce maturing in October 2014. As of September 30, 2014, we also have put in place hedges for 12.0 million pounds of copper at forward sales price of \$3.17-\$3.21 per pound maturing from October 2014 to March 2015. Please refer to Note 5 within Item 1 of this 10-Q for further discussion.

We began the commissioning and start-up phase of Mt. Milligan Mine in the third quarter of 2013. Mt. Milligan Mine reached commercial production as of February 18, 2014 and work is currently underway to complete ramp-up. During the third quarter of 2014, we continued to improve the management of ore blends and focused on mill optimization efforts, making technical adjustments as required. As a result of these mining and milling adjustments, daily mill throughput continued to fluctuate throughout the quarter and averaged 40,445 tonnes per day, compared to 38,970 tonnes per day in the second quarter. Throughput for the third quarter was impacted by mill availability which resulted from various adjustments to the grinding and flotation circuits, as well as minor mechanical and electrical issues. Our mill availability was 88.7% in the third quarter of 2014 compared to 89.2% in the second quarter of 2014. In October 2014, we achieved an average daily throughput of 42,340 tonnes per day, with mill availability of 86%. We continue to expect fluctuations in mill throughput until we consistently achieve approximately 80% of design capacity which is 60,000 tonnes per day, which we expect by the end of this year.

At TC Mine, molybdenum production for the third quarter of 2014 was 4.1 million pounds at a cash cost of \$4.54 per pound produced compared to 5.7 million pounds at a cash cost of \$4.30 per pound produced for the third quarter of 2013. Unit cash costs increased by 5.6% compared to the third quarter of 2013. Unit operating costs at TC Mine were

higher in the third quarter of 2014 primarily due to lower production as a result of significantly lower ore grade and mill recoveries associated with the processing of stockpiled material. TC Mine completed the mining of ore from the most recent phase of mining (referred to as "Phase 7") during the third quarter and is currently processing stockpiled ore. During the third quarter of 2014, as a result of the completion of the mining of Phase 7 ore, we reduced our work force at TC Mine by 18% and recognized severance costs of approximately \$0.5 million.

The mine is expected to complete the processing of the remaining stockpiled ore through the end of this year.

Thereafter, TC Mine will be placed on care and maintenance. In conjunction with the care and maintenance status, we intend to conduct

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

scaled stripping for the next phase of mining (referred to as "Phase 8"), which will allow us to maintain the optionality of the mine while continuing to evaluate alternatives for TC Mine. Please refer to the Liquidity and Capital Resources section below for further discussion. During the fourth quarter of 2014, we expect to further reduce our work force at TC Mine, with estimated severance costs of approximately \$2 million. Additionally, given our decision to increase the tailings slope management activities that were performed in conjunction with Phase 7 operations during this past summer, the additional tailings dam slope management work, which was originally estimated at an aggregate amount of \$35 million to be incurred during 2015 and 2016, can likely be reduced. We are currently assessing this with our engineer of record and the state regulatory authorities with the expectation that the final plan would be in place by the end of the year. We do not expect any fixed asset impairments on our TC Mine.

At Endako Mine, our 75% share of molybdenum production for the third quarter of 2014 was 2.5 million pounds at a cash cost of \$10.42 per pound produced compared to 2.8 million pounds at a cash cost of \$9.23 per pound produced for the third quarter of 2013. Unit cash costs increased by 12.9% compared to the third quarter of 2013 due to a lower grade of ore milled and lower recoveries which have offset our improvements in mill throughput and mill availability. The Endako Mine average realized sales price for the 2014 third quarter was \$13.43 per pound, which was higher than the third quarter unit cash cost. Given the average molybdenum price of \$9.65 per pound as of October 31, 2014 reflected above, and the high unit cash costs from Endako, we are closely monitoring the situation and reviewing options in conjunction with our joint venture partner.

Our cash and cash equivalents balance continued to show an increase through the year and was \$266.6 million at September 30, 2014 compared to \$216.1 million, \$202.7 million and \$233.9 million at June 30, 2014, March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. As we progress towards achieving design capacity at Mt. Milligan Mine, we expect our cash flow from operations to increase, which would provide additional funds for financing and investing activities, depending upon copper and gold prices. Please refer to the Liquidity and Capital Resources section below for further discussion.

Outlook

The following table presents our current full year 2014 guidance.

| | Year Ended December 31, 2014 (Estimated) (Updated) | Year Ended December 31, 2014 (Estimated) (Previous) |
|--|--|---|
| Mt. Milligan Copper and Gold ⁽¹⁾ | | |
| Concentrate production (000's dry tonnes) ⁽²⁾ | 125 - 140 | 125 - 140 |
| Copper payable production (000's lb) | 65,000 - 75,000 | 65,000 - 75,000 |
| Gold payable production (000's oz) ⁽²⁾ | 185 - 195 | 165 - 175 |
| Unit cash cost - By-product (\$/payable lb copper produced): ^{(2), (3)} | \$1.00 - \$1.50 | 1.55 - 1.70 |
| Molybdenum | | |
| Production (000's lb): ⁽⁵⁾ | | |
| TC Mine ⁽²⁾ | 15,000 - 17,000 | 14,000 - 16,000 |
| Endako Mine (75% share) ⁽²⁾ | 9,000 - 10,000 | 10,000 - 12,000 |
| Total molybdenum production (000's lb) ⁽²⁾ | 24,000 - 27,000 | 24,000 - 28,000 |
| Cash cost (\$/lb produced): | | |
| TC Mine ⁽²⁾ | \$4.50 - \$5.25 | 4.75 - 5.75 |
| Endako Mine ⁽²⁾ | \$10.50 - \$12.00 | 9.00 - 10.50 |
| Total molybdenum cash cost (\$/lb produced) ⁽²⁾ | \$6.75 - \$7.75 | 6.50 - 7.75 |

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Capital expenditures (\$ in millions):

| | | |
|--|----------|----------|
| Mt. Milligan permanent operations residence ⁽⁴⁾ | 25 ± 10% | 20 ± 10% |
| Mt. Milligan operations ⁽⁴⁾ | 35 ± 10% | 30 ± 10% |
| TC Mine, Endako Mine, Langeloth & other | 5 ± 10% | 10 ± 10% |
| Total capital expenditures | 65 ± 10% | 60 ± 10% |

(1) The Mt. Milligan guidance assumes that we will consistently achieve approximately 80% of design capacity by year-end 2014.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

(2) The Mt. Milligan guidance reflects the following expectations a) higher gold production, primarily related to the mining sequence in the second half of 2014; b) lower copper unit costs on a by-product basis, primarily due to the updated estimated foreign exchange rate together with lower operating costs and higher gold credits; and c) higher capital expenditures for the permanent operations residence primarily due to the revised completion date, higher operations capital for the construction of an explosives facility and higher capital costs for the construction of the tailings storage facility. The guidance for our molybdenum business reflects the following expectations: a) higher production and lower unit costs per pound produced for our TC Mine primarily related to additional production from the bottom of the pit for Phase 7; b) lower production and higher unit costs per pound produced for our 75% interest in the Endako Mine primarily due to the mine performance for the first half of 2014; and c) lower than planned capital expenditures for the molybdenum business.

(3) Copper by-product unit cash cost is calculated using copper payable production and deducts a gold by-product credit, which is determined based on expected revenue from payable gold production assuming a gold price of approximately \$831 per ounce, which has been adjusted to take into account the contractual price of \$435 per ounce under the Gold Stream Arrangement. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for the definition and reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures.

(4) Excludes approximately \$22 million of accruals related to Mt. Milligan Mine capital expenditures as of December 31, 2013 which has been and will be paid in 2014. Estimates for cash costs and cash capital expenditures assume an updated foreign exchange rate of US\$1.00 = C\$1.09.

(5) Molybdenum production pounds represented are molybdenum oxide and high performance molybdenum disulfide ("HPM") from our share of production from the mines but exclude molybdenum processed from purchased product.

Summary of Quarterly Results

(US\$ in millions, except per share, per pound and per ounce amounts)

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

| | Sep 30, 2014 | Jun 30, 2014 | Mar 31 2014 | Dec 31 2013 | Sep 30 2013 | Jun 30 2013 | Mar 31 2013 | Dec 31 2012 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Financial Information | | | | | | | | |
| Revenues | \$229.3 | \$248.4 | \$161.0 | \$117.1 | \$90.8 | \$117.8 | \$108.7 | \$99.4 |
| Operating income (loss) | \$63.8 | \$57.3 | \$13.1 | \$(214.1) | \$4.5 | \$17.2 | \$17.0 | \$(540.9) |
| Net income (loss) | \$(11.1) | \$61.6 | \$(39.1) | \$(210.5) | \$13.8 | \$(19.2) | \$0.9 | \$(484.4) |
| Income (loss) per share: | | | | | | | | |
| —basic | \$(0.05) | \$0.35 | \$(0.23) | \$(1.24) | \$0.08 | \$(0.11) | \$0.01 | \$(2.87) |
| —diluted | \$(0.05) | \$0.28 | \$(0.23) | \$(1.24) | \$0.06 | \$(0.11) | \$— | \$(2.87) |
| Cash generated by (used in) operating activities | \$83.0 | \$50.7 | \$16.2 | \$(35.2) | \$19.5 | \$45.2 | \$15.3 | \$(14.2) |
| Adjusted Non-GAAP Measures ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | |
| Adjusted net income (loss) | \$38.3 | \$22.0 | \$4.3 | \$(28.5) | \$(7.6) | \$13.8 | \$18.0 | \$(11.9) |
| Adjusted net income (loss) per share | | | | | | | | |
| —basic | \$0.18 | \$0.13 | \$0.03 | \$(0.17) | \$(0.04) | \$0.08 | \$0.11 | \$(0.07) |
| —diluted | \$0.17 | \$0.10 | \$0.02 | \$(0.17) | \$(0.04) | \$0.06 | \$0.08 | \$(0.07) |
| Operational Statistics | | | | | | | | |
| Copper | | | | | | | | |
| Payable production (000's lb) ⁽²⁾ | 16,267 | 16,035 | 14,243 | 9,350 | 1,058 | — | — | — |
| Cash cost (\$/payable lb produced) - By-Product ⁽¹⁾ | \$0.77 | \$0.33 | \$2.48 | \$7.33 | \$11.77 | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| Cash cost (\$/payable lb produced) - Co-Product ⁽¹⁾ | \$1.80 | \$1.97 | \$2.27 | \$5.19 | \$7.77 | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| Payable production sold (000's lb) | 16,482 | 21,939 | 10,793 | 2,801 | — | — | — | — |
| Average realized sales price (\$/lb) ⁽¹⁾ | \$3.02 | \$3.20 | \$3.01 | \$3.29 | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| Gold | | | | | | | | |
| Payable production (oz) ⁽²⁾ | 60,366 | 37,030 | 39,243 | 17,952 | 1,997 | — | — | — |
| Cash cost (\$/payable oz produced) - Co-Product ⁽¹⁾ | \$477 | \$538 | \$606 | \$1,385 | \$2,082 | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| Payable production sold (oz) | 57,974 | 51,983 | 23,874 | 5,541 | — | — | — | — |
| Average realized sales price (\$/oz) ⁽¹⁾ | \$952 | \$1,047 | \$1,025 | \$1,006 | \$— | \$— | \$— | \$— |
| Molybdenum | | | | | | | | |
| Mined molybdenum production (000's lb) | 6,560 | 7,481 | 7,887 | 7,194 | 8,536 | 6,525 | 7,690 | 7,747 |
| Cash cost (\$/lb produced) ⁽¹⁾ | \$6.77 | \$6.25 | \$5.75 | \$6.91 | \$5.93 | \$7.46 | \$5.91 | \$6.58 |
| Molybdenum sold (000's lb): | | | | | | | | |
| TC Mine and Endako Mine product | 6,732 | 7,439 | 8,591 | 9,202 | 7,432 | 8,259 | 6,574 | 5,490 |
| Purchased and processed product | 2,181 | 2,250 | 1,254 | 468 | 888 | 1,458 | 2,240 | 2,578 |
| Average realized sales price (\$/lb) ⁽¹⁾ | \$8,913 | \$9,689 | \$9,845 | \$9,670 | \$8,320 | \$9,717 | \$8,814 | \$8,068 |
| Average realized sales price (\$/lb) ⁽¹⁾ | \$13.94 | \$13.03 | \$10.45 | \$10.11 | \$10.30 | \$11.60 | \$11.87 | \$11.77 |

(1) See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for the definition and reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures.

(2) Payable production for copper and gold reflects estimated metallurgical losses resulting from handling of the concentrate and payable metal deductions, subject to metal content, levied by smelters. The current payable percentage applied is approximately 95.0% for copper and 96.5% for gold, which may be revised on a prospective

basis after sufficient history of payable amounts are determined.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Selected Consolidated Financial and Operational Information

(US\$ in millions, except per share, per pound and per ounce amounts)

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Financial Information | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | |
| Copper sales | \$45.7 | \$— | \$140.3 | \$— |
| Gold sales | 55.0 | — | 133.5 | — |
| Molybdenum sales | 124.3 | 85.7 | 353.5 | 303.1 |
| Tolling, calcining and other | 4.3 | 5.1 | 11.4 | 14.2 |
| Total revenues | 229.3 | 90.8 | 638.7 | 317.3 |
| COSTS AND EXPENSES | | | | |
| Cost of sales | | | | |
| Operating expenses | 133.4 | 66.9 | 395.2 | 212.6 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | 22.7 | 11.6 | 78.3 | 38.5 |
| Total cost of sales | 156.1 | 78.5 | 473.5 | 251.1 |
| Total costs and expenses | 165.5 | 86.3 | 504.5 | 278.5 |
| OPERATING INCOME | 63.8 | 4.5 | 134.2 | 38.8 |
| OTHER (INCOME) EXPENSE | 79.7 | (13.5 |) 128.1 | 40.3 |
| Income (loss) before income and mining taxes | (15.9 |) 18.0 | 6.1 | (1.5 |
| Income and mining tax (benefit) expense | (4.8 |) 4.2 | (5.3 |) 3.0 |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | \$(11.1 |) \$13.8 | \$11.4 | \$(4.5 |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE | | | | |
| Basic | \$(0.05 |) \$0.08 | \$0.06 | \$(0.03 |
| Diluted | \$(0.05 |) \$0.06 | \$0.05 | \$(0.03 |
| Cash generated by (used in) operating activities | \$83.0 | \$19.5 | \$149.9 | \$80.0 |
| Adjusted Non-GAAP Measures: ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Adjusted net income (loss) ⁽¹⁾ | \$38.3 | \$(7.6 |) \$64.6 | \$24.2 |
| Adjusted net income (loss) per share—basic ⁽¹⁾ | \$0.18 | \$(0.04 |) \$0.35 | \$0.14 |
| Adjusted net income (loss) per share—diluted ⁽¹⁾ | \$0.17 | \$(0.04 |) \$0.29 | \$0.14 |

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Operational Statistics | | | | |
| Copper | | | | |
| Payable production (000's lb) ⁽²⁾ | 16,267 | 1,058 | 46,545 | 1,058 |
| Cash cost (\$/payable lb produced) - By-Product ⁽¹⁾ | \$0.77 | \$11.77 | \$1.14 | \$11.77 |
| Cash cost (\$/payable lb produced) - Co-Product ⁽¹⁾ | \$1.80 | \$7.77 | \$2.00 | \$7.77 |
| Payable production sold (000's lb) | 16,482 | — | 49,214 | — |
| Average realized sales price (\$/lb) ⁽¹⁾ | \$3.02 | \$— | \$3.10 | \$— |
| Gold | | | | |
| Payable production (oz) ⁽²⁾ | 60,366 | 1,997 | 136,639 | 1,997 |
| Cash cost (\$/payable oz produced) - Co-Product ⁽¹⁾ | \$477 | \$2,082 | \$530 | \$2,082 |
| Payable production sold (oz) | 57,974 | — | 133,831 | — |
| Average realized sales price (\$/oz) ⁽¹⁾ | \$952 | \$— | \$1,002 | \$— |
| Molybdenum | | | | |
| Mined production (000's lb) ⁽³⁾ | 6,560 | 8,536 | 21,928 | 22,751 |
| Cash cost (\$/lb produced) ⁽¹⁾ | \$6.77 | \$5.93 | \$6.23 | \$6.36 |
| Molybdenum sold (000's lb): | | | | |
| TC Mine and Endako Mine product | 6,732 | 7,432 | 22,762 | 22,265 |
| Purchased and processed product | 2,181 | 888 | 5,685 | 4,586 |
| | 8,913 | 8,320 | 28,447 | 26,851 |
| Average realized sales price (\$/lb) ⁽¹⁾ | \$13.94 | \$10.30 | \$12.43 | \$11.29 |

(1) See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for the definition and reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures.

Payable production for copper and gold reflects estimated metallurgical losses resulting from handling of the concentrate and payable metal deductions, subject to metal content, levied by smelters. The current payable percentage applied is approximately 95.0% for copper and 96.5% for gold, which may be revised on a prospective basis after sufficient history of payable amounts is determined.

(2) Mined production pounds reflected are molybdenum oxide and HPM from our share of production from the mines (excludes molybdenum processed from purchased product).

| (US\$ in millions) | As of | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|
| | September 30, 2014 | December 31, 2013 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$266.6 | \$233.9 |
| Total assets | \$2,989.0 | \$3,085.5 |
| Total debt, including capital lease obligations | \$977.1 | \$1,012.8 |
| Total liabilities | \$1,919.9 | \$1,979.3 |
| Shareholders' equity | \$1,069.1 | \$1,106.2 |
| Shares outstanding (000's) | 213,888 | 171,452 |

Financial Review

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Three Months Ended September 30, 2014

Net Income (Loss)

Net loss for the third quarter of 2014 was \$11.1 million, or \$0.05 per diluted share, compared to net income of \$13.8 million, or \$0.06 per diluted share, for the third quarter of 2013. The net loss in the third quarter of 2014 primarily resulted from a significant improvement in operating income of \$63.8 million and an income and mining tax benefit of \$4.8 million which was more than offset by non-cash foreign exchange losses of \$60.3 million and interest expense of \$22.5 million. During the same quarter of 2013, our net income was primarily due to operating income of \$4.5 million and non-cash foreign exchange gains of \$24.2 million, partially offset by Mt. Milligan mine start-up costs of \$10.2 million and income and mining tax expense of \$4.2 million.

Non-GAAP adjusted net income for the third quarter of 2014 was \$38.3 million, or \$0.17 per diluted share, compared to non-GAAP adjusted net loss of \$7.6 million, or \$0.04 per diluted share, for the third quarter of 2013. The increase period over period was primarily due to the addition of operating income from Mt. Milligan Mine and an increase in operating income from TC Mine, partially offset by higher interest expense. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for the definition and reconciliation of non-GAAP adjusted net income (loss).

Revenues

Revenues in the third quarter of 2014 were \$229.3 million, up 152.5% compared to revenue in the third quarter of 2013. This increase in revenue was due to the addition of \$100.7 million of copper and gold revenue from Mt. Milligan Mine and an increase in molybdenum revenue primarily driven by higher average realized prices which were up 35.3% compared to average realized prices in the third quarter of 2013. During the third quarter of 2014, we sold 16.5 million pounds of copper and 57,974 ounces of gold at average realized sales prices of \$3.02 per pound and \$952 per ounce, respectively, which included adjustments for final pricing for provisional payments received in prior periods and mark-to-market adjustments for provisional payments which are not yet final. The gold average realized sales price is also adjusted for the Gold Stream Arrangement, discussed in Note 10, within Item 1 of this 10-Q. During the third quarter of 2014, we sold 8.9 million pounds of molybdenum at an average realized price of \$13.94 per pound compared to 8.3 million pounds of molybdenum sold in the third quarter of 2013 at an average realized price of \$10.30 per pound.

The timing of the concentrate shipments and sales of copper and gold from Mt. Milligan Mine are based on the structure of the various sales agreements that we have in place. To that end, for the third quarter of 2014, we made three shipments of concentrate, received three provisional payments, and recorded three sales of copper and gold concentrate, as discussed previously.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for the third quarter of 2014 were \$133.4 million, which were up 99.4% from the same quarter in 2013. The increase in operating expenses period over period was driven by \$47.4 million of operating expenses at Mt. Milligan Mine related to copper and gold production and sales, which commenced in the fourth quarter of 2013, and increased sales of higher-cost, third-party purchased molybdenum, which was partially offset by a decrease in lower-of-cost-or-market molybdenum product inventory write downs as follows:

| (US\$ in millions) | Three Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Endako Mine inventory lower-of-cost-or-market write down | \$2.3 | \$5.3 |

The increase in operating expenses was partially offset by favorable foreign exchange rates converting C\$ operating expenses to US\$ operating expenses. The foreign exchange rate averaged US\$1.00 = C\$1.09 for the third quarter of 2014 compared to an average rate of US\$1.00 = C\$1.04 for the same period in 2013.

The non-GAAP financial measure of cash cost per pound produced from Mt. Milligan Mine in the third quarter of 2014 was \$0.77 per pound of payable copper produced, on a by-product basis, and \$1.80 per pound of payable copper

produced on a co-product basis and \$477 per ounce of payable gold produced on a co-product basis. The by-product cash cost for copper for the third quarter of 2014 was positively impacted by increased gold ounces sold during the third quarter when compared to the second quarter of 2014; however, a decrease in average realized gold sales prices more than offset the positive impact, resulting in higher by-product cash cost for copper for the third quarter, as compared to the second quarter.

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The non-GAAP financial measure of cash cost per pound produced from our molybdenum mines was \$6.77 per pound in the third quarter of 2014 compared to \$5.93 per pound for the same quarter in 2013 primarily as a result of higher cash costs at both TC Mine and Endako Mine. Cash costs at TC Mine in the third quarter of 2014 were higher than the third quarter of 2013, primarily due to lower production which was partially offset by various cost savings at the mine site. The TC Mine cost savings are primarily due to the decision in October 2012 to suspend stripping activities in Phase 8, as discussed below. This has resulted in postponed maintenance repairs and major equipment rebuilds, fewer wear part replacements, lower diesel consumption and decreased blasting costs, which were somewhat offset by \$0.5 million of severance costs in the third quarter of 2014, as discussed above. Unit cash costs at Endako Mine quarter over quarter were higher primarily due to lower production, lower grade of ore milled together with lower recoveries, which were somewhat offset by a slight decrease in cash operating costs due primarily to favorable foreign exchange movement, discussed below.

Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization Expense ("DD&A")

DD&A in the third quarter of 2014 was \$22.7 million compared to \$11.6 million in the third quarter of 2013 due to the addition of DD&A from Mt. Milligan Mine, partially offset by lower DD&A for our molybdenum operations. During the fourth quarter of 2013, we recognized pre-tax, non-cash write downs of the property, plant and equipment assets at TC Mine and Endako Mine, which significantly lowered the assets' carrying value and depreciable base, which, in turn, lowered DD&A in the third quarter of 2014 as compared to the third quarter of 2013. See Note 1 within Item 1 of this 10-Q for information regarding the reduction to DD&A in the second quarter of 2014 due to a change in estimate in connection with the depreciable lives and salvage values of Endako Mine's property, plant and equipment assets.

Lower-of-cost-or-market product inventory write downs within DD&A for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

| (US\$ in millions) | Three Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Endako Mine inventory lower-of-cost-or-market write down | \$0.3 | \$0.7 |

The increase in DD&A quarter over quarter was partially offset by favorable foreign exchange rates converting C\$ DD&A to US\$ DD&A. The foreign exchange rate averaged US\$1.00 = C1.09 for the third quarter of 2014 compared to an average rate of US\$1.00 = C1.04 for the same period in 2013.

Selling and Marketing Expense

Selling and marketing expense in the third quarter of 2014 was \$3.1 million compared to \$1.4 million in the third quarter of 2013. Increased selling and marketing expense in the third quarter of 2014 was primarily due to \$1.1 million of ocean freight costs related to the Mt. Milligan copper and gold concentrate shipments during the third quarter of 2014, for which there were no comparable amounts in the third quarter of 2013, together with an increase of \$0.6 million in selling and marketing expense for our molybdenum sales.

General and Administrative Expense

General and administrative expense of \$5.1 million in the third quarter of 2014 remained flat when compared to the third quarter of 2013. General and administrative expense for the third quarter of 2014 and 2013 also included \$1.2 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, in stock-based compensation expense.

Start-up Costs

Start-up costs of \$10.2 million in the third quarter of 2013 related to the start-up of Mt. Milligan mine, including lower-of-cost-or-market product inventory write downs of \$7.3 million. No comparable start-up costs were recorded in the third quarter of 2014 as Mt. Milligan Mine reached commercial production during the first quarter of 2014.

Foreign Exchange Gains and Losses

We recognized foreign exchange losses of \$60.3 million for the third quarter of 2014 compared to \$24.2 million of foreign exchange gains for the third quarter of 2013. These non-cash foreign currency losses and gains, respectively, were primarily unrealized and related to certain intercompany notes receivable that are C\$ denominated and that were entered into as part of a strategy to manage cash balances to fund our operations and provide future tax benefits. The losses in the third quarter of 2014 were due to the weakening of the C\$ against the US\$ during the third quarter of 2014. The foreign exchange rate at

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Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

which the notes were revalued at September 30, 2014 was US\$1.00 = C\$1.12 compared to US\$1.00 = C\$1.07 at June 30, 2014. The gains in the third quarter of 2013 were due to the strengthening of the C\$ against the US\$ during the third quarter of 2013. The foreign exchange rate at which the notes were revalued at September 30, 2013 was US\$1.00 = C\$1.03 compared to US

\$1.00 = C\$1.05 at June 30, 2013. The foreign exchange losses in the third quarter of 2014 included approximately \$0.2 million of realized gains, composed of \$0.1 million in realized foreign exchange loss related to forward currency contracts and \$0.3 million in realized foreign exchange gains related to other operating items. The foreign exchange gains in the third quarter of 2013 included approximately \$1.0 million of realized losses related to other operating items.

Interest and Finance Fees

Interest and finance fees were \$22.5 million in the third quarter of 2014 compared to \$0.7 million in the third quarter of 2013. The increase in interest expense in the third quarter of 2014 compared to the same quarter in 2013 was due to a significant decrease in capitalized interest and debt issuance costs primarily as a result of the commencement of the start-up phase of Mt. Milligan Mine in September 2013.

During the third quarter of 2014, interest and finance fees were composed of \$22.4 million attributable to our debt and capital lease obligations and \$0.1 million attributable to our tMEDS.

In the third quarter of 2014 and 2013, we capitalized \$1.4 million and \$24.2 million, respectively, of interest and amortization of debt issuance costs. We capitalize interest expense allocable to assets that are not yet ready for their intended use. Capitalized interest is amortized using the units-of-production method over the estimated life of the ore body based on recoverable quantities to be mined from proven and probable reserves.

Other

Other income for the third quarter of 2014 was \$3.1 million compared to an expense of \$0.2 million in the third quarter of 2013. The increase period over period was due to favorable mark-to-market income related to copper and gold commodity price hedges, of which \$0.7 million was realized and \$2.1 million was unrealized.

Income and Mining Tax Expense (Benefit)

For the third quarter of 2014, our tax benefit was \$4.8 million compared to a tax expense of \$4.2 million in the third quarter of 2013. The difference is mainly due to \$10.3 million of tax benefit recognized on foreign exchange losses in the third quarter of 2014 as compared to \$1.9 million of tax expense recognized on foreign exchange gains in the third quarter of 2013. In the third quarter of 2014, we also recognized a tax benefit of \$7.4 million due to a change in various tax positions and \$0.5 million due to an increase in the amount of our deferred taxes that will be realized. The total income and mining tax expense (benefit) for the third quarter of 2014 and the third quarter of 2013 included a \$0.6 million gain and a \$0.4 million loss, respectively, related to foreign exchange on deferred tax liabilities.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

Net Income (Loss)

Net income for the first nine months of 2014 was \$11.4 million, or \$0.05 per diluted share, compared to net loss of \$4.5 million, or \$0.03 per diluted share, for the first nine months of 2013. The net income for the first nine months of 2014 primarily resulted from operating income of \$134.2 million and a consolidated income and mining tax benefit of \$5.3 million, which was largely offset by interest expense of \$69.4 million and non-cash foreign exchange losses of \$64.5 million. During the same period of 2013, our net loss was due primarily to \$30.0 million of non-cash foreign currency losses, Mt. Milligan mine start-up costs of \$10.2 million and income mining tax expense of \$3.0 million, partially offset by operating income of \$38.8 million.

Non-GAAP adjusted net income for the first nine months of 2014 was \$64.6 million, or \$0.29 per diluted share, compared to \$24.2 million, or \$0.14 per diluted share, for the first nine months of 2013. The increase period over period was due to higher operating income from Mt. Milligan Mine and TC Mine, which was partially offset by increased interest expense.

Revenues

Revenues in the first nine months of 2014 were \$638.7 million, up 101.3% compared to revenue in the first nine months of 2013. This increase in revenue was due to the addition of \$273.8 million of copper and gold revenue from Mt. Milligan Mine, and an increase in molybdenum sales revenue driven by higher sales volumes and higher average realized sales prices in

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the 2014 period compared to the 2013 period. During the first nine months of 2014, we sold 49.2 million pounds of copper and 133,831 ounces of gold at average realized sales prices of \$3.10 per pound and \$1,002 per ounce, respectively, which included adjustments for final pricing for provisional payments received in prior periods and mark-to-market adjustments for provisional payments which are not yet final. The gold average realized sales price is also adjusted for the Gold Stream Arrangement, discussed in Note 10, within Item 1 of this 10-Q. During the first nine months of 2014, we sold 28.4 million pounds of molybdenum at an average realized price of \$12.43 per pound compared to 26.9 million pounds of molybdenum sold in the first nine months of 2013 at an average realized price of \$11.29 per pound.

As discussed previously, the timing of the concentrate shipments and sales of copper and gold from Mt. Milligan Mine is based on the structure of the various sales agreements that we have in place. To that end, for the first nine months of 2014, we made nine shipments of concentrate and recorded nine sales of copper and gold concentrate.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for the first nine months of 2014 were \$395.2 million, which were up 85.9% from the same period in 2013. The increase in operating expenses in the first nine months of 2014 was driven by \$159.9 million of operating expenses at Mt. Milligan Mine related to copper and gold production, which commenced in the fourth quarter of 2013, and higher-cost, third-party purchased molybdenum sold, which was partially offset by a decrease in lower-of-cost-or-market molybdenum product inventory write downs as follows:

| (US\$ in millions) | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Endako Mine inventory lower-of-cost-or-market write down | \$8.9 | \$17.0 |

The increase in operating expenses was partially offset by favorable foreign exchange rates converting C\$ operating expenses to US\$ operating expenses. The foreign exchange rate averaged US\$1.00 = C\$1.10 for the first nine months of 2014 compared to an average rate of US\$1.00 = C\$1.02 for the same period in 2013.

The non-GAAP financial measure of cash cost per pound produced from Mt. Milligan Mine in the first nine months of 2014 was \$1.14 per pound of payable copper produced, on a by-product basis, and \$2.00 per pound of payable copper produced on a co-product basis and \$530 per ounce of payable gold produced on a co-product basis.

The non-GAAP financial measure of cash cost per pound produced from our molybdenum mines was \$6.23 per pound in the first nine months of 2014 compared to \$6.36 per pound for the same period in 2013 primarily as a result of lower cash costs at TC Mine and higher production from Endako Mine which reduced the unit cash costs. Cash costs at TC Mine in the first nine months of 2014 were lower primarily due to various cost savings at the mine site, as discussed below, which were somewhat offset by lower production due to a lower grade of ore milled and lower recoveries. Unit cash costs at Endako Mine were lower primarily due to higher production due to higher mill recoveries partially offset by a lower grade of ore milled and increased operating costs primarily related to mining prime ore in the first nine months of 2014, versus solely processing stockpiled ore in the first nine months of 2013, and various operational challenges discussed below.

Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization Expense ("DD&A")

DD&A in the first nine months of 2014 was \$78.3 million compared to \$38.5 million in the first nine months of 2013 due to the addition of DD&A from Mt. Milligan Mine, partially offset by lower DD&A for TC Mine and our share of Endako Mine due to pre-tax, non-cash write downs of the property, plant and equipment assets at TC Mine and Endako Mine, as discussed previously. See Note 1 within Item 1 of this 10-Q for information regarding the reduction to DD&A in the first nine months of 2014 due to a change in estimate in connection with the depreciable lives and salvage value of Endako Mine's property, plant and equipment assets.

Lower-of-cost-or-market product inventory write downs within DD&A for the first nine months of 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

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| (US\$ in millions) | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Endako Mine inventory lower-of-cost-or-market write down | \$1.7 | \$3.1 |

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The increase in DD&A period over period was partially offset by favorable foreign exchange rates converting C\$ DD&A to US\$ DD&A. The foreign exchange rate averaged US\$1.00 = C\$1.10 for the first nine months of 2014 compared to an average rate of US\$1.00 = C\$1.02 for the same period in 2013.

Selling and Marketing Expense

Selling and marketing expense in the first nine months of 2014 was \$10.8 million compared to \$6.4 million in the first nine months of 2013. Increased selling and marketing expense in the first nine months of 2014 was primarily due to \$4.6 million of ocean freight costs related to Mt. Milligan mine copper and gold concentrate shipments during the 2014 period for which there were no comparable amounts for the 2013 period, partially offset by a decrease of \$0.2 million in selling and marketing expense for our molybdenum sales.

General and Administrative Expense

General and administrative expense in the first nine months of 2014 was \$16.9 million compared to \$17.7 million in the first nine months of 2013. Lower general and administrative expense in the first nine months of 2014 was primarily due to a planned reduction in headcount at our corporate office, which resulted in a \$0.3 million decrease in salaries and benefits costs, net of severance costs, a \$0.6 million decrease in recruitment fees, and a \$0.6 million decrease in consulting services, partially offset by \$0.7 million in legal fees related to a favorable interest settlement associated with a state tax refund received in 2010. General and administrative expense for the first nine months of 2014 and 2013 also included \$3.0 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, in stock-based compensation expense.

Start-up Costs

Start-up costs of \$10.3 million in the first nine months of 2013 related primarily to the start-up of Mt. Milligan mine, including lower-of-cost-or-market product inventory write downs of \$7.3 million. No corresponding start-up activity was recorded in the first nine months of 2014 as Mt. Milligan Mine reached commercial production during the first quarter of 2014.

Foreign Exchange Gains and Losses

We recognized \$64.5 million and \$30.0 million, respectively, of foreign exchange losses for the first nine months of 2014 and 2013. These non-cash foreign currency losses were primarily unrealized and related to certain intercompany notes receivable that are C\$ denominated and that were entered into as part of a strategy to manage cash balances to fund our operations and provide future tax benefits. The increase in foreign exchange losses was due to a decrease in the relative strengthening of the US\$ against the C\$ in the comparable periods. The foreign exchange rate at which the notes were revalued at September 30, 2014 was US\$1.00 = C\$1.12 compared to US\$1.00 = C\$1.06 at December 31, 2013. The foreign exchange rate at which the notes were revalued at September 30, 2013 was US\$1.00 = C\$1.03 compared to US\$1.00 = C\$0.99 at December 31, 2012. The foreign exchange losses in the first nine months of 2014 included \$0.5 million of realized losses, composed of \$0.6 million in realized foreign exchange gains related to forward currency contracts offset by \$1.1 million in realized foreign exchange losses related to other operating items. The foreign exchange losses in the first nine months of 2013 included approximately \$1.0 million of realized losses related to other operating items.

Interest and Finance Fees

Interest and finance fees were \$69.4 million in the first nine months of 2014 compared to \$0.9 million in the first nine months of 2013. The increase in interest expense in the first nine months of 2014 compared to the same period in 2013 was due to a significant decrease in capitalized interest and debt issuance costs primarily as a result of the start-up phase of Mt. Milligan commencing in September 2013, as discussed previously.

For the first nine months of 2014, interest and finance fees were composed of \$68.2 million attributable to our debt and capital lease obligations and \$1.2 million attributable to our tMEDS.

In the first nine months of 2014 and 2013, we capitalized \$3.3 million and \$73.7 million, respectively, of interest and amortization of debt issuance costs. We capitalize interest expense allocable to assets that are not yet ready for their intended use. Capitalized interest is amortized using the units-of-production method over the estimated life of the ore body based on recoverable quantities to be mined from proven and probable reserves.

Loss from debt extinguishment

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Loss from debt extinguishment of \$0.5 million in the first nine months of 2014 was due to the extinguishment of the senior amortizing notes component of the tMEDS units tendered in the Exchange Offer. Please refer to Note 9 within Item 1 of this 10-Q for further discussion.

Other

Other income in the first nine months of 2014 was \$6.3 million compared to \$0.9 million in the first nine months of 2013. The increase period over period was due to a favorable settlement in 2014 associated with interest on a state tax refund received in 2010 and favorable mark-to-market income related to copper and gold commodity price hedges, of which \$0.7 million was realized and \$2.1 million was unrealized.

Income and Mining Tax Expense (Benefit)

For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, our tax benefit was \$5.3 million compared to a tax expense of \$3.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The difference is mainly due to \$10.7 million of tax benefit recognized on foreign exchange losses in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to \$2.2 million of tax benefit recognized on foreign exchange losses in the nine months ended September 30, 2013. In the nine months ended September 30, 2014 our tax benefit was also increased by \$7.4 million due to a change in various tax positions; \$1.4 million due to the successful conclusion of a tax appeal; and \$2.9 million due to an increase in the amount of our deferred tax assets that will be realized. The total income and mining tax expense (benefit) for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and the nine months ended September 30, 2013 included a \$0.6 million gain and a \$0.4 million loss, respectively, related to foreign exchange on deferred tax liabilities.

Segment Discussion

The following discussion presents operating and financial results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 for each reportable segment.

Copper-Gold

Mt. Milligan

The following table summarizes Mt. Milligan Mine's operating and financial results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

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| | Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 | | 2013 | | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 | | 2013 | |
|---|---|---|---------|---|--|---|---------|---|
| Operational Statistics | | | | | | | | |
| Mined | | | | | | | | |
| Ore tonnes (000's) | 3,826 | | 552 | | 10,545 | | 552 | |
| Waste tonnes (000's) | 3,143 | | 17,489 | | 8,660 | | 17,489 | |
| Strip ratio | 0.82 | | 31.68 | | 0.82 | | 31.68 | |
| Milled (000's tonnes) | 3,721 | | 288 | | 10,262 | | 288 | |
| Copper ore grade (%) | 0.251 | % | 0.250 | % | 0.267 | % | 0.250 | % |
| Gold ore grade (g per tonne) | 0.785 | | 0.450 | | 0.672 | | 0.450 | |
| Copper recovery (%) | 83.1 | % | 67.6 | % | 80.9 | % | 67.6 | % |
| Gold recovery (%) | 66.6 | % | 48.0 | % | 63.9 | % | 48.0 | % |
| Concentrate production (dry tonnes) | 31,226 | | 1,801 | | 89,115 | | 1,801 | |
| Copper payable production (000's lb) ⁽¹⁾ | 16,267 | | 1,058 | | 46,545 | | 1,058 | |
| Gold payable production (oz) ⁽¹⁾ | 60,366 | | 1,997 | | 136,639 | | 1,997 | |
| Copper cash cost (\$/payable lb produced) - By-Product ⁽²⁾ | \$0.77 | | \$11.77 | | \$1.14 | | \$11.77 | |
| Copper cash cost (\$/payable lb produced) - Co-Product ⁽²⁾ | \$1.80 | | \$7.77 | | \$2.00 | | \$7.77 | |
| Gold cash cost (\$/payable oz produced) - Co-Product ⁽²⁾ | \$477 | | \$2,082 | | \$530 | | \$2,082 | |
| Copper payable production sold (000's lb) | 16,482 | | — | | 49,214 | | — | |
| Gold payable production sold (oz) | 57,974 | | — | | 133,831 | | — | |
| Copper average realized sales price (\$/lb) ⁽²⁾ | \$3.02 | | \$— | | \$3.10 | | \$— | |
| Gold average realized sales price (\$/oz) ⁽²⁾ | \$952 | | \$— | | \$1,002 | | \$— | |

(1) Payable production for copper and gold reflects estimated metallurgical losses resulting from handling of the concentrate and payable metal deductions, subject to metal content, levied by smelters. The current payable percentage applied is approximately 95.0% for copper and 96.5% for gold, which may be revised on a prospective basis after sufficient history of payable amounts is determined.

(2) See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for the definition and reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures.

Copper and Gold Production and Cash Costs

During the third quarter of 2013, Mt. Milligan Mine began the commissioning and start-up phase. Mt. Milligan Mine reached commercial production as of February 18, 2014, defined as operation of the mill at 60% design capacity mill throughput for 30 days.

As discussed above in the Overview, we are continuing to work through ramp-up issues related to mill optimization. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, ramp-up at the Mt. Milligan Mine continued to progress as expected with the leadership team focused on the optimization of the mine and mill. We continue to expect fluctuations in mill throughput until we consistently achieve approximately 80% of design capacity, which is expected by the end of this year.

Concentrate production, payable copper production, and non-GAAP unit cash costs for the third quarter of 2014 showed fluctuations, as expected, from the second quarter of 2014, with a 5% increase in concentrate production, a 1% increase in payable copper production, and a 63% increase in payable gold production. Non-GAAP unit cash costs for the 2014 third quarter compared to the 2014 second quarter were \$0.77 per pound compared to \$0.33 per pound on a copper by-product basis, respectively, \$1.80 per pound compared to \$1.97 per pound on a co-product basis for payable copper, respectively, and \$477 per ounce compared to \$538 per ounce on a co-product basis for payable gold, respectively. The copper by-product cash cost for the third quarter of 2014 was positively impacted by increased gold

ounces sold when compared to the second quarter of 2014; however, a decrease in average realized gold sales prices resulted in higher by-product cash cost for copper for the third quarter, as compared to the second quarter. Timing of concentrate sales will impact the by-product cash costs for Mt. Milligan Mine on a quarter-by-quarter basis.

Operating costs were positively impacted by favorable foreign exchange rates, as the US\$ strengthened against the C\$ in the third quarter and first nine months of 2014. The average foreign exchange rate was US\$1.00 = C\$1.09 for the third quarter

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of 2014, resulting in an approximately \$3.8 million favorable impact on operating costs. For the first nine months of 2014, the average foreign exchange rate was US\$1.00 = C\$1.10, resulting in an approximately \$12.8 million favorable impact on operating costs.

Copper and Gold Sold

During the third quarter of 2014, we sold 16.5 million pounds of copper and 57,974 ounces of payable gold, compared to 32.7 million pounds of copper and 75,857 ounces of gold for the second quarter of 2014. As a result of the mining sequencing, the ounces of gold production and gold sales were higher in the third quarter of 2014, which was partially offset by a lower average realized gold price. In the third quarter of 2014, there were three sales compared to four sales in the second quarter of 2014, as noted previously. Third quarter 2014 average realized prices were \$3.02 per pound of payable copper and \$952 per ounce of payable gold. For the first nine months of 2014, we sold 49.2 million pounds of copper and 133,831 ounces of payable gold. Average realized prices for the first nine months of 2014 were \$3.10 per pound of payable copper and \$1,002 per ounce of payable gold. The average realized prices for copper for the third quarter and first nine months of 2014 were unfavorably impacted by the final settlement of certain provisional payments together with mark-to-market adjustments for provisional payments not yet settled.

Development

During the three months ended September 30, 2014, cash capital expenditures were C\$23.1 million consisting of C\$9.5 million for the permanent operations residence, C\$11.7 million for operations and C\$1.9 million for the construction project (primarily related to the payment of accruals at December 31, 2013).

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, cash capital expenditures were C\$74.1 million consisting of C\$29.2 million for the permanent operations residence, C\$26.8 million for operations and C\$18.1 million for the construction project (primarily related to the payment of accruals at December 31, 2013).

At the end of the third quarter of 2014 we had substantially completed the construction of our permanent operations residence. Residents commenced moving into the facilities beginning early October 2014 and we anticipate the move-in to be complete by the end of November 2014. As of September 30, 2014, we have incurred approximately \$50 million in aggregate capital expenditures for the construction of the permanent operations residence of which approximately \$5 million still remains to be paid in cash.

US Operations Molybdenum

Thompson Creek Mine (TC Mine)

The table that follows summarizes TC Mine's operating and financial results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|
| | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Operational Statistics | | | | |
| Mined | | | | |
| Ore tonnes (000's) | 725 | 2,162 | 2,812 | 7,452 |
| Waste tonnes (000's) | 318 | 1,588 | 639 | 4,205 |
| Strip ratio | 0.44 | 0.73 | 0.23 | 0.56 |
| Milled (000's tonnes) | 2,240 | 2,402 | 6,630 | 7,026 |
| Grade (% molybdenum) | 0.100 | 0.120 | 0.113 | 0.114 |
| Recovery (%) | 88.1 | % 93.2 | % 92.1 | % 93.1 |
| Molybdenum production (000's lb) ⁽¹⁾ | 4,073 | 5,716 | 14,839 | 16,063 |
| Cash cost (\$/lb produced) ⁽²⁾ | \$4.54 | \$4.30 | \$4.09 | \$4.54 |
| Molybdenum sold (000's lb) | 4,026 | 5,519 | 15,363 | 17,014 |
| Average realized sales price (\$/lb) ⁽²⁾ | \$13.86 | \$10.49 | \$12.31 | \$11.38 |

(1) Mined molybdenum production pounds reflected are molybdenum oxide and HPM.

(2) See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for the definition and reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures.

General

As discussed above, TC Mine will be placed on care and maintenance after processing of stockpiled ore from Phase 7 is completed. Additionally, we intend to conduct scaled stripping in conjunction with the care and maintenance plan, which will allow us to maintain the optionality of this mine while continuing to evaluate alternatives for TC Mine.

Molybdenum Production and Cash Costs

Molybdenum production for TC Mine decreased in the third quarter of 2014 from the third quarter of 2013 by 28.7%. The decreased production for the third quarter of 2014 was primarily driven by significantly lower ore grades and mill recoveries. Mining of Phase 7 ore was completed in the third quarter of this year, with stockpiled ore expected to be processed through the end of this year.

Molybdenum production from TC Mine in the first nine months of 2014 was down 7.6% from the first nine months of 2013 due primarily to a slightly lower grade of ore milled and lower recoveries.

The non-GAAP financial measure of cash cost per pound produced in the third quarter of 2014 was higher than the comparable period in 2013 primarily due to lower production. This was somewhat offset by lower operating costs in the 2014 period resulting from various cost savings. The TC Mine cost savings are primarily due to the decision in October 2012 to suspend stripping activities on the next phase of mining. This has resulted in postponed maintenance repairs and major equipment rebuilds, fewer wear part replacements, lower diesel consumption and decreased blasting costs.

The non-GAAP financial measure of cash cost per pound produced in the first nine months of 2014 was lower than the comparable period in 2013 primarily due to lower operating costs as discussed above, which were somewhat offset by lower production.

Molybdenum Sold

Molybdenum pounds sold from TC Mine in the third quarter of 2014 was down 27.1% from the third quarter of 2013. The average realized sales price per pound in the third quarter of 2014 was \$13.86 versus \$10.49 in the same period in 2013.

Molybdenum pounds sold from TC Mine in the first nine months of 2014 was down 9.7% from the first nine months of 2013. The average realized sales price per pound in the first nine months of 2014 was \$12.31 versus \$11.38 in the

same period in 2013.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Langeloth Facility

Operating results for the Langeloth Facility represent activities related to the roasting and processing of third-party concentrate and other metals at the Langeloth Facility and excludes product volumes and costs related to the roasting and processing of TC Mine and Endako Mine product. The Langeloth Facility costs associated with roasting and processing of TC Mine and Endako Mine product are included in each Mine's respective operating results.

The following is a summary of the Langeloth Facility's operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|--|---------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Operational Statistics | | | | |
| Molybdenum sold from purchased product (000's lb) | 2,181 | 888 | 5,685 | 4,586 |
| Realized price on molybdenum sold from purchased product (\$/lb) | \$14.75 | \$10.39 | \$13.22 | \$11.48 |
| Toll roasted and upgraded molybdenum processed (000's lb) | 43 | 1,082 | 646 | 3,050 |
| Roasted metal products processed (000's lb) | 4,002 | 2,956 | 9,190 | 14,534 |

In the third quarter of 2014, molybdenum sold from third-party purchased molybdenum concentrate increased by 145.6% from the third quarter of 2013 due to lower than expected production from TC Mine and Endako Mine. In the first nine months of 2014, molybdenum sold from third-party purchased molybdenum concentrate increased by 24.0% from the first nine months of 2013 due to decreased production from TC Mine and roaster availability.

The realized price on molybdenum sold from purchased product in the third quarter and first nine months of 2014 increased by 42.0% and 15.2%, respectively, from the same periods in 2013, due to an increase in the market price of molybdenum.

The volume of toll roasted and upgraded molybdenum processed during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 decreased by 96.0% and 78.8%, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2013, primarily due to lower capacity due to the material processed from our own molybdenum mines and an increase in third party purchased material.

The volume of roasted metal products processed during the third quarter of 2014 increased by 35.4%, from the third quarter of 2013, primarily due to increased customer demand. The volume of roasted metal products processed during the first nine months of 2014 decreased by 36.8% from the first nine months of 2013 due to decreased customer demand in the first half of 2014.

Canadian Operations Molybdenum

Endako Mine

The table and related discussion that follows summarize our 75% share of Endako Mine's operating and financial results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|---------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Operational Statistics | | | | |
| Mined | | | | |
| Ore tonnes (000's) | 1,225 | 2,773 | 5,079 | 2,901 |
| Waste tonnes (000's) | 366 | — | 923 | — |
| Strip ratio | 0.30 | 0.31 | 0.18 | 0.38 |
| Milled (000's tonnes) | 3,780 | 3,386 | 9,869 | 8,394 |
| Grade (% molybdenum) | 0.041 | 0.048 | 0.044 | 0.049 |
| Recovery (%) | 73.2 | % 79.2 | % 75.3 | % 72.6 |
| Molybdenum production (000's lb) ⁽¹⁾ | 2,487 | 2,820 | 7,089 | 6,688 |
| Cash cost (\$/lb produced) ⁽²⁾ | \$10.42 | \$9.23 | \$10.71 | \$10.74 |
| Molybdenum sold (000's lb) | 2,706 | 1,913 | 7,399 | 5,250 |
| Average realized sales price (\$/lb) ⁽²⁾ | \$13.43 | \$9.71 | \$12.06 | \$10.83 |

(1) Mined molybdenum production pounds are molybdenum oxide.

(2) See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for the definition and reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures.

Molybdenum Production and Cash Costs

Our 75% share of molybdenum production at Endako Mine for the three months ended September 30, 2014 decreased by 11.8% compared to the same period in 2013, due primarily to lower ore grades and mill recoveries. Our 75% share of molybdenum production for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 increased by 6.0% compared to the same period in 2013 primarily due to mill availability and optimization and mining prime ore instead of solely processing stock-piled ore, as we did in the first half of 2013. In past quarters, Endako Mine had faced operational challenges in maintaining a consistent feed from the mine to the mill and with certain tailings operations, which historically had adversely impacted expected production results. In response to these challenges, over the course of the last several quarters we have made several technical improvements and adjustments. During the third quarter of 2014, we have begun to see the improvement in mill availability as a result of those modifications.

Lower-of-cost-or-market product inventory write downs at Endako Mine were \$2.6 million and \$10.6 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, and \$6.0 million and \$20.1 million, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively.

Non-GAAP cash cost per pound produced at Endako Mine increased 12.9% for the three months ended September 30, 2014 compared to the same period in 2013 and remained substantially the same for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013. The higher cash cost during the third quarter of 2014 was primarily driven by lower production, which was somewhat offset by a favorable impact from foreign exchange rates on operating costs. For the first nine months of 2014, operating costs were higher, which were primarily attributable to increased mining costs resulting from mining prime ore, but were offset by a favorable impact from foreign exchange rates, as noted below. The foreign exchange rate averaged US\$1.00 = C\$1.09 for the third quarter of 2014 compared to US\$1.00 = C\$1.04 for the same period in 2013 and US\$1.00 = C\$1.10 for the first nine months of 2014 compared to an average rate of US\$1.00 = C\$1.02 for the same period in 2013.

Molybdenum Sold

Our share of molybdenum sold from Endako Mine increased by 41.5% and 40.9% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2013. The average realized sales price in the third quarter and first nine months of 2014 was up 38.3% and 11.4%, respectively, from the average realized sales price in the comparable periods in 2013.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our financial position was as follows:

| (US\$ in millions) | September 30, 2014 | December 31, 2013 |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$266.6 | \$233.9 |
| Accounts receivable, including related party receivables | \$72.6 | \$54.1 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$94.6 | \$104.9 |
| Current portion of debt, including equipment financings | \$27.1 | \$37.2 |
| Total working capital | \$322.8 | \$315.4 |
| Total debt, including equipment financings | \$977.1 | \$1,012.8 |

During the first nine months of 2014, our debt and liquidity positions were affected by the following:

• Cash generated by operating activities of \$149.9 million;

• Capital expenditures of \$70.4 million, primarily related to the construction of the permanent operations residence at Mt. Milligan, together with operating capital; and

• Interest paid of \$64.4 million.

During the first nine months of 2014, we made nine shipments to MTM Customers and received provisional payments for nine of the shipments and final settlement payments for five shipments.

We monitor our exposure to the prices of our products as well as the currencies in which we operate. During the first nine months of 2014, we entered into hedges to manage our exposure to fluctuations in the prices of copper and gold (particularly the exposure between the provisional and final payments from our customers), and also purchased gold to satisfy our obligations under the Gold Stream Arrangement. During the first nine months of 2014, we also entered into hedges to manage our exposure to the potential strengthening of the Canadian dollar against the US dollar. See Note 5 in Item 1 for further discussion.

As described more fully in Note 9 in Item 1, during 2014, in connection with the settlement of the Exchange Offer, we extinguished \$10.9 million of the senior amortizing notes component of the tendered tMEDS by making a principal payment of \$1.2 million and issuing \$9.3 million in our common stock to the senior amortizing note holders. This transaction resulted in future principal and interest cash payment savings of \$11.7 million.

We monitor our positions with, and the credit quality of, the financial institutions and companies in which we invest our cash and cash equivalents. We manage our credit risk from accounts receivable through our collection activities. As of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we have not experienced any material delinquencies regarding the collection of our accounts receivable.

Our ability to fund our capital expenditures, our working capital needs and our scheduled debt and interest payments primarily depends on cash flow from TC Mine and Mt. Milligan Mine in 2014 and from Mt. Milligan Mine thereafter. In addition, our ability to generate positive cash flow from operations will depend, in large part, upon the market prices of copper, gold and molybdenum, which are subject to fluctuation. Please refer to the discussion in Overview above.

As discussed above in the Overview, TC Mine will be placed on care and maintenance after all stockpiled ore from Phase 7 is processed, and we will conduct scaled stripping for Phase 8. The care and maintenance costs are expected to be \$6 million to \$8 million a year, with an additional amount of \$8 million to \$10 million for the scaled stripping program. An additional amount may be required for tailings slope management, as discussed above in the Overview. We currently estimate that the Mt. Milligan Mine will consistently achieve approximately 80% of the designed mill throughput of 60,000 tonnes per day by the end of 2014. During October, we conducted tests to determine the impact of additional secondary crushing to reach or exceed our designed mill throughput. Based on the result after the initial test, we have decided to conduct additional testing in November to improve our understanding of the impact of secondary crushing on throughput. The Company intends to analyze the data later this year, with a final capital

investment decision expected to be announced in January 2015. In the event that we decide to make such a capital investment, we expect the cost to be in the \$50-\$75 million range and expect to have sufficient liquidity to fund this expenditure.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Our cash and cash equivalents balance was \$266.6 million at September 30, 2014 and \$216.1 million, \$202.7 million and \$233.9 million, June 30, 2014, March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Our quarter end cash balance is dependent upon and fluctuates based on the timing of the Mt. Milligan concentrate shipments and related provisional payments. For the third quarter, we received three provisional payments. For the fourth quarter, we currently expect that we will have three shipments of concentrate from Mt. Milligan mine and receive three provisional payments during such quarter. As we progress towards achieving design capacity at Mt. Milligan Mine, we expect our cash flow from operations to increase, which would provide additional funds for financing and investing activities, depending upon copper and gold prices. We may from time to time redeem, retire and/or purchase our outstanding debt, depending upon prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. However, there can be no assurance that we will take any of these actions.

Operating Cash Flows

Cash generated by operating activities was \$83.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to \$19.5 million for the comparable period in 2013. The increase in cash flow from operations was primarily a result of sales of concentrate from Mt. Milligan Mine and higher molybdenum prices. For the three months ended September 30, 2014, cash flow from operations included \$14.0 million in net payables related to the Gold Stream Arrangement for undelivered ounces.

Cash generated by operating activities was \$149.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to \$80.0 million for the comparable period in 2013. The increase in cash flow from operations was primarily a result of sales of concentrate from Mt. Milligan Mine. For the nine months ended September 30, 2014, cash flow from operations included \$24.9 million in net payables related to the Gold Stream Arrangement for undelivered ounces.

Investing Cash Flows

Cash used in investing activities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 was \$22.8 million and \$88.2 million, respectively, compared to \$107.8 million and \$406.4 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. This decline is primarily related to the completion of the construction and development of Mt. Milligan Mine. During the first nine months of 2014, we spent \$70.4 million on property, plant, equipment and development expenditures primarily related to the construction of the permanent operations residence at Mt. Milligan Mine, the construction and development of the Mt. Milligan project (which was primarily related to the payment of accruals as of December 31, 2013) and operating capital. In the first nine months of 2013, we spent \$387.5 million on property, plant, equipment and development that was primarily related to the construction and development of Mt. Milligan Mine. Payments of capitalized interest primarily related to development of Mt. Milligan Mine were \$8.2 million during the first nine months of 2014 compared to \$54.5 million in the first nine months of 2013. Reclamation deposits for the first nine months of 2014 represented \$10.0 million of cash collateral that was posted against existing surety bonds for reclamation bonds compared to \$7.0 million in the first nine months of 2013. Changes in restricted cash represent activity for the construction holdback accounts related to the construction and development of the Mt. Milligan Mine, including the permanent operations residence. Investing activities for the first nine months of 2014 had \$0.4 million net restricted cash activities in the construction hold-back accounts compared to \$14.3 million for the first nine months of 2013.

Financing Cash Flows

Cash used in financing activities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 was \$6.6 million and \$26.2 million, respectively, compared to cash generated by financing activities of \$4.0 million and \$120.1 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. There were no equipment financings during the first nine months of 2014. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, financing activities consisted of payments on our long-term debt and equipment financings. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, financing activities resulted in cash proceeds from the Gold Stream Arrangement and equipment financings, net of payments on these equipment financings. For descriptions of our debt and lease obligations, see Notes 7 and 8

within Item 1 of this 10-Q.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of September 30, 2014, we have commitments to purchase approximately 7.0 million pounds of molybdenum as unroasted molybdenum concentrate from 2014 to 2016 primarily priced at the time of purchase at a set discount to the market price for roasted molybdenum concentrate. In addition, we have purchase agreements to buy approximately 0.4 million pounds of molybdenum as roasted molybdenum concentrate during the remainder of 2014 to be priced at market at the time of delivery.

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We also have fixed-priced sales contracts, under which we have committed to sell approximately 465 thousand pounds of molybdenum in 2015 at an average market price of \$12.65 per pound.

Transactions with our Endako Mine Joint Venture Partner

Our total sales to a company affiliated with Sojitz, our Endako Mine joint venture partner, represented 14.6% and 13.7% of our total revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, and 20.9% and 17.1% of our total revenues for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively. See Note 15 within Item 1 of this 10-Q for more information about transactions with this joint venture partner.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to the condensed consolidated financial statements presented in accordance with US GAAP, we use certain non-GAAP financial measures to assess our operating performance for the reasons described further below. These measures do not have standard meanings prescribed by US GAAP and may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. The presentation of these measures is not intended to be considered in isolation from, as a substitute for, or as superior to, the financial information prepared and presented in accordance with US GAAP. In addition, these non-GAAP measures have limitations in that they do not reflect all of the amounts associated with the results of operations as determined in accordance with US GAAP.

Adjusted Net Income (Loss), Adjusted Net Income (Loss) Per Share—Basic and Diluted

Management of the Company uses adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted net income (loss) per share—basic and diluted to evaluate the Company's operating performance and for planning and forecasting future business operations. The Company believes the use of these measures allows investors and analysts to compare results of the continuing operations of the Company to similar operating results of other mining companies, by excluding unusual or infrequent items that are considered non-core to our business.

Adjusted net income (loss) represents the income (loss) prepared in accordance with US GAAP, adjusted for significant non-cash items.

For the third quarter and first nine months of 2014 and 2013, the significant non-cash items were the non-cash losses related to the impact of foreign exchange due primarily to intercompany notes, and related tax effects. For the other 2013 and 2012 periods, the significant non-cash items were the asset impairments and related materials and supplies inventory impairments and the non-cash gain and losses related to the impact of foreign exchange due primarily to intercompany notes, and related tax effects.

In connection with our strategy to manage cash balances, fund our operations and provide future tax benefits, we may enter into intercompany loan arrangements. At times, the loans are denominated in currencies other than the measurement currency of one of the parties. US GAAP requires that notes that are intended to be repaid should not be considered a capital contribution, and, therefore, the foreign exchange fluctuations related to these loans impact net income (loss) each period. At each period end, we compare the exchange rate between the Canadian and US dollars to the exchange rate at the end of the prior reporting period. The difference between those rates is recorded as an unrealized gain or loss on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) at each period end. As the loans between us and our subsidiaries are the primary driver of our foreign exchange gains and losses, as discussed above, management does not consider gains or losses on foreign exchange in its evaluation of our financial performance. We believe that presentation of our non-GAAP measures excluding these gains or losses provides useful information to our investors regarding our financial condition and results of operations.

Adjusted net income (loss) per share (basic and diluted) is calculated using adjusted net income (loss), as defined above, divided by the weighted-average basic and weighted-average diluted shares outstanding during the period as determined in accordance with US GAAP. If the adjustments to net (loss) on a US GAAP basis result in non-GAAP adjusted net income, we calculate weighted-average diluted shares outstanding in accordance with US GAAP and use that to calculate adjusted net income per share—diluted. If the adjustments to net income on a US GAAP basis result in non-GAAP adjusted net (loss), we utilize weighted-average basic shares outstanding to calculate adjusted net income per share—diluted, in accordance with US GAAP.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

The following tables reconcile net income (loss) presented in accordance with US GAAP to the non-GAAP financial measures of adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted net income (loss) per share—basic and diluted, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 and for all of the previous eight quarters. All figures within the tables are presented in US\$ in millions, except shares and per share amounts.

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 | September 30, 2014 | September 30, 2013 |
| Net income (loss) | \$(11.1) | \$13.8 | \$11.4 | \$(4.5) |
| Add (Deduct): | | | | |
| Fixed asset impairment | — | 0.8 | — | 0.8 |
| Tax benefit of fixed asset impairment | — | (0.3) | — | (0.3) |
| (Gain) loss on foreign exchange ⁽¹⁾ | 59.7 | (23.8) | 63.9 | 30.4 |
| Tax expense (benefit) on foreign exchange (gain) loss | (10.3) | 1.9 | (10.7) | (2.2) |
| Non-GAAP adjusted net income (loss) | \$38.3 | \$7.6) | \$64.6 | \$24.2 |
| Net income (loss) per share | | | | |
| Basic | \$(0.05) | \$0.08 | \$0.06 | \$(0.03) |
| Diluted | \$(0.05) | \$0.06 | \$0.05 | \$(0.03) |
| Adjusted net income (loss) per share | | | | |
| Basic | \$0.18 | \$(0.04) | \$0.35 | \$0.14 |
| Diluted | \$0.17 | \$(0.04) | \$0.29 | \$0.14 |
| Weighted-average shares | | | | |
| Basic | 213.9 | 171.5 | 186.8 | 170.9 |
| Diluted | 220.4 | 216.5 | 220.1 | 216.4 |

Included \$0.6 million foreign exchange gains for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, ⁽¹⁾ respectively, and \$0.4 million foreign exchange losses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively, presented in income and mining tax expense (benefit) on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

| | Three Months Ended | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Sep 30 2014 | Jun 30 2014 | Mar 31 2014 | Dec 31 2013 | Sep 30 2013 | Jun 30 2013 | Mar 31 2013 | Dec 31 2012 |
| Net income (loss) | \$(11.1) | \$61.6 | \$(39.1) | \$(210.5) | \$13.8 | \$(19.2) | \$0.9 | \$(484.4) |
| Add (Deduct): | | | | | | | | |
| Asset impairments | — | — | — | 194.9 | 0.8 | — | — | 530.5 |
| Tax benefit of asset impairments ⁽¹⁾ | — | — | — | (47.4) | (0.3) | — | — | (183.3) |
| Tax valuation allowance ⁽¹⁾ | — | — | — | 1.5 | — | — | — | 119.2 |
| (Gain) loss on foreign exchange ⁽²⁾ | 59.7 | (41.9) | 46.1 | 40.8 | (23.8) | 34.8 | 19.4 | 7.8 |
| Tax expense (benefit) on foreign exchange (gain) loss | (10.3) | 2.3 | (2.7) | (7.8) | 1.9 | (1.8) | (2.3) | (1.7) |
| Non-GAAP adjusted net income (loss) | \$38.3 | \$22.0 | \$4.3 | \$(28.5) | \$(7.6) | \$13.8 | \$18.0 | \$(11.9) |
| Net income (loss) per share | | | | | | | | |
| Basic | \$(0.05) | \$0.35 | \$(0.23) | \$(1.24) | \$0.08 | \$(0.11) | \$0.01 | \$(2.87) |
| Diluted | \$(0.05) | \$0.28 | \$(0.23) | \$(1.24) | \$0.06 | \$(0.11) | \$— | \$(2.87) |
| Adjusted net income (loss) per share | | | | | | | | |
| Basic | \$0.18 | \$0.13 | \$0.03 | \$(0.17) | \$(0.04) | \$0.08 | \$0.11 | \$(0.07) |
| Diluted | \$0.17 | \$0.10 | \$0.02 | \$(0.17) | \$(0.04) | \$0.06 | \$0.08 | \$(0.07) |
| Weighted-average shares | | | | | | | | |
| Basic | 213.9 | 174.5 | 171.6 | 171.5 | 171.5 | 171.1 | 169.7 | 168.7 |
| Diluted | 220.4 | 220.3 | 216.4 | 217.1 | 216.5 | 216.5 | 216.2 | 216.2 |

(1) The asset impairment for Endako Mine in 2013 did not have a net tax impact due to offsetting valuation allowance movement; therefore, the non-GAAP adjusted net income (loss) presentation excluded this tax effect on both lines.

Included foreign exchange gain of \$0.6 million; foreign exchange loss of \$0.4 million; foreign exchange gain of \$0.4 million; and foreign exchange losses of \$0.1 million and \$0.4 million presented in income and mining tax expense (benefit) in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended

September 30, 2014, June 30, 2014, March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013, respectively.

Copper-Gold Operations - Unit Cash Cost and Average Realized Price per Payable Pound or Payable Ounce Sold
Unit cash cost on a by-product and co-product basis are considered key measures in evaluating operating performance in our Copper-Gold operations, as well as measures of profitability and efficiency on a consolidated basis. Although, unit cash cost on a by-product and co-product basis are not measures of financial performance, do not have standardized meaning prescribed by US GAAP and may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies, we believe these non-GAAP measures provide useful supplemental information to investors.

Unit cash cost on a by-product and co-product basis represent the mining, milling, on-site general and administration, truck and rail transportation, warehousing, refining and treatment, and ocean freight and insurance costs; and exclude the effects of changes in inventory; non-cash corporate allocations; other non-cash employee benefits, such as stock-based compensation; depreciation, depletion, amortization and accretion.

On a by-product basis, sales of by-product metals are deducted when computing cash costs in accordance with the cash cost standard endorsed by the World Gold Council and, previously, the Gold Institute.

On a co-product basis, cash costs are allocated between copper and gold based on production. Copper production is stated in thousands of pounds. Gold production has been converted to thousands of copper equivalent (Cu eq.) pounds using the gold production for the periods presented, as well as the most recent quarterly average prices for copper and gold. The price used for copper is the most recent quarterly average of the Metals Bulletin Daily published price for

LME settlement per tonne. The price used for gold is a weighted average of the most recent quarterly average of the Metals Bulletin Daily published prices for daily average London price per ounce adjusted for the fixed price established under the Gold Stream Arrangement (\$435 per oz).

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

The following tables provide a reconciliation of cash costs, unit cash costs, and operating expenses for Copper-Gold operations included in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) in the determination of net income (loss).

Non-GAAP cash cost

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|----------------------------------|------|---------------------------------|------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| (US\$ in millions) | | | | |
| Direct mining costs ⁽¹⁾ | \$48.8 | \$— | \$138.2 | \$— |
| Truck and rail transportation and warehousing costs | 3.8 | — | 10.0 | — |
| Costs reflected in inventory and operations costs | \$52.6 | \$— | \$148.2 | \$— |
| Refining and treatment costs | 4.4 | — | 12.9 | — |
| Ocean freight and insurance costs | 1.1 | — | 4.6 | — |
| Direct costs reflected in revenue and selling and marketing costs | \$5.5 | \$— | \$17.5 | \$— |
| Non-GAAP cash costs | \$58.1 | \$— | \$165.7 | \$— |
| Reconciliation to amounts reported (US\$ in millions) | | | | |
| Direct costs | \$(5.5) | \$— | \$(17.5) | \$— |
| Changes in inventory | (4.5) | — | 14.0 | — |
| Silver by-product credits ⁽²⁾ | (1.1) | — | (3.4) | — |
| Non cash costs and other | 0.4 | — | 1.1 | — |
| Copper-Gold segment US GAAP operating expenses | \$47.4 | \$— | \$159.9 | \$— |

(1) Mining, milling and on-site general and administration costs. Mining includes all stripping costs but excludes costs capitalized related to the construction of the tailings dam. Stripping costs that provide access to mineral reserves that will be produced in future periods are expensed as incurred under US GAAP.

(2) Silver sales are reflected as a credit to operating costs.

By-Product

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|----------------------------------|------|---------------------------------|------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| (US\$ in millions, except pounds and per pound amounts) | | | | |
| Copper payable production (000's lbs) | 16,267 | — | 46,545 | — |
| Non-GAAP cash cost | \$58.1 | \$— | \$165.7 | \$— |
| Gold sales ⁽¹⁾ | \$55.2 | \$— | \$134.1 | \$— |
| Less gold sales related to deferred portion of Gold Stream Arrangement | (10.8) | — | (24.9) | — |
| Net gold by-product credits | \$44.4 | \$— | \$109.2 | \$— |
| Silver by-product credits ⁽²⁾ | 1.1 | — | 3.4 | — |
| Total by-product credits | \$45.5 | \$— | \$112.6 | \$— |
| Non-GAAP cash cost net of by-product credits | \$12.6 | \$— | \$53.1 | \$— |
| Non-GAAP unit cash cost | \$0.77 | \$— | \$1.14 | \$— |

(1) Excluded refining and treatment charges.

(2) Silver sales are reflected as a credit to operating costs.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

Co- Product

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|------|-------------------|------|
| | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| (US\$ in millions, except pounds, ounces and per unit amounts) | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Copper payable production (000's lbs) | 16,267 | — | 46,545 | — |
| Gold payable production in Cu eq. (000's lbs) ⁽¹⁾ | 15,976 | — | 36,541 | — |
| Payable production (000's lbs) | 32,243 | — | 83,086 | — |
| Non-GAAP cash cost allocated to Copper | \$29.3 | \$— | \$92.8 | \$— |
| Non-GAAP unit cash cost | \$1.80 | \$— | \$2.00 | \$— |
| Non-GAAP cash cost allocated to Gold | \$28.8 | \$— | \$72.9 | \$— |
| Gold payable production (ounces) | 60,366 | — | 136,639 | — |
| Non-GAAP unit cash cost | \$477 | \$— | \$530 | \$— |

(1) Gold has been converted from payable ounces to thousands of copper equivalent pounds by using the gold production for the periods presented, using a gold price of \$840 and \$842 per ounce for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively, (adjusted for the Royal Gold price of \$435 per ounce) and a copper price of \$3.17 and \$3.15 per pound for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, respectively.

Average realized sales price

The average realized sales price per payable pound or payable ounce sold is calculated by dividing copper or gold sales revenue, gross, by the pounds or ounces sold, respectively, as shown in the tables below.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

| (US\$ in millions, except pounds, ounces and per unit amounts) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|-----------------------|------|-----------------------|------|
| | September 30, 2014 | 2013 | September 30, 2014 | 2013 |
| Average realized sales price for Copper | | | | |
| Payable pounds of copper sold (000's lb) | 16,482 | — | 49,214 | — |
| Copper sales, net | \$45.7 | \$— | \$140.3 | \$— |
| Refining and treatment costs | 4.2 | — | 12.3 | — |
| Copper sales, gross | \$49.9 | \$— | \$152.6 | \$— |
| Average realized sales price per payable pound sold ⁽¹⁾ | \$3.02 | \$— | \$3.10 | \$— |
| Average realized sales price for Gold | | | | |
| Payable ounces of gold sold under Gold Stream Arrangement | 29,965 | — | 69,329 | — |
| TCM share of payable ounces of gold sold to MTM Customers | 28,009 | — | 64,502 | — |
| Payable ounces of gold sold | 57,974 | — | 133,831 | — |
| Gold sales related to cash portion of Gold Stream Arrangement | \$13.0 | \$— | \$30.2 | \$— |
| Gold sales related to deferred portion of Gold Stream Arrangement | 10.8 | — | 24.9 | — |
| Gold sales under Gold Stream Arrangement | 23.8 | — | 55.1 | — |
| TCM share of gold sales to MTM Customers | 31.2 | — | 78.4 | — |
| Gold sales, net | 55.0 | — | 133.5 | — |
| Refining and treatment charges | 0.2 | — | 0.6 | — |
| Gold sales, gross | \$55.2 | \$— | \$134.1 | \$— |
| Average realized sales price related to cash portion of Gold Stream Arrangement | \$435 | \$— | \$435 | \$— |
| Average realized sales price related to deferred portion of Gold Stream Arrangement | \$359 | \$— | \$359 | \$— |
| Average realized sales price per payable ounce sold under Gold Stream Arrangement | \$794 | \$— | \$794 | \$— |
| Average realized sales price per payable ounce sold for TCM share ⁽¹⁾ | \$1,121 | \$— | \$1,225 | \$— |
| Average realized sales price per payable ounce sold ⁽¹⁾ | \$952 | \$— | \$1,002 | \$— |

(1) The average realized sales price per payable pound of copper sold and per payable ounce of gold sold is impacted by any final volume and pricing adjustments and mark-to-market adjustments for shipments made in prior periods. Molybdenum Operations - Cash Cost per Pound Produced, Weighted-Average Cash Cost per Pound Produced and Average Realized Sales Price per Pound Sold

Cash cost per pound produced, weighted-average cash cost per pound produced and average realized sales price per pound sold are considered key measures in evaluating our operating performance in our Molybdenum operations, as well as profitability and efficiency on a consolidated basis. Although cash cost per pound produced, weighted-average cash cost per pound produced and average realized sales price per pound sold are not measures of financial performance, do not have standardized meanings prescribed by US GAAP, and may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies, we believe these non-GAAP measures provide useful supplemental information to investors.

Cash cost per pound produced represents the mining, milling, on-site general and administration, transportation to Langeloth Facility, and allocation of roasting and packaging from the Langeloth Facility for molybdenum oxide and HPM produced; and excludes the effects of purchase price adjustments; changes in inventory; non-cash corporate

allocations; other non-cash employee benefits, such as stock-based compensation; and depreciation, depletion, amortization and accretion. Mining includes all stripping costs. Stripping costs that provide access to mineral reserves that will be produced in future periods are expensed as incurred under US GAAP.

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

The weighted-average cash cost per pound produced represents the cumulative total of the cash costs for TC Mine and Endako Mine divided by the cumulative total production from TC Mine and Endako Mine.

The following tables provide a reconciliation of cash costs and cash cost per pound produced, by mine, and operating expenses included in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) in the determination of net income (loss).

| | Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 | | | September 30, 2013 | | |
|---|--|---------------------------|---------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------|
| | Operating Expenses | Pounds Produced (1) | \$/lb | Operating Expenses | Pounds Produced (1) | \$/lb |
| (US\$ in millions, except pounds and per pound amounts) | | | | | | |
| TC Mine | | | | | | |
| Cash cost - Non-GAAP | \$18.5 | 4,073 | \$4.54 | \$24.6 | 5,716 | \$4.30 |
| Add/(Deduct): | | | | | | |
| Stock-based compensation | 0.2 | | | 0.2 | | |
| Inventory and other adjustments | 2.2 | | | 6.6 | | |
| US GAAP operating expenses | \$20.9 | | | \$31.4 | | |
| Endako Mine | | | | | | |
| Cash cost - Non-GAAP | \$25.9 | 2,487 | \$10.42 | \$26.0 | 2,820 | \$9.23 |
| Add/(Deduct): | | | | | | |
| Stock-based compensation | 0.2 | | | 0.1 | | |
| Inventory and other adjustments | 5.3 | | | (6.4) | | |
| US GAAP operating expenses | \$31.4 | | | \$19.7 | | |
| Other operations US GAAP operating expenses (2) | \$33.7 | | | \$15.8 | | |
| Molybdenum segments US GAAP operating expenses | \$86.0 | | | \$66.9 | | |
| Weighted-average cash cost—Non-GAAP | \$44.4 | 6,560 | \$6.77 | \$50.6 | 8,536 | \$5.93 |

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 | | | September 30, 2013 | | |
|---|---|---------------------------|---------|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------|
| | Operating Expenses | Pounds Produced (1) | \$/lb | Operating Expenses | Pounds Produced (1) | \$/lb |
| (US\$ in millions, except pounds and per pound amounts) | | | | | | |
| TC Mine | | | | | | |
| Cash cost - Non-GAAP | \$60.7 | 14,839 | \$4.09 | \$72.9 | 16,063 | \$4.54 |
| Add/(Deduct): | | | | | | |
| Stock-based compensation | 0.6 | | | 0.7 | | |
| Inventory and other adjustments | 17.4 | | | 16.6 | | |
| US GAAP operating expenses | \$78.7 | | | \$90.2 | | |
| Endako Mine | | | | | | |
| Cash cost - Non-GAAP | \$75.9 | 7,089 | \$10.71 | \$71.8 | 6,688 | \$10.74 |
| Add/(Deduct): | | | | | | |

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| | | | | | | |
|--|---------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|
| Stock-based compensation | 0.2 | | | 0.3 | | |
| Inventory and other adjustments | 4.9 | | | (15.3) | | |
| US GAAP operating expenses | \$81.0 | | | \$56.8 | | |
| Other operations US GAAP operating expenses ⁽²⁾ | \$75.6 | | | \$65.6 | | |
| Molybdenum segments US GAAP operating expenses | \$235.3 | | | \$212.6 | | |
| Weighted-average cash cost—Non-GAAP | \$136.6 | 21,928 | \$6.23 | \$144.7 | 22,751 | \$6.36 |

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THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (Continued)

- (1) Pounds produced are shown in molybdenum oxide and include an estimated loss from our share of the sulfide production from the mines to oxide. They exclude molybdenum processed from purchased product. Other operations represent activities related to the roasting and processing of third-party concentrate and other metals at the Langeloth Facility and exclude product volumes and costs related to the roasting and processing of
- (2) TC Mine and Endako Mine concentrate. The Langeloth Facility costs associated with roasting and processing of TC Mine and Endako Mine concentrate are included in their respective operating results above.

Average realized sales price

The average realized sales price per pound sold represents molybdenum sales revenue divided by the pounds sold.

| (US\$ in millions, except pounds and per pound amounts) | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|
| | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| Molybdenum sold (000's lb) | 8,913 | 8,320 | 28,447 | 26,851 |
| Molybdenum sales | \$124.3 | \$85.7 | \$353.5 | \$303.1 |
| Average realized sales price per pound | \$13.94 | \$10.30 | \$12.43 | \$11.29 |

Critical Accounting Estimates

Change in Estimate

On January 1, 2014, the Life of Mine Plan ("LOM") for the Endako Mine, in which we own a 75% joint venture interest, was revised to reflect long term molybdenum pricing expectations. As a result, Endako Mine's estimated mine life was reduced to approximately 3.5 years from 15 years. During the second quarter of 2014, in light of the reduced mine life and to better reflect the economic utilization of property, plant and equipment assets at the Endako Mine, we reduced the depreciable lives of Endako Mine's property, plant and equipment assets using the straight line and declining balance depreciation convention (the depreciable lives of assets using the units-of-production depreciation convention had been reduced in the first quarter of 2014) and began considering the salvage values of these assets when recognizing its share of depreciation, depletion and amortization expense. This change in estimate, effective as of April 1, 2014, was accounted for prospectively in accordance with ASC 205, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. This change lowered depreciation expense and increased net income by \$4.3 million, or approximately \$0.02 per diluted share and \$6.4 million or approximately \$0.03 per diluted share, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Commodity Price Risk

Our consolidated revenues include the sale of copper and gold concentrate from Mt. Milligan Mine and the sale of molybdenum in various forms from TC and Endako Mines and from third-party material that is purchased, processed and sold from our and other mines as well as the Langeloth Facility. Our financial results can vary significantly as a result of fluctuations in the market prices of copper, gold and molybdenum.

At September 30, 2014, we estimate that, based on our 2014 production guidance, the following changes in the prices for each of our metals will impact our 2014 consolidated revenues as follows:

| Metal | Change in Price ¹ | Impact on Revenue (US\$ in millions) | |
|------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| Copper | \$0.10 per pound | \$6.5 | to \$7.5 |
| Gold | \$100 per ounce | \$7.9 | to \$8.4 |
| Molybdenum | \$1 per pound | \$24.0 | to \$28.0 |

- (1) Copper and molybdenum price changes are on realized prices. Gold price change is calculated using the price for our 47.75% share of payable gold.

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In addition, these metals prices are key components in estimates that determine the valuation of our significant assets and liabilities, including property, plant, equipment and development, and changes in prices may affect these estimates and result in recorded impairments to our asset carrying values. Please see "Critical Accounting Estimates" in Part II, Item 7 of our 2013 10-K for further discussion.

Copper and Gold

Substantially all of our concentrate sales contracts provide final pricing in a specified future month (generally one to four months from the shipment date) based primarily on quoted LME monthly average spot copper prices or quoted LBMA monthly average spot gold prices. We receive market prices based on prices in the specified future period, which results in price fluctuations recorded through revenues until the date of settlement. To the extent final prices are higher or lower than what was recorded on a provisional basis, an increase or decrease to revenues is recorded each reporting period until the date of final pricing. Accordingly, in times of rising copper and gold prices, our revenues benefit from adjustments to the final pricing of provisionally priced sales pursuant to contracts entered into in prior periods; in times of falling copper and gold prices, the opposite occurs.

In order to hedge the price risk for decreases in the final settlement pricing from the provisional pricing, we have entered into certain forward copper and gold purchase and sale contracts pursuant to which we purchase copper or gold at an average price for a quotational period and sell copper or gold at a spot price. Additionally, we have entered into zero cost collars pursuant to which we agreed with a counterparty to a floor and ceiling price relative to future prices of gold.

To satisfy our obligations under the Gold Stream Arrangement, after the sale of concentrate to MTM Customers, we purchase unallocated refined gold and arrange for delivery to Royal Gold's designated account. We receive payments from MTM Customers in cash, thus requiring the purchase of gold in order to satisfy the obligation to pay Royal Gold in gold. As of September 30, 2014, we had satisfied our obligations under the Gold Stream Arrangement with respect to third quarter 2014 sales and had no outstanding contracts to purchase gold.

In order to hedge the risk that the final settlement price for gold will decrease from the provisional price received for sales of concentrate together with the price at which we will purchase gold for delivery to Royal Gold, we have entered into certain forward gold purchase and sales contracts pursuant to which we purchase gold at an average price during a quotational period ("QP") and sell gold at a spot price. See Note 5 within Item 1 of this 10-Q, which provides details of related commodity contracts as of September 30, 2014.

Molybdenum and other

We will at times enter into provisionally-priced molybdenum sales contracts, whereby the contracts settle at prices to be determined at a future date. We also enter into certain molybdenum sales contracts to sell future molybdenum production at fixed prices. These fixed prices may be different than the quoted market price at the date of sale. We treat these contracts as normal purchase and normal sales contracts. The following table sets forth our outstanding provisionally-priced molybdenum contracts as of September 30, 2014:

| | Pounds to be Sold/Purchased (000's lb) |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Provisionally-priced contracts: | |
| Sales | 462 |
| Purchases | 793 |
| Fixed-priced sales contracts: | |
| Molybdenum committed ⁽¹⁾ | 465 |

(1) As of September 30, 2014 for our fixed-priced molybdenum sales contracts the average price per pound is \$12.65. In the normal course of operations, we enter into agreements for the purchase of molybdenum. As of September 30, 2014, we have commitments to purchase approximately 7.0 million pounds of molybdenum unroasted molybdenum concentrate from 2014 to 2016 primarily priced at the time of purchase at a set discount to the market price for roasted molybdenum concentrate. In addition, we have purchase agreements to buy approximately 0.4 million pounds of molybdenum as roasted molybdenum concentrate during the remainder of 2014 to be priced at market at the time of

delivery.

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Additionally, TCM has entered into a natural gas contract, as described below, at the Langeloth Facility to control the prices paid for natural gas used in operations.

| | Quantity | Sell Price | Buy Price | Maturities Through |
|---------------------------|----------|------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Natural Gas Purchase (Dt) | 197,235 | n/a | \$2.91-\$3.38 | October 2014-September 2016 |

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

We transact business in various currencies in the normal course of our operations. All of our revenues are denominated in the US dollar; however, we pay certain expenses attributable to our Canadian operations in the Canadian dollar. As a result, we have ongoing foreign exchange translation risk with respect to our Canadian operations. For example, a change of 10% in the value of the US dollar relative to the Canadian dollar would have impacted operating income (loss) during the first nine months of 2014 by approximately \$23.0 million.

To help mitigate this risk, we have entered into foreign currency forward contracts in which we have agreed to buy Canadian dollars at an agreed-upon rate. Please refer to Note 5 within Item 1 of this 10-Q for further discussion. We record our currency contracts at fair value using a market approach based on observable quoted exchange rates and contracted notional amounts. As of September 30, 2014, we had 10 outstanding foreign currency option contracts.

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ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

TCM's disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that are filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to TCM's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, with assistance from management, have evaluated the effectiveness of disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2014. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer have concluded that TCM's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as a result of the material weaknesses described below.

Previously Reported Material Weaknesses

As previously discussed in Item 9A "Controls and Procedures" of the Form 10-K, we reported material weaknesses at Mt. Milligan Mine related to:

- inadequate management oversight and monitoring of certain financial controls;
- ineffective controls over the accuracy and valuation of inventory, including the accuracy of periodic physical counts and the accuracy of the assumptions used in the valuation;
- ineffective controls over the recognition and measurement of capitalized costs related to property, plant and equipment, specifically, cut-off procedures related to accrued liabilities and the allocation between capitalized costs and expenses.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting, other than described below, that occurred during the three months ended September 30, 2014 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

During the three months ended September 30, 2014, we took further actions to remediate the material internal control weaknesses related to Mt. Milligan Mine, including:

- Hired and trained additional qualified accounting personnel to support Canadian operations
- Conducted training for accounting staff on site-specific accounting, procurement and accounts payable policies and procedures, as well as internal controls over financial reporting;
- Implemented new processes to allow for (i) cascading levels of review of financial information, with continued oversight during and after consolidation of financial results and (ii) more timely financial month-end close processes, which allows for further analytical reviews; and
- Continued conducting counts of materials and supplies inventory.

Management's Plans for Remediation of the Material Weaknesses

During the three months ended September 30, 2014, we made progress in the implementation of our remediation plan; however, the material weakness will not be considered remediated and our internal control over financial reporting will not be considered effective until additional review procedures regarding the operations of Mt. Milligan Mine have been operating effectively for an adequate period of time. Management will evaluate the remediation progress when assessing the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures in future reporting periods. While management believes that the remediation efforts will resolve the identified material weaknesses, there is no assurance that management's remediation efforts conducted to date will be sufficient or that additional remediation will not be necessary.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are from time to time involved in or subject to legal proceedings related to our business. While it is not feasible to predict or determine the outcome of such proceedings, it is the opinion of management that the resolution of such proceedings is not expected to have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

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ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 sets forth information relating to important risks and uncertainties that could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or operating results. Those risk factors continue to be relevant to an understanding of our business, financial condition and operating results for the quarter ended September 30, 2014.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Under Section 1503(a) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, mine operators are required to include in their periodic reports filed with the SEC certain information concerning mine safety violations and other regulatory matters. The required information is included in Exhibit 95 to this report.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

| Exhibit Number | Description |
|----------------|---|
| 3.1 | Notice of Articles, dated October 21, 2013 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to TCM's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed with the SEC on November 22, 2013). |
| 3.2 | Certificate of Continuation, dated July 29, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to TCM's Amendment No. 1 to its Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 1, 2010). |
| 3.3 | Restated Articles of Continuance, effective May 14, 2014. |
| *31.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| *31.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| *32.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. This document is being furnished in accordance with SEC Release No. 33-8328. |
| *32.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. This document is being furnished in accordance with SEC Release No. 33-8328. |
| *95 | Mine Safety Disclosures. |
| *101 | The following materials from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Thompson Creek Metals Company Inc. for the quarter ended September 30, 2014 formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss), (ii) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (iv) related notes to these financial statements. |

* Filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

THOMPSON CREEK METALS COMPANY INC.
Registrant

November 10, 2014

Date

/s/ JACQUES PERRON
Jacques Perron
(Chief Executive Officer and Director)

November 10, 2014

Date

/s/ PAMELA L. SAXTON
Pamela L. Saxton (Principal Financial Officer and
Principal Accounting Officer)