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Subject of the offer: RSC Holdings

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# United Rentals Announces Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2011 Results and

#### **Provides 2012 Outlook**

**GREENWICH, Conn. January 25, 2012** United Rentals, Inc. (NYSE: URI) today announced financial results for the fourth quarter and full year 2011. For the fourth quarter, total revenues were \$746 million and rental revenue was \$589 million, compared with \$597 million and \$497 million, respectively, for 2010. For the full year 2011, total revenues were \$2.6 billion and rental revenue was \$2.2 billion, compared with \$2.2 billion, respectively, for 2010.

For the fourth quarter 2011, adjusted EBITDA, which excludes the impact of special items<sup>1</sup>, was \$281 million and adjusted EBITDA margin was 37.7%, an increase of \$100 million, or 55.2%, and 7.4 percentage points from the fourth quarter 2010. For the full year 2011, adjusted EBITDA was \$929 million and adjusted EBITDA margin was 35.6%, an increase of \$238 million, or 34.4%, and 4.7 percentage points from last year. The company s EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA for the fourth quarter and full year 2011 include an \$8 million benefit related to the reduction of the company s self-insurance reserves, as compared to an \$18 million charge in the fourth quarter and full year 2010.

### 2011 Highlights

For the fourth quarter 2011, on a GAAP basis, the company reported income from continuing operations of \$28 million, or \$0.39 per diluted share, compared with a loss of \$17 million, or \$0.29 per diluted share, for the same period in 2010. On an adjusted basis, excluding the impact of special items<sup>2</sup>, EPS for the fourth quarter 2011 was \$0.82 per diluted share, compared with \$0.16 per diluted share in 2010. The effective tax rate for the fourth quarter 2011 was \$0.0%.

Rental revenue increased 18.5% for the fourth quarter 2011, compared with the fourth quarter of the prior year, reflecting year-over-year increases of 6.7% in rental rates and 15.1% in the volume of equipment on rent. For the full year, rental rates increased 6.1% from 2010.

Time utilization for the fourth quarter 2011 increased 1.5 percentage points year-over-year to 70.8%, a fourth quarter record for the company. Time utilization for the full year 2011 was 69.1%, an increase of 3.5 percentage points and a full year record for the company.

Free cash flow was \$23 million for the full year 2011, compared with \$227 million for 2010. Full year net rental capital expenditures (defined as purchases of rental equipment less the proceeds from sales of rental equipment) were \$566 million in 2011, compared with \$202 million in 2010.

For the full year 2011, the company recognized \$208 million from sales of rental equipment at a gross margin of 31.7%, compared with \$144 million in sales at a gross margin of 28.5% last year.

- Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure that excludes the impact of the following special items: RSC merger related costs, restructuring charges and stock compensation expense, net. See table below for amounts.
- Adjusted EPS is a non-GAAP measure that excludes the impact of the following special items: RSC merger related costs, restructuring and asset impairment charges and (losses) gains on repurchase/retirement of debt securities and subordinated convertible debentures and ABL amendment. See table below for amounts.

#### 2012 Standalone Outlook<sup>3</sup>

The company provided the following outlook for the full year 2012:

An increase of rental rates of 5 percent year over year;

An increase in time utilization of approximately 0.5 percentage points year-over-year;

Net rental capital expenditures of between \$770 million and \$820 million, after gross purchases of approximately \$1.0 billion; and

Free cash usage (negative flow) in the range of \$50 million to \$100 million.

### **CEO Comments**

Michael Kneeland, chief executive officer of United Rentals, said, The fourth quarter marked a strong end to a stellar year for our company, particularly in light of the sluggish economy. Once again, we drove rental revenue ahead of the construction recovery through a combination of rate improvement and record time utilization on a larger fleet. The fundamentals of our growth are rock solid: our strategic focus on customer service excellence, rigorous efficiency and rental rate expansion. I m very proud of the way our employees have delivered in all of these areas. Through their efforts, we are in an excellent position to capitalize on the emerging up-cycle as well as the broader secular shift toward equipment rental.

Kneeland continued, We are tremendously excited about the opportunities of 2012, which we expect will be a transformative year for United Rentals. We re making good progress on all fronts toward our intended acquisition of RSC and the integration planning. With our markets in recovery, the timing is ideal to combine these two companies into a best-in-class United Rentals with a wealth of best practices for value creation.

### 2011 Financial Results

For the full year 2011, on a GAAP basis, the company reported income from continuing operations of \$101 million, or \$1.38 per diluted share, compared with a loss of \$22 million, or \$0.38 per diluted share, for 2010. On an adjusted basis, excluding the impact of special items, EPS for the full year 2011 was \$1.87 per diluted share, compared with \$0.33 per diluted share in 2010. The effective tax rate for the full year 2011 was 38.4%.

The company s continuing operations EPS and adjusted EPS for the fourth quarter and full year 2011 include an \$8 million benefit (\$5 million after-tax) related to the reduction of the company s self-insurance reserves, as compared to an \$18 million charge (\$11 million after-tax) in the fourth quarter and full year 2010.

### Free Cash Flow and Fleet Size

For the full year 2011, free cash flow, a non-GAAP measure, was \$23 million, compared with free cash flow of \$227 million for the full year 2010. The year-over-year decrease in free cash flow was largely the result of an increase in net rental capital expenditures, partially offset by improved cash flows from operating activities.

The company s 2012 outlook is exclusive of any impact of the proposed RSC merger.

The size of the rental fleet, as measured by the original equipment cost, was \$4.29 billion at December 31, 2011, compared with \$3.79 billion at December 31, 2010. The age of the rental fleet was 46.4 months on a unit-weighted basis at December 31, 2011, compared with 47.7 months at December 31, 2010.

### Return on Invested Capital (ROIC)

The company s ROIC metric uses after-tax operating income for the trailing 12 months divided by the averages of stockholders equity (deficit), debt and deferred taxes, net of average cash. To mitigate the volatility related to fluctuations in the company s tax rate from period to period, the federal statutory tax rate of 35% is used to calculate after-tax operating income. The company s ROIC was 6.7% for the 12 months ended December 31, 2011, an increase of 3.0 percentage points from the same date in 2010.

#### **Announced Merger with RSC Holdings**

On December 15, 2011, United Rentals entered into a definitive merger agreement with RSC Holdings (RSC), pursuant to which United Rentals will acquire RSC in a cash-and-stock transaction valued at \$18.00 per share, or a total enterprise value of \$4.2 billion, based on the market price for URI common stock at the time the transaction was announced. Upon the closing of the transaction, each outstanding share of RSC common stock will be converted into the right to receive \$10.80 in cash and 0.2783 of a share of United Rentals common stock, subject to the terms and conditions of the merger agreement. The cash portion of the transaction will be financed through new debt issuance and drawing on current loan facilities. United Rentals has obtained financing commitments from Morgan Stanley Senior Funding Inc., Bank of America Merrill Lynch, Wells Fargo, Credit Suisse AG, The Bank of Nova Scotia and HSBC Bank USA, N.A. in support of this transaction. United Rentals intends to re-pay the outstanding amounts on RSC s existing senior secured debt, and assume all of RSC s existing unsecured debt. The proposed transaction is subject to the delivery of a solvency opinion as well as customary closing conditions, including approval by United Rentals and RSC stockholders and expiration or termination of the waiting period under the Canada Competition Act. United Rentals and RSC expect the transaction to close in the first half of 2012.

#### **Conference Call**

United Rentals will hold a conference call tomorrow, Thursday, January 26, 2012, at 12:00 p.m. Eastern Time. The conference call will be available live by audio webcast at unitedrentals.com, where it will be archived until the next earnings call, and by calling 866-219-5894.

### Non-GAAP Measures

Free cash flow, earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA), adjusted EBITDA, and adjusted earnings per share (adjusted EPS) are non-GAAP financial measures as defined under the rules of the SEC. Free cash flow represents net cash provided by operating activities, less purchases of rental and non-rental equipment plus proceeds from sales of rental and non-rental equipment and excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements, net. EBITDA represents the sum of net income (loss), loss from discontinued operation, net of taxes, provision (benefit) for income taxes, interest expense, net, interest expense-subordinated convertible debentures, net, depreciation of rental equipment and non-rental depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA represents EBITDA plus the sum of the RSC merger related costs, the restructuring charge and stock compensation expense, net. Adjusted EPS represents EPS plus the sum of the RSC merger related costs, the restructuring charge, the gains/losses on the repurchase/redemption of debt securities and retirement of subordinated convertible debentures and ABL amendment, and the asset impairment

charge. The company believes that: (i) free cash flow provides useful additional information concerning cash flow available to meet future debt service obligations and working capital requirements; (ii) EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA provide useful information about operating performance and period-over-period growth; and (iii) adjusted EPS provides useful information concerning future profitability. However, none of these measures should be considered as alternatives to net income, cash flows from operating activities or earnings per share under GAAP as indicators of operating performance or liquidity. Information reconciling forward-looking free cash flow and Adjusted EBITDA to GAAP financial measures is unavailable to the company without unreasonable effort.

#### **About United Rentals**

United Rentals, Inc. is the largest equipment rental company in the world, with an integrated network of 529 rental locations in 48 states and 10 Canadian provinces. The company s approximately 7,500 employees serve construction and industrial customers, utilities, municipalities, homeowners and others. The company offers for rent approximately 3,000 classes of equipment with a total original cost of \$4.29 billion. United Rentals is a member of the Standard & Poor s MidCap 400 Index and the Russell 2000 Index and is headquartered in Greenwich, Conn. Additional information about United Rentals is available at unitedrentals.com.

### Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, known as the PSLRA. These statements can generally be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as believe, expect, may, will, should, seek, on-track, plan, project, forecast, intend or anticipate, or the negative thereof or comparable terminology, or by discussions of vision, strategy or outlook. These statements are based on current plans, estimates and projections, and, therefore, you should not place undue reliance on them. No forward-looking statement can be guaranteed, and actual results may differ materially from those projected. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected include, but are not limited to, the following: (1) a slowdown in the recovery of North American construction and industrial activities, which decreased during the economic downturn and significantly affected our revenues and profitability, may further reduce demand for equipment and prices that we can charge; (2) a decrease in levels of infrastructure spending, including lower than expected government funding for stimulus-related construction projects; (3) our highly leveraged capital structure, which requires us to use a substantial portion of our cash flow for debt service and can constrain our flexibility in responding to unanticipated or adverse business conditions; (4) restrictive covenants in our debt agreements, which could limit our financial and operation flexibility; (5) noncompliance with covenants in our debt agreements, which could result in termination of our credit facilities and acceleration of outstanding borrowings; (6) inability to access the capital that our business may require; (7) inability to collect on contracts with customers; (8) incurrence of impairment charges; (9) the potential consequences of litigation and other claims relating to our business, including certain claims that our insurance may not cover; (10) an increase in our loss reserves to address business operations or other claims and any claims that exceed our established levels of reserves; (11) incurrence of additional costs and expenses in connection with litigation, regulatory or investigatory matters; (12) increases in our maintenance and replacement costs as we age our fleet, and decreases in the residual value of our equipment; (13) inability to sell our new or used fleet in the amounts, or at the prices, we expect; (14) challenges associated with past or future acquisitions, such as undiscovered liabilities and integration issues; (15) management turnover and inability to attract and retain key personnel; (16) our rates and time utilization being less than anticipated; (17) our costs being more than anticipated, the inability to realize expected savings and the inability to obtain key equipment and supplies; (18) disruptions in our information technology systems; (19) competition from existing and new competitors; (20) labor difficulties and labor-based legislation affecting labor relations and operations generally; (21) the inability of United Rentals and RSC to obtain stockholder or regulatory approvals required for the proposed transaction or the imposition of conditions that could reduce the anticipated

benefits of the merger as a condition to obtaining regulatory approvals; (22) the length of time necessary to consummate the merger with RSC and the related transactions may be longer than anticipated; (23) problems with successfully integrating the businesses of United Rentals and RSC; (24) unexpected costs resulting from the proposed transaction with RSC; and (25) unanticipated negative consequences resulting from uncertainty surrounding the proposed transaction. For a more complete description of these and other possible risks and uncertainties, please refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, as well as to our subsequent filings with the SEC. The forward-looking statements contained herein speak only as of the date hereof, and we make no commitment to update or publicly release any revisions to forward-looking statements in order to reflect new information or subsequent events, circumstances or changes in expectations.

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND WHERE TO FIND IT

This document relates to a proposed transaction between United Rentals and RSC, which is the subject of a registration statement and joint proxy statement/prospectus forming a part thereof filed with the SEC by United Rentals. This document is not a substitute for the registration statement and joint proxy statement/prospectus that United Rentals filed with the SEC or any other documents that they may file with the SEC or send to shareholders in connection with the proposed transaction. BEFORE MAKING ANY VOTING DECISION, INVESTORS AND SECURITY HOLDERS ARE URGED TO READ THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT, JOINT PROXY STATEMENT/PROSPECTUS AND ALL OTHER RELEVANT DOCUMENTS FILED OR THAT WILL BE FILED WITH THE SEC IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROPOSED TRANSACTION AS THEY BECOME AVAILABLE BECAUSE THEY WILL CONTAIN IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT THE PROPOSED TRANSACTION.

You can obtain a free copy of the joint proxy statement/prospectus, as well as other filings containing information about United Rentals and RSC, at the SEC s Internet site (http://www.sec.gov). You can also obtain these documents, free of charge, in the Investor Relations portion of the United Rentals website at <a href="http://www.ur.com/investor">http://www.ur.com/investor</a> under the heading Investors and then under SEC Filings. Copies of the joint proxy statement/prospectus and the SEC filings that are incorporated by reference in the joint proxy statement/prospectus can also be obtained, free of charge, by directing a request to Investor Relations at 203-618-7318.

### **Participants in Solicitation**

United Rentals, RSC and their respective directors and executive officers and certain members of management and employees may be deemed to be participants in the solicitation of proxies from the stockholders of United Rentals and RSC in connection with the proposed transaction. Information about the directors and executive officers of United Rentals and their ownership of United Rentals common stock is set forth in the proxy statement for the United Rentals 2011 annual meeting of stockholders, as filed with the SEC on Schedule 14A on March 31, 2011. Information about the directors and executive officers of RSC and their ownership of RSC common stock is set forth in the proxy statement for the RSC 2011 annual meeting of stockholders, as filed with the SEC on Schedule 14A on March 16, 2011. Additional information regarding the interests of those persons and other persons who may be deemed participants in the proposed transaction may be obtained by reading the joint proxy statement/prospectus regarding the proposed transaction. You may obtain free copies of this document as described in the preceding paragraph.

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# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(In millions, except per share amounts)

	Sep	otember 30, Three Mor Decem 2011	September 30, oths Ended ber 31, 2010		September 30, Ended aber 31, 2010
Revenues:					
Equipment rentals	\$	589	\$ 497	\$ 2,151	\$ 1,834
Sales of rental equipment		93	40	208	144
Sales of new equipment		24	19	84	78
Contractor supplies sales		19	22	85	95
Service and other revenues		21	19	83	86
Total revenues		746	597	2,611	2,237
Cost of revenues:					
Cost of equipment rentals, excluding depreciation		252	256	992	924
Depreciation of rental equipment		111	100	423	389
Cost of rental equipment sales		69	29	142	103
Cost of new equipment sales		19	16	67	65
Cost of contractor supplies sales		13	15	58	66
Cost of service and other revenues		7	6	31	32
Total cost of revenues		471	422	1,713	1,579
Gross profit		275	175	898	658
Selling, general and administrative expenses		109	96	407	367
RSC merger related costs		19		19	
Restructuring charge		14	15	19	34
Non-rental depreciation and amortization		18	17	57	60
Operating income		115	47	396	197
Interest expense, net		58	85	228	255
Interest expense subordinated convertible debentures, net		2	2	7	8
Other income, net		(1)		(3)	(3)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before provision		= (	(40)	171	(62)
(benefit) for income taxes		56	(40)	164	(63)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		28	(23)	63	(41)
Income (loss) from continuing operations		28	(17)	101	(22)
Income (loss) from discontinued operation, net of taxes		1	(4)		(4)

Net income (loss)	\$ 29	\$ (21)	\$ 101	\$ (26)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share:				
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 0.39	\$ (0.29)	\$ 1.38	\$ (0.38)
Income (loss) from discontinued operation		(0.06)		(0.06)
Net income (loss)	\$ 0.39	\$ (0.35)	\$ 1.38	\$ (0.44)

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

# (In millions)

		otember 30, cember 31, 2011		etember 30, tember 31, 2010
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	36	\$	203
Accounts receivable, net		464		377
Inventory		44		39
Prepaid expenses and other assets		75		37
Deferred taxes		104		69
Total current assets		723		725
Rental equipment, net		2,617		2,280
Property and equipment, net		366		393
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net		372		227
Other long-term assets		65		68
Total assets	\$	4,143	\$	3,693
Total assets	Ψ	4,143	Ψ	3,073
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (DEFICIT)				
Short-term debt and current maturities of long-term debt	\$	395	\$	229
Accounts payable		206		132
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		263		208
Total current liabilities		864		569
Long-term debt		2,592		2,576
Subordinated convertible debentures		55		124
Deferred taxes		470		385
Other long-term liabilities		59		59
Total liabilities		4,040		3,713
Temporary equity		39		
Common stock		1		1
Additional paid-in capital		487		492
Accumulated deficit		(499)		(600)
Accumulated other comprehensive income		75		87
Total stockholders equity (deficit)		64		(20)
Total liabilities and stockholders equity (deficit)	\$	4,143	\$	3,693

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

# (In millions)

		September 30, nths Ended aber 31, 2010		September 30, Ended ber 31, 2010
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				
Net income (loss)	\$ 29	\$ (21)	\$ 101	\$ (26)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by				
operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	129	117	480	449
Amortization of deferred financing costs and original issue				
discounts	5	6	22	23
Gain on sales of rental equipment	(24)	(11)	(66)	(41)
Loss (gain) on sales of non-rental equipment		1	(2)	
Stock compensation expense, net	3	2	12	8
RSC merger related costs	19		19	
Restructuring charge	14	15	19	34
Loss on repurchase/redemption of debt securities and ABL				
amendment	3	25	3	28
Loss on retirement of subordinated convertible debentures	1		2	
Increase (decrease) in deferred taxes	23	(23)	39	(58)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(2)	24	(62)	(38)
Decrease (increase) in inventory	14	9	(3)	5
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets	(8)	(1)	(19)	61
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable	(33)	(35)	68	4
(Decrease) increase in accrued expenses and other liabilities	(18)	1	(5)	3
Net cash provided by operating activities	155	109	608	452
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:				
Purchases of rental equipment	(143)	(59)	(774)	(346)
Purchases of non-rental equipment	(12)	(8)	(36)	(28)
Proceeds from sales of rental equipment	93	40	208	144
Proceeds from sales of non-rental equipment	6	1	17	7
Purchases of other companies	(78)		(276)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(134)	(26)	(861)	(223)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:				
Proceeds from debt	430	1,942	1,892	3,423
Payments of debt, including subordinated convertible debentures	(430)	(1,981)	(1,813)	(3,606)
Payments of financing costs	(16)	(18)	(16)	(18)
Proceeds from the exercise of common stock options	4	1	35	1
Shares repurchased and retired			(7)	(1)
Cash paid in connection with the 4 percent Convertible Senior				
Notes and related hedge, net			(11)	
Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements, net				(2)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(12)	(56)	80	(203)

Effect of foreign exchange rates	1		6		6		8
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	10		33		(167)		34
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	26		170		203		169
Cook and cook conjugants at and of naried	\$ 36	¢	203	\$	36	\$	203
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 30	Э	203	Э	30	Э	203
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:							
Cash paid for interest, including subordinated convertible							
debentures	\$ 62	\$	89	\$	203	\$	229
	4				2.4		(40)
Cash paid (received) for income taxes, net	4				24		(49)

## SEGMENT PERFORMANCE

(\$ in millions)

	Septer	nber 30, T	hree N	tember 30, Months Ended ember 31,	September 30,	Se	eptember 30,	Y	eptember 30, Year Ended ecember 31,	September 30,
	20	)11	Dec	2010	Change		2011		2010	Change
General Rentals										
Reportable segment	_		_			_		_		
revenue	\$	685	\$	555	23.4%	\$	2,389	\$	2,071	15.4%
Reportable segment operating income		135		55	145.5%		377		199	89.4%
Reportable segment operating margin		19.7%		9.9%	9.8pp		15.8%		9.6%	6.2pp
Trench Safety, Power & HVAC										
Reportable segment revenue	\$	61	\$	42	45.2%	\$	222	\$	166	33.7%
Reportable segment operating income		13		7	85.7%		57		32	78.1%
Reportable segment operating margin		21.3%		16.7%	4.6pp		25.7%		19.3%	6.4pp
Total United Rentals										
Total revenue	\$	746	\$	597	25.0%	\$	2,611	\$	2,237	16.7%
Total segment operating income (1)		148		62	138.7%		434		231	87.9%
Total segment operating margin (1)		19.8%		10.4%	9.5pp		16.6%		10.3%	6.3pp

# (1) Excludes unallocated RSC merger related costs and unallocated restructuring charge.

# DILUTED EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE CALCULATION

(In millions, except per share data)

	•	ember 30, Three Mont Decemb 2011	ths Er		Sep	otember 30, Year F Decemb 2011	nded	
Income (loss) from continuing operations Convertible debt interest-1 7/8 % notes	\$	28	\$	(17)	\$	101	\$	(22)
Income (loss) from continuing operations available to common stockholders Income (loss) from discontinued operation		28 1		(17) (4)		101		(22) (4)
Net income (loss) available to common stockholders	\$	29	\$	(21)	\$	101	\$	(26)

Weighted-average common shares	62.7	60.6	62.2	60.5
Employee stock options and warrants	0.7		1.0	
Convertible subordinated notes 1 7/8 %	1.0		1.0	
Convertible subordinated notes 4 %	8.4		8.5	
Restricted stock units	0.6		0.6	
Weighted average diluted shares	73.4	60.6	73.3	60.5
Diluted earnings (loss) per share:				
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 0.39	\$ (0.29)	\$ 1.38	\$ (0.38)
Income (loss) from discontinued operation		(0.06)		(0.06)
Net income (loss)	\$ 0.39	\$ (0.35)	\$ 1.38	\$ (0.44)

#### ADJUSTED EARNINGS PER SHARE GAAP RECONCILIATION

We define Earnings per share from continuing operations adjusted as the sum of (i) earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations GAAP, as reported plus the after-tax impacts of (ii) RSC merger related costs, (iii) restructuring charge, (iv) losses on repurchase/redemption of debt securities and retirement of subordinated convertible debentures and ABL amendment and (v) asset impairment charge. Management believes adjusted earnings per share from continuing operations provides useful information concerning future profitability. However, adjusted earnings per share from continuing operations is not a measure of financial performance under GAAP. Accordingly, adjusted earnings per share from continuing operations should not be considered an alternative to GAAP earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations. The table below provides a reconciliation between earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations adjusted.

	Septema T	Three Mon Decemi	ths Endo ber 31,	ember 30, ed 2010	Sep		September 30 Ended nber 31, 2010	
Earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations GAAP, as reported	\$	0.39	\$	(0.29)	\$	1.38	\$	(0.38)
After-tax impact of:								
RSC merger related costs (1)		0.25				0.25		
Restructuring charge (2)		0.12		0.15		0.16		0.34
Losses on repurchase/redemption of debt securities and retirement of subordinated convertible debentures and ABL amendment (3)		0.03		0.24		0.04		0.28
Asset impairment charge (4)		0.03		0.06		0.04		0.09
Earnings per share from continuing operations_adjusted	\$	0.82	\$	0.16	\$	1.87	\$	0.33

- (1) Reflects transaction costs associated with the proposed acquisition of RSC.
- (2) Relates to branch closure charges and severance costs.
- (3) Reflects losses on the repurchase/retirement of debt securities and subordinated convertible debentures, and writeoffs of debt issuance costs associated with the October 2011 amendment of our ABL facility.
- (4) Primarily reflects write-offs of leasehold improvements and other fixed assets.

#### EBITDA AND ADJUSTED EBITDA GAAP RECONCILIATION

### (In millions)

EBITDA represents the sum of net income (loss), (income) loss from discontinued operation, net of taxes, provision (benefit) for income taxes, interest expense, net, interest expense-subordinated convertible debentures, net, depreciation of rental equipment, and non-rental depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA represents EBITDA plus the sum of the RSC merger related costs, restructuring charge, and stock compensation expense, net. These items are excluded from adjusted EBITDA internally when evaluating our operating performance and allow investors to make a more meaningful comparison between our core business operating results over different periods of time, as well as with those of other similar companies. Management believes that EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA, when viewed with the Company's results under GAAP and the accompanying reconciliation, provide useful information about operating performance and period-over-period growth, and provide additional information that is useful for evaluating the operating performance of our core business without regard to potential distortions. Additionally, management believes that EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA permit investors to gain an understanding of the factors and trends affecting our ongoing cash earnings, from which capital investments are made and debt is serviced. However, EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are not measures of financial performance or liquidity under GAAP and, accordingly, should not be considered as alternatives to net income (loss) or cash flow from operating activities as indicators of operating performance or liquidity. The table below provides a reconciliation between net income (loss) and EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA.

	Septe	September 30, September 30, Three Months Ended December 31,			Sep		September 30, Ended lber 31,	
	2	011	2010			2011		2010
Net income (loss)	\$	29	\$	(21)	\$	101	\$	(26)
(Income) loss from discontinued operation, net of taxes		(1)		4				4
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		28		(23)		63		(41)
Interest expense, net		58		85		228		255
Interest expense subordinated convertible debentures, net		2		2		7		8
Depreciation of rental equipment		111		100		423		389
Non-rental depreciation and amortization		18		17		57		60
EBITDA (A)		245		164		879		649
RSC merger related costs (1)		19				19		
Restructuring charge (2)		14		15		19		34
Stock compensation expense, net (3)		3		2		12		8
Adjusted EBITDA (B)	\$	281	\$	181	\$	929	\$	691

- (A) Our EBITDA margin was 32.8% and 27.5% for the three months ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and 33.7% and 29.0% for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.
- (B) Our adjusted EBITDA margin was 37.7% and 30.3% for the three months ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and 35.6% and 30.9% for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.
- (1) Reflects transaction costs associated with the proposed acquisition of RSC.
- (2) Relates to branch closure charges and severance costs.

(3) Represents non-cash, share-based payments associated with the granting of equity instruments.

### RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES TO EBITDA AND AJUSTED EBITDA

### (In millions)

	Se	September 30, September 30, Three Months Ended December 31,			S	eptember 30, Year I Decemb	Ende	r 31,	
		2011		2010		2011		2010	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	155	\$	109	\$	608	\$	452	
Adjustments for items included in net cash provided by operating									
activities but excluded from the calculation of EBITDA:									
(Income) loss from discontinued operation, net of taxes		(1)		4				4	
Amortization of deferred financing costs and original issue		ì							
discounts		(5)		(6)		(22)		(23)	
Gain on sales of rental equipment		24		11		66		41	
(Loss) gain on sales of non-rental equipment				(1)		2			
RSC merger related costs (1)		(19)				(19)			
Restructuring charge (2)		(14)		(15)		(19)		(34)	
Stock compensation expense, net (3)		(3)		(2)		(12)		(8)	
Loss on repurchase/redemption of debt securities and ABL									
amendment (4)		(3)		(25)		(3)		(28)	
Loss on retirement of subordinated convertible debentures		(1)				(2)			
Changes in assets and liabilities		46				53		65	
Cash paid for interest, including subordinated convertible									
debentures		62		89		203		229	
Cash paid (received) for income taxes, net		4				24		(49)	
EBITDA		245		164		879		649	
Add back:									
RSC merger related costs (1)		19				19			
Restructuring charge (2)		14		15		19		34	
Stock compensation expense, net (3)		3		2		12		8	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	281	\$	181	\$	929	\$	691	

- (1) Reflects transaction costs associated with the proposed acquisition of RSC.
- (2) Relates to branch closure charges and severance costs.
- (3) Represents non-cash, share-based payments associated with the granting of equity instruments.
- (4) Reflects losses on the repurchase/retirement of debt securities and writeoffs of debt issuance costs associated with the October 2011 amendment of our ABL facility.

#### FREE CASH FLOW GAAP RECONCILIATION

### (In millions)

We define free cash flow as (i) net cash provided by operating activities less (ii) purchases of rental and non-rental equipment plus (iii) proceeds from sales of rental and non-rental equipment and excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements, net. Management believes that free cash flow provides useful additional information concerning cash flow available to meet future debt service obligations and working capital requirements. However, free cash flow is not a measure of financial performance or liquidity under GAAP. Accordingly, free cash flow should not be considered an alternative to net income (loss) or cash flow from operating activities as an indicator of operating performance or liquidity. The table below provides a reconciliation between net cash provided by operating activities and free cash flow.

	Sep	tember 30, Three Mon Decemb	ths I		S	eptember 30, d 1,		
		2011		2010		2011		2010
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	155	\$	109	\$	608	\$	452
Purchases of rental equipment		(143)		(59)		(774)		(346)
Purchases of non-rental equipment		(12)		(8)		(36)		(28)
Proceeds from sales of rental equipment		93		40		208		144
Proceeds from sales of non-rental equipment		6		1		17		7
Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements, net								(2)
Free cash flow	\$	99	\$	83	\$	23	\$	227