Allied World Assurance Co Holdings, AG Form 10-Q November 09, 2012 Table of Contents

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934** 

For the quarterly period ended: September 30, 2012

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to

Commission file number: 001-32938

# ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Switzerland

98-0681223

(State or Other Jurisdiction of

(I.R.S. Employer

Incorporation or Organization)

Identification No.)

Lindenstrasse 8

#### 6340 Baar

# Zug, Switzerland

(Address of Principal Executive Offices and Zip Code)

#### 41-41-768-1080

(Registrant s Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes þ No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer b Accelerated filer 'Non-accelerated filer 'Non-accelerated filer 'Smaller reporting company '(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 'No b

As of November 5, 2012, 35,242,967 common shares were outstanding.

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#### PART I

# FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Financial Statements.

# ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

# UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

as of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share and per share amounts)

	As of September 30, 2012	As of December 31, 2011
ASSETS:		
Fixed maturity investments available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost: 2012: \$26,954; 2011: \$226,397)	\$ 29,085	\$ 244,016
Fixed maturity investments trading, at fair value (amortized cost: 2012: \$6,934,821; 2011: \$6,207,991)	7,125,860	6,254,686
Equity securities trading, at fair value (cost: 2012: \$436,983; 2011: \$356,370)	490,418	367,483
Other invested assets trading, at fair value	564,702	540,409
Total investments	8,210,065	7,406,594
Cash and cash equivalents	639,517	633,996
Restricted cash	46,923	82,608
Insurance balances receivable	754,978	652,158
Prepaid reinsurance	262,163	226,721
Reinsurance recoverable	1,077,522	1,002,919
Accrued investment income	32,348	38,263
Net deferred acquisition costs	127,527	100,334
Goodwill	268,376	268,376
Intangible assets	51,998	53,898
Balances receivable on sale of investments	756,570	580,443
Net deferred tax assets	23,185	22,646
Other assets	60,817	53,202
Total assets	\$ 12,311,989	\$ 11,122,158
LIABILITIES:		
Reserve for losses and loss expenses	\$ 5,450,787	\$ 5,225,143
Unearned premiums	1,316,399	1,078,412
Reinsurance balances payable	120,432	124,539
Balances due on purchases of investments	1,075,069	616,728
Senior notes	798,147	797,949
Dividends payable		14,302
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	115,369	116,063
Total liabilities	\$ 8,876,203	\$ 7,973,136
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY:		
Common shares: 2012: par value CHF 12.98 per share and 2011: par value CHF 14.03 per share (2012: 37,083,742; 2011: 40,003,642 shares issued and 2012: 35,402,558; 2011: 37,742,131 shares outstanding)	477,246	557,153

Additional paid-in capital		78,225
Treasury shares, at cost (2012: 1,681,184; 2011: 2,261,511)	(120,944)	(136,590)
Retained earnings	3,078,099	2,635,750
Accumulated other comprehensive income: net unrealized gains on investments, net of tax	1,385	14,484
Total shareholders equity	3,435,786	3,149,022
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 12,311,989	\$ 11,122,158

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

# ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

#### UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

# AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share and per share amounts)

	Sept	Months Ended tember 30,	Septen	nths Ended nber 30,
	2012	2011	2012	2011
REVENUES:	A 701 100			D 4 500 004
Gross premiums written	\$ 504,420		\$ 1,832,219	\$ 1,522,984
Premiums ceded	(112,883	(92,438)	(357,019)	(296,050)
Net premiums written	391,537		1,475,200	1,226,934
Change in unearned premiums	49,480	21,080	(202,546)	(165,411)
Net premiums earned	441,017	371,340	1,272,654	1,061,523
Net investment income	39,121	47,883	128,781	150,459
Net realized investment gains (losses)	149,813	(130,809)	292,057	(21,555)
Other income termination fee		35,000		35,000
	629,951	323,414	1,693,492	1,225,427
	/	,	,,	, -, -
EXPENSES:				
Net losses and loss expenses	258,948	205,546	724,530	745,811
Acquisition costs	51,086		149,812	120,733
General and administrative expenses	78,572	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	222,917	201,164
Amortization of intangible assets	633		1,900	2,300
Interest expense	13,822		41,579	41,235
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	1,023		(77)	3,708
1 oroign chomange ross (gum)	1,020	2,500	(,,,)	2,700
	404,084	328,714	1,140,661	1,114,951
	404,004	320,714	1,140,001	1,114,931
Income (less) before income toyes	225 967	(5.200)	552 921	110 476
Income (loss) before income taxes	225,867	( / /	552,831	110,476
Income tax expense	6,220	5,672	18,677	19,028
NEW PLOON IN (LOGG)	210 (45	(10.072)	504.154	01.440
NET INCOME (LOSS)	219,647	(10,972)	534,154	91,448
Other comprehensive loss:				
Unrealized (losses) gains on investments arising during the period net				
of applicable deferred income tax benefit (expense) for the three				
months ended September 30, 2012: \$15; 2011:(\$5,476) and nine	(20		4.70	
months ended September 30, 2012:(\$81); 2011: (\$3,051)	(29	20	150	5,656
Reclassification adjustment for net realized investment gains included		(5.010)	(10.040)	(44.005)
in net income (loss), net of applicable income tax		(5,319)	(13,249)	(44,995)
Other comprehensive loss	(29	(5,299)	(13,099)	(39,339)

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COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$	219,618	\$	(16,271)	\$	521,055	\$	52,109
PER SHARE DATA								
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$	6.16	\$	(0.29)	\$	14.68	\$	2.40
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$	6.00	\$	(0.29)	\$	14.28	\$	2.30
Weighted average common shares outstanding	3	5,652,768	3	8,110,368	3	6,379,514	38	,078,116
Weighted average common shares and common share equivalents								
outstanding	3	6,616,734	3	8,110,368	3	7,393,093	39	,759,780
Dividends paid per share	\$	0.750	\$	0.375	\$	1.500	\$	0.375

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

# ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

# UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars)

		Additional		Ac	cumulated Other		
	Share Capital	Paid-in Capital	Treasury Shares		nprehensive Income	Retained Earnings	Total
December 31, 2011	\$ 557,153	\$ 78,225	\$ (136,590)	\$	14,484	\$ 2,635,750	\$ 3,149,022
Net income						534,154	534,154
Dividends par value reduction	(40,419)						(40,419)
Other comprehensive loss					(13,099)		(13,099)
Stock compensation		(23,050)	36,226				13,176
Share repurchases			(207,048)				(207,048)
Shares cancelled	(39,488)	(55,175)	186,468			(91,805)	
September 30, 2012	\$ 477,246	\$	\$ (120,944)	\$	1,385	\$ 3,078,099	\$ 3,435,786
September 30, 2012	\$477,240	Φ	\$ (120,9 <del>44</del> )	Ф	1,363	\$ 3,076,099	\$ 3,433,760
December 31, 2010	\$ 600,055	\$ 170,239	\$ (112,811)	\$	57,135	\$ 2,361,202	\$ 3,075,820
Net income	Ψ 000,033	Ψ 170,239	ψ (112,011)	Ψ	37,133	91,448	91,448
Dividends par value reduction	(28,600)					, ,, , ,	(28,600)
Other comprehensive loss	, , ,				(39,339)		(39,339)
Stock compensation		(42,822)	60,187				17,365
Share repurchase			(60,000)				(60,000)
Repurchase of founder warrants		(53,620)					(53,620)
September 30, 2011	\$ 571,455	\$ 73,797	\$ (112,624)	\$	17,796	\$ 2,452,650	\$ 3,003,074

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

# ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

# UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2012	ibei se	, 2011
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net income	\$	534,154	\$	91,448
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:		, ,		
Net realized gains on sales of investments		(63,625)		(78,001)
Mark to market adjustments		(225,425)		61,912
Stock compensation expense		13,118		16,917
Changes in:				
Reserve for losses and loss expenses, net of reinsurance recoverables		151,041		284,310
Unearned premiums, net of prepaid reinsurance		202,545		165,412
Insurance balances receivable		(102,820)		(77,343)
Reinsurance balances payable		(4,107)		(4,269)
Net deferred acquisition costs		(27,193)		(18,267)
Net deferred tax assets		1,850		(4,081)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(2,996)		7,564
Other items, net		23,677		45,903
<del></del>				10,500
Net cash provided by operating activities		500,219		491,505
CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchases of available for sale securities				(727)
Purchases of trading securities	(	(6,328,719)		(5,555,249)
Purchases of other invested assets		(52,578)		(265,720)
Sales of available for sale securities		215,318		627,392
Sales of trading securities		5,778,138		4,841,580
Sales of other invested assets		110,429		40,129
Purchases of fixed assets		(2,041)		(7,792)
Change in restricted cash		35.685		63,120
Change in restricted cash		33,003		03,120
Net cash used in investing activities		(243,768)		(257,267)
CASH FLOWS USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Dividends paid partial par value reduction		(54,721)		(14,295)
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options		9,104		5,317
Share repurchases		(204,746)		(60,000)
Repurchase of founder warrants				(53,620)
•				
Net cash used in financing activities		(250,363)		(122,598)
Effect of exchange rate changes on foreign currency cash		(567)		685
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		5,521		112,325
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD		633,996		756,995
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$	639,517	\$	869,320

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 18,912	\$ 6,294
Cash paid for interest expense	\$ 45,750	\$ 45,750

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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#### ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

#### 1. GENERAL

Allied World Assurance Company Holdings, AG, a Swiss holding company ( Allied World Switzerland ), through its wholly-owned subsidiaries (collectively, the Company ), provides property and casualty insurance and reinsurance on a worldwide basis through operations in Bermuda, the United States, Europe, Hong Kong and Singapore.

# 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CONSOLIDATION

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) for interim financial information and with Article 10 of Regulation S-X as promulgated by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments that are normal and recurring in nature and necessary for a fair presentation of financial position and results of operations as of the end of and for the periods presented. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The significant estimates reflected in the Company s financial statements include, but are not limited to:

Recoverability of deferred acquisition costs,

The reserve for outstanding losses and loss expenses,

Valuation of ceded reinsurance recoverables,

Determination of impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets, and

The premium estimates for certain reinsurance agreements,

Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated on consolidation and all entities meeting consolidation requirements have been included in the consolidation.

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, including these notes, should be read in conjunction with the Company s audited consolidated financial statements, and related notes thereto, included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011.

#### 3. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Valuation of financial instruments.

In October 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2010-26, Accounting for Costs Associated with Acquiring or Renewing Insurance Contracts (ASU 2010-26). ASU 2010-26 clarifies what costs associated with acquiring or renewing insurance contracts can be deferred and amortized over the coverage period. Under the revised guidance of ASU 2010-26, incremental direct costs that result directly from and are essential to the insurance contract and would not have been incurred had the insurance contract not been written are costs that may be capitalized, including costs relating to activities specifically performed by the Company such as underwriting, policy issuance and processing. The Company adopted ASU 2010-26 retrospectively on January 1, 2012. The adoption of ASU 2010-26 did not have an impact on consolidated shareholders equity or net income as the Company had not previously capitalized costs that did not meet the requirement for capitalization of the revised standard.

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#### ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-04, Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs (ASU 2011-04). ASU 2011-04 provides a consistent meaning for the term fair value between the FASB and International Accounting Standards Board and establishes common requirements for measuring and disclosing information related thereto. The Company adopted ASU 2011-04 prospectively on January 1, 2012. The adoption of ASU 2011-04 did not have an impact on consolidated shareholders equity or net income or the Company s fair value measurements. Refer to Note 6 for the Company s related disclosures.

In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-05, Presentation of Comprehensive Income ( ASU 2011-05 ). ASU 2011-05 eliminates the option to present the components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of changes in shareholders equity, requires consecutive presentation of the statement of net income and other comprehensive income, and requires the presentation of reclassification adjustments on the face of the financial statements from other comprehensive income to net income. In December 2011, ASU 2011-05 was updated by ASU 2011-12, Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05 ( ASU 2011-12 ) to defer the presentation requirements of reclassification adjustments required by ASU 2011-05. The Company adopted ASU 2011-05 on January 1, 2012. The adoption of ASU 2011-05 and the related updates from ASU 2011-12 did not have an impact on the presentation of the financial statements.

In September 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-08, Testing Goodwill for Impairment ( ASU 2011-08 ). ASU 2011-08 simplifies how goodwill is tested for impairment by permitting entities to assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. The results of the qualitative assessment will determine if an entity needs to proceed with the two-step goodwill impairment test. ASU 2011-08 is effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company adopted ASU 2011-08 on January 1, 2012. The adoption of ASU 2011-08 did not have an impact on consolidated shareholders equity or net income.

In July 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-02, Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment ( ASU 2012-02 ). ASU 2012-02 modifies both annual and interim impairment testing and allows the inclusion of qualitative factors in the assessment of whether a quantitative impairment test is necessary. When an entity squalitative assessment reveals that indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment is more likely than not, the entity must perform the quantitative impairment test. The amendments did not change the existing accounting guidance on how this impairment test is performed. ASU 2012-02 is effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2012 and early adoption is permitted. The Company has not elected early adoption. The Company does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have an impact on its consolidated shareholders—equity or net income.

#### 4. INVESTMENTS

December 31, 2011

#### a) Available for Sale Securities

The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains, gross unrealized losses and fair value of the Company s available for sale investments by category are as follows:

September 30, 2012	Amortized Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
U.S. Government and Government agencies	\$ 26,954	\$ 2,131	\$	\$ 29,085
Total fixed maturity investments, available for sale	\$ 26,954	\$ 2,131	\$	\$ 29,085

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U.S. Government and Government agencies	\$ 31,309	\$ 2,321	\$	\$ 33,630
States, municipalities and political subdivisions	29,128	4,351		33,479
Corporate debt:				
Financial institutions	17,431	348	(292)	17,487
Industrials	73,539	4,268		77,807
Utilities	74,990	6,623		81,613
Total fixed maturity investments, available for sale	\$ 226,397	\$ 17,911	\$ (292)	\$ 244,016

#### ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

# b) Trading Securities

Securities accounted for at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) ( consolidated income statements ) by category are as follows:

	Septeml	ber 30, 2012	Decemb	er 31, 2011
	Fair Value	Amortized Co	st Fair Value	<b>Amortized Cost</b>
U.S. Government and Government agencies	\$ 1,849,492	\$ 1,831,52	21 \$ 1,278,265	\$ 1,263,948
Non-U.S. Government and Government agencies	309,471	297,42	24 256,756	251,784
States, municipalities and political subdivisions	41,542	40,32	27 133,902	128,633
Corporate debt:				
Financial institutions	1,031,764	997,78	1,161,904	1,174,308
Industrials	1,145,621	1,128,15	987,006	974,731
Utilities	59,802	57,62	22 105,564	103,262
Residential mortgage-backed:				
Non-agency residential	337,662	287,35	302,827	314,077
Agency residential	1,606,201	1,568,32	20 1,183,893	1,156,913
Commercial mortgage-backed	308,094	294,90	331,371	326,697
Asset-backed	436,211	431,41	7 513,198	513,638
Total fixed maturity investments, trading	\$ 7,125,860	\$ 6,934,82	\$ 6,254,686	\$ 6,207,991

	Septemb	per 30, 2012	Decemb	ber 31, 2011	
	Fair Value	Original Cost	Fair Value	Original Cost	
Equity securities	\$ 490,418	\$ 436,983	\$ 367,483	\$ 356,370	
Other invested assets (1)	564,702	520,233	540,409	529,851	
	\$ 1,055,120	\$ 957,216	\$ 907,892	\$ 886,221	

<sup>(1)</sup> Within the Company s financial statements and footnotes other invested assets include the Company s investments in both hedge funds and private equity funds.

# c) Contractual Maturity Dates

The contractual maturity dates of available for sale fixed maturity investments are as follows:

	September	r <b>30, 2012</b>
	<b>Amortized Cost</b>	Fair Value
Due within one year	\$ 6,477	\$ 6,515
Due after one year through five years	16,408	17,534
Due after five years through ten years	1,073	1,181

Due after ten years 2,996 3,855

\$ 26,954 \$ 29,085

Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to prepay obligations with or without prepayment penalties.

#### d) Other Invested Assets

Included in other invested assets are the Company s hedge fund and private equity investments. As of the balance sheet date, the Company held interests in 23 funds with a total fair value of \$564,702, which comprised 6.4% of the total fair value of its investments and cash and cash equivalents. The fair values of these assets have been estimated using the net asset value per share of the funds.

In general, the Company has invested in hedge funds that require at least 30 days notice of redemption, and may be redeemed on a monthly, quarterly, semi-annual, annual or longer basis, depending on the fund. Certain hedge funds have lock-up periods ranging from 1 to 3 years from initial investment. A lock-up period refers to the initial amount of time an investor is contractually required to invest before having the ability to redeem. Funds that provide for periodic redemptions may, depending on the funds—governing documents, have the ability to deny or delay a redemption request, called a—gate. The fund may implement this restriction because the aggregate amount of redemption requests as of a particular date exceeds a specified level, generally ranging from 15% to 25% of the fund—s net assets. The gate is a method for executing an orderly redemption process that allows for redemption requests to be

#### ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

executed in an orderly fashion to reduce the possibility of adversely affecting investors in the fund. Typically, the imposition of a gate delays a portion of the requested redemption, with the remaining portion settled in cash sometime after the redemption date. Certain funds may impose a redemption fee on early redemptions. Interests in private equity funds cannot be redeemed because the investments include restrictions that do not allow for redemption until termination of the fund.

Details regarding the redemption characteristics of the other invested assets portfolio and the Company s unfunded investment commitments as of September 30, 2012 were as follows:

		Value as of	Rede	stments with emption	Ren Res	imated naining triction	wi Red	estments ithout emption		nption		edemption Notice	_	Infunded
Fund Type	Septem	ber 30, 2012	Rest	rictions	Р	eriod	Kest	trictions	Frequ	ency <sup>(1)</sup>		Period <sup>(1)</sup>	Coi	mmitments
Private equity (primary and		0= 444		o= • · ·			_							150 150
secondary)	\$	87,241		87,241		10 Years	\$						\$	158,129
Mezzanine debt		27,444		27,444		10 Years								89,000
Distressed		9,510		9,510	<	<6 Years								8,800
Total private equity		124,195	1	24,195										255,929
Distressed		42,248		212	<	<2 Years		42,036	Qua	arterly	4	5 - 65 Days		
Equity long/short		170,023					1	70,023	Qua	arterly	3	80 - 60 Days		
Multi-strategy		140,141		26,956	<	<2 Years	1	13,185	Qua	arterly	4	5 - 90 Days		
Global macro		19,246						19,246	Mo	onthly		3 Days		
Event driven		68,849						68,849	Α	nnual	4	5 - 60 Days		
Total hedge funds		440,507		27,168			4	113,339				j		
Total other invested assets	\$	564,702	\$ 1	51,363			\$ 4	113,339					\$	255,929

(1) The redemption frequency and notice periods only apply to the investments without redemption restrictions.

**Private equity funds:** Primary funds may invest in companies and general partnership interests. Secondary funds buy limited partnership interests from existing limited partners of primary private equity funds. As owners of private equity funds seek liquidity, they can sell their existing investments, plus any remaining commitment, to secondary market participants. These funds cannot be redeemed because the investments include restrictions that do not allow for redemption until termination of the fund.

Mezzanine debt funds: Mezzanine debt funds primarily focus on providing capital to upper middle market and middle market companies, and private equity sponsors, in connection with leveraged buyouts, mergers and acquisitions, recapitalizations, growth financings and other corporate transactions. The most common position in the capital structure will be between the senior secured debt holder and the equity; however, the funds will utilize a flexible approach when structuring investments, which may include secured debt, subordinated debt, preferred stock and/or private equity. These funds cannot be redeemed because the investments include restrictions that do not allow for

redemption until termination of the fund.

**Distressed funds:** In distressed debt investing, managers take positions in the debt of companies experiencing significant financial difficulties, including bankruptcy, or in certain positions of the capital structure of structured securities. The manager relies on the fundamental analysis of these securities, including the claims on the assets and the likely return to bondholders. Certain funds cannot be redeemed because the investments include restrictions that do not allow for redemption until termination of the fund.

**Equity long/short funds:** In equity long/short funds, managers take long positions in companies they deem to be undervalued and short positions in companies they deem to be overvalued. Long/short managers may invest in countries, regions or sectors, and vary by their use of leverage and by their targeted net long position.

**Multi-strategy funds:** These funds may utilize many strategies employed by specialized funds including distressed investing, equity long/short, merger arbitrage, convertible arbitrage, fixed income arbitrage and macro trading.

Global macro funds: These funds focus on a top-down analysis of global markets as influenced by major political and economic trends or events. Global macro managers develop investment strategies that aim to forecast movements in interest rates, fund flows, political changes and other wide-ranging systematic factors. The portfolios of these funds can include long or short positions in equities, fixed-income, currencies and commodities in the form of cash or derivatives instruments.

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#### ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

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**Event driven funds:** Event driven strategies seek to deploy capital into specific securities whose returns are affected by a specific event that affects the value of one or more securities of a company. Returns for such securities are linked primarily to the specific outcome of the events and not by the overall direction of the bond or stock markets. Examples could include mergers and acquisitions (arbitrage), corporate restructurings and spin-offs, and capital structure arbitrage.

#### e) Net Investment Income

	Three Mon Septem		Nine Mon Septem	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Fixed maturity investments	\$ 36,778	\$ 47,877	\$ 120,883	\$ 149,471
Equity securities and other invested assets	5,375	3,397	18,093	10,608
Cash and cash equivalents	640	166	1,797	611
Expenses	(3,672)	(3,557)	(11,992)	(10,231)
Net investment income	\$ 39,121	\$ 47,883	\$ 128,781	\$ 150,459

# f) Components of Realized Gains and Losses

	Three Mon Septem		Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Gross realized gains on sale of invested assets	\$ 27,210	\$ 44,674	\$ 119,154	\$ 122,842	
Gross realized losses on sale of invested assets	(6,686)	(10,634)	(43,355)	(35,896)	
Net realized and unrealized losses on derivatives	(962)	(43,285)	(192)	(58,821)	
Mark-to-market changes:					
Debt securities, trading	99,821	(46,078)	144,024	(742)	
Equity securities and other invested assets	30,430	(75,486)	72,426	(48,938)	
Net realized investment gains (losses)	\$ 149,813	\$ (130,809)	\$ 292,057	\$ (21,555)	
Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities  g) Pledged Assets	\$ 1,000	\$ 60,043	\$ 214,716	\$ 606,234	

As of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, \$2,076,294 and \$2,029,138, respectively, of cash and cash equivalents and investments were deposited, pledged or held in trust accounts in favor of ceding companies and other counterparties or government authorities to comply with reinsurance contract provisions and insurance laws.

In addition, as of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, a further \$1,047,023 and \$1,044,236, respectively, of cash and cash equivalents and investments were pledged as collateral for the Company s letter of credit facility. See Note 11 to these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 for details on the credit facility.

## h) Analysis of Unrealized Losses

The following table summarizes the market value of those available for sale investments in an unrealized loss position for periods less than and greater than 12 months:

	Septem	ber 30, 2012	December 31, 2011		
	Gross Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Gross Fair Value		ealized Loss
Less than 12 months					
Corporate debt:					
Financial institutions	\$	\$	\$ 9,440	\$	(292)
Total fixed maturity investments, available for sale	\$	\$	\$ 9,440	\$	(292)

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As of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, there were nil and three securities, respectively, in an unrealized loss position.

#### i) Other-than-temporary impairment charges

Following the Company s review of the securities in the investment portfolio during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, no securities were considered to be other-than-temporarily impaired.

#### 5. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

As of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, none of the Company s derivatives were designated as hedges. The following table summarizes information on the location and amounts of derivative fair values in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets (consolidated balance sheets):

		Septembe	r 30, 2012		December 31, 2011							
	Asset Derivative Notional	Asset Derivative	Liability Derivative Notional	Liability Derivative	Asset Derivative Notional	Asset Derivative	Liability Derivative Notional	Liability Derivative				
Derivatives not designated as hed	Amount oing instrument	Fair Value	Amount	Fair Value	Amount	Fair Value	Amount	Fair Value				
Put options (1)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 4,461	\$ 336	\$	\$				
Foreign exchange contracts (2)	95,884	2,436	181,612	3,103	91,162	2,030	339,533	8,934				
Interest rate futures (2)	428,200	1,561	76,900	2,082	680,650	977	292,000	3,467				
Total derivatives	\$ 524,084	\$ 3,997	\$ 258,512	\$ 5,185	\$ 776,273	\$ 3,343	\$ 631,533	\$ 12,401				

- (1) Asset and liability derivatives relating to the put options are classified within equity securities trading, at fair value on the consolidated balance sheets.
- (2) All other asset and liability derivatives are classified within other assets or accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets.

The following table provides the net realized and unrealized losses on derivatives not designated as hedges recorded in the consolidated income statements:

		nths Ended aber 30,		nths Ended nber 30,
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Foreign exchange contracts	\$ (676)	\$ (8,075)	\$ (96)	\$ (5,474)
Total included in foreign exchange (loss) gain	(676)	(8,075)	(96)	(5,474)

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Put options			(336)	
Foreign exchange contracts	(2,751)	(5,343)	(641)	(4,620)
Interest rate futures	1,789	(37,942)	785	(54,201)
Total included in net realized investment gains	(962)	(43,285)	(192)	(58,821)
Total realized and unrealized losses on derivatives	\$ (1,638)	\$ (51,360)	\$ (288)	\$ (64,295)

#### Derivative Instruments Not Designated as Hedging Instruments

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk in its investment portfolio. Accordingly, the fair values of the Company s investment portfolio are partially influenced by the change in foreign exchange rates. The Company entered into foreign currency forward contracts to manage the effect of this foreign currency risk. These foreign currency hedging activities have not been designated as specific hedges for financial reporting purposes.

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(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

The Company s insurance and reinsurance subsidiaries and branches operate in various foreign countries and consequently the Company s underwriting portfolio is exposed to foreign currency risk. The Company manages foreign currency risk by seeking to match liabilities under the insurance policies and reinsurance contracts that it writes and that are payable in foreign currencies with cash and investments that are denominated in such currencies. When necessary, the Company may also use derivatives to economically hedge un-matched foreign currency exposures, specifically forward contracts and currency options.

The Company also purchases and sells interest rate future contracts to actively manage the duration and yield curve positioning of its fixed income portfolio. Interest rate futures can efficiently increase or decrease the overall duration of the portfolio. Additionally, interest rate future contracts can be utilized to obtain the desired position along the yield curve in order to protect against certain future yield curve shapes.

The Company purchases options to actively manage the Company s equity portfolio.

#### 6. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. There is a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements. The valuation hierarchy is based upon whether the inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability are observable or unobservable in the market at the measurement date, with quoted market prices being the highest level (Level 1) and unobservable inputs being the lowest level (Level 3). A fair value measurement will fall within the level of the hierarchy based on the input that is significant to determining such measurement. The three levels are defined as follows:

Level 1: Observable inputs to the valuation methodology that are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

**Level 2**: Observable inputs to the valuation methodology other than quoted market prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical assets in markets that are not active and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology that are unobservable for the asset or liability.

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The following table shows the fair value of the Company s financial instruments and where in the fair value hierarchy the fair value measurements are included as of the dates indicated below:

					Fair value measurement using:					
					activ	uoted prices in ive markets for identical Significant other		nificant other		gnificant observable
		Carrying				assets		ervable inputs		inputs
September 30, 2012		amount	To	tal fair value	(	(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(	Level 3)
Available for sale securities:	_		_							
U.S. Government and Government agencies	\$	29,085	\$	29,085	\$	29,085	\$		\$	
Total available for sale fixed maturity investments		29,085		29,085						
Trading securities:										
U.S. Government and Government agencies	\$	1,849,492	\$	1,849,492	\$	1,458,504	\$	390,988	\$	
Non-U.S. Government and Government agencies		309,471		309,471				309,471		
States, municipalities and political subdivisions		41,542		41,542				41,542		
Corporate debt		2,237,187		2,237,187				2,237,187		
Mortgage-backed		2,251,957		2,251,957				2,082,687		169,270
Asset-backed		436,211		436,211				360,444		75,767
Total trading fixed maturity investments	,	7,125,860		7,125,860						
Total fixed maturity investments	,	7,154,945		7,154,945						
Equity securities		490,418		490,418		490,418				
Other invested assets		564,702		564,702		·				564,702
Total investments	\$ :	8,210,065	\$	8,210,065	\$	1,978,007	\$	5,422,319	\$	809,739
Derivative assets: (1)										
Foreign exchange contracts	\$	2,436	\$	2,436	\$		\$	2,436	\$	
Interest rate futures		1,561		1,561				1,561		
Derivative liabilities: (1)										
Foreign exchange contracts	\$	3,103	\$	3,103	\$		\$	3,103	\$	
Interest rate futures		2,082		2,082				2,082		
Senior notes	\$	798,147	\$	914,816	\$		\$	914,816	\$	

(1)

Asset and liability derivatives relating to foreign exchange contracts and interest rate futures are classified within other assets or accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets.

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# ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

# NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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					Fair value measurement using:							
					Quo	ted prices in active						
						arkets for dentical	Sign	nificant other		gnificant observable		
	(	Carrying			-	assets		rvable inputs		inputs		
December 31, 2011		amount	Tot	tal fair value	(	Level 1)		(Level 2)	(	Level 3)		
Available for sale securities:												
U.S. Government and Government agencies	\$	33,630	\$	33,630	\$	33,630	\$		\$			
States, municipalities and political subdivisions		33,479		33,479				33,479				
Corporate debt		176,907		176,907				176,907				
Total available for sale fixed maturity investments		244,016		244,016								
Trading securities:												
U.S. Government and Government agencies	\$	1,278,265	\$	1,278,265	\$ 1	1,054,003	\$	224,262	\$			
Non-U.S. Government and Government agencies		256,756		256,756				256,756				
States, municipalities and political subdivisions		133,902		133,902				133,902				
Corporate debt		2,254,474		2,254,474				2,254,474				
Mortgage-backed		1,818,091		1,818,091				1,568,887		249,204		
Asset-backed		513,198		513,198				418,453		94,745		
Total trading fixed maturity investments	(	6,254,686		6,254,686								
Total fixed maturity investments	(	6,498,702		6,498,702								
Equity securities		367,483		367,483		367,483						
Other invested assets		540,409		540,409						540,409		
Total investments	\$ '	7,406,594	\$	7,406,594	\$ 1	1,455,116	\$	5,067,120	\$	884,358		
Derivative assets: (1)												
Foreign exchange contracts	\$	2,030	\$	2,030	\$		\$	2,030	\$			
Interest rate futures		977		977				977				
Derivative liabilities: (1)												
Foreign exchange contracts	\$	8,934	\$	8,934	\$		\$	8,934	\$			
Interest rate futures		3,467		3,467				3,467				
				, .								
Senior notes	\$	797,949	\$	872,731	\$		\$	872,731	\$			

<sup>(1)</sup> Asset and liability derivatives relating to foreign exchange contracts and interest rate futures are classified within other assets or accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets.

The following describes the valuation techniques used by the Company to determine the fair value of financial instruments held as of the balance sheet date.

**U.S. Government and Government agencies:** Comprised primarily of bonds issued by the U.S. Treasury, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and the Federal National Mortgage Association. The fair values of the Company s U.S. government securities are based on quoted market prices in active markets and are included in the Level 1 fair value hierarchy. The Company believes the market for U.S. Treasury securities is an actively traded market given the high level of daily trading volume. The fair values of U.S. government agency securities are priced using the spread above the risk-free yield curve. As

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the yields for the risk-free yield curve and the spreads for these securities are observable market inputs, the fair values of U.S. government agency securities are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

**Non-U.S.** Government and Government agencies: Comprised of fixed income obligations of non-U.S. governmental entities. The fair values of these securities are based on prices obtained from international indices and are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

**States, municipalities and political subdivisions:** Comprised of fixed income obligations of U.S. domiciled state and municipality entities. The fair values of these securities are based on prices obtained from the new issue market, and are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

Corporate debt: Comprised of bonds issued by corporations that are diversified across a wide range of issuers and industries. The fair values of corporate bonds that are short-term are priced using spread above the London Interbank Offered Rate yield curve, and the fair value of corporate bonds that are long-term are priced using the spread above the risk-free yield curve. The spreads are sourced from broker-dealers, trade prices and the new issue market. As the significant inputs used to price corporate bonds are observable market inputs, the fair values of corporate bonds are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

Mortgage-backed: Primarily comprised of residential and commercial mortgages originated by both U.S. government agencies (such as the Federal National Mortgage Association) and non-U.S. government agencies. The fair values of mortgage-backed securities originated by U.S. government agencies and non-U.S. government agencies are based on a pricing model that incorporates prepayment speeds and spreads to determine appropriate average life of mortgage-backed securities. The spreads are sourced from broker-dealers, trade prices and the new issue market. As the significant inputs used to price the mortgage-backed securities are observable market inputs, the fair values of these securities are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy, unless the significant inputs used to price the mortgage-backed securities are broker-dealer quotes and the Company is not able to determine if those quotes are based on observable market inputs, in which case the fair value is included in the Level 3 hierarchy.

**Asset-backed:** Principally comprised of bonds backed by pools of automobile loan receivables, home equity loans, credit card receivables and collateralized loan obligations originated by a variety of financial institutions. The fair values of asset-backed securities are priced using prepayment speed and spread inputs that are sourced from the new issue market or broker-dealer quotes. As the significant inputs used to price the asset-backed securities are observable market inputs, the fair values of these securities are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy, unless the significant inputs used to price the asset-backed securities are broker-dealer quotes and the Company is not able to determine if those quotes are based on observable market inputs, in which case the fair value is included in the Level 3 hierarchy.

**Equity securities:** The fair value of the equity securities are priced from market exchanges and therefore included in the Level 1 fair value hierarchy.

**Other invested assets:** Comprised of funds invested in a range of diversified strategies. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the fair values of the funds are based on the net asset value of the funds as reported by the fund manager that the Company believes is an unobservable input, and as such, the fair values of those funds are included in the Level 3 fair value hierarchy.

**Derivative instruments:** The fair value of foreign exchange contracts and interest rate futures are priced from quoted market prices for similar exchange-traded derivatives and pricing valuation models that utilize independent market data inputs. The fair value of derivatives are included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

Senior notes: The fair value of the senior notes is based on reported trades. As of September 30, 2012, the 7.50% Senior Notes and 5.50% Senior Notes (each as defined in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011) were traded at 117.1% and 109.7% of their principal amount, providing an effective yield of 2.8% and 4.1%, respectively. The fair value of the senior notes is included in the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

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The following is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balance of financial instruments using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

#### Fair value measurement using significant

	unobservable inputs (Level 3):								
	Other invested assets	Mort	gage-backed	Ass	et-backed				
Three Months Ended September 30, 2012									
Opening balance	\$ 520,890	\$	157,959	\$	117,586				
Realized and unrealized gains included in net income	11,871		4,855		988				
Purchases	34,800		40,481		7,466				
Sales	(2,859)		(48,728)		(7,326)				
Transfers into Level 3 from Level 2			14,730		12,495				
Transfers out of Level 3 into Level 2 <sup>(1)</sup>			(27)		(55,442)				
Ending balance	\$ 564,702	\$	169,270	\$	75,767				
Three Months Ended September 30, 2011									
Opening balance	\$ 562,267	\$	216,660	\$	113,310				
Realized and unrealized (losses) gains included in net income	(34,729)		1,876		(1,374)				
Purchases	29,553		46,077		328				
Sales	(5,017)		(7,021)		(5,708)				
Transfers into Level 3 from Level 2			18,170		1,351				
Transfers out of Level 3 into Level 2 <sup>(1)</sup>			(28,299)		(12,300)				
Ending balance	\$ 552,074	\$	247,463	\$	95,607				

#### Fair value measurement using significant

	unobservable inputs (Level 3):							
	Other invested assets	Mor	tgage-backed	Ass	et-backed			
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012								
Opening balance	\$ 540,409	\$	249,204	\$	94,745			
Realized and unrealized gains included in net income	26,753		10,951		1,643			
Purchases	52,578		50,302		32,573			
Sales	(55,038)		(124,940)		(57,325)			
Transfers into Level 3 from Level 2			18,461		15,835			
Transfers out of Level 3 into Level 2 (1)			(34,708)		(11,704)			
Ending balance	\$ 564,702	\$	169,270	\$	75,767			
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011								
Opening balance	\$ 347,632	\$	172,558	\$	48,707			
Realized and unrealized (losses) gains included in net income	(22,236)		5,103		(788)			

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Purchases	274,893	108,681	115,745
Sales	(48,215)	(50,308)	(8,933)
Transfers into Level 3 from Level 2		104,255	34,152
Transfers out of Level 3 into Level 2 (1)		(92,826)	(93,276)
Ending balance	\$ 552,074	\$ 247,463	\$ 95,607

<sup>(1)</sup> Transfers out of Level 3 are primarily attributable to the availability of market observable information.

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The Company attempts to verify the significant inputs used by broker-dealers in determining the fair value of the securities priced by them. If the Company could not obtain sufficient information to determine if the broker-dealers were using significant observable inputs, such securities have been transferred to the Level 3 fair value hierarchy. The Company believes the prices obtained from the broker-dealers are the best estimate of fair value of the securities being priced as the broker-dealers are typically involved in the initial pricing of the security, and the Company has compared the price per the broker-dealer to other pricing sources and noted no material differences. The Company recognizes transfers between levels at the end of the reporting period. There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the period.

The Company s external investment accounting service provider receives prices from internationally recognized independent pricing services to measure the fair values of its fixed maturity investments. Pricing sources are evaluated and selected in a manner to ensure that the most reliable sources are used. The independent pricing sources obtain market quotations and actual transaction prices for securities that have quoted prices in active markets. Each pricing service has its own proprietary method for determining the fair value of securities that are not actively traded. In general, these methods involve the use of matrix pricing in which the independent pricing service uses observable market inputs, including, but not limited to, reported trades, benchmark yields, broker-dealer quotes, interest rates, prepayment speeds, default rates and such other inputs as are available from market sources to determine a reasonable fair value.

All of the Company s securities classified as Level 3, other than investments in other invested assets, are valued based on unadjusted broker-dealer quotes. This includes less liquid securities such as lower quality asset-backed securities, commercial mortgage-backed securities, and residential mortgage-backed securities. The primary valuation inputs include monthly payment information, the probability of default, loss severity rates and estimated prepayment rates. Significant changes in these inputs in isolation would result in a significantly lower or higher fair value measurement. In general, a change in the assumption of the probability of default is accompanied by a directionally similar change in the assumption used for the loss severity in an event of default and prepayment rates.

The Company records the unadjusted price provided and validates this price through a process that, includes, but is not limited to, monthly and/or quarterly: (i) comparison of prices between two independent sources, with significant differences requiring additional price sources; (ii) quantitative analysis (e.g., comparing the quarterly return for each managed portfolio to their target benchmark, with significant differences identified and investigated); (iii) evaluation of methodologies used by external parties to calculate fair value, including a review of the inputs used for pricing; (iv) comparing the price to the Company s knowledge of the current investment market; and (v) back-testing, which includes randomly selecting purchased or sold securities and comparing the executed prices to the fair value estimates from the pricing service. In addition to internal controls, management relies on the effectiveness of the valuation controls in place at the Company s external investment accounting service provider (supported by a Statement on Standards for Attestation Engagements No. 16 report) in conjunction with regular discussion and analysis of the investment portfolio s structure and performance.

#### 7. RESERVE FOR LOSSES AND LOSS EXPENSES

The reserve for losses and loss expenses consists of the following:

	September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
Outstanding loss reserves	\$ 1,430,923	\$ 1,366,466
Reserves for losses incurred but not reported	4,019,864	3,858,677
Reserve for losses and loss expenses	\$ 5,450,787	\$ 5,225,143

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The table below is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending liability for unpaid losses and loss expenses. Losses incurred and paid are reflected net of reinsurance recoverables.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2012 2011		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012 2011	
Gross liability at beginning of period	\$ 5,377,518	\$ 5,251,304	\$ 5,225,143	\$ 4,879,188
Reinsurance recoverable at beginning of period	(1,073,612)	(1,013,951)	(1,002,919)	(927,588)
Net liability at beginning of period	4,303,906	4,237,353	4,222,224	3,951,600
Net losses incurred related to:				
Commutation of variable-rated reinsurance contracts				11,529
Current year	315,102	267,070	862,088	895,386
Prior years	(56,154)	(61,524)	(137,558)	(161,104)
Total incurred	258,948	205,546	724,530	745,811
Net paid losses related to:				
Current year	16,323	43,723	36,163	65,002
Prior years	179,666	150,767	542,077	394,363
Total paid	195,989	194,490	578,240	459,365
Foreign exchange revaluation	6,400	(12,499)	4,751	(2,136)
Net liability at end of period Reinsurance recoverable at end of period	4,373,265 1,077,522	4,235,910 1,009,643	4,373,265 1,077,522	4,235,910 1,009,643
Gross liability at end of period	\$ 5,450,787	\$ 5,245,553	\$ 5,450,787	\$ 5,245,553

For the three months ended September 30, 2012, the Company had net favorable reserve development in each of its segments due to actual loss emergence being lower than initially expected. The majority of the net favorable reserve development was recognized by each segment in the 2006 through 2008 loss years across most lines of business.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2012, the Company had net favorable reserve development in each of its segments due to actual loss emergence being lower than initially expected. The majority of the net favorable reserve development was recognized by each segment in the 2004 through 2008 loss years. The Company had net unfavorable reserve development in its U.S. insurance segment in the 2010 and 2011 loss years, primarily due to higher than expected losses on a terminated program, and in its international insurance segment in the 2011 loss year, primarily due to an individual full-limit general casualty claim.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2011, the Company commuted certain variable-rated reinsurance contracts that have swing-rated provisions, reducing ceded losses by \$11,529 in accordance with the terms of the contracts, resulting in a net gain of \$865.

For the three months ended September 30, 2011, the Company had net favorable reserve development in each of its segments due to actual loss emergence being lower than the initial expected. The majority of the net favorable reserve development was recognized in each segment in the 2004 through 2007 loss years related to the general casualty and professional liability insurance and reinsurance lines of business and the healthcare insurance line of business.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2011, the Company had net favorable reserve development in each of its segments due to actual loss emergence being lower than the initial expected. The majority of the net favorable reserve development was recognized in the international insurance and reinsurance segments in the 2004 through 2007 loss years related to the general casualty and professional liability insurance and reinsurance lines of business and the healthcare insurance line of business.

While the Company has experienced favorable development in its insurance and reinsurance lines, there is no assurance that conditions and trends that have affected the development of liabilities in the past will continue. It is not appropriate to extrapolate future redundancies based on prior years—development. The methodology of estimating loss reserves is periodically reviewed to ensure that the key assumptions used in the actuarial models continue to be appropriate.

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#### ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

#### 8. INCOME TAXES

Under Swiss law, a resident company is subject to income tax at the federal, cantonal and communal levels that is levied on net income. Income attributable to permanent establishments or real estate located abroad is excluded from the Swiss tax base. Allied World Switzerland is a holding company and, therefore, is exempt from cantonal and communal income tax. As a result, Allied World Switzerland is subject to Swiss income tax only at the federal level. Allied World Switzerland is a resident of the Canton of Zug and, as such, is subject to an annual cantonal and communal capital tax on the taxable equity of Allied World Switzerland in Switzerland. Allied World Switzerland has a Swiss operating company resident in the Canton of Zug. The operating company is subject to federal, cantonal and communal income tax and to annual cantonal and communal capital tax.

Under current Bermuda law, Allied World Assurance Company Holdings, Ltd (Allied World Bermuda) and its Bermuda subsidiaries are not required to pay taxes in Bermuda on either income or capital gains. Allied World Bermuda and Allied World Assurance Company, Ltd have received an assurance from the Bermuda Minister of Finance under the Exempted Undertakings Tax Protection Act 1966 of Bermuda, that in the event of any such taxes being imposed, Allied World Bermuda and Allied World Assurance Company, Ltd will be exempted until March 2035.

Certain subsidiaries of Allied World Switzerland file U.S. federal income tax returns and various U.S. state income tax returns, as well as income tax returns in the United Kingdom, Ireland, Switzerland, Hong Kong and Singapore. To the best of the Company s knowledge, there are no income tax examinations pending by any tax authority.

Management has deemed all material tax positions to have a greater than 50% likelihood of being sustained based on technical merits if challenged. The Company does not expect any material unrecognized tax benefits within 12 months of January 2012.

## 9. SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

## a) Authorized shares

The issued share capital consists of the following:

	Sep	otember 30, 2012	De	ecember 31, 2011
Common shares issued and fully paid, 2012: CHF 12.98 per share; 2011: CHF 14.03 per share	3	37,083,742	4	40,003,642
Share capital at end of period	\$	477,246	\$	557,153

	Nine Months Ended
	September 30, 2012
Shares issued at beginning of period	40,003,642
Shares cancelled	(2,919,900)
Total shares issued at end of period	37,083,742

Treasury shares issued at beginning of period	2,261,511
Shares repurchased	2,942,085
Shares issued out of treasury	(602,512)
Shares cancelled	(2,919,900)
Total treasury shares at end of period	1,681,184
Total shares outstanding at end of period	35,402,558

As of September 30, 2012, there were issued and outstanding 35,402,558 voting common shares and nil non-voting common shares.

### ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

Effective July 30, 2012, the Company cancelled 2,326,900 voting shares and 173,100 non-voting shares held in treasury, upon completing a required filing with the Swiss Commercial Register in Zug. During the three months ended September 30, 2012, a further 419,900 voting shares repurchased and designated for cancellation were constructively retired and cancelled.

As of September 30, 2012, Allied World Switzerland s articles of association authorized its board of directors to increase the share capital by a maximum amount of 20% of the share capital registered in the commercial register up to CHF 97,359 or 7,500,728 voting shares, and create conditional capital of 5,200,000 voting shares.

#### b) Share Warrants

In conjunction with the private placement offering at the formation of Allied World Bermuda, Allied World Bermuda granted warrant agreements to certain founding shareholders to acquire up to 5,500,000 common shares at an exercise price of \$34.20 per share. These warrants were exercisable in certain limited conditions, including a public offering of common shares. All warrants granted were repurchased by the Company.

In February 2011, the Company repurchased the last outstanding warrant owned by American International Group, Inc. (AIG) in a privately negotiated transaction. The warrant entitled AIG to purchase 2,000,000 of the Company s common shares for \$34.20 per share. The Company repurchased the warrant for an aggregate purchase price of \$53,620. The repurchase of the warrant was recognized as a reduction in additional paid-in capital on the consolidated balance sheets. The repurchase was executed separately from the share repurchase program discussed in Note 9(d) below. After this repurchase, AIG has no warrants remaining and no other disclosed equity interest in the Company.

### c) Dividends

Under Swiss law, distributions to shareholders may be paid only if the Company has sufficient distributable profits from previous fiscal years, or if the Company has freely distributable reserves, each as presented on the audited stand-alone statutory balance sheet. Distributions to shareholders out of the share and participation capital may be made by way of a capital reduction in the form of a reduction to par value to achieve a similar result as the payment of a dividend.

The Company paid the following dividends during the nine months ended September 30, 2012:

	Partial		
	Par Value	Dividend	Total
	Reduction	Per	Amount
Dividend Paid	Per Share	Share	Paid
September 25, 2012(1)	CHF 0.35	\$ 0.375	\$ 13,324
August 6, 2012(1)	CHF 0.36	\$ 0.375	\$ 13,394
April 6, 2012(2)	CHF 0.34	\$ 0.375	\$ 13,795
January 6, 2012(2)	CHF 0.35	\$ 0.375	\$ 14,302

(1) On May 3, 2012, the shareholders approved the Company s proposal to pay cash dividends in the form of a distribution by way of par value reductions. The aggregate reduction amount is expected to be paid to shareholders in four installments of \$0.375 per share, with the third installment expected to be paid in December 2012 and the final installment expected to be paid in March 2013.

(2) On May 5, 2011, the shareholders approved the Company s proposal to pay cash dividends in the form of a distribution by way of par value reductions. The aggregate reduction amount was paid to shareholders in quarterly installments of \$0.375 per share, with the last of such quarterly dividend payments being made on April 6, 2012.

### d) Share Repurchase

In May 2012, the Company established a new share repurchase program in order to repurchase up to \$500 million of its common shares. Repurchases may be effected from time to time through open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions, tender offers or otherwise. The timing, form and amount of the share repurchases under the program will depend on a variety of factors, including market conditions, the Company s capital position, legal requirements and other factors. Under the terms of this new share repurchase program, common shares repurchased shall be designated for cancellation and shall be cancelled upon shareholder approval.

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### ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

Shares repurchased by the Company and not designated for cancellation are classified as Treasury shares, at cost on the consolidated balance sheets. The Company will issue shares out of treasury principally related to the Company s employee benefit plans. Shares repurchased and designated for cancellation are constructively retired and recorded as a share cancellation.

The Company s share repurchases were as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Mont Septem	 
		2012	2011	2012	2011
Common shares repurchased		605,898		2,942,085	969,163
Total cost of shares repurchased	\$	47,590	\$	\$ 207,048	\$ 60,000
Average price per share	\$	78.54	\$	\$ 70.37	\$ 61.91

### 10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the comparison of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				ths End			
	2	2012		2011	2012			2011
Basic earnings (loss) per share:								
Net income (loss)	\$	219,647	\$	(10,972)	\$	534,154	\$	91,448
Weighted average common shares outstanding	35,	652,768	38	,110,368	36	5,379,514	38	3,078,116
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$	6.16	\$	(0.29)	\$	14.68	\$	2.40

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Mon Septen	ths End		
	2012		2011			2012		2011
Diluted earnings (loss) per share:								
Net income (loss)	\$	219,647	\$	(10,972)	\$	534,154	\$	91,448
Weighted average common shares outstanding	35,	652,768	38	3,110,368	3	6,379,514	38	3,078,116
Share equivalents:								
Warrants and options		461,373				429,393		413,228
RSUs and long-term incentive plan ( LTIP ) awards		501,633				583,226	1	,267,221
Employee stock purchase plan		960				960		1,215
Weighted average common shares and common share equivalents outstanding diluted	36,	616,734	38	3,110,368	3	7,393,093	39	9,759,780
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$	6.00	\$	(0.29)	\$	14.28	\$	2.30

For the three months ended September 30, 2012 a weighted average of 221,008 employee stock options and restricted stock units (RSUs) were considered anti-dilutive and were therefore excluded from the calculation of the diluted earnings per share. For the three months ended September 30, 2011, 2,565,428 dilutive securities in the form of employee stock options, RSUs and LTIP awards were considered anti-dilutive as there was a net loss and were therefore excluded from the calculation of the diluted earnings per share.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, a weighted average of 338,395 and 743,277 employee stock options and RSUs were considered anti-dilutive and were therefore excluded from the calculation of the diluted earnings per share, respectively.

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### ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

### 11. CREDIT AGREEMENTS

In the normal course of its operations, the Company enters into agreements with financial institutions to obtain secured and unsecured credit facilities.

On June 7, 2012, Allied World Bermuda amended its existing secured credit facility. The amended \$450,000 four-year secured credit facility (the Amended Secured Credit Facility) is primarily used for the issuance of standby letters of credit to support obligations in connection with the insurance and reinsurance business of Allied World Bermuda and its subsidiaries. A portion of the facility may also be used for revolving loans for general corporate and working capital purposes, up to a maximum of \$150,000. Allied World Bermuda may request that existing lenders under the Amended Secured Credit Facility make additional commitments from time to time, up to \$150,000, subject to approval by the lenders. The Amended Secured Credit Facility contains representations, warranties and covenants customary for similar bank loan facilities, including certain covenants that, among other things, require the Company to maintain a certain leverage ratio and financial strength rating.

On June 7, 2012, upon entering into the Amended Secured Credit Facility, Allied World Bermuda terminated its \$400,000 unsecured credit facility.

### 12. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The determination of reportable segments is based on how senior management monitors the Company s underwriting operations. Management monitors the performance of its direct underwriting operations based on the geographic location of the Company s offices, the markets and customers served and the type of accounts written. The Company is currently organized into three operating segments: U.S. insurance, international insurance and reinsurance. All product lines fall within these classifications.

The U.S. insurance segment includes the Company s direct specialty insurance operations in the United States. This segment provides both direct property and specialty casualty insurance primarily to non-Fortune 1000 North American domiciled accounts. The international insurance segment includes the Company s direct insurance operations in Bermuda, Europe, Singapore and Hong Kong. This segment provides both direct property and casualty insurance primarily to Fortune 1000 North American domiciled accounts from the Bermuda office and non-North American domiciled accounts from the European, Singapore and Hong Kong Offices. The reinsurance segment includes the Company s reinsurance operations in the U.S., Bermuda, Europe and Asia. This segment provides reinsurance of property, general casualty, professional liability, specialty lines and property catastrophe coverages written by insurance companies. The Company presently writes reinsurance on both a treaty and a facultative basis, targeting several niche reinsurance markets.

Responsibility and accountability for the results of underwriting operations are assigned by major line of business within each segment. Because the Company does not manage its assets by segment, investment income, interest expense and total assets are not allocated to individual reportable segments. General and administrative expenses are allocated to segments based on various factors, including staff count and each segment s proportional share of gross premiums written.

Management measures results for each segment on the basis of the loss and loss expense ratio, acquisition cost ratio, general and administrative expense ratio and the combined ratio. The loss and loss expense ratio is derived by dividing net losses and loss expenses by net premiums earned. The acquisition cost ratio is derived by dividing acquisition costs by net premiums earned. The general and administrative expense ratio is derived by dividing general and administrative expenses by net premiums earned. The combined ratio is the sum of the loss and loss expense ratio, the acquisition cost ratio and the general and administrative expense ratio.

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# ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

# NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

The following tables provide a summary of the segment results:

		International		
Three Months Ended September 30, 2012	U.S. Insurance	Insurance	Reinsurance	Total
Gross premiums written	\$ 263,129	\$ 121,315	\$ 119,976	\$ 504,420
Net premiums written	200,779	71,199	119,559	391,537
Net premiums earned	173,948	85,329	181,740	441,017
Net losses and loss expenses	(109,111)	(15,099)	(134,738)	(258,948)
Acquisition costs	(22,696)	266	(28,656)	(51,086)
General and administrative expenses	(37,388)	(22,920)	(18,264)	(78,572)
Underwriting income	4,753	47,576	82	52,411
Net investment income				39,121
Net realized investment gains				149,813
Amortization of intangible assets				(633)
Interest expense				(13,822)
Foreign exchange loss				(1,023)
Income before income taxes				\$ 225,867
Loss and loss expense ratio	62.7%	17.7%	74.1%	58.7%
Acquisition cost ratio	13.0%	(0.3%)	15.8%	11.6%
General and administrative expense ratio	21.5%	26.9%	10.0%	17.8%
Combined ratio	97.2%	44.3%	99.9%	88.1%

		International		
Three Months Ended September 30, 2011	U.S. Insurance	Insurance	Reinsurance	Total
Gross premiums written	\$ 201,522	\$ 109,612	\$ 131,564	\$ 442,698
Net premiums written	157,310	61,386	131,564	350,260
Net premiums earned	150,474	80,175	140,691	371,340
Net losses and loss expenses	(85,720)	(43,666)	(76,160)	(205,546)
Acquisition costs	(19,549)	343	(20,474)	(39,680)
General and administrative expenses	(28,945)	(21,558)	(15,504)	(66,007)
Underwriting income	16,260	15,294	28,553	60,107
Net investment income				47,883
Net realized investment losses				(130,809)
Other income termination fee				35,000
Amortization of intangible assets				(767)
Interest expense				(13,748)
Foreign exchange loss				(2,966)

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Loss before income taxes \$ (5,300)

Loss and loss expense ratio	57.0%	54.5%	54.1%	55.4%
Acquisition cost ratio	13.0%	(0.4%)	14.6%	10.7%
General and administrative expense ratio	19.2%	26.9%	11.0%	17.8%
Combined ratio	89.2%	81.0%	79.7%	83.9%

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012

Gross premiums written

Net losses and loss expenses

Loss and loss expense ratio

Acquisition cost ratio

Net premiums written

Net premiums earned

Acquisition costs

# ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

# NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

U.S. Insurance

\$ 733,314

551,286

490,091

(309,889)

(63,918)

International

Insurance

\$ 418,498

255,150

247,805

(75,432)

1,376

Reinsurance

\$ 680,407

668,764

534,758

(339,209)

(87,270)

**Total** \$ 1,832,219

1,475,200

1,272,654

(724,530)

(149,812)

Acquisition costs	(03,910)	1,570	(67,270)	(149,012)
General and administrative expenses	(103,162)	(66,969)	(52,786)	(222,917)
Underwriting income	13,122	106,780	55,493	175,395
Net investment income	13,122	100,700	33,173	128,781
Net realized investment gains				292,057
Amortization of intangible assets				(1,900)
Interest expense				(41,579)
Foreign exchange gain				77
Income before income taxes				\$ 552,831
Loss and loss expense ratio	63.2%	30.4%	63.4%	56.9%
Acquisition cost ratio	13.0%	(0.6%)	16.3%	11.8%
General and administrative expense ratio	21.0%	27.0%	9.9%	17.5%
Combined ratio	97.2%	56.8%	89.6%	86.2%
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011	U.S. Insurance	International Insurance	Reinsurance	Total
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011 Gross premiums written	U.S. Insurance \$ 611.562	Insurance	Reinsurance \$ 511,892	Total \$ 1,522,984
Gross premiums written		Insurance	Reinsurance \$ 511,892 511,554	Total \$ 1,522,984 1,226,934
•	\$ 611,562	Insurance \$ 399,530	\$ 511,892	\$ 1,522,984
Gross premiums written Net premiums written	\$ 611,562 470,099	Insurance \$ 399,530 245,281	\$ 511,892 511,554	\$ 1,522,984 1,226,934
Gross premiums written Net premiums written Net premiums earned	\$ 611,562 470,099 431,812	Insurance \$ 399,530 245,281 236,421	\$ 511,892 511,554 393,290	\$ 1,522,984 1,226,934 1,061,523
Gross premiums written Net premiums written Net premiums earned Net losses and loss expenses	\$ 611,562 470,099 431,812 (294,146)	Insurance \$ 399,530 245,281 236,421 (186,932)	\$ 511,892 511,554 393,290 (264,733)	\$ 1,522,984 1,226,934 1,061,523 (745,811)
Gross premiums written Net premiums written Net premiums earned Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs	\$ 611,562 470,099 431,812 (294,146) (56,527)	Insurance \$ 399,530 245,281 236,421 (186,932) 2,946	\$ 511,892 511,554 393,290 (264,733) (67,152)	\$ 1,522,984 1,226,934 1,061,523 (745,811) (120,733)
Gross premiums written Net premiums written Net premiums earned Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs General and administrative expenses	\$ 611,562 470,099 431,812 (294,146) (56,527) (90,997)	Insurance \$ 399,530 245,281 236,421 (186,932) 2,946 (62,939)	\$ 511,892 511,554 393,290 (264,733) (67,152) (47,228)	\$ 1,522,984 1,226,934 1,061,523 (745,811) (120,733) (201,164)
Gross premiums written Net premiums written Net premiums earned Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs General and administrative expenses Underwriting (loss) income	\$ 611,562 470,099 431,812 (294,146) (56,527) (90,997)	Insurance \$ 399,530 245,281 236,421 (186,932) 2,946 (62,939)	\$ 511,892 511,554 393,290 (264,733) (67,152) (47,228)	\$ 1,522,984 1,226,934 1,061,523 (745,811) (120,733) (201,164) (6,185) 150,459 (21,555)
Gross premiums written Net premiums written Net premiums earned Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs General and administrative expenses  Underwriting (loss) income Net investment income Net realized investment losses Other income termination fee	\$ 611,562 470,099 431,812 (294,146) (56,527) (90,997)	Insurance \$ 399,530 245,281 236,421 (186,932) 2,946 (62,939)	\$ 511,892 511,554 393,290 (264,733) (67,152) (47,228)	\$ 1,522,984 1,226,934 1,061,523 (745,811) (120,733) (201,164) (6,185) 150,459 (21,555) 35,000
Gross premiums written Net premiums written Net premiums earned Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs General and administrative expenses  Underwriting (loss) income Net investment income Net realized investment losses Other income termination fee Amortization of intangible assets	\$ 611,562 470,099 431,812 (294,146) (56,527) (90,997)	Insurance \$ 399,530 245,281 236,421 (186,932) 2,946 (62,939)	\$ 511,892 511,554 393,290 (264,733) (67,152) (47,228)	\$ 1,522,984 1,226,934 1,061,523 (745,811) (120,733) (201,164) (6,185) 150,459 (21,555) 35,000 (2,300)
Gross premiums written Net premiums written Net premiums earned Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs General and administrative expenses  Underwriting (loss) income Net investment income Net realized investment losses Other income termination fee Amortization of intangible assets Interest expense	\$ 611,562 470,099 431,812 (294,146) (56,527) (90,997)	Insurance \$ 399,530 245,281 236,421 (186,932) 2,946 (62,939)	\$ 511,892 511,554 393,290 (264,733) (67,152) (47,228)	\$ 1,522,984 1,226,934 1,061,523 (745,811) (120,733) (201,164) (6,185) 150,459 (21,555) 35,000 (2,300) (41,235)
Gross premiums written Net premiums written Net premiums earned Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs General and administrative expenses  Underwriting (loss) income Net investment income Net realized investment losses Other income termination fee Amortization of intangible assets	\$ 611,562 470,099 431,812 (294,146) (56,527) (90,997)	Insurance \$ 399,530 245,281 236,421 (186,932) 2,946 (62,939)	\$ 511,892 511,554 393,290 (264,733) (67,152) (47,228)	\$ 1,522,984 1,226,934 1,061,523 (745,811) (120,733) (201,164) (6,185) 150,459 (21,555) 35,000 (2,300)
Gross premiums written Net premiums written Net premiums earned Net losses and loss expenses Acquisition costs General and administrative expenses  Underwriting (loss) income Net investment income Net realized investment losses Other income termination fee Amortization of intangible assets Interest expense	\$ 611,562 470,099 431,812 (294,146) (56,527) (90,997)	Insurance \$ 399,530 245,281 236,421 (186,932) 2,946 (62,939)	\$ 511,892 511,554 393,290 (264,733) (67,152) (47,228)	\$ 1,522,984 1,226,934 1,061,523 (745,811) (120,733) (201,164) (6,185) 150,459 (21,555) 35,000 (2,300) (41,235)

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68.1%

13.1%

79.1%

(1.2%)

67.3%

17.1%

70.3%

11.4%

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General and administrative expense ratio	21.1%	26.6%	12.0%	19.0%
Combined ratio	102.3%	104.5%	96.4%	100.7%

### ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

The following table shows an analysis of the Company s gross premiums written by geographic location of the Company s subsidiaries. All intercompany premiums have been eliminated.

	Three Months Ended September 30,			
	2012	2011	2012	2011
United States	\$ 312,807	\$ 245,688	\$ 1,051,355	\$ 821,512
Bermuda	108,955	113,671	484,313	461,989
Europe	46,836	47,569	182,220	169,857
Singapore	31,902	33,252	101,213	58,819
Hong Kong	3,920	2,518	13,118	10,807
Total gross premiums written	\$ 504,420	\$ 442,698	\$ 1,832,219	\$ 1,522,984

### 13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In April 2006, a complaint entitled *New Cingular Wireless Headquarters, LLC et al. v. Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc., et al.* was filed against numerous brokers and 78 insurers including Allied World Assurance Company, Ltd. Plaintiffs allege that the broker defendants used a variety of illegal schemes and anti-competitive practices that resulted in the plaintiffs either paying more for insurance products or receiving less beneficial terms than the competitive market would have produced. Plaintiffs seek equitable and legal remedies, including injunctive relief, consequential and punitive damages, treble damages and attorneys fees. Due to various pending procedural matters, the litigation has not progressed beyond the discovery phase. While it is not possible to predict the outcome of the litigation, the Company does not believe that the outcome will have a material effect on its operations, financial position or cash flow.

The Company, in common with the insurance industry in general, is subject to litigation and arbitration in the normal course of its business. These legal proceedings generally relate to claims asserted by or against the Company in the ordinary course of insurance or reinsurance operations. Estimated amounts payable under these proceedings are included in the reserve for losses and loss expenses in the Company s consolidated balance sheets. As of September 30, 2012, the Company was not a party to any material legal proceedings arising outside the ordinary course of business that management believes will have a material adverse effect on the Company s results of operations, financial position or cash flow.

#### 14. OTHER INCOME

On September 15, 2011, the Company reached a mutual agreement with Transatlantic Holdings, Inc. to terminate the previously announced merger agreement. Under the terms of the termination agreement, the Company received an initial termination fee of \$35,000, which has been included within Other income on the consolidated income statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011. Further to the terms of the termination agreement, the Company received an additional \$66,744 in the fourth quarter of 2011.

### 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 9, 2012, the Company announced plans to expand its asset management business through a strategic partnership between MatlinPatterson Asset Management L.P. (MatlinPatterson) and Allied World Financial Services, Ltd (a subsidiary of the Company that was formed in the third quarter 2012 to expand our asset management expertise, invest in strategic business opportunities and diversify the Company s earnings stream with business relationships that complement the Company s core property and casualty business). Under the terms of the transaction, the Company will become a minority owner of MatlinPatterson and will provide growth capital for the continued expansion of their asset management platform. Additionally, MatlinPatterson will manage \$500 million of the Company s investment portfolio, over time, in

existing and future liquid credit strategies.

In late October, Hurricane Sandy impacted the Mid-Atlantic and Northeast coasts of the United States, ultimately making landfall in New Jersey, with tropical storm force or greater winds. In addition, Hurricane Sandy generated significant storm surge, which contributed to widespread power outages, significant disruptions to travel and devastating flooding throughout a number of states, including New York and New Jersey. The Company is currently assessing its potential claims related to this event, but information as of this filing is not sufficient to arrive at a reasonable estimate.

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### ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

### 16. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED GUARANTOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following tables present unaudited condensed consolidating financial information as of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 for Allied World Switzerland (the Parent Guarantor) and Allied World Bermuda (the Subsidiary Issuer). The Subsidiary Issuer is a direct, wholly-owned subsidiary of the Parent Guarantor. Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for by the Parent Guarantor under the equity method for purposes of the supplemental consolidating presentation. Earnings of subsidiaries are reflected in the Parent Guarantor s investment accounts and earnings. The Parent Guarantor fully and unconditionally guarantees the senior notes issued by the Subsidiary Issuer.

### **Unaudited Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet:**

	Allied World	Allied World			
As of September 30, 2012	Switzerland (Parent Guarantor)	Bermuda (Subsidiary Issuer)	Other Allied World Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Allied World Switzerland Consolidated
ASSETS:	Guarantor)	issuer)	Subsidiaries	Adjustinents	Consolidated
Investments	\$	\$	\$ 8,210,065	\$	\$ 8,210,065
Cash and cash equivalents	24.450	9,573	605,494	Ψ	639,517
Insurance balances receivable	21,130	7,575	754,978		754,978
Reinsurance recoverable			1,077,522		1,077,522
Net deferred acquisition costs			127,527		127,527
Goodwill and intangible assets			320,374		320,374
Balances receivable on sale of investments			756,570		756,570
Investments in subsidiaries	3,427,446	4,716,399		(8,143,845)	
Due (to) from subsidiaries	(4,536)	(6,869)	11,405		
Other assets	1,813	6,450	417,173		425,436
Total assets	\$ 3,449,173	\$ 4,725,553	\$ 12,281,108	\$ (8,143,845)	\$ 12,311,989
LIABILITIES:					
Reserve for losses and loss expenses	\$	\$	\$ 5,450,787	\$	\$ 5,450,787
Unearned premiums			1,316,399		1,316,399
Reinsurance balances payable			120,432		120,432
Balances due on purchases of investments			1,075,069		1,075,069
Senior notes		798,147			798,147
Other liabilities	13,387	12,493	89,489		115,369
Total liabilities	13,387	810,640	8,052,176		8,876,203
m - 1 1 1 1 1 2	2.425.707	2.014.012	4 220 022	(0.142.045)	2.425.704
Total shareholders equity	3,435,786	3,914,913	4,228,932	(8,143,845)	3,435,786
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 3,449,173	\$ 4,725,553	\$ 12,281,108	\$ (8,143,845)	\$ 12,311,989

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# ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

# NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

As of December 31, 2011	Allied World Switzerland (Parent Guarantor)	Allied World Bermuda (Subsidiary Issuer)	Other Allied World Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Allied World Switzerland Consolidated
ASSETS:	<i>-</i>	-22222			
Investments	\$	\$	\$ 7,406,594	\$	\$ 7,406,594
Cash and cash equivalents	112,672	8,886	512,438		633,996
Insurance balances receivable			652,158		652,158
Reinsurance recoverable			1,002,919		1,002,919
Net deferred acquisition costs			100,334		100,334
Goodwill and intangible assets			322,274		322,274
Balances receivable on sale of investments			580,443		580,443
Investments in subsidiaries	3,064,066	3,964,585		(7,028,651)	
Due (to) from subsidiaries	(4,853)	(6,769)	11,622		
Other assets	1,504	6,367	415,569		423,440
Total assets	\$ 3,173,389	\$ 3,973,069	\$ 11,004,351	\$ (7,028,651)	\$ 11,122,158
LIABILITIES:	ф	Φ.	ф. <b>5.005.140</b>	Φ.	Φ 5 225 1.42
Reserve for losses and loss expenses	\$	\$	\$ 5,225,143	\$	\$ 5,225,143
Unearned premiums			1,078,412		1,078,412
Reinsurance balances payable			124,539 616,728		124,539
Balances due on purchases of investments Senior notes		797,949	010,728		616,728 797,949
Other liabilities	24.367	17,688	88,310		,
Other habilities	24,307	17,000	00,310		130,365
Total liabilities	24,367	815,637	7,133,132		7,973,136
Total shareholders equity	3,149,022	3,157,432	3,871,219	(7,028,651)	3,149,022
. ,				, , , ,	
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$ 3,173,389	\$ 3,973,069	\$ 11,004,351	\$ (7,028,651)	\$ 11,122,158

# ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

# NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

# **Unaudited Condensed Consolidating Income Statement:**

	Allied World Switzerland (Parent	Allied World Bermuda (Subsidiary	Other Allied World	Consolidating	Allied World Switzerland
Three Months Ended September 30, 2012	Guarantor)	Issuer)	Subsidiaries	Adjustments	Consolidated
Net premiums earned	\$	\$	\$ 441,017	\$	\$ 441,017
Net investment income	7	6	39,108		39,121
Net realized investment losses			149,813		149,813
Net losses and loss expenses			(258,948)		(258,948)
Acquisition costs	44.04.0	(2.2.5)	(51,086)		(51,086)
General and administrative expenses	(6,013)	(235)	(72,324)		(78,572)
Amortization of intangible assets		(10.000)	(633)		(633)
Interest expense		(13,822)			(13,822)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(206)	(83)	(734)		(1,023)
Income tax (expense) benefit			(6,220)		(6,220)
Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries	225,859	231,471		(457,330)	
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 219,647	\$ 217,337	\$ 239,993	\$ (457,330)	\$ 219,647
Unrealized losses on investments arising during the period net					
of applicable deferred income tax expense of \$96			(29)		(29)
Reclassification adjustment for net realized investment gains included in net income, net of applicable income tax					
Other comprehensive loss			(29)		(29)
,			( - )		( - /
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 219,647	\$ 217,337	\$ 239,964	\$ (457,330)	\$ 219,618
Three Months Ended September 30, 2011	Allied World Switzerland (Parent Guarantor)	Allied World Bermuda (Subsidiary Issuer)	Other Allied World Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Allied World Switzerland Consolidated
Net premiums earned	\$	\$	\$ 371,340	\$	\$ 371,340
Net investment income	7	3	47,873		47,883
Net realized investment gains			(130,809)		(130,809)
Other income termination fee	35,000				35,000
Net losses and loss expenses			(205,546)		(205,546)
Acquisition costs			(39,680)		(39,680)
General and administrative expenses	(2,110)	(913)	(62,984)		(66,007)
Amortization of intangible assets			(767)		(767)
Interest expense		(13,748)			(13,748)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	10	(907)	(2,069)		(2,966)
Income tax (expense) benefit	(2,730)		(2,942)		(5,672)
Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries	(41,148)		,		

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NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (10,971)	\$ (15,565)	\$ (25,584)	\$ \$	(10,972)
Unrealized gains on investments arising during the period net					
of applicable deferred income tax expense of \$1,461			20		20
Reclassification adjustment for net realized investment gains					
included in net income, net of applicable income tax			(5,319)		(5,319)
Other comprehensive loss			(5,299)		(5,299)
•					
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (10,971)	\$ (15,565)	\$ (30,883)	\$ \$	(16,271)

# ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

# NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012	Sw (	ed World itzerland Parent iarantor)	Allied World Bermuda (Subsidiary Issuer)		her Allied World Ibsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments		Sw	ed World itzerland isolidated		
Net premiums earned	\$	ĺ	\$	ĺ	1,272,654	\$	ď	\$ 1	,272,654		
Net investment income		21		17	128,743				128,781		
Net realized investment losses					292,057				292,057		
Net losses and loss expenses					(724,530)				(724,530)		
Acquisition costs					(149,812)			(149,812)			
General and administrative expenses		(14,247)		(2,689)	(205,981)			(222,917)			
Amortization of intangible assets					(1,900)				(1,900)		
Interest expense				(41,579)					(41,579)		
Foreign exchange loss (gain)		343		(150)	(116)				77		
Income tax (expense) benefit		71		, ,	(18,748)				(18,677)		
Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries		547,966		580,880			(1,128,846)				
		·		·							
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	534,154	\$	536,479	\$ 592,367	\$	(1,128,846)	\$	534,154		
Unrealized gains on investments arising during the period net of applicable deferred income tax expense of \$81					150				150		
Reclassification adjustment for net realized investment gains included in net income, net of applicable income tax					(13,249)				(13,249)		
Other comprehensive loss					(13,099)				(13,099)		
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$	534,154	\$	536,479	\$ 579,268	\$	(1,128,846)	\$	521,055		
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011	Allied World Switzerland (Parent		World World witzerland Bermuda		her Allied World Ibsidiaries		onsolidating djustments	Sw	ed World itzerland isolidated		
Net premiums earned	\$		\$		\$ 1,061,523	\$		\$ 1	,061,523		
Net investment income		51		25	150,383				150,459		
Net realized investment gains					(21,555)				(21,555)		
Other income termination fee		35,000							35,000		
Net losses and loss expenses					(745,811)				(745,811)		
Acquisition costs					(120,733)				(120,733)		
General and administrative expenses		(7,919)		(5,141)	(188,104)				(201,164)		
Amortization of intangible assets					(2,300)				(2,300)		
Interest expense				(41,235)					(41,235)		
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		11		(1,131)	(2,588)				(3,708)		
Income tax (expense) benefit		(2,730)			(16,298)				(19,028)		
Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries		67,035		114,243			(181,278)				
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	91,448	\$	66,761	\$ 114,517	\$	(181,278)	\$	91,448		
					5,656				5,656		

Unrealized gains on investments arising during the period net of applicable deferred income tax expense of \$3,051

Reclassification adjustment for net realized investment gains					
included in net income, net of applicable income tax			(44,995)		(44,995)
Other comprehensive loss			(39,339)		(39,339)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 91,448	\$ 66,761	\$ 75,178	\$ (181,278)	\$ 52,109

# ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

# NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

# **Unaudited Condensed Consolidating Cash Flows:**

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012	Allied World Switzerland (Parent Guarantor)	Allied World Bermuda (Subsidiary Issuer)	Other Allied World Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Allied World Switzerland Consolidated
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN)					
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 162,141	\$ 687	\$ 336,824	\$	\$ 499,652
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchases trading securities			(6,328,719)		(6,328,719)
Purchases of other invested assets			(52,578)		(52,578)
Sales of available for sale securities			215,318		215,318
Sales of trading securities			5,778,138		5,778,138
Sales of other invested assets			110,429		110,429
Other			33,644		33,644
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities			(243,768)		(243,768)
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Partial par value reduction	(54,721)				(54,721)
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	9,104				9,104
Share repurchases	(204,746)				(204,746)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(250,363)				(250,363)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND	(99, 222)	607	02.056		5 501
CASH EQUIVALENTS	(88,222)	687	93,056		5,521
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	112,672	8,886	512,438		633,996
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 24,450	\$ 9,573	\$ 605,494	\$	\$ 639,517

# ALLIED WORLD ASSURANCE COMPANY HOLDINGS, AG

# NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except share, per share, percentage and ratio information)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011	Allied World Switzerland (Parent Guarantor)	Allied World Bermuda (Subsidiary Issuer)	Other Allied World Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Allied World Switzerland Consolidated
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN)					
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	\$ 34,318	\$ (52,678)	\$ 510,550	\$	\$ 492,190
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchases of available for sale securities			(727)		(727)
Purchases of trading securities			(5,555,249)		(5,555,249)
Purchases of other invested assets			(265,720)		(265,720)
Sales of available for sale securities			627,392		627,392
Sales of trading securities			4,841,580		4,841,580
Sales of other invested assets			40,129		40,129
Other	(4,496)		59,824		55,328
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(4,496)		(252,771)		(257,267)
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Partial par value reduction	(14,295)				(14,295)
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	5,317				5,317
Share repurchases	(60,000)				(60,000)
Repurchase of founder warrants	(,)	(53,620)			(53,620)
Other	(391)	(820)	1,211		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(69,369)	(54,440)	1,211		(122,598)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(39,547)	(107,118)	258,990		112,325
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	138,488	125,663	492,844		756,995
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 98,941	\$ 18,545	\$ 751,834	\$	\$ 869,320

### Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q. References in this Form 10-Q to the terms we, us, our, the company or other similar terms mean the consolidated operations of Allied World Assurance Company Holdings, AG, a Swiss holding company, and our consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context requires otherwise. References in this Form 10-Q to the term Allied World Switzerland or Holdings means only Allied World Assurance Company Holdings, AG. References to Allied World Bermuda mean only Allied World Assurance Company Holdings, Ltd, a Bermuda holding company. References to our insurance subsidiaries may include our reinsurance subsidiaries. References in this Form 10-Q to \$ are to the lawful currency of the United States and to CHF are to the lawful currency of Switzerland. References in this Form 10-Q to Holdings common shares mean its registered voting shares.

### **Note on Forward-Looking Statement**

This Form 10-Q and other publicly available documents may include, and our officers and representatives may from time to time make, projections concerning financial information and statements concerning future economic performance and events, plans and objectives relating to management, operations, products and services, and assumptions underlying these projections and statements. These projections and statements are forward-looking statements within the meaning of The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and are not historical facts but instead represent only our belief regarding future events, many of which, by their nature, are inherently uncertain and outside our control. These projections and statements may address, among other things, our strategy for growth, product development, financial results and reserves. Actual results and financial condition may differ, possibly materially, from these projections and statements and therefore you should not place undue reliance on them. Factors that could cause our actual results to differ, possibly materially, from those in the specific projections and statements are discussed throughout this Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and in Risk Factors in Item 1A. of Part I of our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on February 29, 2012 (the 2011 Form 10-K). We are under no obligation (and expressly disclaim any such obligation) to update or revise any forward-looking statement that may be made from time to time, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

#### Overview

### **Our Business**

We write a diversified portfolio of property and casualty insurance and reinsurance internationally through our subsidiaries and branches based in Bermuda, Europe, Hong Kong, Singapore and the United States as well as our Lloyd s Syndicate 2232. We manage our business through three operating segments: U.S. insurance, international insurance and reinsurance. As of September 30, 2012, we had approximately \$12.3 billion of total assets, \$3.4 billion of total shareholders equity and \$4.2 billion of total capital, which includes shareholders equity and senior notes.

During the three months ended September 30, 2012, we continued to experience rate increases on property lines that had experienced significant loss activity in the prior year. We also continued to see rate improvement during the quarter on some of our casualty lines of business in certain jurisdictions. We believe that there are opportunities where certain products have attractive premium rates and that the expanded breadth of our operations allows us to target those classes of business. Given these trends, we continue to be selective in the insurance policies and reinsurance contracts we underwrite. Our consolidated gross premiums written increased by \$61.7 million, or 13.9%, for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2011. Our net income was \$219.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to a net loss of \$11.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, representing a \$230.6 million increase. The increase was due to net realized investment gains that increased by \$280.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011. This was partially offset by the non-recurring \$35.0 million termination fee recognized in the three months ended September 30, 2011 that related to our previously announced Transatlantic Holdings, Inc. ( Transatlantic ) merger agreement. In addition, we recognized \$40.0 million of crop reinsurance losses in the three months ended September 30, 2012.

Our consolidated gross premiums written increased by \$309.2 million, or 20.3%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2011. Our net income increased by \$442.7 million to \$534.2 million compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The increase was due to net realized investment gains that increased by \$313.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011, combined with lower net losses and loss

expenses. The nine months ended September 30, 2011 included \$233.1 million of property catastrophe losses for the Asia-Pacific catastrophes, Midwestern U.S. storms and Hurricane Irene. This was partially offset by the non-recurring \$35.0 million termination fee recognized in the nine months ended September 30, 2011 that related to the previously announced Transatlantic merger agreement. In addition, we recognized \$40.0 million of crop reinsurance losses in the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

### **Financial Highlights**

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Ni		ded September 30,		
		2012		2011	_	2012		2011	
		(\$ in n	nillions e	xcept share, pei	share a	nd percentage	data)		
Gross premiums written	\$	504.4	\$	442.7	\$	1,832.2	\$	1,523.0	
Net income (loss)		219.6		(11.0)		534.2		91.5	
Operating income		79.2		86.2		258.0		89.0	
Basic earnings per share:									
Net income (loss)	\$	6.16	\$	(0.29)	\$	14.68	\$	2.40	
Operating income	\$	2.22	\$	2.26	\$	7.09	\$	2.34	
Diluted earnings per share:									
Net income (loss)	\$	6.00	\$	(0.29)	\$	14.28	\$	2.30	
Operating income	\$	2.16	\$	2.19	\$	6.90	\$	2.24	
Weighted average common shares outstanding:									
Basic	35	,652,768	38	,110,368	30	5,379,514	38	,078,116	
Diluted	36	,616,734	38	,110,368	37	7,393,093	39	,759,780	
Basic book value per common share	\$	97.05	\$	78.73	\$	97.05	\$	78.73	
Diluted book value per common share	\$	93.82	\$	75.82	\$	93.82	\$	75.82	
Annualized return on average equity (ROAE), net									
income (loss)		26.2%		(1.5%)		21.7%		4.1%	
Annualized ROAE, operating income		9.4%		11.5%		10.5%		4.0%	
Non-GAAP Financial Measures									

In presenting the company s results, management has included and discussed certain non-GAAP financial measures, as such term is defined in Item 10(e) of Regulation S-K promulgated by the SEC. Management believes that these non-GAAP measures, which may be defined differently by other companies, better explain the company s results of operations in a manner that allows for a more complete understanding of the underlying trends in the company s business. However, these measures should not be viewed as a substitute for those determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

### Operating income & operating income per share

Operating income is an internal performance measure used in the management of our operations and represents after-tax operational results excluding, as applicable, net realized investment gains or losses, net impairment charges recognized in earnings, net foreign exchange gain or loss, impairment of intangible assets and other non-recurring items. We exclude net realized investment gains or losses, net impairment charges recognized in earnings, net foreign exchange gain or loss and any other non-recurring items from our calculation of operating income because these amounts are heavily influenced by and fluctuate in part according to the availability of market opportunities and other factors. We have excluded from our operating income the \$35.0 million termination fee we received from Transatlantic as this is a non-recurring item. In addition to presenting net income determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP, we believe that showing operating income enables investors, analysts, rating agencies and other users of our financial information to more easily analyze our results of operations and our underlying business performance. Operating income should not be viewed as a substitute for U.S. GAAP net income. The following is a reconciliation of operating income to its most closely related U.S. GAAP measure, net income.

	Three Months Ende	•	-		•	
	2012	2011		2012		2011
		ns, except share	· •	•		-
Net income (loss)	\$ 219.6	\$ (11.0)	\$	534.2	\$	91.5
Add after tax effect of:						
Net realized investment (gains) losses	(141.4)	126.5		(276.1)		26.1
Other income termination fee		(32.3)				(32.3)
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	1.0	3.0		(0.1)		3.7
Operating income	\$ 79.2	\$ 86.2	\$	258.0	\$	89.0
operating income	Ψ <u>-</u>	Ψ 00.2	Ψ	20.0	Ψ	0,10
Basic per share data:						
Net income (loss)	\$ 6.16	\$ (0.29)	\$	14.68	\$	2.40
Add after tax effect of:						
Net realized investment (gains) losses	(3.97)	3.32		(7.59)		0.69
Other income termination fee		(0.85)				(0.85)
Foreign exchange gain	0.03	0.08				0.10
Operating income	\$ 2.22	\$ 2.26	\$	7.09	\$	2.34
Diluted per share data:						
Net income (loss)	\$ 6.00	\$ (0.29)	\$	14.28	\$	2.30
Add after tax effect of:		ì				
Net realized investment (gains) losses	(3.86)	3.21		(7.38)		0.66
Other income termination fee		(0.82)				(0.81)
Foreign exchange gain	0.02	0.09				0.09
Operating income	\$ 2.16	\$ 2.19	\$	6.90	\$	2.24

# Diluted book value per share

We have included diluted book value per share because it takes into account the effect of dilutive securities; therefore, we believe it is an important measure of calculating shareholder returns.

	As of September 30,				
		2012		2011	
	(	(\$ in millions,	except sh are data)	are and	
Price per share at period end	\$	77.25	are uata) \$	53.71	
Total shareholders equity	\$	3,435.8	\$	3,003.1	
Basic common shares outstanding	3	5,402,558	38	3,145,557	
Add:					
Unvested restricted share units		179,986		256,672	
Performance based equity awards		508,130		898,014	
Employee share purchase plan		5,925		1,215	
Dilutive options/warrants outstanding		1,306,837		1,107,305	
Weighted average exercise price per share	\$	46.14	\$	38.80	
Deduct:					
Options bought back via treasury method		(780,502)		(799,914)	
Common shares and common share equivalents outstanding	3	6,622,934	39	9,608,849	
Basic book value per common share	\$	97.05	\$	78.73	
Diluted book value per common share	\$	93.82	\$	75.82	

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### Annualized return on average equity

Annualized return on average shareholders equity (ROAE) is calculated using average equity, excluding the average after tax unrealized gains or losses on investments. We present ROAE as a measure that is commonly recognized as a standard of performance by investors, analysts, rating agencies and other users of our financial information.

Annualized operating return on average shareholders equity is calculated using operating income and average shareholders equity, excluding the average after tax unrealized gains or losses on investments.

		Three Mont Septemb 2012	er 30,			Nine Montl Septemb 2012			
						entage data)		.011	
Opening shareholders equity	\$ 3	3,283.9		044.4	_	3,149.0		,075.8	
Deduct: accumulated other comprehensive income		(1.4)		(23.1)		(14.5)		(57.1)	
Adjusted opening shareholders equity	\$ 3	3,282.5	\$ 3,	021.3	\$ 3	3,134.5	\$3	,018.7	
Closing shareholders equity	\$ 3	3,435.8	\$ 3,	003.1	\$ .	3,435.8	\$3	,003.1	
Deduct: accumulated other comprehensive income		(1.4)		(17.8)		(1.4)		(17.8)	
Adjusted closing shareholders equity	\$ 3	3,434.4	\$ 2,	985.3	\$ .	3,434.4	\$ 2	,985.3	
Average shareholders equity	\$ 3	3,358.4	\$3,	003.3	\$ .	3,284.5	\$3	,002.0	
Net income (loss) available to shareholders	\$	219.6	\$	(11.0)	\$	534.2	\$	91.4	
Annualized return on average shareholders equity net income (loss) available to shareholders	)	26.2%		(1.5%)		21.7%		4.1%	
Operating income available to shareholders	\$	79.2	\$	86.2	\$	258.0	\$	89.0	
Annualized return on average shareholders equity operating income available to shareholders	)	9.4%		11.5%		10.5%		4.0%	

# **Relevant Factors**

#### Revenues

We derive our revenues primarily from premiums on our insurance policies and reinsurance contracts, net of any reinsurance or retrocessional coverage purchased. Insurance and reinsurance premiums are a function of the amounts and types of policies and contracts we write, as well as prevailing market prices. Our prices are determined before our ultimate costs, which may extend far into the future, are known. In addition, our revenues include income generated from our investment portfolio, consisting of net investment income and net realized investment gains or losses. Investment income is principally derived from interest and dividends earned on investments, partially offset by investment management expenses and fees paid to our custodian bank. Net realized investment gains or losses include gains or losses from the sale of investments, as well as the change in the fair value of investments that we mark-to-market through net income.

### Expenses

Our expenses consist largely of net losses and loss expenses, acquisition costs and general and administrative expenses. Net losses and loss expenses incurred are comprised of three main components:

losses paid, which are actual cash payments to insureds and reinsureds, net of recoveries from reinsurers;

outstanding loss or case reserves, which represent management s best estimate of the likely settlement amount for known claims, less the portion that can be recovered from reinsurers; and

reserves for losses incurred but not reported, or IBNR, which are reserves (in addition to case reserves) established by us that we believe are needed for the future settlement of claims. The portion recoverable from reinsurers is deducted from the gross estimated loss.

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Acquisition costs are comprised of commissions, brokerage fees and insurance taxes. Commissions and brokerage fees are usually calculated as a percentage of premiums and depend on the market and line of business. Acquisition costs are reported after (1) deducting commissions received on ceded reinsurance, (2) deducting the part of acquisition costs relating to unearned premiums and (3) including the amortization of previously deferred acquisition costs.

General and administrative expenses include personnel expenses including stock-based compensation expense, rent expense, professional fees, information technology costs and other general operating expenses.

#### Ratios

Management measures results for each segment on the basis of the loss and loss expense ratio, acquisition cost ratio, general and administrative expense ratio, expense ratio and the combined ratio. Because we do not manage our assets by segment, investment income, interest expense and total assets are not allocated to individual reportable segments. General and administrative expenses are allocated to segments based on various factors, including staff count and each segment s proportional share of gross premiums written. The loss and loss expense ratio is derived by dividing net losses and loss expenses by net premiums earned. The acquisition cost ratio is derived by dividing acquisition costs by net premiums earned. The general and administrative expense ratio is the sum of the acquisition cost ratio and the general and administrative expense ratio. The combined ratio is the sum of the loss and loss expense ratio, the acquisition cost ratio and the general and administrative expense ratio.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

It is important to understand our accounting policies in order to understand our financial position and results of operations. Our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect determinations that are inherently subjective in nature and require management to make assumptions and best estimates to determine the reported values. If events or other factors cause actual results to differ materially from management s underlying assumptions or estimates, there could be a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations. We believe that some of the more critical judgments in the areas of accounting estimates and assumptions that affect our financial condition and results of operations are related to reserves for losses and loss expenses, reinsurance recoverables, premiums and acquisition costs, valuation of financial instruments and goodwill and other intangible asset impairment valuation. For a detailed discussion of our critical accounting policies, please refer to our 2011 Form 10-K. There were no material changes in the application of our critical accounting estimates subsequent to that report.

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# **Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth our selected consolidated statement of operations data for each of the periods indicated.

	Three Mon Septem 2012	ber 30, 2011	Nine Mont Septeml 2012 nillions)	
Revenues		(+	,	
Gross premiums written	\$ 504.4	\$ 442.7	\$ 1,832.2	\$ 1,523.0
Net premiums written	\$ 391.5	\$ 350.3	\$ 1,475.2	\$ 1,226.9
Net premiums earned	\$ 441.0	\$ 371.3	\$ 1,272.7	\$ 1,061.5
Net investment income	39.1	47.9	128.8	150.5
Net realized investments gains (losses)	149.8	(130.8)	292.0	(21.6)
Other income termination fee		35.0		35.0
	\$ 629.9	\$ 323.4	\$ 1,693.5	\$ 1,225.4
Expenses				
Net losses and loss expenses	\$ 258.9	\$ 205.5	\$ 724.5	\$ 745.8
Acquisition costs	51.1	39.7	149.8	120.7
General and administrative expenses	78.6	66.0	223.0	201.2
Amortization of intangible assets	0.6	0.8	1.9	2.3
Interest expense	13.8	13.7	41.6	41.2
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	1.0	3.0	(0.1)	3.7
	\$ 404.0	\$ 328.7	\$ 1,140.7	\$ 1,114.9
Income (loss) before income taxes	225.9	(5.3)	552.8	110.5
Income tax expense	6.3	5.7	18.6	19.0
Net income (loss)	\$ 219.6	\$ (11.0)	\$ 534.2	\$ 91.5
Ratios				
Loss and loss expense ratio	58.7%	55.4%	56.9%	70.3%
Acquisition cost ratio	11.6%	10.7%	11.8%	11.4%
General and administrative expense ratio	17.8%	17.8%	17.5%	19.0%
Expense ratio	29.4%	28.5%	29.3%	30.4%
Combined ratio	88.1%	83.9%	86.2%	100.7%

# Comparison of Three Months Ended September 30, 2012 and 2011

# Premiums

Gross premiums written increased by \$61.7 million, or 13.9%, for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2011. The overall increase in gross premiums written was primarily the result of the following:

Gross premiums written in our U.S. insurance segment increased by \$61.6 million, or 30.6%. The increase in gross premiums written was primarily due to increased new business and premium rate increases in most lines of business. Growth from new products introduced in 2012, such as mergers and acquisitions and primary construction, and new programs also contributed to the increase for the quarter. This growth was partially offset by the non-renewal of business that did not meet our underwriting requirements (which included inadequate pricing and/or terms and conditions) and continued competition;

Gross premiums written in our international insurance segment increased by \$11.7 million, or 10.7%. We saw continued growth from new products, specifically trade credit which grew \$7.6 million, and general casualty, which grew by \$7.2 million with strong new business writings. This growth was partially offset by the non-renewal of business that did not meet our underwriting requirements (which included inadequate pricing and/or terms and conditions) and continued competition; and

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Gross premiums written in our reinsurance segment decreased by \$11.6 million, or 8.8%. The decrease in gross premiums written was primarily due to changes in the timing of renewals and downward premium estimates on our crop reinsurance business. This was combined with the non-renewal of business that did not meet our underwriting requirements (which included inadequate pricing and/or terms and conditions) and continued competition.

The table below illustrates our gross premiums written by geographic location for each of the periods indicated.

		Months En	•	ember 30, 2011 (\$ in illions)	Dollar Change	Percentage Change
United States	\$	312.9	\$	245.7	\$ 67.2	27.4%
Bermuda		108.9		113.7	(4.8)	(4.2%)
Europe		46.8		47.6	(0.8)	(1.7%)
Singapore		31.9		33.2	(1.3)	(3.9%)
Hong Kong		3.9		2.5	1.4	56.0%
	\$	504.4	\$	442.7	\$ 61.7	13.9%

Net premiums written increased by \$41.2 million, or 11.8%, for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2011. The increase in net premiums written was due to the increase in gross premiums written. The difference between gross and net premiums written is the cost to us of purchasing reinsurance coverage, including the cost of property catastrophe reinsurance coverage. We ceded 22.4% of gross premiums written for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to 20.9% for the same period in 2011. The increase was due to the change in our mix of business with a lower proportion of our premiums from our reinsurance segment, where we retain substantially all premiums written.

Net premiums earned increased by \$69.7 million, or 18.8%, for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2011 as a result of higher net premiums written in 2012 and 2011.

We evaluate our business by segment, distinguishing between U.S. insurance, international insurance and reinsurance. The following table illustrates the mix of our business on both a gross premiums written and net premiums earned basis.

	Gross Pr Writt Three Months End	ten	Net Prem Earne Three Months Ende	ed
	2012	2011	2012	2011
U.S. insurance	52.2%	45.5%	39.5%	40.5%
International insurance	24.0%	24.8%	19.3%	21.6%
Reinsurance	23.8%	29.7%	41.2%	37.9%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

### Net Investment Income

Net investment income decreased by \$8.8 million, or 18.4%, for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2011. The decrease was due to lower yields on our fixed maturity investments as well as an increased allocation to other invested assets that contribute to our total return but carry little or no current yield. The annualized period book yield of the investment portfolio for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 was 1.9% and 2.4%, respectively.

As of September 30, 2012, we held 21.1% of our total investments and cash equivalents in U.S. government or government agency securities, compared to 13.1% as of September 30, 2011. Our average duration decreased to 1.9 years as of September 30, 2012 compared to 2.1 years as of September 30, 2011.

Investment management expenses of \$3.7 million and \$3.6 million were incurred during the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The increase in investment management expenses was primarily due to the increase in the size of our investment portfolio, as well as expenses from higher expense asset classes. Investment expenses have decreased to \$3.7 million from

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\$4.4 million in the first quarter of 2012 as we have renegotiated investment management agreements with our investment advisors, or changed advisors, to manage our expenses.

As of September 30, 2012, approximately 90.4% of our fixed income investments consisted of investment grade securities. As of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the average credit rating of our fixed income portfolio was AA- as rated by Standard & Poor s and Aa3 as rated by Moody s.

#### Realized Investment Gains (Losses)

Net realized investment gains (losses) were comprised of the following:

	Three Months		
	Septem 2012	ded nber 30, 2011 nillions)	
Gross realized gains on sale of invested assets	\$ 27.2	\$ 44.7	
Gross realized losses on sale of invested assets	(6.7)	(10.6)	
Net realized gains on sale of invested assets	20.5	34.1	
Net realized and unrealized losses on derivatives	(1.0)	(43.3)	
Mark-to-market changes:			
Debt securities, trading	99.8	(46.1)	
Other invested assets and equity securities	30.4	(75.5)	
Total mark-to-market changes	130.2	(121.6)	
Net realized investment gains (losses)	\$ 149.7	\$ (130.8)	

During the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, we did not recognize any net impairment charges. The total return of our investment portfolio was 2.2% and (1.1)% for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The investment portfolio return for the three months ended September 30, 2012 benefited from the favorable financial, economic and business environment during the quarter and the absence of significant market events. Equity markets performed well, with the S&P 500 up over 5% during the quarter. Fixed income securities also benefited from the benign quarter combined with the U.S. Federal Reserve s announcement of a third round of quantitative easing, resulting in spreads tightening during the quarter.

The investment portfolio return for the three months ended September 30, 2011 was negatively impacted by the credit downgrade of the U.S. Treasury and related securities in early August 2011 and the economic and political turmoil surrounding European sovereign and bank credit risk. The combination of these and other events caused investors to seek safe havens in specific sovereign risks, such as the U.S., Switzerland, Germany and Japan, while selling riskier asset classes, such as equities, corporate bonds and mortgage bonds, and driving down prices.

#### Other Income

The other income of \$35.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 represented a termination fee from our previously announced merger agreement with Transatlantic. There was no other income for the three months ended September 30, 2012.

### Net Losses and Loss Expenses

Net losses and loss expenses increased by \$53.4 million, or 26.0%, for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2011. The loss and loss expense ratio increased by 3.3 percentage points for the same period. The increase in net loss and loss expenses was due to growth in net premiums earned and lower net favorable prior year reserve development. In addition, for the

three months ended September 30, 2012, we recorded approximately \$40.0 million of crop reinsurance-related losses and loss expenses related to drought conditions across much of the United States. This amount is in addition to our anticipated losses and loss expenses prior to the onset of the drought. This was partially offset by significantly lower

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catastrophe losses for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 when we recognized estimated losses from Hurricane Irene, Asia-Pacific catastrophes and Midwestern U.S. storms of \$33.5 million.

Excluding the prior year reserve development and property catastrophe losses, the loss and loss expense ratios would have been 70.3% and 61.8% for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The increase was due to the \$40.0 million in crop reinsurance losses for the three months ended September 30, 2012 that increased the loss and loss expense ratio by 9.1 percentage points.

		nths Ended er 30, 2012 % of		nths Ended er 30, 2011 % of	Dollar	Change in Percentage
	Amount	NPE <sup>(1)</sup>	Amount (\$ in millions)	NPE <sup>(1)</sup>	Change	Points
Non-catastrophe	\$ 310.1	70.3 %	\$ 233.6	61.8 %	\$ 76.5	8.5 Pts
Property catastrophe	5.0	1.1	33.5	7.6	(28.5)	(6.5)
Current period	315.1	71.4	267.1	69.4	48.0	2.0
Prior period	(56.2)	(12.7)	(61.6)	(14.0)	5.4	1.3
Net losses and loss expenses	\$ 258.9	58.7%	\$ 205.5	55.4 %	\$ 53.4	3.3 Pts

#### NPE means net premiums earned.

We recorded net favorable reserve development related to prior years of \$56.2 million during the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to net favorable reserve development of \$61.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, as shown in the tables below.

	(Favorable) and Unfavorable Loss Reserve Development by Loss Year For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2012										
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	Total
		(\$ in millions)									
U.S. insurance	\$ (0.5)	\$ 0.6	\$	\$ (1.7)	\$ (7.1)	\$ (6.0)	\$ (2.7)	\$ 1.7	\$ 4.4	\$ 3.1	\$ (8.2)
International insurance		(1.0)	(2.7)	9.9	(15.5)	(12.7)	(8.9)	(1.9)	(0.8)	(5.4)	(39.0)
Reinsurance	(0.3)	(0.7)	(0.2)	2.8	(1.7)	(6.7)	(2.4)	(0.8)	7.5	(6.5)	(9.0)
	\$ (0.8)	\$ (1.1)	\$ (2.9)	\$ 11.0	\$ (24.3)	\$ (25.4)	\$ (14.0)	\$ (1.0)	\$ 11.1	\$ (8.8)	\$ (56.2)

The unfavorable reserve development in our U.S. insurance segment for loss years 2009 to 2011 was primarily due to adverse development on a program that commenced writing in 2008 and was terminated during 2011. The unfavorable reserve development in our international insurance segment for the 2005 loss year was primarily due to two product liability claims within our general casualty line of business. The unfavorable reserve development in our reinsurance segment for the 2010 loss year was primarily due to adverse emergence on certain classes of U.S. casualty business.

The following table shows the net favorable reserve development by loss year for each of our segments for the three months ended September 30, 2011.

	(Fa	avorable) a	and Unfavo	rable Loss	Reserve De	velopment	t by Loss Y	l'ear	
For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2011									
2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	Total
(\$ in millions)									

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U.S. insurance	\$ (0.1)	\$ (0.7)	\$ (1.1)	\$ (6.8)	\$ (1.8)	\$ (4.4)	\$ (2.7)	\$ (2.0)	\$ (2.3)	\$ (21.9)
International insurance	(0.2)	9.2	(3.6)	(4.8)	(11.3)	(8.1)	(6.8)	(0.5)	6.2	(19.9)
Reinsurance	0.3	(0.4)	(3.1)	(4.6)	(3.1)	(9.7)	0.3	(0.1)	0.6	(19.8)
	\$	\$ 8.1	\$ (7.8)	\$ (16.2)	\$ (16.2)	\$ (22.2)	\$ (9.2)	\$ (2.6)	\$ 4.5	\$ (61.6)

The unfavorable reserve development in our international insurance segment for the 2003 loss year was primarily due to a directors and officers claim within our professional liability line of business related to a securities fraud class action suit.

The following table shows the components of net losses and loss expenses for each of the periods indicated.

		Three Months Ended September 30,		
	2012	2011	Change	
		(\$ in millions	6)	
Net losses paid	\$ 195.8	\$ 194.5	\$ 1.3	
Net change in reported case reserves	4.9	(10.4)	15.3	
Net change in IBNR	58.2	21.4	36.8	
Net losses and loss expenses	\$ 258.9	\$ 205.5	\$ 53.4	

The table below is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending reserves for losses and loss expenses. Losses incurred and paid are reflected net of reinsurance recoverables.

	Three Mor Septem 2012	nths Ended aber 30, 2011
	(\$ in m	illions)
Net reserves for losses and loss expenses, July 1	\$ 4,303.9	\$ 4,237.4
Incurred related to:		
Current period non-catastrophe	310.1	233.6
Current period property catastrophe	5.0	33.5
Prior period	(56.2)	(61.6)
Total incurred	258.9	205.5
Paid related to:		
Current period non-catastrophe	16.3	18.1
Current period property catastrophe		25.6
Prior period	179.5	150.8
Total paid	195.8	194.5
Foreign exchange revaluation	6.3	(12.5)
Net reserve for losses and loss expenses, September 30	4,373.3	4,235.9
Losses and loss expenses recoverable	1,077.5	1,009.6
Reserve for losses and loss expenses, September 30	\$ 5,450.8	\$ 5,245.5

### **Acquisition Costs**

Acquisition costs increased by \$11.4 million, or 28.7%, for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2011. The increase in acquisition costs was primarily due to the increase in net premiums earned. Acquisition costs as a percentage of net premiums earned were 11.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to 10.7% for the same period in 2011. In 2011 we recognized a reduction in profit commission of \$2.4 million on our reinsurance business due to declining profitability resulting from loss activity. This decreased the acquisition cost ratio by 0.6 percentage points in 2011.

### General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses increased by \$12.6 million, or 19.1%, for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011. The increase in general and administrative expenses was primarily due to increased salary and related costs as average headcount increased by 13% to support our continued growth, combined with an increase in performance-based incentive compensation expense during the quarter as profitability exceeded target levels. During the same period in 2011, we recorded a reduction in expenses due to lower performance-based incentive compensation as profitability was below target and for reimbursement of our merger-related expenses by Transatlantic.

Our general and administrative expense ratio was 17.8% for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011.

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The expense ratio is the sum of the acquisition cost ratio and the general and administrative expense ratio. Our expense ratio was 29.4% for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to 28.5% for the three months ended September 30, 2011. The increase was due to the 0.9 percentage point increase in the acquisition cost ratio, as discussed above.

### Amortization of Intangible Assets

The amortization of intangible assets decreased by \$0.2 million, or 25.0%, for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2011. The decrease is due to certain intangible assets that were fully amortized during 2011.

# Interest Expense

Interest expense increased by \$0.1 million, or 0.7%, for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2011.

#### Net Income

Net income for the three months ended September 30, 2012 was \$219.6 million compared to a net loss of \$11.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. The \$230.6 million increase was primarily the result of realized investment gains of \$149.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to realized investment losses of \$130.8 million for the same period in 2011.

### Comparison of Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012 and 2011

#### **Premiums**

Gross premiums written increased by \$309.2 million, or 20.3%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The overall increase in gross premiums written was primarily the result of the following:

Gross premiums written in our U.S. insurance increased by \$121.7 million, or 19.9%. The increase in gross premiums written was primarily due to increased new business across most lines, combined with premium rate increases in most lines of business and growth from new products introduced since 2010. This growth was partially offset by non-recurring business, the non-renewal of business that did not meet our underwriting requirements (which included inadequate pricing and/or terms and conditions) and continued competition;

Gross premiums written in our international insurance segment increased by \$19.0 million, or 4.8%, primarily as a result of increased premiums from new products, specifically our trade credit and small to mid-sized enterprise (SME) insurance products, and premium rate increases in select lines of business. This growth was partially offset by non-recurring business, the non-renewal of business that did not meet our underwriting requirements (which included inadequate pricing and/or terms and conditions) and continued competition; and

Gross premiums written in our reinsurance segment increased by \$168.5 million, or 32.9%. The increase in gross premiums written was primarily due to new business, both from new products and new regions, increased participations on renewing business and premium rate increases. This growth was partially offset by the non-renewal of business that did not meet our underwriting requirements (which included inadequate pricing and/or terms and conditions) and continued competition.

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The table below illustrates our gross premiums written by geographic location for each of the periods indicated.

	Nine	Nine Months Ende 2012			Dollar Change	Percentage Change	
United States	\$	1,051.4	\$	821.5	\$ 229.9	28.0%	
Bermuda		484.3		462.0	22.3	4.8%	
Europe		182.2		169.9	12.3	7.2%	
Singapore		101.2		58.8	42.4	72.1%	
Hong Kong		13.1		10.8	2.3	21.3%	
	\$	1,832.2	\$	1,523.0	\$ 309.2	20.3%	

Net premiums written increased by \$248.3 million, or 20.2%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The increase in net premiums written was due to the increase in gross premiums written. The difference between gross and net premiums written is the cost to us of purchasing reinsurance coverage, including the cost of property catastrophe reinsurance coverage. We ceded 19.5% of gross premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to 19.4% for the same period in 2011.

Net premiums earned increased by \$211.2 million, or 19.9%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2011 as a result of higher net premiums written in 2011 and 2012.

We evaluate our business by segment, distinguishing between U.S. insurance, international insurance and reinsurance. The following table illustrates the mix of our business on both a gross premiums written and net premiums earned basis.

	Gross Pi Wri		Net Premiums Earned Nine Months Ended September 30		
	Nine Months End	ed September 30,			
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
U.S. insurance	40.1%	40.2%	38.5%	40.6%	
International insurance	22.8%	26.2%	19.5%	22.3%	
Reinsurance	37.1%	33.6%	42.0%	37.1%	
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

### Net Investment Income

Net investment income decreased by \$21.7 million, or 14.4%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The decrease was due to lower yields on our fixed maturity investments as well as an increased allocation to other invested assets, which contribute to our total return but carry little or no current yield. The annualized period book yield of the investment portfolio for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 was 2.1% and 2.6%, respectively.

As of September 30, 2012, we held 21.1% of our total investments and cash equivalents in U.S. government or government agency securities, compared to 15.8% as of September 30, 2011. Our average duration decreased to 1.9 years as of September 30, 2012 compared to 2.1 years as of September 30, 2011.

Investment management expenses of \$12.0 million and \$10.2 million were incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The increase in investment management expenses was primarily due to the increase in the size of our investment portfolio, as well as expenses from higher expense asset classes.

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#### Realized Investment Gains

Net realized investment gains were comprised of the following:

	Nine Mon Septem	
	2012	2011
	(\$ in m	illions)
Gross realized gains on sale of invested assets	\$ 119.2	\$ 122.8
Gross realized losses on sale of invested assets	(43.4)	(35.9)
Net realized gains on sale of invested assets	75.8	86.9
Net realized and unrealized losses on derivatives	(0.2)	(58.8)
Mark-to-market changes:		
Debt securities, trading	144.0	(0.7)
Other invested assets and equity securities	72.4	(48.9)
Total mark-to-market changes	216.4	(49.6)
Net realized investment gains (losses)	\$ 292.0	\$ (21.5)

During the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, we did not recognize any net impairment charges. The total return of our investment portfolio was 4.9% and 1.1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

### Other Income

The other income of \$35.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 represented a termination fee from our previously announced merger agreement with Transatlantic. There was no other income for the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

# Net Losses and Loss Expenses

Net losses and loss expenses decreased by \$21.3 million, or 2.9%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The loss and loss expense ratio decreased by 13.4 percentage points for the same period. The decrease in net loss and loss expenses was due to significantly lower catastrophe losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011, when we recognized estimated losses from Asia-Pacific catastrophes, Midwestern U.S. storms and Hurricane Irene of \$233.1 million. This was partially offset by lower net favorable prior year reserve development.

Excluding the prior year reserve development, property catastrophe losses and the impact of the commutation, the loss and loss expense ratios would have been 67.3% and 63.1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The increase was due to the \$40.0 million in crop reinsurance losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 that increased the loss and loss expense ratio by 3.1 percentage points.

	- 1	ths Ended r 30, 2012	Nine Mont September			Change in
	Amount	% of NPE	Amount (\$ in millions)	% of NPE <sup>(2)</sup>	Dollar Change	Percentage Points
Non-catastrophe	\$ 857.1	67.3%	\$ 662.3	63.1%	\$ 194.8	4.2 Pts
Property catastrophe	5.0	0.4	233.1	22.2	(228.1)	(21.8)
Current period	862.1	67.7	895.4	85.3	(33.3)	(17.6)
Prior period	(137.6)	(10.8)	(161.1)	(15.4)	23.5	4.6
Impact of commutation <sup>(1)</sup>			11.5	0.4	(11.5)	(0.4)
Net losses and loss expenses	\$ 724.5	56.9%	\$ 745.8	70.3%	\$ (21.3)	(13.4)Pts

- (1) Reflects the impact of the commutation of prior year contracts in the nine months ended September 30, 2011, which increased prior year net losses and loss expenses by \$11.5 million and increased net premiums earned by \$12.4 million.
- (2) Current period and prior period losses as a % of NPE are calculated excluding the effect of the commutation on net premiums. We recorded net favorable reserve development related to prior years of \$137.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to net favorable reserve development of \$161.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, as shown in the tables below.

	(Favorable) and Unfavorable Loss Reserve Development by Loss Year For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012										
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	Total
		(\$ in millions)									
U.S. insurance	\$ (0.6)	\$ 0.6	\$ (1.2)	\$ (5.5)	\$ (17.5)	\$ (24.4)	\$ (1.6)	\$ (3.6)	\$ 13.7	\$ 18.5	\$ (21.6)
International insurance	5.7	(3.4)	(8.5)	(0.6)	(43.8)	(30.1)	(14.3)	(3.7)	(7.4)	17.7	(88.4)
Reinsurance	(0.2)	(0.0)	(1.0)	(4.8)	(8.7)	(18.2)	(4.0)	1.1	6.2	2.0	(27.6)
	\$ 4.9	\$ (2.8)	\$ (10.7)	\$ (10.9)	\$ (70.0)	\$ (72.7)	\$ (19.9)	\$ (6.2)	\$ 12.5	\$ 38.2	\$ (137.6)

The net favorable reserve development is a result of actual loss emergence being lower than anticipated. The unfavorable reserve development in our U.S. insurance segment for the 2010 and 2011 loss years was primarily due to adverse development on a program that commenced writing in 2008 and was terminated during 2011. We also experienced adverse development for the 2011 loss year for certain errors and omissions products. The unfavorable reserve development in our international insurance segment for loss year 2011 was due to adverse development on an individual claim, estimated to reach our full limit of \$20.0 million, net of reinsurance.

The following table shows the net favorable reserve development by loss year for each of our segments for the nine months ended September 30, 2011.

	(Favorable) and Unfavorable Loss Reserve Development by Loss Year For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011									
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	Total
					(\$ in n	nillions)				
U.S. insurance	\$ (0.2)	\$ (2.2)	\$ (4.5)	\$ (19.5)	\$ 22.0	\$ (6.5)	\$ (3.5)	\$ (2.3)	\$ 6.8	\$ (9.9)
International insurance	1.0	5.2	(4.6)	(28.3)	(25.6)	(29.9)	3.4	(7.8)	26.1	(60.5)
Reinsurance	(0.3)	(3.3)	(7.0)	(29.3)	(15.4)	(16.8)	(2.7)	(9.6)	(6.3)	(90.7)
	\$ 0.5	\$ (0.3)	\$ (16.1)	\$ (77.1)	\$ (19.0)	\$ (53.2)	\$ (2.8)	\$ (19.7)	\$ 26.6	\$ (161.1)

The unfavorable reserve development of \$22.0 million in our U.S. insurance segment for the 2006 loss year was primarily due to directors and officers claims within our professional liability line of business related to a class action suit filed against a number of private equity firms alleging collusion. The unfavorable reserve development in our international insurance segment for the 2010 loss year was primarily due to a casualty claim emanating from an oil field services risk.

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The following table shows the components of net losses and loss expenses for each of the periods indicated.

		Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2012		2011 millions)	Change		
Net losses paid	\$ 578.1	\$	459.3	\$ 118.8		
Net change in reported case reserves	51.9		218.4	(166.5)		
Net change in IBNR	94.5		68.1	26.4		
Net losses and loss expenses	\$ 724.5	\$	745.8	\$ (21.3)		

The table below is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending reserves for losses and loss expenses. Losses incurred and paid are reflected net of reinsurance recoverables

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2012 (\$ in m	2011 nillions)	
Net reserves for losses and loss expenses, January 1	\$ 4,222.2	\$ 3,951.6	
Incurred related to:			
Commutation of variable rated reinsurance contracts		11.5	
Current period non-catastrophe	857.1	662.3	
Current period property catastrophe	5.0	233.1	
Prior period	(137.6)	(161.1)	
Total incurred	724.5	745.8	
Paid related to:	36.1	29.2	
Current period non-catastrophe	30.1	35.8	
Current period property catastrophe Prior period	542.0	394.3	
Total paid	578.1	459.3	
Foreign exchange revaluation	4.7	(2.2)	
Net reserve for losses and loss expenses, September 30	4,373.3	4,235.9	
Losses and loss expenses recoverable	1,077.5	1,009.6	
Reserve for losses and loss expenses, September 30	\$ 5,450.8	\$ 5,245.5	

# Acquisition Costs

Acquisition costs increased by \$29.1 million, or 24.1%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The increase in acquisition costs was primarily due to the increase in net premiums earned. Acquisition costs as a percentage of net premiums earned were 11.8% for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to 11.4% for the same period in 2011. The increase is due to the growth in our reinsurance segment, which has a higher acquisition cost ratio.

# General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses increased by \$21.8 million, or 10.8%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the same period in September 30, 2011. The increase in general and administrative expenses was primarily due to increased salary and related costs as average headcount increased by 9% to support our continued growth, combined with increased stock compensation expense resulting from the 22.8% increase in our share price during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and higher performance-based compensation expense as profitability has exceeded target levels.

Our general and administrative expense ratio was 17.5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to 19.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The decrease was due to the growth in net premiums earned being greater than the increase in expenses.

The expense ratio is the sum of the acquisition cost ratio and the general and administrative expense ratio. Our expense ratio was 29.3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to 30.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The decrease was primarily due to the 1.5 percentage point decrease in the general and administrative expense ratio, as discussed above.

### Amortization of Intangible Assets

The amortization of intangible assets decreased by \$0.4 million, or 17.4%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The decrease is due to certain intangible assets that were fully amortized during 2011.

### Interest Expense

Interest expense increased by \$0.4 million, or 1.0%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The increase was due to fees associated with the termination of our \$400 million unsecured credit facility on June 7, 2012.

#### Net Income

Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 was \$534.2 million compared to \$91.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The \$442.7 million increase was primarily the result of the lower net loss and loss expense ratio due to significantly lower property catastrophe losses in 2012 compared to 2011. The nine months ended September 30, 2011 included \$233.1 million of property catastrophe losses for the Asia-Pacific catastrophes, Midwestern U.S. storms and Hurricane Irene. This was combined with realized investment gains of \$292.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to realized investment losses of \$21.6 million for the same period in 2011.

### **Underwriting Results by Operating Segments**

Our company is organized into three operating segments:

*U.S. Insurance Segment.* The U.S. insurance segment includes our direct specialty insurance operations in the United States. This segment provides both direct property and specialty casualty insurance primarily to non-Fortune 1000 North American domiciled accounts.

International Insurance Segment. The international insurance segment includes our direct insurance operations in Bermuda, Europe, Singapore and Hong Kong. This segment provides both direct property and casualty insurance primarily to Fortune 1000 North American domiciled accounts from our Bermuda office and non-North American domiciled accounts from our European, Singapore and Hong Kong offices.

*Reinsurance Segment.* Our reinsurance segment has operations in Bermuda, Europe, Singapore and the United States. This segment includes the reinsurance of property, general casualty, professional liability, specialty lines and property catastrophe coverages written by insurance companies. We presently write reinsurance on both a treaty and a facultative basis, targeting several niche reinsurance markets.

# **U.S. Insurance Segment**

The following table summarizes the underwriting results and associated ratios for the U.S. insurance segment for each of the periods indicated.

	Three Mont Septemb		Nine Mont Septeml	
	2012 2011		2012	2011
Da		(\$ in mi	llions)	
Revenues	Φ Q ( Q 1	ф <b>201</b> 5	ф. <b>7</b> 22.2	Φ C11 C
Gross premiums written	\$ 263.1	\$ 201.5	\$ 733.3	\$ 611.6
Net premiums written	200.8	157.3	551.3	470.1
Net premiums earned	174.0	150.5	490.1	431.8
Expenses				
Net losses and loss expenses	\$ 109.1	\$ 85.7	\$ 309.9	\$ 294.2
Acquisition costs	22.7	19.5	63.9	56.5
General and administrative expenses	37.4	29.0	103.2	91.0
Underwriting income (loss)	4.8	16.3	13.1	(9.9)
Ratios				
Loss and loss expense ratio	62.7%	57.0%	63.2%	68.1%
Acquisition cost ratio	13.0%	13.0%	13.0%	13.1%
General and administrative expense ratio	21.5%	19.2%	21.0%	21.1%
Expense ratio	34.5%	32.2%	34.0%	34.2%
Combined ratio	97.2%	89.2%	97.2%	102.3%

# Comparison of Three Months Ended September 30, 2012 and 2011

*Premiums*. Gross premiums written increased by \$61.6 million, or 30.6%, for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011. The increase in gross premiums written was primarily due to new business across most lines that added \$92.0 million during the quarter combined with premium rate increases in most lines of business. Growth from new products introduced in 2012, such as mergers and acquisitions and primary construction, contributed \$3.6 million for the quarter. This growth was partially offset by the non-renewal of business that did not meet our underwriting requirements (which included inadequate pricing and/or terms and conditions) and continued competition.

The table below illustrates our gross premiums written by line of business for each of the periods indicated.

	Three Months En 2012			ember 30, 2011 (\$ in llions)	Dollar Change	Percentage Change	
General casualty	\$	77.9	\$	54.6	\$ 23.3	42.7%	
Professional liability		66.4		57.0	9.4	16.5%	
Healthcare		52.3		42.1	10.2	24.2%	
Programs		32.2		26.6	5.6	21.1%	
Other *		18.6		6.3	12.3	195.2%	
General property		15.7		14.9	0.8	5.4%	
	\$	263.1	\$	201.5	\$ 61.6	30.6%	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes our inland marine, environmental and mergers and acquisitions lines of business

Net premiums written increased by \$43.5 million, or 27.7%, for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2011. The increase in net premiums written was primarily due to higher gross premiums written. We ceded 23.7% of gross premiums written for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to 21.9% for the same period in

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2011. The increase in the cession percentage was due to increased reinsurance placement in our excess casualty book and increased writings in other lines with higher cession percentages.

Net premiums earned increased by \$23.5 million, or 15.6%, for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011. The increase was primarily due to the growth of our U.S. insurance operations during 2011 and 2012.

Net losses and loss expenses. Net losses and loss expenses increased by \$23.4 million, or 27.3%, for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2011. The loss and loss expense ratio increased by 5.7 percentage points for the same period. The increase in net losses and loss expenses was primarily due to growth in the U.S. insurance segment combined with lower favorable prior year reserve development. We recognized estimated losses from catastrophes of \$1.7 million from Hurricane Isaac for the three months ended September 30, 2012. We recognized estimated losses from catastrophes of \$3.5 million related to Hurricane Irene and the Midwestern U.S. storms for the three months ended September 30, 2011. Excluding the prior year reserve development and property catastrophe losses, the loss and loss expense ratios would have been 66.4% and 69.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

	Three Mor Septembe Amount	r 30, 2012 % of NPE		nths Ended or 30, 2011 % of NPE	Dollar Change	Change in Percentage Points
Non-catastrophe	\$ 115.6	66.4%	\$ 104.1	69.3%	\$ 11.5	(2.9)Pts
Property catastrophe	1.7	1.0	3.5	2.3	(1.8)	(1.3)
Current period	117.3	67.4	107.6	71.6	9.7	(4.2)
Prior period	(8.2)	(4.7)	(21.9)	(14.6)	13.7	9.9
Net losses and loss expenses	\$ 109.1	62.7%	\$ 85.7	57.0%	\$ 23.4	5.7Pts

Overall, our U.S. insurance segment recorded net favorable reserve development of \$8.2 million during the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to net favorable reserve development of \$21.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, as shown in the tables below

	(Favorable) and Unfavorable Loss Reserve Development by Loss Year For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2012										
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	Total
					(\$	in millior	ıs)				
Professional liability	\$ (0.5)	\$ (0.5)	\$ (1.4)	\$ (0.8)	\$ (0.9)	\$ (3.3)	\$ (1.1)	\$ (1.5)	\$ (1.6)	\$ (0.4)	\$ (12.0)
General casualty		(0.3)	(0.6)	(0.2)	(3.9)	(0.2)	(1.4)	(0.2)			(6.8)
Healthcare		1.4	1.7	(0.7)	(1.5)	(1.6)	(0.8)	(0.1)	(0.4)	(0.7)	(2.7)
General property			0.3		(0.1)				(0.1)	(0.1)	
Programs					(0.7)	(0.9)	0.6	3.5	6.5	4.3	13.3
	\$ (0.5)	\$ 0.6	\$ (0.0)	\$ (1.7)	\$ (7.1)	\$ (6.0)	\$ (2.7)	\$ 1.7	\$ 4.4	\$ 3.1	\$ (8.2)

The unfavorable reserve development for loss years 2009 to 2011 was due to continued adverse development on a program that commenced writing in 2008 and was terminated during 2011. This program continues to experience unfavorable loss emergence and during the quarter we performed a detailed review of all open claims as part of our reserve review. This was partially offset by favorable development on our active programs.

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	(Favorable) and Unfavorable Loss Reserve Development by Loss Year									
	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2011									
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	Total
				(\$ in millions)						
Professional liability	\$	\$ (0.1)	\$ (0.1)	\$ (0.6)	\$ (0.4)	\$ (2.3)	\$ (0.5)	\$ (1.3)	\$	\$ (5.3)
General casualty		(0.2)	(0.3)	(5.8)		1.0			0.4	(4.9)
Healthcare	(0.1)	(0.4)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(1.1)	(0.5)	(1.6)		(1.0)	(5.4)
General property			(0.2)	0.1		(1.1)		(0.6)	(1.8)	(3.6)
Programs				(0.3)	(0.3)	(1.5)	(0.6)	(0.1)	0.1	(2.7)
Other										
	\$ (0.1)	\$ (0.7)	\$ (1.1)	\$ (6.8)	\$ (1.8)	\$ (4.4)	\$ (2.7)	\$ (2.0)	\$ (2.3)	\$ (21.9)

Acquisition costs. Acquisition costs increased by \$3.2 million, or 16.4%, for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2011. The increase was primarily caused by increased net premiums earned. The acquisition cost ratio was 13.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses increased by \$8.4 million, or 29.0%, for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2011. The increase was due to the continued growth of the U.S. insurance operations, combined with higher performance-based incentive compensation expense due to improved profitability in 2012 compared to 2011. As a result, the general and administrative ratio increased to 21.5% for the three months ended September 30, 2012 from 19.2% for the same period in 2011.

# Comparison of Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012 and 2011

*Premiums*. Gross premiums written increased by \$121.7 million, or 19.9%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011. The increase in gross premiums written was primarily due to new business across most lines that added \$241.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2012, combined with premium rate increases in most lines of business. Growth from new products introduced in 2012, such as mergers and acquisitions and primary construction, contributed a further \$4.9 million for the period. This growth was partially offset by the non-renewal of business that did not meet our underwriting requirements (which included inadequate pricing and/or terms and conditions) and continued competition.

The table below illustrates our gross premiums written by line of business for each of the periods indicated.

	Nine M Sept	onths I		Dollar	Percentage	
	2012 2011 (\$ in millions)			Change	Change	
General casualty	\$ 204.6	\$	152.1	\$ 52.5	34.5%	
Professional liability	192.3		170.8	21.5	12.6%	
Healthcare	145.6		137.7	7.9	5.7%	
Programs	81.1		66.8	14.3	21.4%	
General property	71.3		61.4	9.9	16.1%	
Other*	38.4		22.8	15.6	68.4%	
	\$ 733.3	\$	611.6	\$ 121.7	19.9%	

Net premiums written increased by \$81.2 million, or 17.3%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The increase in net premiums written was primarily due to higher gross premiums written, partially offset by the impact of the commutation of prior year contracts in 2011. The nine months ended September 30, 2011 included a \$12.4 million reduction in premiums ceded due to the commutation of certain variable-rated reinsurance contracts that had swing-rated provisions. We ceded 24.8% of gross

<sup>\*</sup> Includes our inland marine, environmental and mergers and acquisitions lines of business

premiums written for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to 23.1% for the same period in 2011. The increase in the cession percentage was due to the impact of the commutation on the prior year.

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Net premiums earned increased by \$58.3 million, or 13.5%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011. The increase was primarily due to the growth of our U.S. insurance operations during 2012 and 2011, partially offset by the \$12.4 million impact of the commutation of prior year contracts in 2011, which was fully earned.

Net losses and loss expenses. Net losses and loss expenses increased by \$15.7 million, or 5.3%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The loss and loss expense ratio decreased by 4.9 percentage points for the same period. The increase in net losses and loss expenses was primarily due to growth in the U.S. insurance segment, partially offset by higher favorable prior year reserve development in 2012 and the \$11.5 million impact of the commutation of prior year contracts in 2011. We recognized estimated losses from catastrophes of \$1.7 million from Hurricane Isaac for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, compared to \$8.5 million related to Asia-Pacific catastrophes, Midwestern U.S. storms and Hurricane Irene for the same period in 2011. Excluding the prior year reserve development, property catastrophe losses and the impact of the commutation, the loss and loss expense ratios would have been 67.3% and 67.7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

		nths Ended er 30, 2012		nths Ended er 30, 2011		Change in	
	Amount	% of NPE	Amount (\$ in million	% of NPE (2)	Dollar Change	Percentage Points	
Non-catastrophe	\$ 329.8	67.3%	\$ 284.1	67.7%	\$ 45.7	(0.4)Pts	
Property catastrophe	1.7	0.3	8.5	2.0	(6.8)	(1.7)	
Current period	331.5	67.6					