

AMDOCS LTD
Form 6-K
August 10, 2015
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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

Form 6-K

**REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER
PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the Quarter Ended June 30, 2015

Commission File Number 1-14840

AMDOCS LIMITED

**Hirzel House, Smith Street,
St. Peter Port, Island of Guernsey, GY1 2NG**

Amdocs, Inc.

1390 Timberlake Manor Parkway, Chesterfield, Missouri 63017

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F:

FORM 20-F FORM 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934:

YES NO

If Yes is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b):
82-_____

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AMDOCS LIMITED

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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This report on Form 6-K shall be incorporated by reference into any Registration Statement filed by the Registrant that by its terms automatically incorporates the Registrant's filings and submissions with the SEC under Sections 13(a), 13(c) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Table of Contents**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements****AMDOCS LIMITED****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(dollar and share amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	June 30, 2015 (Unaudited)	As of September 30, 2014
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,076,591	\$ 1,103,269
Short-term interest-bearing investments	325,117	321,196
Accounts receivable, net	739,927	715,837
Deferred income taxes and taxes receivable	182,422	148,346
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	130,957	135,326
Total current assets	2,455,014	2,423,974
Equipment and leasehold improvements, net	286,183	288,956
Deferred income taxes	87,106	99,274
Goodwill	1,930,992	1,925,225
Intangible assets, net	140,686	181,227
Other noncurrent assets	268,346	266,621
Total assets	\$ 5,168,327	\$ 5,185,277
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 140,765	\$ 142,627
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	501,315	422,291
Accrued personnel costs	208,453	220,630
Short-term financing arrangements		210,000
Deferred revenue	174,425	156,743
Deferred income taxes and taxes payable	76,434	48,456
Total current liabilities	1,101,392	1,200,747
Deferred income taxes and taxes payable	299,685	311,134
Other noncurrent liabilities	250,949	277,560
Total liabilities	1,652,026	1,789,441

Shareholders equity:

Preferred Shares	Authorized 25,000 shares; £0.01 par value; 0 shares issued and outstanding		
Ordinary Shares	Authorized 700,000 shares; £0.01 par value; 267,149 and 264,735 issued and 153,674 and 156,704 outstanding, respectively	4,322	4,284
Additional paid-in capital		3,155,850	3,054,780
Treasury stock, at cost	113,475 and 108,031 ordinary shares, respectively	(3,429,296)	(3,157,085)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		3,062	(9,972)
Retained earnings		3,782,363	3,503,829
Total shareholders equity		3,516,301	3,395,836
Total liabilities and shareholders equity		\$ 5,168,327	\$ 5,185,277

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**AMDOCS LIMITED****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)**

(dollar and share amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenue	\$ 907,897	\$ 902,477	\$ 2,716,762	\$ 2,663,376
Operating expenses:				
Cost of revenue	592,366	584,604	1,746,383	1,725,291
Research and development	62,598	64,863	189,044	190,292
Selling, general and administrative	108,128	112,681	328,894	335,078
Amortization of purchased intangible assets and other	18,078	15,326	46,193	43,174
	781,170	777,474	2,310,514	2,293,835
Operating income	126,727	125,003	406,248	369,541
Interest and other expense, net	1,044	748	1,169	4,060
Income before income taxes	125,683	124,255	405,079	365,481
Income taxes	17,901	14,428	50,046	43,862
Net income	\$ 107,782	\$ 109,827	\$ 355,033	\$ 321,619
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.70	\$ 0.69	\$ 2.29	\$ 2.02
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.69	\$ 0.68	\$ 2.26	\$ 1.99
Basic weighted average number of shares outstanding	154,101	159,257	155,037	159,574
Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding	156,581	161,725	157,352	161,939
Cash dividends declared per ordinary share	\$ 0.170	\$ 0.155	\$ 0.495	\$ 0.440

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**AMDOCS LIMITED****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)**

(dollar amounts in thousands)

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net income	\$ 107,782	\$ 109,827	\$ 355,033	\$ 321,619
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:				
Net change in fair value of cash flow hedges(1)	25,863	23	12,799	12,136
Net change in fair value of available-for-sale securities(2)	(201)	147	235	53
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	25,662	170	13,034	12,189
Comprehensive income	\$ 133,444	\$ 109,997	\$ 368,067	\$ 333,808

(1) Net of tax (expense) benefit of \$(5,731) and \$(141) for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and of \$(2,443) and \$(622) for the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

(2) Net of tax (expense) benefit of \$(1) and \$2 for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and of \$5 and \$(3) for the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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AMDOCS LIMITED

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(dollar amounts in thousands)

	Nine months ended June 30,	
	2015	2014
Cash Flow from Operating Activities:		
Net income	\$ 355,033	\$ 321,619
Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	123,136	116,911
Equity-based compensation expense	34,223	34,020
Deferred income taxes	(22,797)	(5,336)
Excess tax benefit from equity-based compensation	(4,040)	(574)
Loss from short-term interest-bearing investments	275	737
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of amounts acquired:		
Accounts receivable, net	(22,081)	(40,570)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	12,612	2,828
Other noncurrent assets	1,310	(17,639)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and accrued personnel	78,395	25,955
Deferred revenue	6,597	55,625
Income taxes payable, net	18,498	5,802
Other noncurrent liabilities	(15,314)	16,980
Net cash provided by operating activities	565,847	516,358
Cash Flow from Investing Activities:		
Payments for purchase of equipment and leasehold improvements, net	(91,501)	(77,881)
Proceeds from sale of short-term interest-bearing investments	180,758	284,926
Purchase of short-term interest-bearing investments	(184,724)	(294,091)
Net cash paid for acquisitions	(8,099)	(180,540)
Other	931	3,348
Net cash used in investing activities	(102,635)	(264,238)
Cash Flow from Financing Activities:		
Payments under financing arrangements	(210,000)	(200,000)
Repurchase of shares	(272,211)	(261,916)
Proceeds from employee stock option exercises	62,951	116,041
Payments of dividends	(74,663)	(66,363)
Excess tax benefit from equity-based compensation	4,040	574
Other	(7)	(710)
Net cash used in financing activities	(489,890)	(412,374)

Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(26,678)	(160,254)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,103,269	1,014,192
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,076,591	\$ 853,938

Supplementary Cash Flow Information

Cash paid for:

Income taxes, net of refunds	\$ 44,310	\$ 37,742
Interest	456	599

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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AMDOCS LIMITED

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(dollar and share amounts in thousands, except per share data)

1. Nature of Entity and Basis of Presentation

Amdocs Limited (the Company) is a leading provider of software and services for communications, entertainment and media industry service providers. The Company and its subsidiaries operate in one segment, providing integrated products and services. The Company designs, develops, markets, supports, implements and operates customer experience solutions primarily for leading wireless, wireline, cable and satellite service providers throughout the world. Amdocs also offers a full range of advertising and media solutions for local marketing service providers and search and directory publishers.

The Company is a Guernsey corporation, which directly or indirectly holds numerous wholly-owned subsidiaries around the world. The majority of the Company's customers are in North America, Europe, Latin America and the Asia-Pacific region. The Company's main development facilities are located in Brazil, Canada, Cyprus, India, Ireland, Israel, the United Kingdom and the United States.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP. In the opinion of the Company's management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation of the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been included herein and are of a normal recurring nature.

The preparation of financial statements during interim periods requires management to make numerous estimates and assumptions that impact the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and the effect of revisions is reflected in the results of operations for the interim periods in which changes are determined to be necessary.

The results of operations for the interim periods presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full fiscal year. These statements do not include all information and footnotes necessary for a complete presentation of financial position, results of operations and cash flows in conformity with GAAP. These statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, set forth in the Company's Annual Report on Form 20-F filed on December 8, 2014 with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC.

Reclassification

From time to time, certain immaterial amounts in prior year financial statements may be reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. Effective October 1, 2014, the Company combined the presentation of license and service revenue, as well as the related costs, since license revenue comprises an insignificant portion of total revenue.

2. Recent Accounting Standard

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued an Accounting Standard Update, or ASU, on revenue from contracts with customers, which outlines a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue recognition

guidance. In July 2015, the FASB deferred the effective date of this ASU by one year, to fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017; however, early adoption as of the original effective date, fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, will be permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the methods and its timing of adoption, as well as the effect that adoption of this ASU will have on its consolidated financial statements.

3. Adoption of New Accounting Standard

In 2013, the FASB issued an ASU that requires an entity to present an unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward, in the absence of certain conditions. This ASU became effective for the Company in the first quarter of fiscal 2015 and its adoption resulted in a reclassification of \$15,000 from noncurrent taxes payable to assets under noncurrent deferred income taxes as of December 31, 2014.

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The Company accounts for certain assets and liabilities at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received from selling an asset or that would be paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When determining the fair value measurements for assets and liabilities required or permitted to be recorded at fair value, the Company considers the principal or most advantageous market in which it would transact and it considers assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability.

The hierarchy below lists three levels of fair value based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market. The Company categorizes each of its fair value measurements in one of these three levels based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

The three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value are as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions (less active markets), or other inputs that are observable (model-derived valuations in which significant inputs are observable) or can be derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data; and

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity that is significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The following tables present the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014:

	As of June 30, 2015			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Available-for-sale securities:				
Money market funds	\$ 421,757	\$	\$	\$ 421,757
U.S. government treasuries	122,401			122,401
Corporate bonds		105,969		105,969
U.S. agency securities		33,488		33,488
Asset backed obligations		31,283		31,283
Commercial paper and certificates of deposit	2,013	23,449		25,462
Supranational and sovereign debt		11,337		11,337
Total available-for-sale securities	546,171	205,526		751,697
Derivative financial instruments, net		12,664		12,664
Other liabilities			(3,266)	(3,266)
Total	\$ 546,171	\$ 218,190	\$ (3,266)	\$ 761,095

	As of September 30, 2014			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Available-for-sale securities:				
Money market funds	\$ 649,745	\$	\$	\$ 649,745
U.S. government treasuries	118,708			118,708
Corporate bonds		102,420		102,420
U.S. agency securities		41,649		41,649
Asset backed obligations		29,095		29,095
Commercial paper and certificates of deposit	2,007	26,502		28,509
Supranational and sovereign debt		5,799		5,799
Government-guaranteed debt		1,187		1,187
Mortgages		527		527
Total available-for-sale securities	770,460	207,179		977,639
Derivative financial instruments, net		(1,358)		(1,358)
Other liabilities			(35,944)	(35,944)
Total	\$ 770,460	\$ 205,821	\$ (35,944)	\$ 940,337

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Available-for-sale securities that are classified as Level 2 assets are priced using observable data that may include quoted market prices for similar instruments, market dealer quotes, market spreads, non-binding market prices that are corroborated by observable market data and other observable market information. The Company's derivative instruments are classified as Level 2 as they represent foreign currency forward and option contracts valued primarily based on observable inputs including forward rates and yield curves. The Company did not have any transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements during the nine months ended June 30, 2015. Level 3 amounts relate to certain acquisition-related liabilities, which were valued using a Monte-Carlo simulation model and were included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities as of June 30, 2015. The reduction in Level 3 liabilities during the nine months ended June 30, 2015 was recorded in the consolidated statements of income.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued personnel costs, short-term financing arrangements and other current liabilities approximate their fair value because of the relatively short maturity of these items.

5. Available-For-Sale Securities

Available-for-sale securities consist of the following interest-bearing investments:

	As of June 30, 2015			Fair Value
	Amortized Cost	Gains	Losses	
Money market funds	\$ 421,757	\$	\$	\$ 421,757
U.S. government treasuries	122,269	132		122,401
Corporate bonds	105,953	118	102	105,969
U.S. agency securities	33,442	46		33,488
Asset backed obligations	31,280	3		31,283
Commercial paper and certificates of deposit	25,462			25,462
Supranational and sovereign debt	11,334	3		11,337
Total(1)	\$ 751,497	\$ 302	\$ 102	\$ 751,697

- (1) Available-for-sale securities with maturities longer than 90 days from the date of acquisition were classified as short term interest-bearing investments and available-for-sale securities with maturities of 90 days or less from the date of acquisition were included in cash and cash equivalents on the Company's balance sheet. As of June 30, 2015, \$325,117 of securities were classified as short term interest-bearing investments and \$426,580 of securities were classified as cash and cash equivalents.

	As of September 30, 2014			Fair Value
	Amortized Cost	Gains	Losses	
Money market funds	\$ 649,745	\$	\$	\$ 649,745

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U.S. government treasuries	118,652	88	32	118,708
Corporate bonds	102,387	152	119	102,420
U.S. agency securities	41,658		9	41,649
Asset backed obligations	29,160		65	29,095
Commercial paper and certificates of deposit	28,509			28,509
Supranational and sovereign debt	5,804		5	5,799
Government-guaranteed debt	1,185	2		1,187
Mortgages	569		42	527
Total(2)	\$ 977,669	\$ 242	\$ 272	\$ 977,639

(2) As of September 30, 2014, \$321,196 of securities were classified as short term interest-bearing investments and \$656,443 of securities were classified as cash and cash equivalents.

As of June 30, 2015, the unrealized losses attributable to the Company's available-for-sale securities were primarily due to credit spreads and interest rate movements. The Company assessed whether such unrealized losses for the investments in its portfolio were other-than-temporary. Based on this assessment, the Company recognized immaterial credit losses in the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. Realized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities are included in earnings and are derived using the first-in-first-out (FIFO) method for determining the cost of securities.

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As of June 30, 2015, the Company's available-for-sale securities had the following maturity dates:

	Market Value
Due within one year	\$ 551,746
1 to 2 years	100,735
2 to 3 years	82,600
3 to 4 years	9,270
Thereafter	7,346
	\$ 751,697

6. Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company's risk management strategy includes the use of derivative financial instruments to reduce the volatility of earnings and cash flows associated with changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company does not enter into derivative transactions for trading purposes.

The Company's derivatives expose it to credit risks from possible non-performance by counterparties. The Company utilizes standard counterparty master netting agreements that net certain foreign currency transactions in the event of the insolvency of one of the parties to the transaction. These master netting arrangements permit the Company to net amounts due from the Company to a counterparty with amounts due to the Company from the same counterparty. Although all of the Company's recognized derivative assets and liabilities are subject to enforceable master netting arrangements, the Company has elected to present these assets and liabilities on a gross basis. Taking into account the Company's right to net certain gains with losses, the maximum amount of loss due to credit risk that the Company would incur if all counterparties to the derivative financial instruments failed completely to perform, according to the terms of the contracts, based on the gross fair value of the Company's derivative contracts that are favorable to the Company, was approximately \$12,771 as of June 30, 2015. The Company has limited its credit risk by entering into derivative transactions exclusively with investment-grade rated financial institutions and monitors the creditworthiness of these financial institutions on an ongoing basis.

The Company classifies cash flows from its derivative transactions as cash flows from operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flow.

The table below presents the total volume or notional amounts of the Company's derivative instruments as of June 30, 2015. Notional values are in U.S. dollars and are translated and calculated based on forward rates as of June 30, 2015 for forward contracts, and based on spot rates as of June 30, 2015 for options.

	Notional Value*
Foreign exchange contracts	\$ 1,566,959

* Gross notional amounts do not quantify risk or represent assets or liabilities of the Company, but are used in the calculation of settlements under the contracts.

The Company records all derivative instruments on the balance sheet at fair value. For further information, please see Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements. The fair value of the open foreign exchange contracts recorded as an asset or a liability by the Company on its consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014, is as follows:

	June 30, 2015	As of September 30, 2014
<i>Derivatives designated as hedging instruments</i>		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 12,178	\$ 5,936
Other noncurrent assets	6,191	2,485
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(6,174)	(9,686)
Other noncurrent liabilities	(828)	(1,908)
	11,367	(3,173)

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	June 30, 2015	As of September 30, 2014
<i>Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments</i>		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	4,789	7,551
Other noncurrent assets		26
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(3,492)	(5,736)
Other noncurrent liabilities		(26)
	1,297	1,815
Net fair value	\$ 12,664	\$ (1,358)

Cash Flow Hedges

In order to reduce the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates on its results, the Company enters into foreign currency exchange forward and option contracts to purchase and sell foreign currencies to hedge a significant portion of its foreign currency net exposure resulting from revenue and expense transactions denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. The Company designates these contracts for accounting purposes as cash flow hedges. The Company currently hedges its exposure to the variability in future cash flows for a maximum period of three years. A significant portion of the forward and option contracts outstanding as of June 30, 2015 is scheduled to mature within the next 12 months.

The effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative instruments is initially recorded as a component of other comprehensive income, a separate component of shareholders' equity, and subsequently reclassified into earnings in the same line item as the related forecasted transaction and in the same period or periods during which the hedged exposure affects earnings. The cash flow hedges are evaluated for effectiveness at least quarterly. As the critical terms of the forward contract or option and the hedged transaction are matched at inception, the hedge effectiveness is assessed generally based on changes in the fair value for cash flow hedges, as compared to the changes in the fair value of the cash flows associated with the underlying hedged transactions. Hedge ineffectiveness, if any, and hedge components, such as time value, excluded from assessment of effectiveness testing for hedges of estimated revenue from customers, are recognized immediately in interest and other expense, net.

The effect of the Company's cash flow hedging instruments in the consolidated statements of income for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, which partially offsets the foreign currency impact from the underlying exposures, is summarized as follows:

Line item in consolidated statements of income:	Gains (Losses) Reclassified from Other Comprehensive Income (Effective Portion)			
	Three months ended June 30,		Nine months ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenue	\$ 279	\$ 6	\$ 818	\$ 376
Cost of revenue	(1,966)	6,198	(11,380)	11,893
Research and development	(610)	1,194	(2,943)	3,359
Selling, general and administrative	(710)	1,280	(3,294)	3,338

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Total	\$ (3,007)	\$ 8,678	\$ (16,799)	\$ 18,966
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The activity related to the changes in net unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, is as follows:

	Nine months ended June 30,	
	2015	2014
Net unrealized (losses) gains on cash flow hedges, net of tax, beginning of period	\$ (5,522)	\$ 4,696
Changes in fair value of cash flow hedges, net of tax	(1,276)	27,354
Reclassification of net losses (gains) into earnings, net of tax	14,075	(15,218)
Net unrealized gains on cash flow hedges, net of tax, end of period	\$ 7,277	\$ 16,832

Net (losses) gains from cash flow hedges recognized in other comprehensive income during the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, were \$(1,557) and \$31,724, or \$(1,276) and \$27,354, net of taxes, respectively.

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Of the net gains related to derivatives designated as cash flow hedges and recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) as of June 30, 2015, a net gain of \$2,858 will be reclassified into earnings within the next 12 months and will partially offset the foreign currency impact from the underlying exposures. The amount ultimately realized in earnings will likely differ due to future changes in foreign exchange rates.

The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of a cash flow hedge, including the time value portion excluded from effectiveness testing for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, was not material.

Cash flow hedges are required to be discontinued in the event it becomes probable that the underlying forecasted hedged transaction will not occur. The Company did not discontinue any cash flow hedges during any of the periods presented nor does the Company anticipate any such discontinuance in the normal course of business.

Other Risk Management Derivatives

The Company also enters into foreign currency exchange forward and option contracts that are not designated as hedging instruments under hedge accounting and are used to reduce the impact of foreign currency on certain balance sheet exposures and certain revenue and expense transactions.

These instruments are generally short-term in nature, with typical maturities of less than 12 months, and are subject to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates.

The effect of the Company's derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments in the consolidated statements of income for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, which partially offsets the foreign currency impact from the underlying exposure, is summarized as follows:

	(Losses) Gains Recognized in Income			
	Three months ended June 30,		Nine months ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Line item in consolidated statements of income:				
Revenue	\$ (113)	\$ (6)	\$ (113)	\$ 18
Cost of revenue	2,944	1,227	(5,174)	1,462
Research and development	564	153	(399)	354
Selling, general and administrative	774	270	(1,016)	335
Interest and other expense, net	(6,800)	(1,250)	18,466	(1,044)
Income taxes	(906)	(457)	840	(839)
Total	\$ (3,537)	\$ (63)	\$ 12,604	\$ 286

7. Accounts Receivable, Net

Accounts receivable, net consists of the following:

	June 30, 2015	As of September 30, 2014
Accounts receivable billed	\$ 683,797	\$ 617,712
Accounts receivable unbilled	96,355	134,523
Less-allowances	(40,225)	(36,398)
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 739,927	\$ 715,837

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Accrued expenses and other current liabilities consist of the following:

	June 30, 2015	As of September 30, 2014
Project-related provisions	\$ 164,531	\$ 118,536
Dividends payable	26,127	24,291
Derivative instruments	9,666	15,422
Acquisition-related liabilities	3,266	15,397
Other	297,725	248,645
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$ 501,315	\$ 422,291

9. Income Taxes

The provision (benefit) for income taxes for the following periods consisted of:

	Three months ended June 30,		Nine months ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Current	\$ 13,438	\$ 29,454	\$ 72,843	\$ 49,198
Deferred	4,463	(15,026)	(22,797)	(5,336)
Income taxes	\$ 17,901	\$ 14,428	\$ 50,046	\$ 43,862

The Company's effective income tax rate varied from the statutory Guernsey tax rate as follows for the following periods:

	Three months ended June 30,		Nine months ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Statutory Guernsey tax rate	0%	0%	0%	0%
Foreign taxes	14	12	12	12
Effective income tax rate	14%	12%	12%	12%

As a Guernsey company subject to a corporate tax rate of zero percent, the Company's overall effective tax rate is attributable to foreign taxes.

Foreign taxes in the nine months ended June 30, 2015 include a net benefit of approximately \$7,500 due to settlements of tax audits in certain jurisdictions during the three months ended December 31, 2014, that resulted in a reduction to the Company's provision for gross unrecognized tax benefits, partially offset by an increase to the Company's taxes payable. Foreign taxes in the nine months ended June 30, 2015 also include a net benefit of approximately \$23,000 resulting from the release, during the six months ended March 31, 2015, of valuation allowances on deferred tax assets at several of the Company's subsidiaries, which will, more likely than not, be realized due to the Company's projections of future taxable income. In addition, foreign taxes in the nine months ended June 30, 2015 include a decrease of approximately \$14,000 that was attributable to the expiration, during the three months ended June 30, 2015, of statutes of limitations related to unrecognized tax benefits accumulated over several years in certain jurisdictions, which was partially offset by a provision for a new uncertain tax position of approximately \$6,000 recognized during the three months ended June 30, 2015.

As of June 30, 2015, deferred tax assets of \$107,487, derived primarily from tax credits, net capital and operating loss carry forwards related to some of the Company's subsidiaries, were offset by valuation allowances related to the uncertainty of realizing tax benefit for such credits and losses.

The total amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits, which includes interest and penalties, was \$122,525 as of June 30, 2015, all of which would affect the effective tax rate if realized.

In the nine months ended June 30, 2014, the Company reduced the amount of its gross unrecognized tax benefits by approximately \$11,000, which affected its effective tax rate. This included a decrease of approximately \$14,000 attributable to the expiration during the three months ended June 30, 2014 of statutes of limitations related to unrecognized tax benefits accumulated over several years in certain jurisdictions, as well as a decrease of approximately \$13,000 as a result of a tax position settled during the three months ended March 31, 2014. These were partially offset by ongoing increases related to the Company's existing uncertain tax positions.

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As of June 30, 2015, the Company had accrued \$21,130 in income taxes payable for interest and penalties relating to unrecognized tax benefits.

The Company is currently under audit in several jurisdictions for the tax years 2007 and onwards. Timing of the resolution of audits is highly uncertain and therefore the Company generally cannot estimate the change in unrecognized tax benefits resulting from these audits within the next 12 months.

10. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three months ended June 30,		Nine months ended June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Numerator:				
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share	\$ 107,782	\$ 109,827	\$ 355,033	\$ 321,619
Denominator:				
Denominator for basic earnings per share weighted average number of shares outstanding	154,101	159,257	155,037	159,574
Effect of assumed conversion of 0.50% convertible notes	15	16	15	21
Effect of dilutive stock options granted	2,466	2,452	2,300	2,344
Denominator for diluted earnings per share adjusted weighted average shares and assumed conversions	156,581	161,725	157,352	161,939
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.70	\$ 0.69	\$ 2.29	\$ 2.02
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.69	\$ 0.68	\$ 2.26	\$ 1.99

For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2015, 80 and 890 shares, respectively, on a weighted average basis, were attributable to antidilutive outstanding stock options. For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2014, 1,106 and 1,152 shares, respectively, on a weighted average basis, were attributable to antidilutive outstanding stock options. Shares attributable to antidilutive outstanding stock options were not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share.

11. Repurchase of Shares

From time to time, the Company's Board of Directors has adopted share repurchase plans authorizing the repurchase of the Company's outstanding ordinary shares. The current share repurchase plan, adopted by the Company's Board of Directors on April 30, 2014, authorizes the repurchase of up to \$750,000 of the Company's outstanding ordinary shares with no expiration date. In the nine months ended June 30, 2015, the Company repurchased approximately 5,444 ordinary shares at an average price of \$49.99 per share (excluding broker and transaction fees). As of June 30, 2015, the Company had remaining authority to repurchase up to \$441,849 of its outstanding ordinary shares. The authorization permits the Company to purchase its ordinary shares in open market or privately negotiated transactions at times and prices that it considers appropriate.

12. Financing Arrangements

In September 2014, the Company borrowed an aggregate of \$210,000 under its unsecured \$500,000 five-year revolving credit facility with a syndicate of banks and repaid it in October 2014. In December 2014, the credit facility was amended and restated to, among other things, extend the maturity date of the facility to December 2019. As of June 30, 2015, the Company was in compliance with the financial covenants under the revolving credit facility and had no outstanding borrowings under this facility.

As of June 30, 2015, the Company had additional uncommitted lines of credit available for general corporate and other specific purposes and had outstanding letters of credit and bank guarantees from various banks totaling \$81,760. These were supported by a combination of the uncommitted lines of credit and restricted cash balances that the Company maintains with various banks.

13. Stock Option and Incentive Plan

In January 1998, the Company adopted the 1998 Stock Option and Incentive Plan, or Equity Incentive Plan, which provides for the grant of restricted stock awards, stock options and other equity-based awards to employees, officers, directors, and consultants. The purpose of the Equity Incentive Plan is to enable the Company to attract and retain qualified personnel and to motivate such persons by

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providing them with an equity participation in the Company. Since its adoption, the Equity Incentive Plan has been amended on several occasions to, among other things, increase the number of ordinary shares issuable under the Equity Incentive Plan and extend its term. The maximum number of ordinary shares currently authorized to be granted under the Equity Incentive Plan is 62,300. Awards granted under the Equity Incentive Plan generally vest over a period of four years and stock options have a term of ten years.

The following table summarizes information about options to purchase the Company's ordinary shares, as well as changes during the nine-month period ended June 30, 2015:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average remaining Contractual Term
Outstanding as of October 1, 2014	9,563	\$ 33.72	
Granted	2,060	48.33	
Exercised	(2,037)	31.00	
Forfeited	(472)	37.38	
Outstanding as of June 30, 2015	9,114	\$ 37.44	7.27
Exercisable as of June 30, 2015	3,594	\$ 31.46	5.41

The following table summarizes information relating to awards of restricted shares, as well as changes to such awards during the nine-month period ended June 30, 2015:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding unvested shares as of October 1, 2014	1,886	\$ 36.09
Granted	529	48.16
Vested	(695)	34.68
Forfeited	(118)	37.73
Outstanding unvested shares as of June 30, 2015	1,602	\$ 40.57

Equity-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, are recognized in the statements of income based on their fair values.

Employee equity-based compensation pre-tax expense for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was as follows:

Three months ended	Nine months ended June 30,
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	June 30,			
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Cost of revenue	\$ 3,786	\$ 4,297	\$ 11,767	\$ 13,220
Research and development	816	880	2,570	2,685
Selling, general and administrative	5,898	5,343	19,886	18,115
Total	\$ 10,500	\$ 10,520	\$ 34,223	\$ 34,020

The total income tax benefit recognized in the consolidated statements of income for stock-based compensation (including restricted shares) for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, was \$1,095 and \$1,292, respectively, and for the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, was \$4,305 and \$3,954, respectively.

As of June 30, 2015, there was \$48,771 of unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested stock options and unvested restricted stock awards. The Company recognizes compensation costs using the graded vesting attribution method which results in a weighted average period of approximately one year over which the unrecognized compensation expense is expected to be recognized.

The Company selected the Black-Scholes option pricing model as the most appropriate fair value method for its equity-based awards. The Black-Scholes option pricing model assumptions used are noted in the following table (all in weighted averages for options granted during the period):

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	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Risk-free interest rate (1)	1.36%	1.46%	1.25%	1.26%
Expected life of stock options (2)	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
Expected volatility (3)	0.15	0.17	0.15	0.18
Expected dividend yield (4)	1.23%	1.31%	1.40%	1.47%
Fair value per option	\$ 6.69	\$ 6.44	\$ 5.63	\$ 5.50

- (1) Risk-free interest rate is based upon U.S. Treasury yield curve appropriate for the term of the Company's employee stock options.
- (2) Expected life of stock options is based upon historical experience.
- (3) Expected volatility is based on a combination of implied volatility of the Company's traded options and historical stock price volatility (blended volatility).
- (4) Expected dividend yield is based on the Company's history and future expectation of dividend payouts. Equity-based compensation recognized is reduced for estimated forfeitures and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates.

14. Dividends

The Company's Board of Directors declared the following dividends during the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

Declaration Date	Dividends Per		Record Date	Total Amount	Payment Date
	Ordinary Share				
April 29, 2015	\$0.170		June 30, 2015	\$26,127	July 17, 2015
January 27, 2015	\$0.170		March 31, 2015	\$26,286	April 16, 2015
November 4, 2014	\$0.155		December 31, 2014	\$24,086	January 16, 2015
April 30, 2014	\$0.155		June 30, 2014	\$24,576	July 18, 2014
January 29, 2014	\$0.155		March 31, 2014	\$24,799	April 17, 2014
November 5, 2013	\$0.130		December 31, 2013	\$20,752	January 17, 2014

The amount payable as a result of the April 29, 2015 declaration was included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities as of June 30, 2015.

On July 29, 2015, the Company's Board of Directors approved the next quarterly dividend payment, at the rate of \$0.17 per share, and set September 30, 2015 as the record date for determining the shareholders entitled to receive the dividend, which is payable on October 16, 2015.

15. Contingencies*Legal Proceedings*

The Company is involved in various legal claims and proceedings arising in the normal course of its business. The Company accrues for a loss contingency when it determines that it is probable, after consultation with counsel, that a

liability has been incurred and the amount of such loss can be reasonably estimated. At this time, the Company believes that the results of any such contingencies, either individually or in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The Company generally offers its products with a limited warranty for a period of 90 days or more. The Company's policy is to accrue for warranty costs, if needed, based on historical trends in product failure. Based on the Company's experience, only minimal warranty charges have been required after revenue was fully recognized and, as a result, the Company did not accrue any amounts for product warranty liability during the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

The Company generally indemnifies its customers against claims of intellectual property infringement made by third parties arising from the use of the Company's software. To date, the Company has incurred and recorded immaterial costs as a result of such obligations in its consolidated financial statements.

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16. Subsequent Event

On July 2, 2015, the Company completed its acquisition of a substantial majority of the assets of the business support systems (BSS) business unit of Comverse, Inc. for approximately \$273,000 in cash. This acquisition geographically complements the Company's market focus by expanding and diversifying its global customer base, particularly in Asia Pacific, Latin America and Europe.

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Item 2. Operating and Financial Review and Prospects

Forward Looking Statements

This section contains forward-looking statements (within the meaning of the United States federal securities laws) that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. You can identify these forward-looking statements by words such as expect, anticipate, believe, seek, estimate, project, forecast, continue, potential, should, would, or other words that convey uncertainty of future events or outcome. Statements that we make in this document that are not statements of historical fact also may be forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, and involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that may cause our actual results to differ materially from the expectations that we describe in our forward-looking statements. There may be events in the future that we are not accurately able to predict, or over which we have no control. You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Although we may elect to update forward-looking statements in the future, we disclaim any obligation to do so, even if our assumptions and projections change, except where applicable law may otherwise require us to do so. Readers should not rely on those forward-looking statements as representing our views as of any date subsequent to the date of this report.

Important factors that may affect these projections or expectations include, but are not limited to: changes in the overall economy; changes in competition in markets in which we operate; changes in the demand for our products and services; consolidation within the industries in which our customers operate; the loss of a significant customer; changes in the telecommunications regulatory environment; changes in technology that impact both the markets we serve and the types of products and services we offer; financial difficulties of our customers; losses of key personnel; difficulties in completing or integrating acquisitions; litigation and regulatory proceedings; and acts of war or terrorism. For a discussion of these important factors and other risks, please read the information set forth under the caption Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for fiscal 2014, filed on December 8, 2014 with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

Overview of Business and Trend Information

Amdocs is a leading provider of software and services for communications, entertainment and media industry service providers in developed countries and emerging markets. We develop, implement and manage software and services associated with business support systems (BSS), operational support systems (OSS) and network control and optimization domains to enable service providers to introduce new products and services quickly, understand their customers more deeply, process orders more efficiently, monetize data and support new business models while controlling costs. We refer to these systems collectively as customer experience solutions because of the crucial impact that these systems have on the service providers' end-user experience.

We believe the demand for our customer experience solutions is driven by the desire of service providers to help their consumers navigate the increasing number of devices, services and plans available in the connected communications world and the need of service providers to cope with the rapidly growing demand for data that these new devices and services have created. Amdocs CES (Customer Experience Solutions) enables service providers to respond to the multidimensional demands driving The New World of Customer Experience, in which service providers are expected to offer innovative and personalized services that are delivered consistently across channels and with a seamless network experience. Released in the third quarter of fiscal 2015, Amdocs CES 9.3 introduced solutions for online commerce and interactive bills, new big data analytics applications for service providers' marketing, care and network domains, as well as enhancements to improve system performance. Amdocs CES 9.3, which builds on our prior Amdocs CES 9.2, helps service providers to streamline complex operating environments, which can help drive cost reduction and speed time to market for new products and services. Within the network domain, Amdocs released

several solutions to enable service providers to accelerate the transformation from physical to virtual networks and support the rapid deployment and monetization of multiple technologies, such as Fiber, LTE, Small Cells and Wi-Fi.

We also offer advertising and media products and services for advertising service providers, media publishers and ad agencies. These offerings enable the management of media selling, fulfillment, operations, consumer experiences and financial processes across digital and print media.

We conduct our business globally, and as a result we are subject to the effects of global economic conditions and, in particular, market conditions in the communications, entertainment and media industry. In the nine months ended June 30, 2015, customers in North America accounted for 71.0% of our revenue, while customers in Europe and the rest of the world accounted for 11.3% and 17.7%, respectively. We maintain development facilities in Brazil, Canada, Cyprus, India, Ireland, Israel the United Kingdom and the United States.

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We derive our revenue principally from:

the initial sales of licenses to use our products and related services, including modification, implementation, integration and customization services,

providing managed services in our domain expertise and other related services, and

recurring revenue from ongoing support, maintenance and enhancements provided to our customers, and from incremental license fees resulting from increases in a customer's business volume.

Revenue is recognized only when all of the following conditions have been met: (i) there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement; (ii) delivery has occurred; (iii) the fee is fixed or determinable; and (iv) collectibility of the fee is reasonably assured. We usually sell our software licenses as part of an overall solution offered to a customer that combines the sale of software licenses with a broad range of services, which normally include significant customization, modification, implementation and integration. Those services are deemed essential to the software. As a result, we generally recognize initial license fee and related service revenue over the course of these long-term projects, using the percentage of completion method of accounting. Contingent subsequent license fee revenue is recognized upon completion of specified conditions in each contract, based on a customer's subscriber or transaction volume or other measurements when greater than the level specified in the contract for the initial license fee. Revenue from software solutions that do not require significant customization, implementation and modification is recognized upon delivery. Revenue from services that do not involve significant ongoing obligations is recognized as services are rendered. In managed services contracts, we typically recognize revenue from the operation of a customer's system as services are performed based on time elapsed, output produced, volume of data processed or subscriber count, depending on the specific contract terms of the managed services arrangement. Typically, managed services contracts are long-term in duration and are not subject to seasonality. Revenue from ongoing support services is recognized as work is performed.

Revenue from third-party hardware sales is recognized upon delivery and installation and revenue from third-party software sales is recognized upon delivery. Maintenance revenue is recognized ratably over the term of the maintenance agreement.

A significant portion of our revenue is recognized over the course of long-term implementation and integration projects under the percentage of completion method of accounting, usually based on a percentage that incurred labor effort to date bears to total projected labor effort. When total cost estimates exceed revenue in a fixed-price arrangement, the estimated losses are recognized immediately based upon the cost applicable to the project. The percentage of completion method requires the exercise of judgment on a quarterly basis, such as with respect to estimates of progress-to-completion, contract revenue, loss contracts and contract costs. Progress in completing such projects may significantly affect our annual and quarterly operating results.

Revenue generated in connection with managed services arrangements is a significant part of our business, generating substantial, long-term recurring revenue streams and cash flow. Revenue from managed services arrangements accounted for approximately \$460.6 million and \$438.0 million in the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and \$1,376.5 million and \$1,293.6 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. In the initial period of our managed services projects, we often invest in modernization and consolidation of the customer's systems. Managed services engagements can be less profitable in their early stages; however,

margins tend to improve over time, more rapidly in the initial period of an engagement, as we derive benefit from the operational efficiencies and from changes in the geographical mix of our resources.

On July 2, 2015, we completed the acquisition of a substantial majority of the assets of the BSS business unit of Converse for approximately \$273 million in cash. This acquisition geographically complements our market focus by expanding and diversifying our global customer base, particularly in Asia Pacific, Latin America and Europe.

Recent Accounting Standard

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued an Accounting Standard Update, or ASU, on revenue from contracts with customers, which outlines a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most current revenue recognition guidance. In July 2015, the FASB deferred the effective date of this ASU by one year, to fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017; however, early adoption as of the original effective date, fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, will be permitted. We are currently evaluating the methods and our timing of adoption, as well as the effect that adoption of this ASU will have on our consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**Adoption of New Accounting Standard**

In 2013, the FASB issued an ASU that requires an entity to present an unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward, in the absence of certain conditions. This ASU became effective for us in the first quarter of fiscal 2015 and its adoption resulted in a reclassification of \$15.0 million from noncurrent taxes payable to assets under noncurrent deferred income taxes as of December 31, 2014.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, certain items in our consolidated statements of income reflected as a percentage of total revenue:

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenue	100%	100%	100%	100%
Operating expenses:				
Cost of revenue	65.2	64.8	64.3	64.8
Research and development	6.9	7.2	6.9	7.1
Selling, general and administrative	11.9	12.4	12.1	12.6
Amortization of purchased intangible assets and other	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.6
	86.0	86.1	85.0	86.1
Operating income	14.0	13.9	15.0	13.9
Interest and other expense, net	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Income before income taxes	13.9	13.8	14.9	13.7
Income taxes	2.0	1.6	1.8	1.6
Net income	11.9%	12.2%	13.1%	12.1%

Table of Contents**Nine Months Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014**

The following is a tabular presentation of our results of operations for the nine months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the nine months ended June 30, 2014. Following the table is a discussion and analysis of our business and results of operations for such periods.

	Nine months ended		Increase (Decrease)	
	2015	June 30, 2014	Amount	%
	(in thousands)			
Revenue	\$ 2,716,762	\$ 2,663,376	53,386	2.0%
Operating expenses:				
Cost of revenue	1,746,383	1,725,291	21,092	1.2
Research and development	189,044	190,292	(1,248)	(0.7)
Selling, general and administrative	328,894	335,078	(6,184)	(1.8)
Amortization of purchased intangible assets and other	46,193	43,174	3,019	7.0
	2,310,514	2,293,835	16,679	0.7
Operating income	406,248	369,541	36,707	9.9
Interest and other expense, net	1,169	4,060	(2,891)	(71.2)
Income before income taxes	405,079	365,481	39,598	10.8
Income taxes	50,046	43,862	6,184	14.1
Net income	\$ 355,033	\$ 321,619	\$ 33,414	10.4%

Revenue. Revenue increased by \$53.4 million, or 2.0%, to \$2,716.8 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2015, from \$2,663.4 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in revenue was primarily attributable to increased activity in the rest of the world partially offset by lower revenue from customers in Europe. The 2.0% increase in revenue was net of a decrease of approximately 3.0% from foreign exchange fluctuations largely attributable to revenue from customers in Europe.

Effective October 1, 2014, we combined the presentation of license and service revenue, as well as the related costs, since license revenue comprises an insignificant portion of total revenue and is no longer meaningful as a business indicator.

Revenue attributable to the sale of customer experience solutions increased by \$79.2 million, or 3.1%, to \$2,643.2 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2015, from \$2,564.0 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2014. This increase was primarily attributable to increased activity in the rest of the world partially offset by lower revenue from customers in Europe. Revenue resulting from the sale of customer experience solutions represented 97.3% and 96.3% of our revenue in the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Revenue attributable to the sale of directory systems decreased by \$25.8 million, or 26.0%, to \$73.6 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2015, from \$99.4 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2014. This decrease was primarily attributable to continued slowness in the directory systems market leading to lower revenue from managed

services arrangements for directory systems customers. Revenue from the sale of directory systems represented 2.7% and 3.7% of our revenue in the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

In the nine months ended June 30, 2015, revenue from customers in North America, Europe and the rest of the world accounted for 71.0%, 11.3% and 17.7%, respectively, of revenue, compared to 72.3%, 13.0% and 14.7%, respectively, in the nine months ended June 30, 2014. Revenue from customers in North America increased slightly in absolute amounts but decreased as a percentage of revenue during the nine months ended June 30, 2015 as compared to during the nine months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease in the percentage of revenue from customers in Europe was attributable primarily to the negative impact from foreign exchange fluctuations. Revenue from customers in the rest of the world increased as a percentage of revenue as a result of activity with new customers in strategic markets and continued progress on modernization projects.

Cost of Revenue. Cost of revenue consists primarily of costs associated with providing services to customers, including compensation expense and costs of third-party products, as well as fee and royalty payments to software suppliers. Cost of revenue increased by \$21.1 million, or 1.2%, to \$1,746.4 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2015, from \$1,725.3 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2014. As a percentage of revenue, cost of revenue decreased to 64.3% in the nine months ended June 30, 2015, from 64.8% in the nine months ended June 30, 2014. The improvement in the gross margin in the nine months ended June 30, 2015 was mainly attributable to a gain resulting from changes in fair value of certain acquisition-related liabilities recognized in the six months ended March 31, 2015, partially offset by our increased activity in Asia Pacific and Central and Latin America, where we continued our penetration efforts in order to expand our business into those markets.

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Research and Development. Research and development expense is primarily comprised of compensation expense. Research and development expense decreased by \$1.2 million, or 0.7%, to \$189.0 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2015, from \$190.3 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2014. Research and development expense decreased as a percentage of revenue from 7.1% in the nine months ended June 30, 2014, to 6.9% in the nine months ended June 30, 2015. Our research and development efforts are a key element of our strategy and are essential to our success, and we intend to maintain our commitment to research and development. An increase or a decrease in our revenue would not necessarily result in a proportional increase or decrease in the levels of our research and development expenditures, which could affect our operating margin.

Selling, General and Administrative. Selling, general and administrative expense, which is primarily comprised of compensation expense, decreased by \$6.2 million, or 1.8%, to \$328.9 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2015, from \$335.1 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease in selling, general and administrative expense was primarily attributable to selling and marketing activities. Selling, general and administrative expense may fluctuate from time to time, depending upon such factors as changes in our workforce and sales efforts and the results of any operational efficiency programs that we may undertake.

Amortization of Purchased Intangible Assets and Other. Amortization of purchased intangible assets and other in the nine months ended June 30, 2015, increased by \$3.0 million to \$46.2 million from \$43.2 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in amortization of purchased intangible assets and other was primarily attributable to an increase in acquisition related costs.

Operating Income. Operating income increased by \$36.7 million, or 9.9%, in the nine months ended June 30, 2015, to \$406.2 million, or 15.0% of revenue, from \$369.5 million, or 13.9% of revenue, in the nine months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in operating income as a percentage of revenue was primarily attributable to revenue increasing at a higher rate than operating expenses. Positive foreign exchange impacts on our operating expenses were partially offset by the negative foreign exchange impacts on our revenue, resulting in a minor positive impact on our operating income.

Interest and Other Expense, Net. Interest and other expense, net, decreased by \$2.9 million to \$1.2 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2015, from \$4.1 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease in interest and other expense, net, was primarily attributable to a financing gain resulting from changes in fair value of certain acquisition-related liabilities recognized in the three months ended December 31, 2014, which was partially offset by foreign exchange impacts.

Income Taxes. Income taxes for the nine months ended June 30, 2015 were \$50.0 million on pre-tax income of \$405.1 million, resulting in an effective tax rate of 12.4%, compared to 12.0% in the nine months ended June 30, 2014. Our effective tax rate may fluctuate between periods as a result of discrete items that may affect a particular period. Please see Note 9 to our consolidated financial statements.

Net Income. Net income increased by \$33.4 million, or 10.4%, to \$355.0 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2015, from \$321.6 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in net income was primarily attributable to the increase in operating income, which was partially offset by the increase in income taxes.

Diluted Earnings Per Share. Diluted earnings per share increased by \$0.27, or 13.6%, to \$2.26 in the nine months ended June 30, 2015, from \$1.99 in the nine months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in diluted earnings per share was mainly attributable to the increase in net income and, to a lesser extent, the decrease in the diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding resulting from our repurchase of ordinary shares, partially offset by stock option exercises.

Table of Contents**Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014**

The following is a tabular presentation of our results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014. Following the table is a discussion and analysis of our business and results of operations for such periods.

	Three months ended		Increase (Decrease)	
	June 30,	June 30,	Amount	%
	2015	2014		
	(in thousands)			
Revenue	\$ 907,897	\$ 902,477	\$ 5,420	0.6%
Operating expenses:				
Cost of revenue	592,366	584,604	7,762	1.3
Research and development	62,598	64,863	(2,265)	(3.5)
Selling, general and administrative	108,128	112,681	(4,553)	(4.0)
Amortization of purchased intangible assets and other	18,078	15,326	2,752	18.0
	781,170	777,474	3,696	0.5
Operating income	126,727	125,003	1,724	1.4
Interest and other expense, net	1,044	748	296	39.6
Income before income taxes	125,683	124,255	1,428	1.1
Income taxes	17,901	14,428	3,473	24.1
Net income	\$ 107,782	\$ 109,827	\$ (2,045)	(1.9)%

Revenue. Revenue increased by \$5.4 million, or 0.6%, to \$907.9 million in the three months ended June 30, 2015, from \$902.5 million in the three months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in revenue was primarily attributable to increased activity in the rest of the world partially offset by a decrease in revenue from customers in North America and Europe. The 0.6% increase in revenue was net of a decrease of approximately 3.5% from foreign exchange fluctuations largely attributable to revenue from customers in Europe.

Revenue attributable to the sale of customer experience solutions increased by \$12.9 million, or 1.5%, to \$883.7 million in the three months ended June 30, 2015, from \$870.8 million in the three months ended June 30, 2014. This increase was primarily attributable to increased activity in the rest of the world partially offset by a decrease in revenue from customers in North America and Europe. Revenue resulting from the sale of customer experience solutions represented 97.3% and 96.5% of our revenue in the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Revenue attributable to the sale of directory systems decreased by \$7.5 million, or 23.7%, to \$24.2 million in the three months ended June 30, 2015, from \$31.7 million in the three months ended June 30, 2014. This decrease was primarily attributable to continued slowness in the directory systems market leading to lower revenue from managed services arrangements for directory systems customers. Revenue from the sale of directory systems represented 2.7% and 3.5% of our revenue in the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

In the three months ended June 30, 2015, revenue from customers in North America, Europe and the rest of the world accounted for 68.6%, 11.3% and 20.1%, respectively, of revenue, compared to 71.7%, 12.7% and 15.6%, respectively, in the three months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease in the percentage of revenue from customers in North America was attributable primarily to lower revenue from AT&T, mainly due to reduction in new discretionary programs, which we believe was primarily related to the protracted approval process for its merger with DirecTV. The decrease in the percentage of revenue from customers in Europe was attributable primarily to the negative impact from foreign exchange fluctuations. Revenue from customers in the rest of the world increased as a percentage of revenue as a result of activity with new customers in strategic markets and continued progress on modernization projects.

Cost of Revenue. Cost of revenue increased by \$7.8 million, or 1.3%, to \$592.4 million in the three months ended June 30, 2015, from \$584.6 million in the three months ended June 30, 2014. As a percentage of revenue, cost of revenue increased to 65.2% in the three months ended June 30, 2015, from 64.8% in the three months ended June 30, 2014. The reduction in the gross margin in the three months ended June 30, 2015 was primarily attributable to our increased activity in Asia Pacific and Central and Latin America, where we continued our penetration efforts in order to expand our business into those markets, partially offset by realization of efficiency gains.

Research and Development. Research and development expense decreased by \$2.3 million, or 3.5%, to \$62.6 million in the three months ended June 30, 2015, from \$64.9 million in the three months ended June 30, 2014. Research and development expense decreased as a percentage of revenue from 7.2% in the three months ended June 30, 2014, to 6.9% in the three months ended June 30, 2015.

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Selling, General and Administrative. Selling, general and administrative expense decreased by \$4.6 million, or 4.0%, to \$108.1 million in the three months ended June 30, 2015, from \$112.7 million in the three months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease in selling, general and administrative expense was primarily attributable to selling and marketing activities.

Amortization of Purchased Intangible Assets and Other. Amortization of purchased intangible assets and other in the three months ended June 30, 2015, increased by \$2.8 million to \$18.1 million from \$15.3 million in the three months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in amortization of purchased intangible assets and other was primarily attributable to an increase in acquisition related costs, partially offset by the timing of amortization charges of previously purchased intangible assets.

Operating Income. Operating income increased by \$1.7 million, or 1.4%, in the three months ended June 30, 2015, to \$126.7 million, or 14.0% of revenue, from \$125.0 million, or 13.9% of revenue, in the three months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in operating income as a percentage of revenue was attributable to the decrease in operating expenses while revenue increased. The negative foreign exchange impacts on our revenue were partially offset by positive foreign exchange impacts on our operating expenses, resulting in a minor negative impact on our operating income.

Income Taxes. Income taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2015 were \$17.9 million on pre-tax income of \$125.7 million, resulting in an effective tax rate of 14.2%, compared to 11.6% in the three months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in the tax rate was primarily attributable to changes in our provision for unrecognized tax benefits. Please see Note 9 to our consolidated financial statements. Our effective tax rate may fluctuate between periods as a result of discrete items that may affect a particular period.

Net Income. Net income decreased by \$2.0 million, or 1.9%, to \$107.8 million in the three months ended June 30, 2015, from \$109.8 million in the three months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease in net income was attributable to the increase in income taxes, partially offset by the increase in operating income.

Diluted Earnings Per Share. Diluted earnings per share increased by \$0.01, or 1.5%, to \$0.69 in the three months ended June 30, 2015, from \$0.68 in the three months ended June 30, 2014. The increase in diluted earnings per share was mainly attributable to the decrease in the diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding, which was partially offset by the decrease in net income.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Short-Term Interest-Bearing Investments. Cash, cash equivalents and short-term interest-bearing investments, net of short-term debt, totaled \$1.40 billion as of June 30, 2015, compared to \$1.21 billion as of September 30, 2014. The increase was mainly attributable to \$565.8 million in positive cash flow from operations and \$63.0 million of proceeds from stock option exercises, partially offset by \$272.2 million used to repurchase our ordinary shares, \$91.5 million for capital expenditures, net, \$74.7 million of cash dividend payments and \$8.1 million in net cash paid for acquisitions. Net cash provided by operating activities amounted to \$565.8 million and \$516.4 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Our policy is to retain sufficient cash balances in order to support our growth. We believe that our current cash balances, cash generated from operations and our current lines of credit will provide sufficient resources to meet our operational needs and to fund share repurchases and the payment of cash dividends for at least the next fiscal year.

As a general long-term guideline, we expect to retain roughly half of our free cash flow (calculated as cash flow from operations less net capital expenditures and other) to support the growth of our business, including possible mergers and acquisitions, and return the other half to our shareholders through share repurchases and dividends. Our actual share repurchase activity and payment of future dividends, if any, may vary quarterly or annually and will be based on several factors including our financial performance, outlook and liquidity.

Our interest-bearing investments are classified as available-for-sale securities. Such short-term interest-bearing investments consist primarily of money market funds, U.S. government treasuries, corporate bonds and U.S. agency securities. We believe we have conservative investment policy guidelines. Our interest-bearing investments are stated at fair value with the unrealized gains or losses reported as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, unless a security is other than temporarily impaired, in which case the loss is recorded in the consolidated statements of income. Our interest-bearing investments are priced by pricing vendors and are classified as Level 1 or Level 2 investments, since these vendors either provide a quoted market price in an active market or use other observable inputs to price these securities. During the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, we recognized immaterial credit losses. Please see Notes 4 and 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

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Revolving Credit Facility, Letters of Credit, Guarantees and Contractual Obligations. In September 2014, we borrowed an aggregate of \$210.0 million under our unsecured \$500 million revolving credit facility with a syndicate of banks and repaid it in October 2014. In December 2014, the credit facility was amended and restated to, among other things, extend the maturity date of the facility to December 2019. As of June 30, 2015, we were in compliance with the financial covenants under the revolving credit facility and had no outstanding borrowings under this facility.

As of June 30, 2015, we had additional uncommitted lines of credit available for general corporate and other specific purposes and had outstanding letters of credit and bank guarantees from various banks totaling \$81.8 million. These were supported by a combination of the uncommitted lines of credit and restricted cash balances that we maintain with various banks.

We have contractual obligations for our non-cancelable operating leases, long-term debt, purchase obligations, pension funding and unrecognized tax benefits summarized in the disclosure of contractual obligations set forth in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014, filed on December 8, 2014 with the SEC. Since September 30, 2014, there have been no material changes in our aggregate contractual obligations.

Capital Expenditures. Generally, 80% to 90% of our capital expenditures consist of purchases of computer equipment, and the remainder is attributable mainly to leasehold improvements. Our capital expenditures were approximately \$91.5 million in the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and were mainly attributable to investments in our operating facilities and our development centers around the world. Our policy is to fund our capital expenditures from operating cash flows and we do not anticipate any changes to this policy in the foreseeable future.

Share Repurchases. From time to time, our Board of Directors has adopted share repurchase plans authorizing the repurchase of our outstanding ordinary shares. Our current share repurchase plan, adopted in April 2014, authorizes the repurchase of up to \$750.0 million of our outstanding ordinary shares with no expiration date. In the nine months ended June 30, 2015, we repurchased 5.4 million ordinary shares at an average price of \$49.99 per share (excluding broker and transaction fees). As of June 30, 2015, we had remaining authority to repurchase up to \$441.8 million of our outstanding ordinary shares. The authorization permits us to purchase our ordinary shares in open market or privately negotiated transactions at times and prices that we consider appropriate.

Cash Dividends. Our Board of Directors declared the following dividends during the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

Declaration Date	Dividends Per Ordinary Share	Record Date	Total Amount (In millions)	Payment Date
April 29, 2015	\$ 0.170	June 30, 2015	\$ 26.1	July 17, 2015
January 27, 2015	\$ 0.170	March 31, 2015	\$ 26.3	April 16, 2015
November 4, 2014	\$ 0.155	December 31, 2014	\$ 24.1	January 16, 2015
April 30, 2014	\$ 0.155	June 30, 2014	\$ 24.6	July 18, 2014
January 29, 2014	\$ 0.155	March 31, 2014	\$ 24.8	April 17, 2014
November 5, 2013	\$ 0.130	December 31, 2013	\$ 20.8	January 17, 2014

On July 29, 2015, our Board of Directors approved the next quarterly dividend payment, at the rate of \$0.17 per share, and set September 30, 2015 as the record date for determining the shareholders entitled to receive the dividend, which is payable on October 16, 2015.

Our Board of Directors considers on a quarterly basis whether to declare and pay, if any, a dividend in accordance with the terms of the dividend program, subject to applicable Guernsey law and based on several factors including our financial performance, outlook and liquidity. Guernsey law requires that our Board of Directors consider a dividend's effects on our solvency before it may be declared or paid. While the Board of Directors will have the authority to reduce the quarterly dividend or discontinue the dividend program should it determine that doing so is in the best interests of our shareholders or is necessary pursuant to Guernsey law, any increase to the per share amount or frequency of the dividend would require shareholder approval.

Convertible Notes. Pursuant to the indenture governing our 0.50% Convertible Senior Notes due 2024, the notes became convertible, at the holder's option, beginning on July 1, 2015 and during the fiscal quarter ending September 30, 2015, into our ordinary shares because the closing sale price of our ordinary shares exceeded 130% of the \$41.51 conversion price for the notes for 20 trading days in the 30-consecutive-trading-day period ending on the last trading day of the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2015. As of July 31, 2015, we had not issued any ordinary shares upon conversions of the notes. As of July 31, 2015, approximately \$0.6 million aggregate principal amount of the notes was outstanding.

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Currency Fluctuations

We manage our foreign subsidiaries as integral direct components of our operations. The operations of our foreign subsidiaries provide the same type of services with the same type of expenditure throughout the Amdocs group. The U.S. dollar is our functional currency according to the salient economic factors as indicated in the authoritative guidance for foreign currency matters.

During the nine months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, approximately 70% to 80% of our revenue and approximately 50% to 60% of our operating expenses were in U.S. dollars or linked to the U.S. dollar. If more customers will seek contracts in currencies other than the U.S. dollar and as our operational activities outside of the United States may increase, the percentage of our revenue and operating expenses in U.S. dollar or linked to the U.S. dollar may decrease over time, which may increase our exposure to fluctuations in currency exchange rates. In managing our foreign exchange risk, we enter from time to time into various foreign exchange hedging contracts. We do not hedge all of our exposure in currencies other than the U.S. dollar, but rather our policy is to hedge significant net exposures in the major foreign currencies in which we operate. We periodically assess the applicability of the U.S. dollar as our functional currency by reviewing the salient indicators.

Table of Contents**PART II OTHER INFORMATION****Item 1. Changes in Securities, Use of Proceeds and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.***Ordinary Shares*

The following table provides information about purchases by us and our affiliated purchasers during the three months ended June 30, 2015 of equity securities that are registered by us pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act:

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid per Share	(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs(1)
04/01/15-04/30/15	378,410	\$ 54.40	378,410	\$ 481,265,103
05/01/15-05/31/15	353,045	\$ 54.48	353,045	\$ 462,029,864
06/01/15-06/30/15	361,390	\$ 55.84	361,390	\$ 441,849,361
Total	1,092,845	\$ 54.90	1,092,845	\$ 441,849,361

(1) In April 2014, our Board of Directors adopted a share repurchase plan authorizing the repurchase of up to \$750.0 million of our outstanding ordinary shares, which has no expiration date. The authorization permits us to purchase our ordinary shares in open market or privately negotiated transactions at times and prices we consider appropriate.

Item 2. Reports on Form 6-K

The Company furnished or filed the following reports on Form 6-K during the three months ended June 30, 2015:

- (1) Form 6-K dated April 29, 2015
- (2) Form 6-K dated May 11, 2015
- (3) Form 6-K dated June 30, 2015

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AMDOCS LIMITED

/s/ Matthew E. Smith
Matthew E. Smith
Secretary and Authorized Signatory

Date: August 10, 2015