

UMB FINANCIAL CORP  
Form 10-Q  
May 05, 2015  
Table of Contents

**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015**

**OR**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_**

**Commission file number 0-4887**

**UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION**  
**(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)**

**Missouri**  
**(State or other jurisdiction of**  
**incorporation or organization)**

**43-0903811**  
**(I.R.S. Employer**  
**Identification Number)**

**1010 Grand Boulevard, Kansas City, Missouri**  
**(Address of principal executive offices)**

**64106**  
**(ZIP Code)**

**(Registrant's telephone number, including area code): (816) 860-7000**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date.

As of April 30, 2015, UMB Financial Corporation had 45,771,346 shares of common stock outstanding.

**Table of Contents**

**UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION**

**FORM 10-Q**

**INDEX**

|   |           |
|---|-----------|
| <b><u>PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u></b>  | <b>3</b>  |
| ITEM 1. <b><u>FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)</u></b>  | <b>3</b>  |
| <b><u>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS</u></b>   | <b>3</b>  |
| <b><u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME</u></b>   | <b>4</b>  |
| <b><u>STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</u></b>   | <b>5</b>  |
| <b><u>STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</u></b>  | <b>6</b>  |
| <b><u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS</u></b>   | <b>7</b>  |
| <b><u>NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u></b>  | <b>8</b>  |
| ITEM 2. <b><u>MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS</u></b>                         | <b>36</b> |
| ITEM 3. <b><u>QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK</u></b>  | <b>51</b> |
| ITEM 4. <b><u>CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES</u></b>   | <b>56</b> |
| <b><u>PART II - OTHER INFORMATION</u></b>   | <b>57</b> |
| ITEM 1. <b><u>LEGAL PROCEEDINGS</u></b>   | <b>57</b> |
| ITEM 1A. <b><u>RISK FACTORS</u></b>   | <b>57</b> |
| ITEM 2. <b><u>UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS</u></b>   | <b>57</b> |
| ITEM 3. <b><u>DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES</u></b>   | <b>57</b> |
| ITEM 4. <b><u>MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES</u></b>   | <b>57</b> |
| ITEM 5. <b><u>OTHER INFORMATION</u></b>   | <b>57</b> |
| ITEM 6. <b><u>EXHIBITS</u></b>  | <b>58</b> |
| <b><u>SIGNATURES</u></b>  | <b>59</b> |
| <b><u>CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT</u></b>   | <b>57</b> |
| <b><u>CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT</u></b>   | <b>58</b> |
| <b><u>CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002</u></b> | <b>59</b> |
| <b><u>CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002</u></b> | <b>60</b> |

**Table of Contents****PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS***(unaudited, dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)*

|  | <b>March 31,<br/>2015</b> | <b>December 31,<br/>2014</b> |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b><u>ASSETS</u></b>   |                           |                              |
| Loans:   | \$ 7,498,308              | \$ 7,465,794                 |
| Allowance for loan losses  | (77,479)                  | (76,140)                     |
| Net loans  | 7,420,829                 | 7,389,654                    |
| Loans held for sale  | 3,141                     | 624                          |
| Investment securities:   |                           |                              |
| Available for sale   | 6,787,001                 | 6,911,936                    |
| Held to maturity (fair value of \$377,928 and \$304,112, respectively) | 346,885                   | 278,054                      |
| Trading securities   | 29,380                    | 27,203                       |
| Other securities   | 67,200                    | 68,474                       |
| Total investment securities  | 7,230,466                 | 7,285,667                    |
| Federal funds sold and securities purchased under agreements to resell | 24,379                    | 118,105                      |
| Interest-bearing due from banks  | 769,321                   | 1,539,386                    |
| Cash and due from banks  | 449,315                   | 444,299                      |
| Premises and equipment, net  | 263,542                   | 257,835                      |
| Accrued income   | 80,083                    | 79,297                       |
| Goodwill   | 209,758                   | 209,758                      |
| Other intangibles, net   | 41,236                    | 43,991                       |
| Other assets   | 238,053                   | 132,344                      |
| Total assets   | \$ 16,730,123             | \$ 17,500,960                |
| <b><u>LIABILITIES</u></b>  |                           |                              |
| Deposits:  |                           |                              |
| Noninterest-bearing demand   | \$ 5,617,788              | \$ 5,643,989                 |
| Interest-bearing demand and savings                                    | 6,668,991                 | 6,709,281                    |
| Time deposits under \$100,000  | 416,497                   | 424,925                      |
| Time deposits of \$100,000 or more                                     | 453,012                   | 838,664                      |
| Total deposits   | 13,156,288                | 13,616,859                   |

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|   |            |            |
|---|------------|------------|
| Federal funds purchased and repurchase agreements | 1,719,080  | 2,025,132  |
| Long-term debt                                    | 7,600      | 8,810      |
| Accrued expenses and taxes                        | 135,758    | 180,074    |
| Other liabilities                                 | 29,021     | 26,327     |
| Total liabilities                                 | 15,047,747 | 15,857,202 |

**SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY**

|  |               |               |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Common stock, \$1.00 par value; 80,000,000 shares authorized, 55,056,730 shares issued, and 45,763,132 and 45,532,188 shares outstanding, respectively | 55,057        | 55,057        |
| Capital surplus  | 892,658       | 894,602       |
| Retained earnings  | 986,923       | 963,911       |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss   | 26,810        | 11,006        |
| Treasury stock, 9,293,598 and 9,524,542 shares, at cost, respectively  | (279,072)     | (280,818)     |
| Total shareholders equity  | 1,682,376     | 1,643,758     |
| Total liabilities and shareholders equity  | \$ 16,730,123 | \$ 17,500,960 |

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

**UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**

*(unaudited, dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)*

|   | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>March 31,</b> |             |
|---|---|-------------|
|   | <b>2015</b>                             | <b>2014</b> |
| <b><u>INTEREST INCOME</u></b>                       |   |             |
| Loans   | \$ 64,232                               | \$ 58,900   |
| Securities:   |   |             |
| Taxable interest                                    | 18,808                                  | 18,961      |
| Tax-exempt interest                                 | 9,915                                   | 9,907       |
| Total securities income                             | 28,723                                  | 28,868      |
| Federal funds and resell agreements                 | 51                                      | 33          |
| Interest-bearing due from banks                     | 852                                     | 1,123       |
| Trading securities                                  | 95                                      | 123         |
| Total interest income                               | 93,953                                  | 89,047      |
| <b><u>INTEREST EXPENSE</u></b>                      |   |             |
| Deposits  | 3,048                                   | 3,059       |
| Federal funds purchased and repurchase agreements   | 492                                     | 481         |
| Other   | 55                                      | 62          |
| Total interest expense                              | 3,595                                   | 3,602       |
| Net interest income                                 | 90,358                                  | 85,445      |
| Provision for loan losses                           | 3,000                                   | 4,500       |
| Net interest income after provision for loan losses | 87,358                                  | 80,945      |
| <b><u>NONINTEREST INCOME</u></b>                    |   |             |
| Trust and securities processing                     | 67,299                                  | 71,563      |
| Trading and investment banking                      | 6,122                                   | 4,323       |
| Service charges on deposit accounts                 | 21,541                                  | 21,558      |
| Insurance fees and commissions                      | 570                                     | 603         |
| Brokerage fees                                      | 2,854                                   | 1,815       |
| Bankcard fees                                       | 16,183                                  | 15,623      |
| Gain on sales of securities available for sale, net | 7,336                                   | 1,470       |
| Equity (loss) earnings on alternative investments   | (842)                                   | 2,530       |
| Other   | 4,144                                   | 3,479       |

|   |                  |                  |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Total noninterest income                        | 125,207          | 122,964          |
| <b><u>NONINTEREST EXPENSE</u></b>               |                  |                  |
| Salaries and employee benefits                  | 98,537           | 88,881           |
| Occupancy, net                                  | 10,010           | 9,705            |
| Equipment                                       | 14,172           | 12,663           |
| Supplies and services                           | 4,325            | 4,637            |
| Marketing and business development              | 4,618            | 4,602            |
| Processing fees                                 | 12,783           | 13,651           |
| Legal and consulting                            | 4,378            | 3,372            |
| Bankcard  | 4,768            | 3,688            |
| Amortization of other intangible assets         | 2,755            | 3,102            |
| Regulatory fees                                 | 2,756            | 2,516            |
| Contingency reserve                             |                  | 15,000           |
| Other   | 5,311            | 10,424           |
| Total noninterest expense                       | 164,413          | 172,241          |
| Income before income taxes                      | 48,152           | 31,668           |
| Income tax expense                              | 14,387           | 8,255            |
| <b>NET INCOME</b>                               | <b>\$ 33,765</b> | <b>\$ 23,413</b> |
| <b><u>PER SHARE DATA</u></b>                    |                  |                  |
| Net income - basic                              | \$ 0.75          | \$ 0.52          |
| Net income diluted                              | 0.74             | 0.52             |
| Dividends                                       | 0.235            | 0.225            |
| Weighted average shares outstanding basic       | 45,000,831       | 44,742,068       |
| Weighted average shares outstanding diluted     | 45,437,654       | 45,382,692       |
| See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. |                  |                  |



Table of Contents

**UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION**  
**STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

*(unaudited, dollars in thousands)*

|   | <b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b> |             |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------|
|   | <b>2015</b>                         | <b>2014</b> |
| Net income  | \$ 33,765                           | \$ 23,413   |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax:                             |                                     |             |
| Unrealized gains on securities:                                     |                                     |             |
| Change in unrealized holding gains, net                             | 32,676                              | 32,459      |
| Less: Reclassifications adjustment for gains included in net income | (7,336)                             | (1,470)     |
| Change in unrealized gains on securities during the period          | 25,340                              | 30,989      |
| Income tax expense  | (9,536)                             | (11,646)    |
| Other comprehensive income  | 15,804                              | 19,343      |
| Comprehensive income  | \$ 49,569                           | \$ 42,756   |

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents****UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION****STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY***(unaudited, dollars in thousands, except per share data)*

|   | <b>Common<br/>Stock</b> | <b>Capital<br/>Surplus</b> | <b>Retained<br/>Earnings</b> | <b>Accumulated<br/>Other<br/>Comprehensive<br/>Income<br/>(Loss)</b> | <b>Treasury<br/>Stock</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------|
| Balance - January 1, 2014                               | \$ 55,057               | \$ 882,407                 | \$ 884,630                   | \$ (32,640)  | \$ (283,389)              | \$ 1,506,065 |
| Total comprehensive income                              |                         |                            | 23,413                       | 19,343   |                           | 42,756       |
| Cash dividends (\$0.225 per share)                      |                         |                            | (10,217)                     |  |                           | (10,217)     |
| Purchase of treasury stock                              |                         |                            |                              |  | (2,867)                   | (2,867)      |
| Issuance of equity awards                               |                         | (3,648)                    |                              |  | 4,117                     | 469          |
| Recognition of equity based<br>compensation             |                         | 2,212                      |                              |  |                           | 2,212        |
| Net tax benefit related to equity<br>compensation plans |                         | 1,068                      |                              |  |                           | 1,068        |
| Sale of treasury stock                                  |                         | 143                        |                              |  | 77                        | 220          |
| Exercise of stock options                               |                         | 1,013                      |                              |  | 1,479                     | 2,492        |
| <br>  |                         |                            |                              |  |                           |              |
| Balance March 31, 2014                                  | \$ 55,057               | \$ 883,195                 | \$ 897,826                   | \$ (13,297)  | \$ (280,583)              | \$ 1,542,198 |
| <br>  |                         |                            |                              |  |                           |              |
| Balance - January 1, 2015                               | \$ 55,057               | \$ 894,602                 | \$ 963,911                   | \$ 11,006  | \$ (280,818)              | \$ 1,643,758 |
| Total comprehensive income                              |                         |                            | 33,765                       | 15,804   |                           | 49,569       |
| Cash dividends (\$0.235 per share)                      |                         |                            | (10,753)                     |  |                           | (10,753)     |
| Purchase of treasury stock                              |                         |                            |                              |  | (5,309)                   | (5,309)      |
| Issuance of equity awards                               |                         | (5,848)                    |                              |  | 6,308                     | 460          |
| Recognition of equity based<br>compensation             |                         | 2,609                      |                              |  |                           | 2,609        |
| Net tax benefit related to equity<br>compensation plans |                         | 585                        |                              |  |                           | 585          |
| Sale of treasury stock                                  |                         | 141                        |                              |  | 94                        | 235          |
| Exercise of stock options                               |                         | 569                        |                              |  | 653                       | 1,222        |
| <br>  |                         |                            |                              |  |                           |              |
| Balance March 31, 2015                                  | \$ 55,057               | \$ 892,658                 | \$ 986,923                   | \$ 26,810  | \$ (279,072)              | \$ 1,682,376 |

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents**

**UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

*(unaudited, dollars in thousands)*

|   | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>March 31,</b> |             |
|---|---|-------------|
|   | <b>2015</b>                             | <b>2014</b> |
| <b>Operating Activities</b>   |   |             |
| Net Income  | \$ 33,765                               | \$ 23,413   |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: |   |             |
| Provision for loan losses   | 3,000                                   | 4,500       |
| Depreciation and amortization   | 11,792                                  | 11,344      |
| Deferred income tax benefit   | (1,523)                                 | (2,822)     |
| Net increase in trading securities and other earning assets                                 | (1,335)                                 | (17,121)    |
| Gains on sales of securities available for sale   | (7,336)                                 | (1,470)     |
| Losses (gains) on sales of assets   | 81                                      | (550)       |
| Amortization of securities premiums, net of discount accretion                              | 13,547                                  | 13,276      |
| Originations of loans held for sale   | (25,586)                                | (11,545)    |
| Net gains on sales of loans held for sale   | (342)                                   | (189)       |
| Proceeds from sales of loans held for sale  | 23,411                                  | 11,983      |
| Equity based compensation   | 3,069                                   | 2,681       |
| Changes in:   |   |             |
| Accrued (expense) income  | (786)                                   | 2,832       |
| Accrued expenses and taxes  | (25,614)                                | (28,557)    |
| Other assets and liabilities, net   | (3,834)                                 | (25,719)    |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities   | 22,309                                  | (17,944)    |
| <b>Investing Activities</b>   |   |             |
| Proceeds from maturities of securities held to maturity                                     | 15,712                                  | 4,500       |
| Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale  | 466,422                                 | 77,583      |
| Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale                                   | 338,956                                 | 516,001     |
| Purchases of securities held to maturity  | (84,631)                                | (16,600)    |
| Purchases of securities available for sale  | (768,272)                               | (544,487)   |
| Net increase in loans   | (33,928)                                | (242,279)   |
| Net decrease (increase) in fed funds sold and resell agreements                             | 93,726                                  | (21,968)    |
| Net decrease (increase) in interest bearing balances due from other financial institutions  | 12,691                                  | (53,471)    |
| Purchases of premises and equipment   | (14,854)                                | (6,926)     |
| Proceeds from sales of premises and equipment   | 29                                      | 1,153       |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities   | 25,851                                  | (286,494)   |

**Financing Activities**

|  |              |              |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Net decrease in demand and savings deposits                              | (66,491)     | (1,140,073)  |
| Net decrease in time deposits  | (394,080)    | (234,922)    |
| Net (decrease) increase in fed funds purchased and repurchase agreements | (306,052)    | 390,518      |
| Net decrease in short-term debt  |              | (107)        |
| Proceeds from long-term debt   |              | 1,820        |
| Repayment of long-term debt  | (1,210)      | (1,060)      |
| Payment of contingent consideration on acquisitions                      | (18,702)     | (5,975)      |
| Cash dividends paid  | (10,716)     | (10,201)     |
| Net tax benefit related to equity compensation plans                     | 585          | 1,068        |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options and sales of treasury shares     | 1,457        | 2,712        |
| Purchases of treasury stock  | (5,309)      | (2,867)      |
| Net cash used in financing activities                                    | (800,518)    | (999,087)    |
| Decrease in cash and cash equivalents                                    | (752,358)    | (1,303,525)  |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period                         | 1,787,230    | 2,582,428    |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period                               | \$ 1,034,872 | \$ 1,278,903 |
| Supplemental Disclosures:  |              |              |
| Income taxes paid  | \$ 14,469    | \$ 16,053    |
| Total interest paid  | 3,668        | 3,720        |
| See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.                          |              |              |

**Table of Contents****UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)****1. Financial Statement Presentation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of UMB Financial Corporation and its subsidiaries (collectively, the Company) after elimination of all intercompany transactions. In the opinion of management of the Company, all adjustments, which were of a normal recurring nature and necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and results of operations, have been made. The results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented may not be indicative of the results of the full year. The financial statements should be read in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations within this Form 10-Q filing and in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

**2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The Company is a financial holding company, which offers a wide range of banking and other financial services to its customers through its branches and offices in the states of Missouri, Kansas, Colorado, Illinois, Oklahoma, Texas, Arizona, Nebraska, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Indiana, Utah, and Wisconsin. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. These estimates and assumptions also impact reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. A summary of the significant accounting policies to assist the reader in understanding the financial presentation is listed in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

**Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents include Cash and due from banks and amounts due from the Federal Reserve Bank. Cash on hand, cash items in the process of collection, and amounts due from correspondent banks are included in Cash and due from banks. Amounts due from the Federal Reserve Bank are interest-bearing for all periods presented and are included in the Interest-bearing due from banks line on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

This table provides a summary of cash and cash equivalents as presented on the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows as of March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014 (*in thousands*):

|   | <b>March 31,</b>    |                     |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|
|   | <b>2015</b>         | <b>2014</b>         |
| Due from the Federal Reserve                      | \$ 585,557          | \$ 684,947          |
| Cash and due from banks                           | 449,315             | 593,956             |
| <b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b> | <b>\$ 1,034,872</b> | <b>\$ 1,278,903</b> |

Also included in the Interest-bearing due from banks line, but not considered cash and cash equivalents are interest-bearing accounts held at other financial institutions, which totaled \$180.8 million and \$85.5 million at March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014, respectively.

**Per Share Data**

Basic income per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each period. Diluted income per share includes the dilutive effect of 436,823 and 640,622 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options granted by the Company at March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Options issued under employee benefit plans to purchase 498,488 and 258,254 shares of common stock were outstanding at March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, but were not included in the computation of diluted EPS because the options were anti-dilutive.

Table of Contents

**UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)**

**3. New Accounting Pronouncements**

**Accounting for Investments in Qualified Affordable Housing Projects** In January 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-01, Accounting for Investments in Qualified Affordable Housing Projects. The amendments permit reporting entities to make an accounting policy election to account for their investments in qualified affordable housing projects using the proportional amortization method if certain conditions are met. Regardless of whether the reporting entity chooses to elect the proportional amortization method, this ASU introduces new recurring disclosures about all investments in qualified affordable housing projects. The ASU was effective January 1, 2015, and the adoption of this accounting pronouncement did not have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements or financial statement disclosures.

**Reclassification of Residential Real Estate Loans** In January 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-04, Reclassification of Residential Real Estate Collateralized Consumer Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure. The amendment is intended to reduce diversity in practice by clarifying when an in substance repossession or foreclosure occurs, that is, when a creditor should be considered to have received physical possession of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loans such that the loan receivable should be derecognized and the real stated property recognized. The ASU was effective January 1, 2015, and the adoption of this accounting pronouncement did not have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

**Revenue Recognition** In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The issuance is part of a joint effort by the FASB and the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) to enhance financial reporting by creating common revenue recognition guidance for U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and, thereby, improving the consistency of requirements, comparability of practices and usefulness of disclosures. The ASU will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP when it becomes effective. The amendments in this update are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The standard permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that ASU 2014-09 will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. The Company has not yet selected a transition method nor has it determined the effect of the standard on its ongoing financial reporting.

**Repurchase-to-Maturity Transactions** In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-11, Repurchase-to-Maturity Transactions, Repurchased Financings, and Disclosures. The amendment changes the accounting for repurchase-to-maturity transactions and linked repurchase financings to secured borrowing accounting, which is consistent with accounting for other repurchase agreements. Additionally, the amendment requires new disclosures on transfers accounted for as sales in transactions that are economically similar to repurchase agreements and requires increased transparency on collateral pledged in secured borrowings. The accounting changes in the standard and the disclosures for transactions accounted for as sales were effective January 1, 2015 and had no impact on the Company's financial statements. The disclosures for repurchase agreements, securities lending transactions, and repos-to-maturity accounted for as secured borrowings are required for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and interim periods beginning after March 15, 2015. Early application is not permitted. The adoption of this accounting

pronouncement will have no impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements except for additional financial statement disclosures.

**Stock Compensation** In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-12, Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide that a Performance Target could be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period. The amendment is intended to reduce diversity in practice by clarifying that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. The amendments in this update are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015 with early adoption permitted. The adoption of this accounting pronouncement will not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

**Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors** In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-14, Classification of Certain Government-Guaranteed Mortgage Loans upon Foreclosure. The amendment is intended to reduce diversity in practice in the classification of mortgage loans extended under certain government-sponsored loan guarantee programs, such as those offered by the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) and the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), that entitle the creditor to recover all or a portion of the unpaid principal balance from the government if a borrower defaults. This update requires government-guaranteed mortgage loans that meet certain



Table of Contents

**UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)**

criteria to be derecognized and a separate receivable be recognized upon foreclosure. The amendments in this update were effective January 1, 2015 and the adoption of this accounting pronouncement did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

**Going Concern** In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-15, *Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern*. The amendment addresses management's responsibility in regularly evaluating whether there is substantial doubt about a company's ability to continue as a going concern. The amendments in this update are effective for the annual period ending after December 15, 2016, and for annual and interim periods thereafter, although early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this accounting pronouncement will not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

**Derivatives and Hedging** In November 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-16, *Determining Whether the Host Contract in a Hybrid Financial Instrument Issued in the Form of a Share is More Akin to Debt or to Equity*. The amendment is intended to address how current GAAP should be interpreted in evaluating the economic characteristics and risks of a host contract in a hybrid financial instrument that is issued in the form of a share. The amendments in this update are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015, although early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this accounting pronouncement will not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

**Consolidation** In February 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-02, *Amendments to the Consolidation Analysis*. The amendment substantially changes the way reporting entities are required to evaluate whether they should consolidate certain legal entities. All legal entities are subject to reevaluation under the new amendment. Specifically, the amendments modify the evaluation of whether limited partnerships and similar legal entities are variable interest entities (VIEs) or voting interest entities, eliminate the presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership, and affect the consolidation analysis of reporting entities that are involved with VIEs. The amendments in this update are effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted. The standard permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that ASU 2015-02 will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. The Company has not yet selected a transition method nor has it determined the effect of the standard on its ongoing financial reporting.

**Table of Contents**

**UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)**

**4. Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses**

**Loan Origination/Risk Management**

The Company has certain lending policies and procedures in place that are designed to minimize the level of risk within the loan portfolio. Diversification of the loan portfolio manages the risk associated with fluctuations in economic conditions. The Company maintains an independent loan review department that reviews and validates the risk assessment on a continual basis. Management regularly evaluates the results of the loan reviews. The loan review process complements and reinforces the risk identification and assessment decisions made by lenders and credit personnel, as well as the Company's policies and procedures.

Commercial loans are underwritten after evaluating and understanding the borrower's ability to operate profitably and prudently expand its business. Commercial loans are made based on the identified cash flows of the borrower and on the underlying collateral provided by the borrower. The cash flows of the borrower, however, may not be as expected and the collateral securing these loans may fluctuate in value. Most commercial loans are secured by the assets being financed or other business assets such as accounts receivable or inventory and may incorporate a personal guarantee. In the case of loans secured by accounts receivable, the availability of funds for the repayment of these loans may be substantially dependent on the ability of the borrower to collect amounts from its customers. Commercial credit cards are generally unsecured and are underwritten with criteria similar to commercial loans including an analysis of the borrower's cash flow, available business capital, and overall credit-worthiness of the borrower.

Commercial real estate loans are subject to underwriting standards and processes similar to commercial loans, in addition to those of real estate loans. These loans are viewed primarily as cash flow loans and secondarily as loans secured by real estate. Commercial real estate lending typically involves higher loan principal amounts, and the repayment of these loans is largely dependent on the successful operation of the property securing the loan or the business conducted on the property securing the loan. The Company requires an appraisal of the collateral be made at origination and on an as-needed basis, in conformity with current market conditions and regulatory requirements. The underwriting standards address both owner and non-owner occupied real estate.

Construction loans are underwritten using feasibility studies, independent appraisal reviews, sensitivity analysis or absorption and lease rates and financial analysis of the developers and property owners. Construction loans are based upon estimates of costs and value associated with the complete project. Construction loans often involve the disbursement of substantial funds with repayment substantially dependent on the success of the ultimate project. Sources of repayment for these types of loans may be pre-committed permanent loans, sales of developed property or an interim loan commitment from the Company until permanent financing is obtained. These loans are closely monitored by on-site inspections and are considered to have higher risks than other real estate loans due to their repayment being sensitive to interest rate changes, governmental regulation of real property, economic conditions, and the availability of long-term financing.

Underwriting standards for residential real estate and home equity loans are based on the borrower's loan-to-value percentage, collection remedies, and overall credit history.

Consumer loans are underwritten based on the borrower's repayment ability. The Company monitors delinquencies on all of its consumer loans and leases and periodically reviews the distribution of FICO scores relative to historical periods to monitor credit risk on its credit card loans. The underwriting and review practices combined with the relatively small loan amounts that are spread across many individual borrowers, minimizes risk. Consumer loans and leases that are 90 days past due or more are considered non-performing.

Table of Contents

## UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

This table provides a summary of loan classes and an aging of past due loans at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (in thousands):

|              |              | March 31, 2015                               |  |                          |                      |              |                |
|--------------|--------------|--|--|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------|
|              |              | 30-89<br>Days Past<br>Due<br>and<br>Accruing | Greater<br>than 90<br>Days Past<br>Due and<br>Accruing | Non-<br>Accrual<br>Loans | Total<br>Past<br>Due | Current      | Total<br>Loans |
| Commercial:  |              |  |  |                          |                      |              |                |
| Commercial   |              | \$ 13,812                                    | \$ 1,840   | \$ 9,960                 | \$ 25,612            | \$ 3,782,939 | \$ 3,808,551   |
| Commercial   | credit card  | 666  | 102  | 23                       | 791                  | 129,181      | 129,972        |
| Real estate: |              |  |  |                          |                      |              |                |
| Real estate  | construction | 725  | 544  | 841                      | 2,110                | 254,167      | 256,277        |
| Real estate  | commercial   | 1,968  | 51   | 16,700                   | 18,719               | 1,924,338    | 1,943,057      |
| Real estate  | residential  | 3,034  |  | 774                      | 3,808                | 326,426      | 330,234        |
| Real estate  | HELOC        | 3,249  |  | 343                      | 3,592                | 627,258      | 630,850        |
| Consumer:    |              |  |  |                          |                      |              |                |
| Consumer     | credit card  | 2,011  | 1,967  | 504                      | 4,482                | 280,212      | 284,694        |
| Consumer     | other        | 3,451  | 666  | 42                       | 4,159                | 71,697       | 75,856         |
| Leases       |              |  |  |                          |                      | 38,817       | 38,817         |
| Total loans  |              | \$ 28,916                                    | \$ 5,170   | \$ 29,187                | \$ 63,273            | \$ 7,435,035 | \$ 7,498,308   |

|              |              | December 31, 2014                            |  |                          |                      |              |                |
|--------------|--------------|--|--|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------|
|              |              | 30-89<br>Days Past<br>Due<br>and<br>Accruing | Greater<br>than 90<br>Days Past<br>Due and<br>Accruing | Non-<br>Accrual<br>Loans | Total<br>Past<br>Due | Current      | Total<br>Loans |
| Commercial:  |              |  |  |                          |                      |              |                |
| Commercial   |              | \$ 2,509                                     | \$ 363   | \$ 13,114                | \$ 15,986            | \$ 3,798,023 | \$ 3,814,009   |
| Commercial   | credit card  | 267  | 147  | 37                       | 451                  | 115,258      | 115,709        |
| Real estate: |              |  |  |                          |                      |              |                |
| Real estate  | construction | 1,244  |  | 983                      | 2,227                | 253,779      | 256,006        |
| Real estate  | commercial   | 1,727  | 61   | 12,037                   | 13,825               | 1,852,476    | 1,866,301      |

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|             |             |           |          |           |           |              |              |
|-------------|-------------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| Real estate | residential | 828       | 113      | 562       | 1,503     | 318,324      | 319,827      |
| Real estate | HELOC       | 1,371     |          | 19        | 1,390     | 642,196      | 643,586      |
| Consumer:   |             |           |          |           |           |              |              |
| Consumer    | credit card | 2,268     | 2,303    | 560       | 5,131     | 305,165      | 310,296      |
| Consumer    | other       | 1,743     | 843      | 70        | 2,656     | 98,314       | 100,970      |
| Leases      |             |           |          |           |           | 39,090       | 39,090       |
| Total loans |             | \$ 11,957 | \$ 3,830 | \$ 27,382 | \$ 43,169 | \$ 7,422,625 | \$ 7,465,794 |

The Company sold residential real estate loans with a face value of \$23.1 million and \$11.8 million in the secondary market without recourse during the periods ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014, respectively.

The Company has ceased the recognition of interest on loans with a carrying value of \$29.2 million and \$27.4 million at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. Restructured loans totaled \$7.7 million and \$9.3 million at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014. Loans 90 days past due and still accruing interest amounted to \$5.2 million and \$3.8 million at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. There was an insignificant amount of interest recognized on impaired loans during 2015 and 2014.

Table of Contents

**UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)**

**Credit Quality Indicators**

As part of the on-going monitoring of the credit quality of the Company's loan portfolio, management tracks certain credit quality indicators including trends related to the risk grading of specified classes of loans, net charge-offs, non-performing loans, and general economic conditions.

The Company utilizes a risk grading matrix to assign a rating to each of its commercial, commercial real estate, and construction real estate loans. The loan rankings are summarized into the following categories: Non-watch list, Watch, Special Mention, and Substandard. Any loan not classified in one of the categories described below is considered to be a Non-watch list loan. A description of the general characteristics of the loan ranking categories is as follows:

**Watch** This rating represents credit exposure that presents higher than average risk and warrants greater than routine attention by Company personnel due to conditions affecting the borrower, the borrower's industry or the economic environment. These conditions have resulted in some degree of uncertainty that results in higher than average credit risk.

**Special Mention** This rating reflects a potential weakness that deserves management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the asset or the institution's credit position at some future date. The rating is not adversely classified and does not expose an institution to sufficient risk to warrant adverse classification.

**Substandard** This rating represents an asset inadequately protected by the current sound worth and paying capacity of the borrower or of the collateral pledged, if any. Assets so classified must have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. Loans in this category are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Company will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected. Loss potential, while existing in the aggregate amount of substandard assets, does not have to exist in individual assets classified substandard. This category may include loans where the collection of full principal is doubtful or remote.

All other classes of loans are generally evaluated and monitored based on payment activity. Non-performing loans include restructured loans on non-accrual and all other non-accrual loans.

**Table of Contents****UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION****NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)****FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)**

This table provides an analysis of the credit risk profile of each loan class at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (in thousands):

**Credit Exposure****Credit Risk Profile by Risk Rating**

|                 | <b>Commercial</b>         |                              | <b>Real estate- construction</b> |                              |
|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
|                 | <b>March 31,<br/>2015</b> | <b>December 31,<br/>2014</b> | <b>March 31,<br/>2015</b>        | <b>December 31,<br/>2014</b> |
| Non-watch list  | \$ 3,522,496              | \$ 3,532,611                 | \$ 253,579                       | \$ 253,895                   |
| Watch           | 54,250                    | 72,283                       | 786                              | 181                          |
| Special Mention | 91,327                    | 98,750                       |                                  | 756                          |
| Substandard     | 140,478                   | 110,365                      | 1,912                            | 1,174                        |
| <b>Total</b>    | <b>\$ 3,808,551</b>       | <b>\$ 3,814,009</b>          | <b>\$ 256,277</b>                | <b>\$ 256,006</b>            |

|                 | <b>Real estate - commercial</b> |                              |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
|                 | <b>March 31,<br/>2015</b>       | <b>December 31,<br/>2014</b> |
| Non-watch list  | \$ 1,860,121                    | \$ 1,780,323                 |
| Watch           | 35,868                          | 31,984                       |
| Special Mention | 8,196                           | 8,691                        |
| Substandard     | 38,872                          | 45,303                       |
| <b>Total</b>    | <b>\$ 1,943,057</b>             | <b>\$ 1,866,301</b>          |

**Credit Exposure****Credit Risk Profile Based on Payment Activity**

|  | <b>Commercial</b>         | <b>credit card</b>           | <b>Real estate- residential</b> |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
|  | <b>March 31,<br/>2015</b> | <b>December 31,<br/>2014</b> | <b>March 31,<br/>2015</b>       |
|  |                           |                              | <b>December 31,<br/>2014</b>    |

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|                |                   |                   |                   |                   |
|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Performing     | \$ 129,949        | \$ 115,672        | \$ 329,460        | \$ 319,265        |
| Non-performing | 23                | 37                | 774               | 562               |
| <b>Total</b>   | <b>\$ 129,972</b> | <b>\$ 115,709</b> | <b>\$ 330,234</b> | <b>\$ 319,827</b> |

|                | <b>Real estate - HELOC</b> |                          | <b>Consumer credit card</b> |                          |
|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
|                | <b>March 31, 2015</b>      | <b>December 31, 2014</b> | <b>March 31, 2015</b>       | <b>December 31, 2014</b> |
| Performing     | \$ 630,507                 | \$ 643,567               | \$ 284,190                  | \$ 309,736               |
| Non-performing | 343                        | 19                       | 504                         | 560                      |
| <b>Total</b>   | <b>\$ 630,850</b>          | <b>\$ 643,586</b>        | <b>\$ 284,694</b>           | <b>\$ 310,296</b>        |

|                | <b>Consumer - other</b> |                          | <b>Leases</b>         |                          |
|----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
|                | <b>March 31, 2015</b>   | <b>December 31, 2014</b> | <b>March 31, 2015</b> | <b>December 31, 2014</b> |
| Performing     | \$ 75,814               | \$ 100,900               | \$ 38,817             | \$ 39,090                |
| Non-performing | 42                      | 70                       |                       |                          |
| <b>Total</b>   | <b>\$ 75,856</b>        | <b>\$ 100,970</b>        | <b>\$ 38,817</b>      | <b>\$ 39,090</b>         |



**Table of Contents**

**UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)**

**Allowance for Loan Losses**

The allowance for loan losses is a reserve established through a provision for loan losses charged to expense, which represents management's judgment of inherent probable losses within the Company's loan portfolio as of the balance sheet date. The allowance is necessary to reserve for estimated loan losses and risks inherent in the loan portfolio. Accordingly, the methodology is based on historical loss trends. The Company's process for determining the appropriate level of the allowance for loan losses is designed to account for credit deterioration as it occurs. The provision for probable loan losses reflects loan quality trends, including the levels of and trends related to non-accrual loans, past due loans, potential problem loans, criticized loans and net charge-offs or recoveries, among other factors.

The level of the allowance reflects management's continuing evaluation of industry concentrations, specific credit risks, loan loss experience, current loan portfolio quality, present economic, political and regulatory conditions and estimated losses inherent in the current loan portfolio. Portions of the allowance may be allocated for specific loans; however, the entire allowance is available for any loan that, in management's judgment, should be charged off. While management utilizes its best judgment and information available, the adequacy of the allowance is dependent upon a variety of factors beyond the Company's control, including, among other things, the performance of the Company's loan portfolio, the economy, changes in interest rates and changes in the regulatory environment.

The Company's allowance for loan losses consists of specific valuation allowances and general valuation allowances based on historical loan loss experience for similar loans with similar characteristics and trends, general economic conditions and other qualitative risk factors both internal and external to the Company.

The allowances established for probable losses on specific loans are based on a regular analysis and evaluation of impaired loans. Loans are classified based on an internal risk grading process that evaluates the obligor's ability to repay, the underlying collateral, if any, and the economic environment and industry in which the borrower operates. When a loan is considered impaired, the loan is analyzed to determine the need, if any, to specifically allocate a portion of the allowance for loan losses to the loan. Specific valuation allowances are determined by analyzing the borrower's ability to repay amounts owed, collateral deficiencies, the relative risk ranking of the loan and economic conditions affecting the borrower's industry.

General valuation allowances are calculated based on the historical loss experience of specific types of loans including an evaluation of the time span and volume of the actual charge-off. The Company calculates historical loss ratios for pools of similar loans with similar characteristics based on the proportion of actual charge-offs experienced to the total population of loans in the pool. The historical loss ratios are updated based on actual charge-off experience. A valuation allowance is established for each pool of similar loans based upon the product of the historical loss ratio, time span to charge-off, and the total dollar amount of the loans in the pool. The Company's pools of similar loans include similarly risk-graded groups of commercial loans, commercial real estate loans, commercial credit card, home equity loans, consumer real estate loans and consumer and other loans. The Company also considers a loan migration analysis for criticized loans. This analysis includes an assessment of the probability that a loan will move to a loss position based on its risk rating. The consumer credit card pool is evaluated based on delinquencies and credit scores.

In addition, a portion of the allowance is determined by a review of qualitative factors by Management.

Generally, the unsecured portion of a commercial or commercial real estate loan is charged off when, after analyzing the borrower's financial condition, it is determined that the borrower is incapable of servicing the debt, little or no prospect for near term improvement exists, and no realistic and significant strengthening action is pending. For collateral dependent commercial or commercial real estate loans, an analysis is completed regarding the Company's collateral position to determine if the amounts due from the borrower are in excess of the calculated current fair value of the collateral. Specific allocations of the allowance for loan losses are made for any collateral deficiency. If a collateral deficiency is ultimately deemed to be uncollectible, the amount is charged off. Revolving commercial loans (such as commercial credit cards) which are past due 90 cumulative days are classified as a loss and charged off.

Table of Contents

**UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)**

Generally, a consumer loan, or a portion thereof, is charged off in accordance with regulatory guidelines which provide that such loans be charged off when the Company becomes aware of the loss, such as from a triggering event that may include, but is not limited to, new information about a borrower's intent and ability to repay the loan, bankruptcy, fraud, or death. However, the charge-off timeframe should not exceed the specified delinquency time frames, which state that closed-end retail loans (such as real estate mortgages, home equity loans and consumer installment loans) that become past due 120 cumulative days and open-end retail loans (such as home equity lines of credit and consumer credit cards) that become past due 180 cumulative days are classified as a loss and charged off.

Table of Contents

## UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

## ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES AND RECORDED INVESTMENT IN LOANS

This table provides a rollforward of the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for three months ended March 31, 2015 (in thousands):

|   | Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 |              |            |           |              |
|---|-----------------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|--------------|
|   | Commercial                        | Real estate  | Consumer   | Leases    | Total        |
| <b>Allowance for loan losses:</b>                     |                                   |              |            |           |              |
| Beginning balance                                     | \$ 55,349                         | \$ 10,725    | \$ 9,921   | \$ 145    | \$ 76,140    |
| Charge-offs   | (412)                             | (32)         | (2,704)    |           | (3,148)      |
| Recoveries  | 810                               | 15           | 662        |           | 1,487        |
| Provision   | (88)                              | 1,204        | 1,901      | (17)      | 3,000        |
| Ending balance  | \$ 55,659                         | \$ 11,912    | \$ 9,780   | \$ 128    | \$ 77,479    |
| Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment | \$ 1,223                          | \$ 2,925     | \$         | \$        | \$ 4,148     |
| Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment | 54,436                            | 8,987        | 9,780      | 128       | 73,331       |
| <b>Loans:</b>   |                                   |              |            |           |              |
| Ending balance: loans                                 | \$ 3,938,523                      | \$ 3,160,418 | \$ 360,550 | \$ 38,817 | \$ 7,498,308 |
| Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment | 13,839                            | 14,844       |            |           | 28,683       |
| Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment | 3,924,684                         | 3,145,574    | 360,550    | 38,817    | 7,469,625    |

Table of Contents

## UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

## ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES AND RECORDED INVESTMENT IN LOANS

This table provides a rollforward of the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for three months ended March 31, 2014 (*in thousands*):

|   | Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 |              |            |           |              |
|---|-----------------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|--------------|
|   | Commercial                        | Real estate  | Consumer   | Leases    | Total        |
| <b>Allowance for loan losses:</b>                     |                                   |              |            |           |              |
| Beginning balance                                     | \$ 48,886                         | \$ 15,342    | \$ 10,447  | \$ 76     | \$ 74,751    |
| Charge-offs   | (1,471)                           | (126)        | (3,088)    |           | (4,685)      |
| Recoveries  | 67                                | 9            | 872        |           | 948          |
| Provision   | 881                               | 866          | 2,753      |           | 4,500        |
| Ending balance  | \$ 48,363                         | \$ 16,091    | \$ 10,984  | \$ 76     | \$ 75,514    |
| Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment | \$ 2,541                          | \$ 1,719     | \$         | \$        | \$ 4,260     |
| Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment | 45,822                            | 14,372       | 10,984     | 76        | 71,254       |
| <b>Loans:</b>   |                                   |              |            |           |              |
| Ending balance: loans                                 | \$ 3,611,383                      | \$ 2,761,664 | \$ 361,989 | \$ 24,053 | \$ 6,759,089 |
| Ending balance: individually evaluated for impairment | 14,719                            | 14,555       | 2          |           | 29,276       |
| Ending balance: collectively evaluated for impairment | 3,596,664                         | 2,747,109    | 361,987    | 24,053    | 6,729,813    |

Table of Contents

## UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

**Impaired Loans**

This table provides an analysis of impaired loans by class at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (*in thousands*):

|                          | As of<br>March 31, 2015        |  |   |                                 |                      |                                   |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
|                          | Unpaid<br>Principal<br>Balance | Recorded<br>Investment<br>with No<br>Allowance | Recorded<br>Investment<br>with<br>Allowance | Total<br>Recorded<br>Investment | Related<br>Allowance | Average<br>Recorded<br>Investment |
| <b>Commercial:</b>       |                                |  |   |                                 |                      |                                   |
| Commercial               | \$ 17,416                      | \$ 12,054                                      | \$ 1,785                                    | \$ 13,839                       | \$ 1,223             | \$ 15,450                         |
| Commercial credit card   |                                |  |   |                                 |                      |                                   |
| <b>Real estate:</b>      |                                |  |   |                                 |                      |                                   |
| Real estate construction | 1,472                          | 840  | 123   | 963                             | 94                   | 974                               |
| Real estate commercial   | 13,704                         | 3,933  | 8,966                                       | 12,899                          | 2,831                | 10,625                            |
| Real estate residential  | 1,110                          | 982  |   | 982                             |                      | 945                               |
| Real estate HELOC        |                                |  |   |                                 |                      |                                   |
| <b>Consumer:</b>         |                                |  |   |                                 |                      |                                   |
| Consumer credit card     |                                |  |   |                                 |                      |                                   |
| Consumer other           |                                |  |   |                                 |                      |                                   |
| <b>Leases</b>            |                                |  |   |                                 |                      |                                   |
|                          |                                |  |   |                                 |                      |                                   |
| <b>Total</b>             | <b>\$ 33,702</b>               | <b>\$ 17,809</b>                               | <b>\$ 10,874</b>                            | <b>\$ 28,683</b>                | <b>\$ 4,148</b>      | <b>\$ 27,994</b>                  |

|                        | As of<br>December 31, 2014     |  |   |                                 |                      |                                   |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
|                        | Unpaid<br>Principal<br>Balance | Recorded<br>Investment<br>with No<br>Allowance | Recorded<br>Investment<br>with<br>Allowance | Total<br>Recorded<br>Investment | Related<br>Allowance | Average<br>Recorded<br>Investment |
| <b>Commercial:</b>     |                                |  |   |                                 |                      |                                   |
| Commercial             | \$ 21,758                      | \$ 13,928                                      | \$ 3,132                                    | \$ 17,060                       | \$ 972               | \$ 16,022                         |
| Commercial credit card |                                |  |   |                                 |                      |                                   |
| <b>Real estate:</b>    |                                |  |   |                                 |                      |                                   |
|                        |                                |  |   |                                 |                      |                                   |

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|             |              |           |           |          |           |          |           |
|-------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Real estate | construction | 1,540     | 983       |          | 983       |          | 939       |
| Real estate | commercial   | 9,546     | 4,454     | 3,897    | 8,351     | 935      | 11,298    |
| Real estate | residential  | 1,083     | 909       |          | 909       |          | 1,006     |
| Real estate | HELOC        |           |           |          |           |          |           |
| Consumer:   |              |           |           |          |           |          |           |
| Consumer    | credit card  |           |           |          |           |          |           |
| Consumer    | other        | 1         | 1         |          | 1         |          | 12        |
| Leases      |              |           |           |          |           |          |           |
| Total       |              | \$ 33,928 | \$ 20,275 | \$ 7,029 | \$ 27,304 | \$ 1,907 | \$ 29,277 |

**Table of Contents****UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION****NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)****FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)****Troubled Debt Restructurings**

A loan modification is considered a troubled debt restructuring (TDR) when a concession has been granted to a debtor experiencing financial difficulties. The Company's modifications generally include interest rate adjustments, principal reductions, and amortization and maturity date extensions. These modifications allow the debtor short-term cash relief to allow them to improve their financial condition. The Company's restructured loans are individually evaluated for impairment and evaluated as part of the allowance for loan loss as described above in the Allowance for Loan Losses section of this note.

The Company had \$221 thousand in commitments to lend to borrowers with loan modifications classified as TDR's. The Company monitors loan payments on an on-going basis to determine if a loan is considered to have a payment default. Determination of payment default involves analyzing the economic conditions that exist for each customer and their ability to generate positive cash flows during the loan term. During the three month period ended March 31, 2015, the Company had one commercial real estate loan classified as a TDR with a payment default totaling \$178 thousand. A specific valuation allowance for the full amount of this loan had previously been established within the Company's ALL, and this loan was charged off against the ALL during the current period.

This table provides a summary of loans restructured by class during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands):

|                                     | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, 2015          |  |  | Three Months Ended March 31,<br>2014          |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|--|
|                                     | Pre-Modification<br>Number<br>of<br>Contracts | Post-<br>Modification<br>Outstanding<br>Recorded<br>Investment | Post-<br>Modification<br>Outstanding<br>Recorded<br>Investment | Pre-Modification<br>Number<br>of<br>Contracts | Post-<br>Modification<br>Outstanding<br>Recorded<br>Investment | Post-<br>Modification<br>Outstanding<br>Recorded<br>Investment |
| <b>Troubled Debt Restructurings</b> |   |  |  |   |  |  |
| Commercial:                         |   |  |  |   |  |  |
| Commercial                          |   | \$   | \$   | 1   | \$ 469   | \$ 469   |
| Commercial credit card              |   |  |  |   |  |  |
| Real estate:                        |   |  |  |   |  |  |
| Real estate construction            |   |  |  |   |  |  |
| Real estate commercial              |   |  |  |   |  |  |
| Real estate residential             |   |  |  |   |  |  |
| Real estate HELOC                   |   |  |  |   |  |  |
| Consumer:                           |   |  |  |   |  |  |
| Consumer credit card                |   |  |  |   |  |  |



Consumer other

Leases

|       |    |    |   |    |     |    |     |
|-------|----|----|---|----|-----|----|-----|
| Total | \$ | \$ | 1 | \$ | 469 | \$ | 469 |
|-------|----|----|---|----|-----|----|-----|

**Table of Contents****UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION****NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)****FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)****5. Securities****Securities Available for Sale**

This table provides detailed information about securities available for sale at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (in thousands):

|                                  | <b>Amortized<br/>Cost</b> | <b>Gross<br/>Unrealized<br/>Gains</b> | <b>Gross<br/>Unrealized<br/>Losses</b> | <b>Fair<br/>Value</b> |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| <b>March 31, 2015</b>            |                           |                                       |  |                       |
| U.S. Treasury                    | \$ 427,493                | \$ 825                                | \$ (7)                                 | \$ 428,311            |
| U.S. Agencies                    | 855,784                   | 1,366                                 | (269)                                  | 856,881               |
| Mortgage-backed                  | 3,323,545                 | 36,008                                | (16,032)                               | 3,343,521             |
| State and political subdivisions | 2,027,851                 | 25,363                                | (3,727)                                | 2,049,487             |
| Corporates                       | 109,263                   | 31                                    | (493)                                  | 108,801               |
| Total                            | \$ 6,743,936              | \$ 63,593                             | \$ (20,528)                            | \$ 6,787,001          |

|                                  | <b>Amortized<br/>Cost</b> | <b>Gross<br/>Unrealized<br/>Gains</b> | <b>Gross<br/>Unrealized<br/>Losses</b> | <b>Fair<br/>Value</b> |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| <b>December 31, 2014</b>         |                           |                                       |  |                       |
| U.S. Treasury                    | \$ 519,484                | \$ 501                                | \$ (525)                               | \$ 519,460            |
| U.S. Agencies                    | 991,084                   | 780                                   | (1,175)                                | 990,689               |
| Mortgage-backed                  | 3,276,009                 | 28,470                                | (26,875)                               | 3,277,604             |
| State and political subdivisions | 1,983,549                 | 22,973                                | (5,165)                                | 2,001,357             |
| Corporates                       | 124,096                   |                                       | (1,270)                                | 122,826               |
| Total                            | \$ 6,894,222              | \$ 52,724                             | \$ (35,010)                            | \$ 6,911,936          |

The following table presents contractual maturity information for securities available for sale at March 31, 2015 (in thousands):

| <b>Amortized<br/>Cost</b> | <b>Fair<br/>Value</b> |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
|---------------------------|-----------------------|

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|  |                     |                     |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| Due in 1 year or less                      | \$ 612,411          | \$ 613,451          |
| Due after 1 year through 5 years           | 1,930,654           | 1,943,217           |
| Due after 5 years through 10 years         | 783,266             | 793,111             |
| Due after 10 years                         | 94,060              | 93,701              |
| <b>Total</b>                               | <b>3,420,391</b>    | <b>3,443,480</b>    |
| Mortgage-backed securities                 | 3,323,545           | 3,343,521           |
| <b>Total securities available for sale</b> | <b>\$ 6,743,936</b> | <b>\$ 6,787,001</b> |

Securities may be disposed of before contractual maturities due to sales by the Company or because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, proceeds from the sales of securities available for sale were \$466.4 million compared to \$77.6 million for the same period in 2014. Securities transactions resulted in gross realized gains of \$7.3 million and \$1.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. The gross realized losses for the three months ended March 31, 2014 were \$11 thousand.

Securities available for sale with a market value of \$4.9 billion at March 31, 2015 and \$5.7 billion at December 31, 2014 were pledged to secure U.S. Government deposits, other public deposits and certain trust deposits as required by law. Of this amount, securities with a market value of \$1.2 billion at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were pledged at the Federal Reserve Discount Window but were unencumbered as of those dates.

Table of Contents

## UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

The following table shows the Company's available for sale investments' gross unrealized losses and fair value, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (*in thousands*).

| March 31, 2015  | Less than 12 months |                   | 12 months or more |                   | Total        |                   |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|
|   | Fair Value          | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value        | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value   | Unrealized Losses |
| Description of Securities                                     |                     |                   |                   |                   |              |                   |
| U.S. Treasury   | \$ 4,981            | \$ (3)            | \$ 4,981          | \$ (4)            | \$ 9,962     | \$ (7)            |
| U.S. Agencies   | 85,462              | (91)              | 64,849            | (178)             | 150,311      | (269)             |
| Mortgage-backed   | 649,813             | (5,455)           | 420,959           | (10,577)          | 1,070,772    | (16,032)          |
| State and political subdivisions                              | 441,883             | (2,368)           | 69,485            | (1,359)           | 511,368      | (3,727)           |
| Corporates  | 27,068              | (40)              | 55,245            | (453)             | 82,313       | (493)             |
| Total temporarily-impaired debt securities available for sale | \$ 1,209,207        | \$ (7,957)        | \$ 615,519        | \$ (12,571)       | \$ 1,824,726 | \$ (20,528)       |

| December 31, 2014   | Less than 12 months |                   | 12 months or more |                   | Total        |                   |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|
|   | Fair Value          | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value        | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value   | Unrealized Losses |
| Description of Securities                                     |                     |                   |                   |                   |              |                   |
| U.S. Treasury   | \$ 236,591          | \$ (329)          | \$ 14,863         | \$ (196)          | \$ 251,454   | \$ (525)          |
| U.S. Agencies   | 387,999             | (689)             | 81,593            | (486)             | 469,592      | (1,175)           |
| Mortgage-backed   | 727,142             | (8,370)           | 616,044           | (18,504)          | 1,343,186    | (26,874)          |
| State and political subdivisions                              | 401,934             | (1,406)           | 226,678           | (3,760)           | 628,612      | (5,166)           |
| Corporates  | 36,655              | (243)             | 86,171            | (1,027)           | 122,826      | (1,270)           |
| Total temporarily-impaired debt securities available for sale | \$ 1,790,321        | \$ (11,037)       | \$ 1,025,349      | \$ (23,973)       | \$ 2,815,670 | \$ (35,010)       |

The unrealized losses in the Company's investments in U.S. treasury obligations, U.S. government agencies, Government Sponsored Entity (GSE) mortgage-backed securities, municipal securities, and corporates were caused by

changes in interest rates. The Company does not have the intent to sell these securities and does not believe it is more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell these securities before a recovery of amortized cost. The Company expects to recover its cost basis in the securities and does not consider these investments to be other-than-temporarily impaired at March 31, 2015.

### Securities Held to Maturity

The table below provides detailed information for securities held to maturity at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (*in thousands*):

|                                  | <b>Amortized<br/>Cost</b> | <b>Gross<br/>Unrealized<br/>Gains</b> | <b>Gross<br/>Unrealized<br/>Losses</b> | <b>Fair<br/>Value</b> |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| <b>March 31, 2015</b>            |                           |                                       |  |                       |
| State and political subdivisions | \$ 346,885                | \$ 31,043                             | \$                                     | \$ 377,928            |
| <b>December 31, 2014</b>         |                           |                                       |  |                       |
| State and political subdivisions | \$ 278,054                | \$ 26,058                             | \$                                     | \$ 304,112            |

Table of Contents

## UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

The following table presents contractual maturity information for securities held to maturity at March 31, 2015 (in thousands):

|  | Amortized<br>Cost | Fair<br>Value     |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Due in 1 year or less                    | \$ 2,238          | \$ 2,438          |
| Due after 1 year through 5 years         | 31,713            | 34,551            |
| Due after 5 years through 10 years       | 219,314           | 238,941           |
| Due after 10 years                       | 93,620            | 101,998           |
| <b>Total securities held to maturity</b> | <b>\$ 346,885</b> | <b>\$ 377,928</b> |

Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

There were no sales of securities held to maturity during the first three months of 2015 or 2014.

**Trading Securities**

The net unrealized gains on trading securities at March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014 were \$30 thousand and \$297 thousand, respectively, and were included in trading and investment banking income on the consolidated statements of income.

**Other Securities**

The table below provides detailed information for Federal Reserve Bank stock and other securities at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (in thousands):

|   | Amortized<br>Cost | Gross<br>Unrealized<br>Gains | Gross<br>Unrealized<br>Losses | Fair<br>Value    |
|---|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|
| <b>March 31, 2015</b>                             |                   |                              |                               |                  |
| FRB and FHLB stock                                | \$ 26,279         | \$                           | \$                            | \$ 26,279        |
| Other securities marketable                       |                   | 18,384                       |                               | 18,384           |
| Other securities non-marketable                   | 21,249            | 1,367                        | (79)                          | 22,537           |
| <b>Total Federal Reserve Bank stock and other</b> | <b>\$ 47,528</b>  | <b>\$ 19,751</b>             | <b>\$ (79)</b>                | <b>\$ 67,200</b> |

**December 31, 2014**

|  |           |           |            |           |
|--|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| FRB and FHLB stock                         | \$ 26,279 | \$        | \$         | \$ 26,279 |
| Other securities marketable                |           |           | 16,668     | 16,668    |
| Other securities non-marketable            | 21,669    |           | 3,937 (79) | 25,527    |
| Total Federal Reserve Bank stock and other | \$ 47,948 | \$ 20,605 | \$ (79)    | \$ 68,474 |

Investment in Federal Reserve Bank (FRB) stock is based on the capital structure of the investing bank, and investment in Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) stock is mainly tied to the level of borrowings from the FHLB. These holdings are carried at cost. Other marketable and non-marketable securities include PCM alternative investments in hedge funds and private equity funds, which are accounted for as equity-method investments. The fair value of other marketable securities includes alternative investment securities of \$18.4 million at March 31, 2015 and \$16.7 million at December 31, 2014. The fair value of other non-marketable securities includes alternative investment securities of \$6.0 million at March 31, 2015 and \$8.5 million at December 31, 2014. Unrealized gains or losses on alternative investments are recognized in the Equity Earnings on Alternative Investments line of the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income.

Table of Contents

## UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

**6. Goodwill and Other Intangibles**

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the periods ended March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 by reportable segment are as follows (*in thousands*):

|                                  | <b>Bank</b> | <b>Institutional<br/>Investment<br/>Management</b> | <b>Asset<br/>Servicing</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|----------------------------------|-------------|--|----------------------------|--------------|
| Balances as of January 1, 2015   | \$ 142,753  | \$ 47,529  | \$ 19,476                  | \$ 209,758   |
| Balances as of March 31, 2015    | \$ 142,753  | \$ 47,529  | \$ 19,476                  | \$ 209,758   |
| Balances as of January 1, 2014   | \$ 142,753  | \$ 47,529  | \$ 19,476                  | \$ 209,758   |
| Balances as of December 31, 2014 | \$ 142,753  | \$ 47,529  | \$ 19,476                  | \$ 209,758   |

Following are the finite-lived intangible assets that continue to be subject to amortization as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (*in thousands*):

|                                | <b>As of March 31, 2015</b>      |                                     |                                |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
|                                | <b>Gross Carrying<br/>Amount</b> | <b>Accumulated<br/>Amortization</b> | <b>Net Carrying<br/>Amount</b> |
| Core deposit intangible assets | \$ 36,497                        | \$ 32,954                           | \$ 3,543                       |
| Customer relationships         | 104,560                          | 67,445                              | 37,115                         |
| Other intangible assets        | 3,247                            | 2,669                               | 578                            |
| Total intangible assets        | \$ 144,304                       | \$ 103,068                          | \$ 41,236                      |

|                                | <b>As of December 31, 2014</b>   |                                     |                                |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
|                                | <b>Gross Carrying<br/>Amount</b> | <b>Accumulated<br/>Amortization</b> | <b>Net Carrying<br/>Amount</b> |
| Core deposit intangible assets | \$ 36,497                        | \$ 32,721                           | \$ 3,776                       |
| Customer relationships         | 104,560                          | 64,980                              | 39,580                         |



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|                         |            |            |           |
|-------------------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| Other intangible assets | 3,247      | 2,612      | 635       |
| Total intangible assets | \$ 144,304 | \$ 100,313 | \$ 43,991 |

Following is the aggregate amortization expense recognized in each period (*in thousands*):

|                                | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>March 31,</b> |             |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------|
|                                | <b>2015</b>                             | <b>2014</b> |
| Aggregate amortization expense | \$ 2,755                                | \$ 3,102    |

Estimated amortization expense of intangible assets on future years (*in thousands*):

|  |          |
|--|----------|
| For the nine months ending December 31, 2015 | \$ 6,881 |
| For the year ending December 31, 2016        | 8,428    |
| For the year ending December 31, 2017        | 7,185    |
| For the year ending December 31, 2018        | 4,994    |
| For the year ending December 31, 2019        | 4,204    |
| For the year ending December 31, 2020        | 3,458    |

**Table of Contents****UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION****NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)****FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)****7. Business Segment Reporting**

The Company has strategically aligned its operations into the following four reportable segments (collectively, Business Segments): Bank, Payment Solutions, Institutional Investment Management, and Asset Servicing. Business segment financial results produced by the Company's internal management reporting system are evaluated regularly by senior executive officers in deciding how to allocate resources and assess performance for individual Business Segments. The management reporting system assigns balance sheet and income statement items to each business segment using methodologies that are refined on an ongoing basis. For comparability purposes, amounts in all periods presented are based on methodologies in effect at March 31, 2015. Previously reported results have been reclassified to conform to the current organizational structure.

The following summaries provide information about the activities of each segment:

*Bank* provides a full range of banking services to commercial, retail, government and correspondent bank customers through the Company's branches, call center, internet banking, and ATM network. Services include traditional commercial and consumer banking, treasury management, leasing, foreign exchange, merchant bankcard, wealth management, brokerage, insurance, capital markets, investment banking, corporate trust, and correspondent banking.

*Payment Solutions* provides consumer and commercial credit and debit card, prepaid debit card solutions, healthcare services, and institutional cash management. Healthcare services include health savings account and flexible savings account products for healthcare providers, third-party administrators and large employers.

*Institutional Investment Management* provides equity and fixed income investment strategies in the intermediary and institutional markets via mutual funds, traditional separate accounts and sub-advisory relationships.

*Asset Servicing* provides services to the asset management industry, supporting a range of investment products, including mutual funds, alternative investments and managed accounts. Services include fund administration, fund accounting, investor services, transfer agency, distribution, marketing, custody, alternative investment services, and collective and multiple-series trust services.

**Business Segment Information**

*Segment financial results were as follows (in thousands):*

|             | <b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2015</b> |                                 |                        |              |
|-------------|--|---------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| <b>Bank</b> | <b>Payment Solutions</b>                 | <b>Institutional Investment</b> | <b>Asset Servicing</b> | <b>Total</b> |

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**Management**

|                           |               |              |           |            |               |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|------------|---------------|
| Net interest income       | \$ 75,327     | \$ 14,033    | \$ 1      | \$ 997     | \$ 90,358     |
| Provision for loan losses | 1,600         | 1,400        |           |            | 3,000         |
| Noninterest income        | 51,551        | 23,138       | 27,084    | 23,434     | 125,207       |
| Noninterest expense       | 100,748       | 24,396       | 17,973    | 21,296     | 164,413       |
| Income before taxes       | 24,530        | 11,375       | 9,112     | 3,135      | 48,152        |
| Income tax expense        | 7,344         | 3,406        | 2,717     | 920        | 14,387        |
| Net income                | \$ 17,186     | \$ 7,969     | \$ 6,395  | \$ 2,215   | \$ 33,765     |
| Average assets            | \$ 12,749,000 | \$ 3,086,000 | \$ 73,000 | \$ 924,000 | \$ 16,832,000 |

Table of Contents

## UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

|                           | Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 |                   |                                     |                 |               | Total |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------|
|                           | Bank                              | Payment Solutions | Institutional Investment Management | Asset Servicing |               |       |
| Net interest income       | \$ 71,122                         | \$ 12,388         | \$ (3)                              | \$ 1,938        | \$ 85,445     |       |
| Provision for loan losses | 2,426                             | 2,074             |                                     |                 | 4,500         |       |
| Noninterest income        | 47,435                            | 20,219            | 34,095                              | 21,215          | 122,964       |       |
| Noninterest expense       | 107,861                           | 20,948            | 25,889                              | 17,543          | 172,241       |       |
| Income before taxes       | 8,270                             | 9,585             | 8,203                               | 5,610           | 31,668        |       |
| Income tax expense        | 2,005                             | 2,593             | 2,146                               | 1,511           | 8,255         |       |
| Net income                | \$ 6,265                          | \$ 6,992          | \$ 6,057                            | \$ 4,099        | \$ 23,413     |       |
| Average assets            | \$ 12,399,000                     | \$ 1,906,000      | \$ 73,000                           | \$ 2,126,000    | \$ 16,504,000 |       |

**8. Commitments, Contingencies and Guarantees**

In the normal course of business, the Company is party to financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk in order to meet the financing needs of its customers and to reduce its own exposure to fluctuations in interest rates. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit, commercial letters of credit, standby letters of credit, futures contracts, forward foreign exchange contracts and spot foreign exchange contracts. These instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheet. The contract or notional amount of those instruments reflects the extent of involvement the Company has in particular classes of financial instruments. Many of the commitments expire without being drawn upon, therefore, the total amount of these commitments does not necessarily represent the future cash requirements of the Company.

The Company's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the counterparty to the financial instruments for commitments to extend credit, commercial letters of credit, and standby letters of credit is represented by the contract or notional amount of those instruments. The Company uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance-sheet instruments.

The following table summarizes the Company's off-balance sheet financial instruments.

**Contract or Notional Amount (in thousands):**

|  | <b>March 31,<br/>2015</b> | <b>December 31,<br/>2014</b> |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Commitments to extend credit for loans (excluding credit card loans) | \$ 4,201,410              | \$ 3,509,841                 |
| Commitments to extend credit under credit card loans                 | 2,752,325                 | 2,690,752                    |
| Commercial letters of credit   | 3,223                     | 1,334                        |
| Standby letters of credit  | 355,390                   | 375,003                      |
| Futures contracts  | 4,000                     |                              |
| Forward foreign exchange contracts                                   | 123,667                   | 144,950                      |
| Spot foreign exchange contracts                                      | 67,642                    | 14,721                       |

Table of Contents

## UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

**9. Derivatives and Hedging Activities****Risk Management Objective of Using Derivatives**

The Company is exposed to certain risks arising from both its business operations and economic conditions. The Company principally manages its exposures to a wide variety of business and operational risks through management of its core business activities. The Company manages economic risks, including interest rate, liquidity, and credit risk, primarily by managing the amount, sources, and duration of its assets and liabilities. Specifically, the Company enters into derivative financial instruments to manage exposures that arise from business activities that result in the receipt or payment of future known and uncertain cash amounts, the value of which are determined by interest rates. The Company's derivative financial instruments are used to manage differences in the amount, timing, and duration of the Company's known or expected cash receipts and its known or expected cash payments principally related to certain fixed rate assets. The Company also has interest rate derivatives that result from a service provided to certain qualifying customers and, therefore, are not used to manage interest rate risk of the Company's assets or liabilities. The Company has entered into an offsetting position for each of these derivative instruments with a matching instrument from another financial institution in order to minimize its net risk exposure resulting from such transactions.

**Fair Values of Derivative Instruments on the Balance Sheet**

The table below presents the fair value of the Company's derivative financial instruments as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014. The Company's derivative asset and derivative liability are located within Other assets and Other liabilities, respectively, on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet.

This table provides a summary of the fair value of the Company's derivative assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (*in thousands*):

| Fair value  | Asset Derivatives |                      | Liability Derivatives |                      |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
|   | March 31,<br>2015 | December 31,<br>2014 | March 31,<br>2015     | December 31,<br>2014 |
| Interest Rate Products:                           |                   |                      |                       |                      |
| Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments | \$ 10,320         | \$ 7,138             | \$ 10,537             | \$ 7,250             |
| Derivatives designated as hedging instruments     |                   |                      | 400                   | 285                  |
| Total   | \$ 10,320         | \$ 7,138             | \$ 10,937             | \$ 7,535             |

**Fair Value Hedges of Interest Rate Risk**

The Company is exposed to changes in the fair value of certain of its fixed-rate assets due to changes in the benchmark interest rate, LIBOR. Interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges involve making fixed-rate payments to a counterparty in exchange for the Company receiving variable-rate payments over the life of the agreements without the exchange of the underlying notional amount. As of March 31, 2015, the Company had one interest rate swap with a notional amount of \$6.6 million that was designated as a fair value hedge of interest rate risk associated with the Company's fixed rate loan assets.

Table of Contents**UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION****NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)****FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)****Non-designated Hedges**

The remainder of the Company's derivatives are not designated in qualifying hedging relationships. Derivatives not designated as hedges are not speculative and result from a service the Company provides to certain customers. The Company executes interest rate swaps with commercial banking customers to facilitate their respective risk management strategies. Those interest rate swaps are simultaneously offset by interest rate swaps that the Company executes with a third party, such that the Company minimizes its net risk exposure resulting from such transactions. As the interest rate swaps associated with this program do not meet the strict hedge accounting requirements, changes in the fair value of both the customer swaps and the offsetting swaps are recognized directly in earnings. As of March 31, 2015, the Company had 36 interest rate swaps with an aggregate notional amount of \$405.0 million related to this program. During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company recognized net losses of \$106 thousand and \$83 thousand, respectively, related to changes in the fair value of these swaps.

**Designated Hedges**

For derivatives designated and that qualify as fair value hedges, the gain or loss on the derivative as well as the offsetting loss or gain on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk are recognized in earnings. The Company includes the gain or loss on the hedged items in the same line item as the offsetting loss or gain on the related derivatives. During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company recognized net losses of \$5 thousand and \$10 thousand, respectively, related to changes in the fair value of these swaps.

**Effect of Derivative Instruments on the Income Statement**

This table provides a summary of the amount of gain (loss) recognized in other noninterest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Income related to the Company's derivative asset and liability as of March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014 (*in thousands*):

|   | <b>Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized</b> |                |
|---|---|----------------|
|   | <b>For the Year Ended</b>               |                |
|   | <b>March 31,</b>                        |                |
|   | <b>2015</b>                             | <b>2014</b>    |
| <b>Interest Rate Products</b>                     |   |                |
| Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments | \$ (106)                                | \$ (83)        |
| <b>Total</b>                                      | <b>\$ (106)</b>                         | <b>\$ (83)</b> |



**Interest Rate Products**

|   |    |       |          |
|---|----|-------|----------|
| Derivatives designated as hedging instruments |    |       |          |
| Fair value adjustments on derivatives         | \$ | (115) | \$ (119) |
| Fair value adjustments on hedged items        |    | 110   | 109      |
| Total   | \$ | (5)   | \$ (10)  |

**Credit-risk-related Contingent Features**

The Company has agreements with certain of its derivative counterparties that contain a provision where if the Company defaults on any of its indebtedness, including default where repayment of the indebtedness has not been accelerated by the lender, then the Company could also be declared in default on its derivative obligations.

As of March 31, 2015 the termination value of derivatives in a net liability position, which includes accrued interest, related to these agreements was \$1.3 million. The Company has minimum collateral posting thresholds with certain of its derivative counterparties and has not yet reached its minimum collateral posting threshold under these agreements. If the Company had breached any of these provisions at March 31, 2015, it could have been required to settle its obligations under the agreements at the termination value.

Table of Contents

## UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

**10. Fair Value Measurements**

The following table presents information about the Company's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2015, and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques utilized by the Company to determine such fair value.

Fair values determined by Level 1 inputs utilize quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that the Company has the ability to access. Fair values determined by Level 2 inputs utilize inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the hierarchy. In such cases, the fair value is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (in thousands):

| Description                      | Fair Value Measurement As of March 31, 2015 |  |   |  |
|----------------------------------|---|--|---|--|
|                                  | March 31,<br>2015                           | Quoted Prices<br>in Active<br>Markets for<br>Identical Assets<br>(Level 1) | Significant<br>Other<br>Observable<br>Inputs<br>(Level 2) | Significant<br>Unobservable<br>Inputs<br>(Level 3) |
| <b>Assets</b>                    |   |  |   |  |
| U.S. Treasury                    | \$ 400                                      | \$ 400   | \$  | \$   |
| U.S. Agencies                    | 4,726                                       |  | 4,726   |  |
| Mortgage-backed                  |   |  |   |  |
| State and political subdivisions | 5,463                                       |  | 5,463   |  |
| Trading - other                  | 18,791                                      | 18,791   |   |  |
| Trading securities               | 29,380                                      | 19,191   | 10,189  |  |
| U.S. Treasury                    | 428,311                                     | 428,311  |   |  |
| U.S. Agencies                    | 856,881                                     |  | 856,881   |  |
| Mortgage-backed                  | 3,343,521                                   |  | 3,343,521   |  |

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|                                    |              |            |              |
|------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| State and political subdivisions   | 2,049,487    |            | 2,049,487    |
| Corporates                         | 108,801      | 108,801    |              |
| Available for sale securities      | 6,787,001    | 537,112    | 6,249,889    |
| Company-owned life insurance       | 28,015       |            | 28,015       |
| Derivatives                        | 10,320       |            | 10,320       |
| Total                              | \$ 6,854,716 | \$ 556,303 | \$ 6,298,413 |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                 |              |            |              |
| Deferred compensation              | \$ 33,680    | \$ 33,680  | \$           |
| Contingent consideration liability | 32,445       |            | 32,445       |
| Derivatives                        | 10,937       |            | 10,937       |
| Total                              | \$ 77,062    | \$ 33,680  | \$ 10,937    |

Table of Contents

## UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

| Description   | Fair Value Measurement as of December 31, 2014 |  |   |  |
|---|--|--|---|--|
|   | December 31,<br>2014                           | Quoted Prices<br>in Active<br>Markets for<br>Identical Assets<br>(Level 1) | Significant<br>Other<br>Observable<br>Inputs<br>(Level 2) | Significant<br>Unobservable<br>Inputs<br>(Level 3) |
| <b>Assets</b>                                       |  |  |   |  |
| U.S. Treasury                                       | \$ 400   | \$ 400   | \$  | \$   |
| U.S. Agencies                                       | 1,315  |  | 1,315   |  |
| Mortgage-backed<br>State and political subdivisions | 7,381  |  | 7,381   |  |
| Trading - other                                     | 18,107   | 18,106   | 1   |  |
| Trading securities                                  | 27,203   | 18,506   | 8,697   |  |
| U.S. Treasury                                       | 519,460  | 519,460  |   |  |
| U.S. Agencies                                       | 990,689  |  | 990,689   |  |
| Mortgage-backed                                     | 3,277,604                                      |  | 3,277,604   |  |
| State and political subdivisions                    | 2,001,357                                      |  | 2,001,357   |  |
| Corporates  | 122,826  | 122,826  |   |  |
| Available for sale securities                       | 6,911,936                                      | 642,286  | 6,269,650   |  |
| Company-owned life insurance                        | 26,886   |  | 26,886  |  |
| Derivatives   | 7,138  |  | 7,138   |  |
| Total   | \$ 6,973,163                                   | \$ 660,792   | \$ 6,312,371  | \$   |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                                  |  |  |   |  |
| Deferred compensation                               | 26,885   | \$ 26,885  | \$  | \$   |
| Contingent consideration<br>liability               | 53,411   |  |   | 53,411   |
| Derivatives   | 7,535  |  | 7,535   |  |
| Total   | \$ 87,831                                      | \$ 26,885  | \$ 7,535  | \$ 53,411  |

The following table reconciles the beginning and ending fair value of balances of the contingent consideration liability:

|  | <b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b> |             |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------|
|  | <b>2015</b>                         | <b>2014</b> |
| Beginning Balance                                    | \$ 53,411                           | \$ 46,201   |
| Payment of contingent considerations on acquisitions | (18,702)                            | (5,975)     |
| Fair value adjustments                               | (2,264)                             | 4,474       |
| Ending Balance                                       | \$ 32,445                           | \$ 44,700   |

Table of Contents

## UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

The following table presents certain quantitative information about the significant unobservable input used in the fair value measurement for the contingent consideration liability measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

| Description                        | Valuation Techniques  | Significant                           |           |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
|                                    |                       | Unobservable Inputs                   | Range     |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                 |                       |                                       |           |
| Contingent consideration liability | Discounted cash flows | Revenue and expense growth percentage | 1% - 102% |

An increase in the revenue growth percentage may result in a significantly higher estimated fair value of the contingent consideration liability. Alternatively, a decrease in the revenue growth percentage may result in a significantly lower estimated fair value of the contingent consideration liability.

**Valuation methods for instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis**

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments measured on a recurring basis:

**Securities Available for Sale and Investment Securities** Fair values are based on quoted market prices or dealer quotes, if available. If a quoted market price is not available, fair value is estimated using quoted market prices for similar securities.

**Trading Securities** Fair values for trading securities (including financial futures), are based on quoted market prices where available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on quoted market prices for similar securities.

**Company-owned Life Insurance** Fair values are based on quoted market prices or dealer quotes with adjustments for dividends, capital gains, and administrative charges.

**Derivatives** Fair values are determined using valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each derivative. This analysis reflects the contractual terms of the derivatives, including the period to maturity, and uses observable market-based inputs, including interest rate curves, foreign exchange rates, and implied volatilities. The Company incorporates credit valuation adjustments to appropriately reflect both its own nonperformance risk and the respective counterparty's nonperformance risk in the fair value measurements. In adjusting the fair value of its derivative contracts for the effect of nonperformance risk, the Company has considered the impact of netting and any applicable credit enhancements, such as collateral postings, thresholds, mutual puts, and guarantees.

**Deferred Compensation** Fair values are based on quoted market prices or dealer quotes.

**Contingent Consideration Liability** The fair value of contingent consideration liabilities are derived from a discounted cash flow model of future contingent payments. The valuation of these liabilities are estimated by a collaborative effort of the Company's mergers and acquisitions group, business unit management, and the corporate accounting group. These groups report primarily to the Company's Chief Financial Officer. These future contingent payments are calculated based on estimates of future income and expense from each acquisition. These estimated cash flows are projected by the business unit management and reviewed by the mergers and acquisitions group. To obtain a current valuation of these projected cash flows, an expected present value technique is utilized to calculate a discount rate. The cash flow projections and discount rates are reviewed quarterly and updated as market conditions necessitate. Potential valuation adjustments are made as future income and expense projections for each acquisition are made which affect the calculation of the related contingent consideration payment. These adjustments are recorded through noninterest expense.

Table of Contents

## UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

Assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (*in thousands*):

| Description             | Fair Value Measurement at March 31, 2015 Using |  |   |   | Total Gains (Losses) Recognized During the Three Months Ended March 31 |
|-------------------------|--|--|---|---|--|
|                         | March 31, 2015                                 | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |  |
| Impaired loans          | \$ 6,726                                       | \$   | \$  | \$ 6,726                                  | \$ (2,241)   |
| Other real estate owned | 289  |  |   | 289                                       | \$ (18)  |
| <b>Total</b>            | <b>\$ 7,015</b>                                | <b>\$</b>  | <b>\$</b>                                     | <b>\$ 7,015</b>                           | <b>\$ (2,259)</b>  |

| Description             | Fair Value Measurement at December 31, 2014 Using |  |   |   | Total Gains (Losses) Recognized During the Twelve Months Ended December 31 |
|-------------------------|---|--|---|---|--|
|                         | December 31, 2014                                 | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |  |
| Impaired loans          | \$ 5,122  | \$   | \$  | \$ 5,122                                  | \$ 2,345   |
| Other real estate owned | 208   |  |   | 208                                       |  |
| <b>Total</b>            | <b>\$ 5,330</b>                                   | <b>\$</b>  | <b>\$</b>                                     | <b>\$ 5,330</b>                           | <b>\$ 2,345</b>  |

**Valuation methods for instruments measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis**

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments measured on a non-recurring basis:



**Impaired loans** While the overall loan portfolio is not carried at fair value, adjustments are recorded on certain loans to reflect write-downs that are based on the external appraisal value of the underlying collateral. The external appraisals are generally based on recent sales of comparable properties which are then adjusted for the unique characteristics of the property being valued. In the case of non-real estate collateral, reliance is placed on a variety of sources, including external estimates of value and judgments based on the experience and expertise of internal specialists within the Company's property management group and the Company's credit department. The valuation of the impaired loans is reviewed on a quarterly basis. Because many of these inputs are not observable, the measurements are classified as Level 3.

**Other real estate owned** Other real estate owned consists of loan collateral which has been repossessed through foreclosure. This collateral is comprised of commercial and residential real estate and other non-real estate property, including auto, recreational and marine vehicles. Other real estate owned is recorded as held for sale initially at the lower of the loan balance or fair value of the collateral. The initial valuation of the foreclosed property is obtained through an appraisal process similar to the process described in the impaired loans paragraph above. Subsequent to foreclosure, valuations are reviewed quarterly and updated periodically, and the assets may be marked down further, reflecting a new cost basis. Fair value measurements may be based upon appraisals, third-party price opinions, or internally developed pricing methods and those measurements are classified as Level 3.

Table of Contents

## UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

**Goodwill** Valuation of goodwill to determine impairment is performed annually, or more frequently if there is an event or circumstance that would indicate impairment may have occurred. The process involves calculations to determine the fair value of each reporting unit on a stand-alone basis. A combination of formulas using current market multiples, based on recent sales of financial institutions within the Company's geographic marketplace, is used to estimate the fair value of each reporting unit. That fair value is compared to the carrying amount of the reporting unit, including its recorded goodwill. Impairment is considered to have occurred if the fair value of the reporting unit is lower than the carrying amount of the reporting unit. The fair value of the Company's common stock relative to its computed book value per share is also considered as part of the overall evaluation. These measurements are classified as Level 3.

Fair value disclosures require disclosure of the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, including those financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured and reported at fair value on a recurring basis or non-recurring basis. The estimated fair value of the Company's financial instruments at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are as follows (*in millions*):

|  | Fair Value Measurement at March 31, 2015 Using |  |   |   |                                  |
|--|--|--|---|---|----------------------------------|
|  | Carrying                                       | Quoted Prices<br>in Active<br>Markets for<br>Identical Assets<br>(Level 1) | Significant<br>Other<br>Observable<br>Inputs<br>(Level 2) | Significant<br>Unobservable<br>Inputs<br>(Level<br>3) | Total<br>Estimated<br>Fair Value |
| <b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>                      |  |  |   |   |                                  |
| Cash and short-term investments              | \$ 1,243.0                                     | \$ 1,228.0   | \$ 15.0   | \$  | \$ 1,243.0                       |
| Securities available for sale                | 6,787.0  | 537.1  | 6,249.9   |   | 6,787.0                          |
| Securities held to maturity                  | 346.9  |  | 377.9   |   | 377.9                            |
| Other securities                             | 67.2   |  | 67.2  |   | 67.2                             |
| Trading securities                           | 29.4   | 19.2   | 10.2  |   | 29.4                             |
| Loans (exclusive of allowance for loan loss) | 7,501.4  |  | 7,531.6   |   | 7,531.6                          |
| Derivatives                                  | 10.3   |  | 10.3  |   | 10.3                             |
| <b>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>                 |  |  |   |   |                                  |
| Demand and savings deposits                  | 12,286.8                                       | 12,286.8   |   |   | 12,286.8                         |
| Time deposits                                | 869.5  |  | 869.5   |   | 869.5                            |
| Other borrowings                             | 1,719.1  | 53.2   | 1,665.9   |   | 1,719.1                          |
| Long-term debt                               | 7.6  |  | 7.9   |   | 7.9                              |
| Derivatives                                  | 10.9   |  | 10.9  |   | 10.9                             |
| <b>OFF-BALANCE SHEET<br/>ARRANGEMENTS</b>    |  |  |   |   |                                  |
| Commitments to extend credit for loans       |  |  |   |   | 1.1                              |

|                              |     |
|------------------------------|-----|
| Commercial letters of credit | 0.1 |
| Standby letters of credit    | 0.6 |

Table of Contents

## UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

|  | Fair Value Measurement at December 31, 2014 Using |  |   |   | Total<br>Estimated<br>Fair Value |
|--|---|--|---|---|----------------------------------|
|  | Carrying<br>Amount                                | Quoted Prices<br>in Active<br>Markets for<br>Identical Assets<br>(Level 1) | Significant<br>Other<br>Observable<br>Inputs<br>(Level 2) | Significant<br>Unobservable<br>Inputs<br>(Level<br>3) |                                  |
| <b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>                      |   |  |   |   |                                  |
| Cash and short-term investments              | \$ 2,101.8  | \$ 2,006.3   | \$ 95.5   | \$  | \$ 2,101.8                       |
| Securities available for sale                | 6,911.9   | 642.3  | 6,269.6   |   | 6,911.9                          |
| Securities held to maturity                  | 278.1   |  | 304.1   |   | 304.1                            |
| Other securities                             | 68.5  |  | 68.5  |   | 68.5                             |
| Trading securities                           | 27.2  | 18.5   | 8.7   |   | 27.2                             |
| Loans (exclusive of allowance for loan loss) | 7,466.4   |  | 7,483.3   |   | 7,483.3                          |
| Derivatives                                  | 7.1   |  | 7.1   |   | 7.1                              |
| <b>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>                 |   |  |   |   |                                  |
| Demand and savings deposits                  | 12,353.3  | 12,353.3   |   |   | 12,353.3                         |
| Time deposits                                | 1,263.6   |  | 1,263.6   |   | 1,263.6                          |
| Other borrowings                             | 2,025.1   | 42.0   | 1,983.1   |   | 2,025.1                          |
| Long-term debt                               | 8.8   |  | 9.1   |   | 9.1                              |
| Derivatives                                  | 7.5   |  | 7.5   |   | 7.5                              |
| <b>OFF-BALANCE SHEET<br/>ARRANGEMENTS</b>    |   |  |   |   |                                  |
| Commitments to extend credit for loans       |   |  |   |   | 5.7                              |
| Commercial letters of credit                 |   |  |   |   | 0.2                              |
| Standby letters of credit                    |   |  |   |   | 2.4                              |

**Cash and short-term investments** The carrying amounts of cash and due from banks, federal funds sold and resell agreements are reasonable estimates of their fair values.

**Securities Held to Maturity** Fair value of held-to-maturity securities are estimated by discounting the future cash flows using the current rates at which similar investments would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining maturities.

**Other securities** Amount consists of FRB and FHLB stock held by the Company, Prairie Capital Management equity-method investments, and other miscellaneous investments. The fair value of FRB and FHLB stock is considered to be the carrying value as no readily determinable market exists for these investments because they can only be redeemed with the FRB or FHLB. The fair value of Prairie Capital Management marketable equity-method investments are based on quoted market prices used to estimate the value of the underlying investment. For non-marketable equity-method investments, the Company's proportionate share of the income or loss is recognized on a one-quarter lag based on the valuation of the underlying investment(s).

**Loans** Fair values are estimated for portfolios with similar financial characteristics. Loans are segregated by type, such as commercial, real estate, consumer, and credit card. Each loan category is further segmented into fixed and variable interest rate categories. The fair value of loans is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining maturities.

**Demand and savings deposits** The fair value of demand deposits and savings accounts is the amount payable on demand at March 31, 2015 and 2014.

**Time Deposits** The fair value of fixed-maturity certificates of deposit is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using the rates that are currently offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities.

**Other Borrowings** The carrying amounts of federal funds purchased, repurchase agreements and other short-term debt are reasonable estimates of their fair value because of the short-term nature of their maturities.

Table of Contents

**UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)**

**Long-Term Debt** Rates currently available to the Company for debt with similar terms and remaining maturities are used to estimate fair value of existing debt.

**Other Off-Balance Sheet Instruments** The fair value of loan commitments and letters of credit are determined based on the fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreement and the present creditworthiness of the counterparties. Neither the fees earned during the year on these instruments nor their fair value at year-end are significant to the Company's consolidated financial position.

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**Table of Contents**

**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

This review highlights the material changes in the results of operations and changes in financial condition for the three month period ended March 31, 2015. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying consolidated financial statements, notes to consolidated financial statements and other financial statistics appearing elsewhere in this report and the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K. Results of operations for the periods included in this review are not necessarily indicative of results to be attained during any future period.

**CAUTIONARY NOTICE ABOUT FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

From time to time the Company has made, and in the future will make, forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. Forward-looking statements often use words such as believe, expect, anticipate, intend, estimate, project, outlook, forecast, target, trend, plan, goal, or other meaning or future-tense or conditional verbs such as may, will, should, would, or could. Forward-looking statements convey the Company's expectations, intentions, or forecasts about future events, circumstances, results, or aspirations.

This report, including any information incorporated by reference in this report, contains forward-looking statements. The Company also may make forward-looking statements in other documents that are filed or furnished with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). In addition, the Company may make forward-looking statements orally or in writing to investors, analysts, members of the media, or others.

All forward-looking statements, by their nature, are subject to assumptions, risks, and uncertainties, which may change over time and many of which are beyond the Company's control. You should not rely on any forward-looking statement as a prediction or guarantee about the future. Actual future objectives, strategies, plans, prospects, performance, conditions, or results may differ materially from those set forth in any forward-looking statement. While no list of assumptions, risks, or uncertainties could be complete, some of the factors that may cause actual results or other future events, circumstances, or aspirations to differ from those in forward-looking statements include:

local, regional, national, or international business, economic, or political conditions or events;

changes in laws or the regulatory environment, including as a result of recent financial-services legislation or regulation;

changes in monetary, fiscal, or trade laws or policies, including as a result of actions by central banks or supranational authorities;

changes in accounting standards or policies;

shifts in investor sentiment or behavior in the securities, capital, or other financial markets, including changes in market liquidity or volatility or changes in interest or currency rates;

changes in spending, borrowing, or saving by businesses or households;

the Company's ability to effectively manage capital or liquidity or to effectively attract or deploy deposits;

changes in any credit rating assigned to the Company or its affiliates;

adverse publicity or other reputational harm to the Company;

changes in the Company's corporate strategies, the composition of its assets, or the way in which it funds those assets;



**Table of Contents**

the Company's ability to develop, maintain, or market products or services or to absorb unanticipated costs or liabilities associated with those products or services;

the Company's ability to innovate to anticipate the needs of current or future customers, to successfully compete in its chosen business lines, to increase or hold market share in changing competitive environments, or to deal with pricing or other competitive pressures;

changes in the credit, liquidity, or other condition of the Company's customers, counterparties, or competitors;

the Company's ability to effectively deal with economic, business, or market slowdowns or disruptions;

judicial, regulatory, or administrative investigations, proceedings, disputes, or rulings that create uncertainty for or are adverse to the Company or the financial-services industry;

the Company's ability to address stricter or heightened regulatory or other governmental supervision or requirements;

the Company's ability to maintain secure and functional financial, accounting, technology, data processing, or other operating systems or facilities, including its capacity to withstand cyber-attacks;

the adequacy of the Company's corporate governance, risk-management framework, compliance programs, or internal controls, including its ability to control lapses or deficiencies in financial reporting or to effectively mitigate or manage operational risk;

the efficacy of the Company's methods or models in assessing business strategies or opportunities or in valuing, measuring, monitoring, or managing positions or risk;

the Company's ability to keep pace with changes in technology that affect the Company or its customers, counterparties, or competitors;

mergers or acquisitions, including the Company's ability to integrate acquisitions;

the adequacy of the Company's succession planning for key executives or other personnel;

the Company's ability to grow revenue, to control expenses, or to attract or retain qualified employees;

natural or man-made disasters, calamities, or conflicts, including terrorist events; or

other assumptions, risks, or uncertainties described in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Item 1) and Management's Discussion and Analysis (Item 2) in this Form 10-Q, in the Risk Factors (Item 1A) in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, or as described in any of the Company's quarterly or current reports.

Any forward-looking statement made by the Company or on its behalf speaks only as of the date that it was made. The Company does not undertake to update any forward-looking statement to reflect the impact of events, circumstances, or results that arise after the date that the statement was made. You, however, should consult further disclosures (including disclosures of a forward-looking nature) that the Company may make in any subsequent Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, or Current Report on Form 8-K.

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**Table of Contents****Overview**

The Company focuses on the following four core strategic objectives. Management believes these strategic objectives will guide its efforts to achieving its vision, to deliver the unparalleled customer experience, all the while maintaining a focus to improve net income and strengthen the balance sheet.

The first strategic objective is to grow the Company's fee-based businesses. As the industry continues to experience economic uncertainty, the Company has continued to emphasize its fee-based operations. With a diverse source of revenues, the Company's exposure to sustained low interest rates is reduced. During the first quarter of 2015, noninterest income increased \$2.2 million, or 1.8 percent, compared to the same period of 2014. The Company continues to emphasize its asset management, brokerage, bankcard services, health care services, and treasury management businesses. At March 31, 2015, noninterest income represented 58.1 percent of total revenues, compared to 59.0 percent at March 31, 2014.

The second strategic objective is a focus on net interest income through loan and deposit growth. During the first quarter of 2015, continued progress on this strategy was illustrated by an increase in net interest income of \$4.9 million, or 5.7 percent, from the previous year. The Company has continued to show increased net interest income in a historically low rate environment through the effects of increased volume of average earning assets and a low cost of funds in its balance sheet. Average earning assets increased by \$327.1 million, or 2.1 percent from March 31, 2014. The funding for these assets was driven primarily by a 9.5 percent increase in average noninterest-bearing demand deposits. Average loan balances increased \$791.2 million, or 11.8 percent compared to the same period in 2014. Net interest margin and net interest spread, on a tax-equivalent basis, increased seven basis points, compared to the same period in 2014.

The third strategic objective is a focus on improving operating efficiencies. At March 31, 2015, the Company had 104 banking centers and four wealth management offices. The Company continues to emphasize increasing its primary retail customer base by providing a broad offering of services through our existing branch network. These efforts have resulted in the total loans and deposits growth previously discussed. The Company continues to invest in technological advances that will help management drive operating efficiencies in the future through improved data analysis and automation. The Company continues to evaluate core systems and will invest in enhancements that will yield operating efficiencies. The Company evaluates its cost structure for opportunities to moderate expense growth without sacrificing growth initiatives.

The fourth strategic objective is a focus on capital management. The Company places a significant emphasis on the maintenance of a strong capital position, which management believes promotes investor confidence, provides access to funding sources under favorable terms, and enhances the Company's ability to capitalize on business growth and acquisition opportunities. The Company continues to maximize shareholder value through a mix of reinvesting in organic growth, investing in acquisitions, evaluating increased dividends over time and utilizing a share buy-back strategy when appropriate. At March 31, 2015, the Company had \$1.7 billion in total shareholders' equity. This is an increase of \$140.2 million, or 9.1 percent, compared to total shareholders' equity at March 31, 2014. At March 31, 2015, the Company had a total risk-based capital ratio of 13.62 percent, which is higher than the 10 percent regulatory minimum to be considered well-capitalized. The Company repurchased 103,924 shares at an average price of \$51.08 per share during the first quarter of 2015.

**Earnings Summary**

The Company recorded consolidated net income of \$33.8 million for the three month period ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$23.4 million for the same period a year earlier. This represents a 44.2 percent increase over the three

month period ended March 31, 2014. Basic earnings per share for the first quarter of 2015 were \$0.75 per share (\$0.74 per share fully-diluted) compared to \$0.52 per share (\$0.52 per share fully-diluted) for the first quarter of 2014. Return on average assets and return on average common shareholders' equity for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 were 0.81 and 8.18 percent, respectively, compared to 0.58 and 6.13 percent for the three month period ended March 31, 2014.

Net interest income for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 increased \$4.9 million, or 5.7 percent, compared to the same period in 2014. Average earning assets increased by \$327.1 million, or 2.1 percent, compared to the first quarter of 2014. Net interest margin, on a tax-equivalent basis, increased to 2.46 percent or a seven basis points increase for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to 2.39 percent for the same period in 2014.

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**Table of Contents**

The provision for loan losses decreased by \$1.5 million for the three month period ended March 31, 2015, compared to the same period in 2014. This decrease is a direct result of applying the Company's methodology for computing the allowance for loan losses. The allowance for loan losses as a percentage of total loans decreased by nine basis points to 1.03 percent as of March 31, 2015, compared to March 31, 2014. For a description of the Company's methodology for computing the allowance for loan losses, please see the summary discussion of the Allowance for Loan Losses within the Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates subsection of the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section on the Company's 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Noninterest income increased by \$2.2 million, or 1.8 percent, for the three month period ended March 31, 2015, compared to the same period one year ago. For the three month period, the increase is primarily due to increased gains on sales of securities available for sale in 2015 and increases in trading and investment income, partially offset by decreases in trust and securities processing income and equity earnings on alternative investments. These changes are discussed in greater detail below under Noninterest Income.

Noninterest expense decreased by \$7.8 million, or 4.5 percent, for the three month period ended March 31, 2015, compared to the same period in 2014. The decrease is largely due to a \$15.0 million contingency reserve which was recorded in the first quarter of 2014 and a decrease in other noninterest expense. These decreases were partially offset by increases in salary and benefit expense, equipment expense, and legal and consulting expense. These changes are discussed in greater detail below under Noninterest Expense.

**Net Interest Income**

Net interest income is a significant source of the Company's earnings and represents the amount by which interest income on earning assets exceeds the interest expense paid on liabilities. The volume of interest-earning assets and the related funding sources, the overall mix of these assets and liabilities, and the rates paid on each affect net interest income. For the three month period ended March 31, 2015, net interest income increased by \$4.9 million, or 5.7 percent, as compared to the same period in 2014.

Table 1 shows the impact of earning asset rate changes compared to changes in the cost of interest-bearing liabilities. As illustrated in this table, net interest spread and margin for the three months ended March 31, 2015 increased by seven basis points compared to the same period in 2014. These results are primarily due to a favorable volume variance, offset by an unfavorable rate variance on earning assets. The combined impact of these variances has led to an increase in the Company's net interest income compared to results one year ago. Interest-bearing liabilities are repricing slower or incrementally less than the earning assets. The increase of \$493.4 million of average noninterest-bearing demand deposits, as compared to the first quarter of 2014, continues to be a positive impact by increasing the contribution from free funds. For the impact of the contribution from free funds, see the Analysis of Net Interest Margin within Table 2 below. Table 2 also illustrates how the changes in volume and rates have resulted in the changes in net interest income.

**Table of Contents**

Table 1

**AVERAGE BALANCES/YIELDS AND RATES** (tax-equivalent basis) (unaudited, dollars in thousands)

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, the average earning assets and resulting yields, as well as the average interest-bearing liabilities and resulting yields, expressed in both dollars and rates. All average balances are daily average balances. The average yield on earning assets without the tax equivalent basis adjustment would have been 2.42 percent for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 and 2.34 percent for the same period in 2014.

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |                    |                 |                    |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
|  | 2015                         | Average Yield/Rate | 2014            | Average Yield/Rate |
|  | Average Balance              |                    | Average Balance |                    |
| <b>Assets</b>                              |                              |                    |                 |                    |
| Loans, net of unearned interest            | \$ 7,470,101                 | 3.49%              | \$ 6,678,932    | 3.58%              |
| Securities:                                |                              |                    |                 |                    |
| Taxable                                    | 4,868,560                    | 1.57               | 4,887,151       | 1.57               |
| Tax-exempt                                 | 2,254,237                    | 2.75               | 2,109,901       | 2.93               |
| Total securities                           | 7,122,797                    | 1.94               | 6,997,052       | 1.98               |
| Federal funds and resell agreements        | 34,340                       | 0.60               | 27,155          | 0.49               |
| Interest-bearing due from banks            | 1,107,862                    | 0.31               | 1,696,482       | 0.27               |
| Other earning assets                       | 30,221                       | 1.84               | 38,590          | 1.48               |
| Total earning assets                       | 15,765,321                   | 2.56               | 15,438,211      | 2.48               |
| Allowance for loan losses                  | (76,574)                     |                    | (74,997)        |                    |
| Other assets                               | 1,143,208                    |                    | 1,141,037       |                    |
| Total assets                               | \$ 16,831,955                |                    | \$ 16,504,251   |                    |
| <b>Liabilities and Shareholders Equity</b> |                              |                    |                 |                    |
| Interest-bearing deposits                  | \$ 7,602,258                 | 0.16%              | \$ 7,968,400    | 0.16%              |
| Federal funds and repurchase agreements    | 1,710,908                    | 0.12               | 1,667,764       | 0.12               |
| Borrowed funds                             | 8,331                        | 2.68               | 5,705           | 4.41               |
| Total interest-bearing liabilities         | 9,321,497                    | 0.16               | 9,641,869       | 0.15               |
| Noninterest-bearing demand deposits        | 5,660,893                    |                    | 5,167,513       |                    |
| Other liabilities                          | 174,804                      |                    | 147,147         |                    |
| Shareholders equity                        | 1,674,761                    |                    | 1,547,722       |                    |
| Total liabilities and shareholders equity  | \$ 16,831,955                |                    | \$ 16,504,251   |                    |
| Net interest spread                        |                              | 2.40%              |                 | 2.33%              |
| Net interest margin                        |                              | 2.46               |                 | 2.39               |

Table 2 presents the dollar amount of change in net interest income and margin due to volume and rate. Table 2 also reflects the effect that interest-free funds have on net interest margin. Although the average balance of interest free funds (total earning assets less interest-bearing liabilities) increased \$647.5 million for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 compared to the same period in 2014, the benefit from interest free funds remained flat compared to the three months ended March 31, 2014.

**Table of Contents**

Table 2

**ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET INTEREST INCOME AND MARGIN** (unaudited, dollars in thousands)**ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET INTEREST INCOME**

|   | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>March 31, 2015 and 2014</b> |                   |                 |
|---|---|-------------------|-----------------|
|   | <b>Volume</b>   | <b>Rate</b>       | <b>Total</b>    |
| <b>Change in interest earned on:</b>              |   |                   |                 |
| Loans   | \$ 6,805  | \$ (1,473)        | \$ 5,332        |
| <b>Securities:</b>                                |   |                   |                 |
| Taxable   | (72)  | (81)              | (153)           |
| Tax-exempt  | 974   | (966)             | 8               |
| Federal funds sold and resell agreements          | 11  | 7                 | 18              |
| Interest-bearing due from banks                   | (453)   | 182               | (271)           |
| Trading   | (51)  | 23                | (28)            |
| <b>Interest income</b>                            | <b>7,214</b>  | <b>(2,308)</b>    | <b>4,906</b>    |
| <b>Change in interest incurred on:</b>            |   |                   |                 |
| Interest-bearing deposits                         | (147)   | 136               | (11)            |
| Federal funds purchased and repurchase agreements | 12  | (1)               | 11              |
| Other borrowed funds                              | 17  | (24)              | (7)             |
| <b>Interest expense</b>                           | <b>(118)</b>  | <b>111</b>        | <b>(7)</b>      |
| <b>Net interest income</b>                        | <b>\$ 7,332</b>                                       | <b>\$ (2,419)</b> | <b>\$ 4,913</b> |

**ANALYSIS OF NET INTEREST MARGIN**

|   | <b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b> |                     |                   |
|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
|   | <b>2015</b>                         | <b>2014</b>         | <b>Change</b>     |
| Average earning assets                          | \$ 15,765,321                       | \$ 15,438,211       | \$ 327,110        |
| Interest-bearing liabilities                    | 9,321,497                           | 9,641,869           | (320,372)         |
| <b>Interest-free funds</b>                      | <b>\$ 6,443,824</b>                 | <b>\$ 5,796,342</b> | <b>\$ 647,482</b> |
| Free funds ratio (free funds to earning assets) | 40.87%                              | 37.55%              | 3.32%             |
| Tax-equivalent yield on earning assets          | 2.56%                               | 2.48%               | 0.08%             |
| Cost of interest-bearing liabilities            | 0.16                                | 0.15                | 0.01              |
| <b>Net interest spread</b>                      | <b>2.40%</b>                        | <b>2.33%</b>        | <b>0.07%</b>      |
| Benefit of interest-free funds                  | 0.06                                | 0.06                | 0.00              |



|                     |       |       |       |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Net interest margin | 2.46% | 2.39% | 0.07% |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|

### Provision and Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses (ALL) represents management's judgment of the losses inherent in the Company's loan portfolio as of the balance sheet date. An analysis is performed quarterly to determine the appropriate balance of the ALL. This analysis considers items such as historical loss trends, a review of individual loans, migration analysis, current economic conditions, loan growth and characteristics, industry or segment concentration and other factors. After the balance sheet analysis is performed for the ALL, the provision for loan losses is computed as the amount required to adjust the ALL to the appropriate level.

Based on the factors above, management of the Company expensed \$3.0 million related to the provision for loan losses for the three month period ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$4.5 million for the same period in 2014. As illustrated in Table 3 below, the ALL decreased to 1.03 percent of total loans as of March 31, 2015, compared to 1.12 percent of total loans as of the same period in 2014.

**Table of Contents**

Table 3 presents a summary of the Company's ALL for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 and for the year ended December 31, 2014. Net charge-offs were \$1.7 million for the first three months of 2015, compared to \$3.7 million for the same period in 2014. See "Credit Risk Management" under "Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in this report for information relating to nonaccrual loans, past due loans, restructured loans and other credit risk matters.

Table 3

**ANALYSIS OF ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES** (unaudited, dollars in thousands)

|  | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>March 31,</b> |                | <b>Year Ended<br/>December 31,</b> |
|--|---|----------------|------------------------------------|
|  | <b>2015</b>                             | <b>2014</b>    | <b>2014</b>                        |
| Allowance-January 1                              | \$ 76,140                               | \$ 74,751      | \$ 74,751                          |
| Provision for loan losses                        | 3,000                                   | 4,500          | 17,000                             |
| <b>Charge-offs:</b>                              |   |                |                                    |
| Commercial                                       | (412)                                   | (1,471)        | (7,307)                            |
| <b>Consumer:</b>                                 |   |                |                                    |
| Credit card                                      | (2,491)                                 | (2,655)        | (10,104)                           |
| Other  | (213)                                   | (433)          | (1,323)                            |
| Real estate                                      | (32)                                    | (126)          | (259)                              |
| <b>Total charge-offs</b>                         | <b>(3,148)</b>                          | <b>(4,685)</b> | <b>(18,993)</b>                    |
| <b>Recoveries:</b>                               |   |                |                                    |
| Commercial                                       | 810                                     | 67             | 848                                |
| <b>Consumer:</b>                                 |   |                |                                    |
| Credit card                                      | 517                                     | 631            | 1,803                              |
| Other  | 145                                     | 241            | 687                                |
| Real estate                                      | 15                                      | 9              | 44                                 |
| <b>Total recoveries</b>                          | <b>1,487</b>                            | <b>948</b>     | <b>3,382</b>                       |
| <b>Net charge-offs</b>                           | <b>(1,661)</b>                          | <b>(3,737)</b> | <b>(15,611)</b>                    |
| Allowance-end of period                          | \$ 77,479                               | \$ 75,514      | \$ 76,140                          |
| Average loans, net of unearned interest          | \$ 7,469,115                            | \$ 6,678,179   | \$ 6,974,246                       |
| Loans at end of period, net of unearned interest | 7,498,308                               | 6,759,089      | 7,465,794                          |
| Allowance to loans at end of period              | 1.03%                                   | 1.12%          | 1.02%                              |
| Allowance as a multiple of net charge-offs       | 11.50x                                  | 4.98X          | 4.88x                              |
| <b>Net charge-offs to:</b>                       |   |                |                                    |
| Provision for loan losses                        | 55.37%                                  | 83.04%         | 91.83%                             |
| Average loans                                    | 0.09                                    | 0.23           | 0.22                               |

**Noninterest Income**

A key objective of the Company is the growth of noninterest income to enhance profitability and provide steady income. Fee-based businesses are typically non-credit related and not generally affected by fluctuations in interest rates.

The Company's fee-based businesses provide the opportunity to offer multiple products and services, which management believes will more closely align the customer with the Company. The Company is currently emphasizing fee-based businesses including trust and securities processing, bankcard, brokerage, health care services, and treasury management. Management believes it can offer these products and services both efficiently and profitably, as most share common platforms and support structures.

**Table of Contents**

Table 4

**SUMMARY OF NONINTEREST INCOME** (unaudited, dollars in thousands)

|   | Three Months Ended March 31, |            | Dollar     | Percent |
|---|------------------------------|------------|------------|---------|
|   | 2015                         | 2014       | Change     | Change  |
|   |                              |            | 15-14      | 15-14   |
| Trust and securities processing                         | \$ 67,299                    | \$ 71,563  | \$ (4,264) | (6.0)%  |
| Trading and investment banking                          | 6,122                        | 4,323      | 1,799      | 41.6    |
| Service charges on deposits                             | 21,541                       | 21,558     | (17)       | (0.1)   |
| Insurance fees and commissions                          | 570                          | 603        | (33)       | (5.5)   |
| Brokerage fees  | 2,854                        | 1,815      | 1,039      | 57.2    |
| Bankcard fees   | 16,183                       | 15,623     | 560        | 3.6     |
| Gains on sales of securities available for sale,<br>net | 7,336                        | 1,470      | 5,866      | 399.0   |
| Equity earnings on alternative investments              | (842)                        | 2,530      | (3,372)    | (133.3) |
| Other   | 4,144                        | 3,479      | 665        | 19.1    |
| Total noninterest income                                | \$ 125,207                   | \$ 122,964 | \$ 2,243   | 1.8%    |

Fee-based, or noninterest income (summarized in Table 4), increased by \$2.2 million, or 1.8 percent, during the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to the same period in 2014. Table 4 above summarizes the components of noninterest income and the respective year-over-year comparison for each category.

Trust and securities processing consists of fees earned on personal and corporate trust accounts, custody of securities, trust investments and investment management services, and servicing of mutual fund assets. The 6.0 percent decrease in trust and securities processing income was primarily due to an \$8.9 million, or 35.4 percent, decrease in advisory fee income from the Scout Funds, partially offset by an increase of \$2.2 million, or 9.6 percent, increase in fees related to institutional and personal investment management services, and a \$2.1 million, or 9.9 percent, increase in fund administration and custody services. Advisory fee income from the Scout Funds decreased due to lower assets under management (AUM) in the Scout Funds. The mix of assets under management in the Institutional Investment Management segment has shifted from 52 percent fixed income and 48 percent equity as of March 31, 2014 to 69 percent fixed income and 31 percent equity as of March 31, 2015. Trust and securities processing fees are asset-based, and as such, they are highly correlated to the change in market value of the assets. Thus, the related income for the remainder of the year will be affected by changes in the securities markets, changes in fund flows, and the related margin difference between the respective AUM. Management continues to emphasize sales of services to both new and existing clients as well as increasing and improving the distribution channels.

Trading and investment banking income increased by \$1.8 million, or 41.6 percent, compared to the same period in 2014. The income in this category is market driven and impacted by general increases or decreases in trading volume.

In the first quarter of 2015, \$7.3 million in pre-tax gains were recognized on the sales of securities available for sale, as compared to \$1.5 million one year ago. The investment portfolio is continually evaluated for opportunities to improve its performance and risk profile relative to market conditions and the Company's interest rate expectations. This can result in differences from quarter to quarter in the amount of realized gains.

During the first quarter of 2015, unrealized losses of \$0.8 million were recognized on equity earnings on alternative investments on Prairie Capital Management investments compared to \$2.5 million of gains recognized in the first quarter of 2014.

**Table of Contents****Noninterest Expense**

The components of noninterest expense are shown below on Table 5.

Table 5

**SUMMARY OF NONINTEREST EXPENSE** (unaudited, dollars in thousands)

|   | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |                   | Dollar<br>Change<br>15-14 | Percent<br>Change<br>15-14 |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
|   | 2015                            | 2014              |                           |                            |
| Salaries and employee benefits          | \$ 98,537                       | \$ 88,881         | \$ 9,656                  | 10.9%                      |
| Occupancy, net                          | 10,010                          | 9,705             | 305                       | 3.1                        |
| Equipment                               | 14,172                          | 12,663            | 1,509                     | 11.9                       |
| Supplies and services                   | 4,325                           | 4,637             | (312)                     | (6.7)                      |
| Marketing and business development      | 4,618                           | 4,602             | 16                        | 0.3                        |
| Processing fees                         | 12,783                          | 13,651            | (868)                     | (6.4)                      |
| Legal and consulting                    | 4,378                           | 3,372             | 1,006                     | 29.8                       |
| Bankcard                                | 4,768                           | 3,688             | 1,080                     | 29.3                       |
| Amortization of other intangible assets | 2,755                           | 3,102             | (347)                     | (11.2)                     |
| Regulatory fees                         | 2,756                           | 2,516             | 240                       | 9.5                        |
| Contingency reserve                     |                                 | 15,000            | (15,000)                  | (100.0)                    |
| Other                                   | 5,311                           | 10,424            | (5,113)                   | (49.1)                     |
| <b>Total noninterest expense</b>        | <b>\$ 164,413</b>               | <b>\$ 172,241</b> | <b>\$ (7,828)</b>         | <b>(4.5)%</b>              |

Noninterest expense decreased by \$7.8 million, or 4.5 percent, for the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to the same period in 2014. Table 5 above summarizes the components of noninterest expense and the respective year-over-year comparison for each category.

Salaries and employee benefits increased by \$9.7 million, or 10.9 percent, for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to the same period in 2014. The increase is primarily due to increases in salaries and wages of \$4.8 million, or 9.2 percent, a \$3.2 million, or 17.9 percent, increase in commissions and bonuses, and a \$1.7 million, or 9.0 percent, increase in employee benefits expense for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to the same period of 2014.

During the first quarter of 2014, the Company recorded a \$15.0 million contingency reserve related to objections to its calculation of an earn-out amount owed to the sellers of PCM and a related incentive bonus calculation. This dispute was subsequently settled during the second quarter of 2014.

Other expense decreased \$5.1 million, or 49.1 percent, primarily due to decreases of \$6.7 million in fair value adjustments to the contingent consideration liabilities on acquisitions.

**Income Tax Expense**

The Company's effective tax rate is 29.9 percent for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to 26.1 percent for the same period a year earlier. This increase is primarily attributable to a decrease in federal tax credits and a smaller portion of income earned from tax-exempt municipal securities.

**Table of Contents****Strategic Lines of Business***Table 6***Bank Operating Results** (unaudited, dollars in thousands)

|                           | Three Months Ended |                   | Dollar<br>Change<br>15-14 | Percent<br>Change<br>15-14 |
|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
|                           | 2015               | March 31,<br>2014 |                           |                            |
| Net interest income       | \$ 75,327          | \$ 71,122         | \$ 4,205                  | 5.9%                       |
| Provision for loan losses | 1,600              | 2,426             | (826)                     | (34.0)                     |
| Noninterest income        | 51,551             | 47,435            | 4,116                     | 8.7                        |
| Noninterest expense       | 100,748            | 107,861           | (7,113)                   | (6.6)                      |
| Income before taxes       | 24,530             | 8,270             | 16,260                    | 196.6                      |
| Income tax expense        | 7,344              | 2,005             | 5,339                     | 266.3                      |
| Net income                | \$ 17,186          | \$ 6,265          | \$ 10,921                 | 174.3%                     |

Bank net income increased by \$10.9 million, or 174.3 percent, to \$17.2 million compared to the prior year. Net interest income increased \$4.2 million, or 5.9 percent over the first quarter 2014 driven by strong loan growth, while being slightly offset by interest rate margin compression. Provision decreased by \$0.8 million, due to characteristics of the loan portfolio driving a decreased allowance for loan loss reserve for this segment. Noninterest income increased \$4.1 million, or 8.7 percent, over the same period in 2014 driven by increased securities gains of \$5.9 million, increased bond trading income of \$1.3 million, and increased trust and securities processing income of \$1.2 million. These increases were offset by decreased equity earnings on alternative investments of \$3.4 million due to changes in unrealized gains on Prairie Capital Management equity method investments. Noninterest expense decreased \$7.1 million, or 6.6 percent, to \$100.7 million compared to the prior year. The decrease in noninterest expense is primarily due to a \$15.0 million contingency reserve recorded in the first quarter of 2014. Additionally, there was a decrease of \$1.4 million in fair value adjustments to contingent consideration liabilities in first quarter 2015 as compared to the prior year. These decreases are offset by increased salary and benefit expenses of \$6.4 million, increased operations and technology expenses of \$2.0 million, and increased legal and professional fees of \$0.6 million.

*Table 7***Payment Solutions Operating Results** (unaudited, dollars in thousands)

|                           | Three Months Ended |                   | Dollar<br>Change<br>15-14 | Percent<br>Change<br>15-14 |
|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
|                           | 2015               | March 31,<br>2014 |                           |                            |
| Net interest income       | \$ 14,033          | \$ 12,388         | \$ 1,645                  | 13.3%                      |
| Provision for loan losses | 1,400              | 2,074             | (674)                     | (32.5)                     |
| Noninterest income        | 23,138             | 20,219            | 2,919                     | 14.4                       |
| Noninterest expense       | 24,396             | 20,948            | 3,448                     | 16.5                       |



|                     |          |          |        |       |
|---------------------|----------|----------|--------|-------|
| Income before taxes | 11,375   | 9,585    | 1,790  | 18.7  |
| Income tax expense  | 3,406    | 2,593    | 813    | 31.4  |
| Net income          | \$ 7,969 | \$ 6,992 | \$ 977 | 14.0% |

Payment Solutions net income increased \$1.0 million, or 14.0 percent, to \$8.0 million from the prior year. Net interest income increased \$1.6 million, or 13.3 percent, and provision expense decreased by \$0.7 million, or 32.5 percent, compared to the prior year due to characteristics of the loan portfolio driving a decreased allowance for loan loss reserve for this segment. Noninterest income increased \$2.9 million, or 14.4 percent, driven by increased

**Table of Contents**

deposit service charges of \$1.1 million associated with healthcare and institutional banking and investor services, as well as increased interchange income of \$1.7 million. Noninterest expense increased by \$3.4 million, or 16.5 percent, primarily due to increased bankcard expenses of \$1.1 million due to increased sales volume, increased operations and technology expenses of \$1.0 million, increased processing fees of \$0.5 million and increased salary and benefit expenses of \$0.5 million.

Table 8

**Institutional Investment Management Operating Results** (unaudited, dollars in thousands)

|                           | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |          | Dollar<br>Change<br>15-14 | Percent<br>Change<br>15-14 |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
|                           | 2015                            | 2014     |                           |                            |
| Net interest income       | \$ 1                            | \$ (3)   | \$ 4                      | >100.0%                    |
| Provision for loan losses |                                 |          |                           |                            |
| Noninterest income        | 27,084                          | 34,095   | (7,011)                   | (20.6)                     |
| Noninterest expense       | 17,973                          | 25,889   | (7,916)                   | (30.6)                     |
| Income before taxes       | 9,112                           | 8,203    | 909                       | 11.1                       |
| Income tax expense        | 2,717                           | 2,146    | 571                       | 26.6                       |
| Net income                | \$ 6,395                        | \$ 6,057 | \$ 338                    | 5.6%                       |

Institutional Investment Management net income increased \$0.3 million, or 5.6 percent, to \$6.4 million compared to the prior year. Noninterest income decreased \$7.0 million, or 20.6 percent, primarily due to an \$8.9 million decrease in advisory and administrative fees from the Scout funds, driven by lower assets under management in the funds, offset by a \$1.3 million increase in advisory fees from separately managed accounts, driven by an increase in assets under management in separate accounts. Overall assets under management have decreased to \$30.6 billion compared to \$32.2 billion a year ago. Additionally, the mix of assets under management in Scout has shifted between the two periods from 52 percent fixed income and 48 percent equity as of March 31, 2014 to 69 percent fixed income and 31 percent equity as of March 31, 2015. Noninterest expense decreased \$7.9 million, or 30.6 percent primarily due to a \$5.4 million decrease compared to the prior year in contingent consideration liabilities related to cash flow estimate changes on the Reams acquisition. Additionally, there was a decrease of \$2.3 million in fees paid by the advisor to third-party distributors of the Scout Funds.

Table 9

**Asset Servicing Operating Results** (unaudited, dollars in thousands)

|                           | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |          | Dollar<br>Change<br>15-14 | Percent<br>Change<br>15-14 |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
|                           | 2015                            | 2014     |                           |                            |
| Net interest income       | \$ 997                          | \$ 1,938 | \$ (941)                  | (48.6)%                    |
| Provision for loan losses |                                 |          |                           |                            |

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|                     |          |          |            |         |
|---------------------|----------|----------|------------|---------|
| Noninterest income  | 23,434   | 21,215   | 2,219      | 10.5    |
| Noninterest expense | 21,296   | 17,543   | 3,753      | 21.4    |
| Income before taxes | 3,135    | 5,610    | (2,475)    | (44.1)  |
| Income tax expense  | 920      | 1,511    | (591)      | (39.1)  |
| Net income          | \$ 2,215 | \$ 4,099 | \$ (1,884) | (46.0)% |

Asset Servicing net income decreased \$1.9 million, or 46.0 percent, to \$2.2 million compared to the same period last year. Net interest income decreased \$0.9 million compared to the prior year. Noninterest income increased \$2.2 million, or 10.5 percent, due to a \$2.1 million, or 9.9%, increase in fee income driven primarily by

**Table of Contents**

new business added in transfer agent, alternative investment, and fund administration services. Noninterest expense increased \$3.8 million, or 21.4 percent, due to increases of \$0.9 million in salary and benefit expense, \$0.4 million in occupancy expense, and \$0.3 million in processing fees as compared to last year. Additionally, noninterest expense also increased due to operational losses recorded during the period.

**Balance Sheet Analysis**

Total assets of the Company decreased by \$770.8 million, or 4.4 percent, as of March 31, 2015, compared to December 31, 2014, primarily due to a decrease in due from Federal Reserve balances of \$757.4 million, or 56.4 percent. The overall decrease in total assets is directly related to a corresponding decrease in deposit balances of \$460.6 million, or 3.4 percent, and a decrease in federal funds purchased and repurchased agreements of \$306.1 million, or 15.1 percent, from December 31, 2014 to March 31, 2015.

Total assets of the Company increased \$784.3 million, or 4.9 percent, as of March 31, 2015, compared to March 31, 2014. This increase is a result of an increase in loans of \$739.2 million. The overall increase in total assets from March 31, 2014 to March 31, 2015 is directly related to a corresponding increase in deposit balances of \$890.5 million, or 7.3 percent.

*Table 10***SELECTED BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION** (unaudited, dollars in thousands)

|                                 | <b>March 31,</b> |               | <b>December 31,</b> |
|---------------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------------|
|                                 | <b>2015</b>      | <b>2014</b>   | <b>2014</b>         |
| Total assets                    | \$ 16,730,123    | \$ 15,945,830 | \$ 17,500,960       |
| Loans, net of unearned interest | 7,501,449        | 6,760,197     | 7,466,418           |
| Total investment securities     | 7,230,466        | 7,052,261     | 7,285,667           |
| Interest-bearing due from banks | 769,321          | 770,458       | 1,539,386           |
| Total earning assets            | 15,448,136       | 14,616,388    | 16,333,436          |
| Total deposits                  | 13,156,288       | 12,265,771    | 13,616,859          |
| Total borrowed funds            | 1,726,680        | 1,979,551     | 2,033,942           |

**Loans and Loans Held For Sale**

Loans represent the Company's largest source of interest income. In addition to growing the commercial loan portfolio, management believes its middle market commercial business and its consumer business, including home equity and credit card loan products, are the market niches that represent its best opportunity to cross-sell fee-related services.

Total loan balances increased \$32.5 million, or 0.4 percent, to \$7.5 billion at March 31, 2015 compared to December 31, 2014 and increased \$739.2 million, or 10.9 percent, compared to March 31, 2014. The increase from March 31, 2014 to March 31, 2015 was driven by increases in commercial loans of \$318.5 million, or 9.1 percent, commercial real estate of 232.2 million, or 13.6 percent, and construction real estate of \$70.3 million, or 37.8 percent. The increase in total loans is driven by the Company's focus on generating higher-yielding assets by shifting assets from the securities portfolio to the loan portfolio.

Nonaccrual, past due and restructured loans are discussed under Credit Risk Management within Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk in this report.

## **Investment Securities**

The Company's security portfolio provides liquidity as a result of the composition and average life of the underlying securities. This liquidity can be used to fund loan growth or to offset the outflow of traditional funding sources. In addition to providing a potential source of liquidity, the security portfolio can be used as a tool to manage interest rate sensitivity. The Company's goal in the management of its security portfolio is to maximize return within the Company's parameters of liquidity goals, interest rate risk and credit risk. The Company maintains strong liquidity levels while investing in only high-grade securities. The security portfolio generates the Company's second largest component of interest income.

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**Table of Contents**

Securities available for sale and securities held to maturity comprised 46.2 percent, 44.0 percent, and 47.6 percent of earning assets as of March 31, 2015, December 31, 2014, and March 31, 2014, respectively. Total investment securities were \$7.2 billion at March 31, 2015, \$7.3 billion at December 31, 2014, and \$7.1 billion at March 31, 2014. Management expects deposit balance changes, loan demand, and collateral pledging requirements for public funds to be the primary factors impacting changes in the level of security holdings. Of the \$6.8 billion of available for sale securities held at March 31, 2015, \$4.9 billion were pledged to secure U.S. Government deposits, other public deposits, certain trust deposits, and other potential borrowings as required by law. Of the total pledged amount, securities with a market value of \$1.2 billion at March 31, 2015 were pledged at the Federal Reserve Discount Window but were unencumbered as of that date.

The securities portfolio had an average tax-equivalent yield of 1.94 percent for the first three months of 2015, compared to 1.98 percent for the first three months of 2014. The average life of the available for sale securities portfolio was 43.7 months at March 31, 2015 compared to 43.6 months at December 31, 2014 and 46.7 months at March 31, 2014.

**Deposits and Borrowed Funds**

Deposits decreased \$460.6 million, or 3.4 percent, from December 31, 2014 to March 31, 2015 and increased \$890.5 million, or 7.3 percent, from March 31, 2014. Time deposits of \$100 thousand or more decreased \$385.7 million from December 31, 2014. Noninterest bearing deposits increased \$314.7 million and interest-bearing deposits increased by \$921.0 million, offset by a decrease in time deposits of \$100 thousand or more of \$303.2 million compared to March 31, 2014.

Deposits represent the Company's primary funding source for its asset base. In addition to the core deposits garnered by the Company's retail branch structure, the Company continues to focus on its cash management services, as well as its trust and mutual fund servicing segments, in order to attract and retain additional core deposits. Management believes a strong core deposit composition is one of the Company's key competencies given its competitive product mix.

Borrowed funds decreased \$307.3 million from December 31, 2014 and decreased \$252.9 million from March 31, 2014. Borrowings, other than repurchase agreements, are a function of the source and use of funds and will fluctuate to cover short term gaps in funding.

Federal funds purchased and securities sold under agreement to repurchase totaled \$1.7 billion at March 31, 2015, compared to \$2.0 billion at December 31, 2014 and March 31, 2014. Repurchase agreements are transactions involving the exchange of investment funds by the customer for securities by the Company under an agreement to repurchase the same securities at an agreed-upon price and date.

**Capital and Liquidity**

The Company places a significant emphasis on the maintenance of a strong capital position, which promotes investor confidence, provides access to funding sources under favorable terms, and enhances the Company's ability to capitalize on business growth and acquisition opportunities. Higher levels of liquidity, however, bear corresponding costs, measured in terms of lower yields on short-term, more liquid earning assets and higher expenses for extended liability maturities. The Company manages capital for each subsidiary based upon the subsidiary's respective risks and growth opportunities as well as regulatory requirements.

Total shareholders' equity was \$1.7 billion at March 31, 2015, a \$38.6 million increase compared to December 31, 2014 and a \$104.2 million increase compared to March 31, 2014. The Company's Board of Directors authorized, at its April 28, 2015 and April 22, 2014 meetings, the repurchase of up to two million shares of the Company's common stock during the twelve months following the meetings. During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company acquired 103,924 shares and 46,970 shares under the 2014 and 2013 plans, respectively, of its common stock. The Company has not made any purchases other than through these plans.

**Table of Contents**

On April 28, 2015, the Board of Directors declared a dividend of \$0.235 per share. The dividend will be paid on July 1, 2015 to shareholders of record on June 10, 2015.

The Company became a member bank of the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) of Des Moines in March 2014. Through this relationship, the Company purchased \$10.0 million of FHLB stock and has access to additional liquidity and funding sources through FHLB advances. The Company's borrowing capacity is dependent upon the amount of collateral the Company places at the FHLB. The Company had \$593.2 million of HELOC loans pledged at the FHLB, which were unencumbered as of March 31, 2015, that would allow the Company to borrow up to \$510.0 million. The Company had no outstanding FHLB advances as of March 31, 2015.

On December 15, 2014, the Company entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement) with Marquette Financial Companies, a Minnesota corporation (Marquette), the beneficial owners of all of the outstanding shares of Marquette, and Lakes Merger Sub LLC, a Missouri limited liability company and wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. The Merger Agreement and the merger were unanimously approved by the boards of directors of the Company and Marquette. Pending regulatory approval, the merger is expected to close in mid-2015, and subject to the terms and conditions of the Merger Agreement, each share of Marquette common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the merger will be converted into the right to receive 9.131 shares of the Company's common stock, or approximately 3.4 million shares of the Company's common stock in the aggregate, subject to an adjustment as provided in the Merger Agreement. The market value of the shares to be issued in connection with the merger was approximately \$182.5 million, based on the Company's closing stock price of \$53.16 on December 12, 2014.

Risk-based capital guidelines established by regulatory agencies set minimum capital standards based on the level of risk associated with a financial institution's assets. Effective January 1, 2015 the Company implemented the Basel III regulatory capital rules issued by the Federal Reserve in July 2013. Basel III capital rules increase minimum requirements for both the quantity and quality of capital held by banking organizations. The rule includes a new minimum ratio of common equity tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets of 4.5 percent in addition to the minimum tier 1 capital ratio of 6 percent. A financial institution's total capital is required to equal at least 8 percent of risk-weighted assets. At least half of that 8 percent must consist of Tier 1 core capital, and the remainder may be Tier 2 supplementary capital. The Basel III regulatory capital rules include transitional periods for various components of the rule that require full compliance for the Company by January 1, 2019 including a capital conservation buffer of 2.5 percent of risk-weighted assets for which the transitional period begins on January 1, 2016.

The risk-based capital guidelines indicate the specific risk weightings by type of asset. Certain off-balance-sheet items (such as standby letters of credit and binding loan commitments) are multiplied by credit conversion factors to translate them into balance sheet equivalents before assigning them specific risk weightings. The Company is also required to maintain a leverage ratio equal to or greater than 4 percent. The leverage ratio is Tier 1 core capital to total average assets less goodwill and intangibles. The Company's capital position is summarized in the table below and exceeds regulatory requirements.

Table 11

| RATIOS                          | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |        |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|
|                                 | 2015                            | 2014   |
| Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio | 12.91%                          | 13.35% |



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|                                    |       |       |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Common equity tier 1 capital ratio | 12.91 | N/A   |
| Total risk-based capital ratio     | 13.62 | 14.14 |
| Leverage ratio                     | 8.69  | 8.03  |
| Return on average assets           | 0.81  | 0.58  |
| Return on average equity           | 8.18  | 6.13  |
| Average equity to assets           | 9.95  | 9.38  |

**Table of Contents**

The Company's per share data is summarized in the table below.

| <b>Per Share Data</b> | <b>Three Months Ended<br/>March 31,</b> |             |
|-----------------------|---|-------------|
|                       | <b>2015</b>                             | <b>2014</b> |
| Earnings basic        | \$ 0.75                                 | \$ 0.52     |
| Earnings diluted      | 0.74                                    | 0.52        |
| Cash dividends        | 0.235                                   | 0.225       |
| Dividend payout ratio | 31.33%                                  | 43.27%      |
| Book value            | \$ 36.76                                | \$ 33.94    |

**Off-balance Sheet Arrangements**

The Company's main off-balance sheet arrangements are loan commitments, commercial and standby letters of credit, futures contracts and forward exchange contracts, which have maturity dates rather than payment due dates. Please see Note 8, "Commitments, Contingencies and Guarantees" in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for detailed information on these arrangements.

**Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

The preparation of these Consolidated Financial Statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an on-going basis, management evaluates its estimates and judgments, including those related to customers and suppliers, allowance for loan losses, bad debts, investments, financing operations, long-lived assets, taxes, other contingencies and litigation. Management bases its estimates and judgments on historical experience and on various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which have formed the basis for making such judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Under different assumptions or conditions, actual results may differ from the recorded estimates.

A summary of critical accounting policies is listed in the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section of the Company's Annual Report Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

**Table of Contents**

**ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

**Risk Management**

Market risk is a broad term for the risk of economic loss due to adverse changes in the fair value of a financial instrument. These changes may be the result of various factors, including interest rates, foreign exchange prices, commodity prices or equity prices. Financial instruments that are subject to market risk can be classified either as held for trading or held for purposes other than trading.

The Company is subject to market risk primarily through the effect of changes in interest rates of its assets held for purposes other than trading. The following discussion of interest risk, however, combines instruments held for trading and instruments held for purposes other than trading because the instruments held for trading represent such a small portion of the Company's portfolio that the interest rate risk associated with them is immaterial.

**Interest Rate Risk**

In the banking industry, a major risk exposure is changing interest rates. To minimize the effect of interest rate changes to net interest income and exposure levels to economic losses, the Company manages its exposure to changes in interest rates through asset and liability management within guidelines established by its Asset Liability Committee (ALCO) and approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The ALCO is responsible for approving and ensuring compliance with asset/liability management policies, including interest rate exposure. The Company's primary method for measuring and analyzing consolidated interest rate risk is the Net Interest Income Simulation Analysis. The Company also uses a Net Portfolio Value model to measure market value risk under various rate change scenarios and a gap analysis to measure maturity and repricing relationships between interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities at specific points in time. On a limited basis, the Company uses hedges such as swaps and futures contracts to manage interest rate risk on certain loans and trading securities.

Overall, the Company manages interest rate risk by positioning the balance sheet to maximize net interest income while maintaining an acceptable level of interest rate and credit risk, remaining mindful of the relationship among profitability, liquidity, interest rate risk and credit risk.

**Net Interest Income Modeling**

The Company's primary interest rate risk tool, the Net Interest Income Simulation Analysis, measures interest rate risk and the effect of interest rate changes on net interest income and net interest margin. This analysis incorporates all of the Company's assets and liabilities together with forecasted changes in the balance sheet and assumptions that reflect the current interest rate environment. Through these simulations, management estimates the impact on net interest income of a 300 basis point upward or a 100 basis point downward gradual change (e.g. ramp) of market interest rates over a one year period. Assumptions are made to project rates for new loans and deposits based on historical analysis, management outlook and repricing strategies. Asset prepayments and other market risks are developed from industry estimates of prepayment speeds and other market changes. The results of these simulations can be significantly influenced by assumptions utilized and management evaluates the sensitivity of the simulation results on a regular basis.

**Table of Contents**

Table 12 shows the net interest income increase or decrease over the next twelve months as of March 31, 2015 and 2014 based on hypothetical gradual changes in interest rates.

Table 12

**MARKET RISK** (unaudited, dollars in thousands)

| Hypothetical gradual change in interest rate<br>(Rates in Basis Points) | March 31, 2015<br>Amount of change | March 31, 2014<br>Amount of change |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 300   | \$ 15,872                          | \$ 20,929                          |
| 200   | 10,958                             | 14,187                             |
| 100   | 6,092                              | 7,335                              |
| Static  |                                    |                                    |
| (100)   | N/A                                | N/A                                |

The Company is positioned to benefit from increases in interest rates. Net interest income is projected to increase in rising rate scenarios due to yields on earning assets increasing more due to changes in market rates than the cost of paying liabilities is projected to increase. The Company's ability to price deposits in a rising rate environment consistent with our history is a key assumption in these scenarios. Due to the already low interest rate environment, the Company did not include a 100 basis point falling scenario. There is little room for projected yields on liabilities to decrease. In the above scenarios, market rates increase in a gradual ramp over 12 months until reaching the maximum change.

**Trading Account**

The Company's subsidiary, UMB Bank, n.a. carries taxable governmental securities in a trading account that is maintained according to Board-approved policy and procedures. The policy limits the amount and type of securities that can be carried in the trading account and requires compliance with any limits under applicable law and regulations, and mandates the use of a value-at-risk methodology to manage price volatility risks within financial parameters. The risk associated with the carrying of trading securities is offset by the sale of exchange-traded financial futures contracts, with both the trading account and futures contracts marked to market daily. This account had a balance of \$29.4 million as of March 31, 2015, \$27.2 million as of December 31, 2014, and \$43.1 million as of March 31, 2014.

The Company is subject to market risk primarily through the effect of changes in interest rates of its assets held for purposes other than trading. The discussion in Table 12 above of interest rate risk, however, combines instruments held for trading and instruments held for purposes other than trading, because the instruments held for trading represent such a small portion of the Company's portfolio that the interest rate risk associated with them is immaterial.

**Other Market Risk**

The Company does have minimal foreign currency risk as a result of foreign exchange contracts. See Note 8 Commitments, Contingencies and Guarantees in the notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Credit Risk Management**

Credit risk represents the risk that a customer or counterparty may not perform in accordance with contractual terms. The Company utilizes a centralized credit administration function, which provides information on the Bank's risk levels, delinquencies, an internal ranking system and overall credit exposure. Loan requests are centrally reviewed to ensure the consistent application of the loan policy and standards. In addition, the Company has an internal loan review staff that operates independently of the Bank. This review team performs periodic examinations of the Bank's loans for credit quality, documentation and loan administration. The respective regulatory authority of the Bank also reviews loan portfolios.

**Table of Contents**

A primary indicator of credit quality and risk management is the level of nonperforming loans. Nonperforming loans include both nonaccrual loans and restructured loans. The Company's nonperforming loans decreased \$1.0 million to \$29.2 million at March 31, 2015, compared to March 31, 2014 and increased \$1.8 million, compared to December 31, 2014.

The Company had \$0.5 million of other real estate owned as of March 31, 2015, compared to \$0.4 million as of December 31, 2014, and \$1.3 million as of March 31, 2014. Loans past due more than 90 days totaled \$5.2 million as of March 31, 2015, compared to \$3.8 million at December 31, 2014, and \$5.1 million at March 31, 2014.

A loan is generally placed on nonaccrual status when payments are past due 90 days or more and/or when management has considerable doubt about the borrower's ability to repay on the terms originally contracted. The accrual of interest is discontinued and recorded thereafter only when actually received in cash.

Certain loans are restructured to provide a reduction or deferral of interest or principal due to deterioration in the financial condition of the respective borrowers. The Company had \$7.7 million of restructured loans at March 31, 2015, \$9.3 million at December 31, 2014, and \$12.1 million at March 31, 2014.

Table 13 summarizes the various aspects of credit quality discussed above.

*Table 13*

**LOAN QUALITY** (dollars in thousands)

|   | <b>March 31,<br/>2015</b> | <b>March 31,<br/>2014</b> | <b>December 31,<br/>2014</b> |
|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Nonaccrual loans  | \$ 21,902                 | \$ 18,423                 | \$ 18,660                    |
| Restructured loans  | 7,285                     | 11,730                    | 8,722                        |
| <b>Total nonperforming loans</b>                                  | <b>29,187</b>             | <b>30,153</b>             | <b>27,382</b>                |
| Other real estate owned   | 500                       | 1,286                     | 394                          |
| <b>Total nonperforming assets</b>                                 | <b>\$ 29,687</b>          | <b>\$ 31,439</b>          | <b>\$ 27,776</b>             |
| Loans past due 90 days or more                                    | \$ 5,170                  | \$ 5,101                  | \$ 3,830                     |
| Restructured loans accruing                                       | 397                       | 343                       | 583                          |
| Allowance for Loan Losses   | 77,479                    | 75,514                    | 76,140                       |
| <b>Ratios</b>   |                           |                           |                              |
| Nonperforming loans as a % of loans                               | 0.39%                     | 0.45%                     | 0.37%                        |
| Nonperforming assets as a % of loans plus other real estate owned | 0.40                      | 0.47                      | 0.37                         |
| Nonperforming assets as a % of total assets                       | 0.18                      | 0.20                      | 0.16                         |
| Loans past due 90 days or more as a % of loans                    | 0.07                      | 0.08                      | 0.05                         |
| Allowance for Loan Losses as a % of loans                         | 1.03                      | 1.12                      | 1.02                         |
|   | 2.65x                     | 2.50x                     | 2.78x                        |

Allowance for Loan Losses as a multiple of  
nonperforming loans

**Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity represents the Company's ability to meet financial commitments through the maturity and sale of existing assets or availability of additional funds. The most important factor in the preservation of liquidity is maintaining public confidence that facilitates the retention and growth of a large, stable supply of core deposits and wholesale funds. Ultimately, public confidence is generated through profitable operations, sound credit quality and a strong capital position. The primary source of liquidity for the Company is regularly scheduled payments and maturity of assets, which include \$7.1 billion of high-quality securities available for sale and held to maturity.

## **Table of Contents**

Securities available for sale with a market value of \$4.9 billion at March 31, 2015 were pledged to secure U.S. Government deposits, other public deposits and certain trust deposits as required by law. Of this amount, securities with a market value of \$1.2 billion at March 31, 2015 were pledged at the Federal Reserve Discount Window but were unencumbered as of those dates.

The liquidity of the Company and the Bank is also enhanced by its activity in the federal funds market and by its core deposits. Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries are active in the debt market. The traditional funding source for the Company's subsidiary banks has been core deposits. Management believes it can raise debt or equity capital on favorable terms in the future, should the need arise.

The Company also has other commercial commitments that may impact liquidity. These commitments include unused commitments to extend credit, standby letters of credit and financial guarantees, and commercial letters of credit. The total amount of these commercial commitments at March 31, 2015 was \$7.3 billion. Since many of these commitments expire without being drawn upon, the total amount of these commercial commitments does not necessarily represent the future cash requirements of the Company.

The Company's cash requirements consist primarily of dividends to shareholders, debt service, operating expenses, and treasury stock purchases. Management fees and dividends received from bank and non-bank subsidiaries traditionally have been sufficient to satisfy these requirements and are expected to be sufficient in the future. The Bank is subject to various rules regarding payment of dividends to the Company. For the most part, the Bank can pay dividends at least equal to its current year's earnings without seeking prior regulatory approval. The Company also uses cash to inject capital in its bank and non-bank subsidiaries to maintain adequate capital as well as fund strategic initiatives.

To enhance general working capital needs, the Company has a revolving line of credit with Wells Fargo, N.A. which allows the Company to borrow up to \$50.0 million for general working capital purposes. The interest rate applied to borrowed balances will be at the Company's option either 1.00 percent above LIBOR or 1.75 percent below Prime on the date of an advance. The Company will also pay a 0.3 percent unused commitment fee for unused portions of the line of credit. The Company had no advances outstanding at March 31, 2015.

The Company is a member bank of the FHLB of Des Moines. The Company owns \$10.0 million of FHLB stock and has access to additional liquidity and funding sources through FHLB advances. The Company has access to borrow up to \$510.0 million through these advances as of March 31, 2015. However, the Company had no outstanding FHLB advances as of March 31, 2015.

## **Operational Risk**

Operational risk generally refers to the risk of loss resulting from the Company's operations, including those operations performed for the Company by third parties. This would include but is not limited to the risk of fraud by employees or persons outside the Company, the execution of unauthorized transactions by employees or others, errors relating to transaction processing, breaches of the internal control system and compliance requirements, and unplanned interruptions in service. This risk of loss also includes the potential legal or regulatory actions that could arise as a result of an operational deficiency, or as a result of noncompliance with applicable regulatory standards. Included in the legal and regulatory issues with which the Company must comply are a number of imposed rules resulting from the enactment of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

The Company operates in many markets and relies on the ability of its employees and systems to properly process a high number of transactions. In the event of a breakdown in the internal control systems, improper operation of systems or improper employee actions, the Company could suffer financial loss, face regulatory action and suffer



damage to its reputation. In order to address this risk, management maintains a system of internal controls with the objective of providing proper transaction authorization and execution, safeguarding of assets from misuse or theft, and ensuring the reliability of financial and other data.

The Company maintains systems of controls that provide management with timely and accurate information about the Company's operations. These systems have been designed to manage operational risk at appropriate levels given the Company's financial strength, the environment in which it operates, and considering factors such as competition and regulation. The Company has also established procedures that are designed to

**Table of Contents**

ensure that policies relating to conduct, ethics and business practices are followed on a uniform basis. In certain cases, the Company has experienced losses from operational risk. Such losses have included the effects of operational errors that the Company has discovered and included as expense in the statement of income. While there can be no assurance that the Company will not suffer such losses in the future, management continually monitors and works to improve its internal controls, systems and corporate-wide processes and procedures.

**Table of Contents**

**ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 requires the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer to make certain certifications with respect to this report and to the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting. The Company has a Code of Ethics that expresses the values that drive employee behavior and maintains the Company's commitment to the highest standards of ethics.

**Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's Disclosure Controls and Procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act)) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by the report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective for ensuring the following criteria for the information the Company is required to report in its periodic SEC filings. SEC filings are recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time period required and that information required to be disclosed by the Company is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

**Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the three months ended March 31, 2015 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

**Table of Contents****PART II - OTHER INFORMATION****ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

In the normal course of business, the Company and its subsidiaries are named defendants in various legal proceedings. In the opinion of management, after consultation with legal counsel, none of these lawsuits are expected to have a materially adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations, or cash flows of the Company.

**ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

There were no material changes to the risk factors as previously disclosed in response to Item 1A to Part 1 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

The table below sets forth the information with respect to purchases made by or on behalf of the Company or any affiliated purchaser (as defined in Rule 10b-18(a)(3) under the Exchange Act) of our common stock during the three months ended March 31, 2015.

**ISSUER PURCHASE OF EQUITY SECURITIES**

| <b>Period</b>                | <b>(a)<br/>Total<br/>Number of<br/>Shares<br/>(or<br/>Units)<br/>Purchased</b> | <b>(b)<br/>Average<br/>Price Paid<br/>per<br/>Share<br/>(or<br/>Unit)</b> | <b>(c)<br/>Total Number of<br/>Shares (or Units)<br/>Purchased as Part<br/>of Publicly<br/>Announced<br/>Plans<br/>or Programs</b> | <b>(d)</b>   |
|------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
|                              |  |   |  | <b>Maximum Number (or<br/>Approximate<br/>Dollar<br/>Value) of Shares (or<br/>Units) that May Yet Be<br/>Purchased<br/>Under the<br/>Plans or<br/>Programs</b> |
| January 1-January 31, 2015   | 20,859   | \$ 54.12  | 20,859   | 1,928,599  |
| February 1-February 28, 2015 | 78,157   | 50.22   | 78,157   | 1,850,442  |
| March 1-March 31, 2015       | 4,908  | 52.01   | 4,908  | 1,845,534  |
| <b>Total</b>                 | <b>103,924</b>   | <b>\$ 51.08</b>   | <b>103,924</b>   |  |

On April 22, 2014, the Company announced a plan to repurchase up to two million shares of common stock, which terminated on April 28, 2015. On April 28, 2015, the Company announced a plan to repurchase up to two million shares of common stock. This plan will terminate on April 26, 2016. The Company has not made any repurchases other than through this plan. All open market share purchases under the share repurchase plan are intended to be within the scope of Rule 10b-18 promulgated under the Exchange Act. Rule 10b-18 provides a safe harbor for

purchases in a given day if the Company satisfies the manner, timing and volume conditions of the rule when purchasing its own common shares.

**ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES**

None.

**ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES**

None.

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

None.

**Table of Contents**

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

- 3.1 Articles of Incorporation restated as of April 25, 2006. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2006, filed with the Commission on May 9, 2006.
- 3.2 Bylaws, amended and restated as of January 28, 2014, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3 (ii).2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on January 28, 2014.
- 31.1 CEO Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act filed herewith.
- 31.2 CFO Certification pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act filed herewith.
- 32.1 CEO Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act filed herewith.
- 32.2 CFO Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act filed herewith.
- 101.INS XBRL Instance filed herewith.
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema filed herewith.
- 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation filed herewith.
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition filed herewith.
- 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels filed herewith.
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation filed herewith.

**Table of Contents**

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

**UMB FINANCIAL CORPORATION**

/s/ Brian J. Walker  
Brian J. Walker  
Chief Financial Officer  
Chief Accounting Officer

Date: May 5, 2015