UNITED PARCEL SERVICE INC Form DEF 14A March 15, 2019 Table of Contents

#### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

## SCHEDULE 14A

# Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Amendment No. )

Filed by the Registrant

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant

CHECK THE APPROPRIATE BOX:

Preliminary Proxy Statement Confidential, For Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2)) Definitive Proxy Statement Definitive Additional Materials Soliciting Material Under Rule 14a-12

# **United Parcel Service, Inc.**

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter) (Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if Other Than the Registrant)

## PAYMENT OF FILING FEE (CHECK THE APPROPRIATE BOX):

No fee required.

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fee is calculated and state how it was determined):

4) Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction:

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2) Form, Schedule or Registration Statement No.:

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4) Date Filed:

Notice of 2019 Annual Meeting of Shareowners and Proxy Statement

# Thursday, May 9, 2019 8:00 a.m. Eastern Time

Hotel du Pont Wilmington, Delaware

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United Parcel Service, Inc. 55 Glenlake Parkway, N.E. Atlanta, GA 30328

March 15, 2019

Dear Fellow Shareowners:

UPS is Strong Today and CREATING our Tomorrow.

It is my pleasure to invite you to join us at UPS's 2019 Annual Meeting of Shareowners. Since our last Annual Meeting, UPS has continued our sweeping transformation that is touching every part of our business — from leadership and culture to our operations, processes and the way we go to market.

In short, UPS is Strong Today, and CREATING our Tomorrow. We embarked on this transformation from a position of strength, with a commitment to create our own future. UPS has a powerful brand, an exceptional and essential global network, and a broad product and solutions portfolio that is designed to meet the current and emerging needs of our customers. UPS produces strong cash flow, the industry's highest margins, and a solid balance sheet.

Our transformation is designed to achieve three principal goals: generate high-quality revenue growth; drive efficiencies and cost reductions that will improve our margins; and further develop our talent as we continue to foster a culture of innovation.

The investments we are making in our network, people, technology and products will improve leverage in our global operations – and are creating greater differentiation for UPS in the markets we serve. Our customers will benefit from more flexibility, consistency and visibility in how packages are moved through our network. By enhancing the value we create for our customers, we will generate higher revenue per package, better balance between our business and residential-based volumes and a higher level of earnings growth.

We made substantial progress on the network investment initiatives we first discussed in early 2017. We are implementing technology that is making our network and our company more efficient, more flexible, more resilient, and more anticipatory. The result is a network that enables us to attract additional opportunities for high quality growth and generate improved operating margins.

We are capturing opportunities through digital technology and automation that are changing the way people and companies connect and communicate. Additionally, our advanced methods of optimizing the flows of freight and packages with available capacity results in improved transit times for our customers and better asset utilization and network efficiency. To build on those improvements and fulfill the growing demand for our services, we are significantly expanding capacity through comprehensive investments across our operations.

These improvements have succeeded in large part due to the innovative ideas and commitment to service our people bring to UPS everyday. We will continue to shape our culture so we can seize on the new market opportunities of the 21st century.

I want to encourage all of our shareowners to vote. This is your opportunity to share your views with the Company. We look for meaningful ways to engage with our investors as we continually seek to grow our business, improve governance and increase shareowner value. We are grateful to those shareowners who have previously shared their views. As we approach the Annual Meeting, I encourage you to contact us with any questions or feedback at 404-828-6059.

On behalf of the entire Board of Directors, thank you for your continued support of UPS.

David P. Abney Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

## Notice of UPS 2019 Annual Meeting UNITED PARCEL SERVICE, INC. 55 Glenlake Parkway, N.E., Atlanta, Georgia 30328

Date and Time: May 9, 2019, 8:00 a.m. Eastern Time

Place: Hotel du Pont, 11th and Market Streets, Wilmington, Delaware

Record Date: March 11, 2019

**Distribution Date:** A Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials or the Proxy Statement is first being sent to shareowners on or about March 15, 2019.

Voting: Holders of class A common stock are entitled to 10 votes per share; holders of class B common stock are entitled to one vote per share.

Your vote is important. Please vote as soon as possible by using the Internet, by telephone or by signing and returning your proxy card (if you received a paper copy of the proxy card by mail). Your voting options are described on the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials and/or proxy card.

Admission: To attend the meeting in person you will need proof of your share ownership (see page 68 for acceptable proof of ownership) as of the record date and a form of government-issued photo identification.

Important Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials for the Shareowner Meeting to be held on May 9, 2019: The Proxy Statement and our 2018 Annual Report are available at www.proxyvote.com. Questions? Call 404-828-6059 (option 2).

Norman M. Brothers, Jr. Secretary Atlanta, Georgia March 15, 2019

Items of Business

Company Proposals:	Voting Choices	Board Voting Recommendations	Page
	Vote for all nominees Vote against all nominees		
Elect 12 director nominees named in the Proxy Statement to serve until the	Vote for some nominees		
2020 Annual Meeting and until their respective successors are elected and 1. qualified	Abstain from voting on one or more nominees	FOR ALL	20
	Vote for ratification Vote against ratification		
Ratify the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent 2. registered public accounting firm for 2019 Shareowner Proposals (if properly presented):	Abstain from voting on the proposal	FOR	57
	Vote for the proposal		
	Vote against the proposal		
3. Prepare an annual report on lobbying activities	Abstain from voting on the proposal	AGAINST	60
	Vote for the proposal Vote against the proposal		
Reduce the voting power of class A stock from 10 votes per share to one 4. vote per share	Abstain from voting on the proposal	AGAINST	62
	Vote for the proposal Vote against the proposal		
Prepare a report to assess the integration of sustainability metrics into 5. executive compensation	Abstain from voting on the proposal	AGAINST	64

# Proxy Statement UNITED PARCEL SERVICE, INC.

### 55 Glenlake Parkway, N.E., Atlanta, Georgia 30328

This Proxy Statement contains important information on Company matters that require your vote at the 2019 Annual Meeting of Shareowners (the "Annual Meeting"). We are providing these proxy materials to you because you own shares of United Parcel Service, Inc. common stock and our Board of Directors is soliciting your proxy to vote your shares at the Annual Meeting. We are first mailing this Proxy Statement to our shareowners on or about March 15, 2019. The Annual Meeting will be held May 9, 2019, at 8:00 a.m. Eastern Time, at Hotel du Pont, 11th and Market Streets, Wilmington, Delaware.

All properly executed written proxies, and all properly completed proxies submitted by the Internet or telephone, that are delivered pursuant to this solicitation will be voted at the Annual Meeting in accordance with the directions given in the proxy, unless the proxy is revoked prior to completion of voting at the meeting. Only owners of record of shares of the Company's common stock as of the close of business on March 11, 2019, the "Record Date", are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the Annual Meeting (or any adjournment or postponement of the meeting).

# Proxy Statement Summary

This summary highlights information contained elsewhere in this Proxy Statement.

# Corporate Governance

Following is a brief overview of some of our corporate governance policies and practices:

We maintain an independent board; all of our directors are independent, other than our Chairman and CEO;

We have a highly engaged lead independent director with significant oversight responsibilities;

All of our directors are elected annually;

We have adopted a proxy access bylaw allowing qualifying shareowners to include director nominees in the Proxy Statement;

We provide for majority voting in uncontested director elections;

Acting as a full board and through each independent board committee, the board is fully engaged in the Company's strategic planning process, conducting an in depth review of Company strategy on an annual basis and receiving regular updates throughout the year;

Our independent directors meet regularly without management;

The board has a Risk Committee comprised entirely of independent board members that is responsible for assisting in overseeing management's identification and evaluation of enterprise risks, including risks associated with cyber-security;

The board and each board committee conduct evaluations annually;

We regularly engage with shareowners; we contacted holders of over 43% of our class B common stock during this proxy season to discuss our executive compensation programs and corporate governance practices;

Our robust stock ownership guidelines include a target ownership of eight times annual salary for the Chief Executive Officer and five times annual salary for other executive officers; and

Executive officers and directors are prohibited from hedging their ownership in UPS stock and, since 2014, have been prohibited from entering into pledges of UPS stock.

# The UPS Board

The Board of Directors is responsible for the oversight of our Company. Beyond a broad range of **skills and experiences**, we seek to maintain an **optimal mix of newer directors**, who bring fresh perspectives, and **longer-tenured directors**, who have contributed to developing our strategy over time, and have acquired an in-depth understanding of our global organization. A majority of non-management independent directors ensures **robust debate and challenged opinions** in the boardroom, while **diversity** of gender, age and ethnicity contributes to a diverse range of views. The board believes that the 2019 nominees are of an appropriate composition to effectively oversee and constructively challenge the performance of management in the execution of our strategy.

# As a group, our 12 director nominees have the skills and experience to effectively oversee a global organization

Each year, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee assesses the skills and experience necessary for our board to function effectively, and considers where additional expertise may be needed.

# We believe that as a group, our 12 director nominees bring the requisite skills and experience to ensure the overall effectiveness of our Board.

# The board has been meaningfully refreshed since 2010 with 7 independent directors joining, and 5 departing the board\*

The board recognizes that it continually needs to monitor and improve the effectiveness of its operations and our directors. This is achieved through, among other practices, an annual detailed evaluation process that provides for quantitative ratings in key areas of board performance and through director education opportunities.

The board consists of individuals with deep experience and knowledge of UPS, complemented by the fresh perspective of newer directors. Together, our directors work effectively as a team, and are highly focused on UPS's success. Our Chairman and CEO provides strong leadership and is supported – and constructively challenged – by an independent board

While our current CEO serves as Chairman, the board benefits from the oversight of 11\* independent directors, including an engaged lead independent director; William "Bill" Johnson has served in this role since 2016. We believe that diversity in our boardroom supports UPS's continued success and advantage

Gender Diversity\* Overall Diversity\* Age Diversity\*

\* Excludes current director Candace Kendle, whose board service will conclude at the 2019 Annual Meeting.

# **Election of Directors**

The table below provides summary information about the 12 director nominees. For more information see page 20.

Name		Director e Since	r Occupation	Committee(s)	Other Public Company Boards
Independent Director	ſS			Pick (Chair)	
				Risk (Chair)	
Rodney C. Adkins	60	2013	Former Senior Vice President, International Business Machines Former Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President, Dana	Compensation	4(2)
Michael J. Burns	67	2005	Corporation	Audit	0
				Nominating and Corpora	te
				Governance (Chair)	
				Executive	
William R. Johnson <sup>(1)</sup>	70	2009	Former Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, H.J. Heinz Company		1
				Compensation (Chair)	
				Risk	
Ann M. Livermore	60	1997	Former Executive Vice President, Hewlett-Packard Company	Executive	2
				Compensation	
				Nominating and Corpora	
Rudy H.P. Markham	73	2007	Former Financial Director, Unilever	Governance	2
				Nominating and Corpora Governance	te
Franck J. Moison	65	2017	Former Vice Chairman, Colgate-Palmolive Company	Risk	1
				Compensation	
				Nominating and Corpora	
Clark T. Randt, Jr.	73	2010	Former U.S. Ambassador to the People's Republic of China	Governance	3
				Compensation	
Christiana Smith Shi	59	2018	Former President, Direct-to-Consumer, Nike, Inc.	Risk	2
John T. Stankey	56	2014	Chief Executive Officer, WarnerMedia Chief Financial Officer and Executive Vice President — Corporate	Audit	0
Carol B. Tomé	62	2003	Services, The Home Depot, Inc.	Audit (Chair)	0
			Former Member of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve	Compensation	
			System, Distinguished Visiting Fellow, Hoover Institution, Stanford	Nominating and Corpora	te
Kevin Warsh	48		University	Governance	0
Non-Independent Dir					
David P. Abney	63	2014	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, United Parcel Service, Inc.	Executive (Chair)	1

(1) Lead Independent Director

(2) Rodney Adkins has informed us that, as of May 2019, he will be serving on no more than three other total public company boards of directors.

**Executive Compensation** 

For more information see page 30. Compensation Practices

A significant portion of executive compensation is tied to Company performance over a multi-year period. This aligns executive decision-making with the long-term interests of our shareowners. We also have a long-standing owner-manager culture. The compensation and governance practices that support these principles include:

A balanced mix of cash and equity, annual and longer-term incentives, and performance metrics which mitigate excessive risk-taking;

Annual performance incentive awards are paid partially in equity and contain vesting requirements beyond the performance period;

Long-term performance incentive awards include multiple goals to avoid over emphasis on any one metric; the performance goals are (1) revenue growth, (2) operating return on invested capital and (3) relative total shareowner return ("TSR");

Long-term performance incentive awards vest following a three-year performance period;

Stock option awards vest ratably over a five-year period;

Incentive Compensation Plans include clawback provisions that permit us to recover awards granted to executive officers;

Incentive Compensation Plan requires a "double trigger" — both a change in control and a termination of employment — to accelerate the vesting of awards that are not continued or assumed by a successor entity; and

No tax gross-ups to executive officers with respect to equity awards.

2018 Compensation Actions

Key 2018 compensation decisions for our Named Executive Officers ("NEOs") included:

Most total direct compensation is performance-based and is considered "at risk" (86% for the NEOs as a group and 90% for the CEO). See page 31;

In order to help attract senior executive talent to participate in the transformation of our business, the Compensation Committee approved the compensation for two external hires to the Company's Management Committee. See page 40;

As a result of the annual salary review process, base salaries were increased by an average of 2.8%. See page 33; Annual incentive awards for Company and individual performance during the year ended December 31, 2018 were earned above target for all NEOs. See page 34; and

Previously granted 2016 Long-Term Incentive Performance ("LTIP") awards, which had three-year performance goals of revenue growth, operating return on invested capital and relative total shareowner return ending in 2018, were earned at 74% of target. See page 39.

Ratification of the Appointment of the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors has appointed Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for the year ending December 31, 2019. The board recommends that you ratify the appointment. Following is summary information about the fees billed to us by Deloitte & Touche LLP during the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017. For more information, see page 57.

	2018		2017	
Fees Billed:				
Audit Fees	\$	14,558,000	\$	14,608,000
Audit-Related Fees	\$	968,000	\$	1,234,000
Tax Fees	\$	825,000	\$	720,000

Total	\$ 16,351,000	\$ 16,562,000

# Shareowner Proposals

The board recommends you vote AGAINST shareowner proposals (1) requesting the preparation of an annual report on lobbying activities, (2) seeking to reduce the voting power of our class A stock and (3) requesting the preparation of a report assessing the feasibility of incorporating sustainability metrics into executive compensation. More information about these proposals is available starting on page 60.

#### Corporate Governance

Our Board of Directors employs practices that foster effective oversight of critical matters such as strategy, management succession planning, financial and other controls, risk management and compliance. The board reviews our major governance documents, policies and processes regularly in

the context of current corporate governance trends, regulatory changes and recognized best practices. The following sections provide an overview of our corporate governance structure and processes, including key aspects of our board operations.

## Selecting Director Nominees

Maintaining a board of individuals, independent of management and of the highest personal character, integrity and ethical standards is crucial. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee also seeks to create a board that reflects a range of professional backgrounds and skills relevant to our business, as well as diversity with respect to gender, age and ethnicity. Some of the most important skills and experiences our board seeks in potential director candidates are audit and financial proficiency, operator or general manager experience, and digital technology expertise. Our director biographies highlight the skills and experiences that led the board to conclude that the nominee should serve as a director.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee uses a variety of sources to identify potential candidates, including recommendations from independent directors or members of management, outside consultants, discussions with other persons who may know of suitable candidates and shareowner recommendations. Prospective candidate evaluations typically include the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee's review of the candidate's background and qualifications, interviews with Committee members and other board members, and open discussions between the Committee and the full board. An outside consultant helps identify, screen and recruit director candidates in consultation with the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. This process allows for active and ongoing consideration of potential directors with a long-term focus on Company strategy.

## The Board's Director Nomination Process

#### **Review of Board Composition**

- The board's annual evaluation helps the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee identify the board's current needs by 1 assessing areas where additional expertise, skills or experience may be needed. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee regularly conducts an in-depth board composition analysis. Identification of Candidates The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee uses a variety of sources to identify potential candidates and emphasizes the importance of identifying a diverse pool of candidates. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee reviews and 2 recommends director nominees to the board, including candidates to fill vacancies. When evaluating director candidates, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee considers factors such as personal character, values and disciplines, ethical standards, other outside commitments, professional background and skills. An independent consultant helps evaluate potential candidates and supports the recruitment process. **Shortlisted Candidates** The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee maintains a list of potential director candidates according to desired 3 skills and experiences. The list is reviewed frequently and updated as needed. Each director candidate is carefully evaluated to ensure that existing and planned future commitments will not materially interfere with the candidate's responsibilities as a UPS director. **Nomination and Election** 4 Candidates identified by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and approved by the board are nominated for election at the Annual Meeting. Result 7 new independent directors added since 2010
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#### Shareowner Recommendations, Nominations and Proxy Access

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will consider shareowner recommended director candidates on the same basis as recommendations from other sources. Shareowners can recommend a director candidate to the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee by submitting the name of the prospective candidate in writing to the following address: Corporate Secretary, 55 Glenlake Parkway, N.E., Atlanta, Georgia 30328. Submissions should describe the experience, qualifications, attributes and skills that make the prospective candidate a suitable director nominee.

In 2017, we proactively adopted a proxy access bylaw as part of our ongoing commitment to strong corporate governance practices following thoughtful discussions with shareowners

through the Company's long-standing outreach program. We provide a single shareowner, or group of up to 20 shareowners, that has owned at least 3 percent of UPS's outstanding stock continuously for at least three years, the ability to include director nominees in UPS's proxy materials for an annual meeting of shareowners. Shareowners may include in the proxy materials the greater of 20 percent of the board seats or two directors. Our Bylaws set forth the requirements for the formal shareowner nomination process for director candidates. These requirements are described under "Other Information for Shareowners — Proxy Access, Shareowner Proposals and Nominations for Director at the 2020 Annual Meeting" on page 69.

## **Board Diversity**

Effective decision-making is facilitated by a variety of viewpoints. Diversity is an important consideration for the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee when identifying director nominees. The Committee considers the board's overall composition in light of race, gender, age and cultural background, as well as diversity in experience and skills relevant to the oversight of a complex global business. The

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee assesses the effectiveness of its diversity efforts through periodic evaluations of the board's composition.

Our 12 director nominees include a diverse range of individuals, including three women, one African-American, two Europeans and a nominee who spent his entire career in Asia. The director nominees range between 48 and 73 years of age.

Gender Diversity\*Overall Diversity\*25% female33% diversity of gender and ethnicityBoard Refreshment and Succession Planning

7.6 The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee regularly considers the long-term make-up of our Board of Directors and how the composition of our board changes over time. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee also considers the skills needed on our board as our business and the markets in which we do business evolve. The board seeks to balance the knowledge and experience that comes from longer-term board service with the new ideas and energy that can come from adding new directors to the board. Since 2010 we have added 7 new independent directors to the board and have had 5 directors retire. The median tenure for the director nominees of approximately 8 years reflects the balance the board seeks between different perspectives brought by long-serving directors and new directors.

\* Excludes current director Candace Kendle, whose board service will conclude at the 2019 Annual Meeting.

www.upsannualmeeting.com 11

Age Diversity\*

63 years median age

## Director Independence

92% Our Corporate Governance Guidelines include director independence standards that meet the listing standards set forth by the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), which require a majority of the directors to be independent. Our Corporate Governance Guidelines are available on the governance section of our investor relations website at www.investors.ups.com.

The board reviewed each director's independence in February 2019 and considered whether there were any relationships between UPS and each director, or any member of his or her immediate family. The board also examined whether there were any relationships between UPS and organizations where a director is a partner, principal shareowner or executive officer. This review allowed the board to determine whether any such relationships impacted a director's independence. Specifically, the board evaluated certain ordinary course business transactions and relationships between UPS and the organizations that employed Michael Burns, Franck Moison, John Stankey, and

Carol Tomé, or their immediate family members. The board determined that none of these transactions or relationships were material to the Company, the individuals or the organizations with which they were associated.

As a result of this review, the board affirmatively determined that all our directors (which includes all of the director nominees other than Chairman and Chief Executive Officer David Abney) are independent. All members of the Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and Risk Committee are independent.

#### **Board Leadership**

Based on the periodic evaluation and recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, the board determines the most appropriate leadership structure for the Board of Directors at any given time. Historically, our Chief Executive Officer has served as Chairman of the Board, as all ten of our previous Chief Executive Officers also served as Chairman. This leadership structure has been effective for the Company.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee makes recommendations to the board about who should serve as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, and the board then selects the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. The board determined that UPS Chairman and Chief Executive Officer David Abney is best positioned to continue to lead the board at this time and to focus

the board's attention on the issues of greatest importance to the Company and its shareowners. David has primary responsibility for managing the Company's day to day operations, and he draws on his extensive knowledge of our business, industry and competitive developments, key customers and business partners to set the board's agenda. David communicates UPS's strategy to shareowners, employees, regulators, customers and the public. He provides open and frequent feedback to board members on significant matters within and outside of the board meeting cycle. David is available to all directors between meetings and meets regularly with the lead independent director, as described below, to receive feedback from the board. He seeks to ensure that board meetings are productive and interactions with the directors facilitate a useful exchange of viewpoints.

#### Independent Board Leadership

Independent oversight is important to the board. Accordingly, in February 2016, the independent directors of the board appointed William "Bill" Johnson as lead independent director. Bill devotes significant time to understanding our business and communicating with the Chairman and other directors between meetings. He provides significant input into the board meeting agendas and he spends time with our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer after each board meeting to provide feedback. He also periodically meets with our largest shareowners to answer questions and to provide perspective on appropriate topics, such as the Company's culture and governance practices.

Our lead independent director's leadership authority and responsibilities include:

Presiding at meetings of the board at which the Chairman is not present, including executive sessions of the non-management and independent directors;

Approving information to be sent to the board;

Approving the agenda and schedule for board meetings to provide sufficient time for discussion of all agenda items;

Serving as liaison between the Chairman and the non-management and independent directors;

Being available for consultation and communication with major shareowners upon request; and

Having the authority to call executive sessions of the non-management and independent directors.

Furthermore, all of the members of each of the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the Risk Committee are independent. Each committee is led by a chairperson who sets the meeting agendas and reports to the full board on the committee's work.

Additionally, the independent directors meet in executive session without management present as frequently as they deem appropriate, as described below. This structure provides the best form of leadership for the Company and its shareowners at this time.

#### Executive Sessions of Independent Directors

Our independent directors hold executive sessions without management present as frequently as they deem appropriate, typically at the time of each regular board meeting. The lead independent director determines the agenda for each session, presides at each session and, after the session, acts as a liaison

between the independent directors and the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. The lead independent director may invite the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer to join the session for certain discussions when deemed appropriate.

## Board and Committee Evaluations

## **Board Evaluation Process**

#### Formal and Detailed Annual Evaluation Process

- 1 The charters of each of the Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and Risk Committee require an annual performance evaluation. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee oversees the annual board assessment process and the implementation of the annual committee assessments.
- **Questionnaires**
- 2 All board and committee members complete a detailed confidential questionnaire each year. The questionnaire provides for quantitative ratings in key areas and also allows directors to provide feedback and make detailed anonymous comments. Review
- The Chair of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee reviews the responses with the chairs of the other board Committees. The Chair of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee also discusses the board evaluation results with the full board.

#### Follow-up

- 4 Matters requiring follow-up are addressed by the Chair of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee or the chairs of the other committees as appropriate.
- Result Result and timing of delivery of board meeting materials, board meeting agendas and recurring topics, director orientation and director recruitment practices.

The Chairman and the board's lead independent director frequently discuss the performance of the board and the board's committees, and have informal discussions about individual director contributions to the board. The lead independent director shares feedback from these discussions with the full board and with individual board members.

All board and committee members complete a detailed evaluation questionnaire each year. The board questionnaire provides for quantitative ratings in key areas, including overall board effectiveness, meeting effectiveness, access to information, information format, board committee structure, access to management, succession planning, meeting

dialogue, communication with the CEO, operational reporting, financial oversight, capital structure and financing, capital spending, long-term strategic planning, risk oversight, crisis management and time management. The questionnaire also allows directors to provide written feedback and make detailed anonymous comments.

Feedback from these evaluations in 2018 led to several important changes in board operations, including changes to board meeting agendas and recurring topics, additional attention to the succession planning process, and board committee membership rotations.

## Majority Voting and Director Resignation Policy

Our Bylaws provide for majority voting in uncontested director elections. This means that in order to be elected, the number of votes cast for a nominee must exceed the number of votes cast against that person.

In accordance with our director voting policy, any incumbent director who does not receive a majority of the votes cast must offer to resign from the board. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will recommend to the board whether to accept or reject the director's offer to resign after considering all relevant factors. The board will act on the recommendation within 90 days following certification of the election results.

The board will take into account the factors considered by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and any additional relevant information. Any director who offers to resign must recuse himself or herself from the board vote, unless the number of independent directors who were successful incumbents is fewer than three. The board will promptly disclose its decision regarding any director's offer to resign, including its reasoning. If the board determines to accept a director's offer to resign, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will recommend whether and when to fill such vacancy or whether to reduce the size of the board.

## **Risk Oversight**

### Board Oversight of Risk

#### **Board of Directors**

Responsible for overseeing our management of risk, our full board regularly engages in discussions of the most significant risks that the Company has identified and how these risks are being managed. The board reviews periodic assessments from the Company's ongoing enterprise risk management process that are designed to identify potential events that may affect the achievement of the Company's objectives or have a material adverse effect on the Company. The board also receives reports on risk management from senior officers of the Company and from the committee chairs regularly.

Risk Committee	Audit Committee	Compensation Committee	Corporate Governance Committee
Oversees management's identification and evaluation of strategic enterprise risks including, but not limited to risks associated with: technology, intellectual property and operations, such as the quality, adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's data security, privacy, technology and information security policies, procedures, and internal controls; cybersecurity and cyber incident response; and business continuity and disaster recovery planning and capabilities.	Oversees policies with respect to financial risk assessment, including guidelines to govern the process by which major financial and accounting risk assessment and management is undertaken by the Company.	business associated with our compensation policies and practices, with respect to both	Considers risks related to governance matters, including succession planning for the Chief Executive Officer and other senior officers.

The board has established a Risk Committee comprised entirely of independent board members to assist in overseeing management's identification and evaluation of enterprise risks. The Risk Committee met three times during 2018. In addition, the Company's General Counsel, the Chief Information Officer, and the head of the Company's compliance and internal audit functions have regularly scheduled individual private meetings with the Risk Committee. The Risk Committee also provides an annual update to the full board on the Company's enterprise risk management survey and risk assessment results. The update enables the board to provide feedback to the Company about significant enterprise risks, and to assess the Company's identification of its most significant risk areas. The Risk Committee also coordinates with the Audit Committee as necessary and appropriate to enable the Audit Committee to perform its responsibilities.

The Audit Committee has certain statutory, regulatory, and other responsibilities with respect to oversight of risk assessment and risk management. Specifically, the Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing policies with respect to financial risk assessment, including guidelines to govern the process by which major financial and accounting risk assessment and management is undertaken by the Company.

The board's other independent committees oversee risks associated with their respective areas of responsibility. For example, the Compensation Committee considers the risks to our business associated with our compensation policies and practices, with respect to both executive compensation and compensation generally. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee considers risks related to governance matters, including succession planning for the CEO and other senior officers. For more information about the board's committees and their responsibilities see page 27.

#### **Table of Contents**

In addition, the full board regularly engages in discussions of the most significant risks that the Company has identified and how these risks are being managed. The Company's General Counsel reports directly to our Chief Executive Officer, providing him with visibility into the Company's risk profile. The head of the Company's compliance and internal audit functions regularly reports to the Audit Committee, and each of the General Counsel,

Chief Financial Officer and the compliance and internal audit department manager have regularly scheduled private sessions with the Audit Committee. The board believes that the work undertaken by its committees, together with the work of the full board and the Company's senior management, enables effective oversight of the Company's management of risk.

## Strategic Planning

Our board has deep experience and expertise in the area of strategy development and has significant oversight of our corporate strategy and long-range operating plans. Acting as a full board and through each independent board committee, the board is fully engaged in the Company's strategic planning process.

Setting the strategic course of the Company involves a high level of constructive engagement between management and the board. Management develops and prioritizes strategic plans on an annual basis. Management then reviews these strategic plans with the board during an annual board strategy meeting, along with the Company's challenges, industry dynamics, and legal, regulatory and governance developments, among other factors.

Management provides the board with comprehensive updates throughout the year regarding the implementation and results of the Company's strategic plans, as well as monthly updates

regarding the Company's financial performance. In addition, the CEO communicates regularly with the board on important business opportunities, financial and operational performance, and other Company developments such as labor relations, customer interactions and media coverage. This process allows the board to understand and impact the Company's strategic plans, including plans related to return of capital to shareowners, mergers and acquisitions, competitive challenges, changing marketplace conditions and operational technologies. As a result, the board has substantial oversight of the development and implementation of the Company's strategic plans and the board is able to effectively monitor the Company's progress with respect to the strategic goals and objectives.

#### Management Succession Planning and Development

Succession planning and talent development are important at all levels within our organization. The board oversees management's succession plan for key positions at the senior officer level, and most importantly for the Chief Executive Officer position. The board annually reviews succession plans for senior management and the CEO, including both a long-term succession plan and an emergency succession plan. The board's succession planning activities are ongoing and strategic, and may be supported by independent third-party consultants. In addition, the CEO annually provides his assessment to the board of senior leaders and their potential to succeed at key senior management positions. Recently, the board supported the hiring of external

senior executive talent to participate in the transformation of our business. This led to the employment of the Company's first Chief Transformation Officer, Scott Price, and the hiring of our Chief Marketing Officer, Kevin Warren, during 2018.

The board also regularly evaluates succession plans in the context of the Company's overall business strategy and with a focus on risk management. Potential leaders interact with board members through formal presentations and during informal events. More broadly, the board is regularly updated on key talent indicators for the overall workforce, including diversity, recruiting and development programs.

#### Meeting Attendance

The board held 5 meetings during 2018. Also during 2018, the Audit Committee met 10 times, the Compensation Committee met 5 times, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee met 4 times and the Risk Committee met 3 times. A typical UPS board meeting occurs over the course of two days. Prior to the board meeting, the lead independent director and the board's committee chairs work with management to determine and prepare agendas for the meetings. The board committees generally meet on the first day of the board meeting, followed by the board meeting and a dinner. The board dinner presents opportunities for continued discussions or questions, interactions with senior management and exposure to high potential employees. The second day typically consists of reports from each committee chair to the full board, presentations by internal business leaders or others with expertise in various subject matters, and an executive session consisting of only independent board members. The executive sessions of independent directors are chaired by our lead independent director.

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Our directors are diligent with respect to meeting attendance. In the rare instances when a director cannot attend a meeting in person, they participate by teleconference. All of our directors attended at least 75% of the total number of board and any committee meetings of which he or she was a member in 2018.

Our directors are expected to attend each annual meeting, and all directors attended the 2018 Annual Meeting. The independent directors met in executive session at all of the board meetings held in 2018.

#### Code of Business Conduct

We are committed to conducting our business in accordance with the highest ethical principles. Our Code of Business Conduct is applicable to anyone who represents UPS, including our directors, executive officers and all other employees and agents of UPS. A copy of our Code of Business Conduct is available on the governance section of our investor relations website at www.investors.ups.com.

## Conflicts of Interest and Related Person Transactions

Our Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing our Code of Business Conduct, which includes policies regarding conflicts of interest. The Code requires employees and directors to avoid conflicts of interest, defined as situations where the person s private interests conflict, or may appear to conflict, with the interests of UPS.

The board has adopted a written related person transactions policy that applies to any transaction or series of transactions in which: (1) the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a participant; (2) any related person (executive officer, director, greater than 5% beneficial owner of the Company s common stock, or an immediate family member of any of the foregoing) has or will have a material direct or indirect interest; and (3) the aggregate amount involved since the beginning of the Company s last completed fiscal year will exceed or may reasonably be expected to exceed \$100,000.

The policy provides that related person transactions that may arise during the year are subject to Audit Committee approval or ratification. In determining whether to approve or ratify a transaction, the Audit Committee will consider, among other factors it deems appropriate, whether the transaction is on terms no less favorable than terms generally available to an unaffiliated third-party, the extent of the related person s interest in the transaction, whether the transaction would impair

independence and whether there is a business reason for UPS to enter into the transaction. A copy of the policy is available on the governance section of our investor relations website at www.investors.ups.com. The Company did not engage in any related person transactions since January 1, 2018 that required disclosure in this Proxy Statement or under the Company s policy.

At least annually, each director and executive officer completes a detailed questionnaire that discloses any business relationships that may give rise to a conflict of interest, including transactions where UPS is involved and where an executive officer, a director or a related person has a direct or indirect material interest. We also review the Company s financial systems and related person transactions to identify potential conflicts of interest. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee reviews the information from the questionnaire and our financial systems and makes recommendations to the Board of Directors regarding the independence of each board member. We have immaterial normal course of business transactions and relationships with companies with which our directors are associated. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee reviewed the transactions and relationships that occurred since January 1, 2018 and believes they were entered into on terms that are both reasonable and competitive and did not affect director independence. Additional transactions and relationships of this nature may be expected to take place in the ordinary course of business in the future.

## Transactions in Company Stock

We prohibit our executive officers and directors from hedging their ownership in UPS stock. Specifically, they are prohibited from purchasing or selling derivative securities relating to UPS stock and from purchasing financial instruments that are designed to hedge or offset any decrease in the market value of UPS securities. Since 2014 we have prohibited our executive officers and directors from entering into pledges of UPS stock. Furthermore, our employees, officers, and directors are prohibited from engaging in short sales of UPS stock. A short sale is one involving securities that the seller does not own at the time of sale or, if the securities are owned, where they will be delivered on a delayed basis. Selling securities short is consistent with an expectation that the price of the securities will decline in the near future, is often speculative in nature, and may have an adverse effect on the market price of the securities being sold.

# Shareowner Engagement

# Responsiveness to Shareowners

During this proxy season, our management team contacted holders of over 43% of our class B common stock to discuss our corporate governance practices and executive compensation programs. We also proactively correspond with key investors throughout the year.

We have taken into account the views of our shareowners when making many of our governance and disclosure decisions in recent years, including:	The Compensation Committee's consideration of shareowner feedback, along with the market information and analysis provided by its independent compensation consultant, have influenced a number of changes to our executive compensation program over the past several years:
Proactively adopting proxy access; Appointing a lead independent director; Adopting prohibitions on hedging and pledging of Company stock by executive officers and directors; Expanding disclosure about the board's role in strategic planning; Enhancing disclosure and governance regarding political contributions; Expanding sustainability disclosure; Enhancing disclosure; Enhancing disclosure; Enhancing disclosure about board refreshment and board	Increasing the performance-based equity component in our compensation program; Eliminating single-trigger equity vesting following a change in control; Adding relative total shareowner return as a metric in our Long-Term Incentive Plan; Providing additional detail around the performance measures used for our annual and long-term incentive plans; Eliminating tax gross-ups; Adding an individual payout cap to our annual incentive plan; and Enhancing executive compensation disclosure, including how the metrics in our Long-Term Incentive Plan align with long-term value creation for our

succession planning, as well as our board self-evaluation process;	shareowners.
Enhancing disclosure about diversity;	
Expanding the Audit Committee's report in the proxy statement; and Updating the presentation of our proxy statement to enhance readability and understanding by our shareowners.	

Shareowner engagement is an essential aspect of corporate governance. We are receptive to shareowner engagement, and we are committed to transparency and proactive interactions with our investors.

Our management team participates in numerous investor meetings throughout the year to discuss our business, our strategy and our financial results. These meetings include in-person, telephone and webcast conferences, as well as headquarters and facility visits within the United States and in key international locations. In addition, our lead independent director meets with our largest shareowners to answer questions and to provide perspective on the Company's culture and governance practices.

We inform our board through the Compensation Committee and our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee about our conversations with key investors concerning our executive compensation and governance practices. Our directors carefully consider feedback from institutional investors and other shareowners. The Compensation Committee also annually engages an independent compensation consultant to review executive compensation trends that may be important to our investors.

Materials from our investor presentations, including information on the work of our board and its committees, are available on our investor relations website at www.investors.ups.com.

#### Communicating with our Board of Directors

Any shareowners or other interested parties who wish to communicate directly with our board, with our non-management directors as a group or with the lead independent director may do so by writing to the Corporate Secretary, 55 Glenlake Parkway, N.E., Atlanta, Georgia 30328. Please specify to whom your letter should be directed. After review by the Corporate Secretary,

appropriate communications will be promptly forwarded to the addressee. Advertisements, solicitations for business, requests for employment, requests for contributions, matters that may be better addressed by management or other inappropriate materials will not be forwarded to our directors.

## Political Contributions and Lobbying

## Overview

Our responsible participation in the U.S. political process is important to the success of our business and the protection of shareowner value. We participate in this process in accordance with good corporate governance practices. Our Political Contributions and Lobbying Policy ("policy") is available at www.investors.ups.com. The following discussion highlights our practices and procedures regarding political contributions and lobbying:

Our policy is overseen by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, a committee composed entirely of independent directors;

As a general matter, UPS does not make corporate political contributions;

Any deviations from the prohibition against corporate political contributions must be approved by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and reported in UPS's semi-annual political contribution report; and

UPS offers certain eligible employees the opportunity to make political contributions through a company-sponsored political action committee, called the UPS Political Action Committee, or UPSPAC. The UPSPAC is organized and operated on a strictly voluntary, nonpartisan basis and is registered with the Federal Election Commission.

#### **Oversight and Processes**

Political contributions are made in a legal, ethical and transparent manner that we believe best represents the interests of our shareowners. All political and lobbying activities are conducted only with the prior approval of our Public Affairs department and in accordance with the terms of our policy. Senior management works with Public Affairs to focus our involvement at all levels of

government on furthering our business objectives and our goals of protecting and enhancing shareowner value. The president of our Public Affairs department reviews all UPS political and lobbying activities and regularly reports to the board and to the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee.

#### Lobbying and Trade Associations

Our Public Affairs department is responsible for coordinating our lobbying activities, including engagements with federal, state, and local governments. UPS is a member of a variety of trade associations and other tax exempt organizations that engage in lobbying. The Company may participate in lobbying activities when involvement is consistent with specific UPS business objectives. These decisions are subject to board oversight and are regularly reviewed by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee.

In accordance with the terms of our policy, all lobbying activities are conducted only with the prior approval of our Public Affairs department, which works with senior management to focus on furthering our business objectives and our goal of protecting and enhancing shareowner value.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee regularly reviews UPS's participation in trade associations and other tax exempt organizations that engage in lobbying to determine if our involvement is consistent with specific UPS business objectives. We have comprehensive policies, practices and tracking mechanisms to support and govern our lobbying activities. These mechanisms cover compliance with laws and regulations regarding the lobbying of government officials, the duty to track and report lobbying activities, and the obligation to treat lobbying costs and expenses as nondeductible for tax purposes. All lobbying contacts with covered government officials must be coordinated with and approved by the president of our Public Affairs department.

#### Transparency

We are committed to meaningful transparency with respect to our political activities. We publish a semi-annual report disclosing the following information at our investor relations website at www.investors.ups.com, all of which is reviewed and approved by the Company's Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee prior to publication:

Amounts and recipients of any federal and state political contributions made by UPS in the United States (if any such expenditures are made); and

Payments to trade associations that receive \$50,000 or more from UPS and that use a portion of the payment for political contributions, as reported by the trade association to UPS.

UPS also files a publicly available federal Lobbying Disclosure Act Report each quarter, providing information on activities associated with influencing legislation through communications with any member or employee of a legislative body or with any covered executive branch official. The report also provides disclosure on expenditures for the quarter, describes the specific pieces of legislation that were the topic of communications, and identifies the individuals who lobbied on behalf of UPS.

UPS files similar periodic reports with state agencies reflecting state lobbying activities which are also publicly available.

## Sustainability

We are one of the world's largest private employers. We serve millions of customers around the world, we operate in more than 220 countries and territories, and many investors include our shares in their portfolios. Our success depends on economic stability, global trade and a society that welcomes opportunity. We understand the importance of acting responsibly as a business, an employer and a corporate citizen.

Engagement on sustainability issues is important to our stakeholders. Our board delegates authority for day-to-day management of economic, environmental, and social topics to UPS management. The board oversees economic, environmental and social issues and is in touch with stakeholder concerns through a number of processes. For example, the board is regularly briefed on issues of concern for customers, unions, employees, retirees and investors. Furthermore, the board oversees all efforts by UPS management to develop our values, strategies and policies related to economic, environmental, and social impacts.

UPS was among the first Fortune 100 companies to appoint a chief sustainability officer. Our chief sustainability officer regularly reports to the board regarding sustainability strategies, priorities, goals, and performance. In addition, members of the board review the contents of our sustainability report each year and provide feedback to the Company.

Economic, environmental and social risks are part of our comprehensive enterprise risk management program. The board reviews the effectiveness of our risk management and due diligence processes related to economic, environmental, and social topics. In addition, the board actively considers economic, environmental and social issues in connection with the board's involvement in UPS's strategic planning process.

Each year we publish a corporate sustainability report showcasing the aspirations, achievements and challenges of our commitment to balancing the social, economic and environmental aspects of our business. The report is available at www.sustainability.ups.com.

## Corporate Governance Guidelines and Committee Charters

Our Corporate Governance Guidelines are available on the governance section of our investor relations website at www.investors.ups.com. The charters for each of the Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and Risk Committee also are available on the governance section of our investor relations website. Each committee reviews its charter annually to determine if any

changes are needed. In addition, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee reviews the Corporate Governance Guidelines on an annual basis and recommends any changes to the board for approval. When making changes to the committee charters or Corporate Governance Guidelines, we consider current governance trends and best practices, advice from outside sources and input from our investors.

# Our Board of Directors Proposal 1 — Director Elections

What am I voting on? Shareowners are being asked to elect each of the 12 director nominees named in this Proxy Statement to hold office until the 2020 Annual Meeting and until their respective successors are elected and qualified.

Voting Recommendation: The Board of Directors recommends that shareowners vote FOR the election of each nominee.

**Vote Required:** A director will be elected if the number of votes cast FOR that director exceeds the number of votes AGAINST that director. The board has nominated the 12 persons named below for election as directors at the Annual Meeting. The nominees will serve until the next Annual Meeting and until their respective successors are elected and qualified. Each nominee was elected by shareowners at our last Annual Meeting. If any nominee is unable to serve as a director, which we do not anticipate, the board may reduce the number of directors that serve on the board or choose a substitute nominee. Any nominee who is currently a director, and for whom more votes are cast against than are cast for, must offer to resign from the board. Current director

Candace Kendle's board service will conclude at the 2019 Annual Meeting. We thank her for her many years of dedicated service to the Company and the Board of Directors.

Biographical information about the nominees for director appears below, including information about the experience, qualifications, attributes and skills considered by our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and board in determining that the nominee should serve as a director. For additional information about how we identify and evaluate nominees for director, see "Corporate Governance — Selecting Director Nominees" on page 10.

# David P. Abney

UPS Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Age: 63 Director since 2014 Skills and Experience -Leadership

-Management of large, complex businesses

-Logistics expertise Other Public Company Boards

-Macy's, Inc. Board Committee

-Executive (Chair)

## Career

David became UPS's Chief Executive Officer in 2014, and assumed the role of Chairman of the Board of Directors in 2016. David previously served as chief operating officer since 2007, overseeing logistics, sustainability, engineering and all facets of the UPS transportation network. Before serving as COO, David was president of UPS International, leading the company's strategic initiative to increase its global logistics capabilities. During his career, he was also involved in a number of global acquisitions that included the Fritz Companies, Stolica, Lynxs, and Sino-Trans in China. Earlier in his career, he served as president of SonicAir, a same-day delivery service that signaled UPS's move into the service parts logistics sector. David began his UPS career in 1974 in Greenwood, Mississippi.

In addition to his corporate responsibilities, David serves as a Trustee of The UPS Foundation and as a Trustee of the Annie E. Casey Foundation. He is the 2019 Chair Elect, Executive Governing Committee Member of the Metro Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, is the former Chairman and current member of the World Affairs Council of Atlanta, and is a member of the Business Roundtable. David currently serves as a board member of the nonprofit organization, Catalyst. He joined the Board of Directors of Macy's, Inc. in 2018. He served on the Board of Directors of Johnson Controls International plc, until 2018.

## Reasons for election to the UPS Board

David has a thorough understanding of our strategies and operations gained through his over 40 years of service to our Company, a complex, global business enterprise with a large, labor-intensive workforce. He has significant experience in operations, having served as our Chief Operating Officer for more than seven years, including in-depth knowledge of logistics. He also has significant international experience, having spent a number of years overseeing our international group. In addition, David has experience serving as a director of other companies, including Johnson Controls, a global diversified technology and industrial company serving customers in more than 150 countries, and Macy's, one of the nation's premier retailers.

# Rodney C. Adkins

Former Senior Vice President, International Business Machines

Age: 60 Director since 2013 Skills and Experience

-Technology and technology strategy

-Global business operations

-Supply chain management Other Public Company Boards\*

-Avnet, Inc.

-PayPal Holdings, Inc.

-PPL Corporation

-W.W. Grainger, Inc. Board Committees

-Risk (Chair)

-Compensation

Career

Rod is President of 3RAM Group LLC, a private company specializing in capital investments, business consulting and property management services. Rod previously served as IBM's Senior Vice President of Corporate Strategy before retiring in 2014. Rod was previously Senior Vice President, Systems and Technology Group, a position he held since 2009, and senior vice president of STG development and manufacturing, a position he held since 2007. In his over 30-year career with IBM, a multinational technology company, Rod held a number of other development and management roles, including general management positions for the PC Company, UNIX Systems and Pervasive Computing.

Rod currently serves as non-executive Chairman of Avnet, Inc., in addition to serving on the Boards of Directors of PayPal Holdings, Inc. and W.W. Grainger, Inc. He also serves on the Board of Directors of PPL Corporation.

#### Reasons for election to the UPS Board

As a senior executive of a public technology company, Rod gained a broad range of experience, including experience in emerging technologies and services, global business operations, and supply chain management. He is a recognized leader in technology and technology strategy. In addition, Rod has experience serving as a director of other publicly traded companies.

\* Rod has informed us that, as of May 2019, he will be serving on no more than three other public company boards of directors.

# Michael J. Burns

Former Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President, Dana Corporation

Age: 67 Director since 2005 Skills and Experience

-Leadership

-Management of large, complex businesses

-Design, engineering, manufacturing, sales and distribution

-Technology

**Board Committee** 

-Audit

Career

Mike was the Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President of Dana Corporation from 2004 until his retirement in 2008. He joined Dana Corporation in 2004 after 34 years with General Motors Corporation. Mike had served as President of General Motors Europe since 1998.

### Reasons for election to the UPS Board

Mike has years of senior leadership experience gained while managing large, complex businesses and leading an international organization that operated in a highly competitive industry. He also has experience in design, engineering, manufacturing, and sales and distribution. Mike also brings deep knowledge of technology and the supply of components and services to major vehicle manufacturers.

# William R. Johnson

# **UPS Lead Director**

Former Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of H.J. Heinz Company

Age: 70 Director since 2009

- -Lead Director since 2016 Skills and Experience
- -Leadership
- -Management of large, complex businesses
- -Operations experience
- -Marketing and brand development

-Logistics

Other Public Company Boards

-PepsiCo, Inc.

Board Committees

-Nominating and Corporate Governance (Chair)

### Career

Bill served as Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of the H.J. Heinz Company, a global packaged foods manufacturer, from 2000 until his retirement in 2013. He became President and Chief Operating Officer of Heinz in 1996, and assumed the position of President and Chief Executive Officer in 1998.

Bill also serves on the Board of Directors of PepsiCo, Inc. He served on the Boards of Directors of Education Management Corporation until 2014 and Emerson Electric Company until 2017.

#### Reasons for election to the UPS Board

Bill has significant senior management experience gained through over 13 years of service as the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of H.J. Heinz, a corporation with significant international operations and a large, labor intensive workforce. He also has deep experience in operations, marketing, brand development and logistics.

# Ann M. Livermore

Former Executive Vice President, Hewlett Packard Company

Age: 60 Director since 1997 Skills and Experience

-Management of large, complex businesses

-Technology strategy

-Sales and marketing Other Public Company Boards

-Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company

-Qualcomm Incorporated

Board Committees

-Compensation (Chair)

-Risk

-Executive

Career

<sup>-</sup>Executive

Ann serves as a director of the Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company, after retiring as an executive of Hewlett Packard in 2011. In her last operational role at HP, Ann was Executive Vice President of the HP Enterprise Business. Ann joined HP in 1982 and has held a variety of management positions in marketing, sales, research and development, and business management before being elected a corporate vice president in 1995.

Ann also serves on the boards of Qualcomm Incorporated, Mesosphere, Inc., a private software company, and the Lucile Packard Children's Hospital at Stanford University. She served on the Board of Directors of Hewlett Packard Company until 2015. Ann is also a lecturer at the Stanford Graduate School of Business.

## Reasons for election to the UPS Board

Ann has extensive experience in senior leadership positions at HP, one of the world's largest information technology companies. This experience includes leading a complex global business organization with a large workforce. Through her 29 years at HP, she has gained knowledge and experience in the areas of technology, marketing, sales, research and development and business management.

# Rudy H.P. Markham

Former Financial Director, Unilever

Age: 73 Director since 2007 Skills and Experience

-Finance, technology and international operations experience

-Management of large, complex businesses

-Business operations in Asia Other Public Company Boards

-AstraZeneca PLC

-Corbion, N.V. Board Committee

-Compensation

-Nominating and Corporate Governance

#### Career

Rudy was the Financial Director of Unilever from 2000 through his retirement in 2007. He joined Unilever in 1968. From 1989 through 1998 Rudy was based in East Asia where he held a series of increasing responsibilities, ultimately serving as Business Group President North East Asia based in Singapore. Rudy joined the board of Unilever as Strategy and Technology Director, became a member of its Executive Committee in 1998 and was subsequently appointed as Financial Director. In 2007, he retired from the board of Unilever and as Chief Financial Officer.

Rudy also is a director of AstraZeneca PLC and is Vice Chairman of the supervisory board of Corbion, N.V., formerly CSM, N.V. He served on the Boards of Directors of Legal and General PLC until 2017 and Standard Chartered Bank until 2014. Rudy is a British citizen and he currently resides in the U.K.

#### Reasons for election to the UPS Board

Rudy has significant experience in finance, technology and international operations that he gained through his almost 40 years of service at Unilever, one of the world's largest consumer goods companies. Rudy also has insight into the operations of an organization with a large, global workforce, and has a unique insight into operations based in Asia. Rudy's experience also includes service as a director of other Europe-based global public companies.

## Franck J. Moison

Former Vice Chairman, Colgate-Palmolive Company

Age: 65 Director since 2017 Skills and Experience

-Executing strategic acquisitions

-Emerging markets

-International business expertise Other Public Company Boards

-Hanes Brands, Inc. Board Committees

-Nominating and Corporate Governance

-Risk

Career

Franck was Vice Chairman for the Colgate-Palmolive Company, a global consumer products company, a position he held from 2016 until his retirement in 2018. He led Colgate-Palmolive's operations in Asia, South Pacific and Latin America, and he also led Global Business Development. Previously, he was Chief Operating Officer of Emerging Markets from 2010 until 2016, and he was given additional responsibility for Business Development in 2013. Beginning in 1978, Franck served in various management positions with the Colgate-Palmolive Company, including President, Global Marketing, Global Supply Chain & R&D from 2007 to 2010, and President, Western Europe, Central Europe and South Pacific from 2005 to 2007.

He serves on the Board of Directors of Hanes Brands, Inc., is a director of the French American Chamber of Commerce, is Chairman of the International Advisory Board of the EDHEC Business School (Paris, London, Singapore) and is a member of the International Board of the McDonough School of Business at Georgetown University.

## Reasons for election to the UPS Board

Franck has extensive experience as a senior executive at a large organization engaged in international business. He is a leader in consumer product innovation, strategic marketing, acquisitions, and emerging market business development. He is one of the most accomplished marketing and operating executives in the global consumer products industry. In addition, Franck has experience serving as a director of other publicly traded companies.

## Clark "Sandy" T. Randt, Jr.

Former U.S. Ambassador to the People's Republic of China

Age: 73 Director since 2010 Skills and Experience

-Experience facilitating business throughout Asia

-Diplomacy and international trade

-Experience as an advisor on international matters Other Public Company Boards

-Qualcomm Incorporated

-Valmont Industries, Inc.

-Wynn Resorts, Ltd.

Board Committees

-Compensation

-Nominating and Corporate Governance

#### Career

Sandy is a former U.S. ambassador to the People's Republic of China, where he served from 2001 until 2009. From 1994 through 2001, he was a partner resident in the Hong Kong office of Shearman & Sterling, a major international law firm, where he headed the firm's China practice. From 1982 through 1984, Sandy served as First Secretary and Commercial Attaché at the U.S. Embassy in Beijing. In 1974, he was the China representative of the National Council for United States-China Trade, and from 1968 to 1972, he served in the U.S. Air Force Security Service. Currently, Sandy is President of Randt & Co. LLC, a company that advises firms with interests in China.

Sandy also serves on the Boards of Directors of Qualcomm Incorporated, Valmont Industries, Inc. and Wynn Resorts, Ltd.

#### Reasons for election to the UPS Board

Sandy has substantial experience in Asia and in facilitating business throughout Asia. He is recognized as one of America's foremost authorities on China, and has more than 35 years of direct experience in Asia. He brings to the board experience in diplomacy and international trade. He has experience as an advisor on international matters to large, multinational corporations, and brings the experience of leading the China practice of a major international law firm.

## **Christiana Smith Shi**

Former President of Direct-to-Consumer, Nike, Inc.

Age: 59 Director since 2018 Skills and Experience -E-commerce

-Global retail operations

-Supply chain management

Other Public Company Boards

-Mondelez International, Inc.

-Williams-Sonoma, Inc.

Board Committees

-Compensation

-Risk

## Career

Christiana is currently the founder and principal at Lovejoy Advisors, LLC, an advisory services firm that assists clients with digitally transforming consumer and retail businesses. She was the President, Direct-to-Consumer, for Nike, Inc., a global apparel company, from 2013 until 2016. From 2012 through 2013, she was Nike's Vice President and General Manager, Global Digital Commerce. She joined Nike in 2010 as Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, Global Direct-to-Consumer. Prior to joining

Nike, Christiana spent 24 years at global management consulting firm McKinsey & Company, the last 10 as a senior partner. She began her career at Merrill Lynch & Company in 1981 and served in various trading, institutional sales and investment banking roles.

Christiana also serves on the Boards of Directors of Mondelēz International, Inc. and Williams-Sonoma, Inc. She served on the Board of Directors of West Marine, Inc. until 2017.

## Reasons for election to the UPS Board

Christiana has substantial experience in digital commerce, global retail operations and helping companies with transformative change. She also has strong supply chain and cost management expertise in the global consumer industry. She gained experience advising senior executives at consumer companies across North America, Europe, Latin America and Asia on leadership and strategy. Christiana also has extensive public company board experience.

## John T. Stankey

Chief Executive Officer, WarnerMedia LLC

Age: 56 Director since 2014 Skills and Experience

-Technology and communications services

-Global business operations

-Experience with large, multi-national unionized workforce Board Committees

-Audit

## Career

John is currently the Chief Executive Officer of WarnerMedia LLC, a multinational mass media and entertainment company owned by AT&T, and is responsible for AT&T's media business, which includes HBO, Turner, Warner Bros., and OTTER Media. John previously led the integration planning team in support of the AT&T and Time Warner merger, and prior to that, served as CEO, AT&T Entertainment Group, which provides entertainment and communications experiences for more than 100 million TV, mobile and broadband subscribers. Under John, AT&T's Entertainment Group has been a leader in creating new mobile video experiences for consumers, including the launch of DIRECTV NOW, a streaming video service; the integration of the company's video, mobile and broadband operations; and creation of a new, made-for-streaming video technology platform. John was named to that position after leading the company's acquisition of DIRECTV in 2015, when he was AT&T's Chief Strategy Officer, responsible for the company's corporate strategy, M&A, and business development initiatives.

In his three-decade career with AT&T, a multinational communications company, John has held a variety of other senior leadership positions, including: President and CEO – AT&T Business Solutions; President and CEO – AT&T Operations; Group President – Telecom Operations; Chief Technology Officer; and Chief Information Officer.

#### Reasons for election to the UPS Board

During his more than 30 year career at AT&T, John has gained significant experience in technology and communications services, strategic planning and execution, and global business operations. As a senior leader at one of the world's largest communications companies, John has extensive experience managing a large, complex, multi-national business with a large, labor intensive workforce, much of which is unionized. He also has experience working with a company that has both direct to consumer and business to business offerings.

## Carol B. Tomé

Chief Financial Officer and Executive Vice President — Corporate Services, The Home Depot, Inc.

Age: 62 Director since 2003 Skills and Experience

-Financial expertise

-Strategic business development / e-commerce

-Management of large, complex businesses

Board Committee

-Audit (Chair)

## Career

Carol has been Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of The Home Depot, Inc., one of the world's largest retailers, since 2001. In 2007 Carol assumed the additional role of Executive Vice President — Corporate Services. She provides leadership in the areas of real estate, financial services and strategic business development. Her corporate finance duties include financial reporting and operations, financial planning and analysis, internal audit, investor relations, treasury and tax. Prior to her current position, she had been Senior Vice President — Finance and Accounting / Treasurer from 2000 until 2001, and from 1995 until 2000, she served as Vice President and Treasurer.

Carol also has served as a Member of the Advisory Board of certain Fidelity funds since 2017 and previously served as a Trustee of certain Fidelity funds during 2017.

## Reasons for election to the UPS Board

Carol has extensive experience in corporate finance gained throughout her career at The Home Depot. She brings the experience of currently serving as Chief Financial Officer of a complex, multi-national business with a large, labor intensive workforce. Carol also has experience with strategic business development, including e-commerce strategy. Carol's past role as Chair of the Board of the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta also brings valuable financial experience.

## **Kevin Warsh**

Former Member of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Distinguished Visiting Fellow, Hoover Institution, Stanford University

Age: 48 Director since 2012 Skills and Experience

-Economic and business environment, domestically and internationally

-Private sector experience Board Committees

-Compensation

-Nominating and Corporate Governance

#### Career

Kevin was a member of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve from 2006 until 2011. He currently serves as the Shepard Family Distinguished Visiting Fellow in Economics at Stanford University's Hoover Institution and a lecturer at its Graduate School of Business. In addition, Kevin provides strategic, consulting and advisory services to a range of businesses. From 2002 until 2006, Kevin served at the White House as President George W. Bush's special assistant for economic policy and as executive secretary of the National Economic Council.

Kevin was previously employed by Morgan Stanley & Co. in New York, becoming vice president and executive director of the company's Mergers and Acquisitions Department.

## Reasons for election to the UPS Board

Kevin has extensive experience in understanding and analyzing the economic environment, the financial marketplace and monetary policy. He has a deep understanding of the global economic and business environment. Kevin also brings the experience of working in the private sector for a leading investment bank gained during his tenure at Morgan Stanley & Co.

## Committees of the Board of Directors

The board has four committees composed entirely of independent directors: the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, and the Risk Committee. Information about each of these committees is provided below. The board also has an Executive Committee that may exercise all powers of the Board of Directors in the management of our business and affairs, except for those powers expressly reserved to the board under Delaware law or otherwise limited by the board. David Abney is the chair of the Executive Committee. Independent directors Ann Livermore and Bill Johnson also serve on the Executive Committee. The Executive Committee did not hold any meetings during 2018. Each member of the board's committees, other than the Executive Committee, meets the NYSE director independence requirements.

#### Audit Committee(1)

Carol Tomé, Chair Michael Burns Candace Kendle<sup>(3)</sup> John Stankey

Meetings in 2018: 10 Primary Responsibilities

Assisting the board in discharging its responsibility relating to our accounting, reporting and financial practices

Overseeing our accounting and financial reporting processes

Overseeing the integrity of our financial statements, our systems of disclosure controls and internal controls and our compliance with legal and regulatory requirements

Overseeing the performance of our internal audit function

Overseeing the engagement and performance of our independent accountants

Discussing with management policies with respect to financial risk assessment

#### Compensation Committee<sup>(2)</sup> Ann Livermore, Chair

Rodney Adkins Rudy Markham Clark Randt, Jr. Christiana Smith Shi Kevin Warsh

Meetings in 2018: 5 Primary Responsibilities

Assisting the board in discharging its responsibilities with respect to compensation of our executive officers

Reviewing and approving the corporate goals and objectives relevant to the compensation of our Chief Executive Officer

Evaluating the Chief Executive Officer's performance and establishing compensation based on this evaluation

Reviewing and approving the compensation of other executive officers

Overseeing the evaluation of risk associated with the Company's total compensation strategy and

compensation programs Overseeing any outside

consultants retained to advise the Committee

Recommending to the board the compensation to be paid to non-management directors

# Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

William Johnson, Chair Rudy Markham Franck Moison Clark Randt, Jr. Kevin Warsh

Meetings in 2018: 4 Primary Responsibilities

#### **Risk Committee**

Rodney Adkins, Chair Ann Livermore Franck Moison Christiana Smith Shi Meetings in 2018: 3 Primary Responsibilities

Considering recommendations from the Chief Executive Officer and others regarding succession planning

Assisting the board in identifying and screening qualified director candidates, including shareowner submitted nominees

Recommending candidates for election or reelection to the board or to fill vacancies on the board

Aiding in attracting qualified candidates to serve on the board

Recommending corporate governance principles, including the structure, composition and functioning of the board and all board committees, the delegation of authority to subcommittees, board oversight of management actions and reporting duties of management Overseeing management's identification and evaluation of enterprise risks

Overseeing and reviewing with management the Company's risk governance framework

Overseeing the Company's risk identification, risk tolerance, risk assessment and management practices for strategic enterprise risks facing the Company

Reviewing approaches to risk assessment and mitigation strategies in coordination with the board and other board committees

Communicating with the Audit Committee as necessary and appropriate to enable the Audit Committee to perform its statutory, regulatory, and other responsibilities with respect to oversight of risk assessment and risk management

All members of the Audit Committee have been designated by the Board of Directors as audit committee financial experts. Each member of our Audit Committee meets the independence requirements of the NYSE and Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") rules and regulations applicable to Audit Committee members, and each is financially literate. (1)

Each member of our Compensation Committee meets the NYSE's independence requirements applicable to compensation committee members. In addition, each member is a non-employee director as required by Rule 16b-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. None of the members of the Compensation Committee is or was during 2018 an employee or former employee of UPS, and none had any direct or indirect

material interest in or relationship with UPS outside of his or her position as a non-employee director. Compensation Committee Interlocks

and Insider Participation: None of our executive officers serves or served during 2018 as a member of a board of directors or compensation committee of any entity that has one or more executive officers who serve on our Board of Directors or Compensation Committee.

(2)

(3) Candace Kendle's service on the Board of Directors will conclude at the 2019 Annual Meeting.

## **Director Compensation**

We compensate our non-employee directors with a mix of cash and equity. Equity compensation links director pay to the value of Company stock and aligns the interests of directors more closely with those of Company shareowners. David Abney does not receive any compensation for service as a director. Directors are also reimbursed for their expenses related to board membership.

## Non-Employee Director Compensation\*

\* Does not include committee chair or lead director fees.

There have been no significant increases in director compensation over the last few years. In 2018, our non-employee directors received an annual cash retainer of \$105,000. The chairs of the Compensation, Nominating and Corporate Governance and Risk Committees received an additional annual cash retainer of \$20,000, and the chair of the Audit Committee received an additional annual cash retainer of \$25,000. Our lead independent director received an additional annual cash retainer of \$25,000. Cash retainers are paid on a quarterly basis. Non-employee directors may defer retainer fees by participating in the UPS Deferred Compensation Plan, but we do not make any Company or matching contributions under this plan. There are no preferential or above-market earnings in the UPS Deferred Compensation Plan.

Non-employee directors also receive an annual restricted stock unit ("RSU") grant valued at approximately \$170,000. RSUs are fully vested on the date of grant and are required to be held by the director until he or she separates from the board, at which time the RSUs are paid out in shares of class A common stock.

Dividends earned on each award are reinvested in additional units at each dividend payable date and are subject to the same payment schedule as the original award. This holding period increases the strength of the alignment of directors' interests with those of our shareowners. The annual equity grant is prorated based on the portion of the year that a director serves on the board.

The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors conducts a review of director compensation generally every other year to ensure the program is structured consistent with best practices and current trends. The Compensation Committee's independent compensation consultant, Frederic W. Cook & Co., Inc. ("FW Cook"), provides advice on the competitiveness of the Company's non-employee director compensation program and recommends changes to ensure compensation remains market competitive. During the Compensation Committee's most recent review of director compensation, it was determined that total board compensation was below our peer group median.

## **Director Compensation**

The following tables set forth the cash compensation paid to our non-employee directors in 2018 and the aggregate value of stock awards granted to our non-employee directors in 2018, as well as outstanding equity awards held as of December 31, 2018.

#### 2018 Director Compensation

	Fees		
	Earned or		
	Paid in	Stock	
Name	Cash(\$)	Awards(\$) <sup>(1)</sup>	Total(\$)
Rodney C. Adkins <sup>(2)</sup>	125,000	169,959	294,959
Michael J. Burns	105,000	169,959	274,959
William R. Johnson <sup>(2)</sup>	150,000	169,959	319,959
Candace Kendle <sup>(3)</sup>	105,000	169,959	274,959
Ann M. Livermore <sup>(2)</sup>	125,000	169,959	294,959
Rudy H.P. Markham	105,000	169,959	274,959
Franck J. Moison	105,000	169,959	274,959
Clark T. Randt, Jr.	105,000	169,959	274,959
Christiana Smith Shi <sup>(4)</sup>	105,000	212,360	317,360
John T. Stankey	105,000	169,959	274,959
Carol B. Tomé <sup>(2)</sup>	130,000	169,959	299,959
Kevin M. Warsh	105,000	169,959	274,959
Outstanding Director Stock Award	ls		

## (as of December 31, 2018)

Stock Awards

	Restricted Stock	Phantom Stock
Name	Units (#)	Units (#)
Rodney C. Adkins	10,833	—
Michael J. Burns	21,365	—
William R. Johnson	22,386	—
Candace Kendle	15,381	_
Ann M. Livermore	21,365	2,506
Rudy H.P. Markham	21,365	—
Franck J. Moison	3,628	—
Clark T. Randt, Jr.	17,613	—
Christiana Smith Shi	1,927	—
John T. Stankey	8,248	—
Carol B. Tomé	21,365	1,185
Kevin M. Warsh	12,692	—

The values of stock awards in this column represent the grant date fair value of restricted stock units granted in 2018, computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. Information about the assumptions used to value these awards can be found in Note 11 "Stock-Based Compensation" in our 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Restricted stock units are fully vested on the date of grant, and will be paid in shares of class A common stock following the director's separation from service from UPS. Dividends earned on each award are reinvested in additional units at each dividend payable date and are subject to the same payment schedule as the original award.

(1)

Includes compensation for committee chair service and/or lead director service.

(2) Candace Kendle's service on the Board of Directors will conclude at the 2019 Annual Meeting.

(3)(4) Joined the board in 2018. Reflects a prorated RSU award made in February 2018 and the annual director award made in May 2018.

## Executive Compensation Compensation Committee Report

The Compensation Committee is responsible for reviewing and approving compensation for the executive officers, establishing the performance goals on which the compensation plans and programs are based and setting the overall compensation principles that guide the Compensation Committee's decision-making. The Compensation Committee's over-arching objective is to maintain an executive compensation program that supports the long-term interests of our shareowners, including our many employee shareowners. We seek to align the interests of our executives with those of our shareowners through a program in which a significant portion of compensation is performance-based and is significantly linked to shareowner returns. We seek to attract, retain and motivate executives who make significant contributions to the Company's success and allow them to share in the success of the Company.

The Compensation Committee has reviewed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis and discussed it with management. Based on that review, the Compensation Committee recommended

to the Board of Directors that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in the 2019 Proxy Statement and incorporated by reference in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The following Compensation Discussion and Analysis describes the Compensation Committee's decisions regarding our executives' compensation for 2018.

#### The Compensation Committee

Ann M. Livermore, Chair Rodney C. Adkins Rudy H.P. Markham Clark T. Randt, Jr. Christiana Smith Shi Kevin M. Warsh

## Compensation Discussion and Analysis

UPS's executive compensation programs for 2018, and certain aspects of the 2019 programs, are described below. This section explains how and why the Committee made its 2018 compensation decisions for our executive officers, with additional detail with respect to the following Named Executive Officers ("NEOs"):

#### Named Executive Officers

David P. Abney Richard N. Peretz James J. Barber, Jr. Scott A. Price Kevin M. Warren Titles Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer Chief Operating Officer Chief Strategy and Transformation Officer Chief Marketing Officer

## Executive Compensation Strategy

UPS's executive compensation programs are designed to:

Drive organizational performance by tying a significant portion of pay to Company performance;

Attract, retain and motivate talent by fairly compensating executive officers; and

Encourage long-term stock ownership and careers with UPS, aligning the interests of our executives to long-term value creation for our Company.

#### **Table of Contents**

A majority of total direct compensation (base salary, annual incentives, annual ownership incentives and long-term incentives) that can be earned by the Named Executive Officers is "at risk" and only earned by meeting annual or long-term performance goals. The 2018 compensation elements for the CEO and for the NEOs as a group are displayed in the charts below.

2018 Target Compensation for CEO

2018 Target Compensation for all other NEOs

#### **Roles and Responsibilities**

The UPS executive compensation program is administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. The Compensation Committee has sole authority to engage and terminate the services of outside advisors and other consultants to assist in carrying out its responsibilities. In 2018, the Compensation Committee retained FW Cook to act as the

Compensation Committee's independent compensation advisor. FW Cook reports directly to the Chair of the Compensation Committee and provides no additional services to UPS.

The following table summarizes the roles of the key participants in the executive compensation decision-making process.

#### **Participant and Roles**

Compensation Committee

Reviews and approves the corporate goals and objectives relevant to the Chief Executive Officer's compensation

Evaluates the Chief Executive Officer's performance in light of the goals and objectives

Reviews the Chief Executive Officer's performance assessment of other executive officers

Reviews and approves compensation for the executive officers

Reviews and approves awards to the executive officers under certain incentive compensation and equity-based plans

Reviews and approves the design of other benefit plans for executive officers

Oversees the evaluation of risk associated with the Company's total compensation strategy and compensation programs

Considers whether to engage any compensation consultant, and determines their independence and whether their work raises any conflict of interest

Reviews and discusses with management the Compensation Discussion and Analysis

Recommends to the board whether the Compensation Discussion and Analysis should be included in the Proxy Statement

Approves the Compensation Committee's report on executive compensation

Independent Members of the Board of Directors

Assesses the performance of the Chief Executive Officer

Reviews the Compensation Committee's assessment of the Chief Executive Officer's performance

Determines whether the Compensation Discussion and Analysis should be included in the Proxy Statement

#### Independent Compensation Consultant

Serves as a resource for market data on pay practices and trends

Provides independent advice to the Compensation Committee

Provides competitive analysis and advice related to outside director compensation

Reviews the Compensation Discussion and Analysis

Conducts an annual risk review of the Company's compensation programs

#### Participant and Roles

#### Executive Officers

The Chief Executive Officer makes compensation recommendations to the Compensation Committee for the other executive officers with respect to base salary and individual performance adjustments to the annual incentive plan payouts

The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer make recommendations on performance goals under our incentive compensation plans and provide an assessment as to whether performance goals were achieved

The Chief Executive Officer has also been delegated limited authority to make equity awards to employees who are not executive officers

## Independence of Compensation Consultant

In November 2018, the Compensation Committee requested and received information regarding FW Cook's independence and the existence of any potential conflicts of interest. After evaluating the following factors, the Compensation Committee concluded that FW Cook is independent and that the engagement of FW Cook did not raise any conflict of interest: (1) other services provided to UPS by the consultant (if any); (2) fees paid by UPS as a percentage of the consulting firm's total revenue; (3) policies or

procedures maintained by the consulting firm that are designed to prevent a conflict of interest; (4) any business or personal relationships between the individual consultants involved in the engagement and a member of the Compensation Committee; (5) any company stock owned by the individual consultants involved in the engagement; and (6) any business or personal relationships between UPS executive officers and the consulting firm or the individual consultants involved in the engagement.

## Market Data Utilization and Peer Group Companies

Market data is just one of a variety of factors considered by the Compensation Committee when determining base salary, annual and long-term equity award opportunities, and total compensation levels. However, compensation is not targeted at a particular percentile. General compensation survey data provides the Compensation Committee with information about UPS compensation levels relative to comparable sized companies.

In addition, the Compensation Committee evaluates pay practices and compensation levels for a peer group of companies. In determining the peer group, the Compensation Committee

considers advice from their independent compensation consultant and reviews the appropriateness of the peer group on an annual basis. The companies included in the peer group typically have global operations, a diversified business, and annual sales and market capitalizations comparable to UPS. Other considerations include percentage of foreign sales, capital intensity, operating margins, size of employee population and whether the company also includes UPS in their peer group. The peer group considered by the Compensation Committee for 2018 compensation purposes (the "2018 Peer Group") is unchanged from the peer group used for 2017 compensation, and consisted of the companies below.

The Boeing Company Caterpillar Inc. The Coca-Cola Company Costco Wholesale Corporation FedEx Corporation The Home Depot, Inc. Johnson & Johnson The Kroger Co.\* Lockheed Martin Corporation Lowe's Companies, Inc. McDonald's Corp. PepsiCo, Inc. The Procter & Gamble Company Sysco Corporation Target Corp. United Technologies Corporation Walgreen Boots Alliance, Inc.

For 2019 compensation purposes, The Kroger Co. was removed and Delta Airlines, Inc. was added to better align the peer group to the selection \* criteria described above.

## Internal Compensation Comparisons

The Compensation Committee also considers the differentials between executive officer compensation and the compensation paid for other UPS positions, and considers the additional responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer compared to other executive officers. Internal comparisons are made to ensure that compensation paid to executive officers is reasonable compared to their direct reports.

## Annual Performance Reviews

Each year, the Chief Executive Officer assesses the performance of all executive officers (other than the CEO) and provides feedback to the Compensation Committee. In addition, the Compensation Committee evaluates the Chief Executive Officer's performance on an annual basis. The Compensation Committee chair discusses the results of the evaluation with the full board

(other than the CEO) in executive session. During the evaluation, the board considers the Chief Executive Officer's strategic vision and leadership, execution of UPS's business strategy and achievement of business goals. Other factors include the Chief Executive Officer's ability to make long-term decisions that create competitive advantage, and overall effectiveness as a leader.

# Central Elements of UPS Executive Compensation

## **Other Elements of Compensation**

Benefits	Perquisites	<b>Retirement Programs</b>
	Limited in nature and the benefits from providing perquisites outweigh costs.	
NEOs generally participate in the same plans as other employees.	Includes financial planning and executive health services that facilitate the NEOs' ability to carry out responsibilities, maximize working time and minimize distractions.	NEOs and most non-union U.S. employees participate in the same plans with the same formulas.
Includes medical, dental, and disability plans that mitigate the financial impact of illness, disability or death.	Considered necessary or appropriate to attract and retain executive talent.	Includes pension, retirement savings and deferred compensation plans.
See further details on page 40.	See further details on page 40.	See further details on page 40.

## **Base Salary**

Base salary is intended to provide our NEOs with a fixed level of cash compensation. The Compensation Committee considers a number of factors in determining the annual base salaries of the Named Executive Officers. Base salaries are typically set in March and become effective in April. While Company performance is the most important factor, scope of responsibility, leadership, market data and internal compensation comparisons are all considered. No single factor is weighted more heavily than another.

In March 2018, the Compensation Committee approved a 3.0% base salary increase for David Abney, the CEO. The 2018 salary increases for the other Named Executive Officers were generally aligned with the salary increase budget for other salaried employees.

## Annual Incentive Awards

## MIP Performance Incentive Award - Overview

The MIP Performance Incentive award is designed to align pay with annual Company performance by linking payouts to the achievement of pre-established financial and non-financial metrics. Target MIP Performance Incentive awards for each NEO are based on a percentage of base salary (165% of base salary for the CEO and 130% of base salary for all other NEOs) subject to a \$5 million maximum. Awards are determined by the Compensation Committee, taking into consideration the following:

The MIP performance metrics (as summarized below);

The MIP factor (payout as a percent of target) applied to the non-executive officer MIP participants;

Individual performance;

Overall Company performance; and

Business environment and economic trends.

A specific weight is not assigned to any of the factors considered by the Compensation Committee when determining earned awards. MIP Performance Incentive awards for executive officers are considered performance-based compensation fully at risk based on Company performance.

The earned award, if any, is provided two-thirds in restricted performance units ("RPUs") and one-third in cash. The number of RPUs granted is determined by calculating the dollar value of the portion of the MIP award allocated to equity and dividing by the applicable closing price of our class B common stock on the NYSE on the date of the award. Note however, that a newly hired eligible employee's first MIP award will be paid entirely in the Company's fully-vested class A shares.

Commencing with MIP Performance Incentive awards for 2018, the Compensation Committee has determined to provide the equity payout in RPUs that settle in class A shares and vest on the first anniversary of the grant. The Compensation Committee approved these terms in order to more closely align annual compensation with annual performance under the MIP, and to improve the market competitiveness of UPS incentive pay design.

When dividends are paid on UPS common stock, an equivalent value is credited to the participant's bookkeeping account in additional RPUs. The additional RPUs are subject to the same vesting schedule as the original MIP RPUs.

2018 MIP Performance Incentive Awards

The 2018 target opportunity for each NEO was:

2018 MIP Performance Incentive Award	MIP Target (% Base Salary	)	Target(\$)	
David P. Abney	165	%	2,052,686	
Richard N. Peretz	130	%	722,857	
James J. Barber, Jr.	130	%	936,000	
Scott A. Price	130	%	803,400	
Kevin M. Warren	130	%	455,000	(1)

(1) Prorated based on his June 2018 hire date.

The performance metrics used for the NEOs' MIP Performance Incentive awards in 2018 were:

*Consolidated Revenue Growth*, which is measured by year-over-year growth in revenue generated from all products and services worldwide. Revenue growth is important to generating current profits and maintaining the long-term competitive positioning and viability of our Company.

Adjusted Consolidated Earnings Per Share Growth, which is measured by year-over-year growth in total profits on an after tax, per share basis, after excluding the impact of certain items deemed unrelated to normal operations. Growth in adjusted EPS is directly impacted by our effectiveness in achieving our targets in other key performance elements, including volume growth, growth in consolidated revenue and positive operating leverage.

Consolidated Average Daily Package Volume Growth, which is measured by year-over-year growth in consolidated package volume divided by the number of operating weekdays during the year.

The 2018 MIP evaluation metrics targets and results were as follows:

2018 MIP Evaluation Metrics	Target		Actual	
Consolidated Revenue Growth	6.0	%	7.9	%
Adjusted Consolidated Earnings Per Share Growth <sup>(1)</sup>	20.0	%	20.7	%
Consolidated Average Daily Package Volume Growth	4.0	%	3.2	%

Excludes the effect of unusual or infrequently occurring items, charges for restructurings (employee severance liabilities, asset impairment costs, and exit costs), discontinued operations, extraordinary items and the cumulative effect of changes in accounting treatment. The 2018 MIP factor for non-executive MIP participants was:

## 110%

## **Table of Contents**

The Compensation Committee maintains discretion to adjust awards earned under the MIP up (but not beyond the maximum amount for each NEO) or down based on its assessment of each NEO's individual performance. The Compensation Committee takes into consideration the recommendations of our CEO with respect to the NEOs, other than himself. The Compensation Committee also considers the results of the board's annual evaluation of the CEO, which includes ratings on areas such as:

Leadership qualities;

Strategic planning and execution;

Managing for financial results;

Retaining and developing a diverse top management group;

Providing equal opportunity employment, and understanding and addressing issues facing employees;

Ensuring the Company is contributing to the well-being of the communities in which it operates;

Promoting compliance and ethical behavior; and

Board relations.

Individual accomplishments during 2018 that were considered by the Committee when determining final awards are described below.

#### David Abney, Chief Executive Officer

David and the leadership team overcame a number of challenges in 2018. Successful negotiations of a labor agreement with the Teamsters Union as well as managing an organizational transformation and driving a successful peak season. David's focus on high-quality revenue initiatives as well as growth manifested positive returns to shareowners. Effectively managing capital investments, driving transformation objectives, and execution of investments and initiatives elevated revenues and improved operational efficiencies that provide the company sustainable returns well into the future.

#### **Richard Peretz, Chief Financial Officer**

Chief Financial Officer, Richard Peretz's efforts in 2018 helped guide UPS to achieve target earnings per share as well as generate excellent cash flow to stimulate reinvestment into our global network and provide positive returns to shareowners. Richard, along with our Chief Procurement Officer led Transformation efforts to realign our Procurement function to achieve significant savings.

#### James Barber, Chief Operating Officer

Jim assumed additional responsibilities in 2018 as the Chief Operating Officer. In this new role, Jim was instrumental in guiding the business units to achieve increased operational capacity, service and productivity. The US Small package business unit processed record volume with exceptional on-time service during the peak holiday season. International achieved record results, with the Supply Chain and Freight segments remaining strong.

#### Scott Price, Chief Strategy and Transformation Officer

Scott joined the UPS Management Committee in December 2017 to lead the organizational Transformation efforts. Scott is driving a multi-year process of value capture to deliver improvements to our business. Scott successfully executed the first round of transformation initiatives generating savings and drove the alignment of capital investments initiatives.

#### Kevin Warren, Chief Marketing Officer

Chief Marketing Officer, Kevin Warren joined the UPS Management Committee in June of 2018. Through Kevin's leadership, a focused go to market strategy has been established around the organizational strategic imperatives with a particular emphasis on small and medium-sized businesses. Kevin and the Marketing team have launched work streams to drive performance through strategic pricing and churn reduction, as well as continuing to build digital marketing capabilities.

After assessing the above-described considerations, the Compensation Committee approved the following 2018 MIP Performance Incentive awards for each NEO. The award is paid two-thirds in restricted performance units ("RPUs"), which vest one year after the award is approved, and one-third in cash, which is paid when the award is approved, except with respect to new-hires, who received the entire award in the form of fully-vested class A shares.

2018 MIP Performance Incentive Award	Target(\$)	Actual(\$)
David P. Abney	2,052,686	2,709,545
Richard N. Peretz	722,857	795,143
James J. Barber, Jr.	936,000	1,287,000
Scott A. Price	803,400	1,016,301
Kevin M. Warren <sup>(1)</sup>	455,000	550,550

#### Kevin's 2018 MIP Performance Incentive Award is prorated based on his June 2018 hire date.

## MIP Ownership Incentive Award

(1)

We encourage employees to maintain substantial ownership of the Company's stock through our MIP Ownership Incentive award. All MIP participants are eligible for an additional incentive award up to the equivalent of one month's salary by maintaining significant ownership of UPS equity securities. The amount of the award is equal to the value of the participant's equity ownership, multiplied by an ownership incentive award percentage. The ownership incentive award percentage is 1.25% for the Chief Executive Officer and 1.50% for the other Named Executive Officers, and the maximum award that can be earned is one month's salary. The MIP Ownership Incentive award, to the extent earned, is paid in the same proportion of equity and cash as the MIP Performance Incentive award.

Ownership levels for the 2018 awards were determined as of December 31, 2018 by totaling the number of UPS shares in the participant's family group accounts and the participant's eligible unvested restricted units and deferred compensation shares. The number of UPS shares determined for purposes of an NEO's ownership level is multiplied by the closing price of a class B share on the NYSE on December 31, 2018.

2018 MIP Ownership Incentive Award	Award Percentage		Maximum Ownership Incentive(\$)	2018 MIP Ownership Incentive Award(\$)
David P. Abney	1.25	%	103,671	103,671
Richard N. Peretz	1.50	%	46,337	46,337
James J. Barber, Jr.	1.50	%	60,000	60,000
Scott A. Price	1.50	%	51,500	43,990
Kevin M. Warren	1.50	%	50,000	36,977

## Long-Term Incentive Awards

Our two long-term incentive programs, the Long-Term Incentive Performance ("LTIP") award program and the Stock Option program, provide participants with grants of equity-based incentives that are intended to reward performance over a multi-year period and serve as a retention mechanism. The overlapping performance cycles under the LTIP program incentivize sustained

financial performance, while the Stock Option program rewards stock price appreciation which has a direct link to shareowner returns. All 2018 award grants were made under the 2018 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan. Target amounts are set as a percent of annualized base salary.

Program	Payment Form and Program Type	Target Amount as Percent of Annualized Base Salary	Performance Measures and/or Value Proposition Adjusted Growth in Consolidated Revenue	Program Objectives
	If earned, Restricted		Adjusted Operating Return on Invested Capital	
	Performance Units (RPUs) are settled in stock	700% — Chief Executive Officer 575% — Chief Operating Officer 450% — Chief Financial Officer,	Relative Total Shareowner Return	Supports the Company's long-term operating plan and business strategy
LTIP	If earned, award vests after the end of the third fiscal year	Officer 350% — other executive officers 90% — Chief Executive Officer 50% — Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief	Value increases or decreases with stock price	Provides significant link to shareowner interests
				Provides a significant link to shareowner interests
Stock Options LTIP Pro	Stock options vest 20% per year over five years and have a ten-year term ogram and 2018 LTIP Ta	Strategy and Transformation Officer 30% — other executive officers arget Values	Value recognized only if stock price appreciates	Enhances stock ownership and shareowner alignment

The LTIP program is designed to strengthen the performance component of our executive compensation package, enhance retention of key talent, and align the interests of shareowners with the incentive compensation opportunity for executives. Approximately 500 members of our senior management team, including the Named Executive Officers, participate in this program. The program improves shareowner alignment and further enhances the long-term focus of the award by establishing three-year performance goals.

A target award of RPUs is granted to participants at the beginning of the three-year performance period. The actual number of RPUs that participants receive is determined after the end of the three-year performance period, based on actual performance versus the established performance goals.

A participant's RPU account is adjusted quarterly for dividends paid on class A common stock. Dividend adjustments are only made on earned RPUs. Awards that vest are distributed in shares of class A common stock. Special vesting rules apply to terminations by reason of death, disability or retirement, as discussed in greater detail under "Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control." The performance measures selected by the Compensation Committee for the 2018 LTIP awards are:

> Growth in Adjusted Consolidated Revenue; Adjusted Operating Return on Invested Capital ("ROIC"); and Relative Total Shareowner Return ("TSR").

Each goal is measured independently and applied equally in determining final payouts.

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Adjusted consolidated revenue and adjusted ROIC are non-GAAP financial measures. We believe that these non-GAAP measures are appropriate for the determination of our incentive compensation award results because they exclude items that may not be indicative of, or are unrelated to, our underlying operations and provide a useful baseline for analyzing trends in our underlying business. Non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to, and not as an alternative for, our reported results prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our non-GAAP financial information does not represent a comprehensive basis of accounting. Therefore, our non-GAAP financial information may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

This design combines internal business performance measures as well as an external relative performance measure. This combination balances efforts to motivate and reward the management team for our operational and financial success, while ensuring rewards remain aligned with shareowner interests and returns. A description of each performance measure follows:

## Growth in Adjusted Consolidated Revenue

Growth in adjusted consolidated revenue measures the Company's long-term success in growing our business as compared with the targets adopted at the beginning of the performance period. On the grant date, the Compensation Committee approves an average consolidated projected revenue growth target for the three-year performance period (the target is the projected average annual revenue growth percentage of the three years of the performance period). Following the completion of the performance period, the Committee will certify the actual revenue growth and the performance result compared to the target (each year's growth percentage will be compared to the target and assigned a payout percentage; the average of the three payout percentages will be the final performance result). At the end of the performance period, the Committee will certify the final revenue payout percentage for the grant. For purposes of calculating adjusted consolidated revenue, GAAP total revenue is adjusted to exclude the effect of unusual or infrequently occurring items, charges for restructurings (employee severance liabilities, asset impairment costs, and exit costs), discontinued operations, extraordinary items and the cumulative effect of changes in accounting treatment. In addition, consolidated revenue is calculated on a currency constant basis.

## Adjusted Operating Return on Invested Capital

Adjusted operating return on invested capital measures the Company's ability to generate the highest long-term returns on its capital allocation decisions. On the grant date, the Compensation Committee approves a ROIC target for the three-year performance period. Following the completion of the performance period, the Committee will certify the actual adjusted operating ROIC and the comparison of actual adjusted operating ROIC with the target. The target is the average of each of the three years projected operating

ROIC (operating income for the three-year period divided by the sum of average invested capital for the three-year period). For purposes of determining the performance results: GAAP operating income is adjusted to exclude pension mark-to-market adjustments, the effect of unusual or infrequently occurring items, charges for restructurings (employee severance liabilities, asset impairment costs, and exit costs), discontinued operations, extraordinary items and the cumulative effect of changes in accounting treatment; and GAAP invested capital is adjusted to exclude the impacts of certain items that were not anticipated in establishing the ROIC target, such as incremental invested capital from business acquisitions, the effect of unusual or infrequently occurring items, restructuring reserves, or other extraordinary items.

## Relative Total Shareowner Return

Relative TSR is measured by covering our TSR to the TSR a peer group of companies during a three-year performance period. The Compensation Committee evaluates the peer group annually to determine if the companies included in the group are the most appropriate comparators for measuring the success of our executives in delivering shareowner value.

	Percentage of Target
	Earned for
	TSR
	Portion of
Three-Year TSR Compared	LTIP
to Peer Group	Award
Greater than 75 <sup>th</sup> Percentile	200%
Median	100%
25 <sup>th</sup> Percentile	50%
Less than 25 <sup>th</sup> Percentile	0%
The maximum payout for the TSR portion of the award is capped at 200% of target. If our TSR over the three-year measu even if it exceeds the median of the peer group, the maximum payout percentage for the TSR portion of LTIP awards is c	

## 2018 LTIP Awards

The Compensation Committee approved the following target values as a percent of base salary for the 2018 LTIP awards:

	LTIP Target
	(% Base
Executive Officers	Salary)
Chief Executive Officer	700
Chief Operating Officer	575
Chief Financial Officer	450
Chief Strategy and Transformation Officer	450
Other executive officers	350
Target values are based on internal pay comparison considerations and market data regarding total compensation of comparable position similarly sized companies. Differences in the target award values are based on increasing levels of responsibility among the executive offi	

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The threshold, target and maximum number of RPUs that can be earned by the Named Executive Officers under the 2018 LTIP is shown in the Grants of Plan-Based Awards table. The actual number of RPUs that the Named Executive Officers will receive is determined following the completion of the performance period ending December 31, 2020 and is based on achievement of the performance goals for the three-year period described above. TSR is measured based on our TSR compared to the 17 peer companies listed previously as measured from January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the three-year period. The maximum LTIP award that can be earned is 200% of target.

## Stock Option Program and 2018 Stock Option Awards

The Compensation Committee believes that stock options provide a significant link to Company performance and motivate recipients to maximize shareowner value. The option holder receives value only if our stock price increases. Stock options also have retention value; the option holder will not receive value from the options unless he or she remains employed during the vesting period.

Stock options vest 20% per year over five years and expire ten years from the date of grant. Unvested stock options vest automatically upon termination of employment because of death, disability or retirement. In light of the five-year vesting schedule, we do not maintain additional holding period requirements. Grants do not include dividend equivalents or any reload features.

In March 2018, the Compensation Committee approved 2018 target award values for stock options at 90% of base salary for the Chief Executive Officer, 50% of base salary for the Chief Operating Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and the Chief Strategy and Transformation Officer, and 30% of base salary for the other NEOs. The number of stock options granted to the NEOs in 2018 is shown in the Grants of Plan-Based Awards table.

## Total 2018 Long-Term Equity Incentive Award Target Values

The total long-term incentive opportunity granted to the Named Executive Officers in 2018, based upon a percentage of annualized base salary, is shown below.

Named Executive Officer	· · ·	Total ions (% Base Base ary) Salary)
David P. Abney	700	90 790
Richard N. Peretz	450	50 500
James J. Barber, Jr.	575	50 625
Scott A. Price	450	50 500
Kevin M. Warren <sup>(1)</sup>	—	

Kevin Warren was not eligible to receive a 2018 LTIP award or 2018 Stock Option award because his employment did not begin until after the (1) grant dates.

## 2016 LTIP Performance Targets and Results

In 2016, the Compensation Committee approved LTIP awards for the NEOs who were employees of the Company at that time. The performance metrics for the 2016 LTIP awards were the same as those described above under the LTIP Award Program heading. The performance targets and actual results for the completed performance period for the 2016 LTIP awards are in the tables below. The combined Total Payout for the 2016 LTIP RPU Award, based on the 2016 through 2018 performance period, was 74% of target. RPUs awarded under the 2016 LTIP are now earned and vested.

Growth in Adjusted Consolidated Revenue\*

Adjusted Operating Return on Invested Capital\*

**Relative Total Shareowner Return\*** 

Actual Payout for 2016 LTIP RPU Award as a Percent of Target

74%

Revenue is adjusted for currency using 2016 target rates; revenue excludes the impact from the new revenue recognition standard; and ROIC \* was adjusted for the impact of new pension accounting standards and for capital expenditures associated primarily with network expansion.

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#### 2018 Employment Transition Payments

Generally, we do not pay discretionary bonuses in cash or stock, or make other discretionary payments, to our executives. However, in order to attract external senior executive talent to participate in the transformation of our business, the Compensation Committee approved certain payments to two external executive hires to the Company's Management Committee. The payments were made to compensate the executives for compensation forfeited at their prior employers and transition them into our incentive programs.

Under the terms of his employment offer letter described below, in 2018 Scott Price was entitled to receive; (i) a cash transition payment of \$500,000; and (ii) a one-time RSU grant valued at

\$4 million which vests in 20% increments annually, from January 2018 through January 2022, subject to his continued employment through each applicable vesting date or termination without cause.

Under the terms of his employment offer letter described below, in 2018 Kevin Warren was entitled to receive; (i) a cash transition payment of \$950,000; and (ii) a one-time RSU grant valued at \$3 million which vests in one-third increments annually, from January 2019 through January 2021, subject to his continued employment through each applicable vesting date or termination without cause.

#### Benefits and Perquisites

The benefits and perquisites provided to our Named Executive Officers are not a material part of executive compensation and are largely limited to those offered to our employees generally, or that we otherwise believe are necessary or appropriate to attract and retain executive talent. We believe certain perquisites help facilitate our NEOs' ability to carry out their responsibilities, maximize working time and minimize distractions. Additional information on these benefits can be found in the program descriptions below.

## The UPS 401(k) Savings Plan

The UPS 401(k) Savings Plan is offered to all U.S.-based employees who are not subject to a collective bargaining agreement and who are not eligible to participate in another savings plan sponsored by UPS or one of its subsidiaries. We generally match 50% of up to 5% of eligible pay contributed to the UPS 401(k) Savings Plan for eligible employees hired on or before December 31, 2007, 100% of up to 3.5% of eligible pay contributed to the plan for eligible employees hired on or after January 1, 2008, and 50% of up to 6% of eligible pay contributed to the plan for eligible and to the plan for eligible employees hired on or after January 1, 2008, and 50% of up to 6% of eligible pay contributed to the plan for employees hired on or after January 1, 2008, and 50% of up to 6% of eligible pay contributed to the plan for employees hired on or after January 1, 2008, and 50% of up to 6% of eligible pay contributed to the plan for employees hired on or after January 1, 2016. The match is paid in shares of class A common stock. Effective for newly eligible plan participants on or after July, 2016, we also generally provide a Retirement Contribution based on years of service and expressed as a percentage of eligible compensation (5% for 0-4 years, 6% for 5-9 years, 7% for 10-14 years and 8% for 15 or more years).

## Qualified and Non-Qualified Pension Plans

Certain executive officers are eligible to participate in our qualified retirement program, the UPS Retirement Plan. Benefits payable under the plan are subject to the maximum compensation limits and the annual benefit limits for a tax-qualified defined benefit plan as established by the Internal Revenue Service. Amounts

exceeding these limits are paid pursuant to the UPS Excess Coordinating Benefit Plan, which is a non-qualified restoration plan designed to replace the amount of benefits limited under the tax-qualified plan. Without the Excess Coordinating Benefit Plan, the executive officers would receive a lower benefit as a percent of final average earnings than the benefit received by other participants in the UPS Retirement Plan.

## **Financial Planning Services**

Our executive officers are eligible for a financial services benefit. The Company reimburses fees from financial and tax service providers up to \$15,000 per year, including the cost of personal excess liability insurance coverage.

## **Executive Health Services**

UPS's business continuity is best facilitated by avoiding any prolonged or unexpected absences by members of its senior management team. In 2018, executive officers were offered certain executive health services, including comprehensive physical examinations.

## Discounted Employee Stock Purchase Plan

We have maintained a Discounted Employee Stock Purchase Plan since 2001. The plan provides all U.S.-based employees, including the Named Executive Officers, and some internationally based employees, with the opportunity to purchase up to \$10,000 in our class A common stock

annually at a discount to the market price of our stock. The plan complies with Section 423 of the Internal Revenue Code. Our class A common stock may be acquired under the plan at a purchase price equal to 95% of the fair market value of the shares on the last day of each calendar quarter. Share purchases are made on a quarterly basis.

Other Compensation and Governance Policies Stock Ownership Guidelines

CEO = 8x annual salary Other Executive Officers = 5x annual salary Directors = 5x annual retainer

The board has adopted stock ownership guidelines that apply to executive officers and to members of our Board of Directors. The guidelines further our core philosophy that executive officers should also be long-term owners of our Company. Target ownership is eight times annual salary for our Chief Executive Officer and five times annual salary for our other executive officers. The target for our non-employee directors is five times their annual retainer. Shares of class A common stock (excluding any pledged shares), deferred units and vested and unvested RSUs and RPUs awarded under our equity incentive plans are considered owned for purposes of calculating ownership. Executive officers and directors are expected to reach target ownership within five years of adoption of the guideline or the date that the executive officer or director became subject to the guideline.

As of December 31, 2018, all of the Named Executive Officers who have been subject to the guidelines for at least five years exceeded their target stock ownership. In addition, all of our non-employee directors who have been subject to the stock ownership guidelines for at least five years exceeded their target stock ownership. RSUs are required to be held by a non-employee director until he or she separates from the UPS Board of Directors.

## Hedging and Pledging Policies

We prohibit our executive officers and directors from hedging their ownership in UPS stock. Specifically, they are prohibited from purchasing or selling derivative securities relating to UPS stock and from purchasing financial instruments that are designed to hedge or offset any decrease in the market value of UPS securities. Additionally, in 2014 we adopted a policy prohibiting our directors and executive officers from entering into pledges of UPS securities, including using UPS securities as collateral for a loan and holding UPS securities in margin accounts. Executive officers are encouraged (but not required) to unwind any existing pledges. Furthermore, our employees, officers and directors are prohibited from engaging in short sales of UPS stock.

## Clawback Policy

Our incentive compensation plans contain clawback provisions for all awards granted under the plans. If the Compensation Committee determines that financial results used to determine the amount of any award are materially restated, and that an executive officer engaged in fraud or intentional misconduct, we will seek repayment or recovery of the award from that executive officer. This clawback applies to all awards granted under the 2018 Plan, the 2015 Plan, our 2012 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan ("2012 Plan") and our 2009 Incentive Compensation Plan ("2009 Plan").

## Employment, Change in Control or Severance Agreements

We do not enter into employment agreements providing for the continuation of employment of an executive, or separate change in control agreements with any of our executive officers, including our Named Executive Officers. Our Compensation Committee believes that UPS has created a culture where long tenure for executives is the norm. As a result, executive officers serve without employment contracts, as do most of our other U.S.-based non-union employees. However, in order to attract senior executive talent from outside the Company to participate in the transformation of our business, we executed an employment offer letter with Scott Price, effective November 28, 2017, in connection with his hiring as our Chief Transformation Officer. We also executed an employment offer letter with Kevin Warren, effective May 5, 2018, in connection with his hiring as our Chief Marketing Officer. These offer letters have no specified duration and provide that employment is on an at-will basis.

Under the terms of Scott Price's offer letter, he is entitled to, among other things, the cash transition and equity payment described above under "2018 Employment Transition Payments", as well as cash transition payments of \$2.0 million in each of March 2019 and 2020, subject to his continued employment on those dates. Under the terms of Kevin Warren's offer letter, he is entitled to, among other things, the cash transition and equity payments described above under "2018 Employment Transition Payments", as well as cash transition Payments", as well as cash transition payments described above under "2018 Employment Transition Payments", as well as cash transition payments of \$750,000 in each of June 2019 and 2020, subject to his continued employment on those dates. Both offer letters also define annual base salary levels, eligibility to participate in the MIP, LTIP and Stock Option programs, and eligibility for relocation benefits and other employee benefits, all consistent with those received by our other senior executives. Both offer letters also provide that the equity payments described in the "2018 Employment Transition Payments" section above will continue to vest in the event that the NEO is terminated without cause.

Scott Price and Kevin Warren also entered into protective covenant agreements with us which, in the event they are terminated without cause during the first two years of employment, provide for (i) separation pay equal to two years' salary, (ii) continued vesting of their one-time RSU grants, and (iii) with respect to Kevin Warren, the payment of any unpaid transition payments (see "2018 Employment Transition Payments" described above). In the event either of them are terminated without cause after the first two years of employment, the Company is obligated to make such payments and continue vesting such grants if it elects to enforce post-termination non-compete covenants connected to those agreements.

The 2018 Plan requires a "double trigger" — both a change in control and a qualifying termination of employment — to accelerate the vesting of awards that are not continued or assumed by a successor entity. Equity awards granted to the

Named Executive Officers prior to May 7, 2009 are subject to a single trigger, while equity awards granted after that date are subject to the double trigger.

#### Equity Grant Practices

Grants of awards to executive officers under all of our equity incentive programs are approved by the Compensation Committee. Stock options have an exercise price equal to the NYSE closing market price on the date of grant.

## Consideration of Previous "Say on Pay" Voting Results

We regularly engage with our shareowners on executive compensation matters. At our 2017 Annual Meeting of Shareowners, over 88% of votes cast approved our compensation program as described in our 2017 proxy statement. In making compensation decisions, the Compensation Committee carefully considered the results of the most recent say on pay vote as well as many other factors as described herein and did not make any changes to our compensation programs as a result of the most

recent say on pay vote. In addition, a majority (over 61%) of votes cast for the shareowner "say on frequency" vote at our 2017 Annual Meeting expressed a preference for having a say on pay vote every three years. As a result, our next say on pay vote is scheduled for the 2020 Annual Meeting. We welcome input from our shareowners on our compensation policies and compensation program at any time, not just in the years when we conduct a say on pay vote.

#### Tax Implications of Executive Compensation

The Compensation Committee had previously structured annual and long-term incentive compensation awards with the intention of complying with the performance-based compensation exemption from Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, which allows a tax deduction for compensation paid to certain Named Executive Officers in excess of \$1 million. The Compensation Committee did, however, reserve the right to modify compensation that was initially intended to be exempt from Section 162(m) and to pay compensation that was not deductible under Section 162(m) if it determined that such modifications or payments were needed to attract, retain, or provide incentives to our NEOs, and were consistent with the Company's best interests.

Now that the exemption from Section 162(m)'s deduction limit for performance-based compensation has been repealed by the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (the "Tax Act"), the Compensation Committee expects that compensation granted or paid in 2018 and future tax years will not be fully deductible for income tax purposes. The Compensation Committee intends to maintain the strong pay-for-performance alignment of our incentive compensation programs and believes the interests of our shareowners are best served by not limiting the Compensation Committee's discretion and flexibility in crafting compensation plans and arrangements, even though some compensation awards may result in non-deductible compensation expenses.

## Summary Compensation Table

The following table shows Named Executive Officer compensation for fiscal years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$) <sup>(3)</sup>	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$) <sup>(4)</sup>	Option Awards (\$) <sup>(5)</sup>	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$) <sup>(6)</sup>	Change in Pension Value (\$) <sup>(7)</sup>	All Other Compensation (\$) <sup>(8)</sup>	Total (\$)
David P. Abney	2018	1,234,992		- 10,459,956	1,087,039	937,739	1,311,718	29,432	15,060,876
Chief Executive Officer	2017	1,199,016		- 9,354,699	1,055,372	672,046	2,296,315	31,284	14,608,732
	2016	1,082,421	—	9,172,450	991,275	387,741	2,052,152	38,533	13,724,572
Richard N. Peretz	2018	552,654		- 3,032,070	271,257	280,493	480,713	18,055	4,635,242
Chief Financial Officer	2017	538,533		- 2,769,256	263,351	199,934	917,550	13,516	4,702,140
	2016	485,070	_	2,766,672	246,812	146,034	1,478,420	21,945	5,144,953
James J. Barber, Jr.	2018	693,676	_	- 5,003,423	281,041	449,000	586,464	31,900	7,045,504
Chief Operating Officer	2017	557,304		- 2,871,021	271,538	269,759	1,040,771	25,150	5,035,543
	2016	500,706	_	2,879,564	251,731	158,384	858,785	27,394	4,676,564
Scott A. Price <sup>(1)</sup> Chief Strategy and Transformation Officer	2018	613,500	500,000	6,911,263	300,015	-		- 155,619	8,480,397
Kevin M. Warren <sup>(2)</sup> Chief Marketing Officer	2018	350,000	950,000	3,000,030	_			- 124,613	4,424,643

Scott Price joined the Company in December 2017. See "Employment, Change in Control or Severance Agreements" in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis for a description of the transition and equity amounts provided in connection with his decision to join the Company.

(1)

Kevin Warren joined the Company in June 2018. See "Employment, Change in Control or Severance Agreements" in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis for a description of the transition and equity amounts provided in connection with his decision to join the Company. (2)

This column represents the salary earned from January 1 through December 31 of the applicable year. Base salary increases generally are effective in April of the relevant fiscal year.

(3)

The values for stock awards in this column represent the aggregate grant date fair value for the stock awards granted in the applicable year, computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. These awards include LTIP, MIP RPUs, and the one-time grant of RSUs made to Scott Price and Kevin Warren. Awards with performance conditions are computed based on the probable outcome of the performance condition as of the grant date for the award. Information about the assumptions used to value these awards can be found in Note 11 "Stock-Based Compensation" in our 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The amounts reported for these awards may not represent the amounts that the individuals will actually receive. The amounts received, if any, ultimately will depend on Company performance and the change in our stock price over time. An overview of the features of these awards can be found in the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis".

(4)

In accordance with SEC rules, we also are required to disclose the grant date fair value for awards with performance conditions assuming maximum performance. The grant date fair value for the 2018 LTIP RPU awards, assuming maximum performance, are as follows: Abney — \$18,231,704; Peretz — \$5,264,211; Barber — \$8,927,646; and Price — \$5,822,284. Kevin Warren was not eligible to participate in the 2018 LTIP because he was not employed when the awards were made. The grant date fair value for the 2017 LTIP RPU awards, assuming maximum performance, are as follows: Abney — \$16,416,794; Peretz — \$4,740,276; and Barber — \$4,887,556. The grant date fair value for the 2016 LTIP RPU awards, assuming maximum performance, are as follows: Abney — \$16,416,794; Peretz — \$4,740,276; and Barber — \$4,252,261; and Barber — \$4,387,058.

The values for stock option awards represent the aggregate grant date fair value for the option awards granted in the applicable year, computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. The assumptions used to value these awards can be found in Note 11 "Stock-Based Compensation" in our 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K. The amounts reported for these awards may not represent the amounts that the individuals will actually receive. The amounts received, if any, ultimately will depend on the change in our stock price over time. An overview of the features of these awards can be found in the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis" section. Kevin Warren was not eligible to receive a 2018 Stock Option award because his employment began after the grant date.

(5)

This column shows the cash portion of the MIP Performance Incentive award and the MIP Ownership Incentive award. For a description of the MIP, see "Compensation Discussion and Analysis". The MIP Ownership Incentive award was paid at 100% of target (one month's salary) for each (6) eligible Named Executive Officer who met or exceeded his or her target ownership level in the same proportion that the MIP award is paid.

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This column represents an estimate of the annual increase in the actuarial present value of the Named Executive Officer's accrued benefit under our retirement plans for the applicable year, assuming retirement at age 60 (or current age if greater). See "Executive Compensation — 2018 Pension Benefits" for additional information, including assumptions used in this calculation. The change in pension value can be impacted by a number of factors, including additional credited service, changes in amounts of compensation covered by the benefit formula, plan amendments and assumption changes.

(7)

(8) The following table breaks down the amounts shown in this column for 2018:

Name	401(k)Plan Retirement Contribution <sup>(1)</sup> (\$)	401(k)Plan Match (\$)	Life Insurance (\$)	Financial Planning (\$)	Healthcare Benefits (\$)	Other <sup>(2)</sup> (\$)	Total (\$)
David P. Abney	_	6,875	9,385	6,468	6,704	_	29,432
Richard N. Peretz	_	6,875	2,594	1,882	6,704	_	18,055
James J. Barber, Jr.	_	6,875	3,321	15,000	6,704	_	31,900
Scott A. Price	13,750	8,250	2,908	7,302	6,704	116,705	155,619
Kevin M. Warren	13,750		1,656	15,000	5,754	88,453	124,613

For eligible plan participants hired after July 2016, we generally provide a retirement contribution based on years of service.

(1)
 For Scott Price and Kevin Warren, consists of relocation expenses. These amounts were valued on the basis of the aggregate incremental cost
 (2) to the Company and represent the amount accrued for payment or paid to the service provider or the individual, as applicable.

## Grants of Plan-Based Awards

The following table provides information about awards granted during 2018 to each of the Named Executive Officers.

		Estimated Possible Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards <sup>(1)</sup>		Estimated Future Payouts Under Equity Incentive Plan Awards <sup>(2)</sup>			All Other Stock Awards: Number of Shares	All Other Option Awards: Number of Securities	Exercise or Base Price of	Grant Date Fair Value of Stock and	
Name	Grant Date	Threshold (\$)	I Target (\$)	Maximum (\$)	Threshold (#)	Target (#)	Maximum (#)	of Stock or Units (#) <sup>(3)</sup>	Underlying Options (#) <sup>(4)</sup>	Option Awards (\$/Sh)	Option Awards (\$) <sup>(5)</sup>
David P. Abney		_	— 684,229 —	1,666,667 	0	75,895 	151,790 		 71,328	  106.43	– – 9,115,85 1,087,03
Richard N. Peretz	3/1/2018 	-	240,952 	 	0		 43,828 	12,629  -	  17,799	  106.43	1,344,10 - - 2,632,10 271,25
James J. Barber, Jr.	3/1/2018 5/9/2018	_		1,666,667		 37,164	 74,328	3,758 			399,964 - - 4,463,82
Scott A. Price	3/1/2018 3/1/2018	_						 5,070	18,441 	106.43	281,04 539,600
SCOIL A. FICE		_		 	0 	24,237 		– – – – 31,344	 19,686 	 106.43	- - 2,911,14 300,01 4,000,12
Kevin M. Warren	- - -	- - -						 			
	8/8/2018	—	—	_	—	_	—	24,880	—	—	3,000,03

Reflects the target and maximum values of the cash portion of the 2018 MIP performance incentive award for each Named Executive Officer. A participant's first MIP Performance Incentive award is paid entirely in class A stock. Does not include the MIP ownership incentive award: Abney -\$ 34,557; Peretz — \$ 15,446; and Barber — \$ 20,000. The potential payments for the MIP performance incentive award are performance-based and therefore at risk. The MIP program is described in the "Compensation Discussion and Analysis".

(1)

These columns show the potential number of units that would be awarded under the 2018 LTIP at the end of the applicable three-year performance period if the threshold, target or maximum performance goals are satisfied. Kevin Warren was not eligible to participate in the 2018 LTIP because he was not employed when the awards were made.

(2)

This column represents the number of RPUs granted under the 2017 MIP on March 1, 2018, and includes the one-time RSUs granted to Scott Price on January 5, 2018 and to Kevin Warren on August 8, 2018.

(3)

This column shows the number of stock options granted under the Stock Option program on March 1, 2018. Kevin Warren was not eligible to participate in the 2018 Stock Option program because he was not employed when the awards were made.

(4)

This column shows the grant date fair value of the LTIP RPUs, MIP RPUs, stock options and the one-time RSUs under FASB ASC Topic 718 granted to each of the Named Executive Officers in 2018. The grant date fair values are calculated, using the NYSE closing price of UPS stock on the date of grant for RPUs and RSUs, and the Black-Scholes option pricing model for stock options. The grant date fair value of the units granted under the 2018 LTIP, which have performance conditions, are computed based on the probable outcome of the performance condition

(5) for the 2018 LTIP performance period. There can be no assurance that the grant date fair value of stock and option awards will ever be realized.

## Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

The following table shows the number of shares covered by exercisable options, unexercisable options, and unvested RPUs held by the Named Executive Officers on December 31, 2018.

	Option Award	s				Stock Av	vards		Equity
Name	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable <sup>(1)</sup>	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Grant Date	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#) <sup>(2)</sup>	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$) <sup>(3)</sup>	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (#) <sup>(4)</sup>	Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (\$) <sup>(3)</sup>
David P. Abney	9,745 9,357	-	- 67.18 - 74.25	5/5/2010 5/4/2011	5/5/2020 5/4/2021				
	9,620	_	- 74.25 - 76.89	3/1/2011	3/1/2022				
	9,820 9,461		- 82.87	3/1/2012	3/1/2022				
	5,897	1,475	96.98	3/4/2013	3/4/2024				
	14,944	9,963	101.93	3/2/2014	3/2/2024				
	10,652	15,980	98.77	3/2/2016	3/2/2026				
	15,046	22,570	106.86	9/16/2016	9/16/2026				
	14,358	57,436	106.87	3/1/2017	3/1/2027				
		- 71,328	106.43	3/1/2018	3/1/2028				
		,				32,348	3,154,946	160,187	15,623,003
Richard N. Peretz	2,021	1,348	101.93	3/2/2015	3/2/2025	- ,	-, - ,	, -	-,,
	3,159	4,740	98.77	3/2/2016	3/2/2026				
	3,122	4,685	106.86	9/16/2016	9/16/2026				
	3,583	14,332	106.87	3/1/2017	3/1/2027				
	-	- 17,799	106.43	3/1/2018	3/1/2028				
						9,979	973,290	46,253	4,511,038
James J. Barber, Jr.	3,714	-	- 76.89	3/1/2012	3/1/2022				
	8,135	_	- 82.87	3/1/2013	3/1/2023				
	5,071	1,268	96.98	3/4/2014	3/4/2024				
	4,525	3,018	101.93	3/2/2015	3/2/2025				
	3,273	4,910	98.77	3/2/2016	3/2/2026				
	3,122	4,685	106.86	9/16/2016	9/16/2026				
	3,694	14,778 - 18,441	106.87 106.43	3/1/2017 3/1/2018	3/1/2027 3/1/2028				
	-	- 10,441	100.43	3/1/2010	3/1/2020	12,859	1,254,110	62,607	6,106,028
Scott A. Price	_	- 19,686	106.43	3/1/2018	3/1/2028	12,000	1,234,110	02,007	0,100,020
0001171.11100		10,000	100.40	5,1,2010	0,1,2020	25,885	2,524,565	24,815	2,420,237
Kevin M. Warren	_						_,02 1,000	_ 1,010	_,0,_0/
						25,276	2,465,138	_	_

Stock options vest over a five-year period with 20% of the option vesting at each anniversary date of the grant. All options expire ten years from the date of grant. Under the terms of our 2009 Plan, 2012 Plan, 2015 Plan and 2018 Plan, unvested stock options become fully vested on the date of termination due to retirement for the NEOs if they meet certain service requirements. Kevin Warren was not eligible to participate in the 2018 Stock Option program because he was not employed when the awards were made.

(1)

Unvested stock awards in this column include RPUs granted as part of MIP in 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018 that vest over a five-year period with approximately 20% of the award vesting on January 15 of each year. Values are rounded to the closest unit. Also includes the one-time RSUs granted to Scott Price on January 5, 2018 and to Kevin Warren on August 8, 2018 that have not vested. (2)

Market value based on NYSE closing price on December 31, 2018 of \$97.53.

(3) (4)

Represents the potential units to be earned under the 2017 LTIP award (for the three-year performance period ending 12/31/2019), the 2018 LTIP award (for the three-year performance period ending 12/31/2020), and any dividend equivalent units allocated since the grants were made. Assumes target performance goals will be met for all performance periods. Kevin Warren was not eligible to participate in the 2018 LTIP program because he was not employed when the awards were made.

## Option Exercises and Stock Vested

The following table sets forth the number and corresponding value realized during 2018 with respect to options that were exercised, and restricted stock units and restricted performance units that vested, for each Named Executive Officer.

	Option A	Awards	Stock Awards		
	Number		Number		
	of		of		
	Shares	Value	Shares	Value	
	Acquired	Realized	Acquired	Realized	
	on	on	on	on	
	Exercise	Exercise	Vesting	Vesting	
Name	(#)	(\$)	(#) <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>(\$)</b> <sup>(2)</sup>	
David P. Abney	_	_	82,117	8,295,495	
Richard N. Peretz	—	_	24,219	2,451,273	
James J. Barber, Jr.	—	_	25,755	2,631,934	
Scott A. Price	—	_	6,269	840,610	
Kevin M. Warren	_	_	_	- —	

The value in this column represents the 2016 LTIP award granted in the form of RPUs that vested on December 31, 2018; approximately 20% of (1) the MIP RPUs granted in each of 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016 and 2017 that vested on January 15, 2018; and a portion of the one-time RSUs awarded to Scott Price. Vested RPU awards are distributed to participants in an equivalent number of shares of class A common stock.

The value shown is based on the NYSE closing prices on December 31, 2018, the date the RPUs granted under the 2016 LTIP award vested, of (2) \$97.53 per share; and January 15, 2018, the date the RPUs granted under MIP vested and the date a portion of the one-time RSUs granted to Scott Price vested, of \$134.09 per share. If the vesting date is not a NYSE trading day, the prior trading day's closing price is used.

#### **Pension Benefits**

The following table quantifies the pension benefits expected to be paid to each of the Named Executive Officers from the UPS Retirement Plan and the UPS Excess Coordinating Benefit Plan as of December 31, 2018. The terms of each are described below.

Name	Plan Name	Number of Years Credited Service(#) <sup>(2)</sup>	Present Value of Accumulated Benefit(\$) <sup>(3)</sup>	Payments During Last Fiscal Year(\$)
David P. Abney	UPS Retirement Plan	44.8	2,215,343	_
	UPS Excess Coordinating Benefit Plan	_	11,019,900	_
	Total	-	13,235,243	_
Richard N. Peretz	UPS Retirement Plan	37.6	1,744,507	_
	UPS Excess Coordinating Benefit Plan	_	2,487,152	_
	Total	-	4,231,659	_
James J. Barber, Jr.	UPS Retirement Plan	34.4	1,725,850	_
	UPS Excess Coordinating Benefit Plan	_	3,435,717	_
	Total	-	5,161,567	_
Scott A. Price <sup>(1)</sup>	UPS Retirement Plan	_	_	_
	UPS Excess Coordinating Benefit Plan	_	_	_
	Total	-	_	_
Kevin M. Warren <sup>(1)</sup>	UPS Retirement Plan	_	_	_
	UPS Excess Coordinating Benefit Plan	_	_	_
	Total	_	_	_

(1) Scott Price and Kevin Warren are not eligible to participate in the UPS Retirement Plan or the UPS Excess Coordinating Benefit Plan.

(2) This column represents years of service as of December 31, 2018 for all plans.

This column represents the total discounted value of the monthly lifetime benefit earned at December 31, 2018, assuming the executive continues in service and retires at age 60 or at the executive's actual age, if later. The present value is not the monthly or annual lifetime benefit

(3) that would be paid to the executive. The present values are based on discount rates of 4.48% and 4.60% for the UPS Retirement Plan, and UPS Excess Coordinating Benefit Plan, respectively, at December 31, 2018. The present values assume no pre-retirement mortality and utilize the RP 2014 healthy mortality table with adjusted mortality improvement after 2007 (no collar for the Retirement Plan and white collar for the Excess Plan), with mortality improvements after 2007 using the MP-2018 projection scale adjusted to converge to 0.5% in 2023 on the RPEC model.

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## Pension Benefits

The UPS Retirement Plan is noncontributory and includes substantially all eligible employees of participating domestic subsidiaries who are not members of a collective bargaining unit, as well as certain employees covered by a collective bargaining agreement. The UPS Retirement Plan was closed to new entrants as of July 1, 2016.

UPS also sponsors a non-qualified defined benefit plan, the UPS Excess Coordinating Benefit Plan, for non-union employees whose pay and benefits in the qualified plan are limited by the Internal Revenue Service. An employee must be at least age 55 with 10 years of service to be eligible to participate in this plan. In the year that an individual first becomes eligible to participate in the UPS Excess Coordinating Benefit Plan, there is an increase for the participant for that year equal to the full present value of the participant's accrued benefit in the plan.

The Compensation Committee believes that the retirement, deferred compensation and/or savings plans offered at UPS are important for the long-term economic well-being of our employees, and are important elements of attracting and retaining the key talent necessary to compete. The UPS Retirement Plan and UPS Excess Coordinating Benefit Plan provide monthly lifetime benefits to participants and their eligible beneficiaries based on final average compensation at retirement, service with UPS and age at retirement. Participants may choose to receive a reduced benefit payable in an optional form of annuity that is equivalent to the single lifetime benefit.

The plans provide monthly benefits based on the greatest result from up to four benefit formulas. Participants receive the largest benefit from among the applicable benefit formulas. For James Barber, the formula that results in the largest benefit is called the "grandfathered integrated formula." This formula provides retirement income equal to 58.33% of final average compensation, offset by a portion of the Social Security benefit.

A participant with less than 35 years of benefit service receives a proportionately lesser amount. For David Abney and Richard Peretz, the formula that results in the largest benefit is called the "integrated account formula." This formula provides retirement income equal to 1.2% of final average compensation plus 0.4% of final average compensation in excess of the Social Security Wage Base times years of benefit service.

Participants earn benefit service for the time they work as an eligible UPS employee. For purposes of the formulas, compensation includes salary and an eligible portion of the MIP award. The average final compensation for each participant in the plans is the average covered compensation of the participant during the five highest consecutive years out of the last ten full calendar years of service.

Benefits payable under the UPS Retirement Plan are subject to the maximum compensation limits and the annual benefit limits for a tax-qualified defined benefit plan as prescribed and adjusted from time to time by the Internal Revenue Service. Eligible amounts exceeding these limits will be paid from the UPS Excess Coordinating Benefit Plan. Under this plan, participants receive the benefit in the form of a life annuity.

The plans permit participants with 25 or more years of benefit service to retire as early as age 55 with only a limited reduction in the amount of their monthly benefits. Each of the Named Executive Officers would be eligible to retire at age 60 and receive unreduced benefits from the plans. In addition, the plans allow participants with ten years or more of service to retire at age 55 with a larger reduction in the amount of their benefit. As of December 31, 2018, Richard Peretz and James Barber were eligible for early retirement with reduced benefits. If they had retired on December 31, 2018, their benefits would be reduced by 9% (Peretz) and 4.5% (Barber). David Abney is currently eligible for early retirement with unreduced benefits.

## Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation

The following table shows the executive contributions, earnings and account balances for the Named Executive Officers in the UPS Deferred Compensation Plan for 2018.

Name	Executive Contributions in Last FY (\$) <sup>(1)</sup>	Registrant Contributions in Last FY (\$)	Aggregate Earnings in Last FY (\$)	Aggregate Withdrawals/ Distributions (\$)	Aggregate Balance at Last FYE (\$) <sup>(2)</sup>
David P. Abney			- (475,426)	_	2,538,119
Richard N. Peretz	_		- (166,126)	_	727,421
James J. Barber, Jr.	4,684	_	- (101,000)	_	547,411
Scott A. Price	_				_
Kevin M. Warren	_			_	_

(1) Executive contributions represent deferral of base salary, which amounts are also disclosed in the salary column of the Summary Compensation Table.

(2) Certain amounts in this column represent salary, bonus or stock options contributed by the Named Executive Officer to the plan in prior years as follows: Abney — \$1,122,199; Peretz — \$339,973; Barber — \$295,735; Price — \$0; Warren — \$0.

The deferred compensation vehicles in the UPS Deferred Compensation Plan are described below. Not all of the Named Executive Officers participate in each feature of the UPS Deferred Compensation Plan.

## Salary Deferral Feature

Prior to December 31, 2004, contributions could be deferred from executive officers' monthly salary and from their half-month bonus.

Prior to December 31, 2004, non-employee directors could defer retainer and meeting fees quarterly. Assets from the discontinued UPS Retirement Plan for Outside Directors were transferred to the 2004 and Before Salary Deferral Feature in 2003. No contributions were permitted after December 31, 2004, except as described below.

After December 31, 2004, executive officers may defer 1% to 35% of their monthly salary and 1% to 100% of the cash portion of the MIP award. They may also defer excess pre-tax contributions if the UPS 401(k) Savings Plan fails the annual average deferral percentage test.

Non-employee directors may defer retainer fees quarterly.

Elections are made annually for the following calendar year.

## Stock Option Deferral Feature

Assets are invested solely in shares of UPS stock.

Non-qualified or Incentive Stock Options which vested prior to December 31, 2004 were deferrable during the annual enrollment period for the following calendar year. Participants deferred receipt of UPS stock that would otherwise be taxable upon the exercise of the stock option.

The shares received upon exercise of these options are deferred into a rabbi trust. The shares held in this trust are classified as treasury stock, and the liability to participating employees is classified as "deferred compensation obligations" in the shareowners' equity section of the balance sheet.

No deferrals of stock options were permitted after December 31, 2004.

As a result of the requirements applicable to non-qualified deferred compensation arrangements under Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code and related guidance, deferral of stock options is no longer offered under the UPS Deferred Compensation Plan for options that vested after December 31, 2004.

## Withdrawals and Distributions under the UPS Deferred Compensation Plan

For the 2004 and Before Salary Deferral Feature, participants may elect to receive the funds in a lump sum or up to a 10 year installment (of 120 monthly payments), subject to restrictions if the balance is less than \$20,000.

For the 2005 and Beyond Salary Deferral Feature, participants may elect to receive funds in a lump sum or up to a 10 year installment (120 monthly payments), subject to restrictions if the balance, plus the total balance in any other account which must be aggregated with the 2005 and Beyond Salary Deferral Account under Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code, is less than the Internal Revenue Code Section 402(g) annual limit in effect for qualified 401(k) plans on the date the participant becomes eligible for a distribution.

For the Stock Option Deferral Feature, participants may elect to receive shares in a lump sum or up to 10 annual installments, subject to restrictions if the balance is less than \$20,000. The distribution of shares will occur pro-rata based on the type of stock options (non-qualified or Incentive) that were originally deferred.

The distribution election under the 2005 and Beyond Salary Deferral Feature may be changed one time only, but may be changed more frequently under the 2004 and Before Salary Deferral Feature and the Stock Option Deferral Feature. Hardship distributions are permitted under all three features of the UPS Deferred Compensation Plan.

Withdrawals are not permitted under the 2005 and Beyond Salary Deferral Feature, but withdrawals are permitted for 100% of the account under the 2004 and Before Salary Deferral Feature and Stock Option Deferral Feature. However, withdrawals will result in a forfeiture of 10% of the participant's total account balances.

No Company contributions are made to any of the three features of the UPS Deferred Compensation Plan. The aggregate balances shown in the table above represent amounts that the Named Executive Officers have earned but elected to defer, plus earnings (or less losses). There are no above-market or preferential earnings in the UPS Deferred Compensation Plan. The investment options mirror those in the UPS 401(k) Savings

Plan. Dividends earned on shares of UPS stock in the UPS Deferred Compensation Plan are earned at the same rate as all other class A and class B shares of common stock. Dividends are added to the participant's deferred compensation balance. Deferral elections made under the UPS Deferred Compensation Plan are irrevocable once made.

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#### **UPS Restoration Savings Plan**

Benefits payable under the UPS 401(k) Savings Plan are subject to the maximum compensation limits and the annual benefit limits for a tax-qualified defined contribution plan as established by the Internal Revenue Service. Amounts exceeding these limits are paid pursuant to the UPS Restoration Savings Plan, which is a non-qualified restoration plan designed to replace the amount

of benefits limited under the tax-qualified plan. Without the UPS Restoration Savings Plan, executive officers would receive a lower benefit as a percent of eligible compensation than the benefit received by other participants in the UPS Savings Plan. No NEOs have received any UPS Restoration Savings Plan payments as of December 31, 2018.

## Potential Payments on Termination or Change in Control

We have not entered into any employment agreements with our executive officers that provide continuation of employment of an executive. Our Compensation Committee believes that UPS has created a culture where long tenure for executives is the norm. As a result, executive officers serve without employment contracts, as do most of our other U.S.-based non-union employees.

In connection with the hiring of each of Scott Price and Kevin Warren, we entered into protective covenant agreements with each of them which, in the event they are terminated without cause during the first two years of employment, provide for (i) separation pay equal to two years' salary, (ii) continued vesting of their one-time RSU grants, and (iii) with respect to Kevin Warren, the payment of any unpaid transition payments (see "2018 Employment Transition Payments" described above). In the event either of them are terminated without cause after the first two years of employment, the Company is obligated to make such payments and continue vesting such grants if it elects to enforce post-termination non-compete covenants connected to those agreements. Furthermore, under the terms of their offer letters, each is entitled to continue to vest in the one-time RSU awards granted to them in 2018 in the event either of them are terminated without cause. Termination for cause will result in the loss of these payments.

The equity awards granted between May 7, 2009 and May 2, 2012 were made pursuant to the 2009 Plan; equity awards granted on or after May 3, 2012 were made pursuant to the 2012 Plan; equity awards granted on or after May 7, 2015 were made pursuant to the 2015 Plan; and equity awards granted on or after January 1, 2018 were made pursuant to the 2018 Plan. The plans and the related award certificates contain provisions that affect outstanding awards to all plan participants, including the NEOs, in the event of a change in control (as defined below) of the Company and a participant's retirement, death or disability. Upon a participant's retirement, death or disability:

Options will become immediately exercisable;

Restrictions imposed on shares of restricted stock, RSUs or RPUs that are not performance-based lapse; and

Target payout opportunities attainable under all outstanding awards of performance-based restricted stock, RSUs and RPUs are deemed to have been fully earned for the applicable performance periods. Payment of an award (in cash or stock, as applicable) is made to the participant based upon an assumed achievement of all relevant targeted performance goals and the length of time within the applicable performance period which has elapsed.

In the event of a change in control, if the successor company continues, assumes or substitutes other grants for outstanding awards, and within two years following the change in control the participant is terminated by the successor without cause or the participant resigns for good reason, then:

Options will become immediately exercisable as of the termination or resignation;

Restrictions imposed on restricted stock or RSUs that are not performance-based will lapse; and

Performance-based awards will vest with respect to each performance measurement tranche completed during the performance period prior to the termination or resignation (or, if the performance period is not divided into separate performance measurement tranches, proportionately based on the portion of the performance period completed prior to such resignation or termination).

In the event of a change in control, if the successor company does not continue, assume or substitute other grants for outstanding awards, or in the case of a dissolution or liquidation of UPS, then options will be fully vested and exercisable and the Compensation Committee will either give a participant a reasonable opportunity to exercise the option before the transaction resulting in the change in control, or pay the participant the difference between the exercise price for the option and the consideration provided to other similarly situated shareowners.

#### Other Outstanding Awards

Other outstanding awards will vest and be paid generally as described in the bullet points above (except, where applicable, timing of payment generally will be tied to such change in control, rather than termination or resignation). Our 1999 Incentive Compensation plan provided for tax

gross-ups upon a change in

control in certain situations. However, all awards made under the 1999 Plan have already vested and are not subject to the change in control provisions. The 2018 Plan, 2015 Plan, 2012 Plan and 2009 Plan do not provide for the payment of tax gross-ups.

The following table shows the potential payments to the NEOs upon a termination of employment under various circumstances. In preparing the table, we assumed the event occurred on December 31, 2018. The closing price per share of our common stock on December 31, 2018 was \$97.53. The actual amounts to be paid under any of the scenarios can only be determined at the time of such NEO's separation from the Company.

<b>Name</b> David P. Abney	Separation Pay <sup>(1)</sup> (\$)	Accelerated Vesting of Equity Awards <sup>(2)</sup> (\$)	Benefits <sup>(3)</sup> (\$)	Total (\$)
Termination (voluntary or involuntary for cause)	_	—	_	—
Termination (involuntary without cause)	_	10 770 700	_	10 770 700
Change in Control (with termination)	_	18,778,760	_	18,778,760
Retirement	_	18,778,760	_	18,778,760
Death	—	18,778,760	—	18,778,760
Disability		18,778,760	—	18,778,760
Richard N. Peretz				
Termination (voluntary or involuntary for cause)	_	_	_	_
Termination (involuntary without cause)			—	
Change in Control (with termination)	_	5,484,329	—	5,484,329
Retirement	—	5,484,329	280,068	5,764,397
Death	—	5,484,329	—	5,484,329
Disability	—	5,484,329	—	5,484,329
James J. Barber, Jr.				
Termination (voluntary or involuntary for cause)	—	—	—	—
Termination (involuntary without cause)			—	
Change in Control (with termination)		7,360,835	—	7,360,835
Retirement	_	7,360,835	224,445	7,585,280
Death	_	7,360,835	_	7,360,835
Disability	_	7,360,835	_	7,360,835
Scott A. Price				
Termination (voluntary or involuntary for cause)	_	—	—	—
Termination (involuntary without cause)	1,236,000	2,524,565	—	3,760,565
Change in Control (with termination)	—	4,944,802	—	4,944,802
Retirement		4,944,802	_	4,944,802
Death	_	4,944,802	_	4,944,802
Disability	_	4,944,802	_	4,944,802
Kevin M. Warren				
Termination (voluntary or involuntary for cause)	_	_	_	_
Termination (involuntary without cause)	2,700,000	2,465,138	_	5,165,138
Change in Control (with termination)		2,465,138	_	2,465,138
Retirement	_	2,465,138	_	2,465,138
Death	_	2,465,138	_	2,465,138
Disability	_	2,465,138	_	2,465,138
•		, , -		

(1) Represents the value of separation pay, and with respect to Kevin Warren, the payment of any unpaid transition payments (see 2018 "Employment Transition Payments" described above).

Represents the value of accelerated vesting of stock options and RPUs in accordance with the terms of the 2009 Plan, the 2012 Plan, the 2015 Plan, the 2018 Plan and the applicable award certificates. Also includes the 2017 and 2018 LTIP awards calculated at target. The performance (2) measurement period for the 2017 LTIP award ends December 31, 2019, and performance measurement period for the 2018 LTIP award ends December 31, 2020. With respect to Kevin Warren and Scott Price, includes the continued vesting of the one-time grant of RSUs awarded to each as described in the "2018 Employment Transition Payments" section above.

Represents the actuarial present value of the incremental non-qualified amounts payable upon change in control, early retirement, death and disability from the UPS Excess Coordinating Benefit Plan. For information about the UPS Excess Coordinating Benefit Plan, see the Pension <sup>(3)</sup> Benefits table and related narrative. The same assumptions were used to calculate the present value of the amounts in this table that were used for the Pension Benefits table except that benefits are assumed to be payable immediately as of December 31, 2018 (or age 55 if later) instead

of as of age 60. Only individuals eligible for early retirement (55 with 10 years of service) who are not yet age 60 will have an early retirement value in the table.

## Other Amounts

The previous table does not include payments and benefits to the extent they are generally provided on a non-discriminatory basis to salaried employees not subject to a collective bargaining agreement upon termination of employment. These include:

Life insurance upon death in the amount of 12 times the employee's monthly base salary, with a December 31, 2018 maximum benefit payable of \$1 million;

A death benefit in the amount of three times the employee's monthly salary;

Disability benefits; and

## Accrued vacation amounts.

The tables also do not include amounts to which the executives would be entitled to receive that are already described in the compensation tables that appear earlier in this proxy statement, including:

The value of equity awards that are already vested; Amounts payable under defined benefit pension plans; and Amounts previously deferred into the deferred compensation plan.

## Definition of a Change in Control

A change in control of the Company as defined in the 2018 Plan is deemed to have occurred as of the first day that any one or more of the following conditions shall have been satisfied:

The consummation of a reorganization, merger, share exchange or consolidation, in each case, where persons who were shareowners of UPS immediately prior to such reorganization, merger, share exchange or consolidation do not, immediately thereafter, own more than fifty percent (50%) of the combined voting power of the reorganized, merged, surviving or consolidated company's then outstanding securities entitled to vote generally in the election of directors in substantially the same proportions as immediately prior to the transaction; or a liquidation or dissolution of UPS or the sale of substantially all of UPS's assets; or

Individuals who, as of any date (the "Beginning Date"), constitute the Board of Directors (the "Incumbent Board") and who, as of the end of the two-year period beginning on such Beginning Date, cease for any reason to constitute at least a majority of the Board of Directors, provided that any person becoming a director subsequent to the Beginning Date whose election, or nomination for election by UPS's shareowners, was approved by a vote of at least a majority of the directors then comprising the Incumbent Board (other than an election or nomination of an individual whose initial assumption of office is in connection with an actual or threatened election contest relating to the election of the directors of UPS, as such terms are used in Rule 14a-11 of Regulation 14A promulgated under the Exchange Act) shall be considered as though such person were a member of the Incumbent Board.

## Equity Compensation Plans

The following table sets forth information as of December 31, 2018 concerning shares of our common stock authorized for issuance under all of our equity compensation plans.

Plan category

Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights Weighted-Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights (b) Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation

	(a)		Plans (Excluding Securities Reflected in Column (a)) (c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders <sup>(1)</sup>	16,234,319	8.13	33,277,669(2)
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	_	N/A	—
Total	16,234,319	8.13	33,277,669

Includes the 1999 Plan, the 2009 Plan, the 2012 Plan, the 2015 Plan, the 2018 Plan and the Discounted Employee Stock Purchase Plan, each of which has been approved by our shareowners. Effective with the authorization of the 2018 Plan that was approved by our shareowners in May 2018, no additional securities may be issued under the 1999 Plan, the 2009 Plan, the 2012 Plan or the 2015 Plan. Awards that do not entitle the holder to receive or purchase shares and awards that are settled in cash are not counted against the aggregate number of shares available for (1) awards under the 2018 Plan.

(2) In addition to grants of options, warrants or rights, this number includes up to 19,592,704 shares of common stock or other stock-based awards that may be issued under the 2018 Plan, and up to 13,684,965 shares of common stock that may be issued under the Discounted Employee Stock Purchase Plan. This number does not include shares under the 1999 Plan, the 2009 Plan, the 2012 Plan or the 2015 Plan because no new awards may be made under those plans.

## Median Employee to CEO Pay Ratio

As required by Item 402(u) of Regulation S-K, pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, we are providing the following ratio of the annual total compensation of our Chief Executive Officer to the annual total compensation of our median employee.

The annual total compensation of the median compensated employee, was \$55,417; our CEO's annual total compensation was \$15,072,127, and the ratio of these amounts was 272-to-1.

Items related to healthcare benefits, which are available generally to all salaried employees of the company, are included in the annual total compensation numbers above. The CEO's and median employee's company-paid healthcare benefit amounts were \$11,251 and \$5,452 respectively. For the CEO, this amount is not included in the Summary Compensation Table as permitted by SEC regulations.

The SEC's rules for identifying the median compensated employee and calculating the pay ratio based on that employee's annual total compensation allow companies to adopt a variety of methodologies, to apply certain exclusions, and to make reasonable estimates and assumptions that reflect their employee populations and compensation practices. As a result, the pay ratio reported by other companies may not be comparable to the pay ratio reported above, as other companies have different employee populations and compensation practices and may utilize different methodologies, exclusions, estimates and assumptions in calculating their own pay ratios.

The pay ratio reported above is a reasonable estimate calculated in a manner consistent with SEC rules based on our payroll and employment records and the methodology described below. As permitted by SEC rules, for our 2018 pay ratio reported above, we used the same median employee that we used for our 2017 pay ratio, as we believe there has been no change in our employee population or employee compensation arrangements that would significantly impact our pay ratio disclosure, including as a result of the acquisitions described below. For these purposes, we identified the median compensated employee from our employee population as of October 1, 2017, using total taxable wages (Form W-2 Box 1 or equivalent) paid to our employees in fiscal year 2017. We determined our total workforce as of

October 1, 2017 to consist of 466,707 employees. During the fiscal year 2017, UPS purchased Zone Solutions, LLC and Freightex Ltd. These companies employed 14 and 133 employees respectively. Also, as permitted by SEC rules, under the 5% "De Minimis Exemption", we excluded 22,909 non-U.S. employees, or 4.9% of our total workforce. As a result of these exclusions, our median employee was identified from an employee population of 443,651 employees.

The excluded countries and their employee populations are as follows: Albania (1 employee), Argentina (243 employees), Australia (430 employees), Australia (190 employees), Bahrain (23 employees), Barbados (12 employees), Belarus (30 employees), Belgium (1,208 employees), Bolivia (4 employees), Brazil (772 employees), Chile (184 employees), Colombia (478 employees), Costa Rica (272 employees), Czech Republic (457 employees), Denmark (590 employees), Dominican Republic (135 employees), Ecuador (85 employees), Egypt (36 employees), El Salvador (34 employees), Finland (205 employees), Greece (138 employees), Guam (1 employee), Guatemala (82 employees), Honduras (48 employees), Hong Kong (1,117 employees), Hungary (377 employees), India (1,924 employees), Indonesia (182 employees), Ireland (857 employees), Italy (1,258 employees), Jamaica (8 employees), Japan (660 employees), Kazakhstan (39 employees), Kenya (1 employee), Kuwait (47 employees), Luxembourg (6 employees), Macau (24 employees), Malaysia (512 employees), Morocco (61 employees), Nepal (2 employees), New Zealand (32 employees), Nicaragua (43 employees), Nigeria (352 employees), Norway (107 employees), Pakistan (68 employees), Panama (39 employees), Peru (93 employees), Singapore (1,108 employees), Slovakia (29 employees), Suovenia (48 employees), South Africa (326 employees), Rusia (510 employees), Spain (1,242 employees), Slovakia (29 employees), Slovenia (48 employees), Switzerland (478 employees), Taiwan (873 employees), Spain (1,242 employees), Uganda (1 employee), Sweden (991 employees), Switzerland (478 employees), Taiwan (873 employees), Venezuela (6 employees), Uganda (1 employee), Ukraine (90 employees), United Arab Emirates (379 employees), Uruguay (13 employees), Venezuela (6 employees), Vietnam (259 employees), Virgin Islands (12 employees).

## Ownership of Our Securities Securities Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The following table sets forth information as of December 31, 2018 as to each person known to us to be the beneficial owner of more than five percent of either our class A or class B common stock, based on SEC filings by such persons. Class A shares have ten votes per share and class B have one vote per share. Class A shares are held by employees and retirees and are not publicly traded. As of February 25, 2019 there were 163,879,494 outstanding shares of class A common stock and 696,320,362 outstanding shares of class B common stock.

Name and address	Number of Shares of Class B Stock Beneficially Owned	Percent of Class B Stock
BlackRock, Inc. <sup>(1)</sup> 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY 10055	43,989,061	6.3%
The Vanguard Group <sup>(2)</sup> 100 Vanguard Blvd. Malvern, PA 19355	53,522,313	7.7%

According to a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 8, 2019, BlackRock Inc. has sole voting power with respect to 37,963,917 shares (1) of our class B common stock and sole dispositive power with respect to 43,989,061 shares of our class B common stock.

(2) According to a Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 11, 2019, The Vanguard Group has sole voting power with respect to 856,485 shares of our class B common stock, shared voting power with respect to 166,629 shares of our class B common stock, sole dispositive power with respect to 52,518,017 shares of our class B common stock and shared dispositive power with respect to 1,004,296 shares of our class B common stock.

The following table sets forth the beneficial ownership of our class A and class B common stock as of February 25, 2019 by each of our Named Executive Officers, each of our directors, and all of our directors and executive officers as a group. Ownership is calculated in accordance with SEC rules and regulations.