

CENTENE CORP  
Form S-3  
May 10, 2005  
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As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 9, 2005

Registration No. 333- \_\_\_\_\_

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# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

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## FORM S-3

### REGISTRATION STATEMENT

*UNDER*

*THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933*

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## CENTENE CORPORATION

*(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)*

**Delaware**  
*(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)*

**42-1406317**  
*(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)*

**7711 Carondelet Avenue, Suite 800**

**St. Louis, Missouri 63105**

**(314) 725-4477**

*(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)*

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**Michael F. Neidorff**

**Centene Corporation**

**7711 Carondelet Avenue, Suite 800**

**St. Louis, Missouri 63105**

**(314) 725-4477**

*(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)*

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*Copy to:*

**Mark L. Johnson, Esq.**

**Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale and Dorr LLP**

**60 State Street**

**Boston, Massachusetts 02109**

**Telephone: (617) 526-6000**

**Telecopy: (617) 526-5000**

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Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to public: As soon as practicable after this Registration Statement becomes effective.

If the only securities being registered on this form are being offered pursuant to dividend or interest reinvestment plans, please check the following box. "

If any of the securities being registered on this form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or interest reinvestment plans, check the following box. x

If this form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. " \_\_\_\_\_

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If this form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. " \_\_\_\_\_

If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, please check the following box. " \_\_\_\_\_

### CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

<b>Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered</b>	<b>Amount to be Registered</b>	<b>Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Share(1)</b>	<b>Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price(1)</b>	<b>Amount of Registration Fee</b>
Common stock, \$.001 par value per share	318,735 shares	\$28.47	\$9,074,385	\$1,069

- (1) Estimated solely for purposes of calculating the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(c) under the Securities Act and based upon the average of the high and low prices on the New York Stock Exchange on May 2, 2005.

**The registrant hereby amends this registration statement on such date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the registration statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.**

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**The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.**

**Subject to Completion, Dated May 9, 2005**

**318,735 Shares**

**Common Stock**

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This prospectus relates to resales of shares of common stock previously issued by us to Summa Health System in connection with our acquisition of assets of SummaCare, Inc., a subsidiary of Summa Health System. We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the shares.

Summa Health System, or its pledgees, donees, transferees or other successors-in-interest, may offer the shares from time to time through public or private transactions at prevailing market prices, at prices related to prevailing market prices or at privately negotiated prices.

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange and traded under the symbol **CNC**.

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*Investing in our securities involves risks. See **Risk Factors** beginning on page 3.*

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**Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.**

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Prospectus dated \_\_\_\_\_, 2005

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No dealer, salesperson or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus in connection with the offer made by this prospectus and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by Centene Corporation or any such person. Neither the delivery of this prospectus nor any sale made hereunder and thereunder shall under any circumstances create an implication that there has been no change in the affairs of Centene Corporation since the date hereof. This prospectus does not constitute an offer or solicitation by anyone in any state in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to anyone to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

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**WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION**

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements, and other information with the SEC. Our SEC filings are available to the public over the Internet at the SEC's web site at <http://www.sec.gov>. Copies of the documents we file with the SEC can be read at the SEC's public reference facility at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. You can also obtain copies of our filings at prescribed rates by writing to the Public Reference Section of the SEC at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of its public reference facility. You may also obtain copies of these documents on our website at [www.centene.com](http://www.centene.com).

We have filed this prospectus with the SEC as part of a registration statement on Form S-3 under the Securities Act. This prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement because some parts of the registration statement are omitted in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. You can obtain a copy of the registration statement from the SEC at any address listed above or from the SEC's web site.

**INCORPORATION OF DOCUMENTS BY REFERENCE**

We are incorporating by reference in this prospectus some of the documents we file with the SEC. This means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information in the documents incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus. Statements contained in documents that we file with the SEC and that are incorporated by reference in this prospectus will automatically update and supersede information contained in this prospectus, including information in previously filed documents or reports that have been incorporated by reference in this prospectus, to the extent the new information differs from or is inconsistent with the old information.

We have filed or may file the following documents with the SEC. These documents are incorporated herein by reference as of their respective dates of filing:

- (1) our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004, as filed with the SEC on February 24, 2005;
- (2) our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2005, as filed with the SEC on April 25, 2005;
- (3) our current reports on Form 8-K dated May 5 and May 9, 2005;
- (4) all our filings pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act after the date of filing of the initial registration statement and prior to the effectiveness of the registration statement;
- (5) all documents and reports that we file pursuant to Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act after the date of this prospectus are incorporated by reference in this prospectus as of the respective filing dates of these documents and reports; and
- (6) the description of our common and preferred stock purchase rights contained in our registration statement on Form 8-A filed with the SEC on December 10, 2001, as amended by our Forms 8-A/A filed with the SEC on August 30, 2002 and December 17, 2004.

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We will provide to each person, including any beneficial owner, to whom a prospectus is delivered, a copy of any or all of the information that has been incorporated by reference in this prospectus but not delivered with the prospectus. You may request, orally or in writing, a copy of these documents, which will be provided to you at no cost, by contacting our Secretary, Karey L. Witty, at Centene Corporation, Centene Place, 7711 Carondelet Avenue, Suite 800, St. Louis, Missouri 63105, telephone (314) 725-4477.

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus, including information incorporated by reference as described above, that we have specifically referred you to. We have not authorized anyone else to provide you with different information. You should not assume that the information in this prospectus is accurate as of any date other than the date on the front of those documents or that any document incorporated by reference is accurate as of any date other than its filing date. You should not consider this prospectus to be an offer or solicitation relating to the securities in any jurisdiction in which such an offer or solicitation relating to the securities is not authorized. Furthermore, you should not consider this prospectus to be an offer or solicitation relating to the securities if the person making the offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so, or if it is unlawful for you to receive such an offer or solicitation.

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**PROSPECTUS SUMMARY**

This summary highlights important features of this offering and the information included or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. This summary does not contain all of the information that you should consider before investing in our common stock. You should read the entire prospectus carefully, especially the risks of investing in our common stock discussed under Risk Factors.

**Centene Corporation**

We are a multi-line managed care organization that provides Medicaid and Medicaid-related programs to organizations and individuals through government subsidized programs, including Medicaid, Supplemental Security Income, or SSI, and the State Children's Health Insurance Program, or SCHIP. We operate health plans in seven states. In addition, we provide specialty services, including behavioral health, nurse triage and treatment compliance to our health plans as well as other healthcare organizations and state programs. We believe our local approach to managing our subsidiaries, including provider and member services, enables us to provide accessible, high quality, culturally sensitive healthcare services to our communities. Our disease management, educational and other initiatives are designed to help members best utilize the healthcare system to ensure they receive appropriate, medically necessary services and effective management of routine, severe and chronic health problems. We combine our decentralized local approach for care with a centralized infrastructure of support functions such as finance, information systems and claims processing.

We were organized in Wisconsin in 1993 and reincorporated in Delaware in 2001. We initially were formed to serve as a holding company for a Medicaid managed care line of business that has been operating in Wisconsin since 1984. Our corporate office is located at Centene Place, 7711 Carondelet Avenue, Suite 800, St. Louis, Missouri 63105, and our telephone number is (314) 725-4477. The address of our website is [www.centene.com](http://www.centene.com). The information on our website is not part of this prospectus.

CENTENE is our registered service mark, and the Centene logo is our service mark. This prospectus also contains trademarks, service marks and trade names of other companies.

**The Offering**

All of the shares are being offered by Summa Health System. Summa Health System acquired the offered shares as a result of our acquisition of the Medicaid assets of SummaCare, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Summa Health System, in May 2005. We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares in this offering.

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**RISK FACTORS**

An investment in our securities involves significant risks. You should carefully consider the risks, including the forward-looking statements made in this prospectus, as well as all of the risk factors described below before you make an investment decision pursuant to this prospectus. The risks and uncertainties we have described are not the only ones we face. The risks and uncertainties described below are those that we currently believe may materially affect our company. Additional risks and uncertainties that we are unaware of or that we currently deem immaterial also may become important factors that affect us.

**Risks Related to Being a Regulated Entity**

***Reduction in Medicaid, SCHIP and SSI Funding Could Substantially Reduce Our Profitability.***

Most of our revenues come from Medicaid, SCHIP and SSI premiums. The base premium rate paid by each state differs, depending on a combination of factors such as defined upper payment limits, a member's health status, age, gender, county or region, benefit mix and member eligibility categories. Future levels of Medicaid, SCHIP and SSI funding and premium rates may be affected by continued government efforts to contain medical costs and may further be affected by state and federal budgetary constraints. For example, in August 2004, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS, proposed a rule requiring states to estimate improper payments made under their Medicaid and SCHIP programs, report such overpayments to Congress, and, if necessary, take actions to reduce erroneous payments. In February 2005, the Bush administration called for changes in Medicaid that would cut payments for prescription drugs and give states new power to reduce or reconfigure benefits. Changes to Medicaid, SCHIP and SSI programs could reduce the number of persons enrolled or eligible, reduce the amount of reimbursement or payment levels, or increase our administrative or healthcare costs under those programs. States periodically consider reducing or reallocating the amount of money they spend for Medicaid, SCHIP and SSI. Over the past two years, the majority of states have implemented measures to restrict Medicaid, SCHIP and SSI costs and eligibility. We believe that reductions in Medicaid, SCHIP and SSI payments could substantially reduce our profitability. Further, our contracts with the states are subject to cancellation by the state after a short notice period in the event of unavailability of state funds.

***If Our Medicaid and SCHIP Contracts are Terminated or are not Renewed, Our Business will Suffer.***

We provide managed care programs and selected services to individuals receiving benefits under federal assistance programs, including Medicaid, SSI and SCHIP. We provide those healthcare services under contracts with regulatory entities in the areas in which we operate. The contracts expire on various dates between June 30, 2005 and August 31, 2007. Our contracts may be terminated if we fail to perform up to the standards set by state regulatory agencies. In addition, the Indiana contract under which we operate can be terminated by the state without cause. Our contracts are generally intended to run for two years and may be extended for one or two additional years if the state or its contractor elects to do so. When our contracts expire, they may be opened for bidding by competing healthcare providers. There is no guarantee that our contracts will be renewed or extended. If any of our contracts are terminated, not renewed, or renewed on less favorable terms, our business will suffer, and our operating results may be materially affected.

***Changes in Government Regulations Designed to Protect Providers and Members Rather than Our Stockholders Could Force Us to Change How We Operate and Could Harm Our Business.***

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Our business is extensively regulated by the states in which we operate and by the federal government. The applicable laws and regulations are subject to frequent change and generally are intended to benefit and protect health plan providers and members rather than stockholders. Changes in existing laws and rules, the enactment of new laws and rules or changing interpretations of these laws and rules could, among other things:

force us to restructure our relationships with providers within our network;

require us to implement additional or different programs and systems;

mandate minimum medical expense levels as a percentage of premiums revenues;

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restrict revenue and enrollment growth;

require us to develop plans to guard against the financial insolvency of our providers;

increase our healthcare and administrative costs;

impose additional capital and reserve requirements; and

increase or change our liability to members in the event of malpractice by our providers.

For example, Congress has considered various forms of patient protection legislation commonly known as the Patients Bill of Rights and the legislation is frequently proposed in Congress. We cannot predict the impact of this legislation, if adopted, on our business.

***Regulations May Decrease the Profitability of Our Health Plans.***

Our Texas plan is required to pay a rebate to the state in the event profits exceed established levels. Similarly, our New Jersey plan is required to pay a rebate to the state in the event its health benefits ratio is less than 80%. These regulatory requirements, changes in these requirements or the adoption of similar requirements by our other regulators may limit our ability to increase our overall profits as a percentage of revenues. The states of Indiana, New Jersey and Texas have implemented prompt-payment laws and are enforcing penalty provisions for failure to pay claims in a timely manner. Failure to meet these requirements can result in financial fines and penalties. In addition, states may attempt to reduce their contract premium rates if regulators perceive our health benefits ratio as too low. Any of these regulatory actions could harm our operating results.

Also, on January 18, 2002, CMS published a final rule that removed a provision contained in the federal Medicaid reimbursement regulations permitting states to reimburse non-state government-owned or operated hospitals for inpatient and outpatient hospital services at amounts up to 150% of a reasonable estimate of the amount that would be paid for the services furnished by these hospitals under Medicaid payment principles. The upper payment limit was reduced to 100% of Medicare payments for comparable services. This development in federal regulation decreased the profitability of our health plans.

***Failure to Comply with Government Regulations Could Subject Us to Civil and Criminal Penalties.***

Federal and state governments have enacted fraud and abuse laws and other laws to protect patients' privacy and access to healthcare. Violation of these and other laws or regulations governing our operations or the operations of our providers could result in the imposition of civil or criminal penalties, the cancellation of our contracts to provide services, the suspension or revocation of our licenses or our exclusion from participating in the Medicaid, SSI and SCHIP programs. If we were to become subject to these penalties or exclusions as the result of our actions or omissions or our inability to monitor the compliance of our providers, it would negatively affect our ability to operate our business. For example, failure to pay our providers promptly could result in the imposition of fines and other penalties. In some states, we may be subject to regulation by more than one governmental authority, which may impose overlapping or inconsistent regulations.

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The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, or HIPAA, broadened the scope of fraud and abuse laws applicable to healthcare companies. HIPAA created civil penalties for, among other things, billing for medically unnecessary goods or services. HIPAA established new enforcement mechanisms to combat fraud and abuse. Further, HIPAA imposes civil and, in some instances, criminal penalties for failure to comply with specific standards relating to the privacy, security and electronic transmission of most individually identifiable health information. It is possible that Congress may enact additional legislation in the future to increase penalties and to create a private right of action under HIPAA, which could entitle patients to seek monetary damages for violations of the privacy rules.

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### ***We will Incur Significant Increased Costs As a Result of Compliance with New Government Regulations and Our Management will be Required to Devote Substantial Time to Compliance.***

On February 20, 2003, the Department of Health and Human Services published the final HIPAA health data security regulations. These regulations require covered entities to implement administrative, physical and technical safeguards to protect electronic health information maintained or transmitted by the organization.

The issuance of future judicial or regulatory guidance regarding the interpretation of regulations, the states' ability to promulgate stricter rules, and continuing uncertainty regarding many aspects of the regulations' implementation may make compliance with the relatively new regulatory landscape difficult. For example, our existing programs and systems may not enable us to comply in all respects with the new security regulations. In order to comply with the regulatory requirements, we will be required to employ additional or different programs and systems. Further, compliance with these regulations could require changes to many of the procedures we currently use to conduct our business, which may lead to additional costs that we have not yet identified. We do not know whether, or the extent to which, we will be able to recover from the states our costs of complying with these new regulations. The new regulations and the related compliance costs could have a material adverse effect on our business.

In addition, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, as well as rules subsequently implemented by the SEC and the New York Stock Exchange, have imposed various requirements on public companies, including requiring changes in corporate governance practices. Our management and other personnel will need to devote a substantial amount of time to these compliance initiatives. Moreover, these rules and regulations will increase our legal and financial compliance costs and will make some activities more time-consuming and costly.

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires, among other things, that we maintain effective internal control over financial reporting. In particular, we must perform system and process evaluation and testing of our internal controls over financial reporting to allow management to report on the effectiveness of our internal controls over our financial reporting as required by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. Our testing, or the subsequent testing by our independent registered public accounting firm, may reveal deficiencies in our internal controls over financial reporting that are deemed to be material weaknesses. Our compliance with Section 404 requires that we incur substantial accounting expense and expend significant management efforts. Moreover, if we are not able to comply with the requirements of Section 404 in a timely manner, or if we or our independent registered public accounting firm identifies deficiencies in our internal control over financial reporting that are deemed to be material weaknesses, the market price of our stock could decline and we could be subject to sanctions or investigations by the NYSE, SEC or other regulatory authorities, which would require additional financial and management resources.

### ***Changes in Healthcare Law may Reduce Our Profitability.***

Numerous proposals relating to changes in healthcare law have been introduced, some of which have been passed by Congress and the states in which we operate or may operate in the future. Changes in applicable laws and regulations are continually being considered, and interpretations of existing laws and rules may also change from time to time. We are unable to predict what regulatory changes may occur or what effect any particular change may have on our business. For example, these changes could reduce the number of persons enrolled or eligible for Medicaid and reduce the reimbursement or payment levels for medical services. More generally, we are unable to predict whether new laws or proposals will favor or hinder the growth of managed healthcare. Legislation or regulations that require us to change our current manner of operation, provide additional benefits or change our contract arrangements may seriously harm our operations and financial results.

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***If a State Fails to Renew Its Federal Waiver Application for Mandated Medicaid Enrollment into Managed Care or such Application is Denied, Our Membership in that State will Likely Decrease.***

States may only mandate Medicaid enrollment into managed care under federal waivers or demonstrations. Waivers and programs under demonstrations are approved for two-year periods and can be renewed on an ongoing basis if the state applies. We have no control over this renewal process. If a state does not renew its mandated program or the federal government denies the state's application for renewal, our business would suffer as a result of a likely decrease in membership.

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***Changes in Federal Funding Mechanisms may Reduce Our Profitability.***

The Bush Administration has proposed a major long-term change in the way Medicaid and SCHIP are funded. The proposal, if adopted, would allow states to elect to receive, instead of federal matching funds, combined Medicaid-SCHIP allotments for acute and long-term healthcare for low-income, uninsured persons. Participating states would be given flexibility in designing their own health insurance programs, subject to federally-mandated minimum coverage requirements. It is uncertain whether this proposal will be enacted, or if so, how it may change from a similar proposal initiated by the Bush Administration in February 2003. Accordingly, it is unknown whether or how many states might elect to participate or how their participation may affect the net amount of funding available for Medicaid and SCHIP programs. If such a proposal is adopted and decreases the number of persons enrolled in Medicaid or SCHIP in the states in which we operate or reduces the volume of healthcare services provided, our growth, operations and financial performance could be adversely affected.

In April 2004, the Bush Administration adopted a new policy that seeks to reduce states' use of accounting devices such as intergovernmental transfers for the states' share of Medicaid program funding. By restricting the use of intergovernmental transfers as part of states' Medicaid contributions, this policy, if continued, may restrict some states' funding for Medicaid, which could adversely affect our growth, operations and financial performance.

In February 2005, the Bush Administration called for changes in Medicaid that would cut payments for prescription drugs and give states new power to reduce or reconfigure benefits. Any reduction or reconfiguration of state funding could adversely affect our growth, operations and financial performance.

Recent legislative changes in the Medicare program may also affect our business. For example, the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003, enacted in December 2003, will, upon taking effect in 2006, revise cost-sharing requirements for some beneficiaries and require states to reimburse the federal Medicare program for costs of prescription drug coverage provided to beneficiaries who are enrolled simultaneously in both the Medicaid and Medicare programs. These changes may reduce the availability of funding for some states' Medicaid programs, which could adversely affect our growth, operations and financial performance.

***If State Regulatory Agencies Require a Statutory Capital Level Higher than the State Regulations, We may be Required to Make Additional Capital Contributions.***

Our operations are conducted through our wholly owned subsidiaries, which include HMOs and managed care organizations, or MCOs. HMOs and MCOs are subject to state regulations that, among other things, require the maintenance of minimum levels of statutory capital, as defined by each state. Additionally, state regulatory agencies may require, at their discretion, individual HMOs to maintain statutory capital levels higher than the state regulations. If this were to occur to one of our subsidiaries, we may be required to make additional capital contributions to the affected subsidiary. Any additional capital contribution made to one of the affected subsidiaries could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and our ability to grow.

***If We are Unable to Participate in SCHIP Programs, Our Growth Rate may be Limited.***

SCHIP is a federal initiative designed to provide coverage for low-income children not otherwise covered by Medicaid or other insurance programs. The programs vary significantly from state to state. Participation in SCHIP programs is an important part of our growth strategy. If



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states do not allow us to participate or if we fail to win bids to participate, our growth strategy may be materially and adversely affected.

***If State Regulators do not Approve Payments of Dividends and Distributions by Our Subsidiaries to Us, We may not have Sufficient Funds to Implement Our Business Strategy.***

We principally operate through our health plan subsidiaries. If funds normally available to us become limited in the future, we may need to rely on dividends and distributions from our subsidiaries to fund our operations. These subsidiaries are subject to regulations that limit the amount of dividends and distributions that can be paid to us without prior approval of, or notification to, state regulators. If these regulators were to deny our subsidiaries' request to pay dividends to us, the funds available to our company as a whole would be limited, which could harm our ability to implement our business strategy.

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### **Risks Related to Our Business**

#### ***Receipt of Inadequate Premiums Would Negatively Affect Our Revenues and Profitability.***

Nearly all of our revenues are generated by premiums consisting of fixed monthly payments per member. These premiums are fixed by contract, and we are obligated during the contract periods to provide healthcare services as established by the state governments. We use a large portion of our revenues to pay the costs of healthcare services delivered to our members. If premiums do not increase when expenses related to medical services rise, our earnings will be affected negatively. In addition, our actual medical services costs may exceed our estimates, which would cause our health benefits ratio, or our expenses related to medical services as a percentage of premium revenues, to increase and our profits to decline. In addition, it is possible for a state to increase the rates payable to the hospitals without granting a corresponding increase in premiums to us. If this were to occur in one or more of the states in which we operate, our profitability would be harmed.

#### ***Failure to Effectively Manage Our Medical Costs or Related Administrative Costs Would Reduce Our Profitability.***

Our profitability depends, to a significant degree, on our ability to predict and effectively manage expenses related to health benefits. We have less control over the costs related to medical services than we do over our general and administrative expenses. Historically, our health benefits ratio has fluctuated. For example, over the last six years, our health benefits ratio has ranged from 80.7% to 88.9%. Because of the narrow margins of our health plan business, relatively small changes in our health benefits ratio can create significant changes in our financial results. Changes in healthcare regulations and practices, the level of use of healthcare services, hospital costs, pharmaceutical costs, major epidemics, new medical technologies and other external factors, including general economic conditions such as inflation levels, are beyond our control and could reduce our ability to predict and effectively control the costs of providing health benefits. We may not be able to manage costs effectively in the future. If our costs related to health benefits increase, our profits could be reduced or we may not remain profitable.

#### ***Failure to Predict Our Medical Expenses Accurately Could Negatively Affect Our Reported Results.***

Our medical expenses include estimates of claims incurred but not yet reported, or IBNR, medical expenses. We estimate our IBNR medical expenses monthly based on a number of factors. Adjustments, if necessary, are made to medical expenses in the period during which the actual claim costs are ultimately determined or when criteria used to estimate IBNR change. We cannot be sure that our IBNR estimates are adequate or that adjustments to those estimates will not harm our results of operations. From time to time in the past, our actual results have varied from our estimates, particularly in times of significant changes in the number of our members. Our failure to estimate IBNR accurately may also affect our ability to take timely corrective actions, further harming our results.

#### ***Difficulties in Executing Our Acquisition Strategy Could Adversely Affect Our Business.***

Historically, the acquisition of Medicaid businesses, contract rights and related assets of other health plans both in our existing service areas and in new markets has accounted for a significant amount of our growth. Many of the other potential purchasers of Medicaid assets have greater financial resources than we have. In addition, many of the sellers are interested either in (a) selling, along with their Medicaid assets, other assets in which we do not have an interest or (b) selling their companies, including their liabilities, as opposed to the assets of their ongoing businesses.

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We generally are required to obtain regulatory approval from one or more state agencies when making acquisitions. In the case of an acquisition of a business located in a state in which we do not currently operate, we would be required to obtain the necessary licenses to operate in that state. In addition, even if we already operate in a state in which we acquire a new business, we would be required to obtain additional regulatory approval if the acquisition would result in our operating in an area of the state in which we did not operate previously, and we could be required to renegotiate provider contracts of the acquired business. We cannot assure you that we would be able to comply with these regulatory requirements for an acquisition in a timely manner, or at all. In deciding whether to approve a proposed acquisition, state regulators may consider a number of factors outside our control, including giving preference to competing offers made by locally owned entities or by not-for-profit entities. Furthermore, our credit facility may prohibit some acquisitions without the consent of our bank lender.

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In addition to the difficulties we may face in identifying and consummating acquisitions, we will also be required to integrate and consolidate any acquired business or assets with our existing operations. This may include the integration of:

additional personnel who are not familiar with our operations and corporate culture;

existing provider networks that may operate on different terms than our existing networks;

existing members, who may decide to switch to another healthcare plan; and

disparate administrative, accounting and finance, and information systems.

Accordingly, we may be unable to identify, consummate and integrate future acquisitions successfully or operate acquired businesses profitably. We also may be unable to obtain sufficient additional capital resources for future acquisitions. If we are unable to effectively execute our acquisition strategy, our future growth will suffer and our results of operations could be harmed.

### ***If Competing Managed Care Programs are Unwilling to Purchase Specialty Services From Us, We may not be Able to Successfully Implement Our Strategy of Diversifying Our Business Lines.***

We are seeking to diversify our business lines into areas that complement our Medicaid business in order to grow our revenue stream and balance our dependence on Medicaid risk reimbursement. In 2003, for example, we acquired Cenpatico Behavioral Health, a behavioral health services company, and purchased contract and name rights of ScriptAssist, a treatment compliance company. In order to diversify our business, we must succeed in selling the services of our specialty subsidiaries not only to our managed care plans, but to programs operated by third-parties. Some of these third-party programs may compete with us in some markets, and they therefore may be unwilling to purchase specialty services from us. In any event, the offering of these services will require marketing activities that differ significantly from the manner in which we seek to increase revenues from our Medicaid programs. Our inability to market specialty services to other programs may impair our ability to execute our business strategy.

### ***Failure to Achieve Timely Profitability in any Business Would Negatively Affect Our Results of Operations.***

Start-up costs associated with a new business can be substantial. For example, in order to obtain a certificate of authority in most jurisdictions, we must first establish a provider network, have systems in place and demonstrate our ability to obtain a state contract and process claims. If we were unsuccessful in obtaining the necessary license, winning the bid to provide service or attracting members in numbers sufficient to cover our costs, any new business of ours would fail. We also could be obligated by the state to continue to provide services for some period of time without sufficient revenue to cover our ongoing costs or recover start-up costs. The expenses associated with starting up a new business could have a significant impact on our results of operations if we are unable to achieve profitable operations in a timely fashion.

### ***We Derive a Majority of Our Premium Revenues From Operations in a Small Number of States, and Our Operating Results Would be Materially Affected by a Decrease in Premium Revenues or Profitability in any One of those States.***

Operations in Indiana, Kansas, Missouri, New Jersey, Ohio, Texas and Wisconsin have accounted for most of our premium revenues to date. If we were unable to continue to operate in each of those states or if our current operations in any portion of one of those states were significantly curtailed, our revenues could decrease materially. Our reliance on operations in a limited number of states could cause our revenue and profitability to change suddenly and unexpectedly depending on legislative actions, economic conditions and similar factors in those states. Our inability to continue to operate in any of the states in which we operate would harm our business.

***Competition may Limit Our Ability to Increase Penetration of the Markets that We Serve.***

We compete for members principally on the basis of size and quality of provider network, benefits provided and quality of service. We compete with numerous types of competitors, including other health plans and traditional

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state Medicaid programs that reimburse providers as care is provided. Subject to limited exceptions by federally approved state applications, the federal government requires that there be choices for Medicaid recipients among managed care programs. Voluntary programs and mandated competition may limit our ability to increase our market share.

Some of the health plans with which we compete have greater financial and other resources and offer a broader scope of products than we do. In addition, significant merger and acquisition activity has occurred in the managed care industry, as well as in industries that act as suppliers to us, such as the hospital, physician, pharmaceutical, medical device and health information systems businesses. To the extent that competition intensifies in any market that we serve, our ability to retain or increase members and providers, or maintain or increase our revenue growth, pricing flexibility and control over medical cost trends may be adversely affected.

In addition, in order to increase our membership in the markets we currently serve, we believe that we must continue to develop and implement community-specific products, alliances with key providers and localized outreach and educational programs. If we are unable to develop and implement these initiatives, or if our competitors are more successful than we are in doing so, we may not be able to further penetrate our existing markets.

### ***If We are Unable to Maintain Satisfactory Relationships with Our Provider Networks, Our Profitability will be Harmed.***

Our profitability depends, in large part, upon our ability to contract favorably with hospitals, physicians and other healthcare providers. Our provider arrangements with our primary care physicians, specialists and hospitals generally may be cancelled by either party without cause upon 90 to 120 days prior written notice. We cannot assure you that we will be able to continue to renew our existing contracts or enter into new contracts enabling us to service our members profitably.

From time to time providers assert or threaten to assert claims seeking to terminate noncancelable agreements due to alleged actions or inactions by us. Even if these allegations represent attempts to avoid or renegotiate contractual terms that have become economically disadvantageous to the providers, it is possible that in the future a provider may pursue such a claim successfully. In addition, we are aware that other managed care organizations have been subject to class action suits by physicians with respect to claim payment procedures, and we may be subject to similar claims. Regardless of whether any claims brought against us are successful or have merit, they will still be time-consuming and costly and could distract our management's attention. As a result, we may incur significant expenses and may be unable to operate our business effectively.

We will be required to establish acceptable provider networks prior to entering new markets. We may be unable to enter into agreements with providers in new markets on a timely basis or under favorable terms.

If we are unable to retain our current provider contracts or enter into new provider contracts timely or on favorable terms, our profitability will be harmed.

### ***Changes in Stock Option Accounting Rules may have a Significant Adverse Affect on Our Operating Results.***

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We have a history of using broad based employee stock option programs to hire, incentivize and retain our workforce in a competitive marketplace. Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, allows companies the choice of either using a fair value method of accounting for options that would result in expense recognition for all options granted, or using an intrinsic value method, as prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, or APB 25, with a pro forma disclosure of the impact on net income (loss) of using the fair value option expense recognition method. We have previously elected to apply APB 25 and accordingly we generally have not recognized any expense with respect to employee stock options as long as such options are granted at exercise prices equal to the fair value of our common stock on the date of grant.

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), Share Based Payment, which would require all companies to measure compensation cost for all share-based payments, including employee stock options, at fair value. This statement is effective for public companies for interim or

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annual periods beginning after June 15, 2005. We are currently evaluating the effect that the adoption of this Statement will have on our financial position and results of operations. We believe, however, that our adoption of this standard will adversely affect our operating results in future periods.

### ***We may be Unable to Attract and Retain Key Personnel.***

We are highly dependent on our ability to attract and retain qualified personnel to operate and expand our business. If we lose one or more members of our senior management team, including our chief executive officer, Michael F. Neidorff, who has been instrumental in developing our business strategy and forging our business relationships, our business and operating results could be harmed. Our ability to replace any departed members of our senior management or other key employees may be difficult and may take an extended period of time because of the limited number of individuals in the Medicaid managed care and specialty services industry with the breadth of skills and experience required to operate and successfully expand a business such as ours. Competition to hire from this limited pool is intense, and we may be unable to hire, train, retain or motivate these personnel.

### ***Negative Publicity Regarding the Managed Care Industry may Harm Our Business and Operating Results.***

The managed care industry has received negative publicity. This publicity has led to increased legislation, regulation, review of industry practices and private litigation in the commercial sector. These factors may adversely affect our ability to market our services, require us to change our services, and increase the regulatory burdens under which we operate. Any of these factors may increase the costs of doing business and adversely affect our operating results.

### ***Claims Relating to Medical Malpractice Could Cause Us to Incur Significant Expenses.***

Our providers and employees involved in medical care decisions may be subject to medical malpractice claims. In addition, some states, including Texas, have adopted legislation that permits managed care organizations to be held liable for negligent treatment decisions or benefits coverage determinations. Claims of this nature, if successful, could result in substantial damage awards against us and our providers that could exceed the limits of any applicable insurance coverage. Therefore, successful malpractice or tort claims asserted against us, our providers or our employees could adversely affect our financial condition and profitability. Even if any claims brought against us are unsuccessful or without merit, they would still be time-consuming and costly and could distract our management's attention. As a result, we may incur significant expenses and may be unable to operate our business effectively.

### ***Loss of Providers Due to Increased Insurance Costs Could Adversely Affect Our Business.***

Our providers routinely purchase insurance to help protect themselves against medical malpractice claims. In recent years, the costs of maintaining commercially reasonable levels of such insurance have increased dramatically, and these costs are expected to increase to even greater levels in the future. As a result of the level of these costs, providers may decide to leave the practice of medicine or to limit their practice to certain areas, which may not address the needs of Medicaid participants. We rely on retaining a sufficient number of providers in order to maintain a certain level of service. If a significant number of our providers exit our provider networks or the practice of medicine generally, we may be unable to replace them in a timely manner, if at all, and our business could be adversely affected.



***Growth in the Number of Medicaid-Eligible Persons During Economic Downturns Could Cause Our Operating Results and Stock Prices to Suffer if State and Federal Budgets Decrease or do not Increase.***

Less favorable economic conditions may cause our membership to increase as more people become eligible to receive Medicaid benefits. During such economic downturns, however, state and federal budgets could decrease, causing states to attempt to cut healthcare programs, benefits and rates. We cannot predict the impact of changes in the United States economic environment or other economic or political events, including acts of terrorism or related military action, on federal or state funding of healthcare programs or on the size of the population eligible for the programs we operate. If federal funding decreases or remains unchanged while our membership increases, our results of operations will suffer.

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### ***Growth in the Number of Medicaid-Eligible Persons may be Countercyclical, which Could Cause Our Operating Results to Suffer When General Economic Conditions are Improving.***

Historically, the number of persons eligible to receive Medicaid benefits has increased more rapidly during periods of rising unemployment, corresponding to less favorable general economic conditions. Conversely, this number may grow more slowly or even decline if economic conditions improve. Therefore, improvements in general economic conditions may cause our membership levels to decrease, thereby causing our operating results to suffer, which could lead to decreases in our stock price during periods in which stock prices in general are increasing.

### ***We Intend to Expand Our Medicaid Managed Care Business Primarily into Markets Where Medicaid Recipients are Required to Enroll in Managed Care Plans.***

We expect to continue to focus our business in states in which Medicaid enrollment in managed care is mandatory. Currently, approximately two-thirds of the states require health plan enrollment for Medicaid eligible participants in all or a portion of their counties. The programs are voluntary in other states. Because we concentrate on markets with mandatory enrollment, we expect the geographic expansion of our Medicaid Managed Care segment to be limited to those states.

### ***If We are Unable to Integrate and Manage Our Information Systems Effectively, Our Operations Could be Disrupted.***

Our operations depend significantly on effective information systems. The information gathered and processed by our information systems assists us in, among other things, monitoring utilization and other cost factors, processing provider claims, and providing data to our regulators. Our providers also depend upon our information systems for membership verifications, claims status and other information.

Our information systems and applications require continual maintenance, upgrading and enhancement to meet our operational needs. Moreover, our acquisition activity requires frequent transitions to or from, and the integration of, various information systems. We regularly upgrade and expand our information systems capabilities. If we experience difficulties with the transition to or from information systems or are unable to properly maintain or expand our information systems, we could suffer, among other things, from operational disruptions, loss of existing members and difficulty in attracting new members, regulatory problems and increases in administrative expenses. In addition, our ability to integrate and manage our information systems may be impaired as the result of events outside our control, including acts of nature, such as earthquakes or fires, or acts of terrorists.

### ***We Rely on the Accuracy of Eligibility Lists Provided by State Governments. Inaccuracies in those Lists Would Negatively Affect Our Results of Operations.***

Premium payments to us are based upon eligibility lists produced by state governments. From time-to-time, states require us to reimburse them for premiums paid to us based on an eligibility list that a state later discovers contains individuals who are not in fact eligible for a government sponsored program or are eligible for a different premium category or a different program. Alternatively, a state could fail to pay us for members for whom we are entitled to payment. Our results of operations would be adversely affected as a result of such reimbursement to the state if we had made related payments to providers and were unable to recoup such payments from the providers.

*We may not be Able to Obtain or Maintain Adequate Insurance.*

We maintain liability insurance, subject to limits and deductibles, for claims that could result from providing or failing to provide managed care and related services. These claims could be substantial. We believe that our present insurance coverage and reserves are adequate to cover currently estimated exposures. We cannot assure you that we will be able to obtain adequate insurance coverage in the future at acceptable costs or that we will not incur significant liabilities in excess of policy limits.

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**SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION**

This prospectus and the documents we incorporate by reference in this prospectus contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, that we include in this prospectus and in the documents we incorporate by reference in this prospectus, may be deemed forward-looking statements for purposes of the Securities Act and the Securities Exchange Act. We use the words anticipate, believe, estimate, expect, intend, may, project, will, would and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. We cannot guarantee that we actually will achieve the plans, intentions or expectations disclosed in our forward-looking statements and, accordingly, you should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. There are a number of important factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from the forward-looking statements that we make, including the factors included in the documents we incorporate by reference in this prospectus. You should read these factors and the other cautionary statements made in the documents we incorporate by reference as being applicable to all related forward-looking statements wherever they appear in this prospectus and any document incorporated by reference. We caution you that we do not undertake any obligation to update forward-looking statements made by us.

**USE OF PROCEEDS**

All of the shares of common stock are being offered by Summa Health System. For information about Summa Health System, see Selling Stockholder. We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of shares by Summa Health System.

Summa Health System will pay any underwriting discounts and commissions and expenses incurred by it for brokerage, accounting, tax or legal services or any other expenses incurred by it in disposing of the offered shares. We will bear all other costs, fees and expenses incurred in effecting the registration of the shares covered by this prospectus, including all registration and filing fees, New York Stock Exchange listing fees, and fees and expenses of our counsel and our independent registered public accounting firm.

**Table of Contents****SELLING STOCKHOLDER**

We issued the shares of common stock covered by this prospectus to Summa Health System in a private placement effected in connection with our acquisition of the Medicaid assets of SummaCare, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Summa Health System, in May 2005. The following table sets forth, to our knowledge, information about Summa Health System, the selling stockholder, as of May 4, 2005.

Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC, and includes voting or investment power with respect to shares. Unless otherwise indicated below, to our knowledge, Summa Health System has sole voting and investment power with respect to its shares of common stock, except to the extent authority is shared under applicable law. The inclusion of any shares in this table does not constitute an admission of beneficial ownership.

Name of Selling Stockholder	Shares of		Number of Shares of		Shares of	
	Common Stock		Common Stock Being		Common Stock	
	Beneficially Owned		Common Stock Being		to be Beneficially	
	Prior to Offering		Offered		After Offering	
	Number	Percentage	Beneficially	Held of	Number	Percentage
			Owned	Record		
Summa Health System	318,735	*	318,735	318,735		

\* Represents less than 1% of outstanding shares of common stock.

We do not know when or in what amounts Summa Health System may offer shares for sale. Summa Health System may choose not to sell any of the shares offered by this prospectus. Because Summa Health System may offer all or some of the shares pursuant to this offering, and because there are currently no agreements, arrangements or understandings with respect to the sale of any of the shares, we cannot estimate the number of the shares that Summa Health System will hold after completion of the offering. For purposes of this table, we have assumed that Summa Health System will sell all of the shares covered by this prospectus.

Neither Summa Health System nor any of its affiliates has held any position or office with, or has otherwise had a material relationship with, us or any of our subsidiaries within the past three years, except that we entered into a provider arrangement with Summa Health System in December of 2004.

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**PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION**

The shares covered by this prospectus may be offered and sold from time to time by Summa Health System. For purposes of the following description, the term "selling stockholder" includes donees, pledgees, transferees or other successors-in-interest selling shares received after the date of this prospectus from Summa Health System as a gift, pledge, partnership distribution or other non-sale related transfer. The selling stockholder will act independently of us in making decisions with respect to the timing, manner and size of each sale. Such sales may be made on one or more exchanges or in the over-the-counter market or otherwise, at prices and under terms then prevailing or at prices related to the then current market price or in negotiated transactions. The selling stockholder may sell their shares by one or more of, or a combination of, the following methods:

purchases by a broker-dealer as principal and resale by such broker-dealer for its own account pursuant to this prospectus;

ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker solicits purchasers;

block trades in which the broker-dealer so engaged will attempt to sell the shares as agent but may position and resell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction;

an over-the-counter distribution in accordance with the rules of the New York Stock Exchange;

in privately negotiated transactions; and

in options transactions.

In addition, any shares that qualify for sale pursuant to Rule 144 may be sold under Rule 144 rather than pursuant to this prospectus.

To the extent required, this prospectus may be amended or supplemented from time to time to describe a specific plan of distribution. In connection with distributions of the shares or otherwise, the selling stockholder may enter into hedging transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions. In connection with those transactions, broker-dealers or other financial institutions may engage in short sales of the common stock in the course of hedging the positions they assume with selling stockholder. The selling stockholder also may sell the common stock short and redeliver the shares to close out such short positions. The selling stockholder also may enter into option or other transactions with broker-dealers or other financial institutions that require the delivery to the broker-dealer or other financial institution of shares offered by this prospectus, which shares the broker-dealer or other financial institution may resell pursuant to this prospectus (as supplemented or amended to reflect such transaction). The selling stockholder also may pledge shares to a broker-dealer or other financial institution, and, upon a default, such broker-dealer or other financial institution, may effect sales of the pledged shares pursuant to this prospectus (as supplemented or amended to reflect such transaction).

In effecting sales, broker-dealers or agents engaged by the selling stockholder may arrange for other broker-dealers to participate. Broker-dealers or agents may receive commissions, discounts or concessions from the selling stockholder in amounts to be negotiated immediately prior to the sale.

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In offering the shares covered by this prospectus, the selling stockholder and any broker-dealers who execute sales for the selling stockholder may be deemed to be underwriters within the meaning of the Securities Act in connection with such sales. Any profits realized by the selling stockholder and the compensation of any broker-dealer may be deemed to be underwriting discounts and commissions.

In order to comply with the securities laws of some states, if applicable, the shares must be sold in such jurisdictions only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers. In addition, in some states the shares may not be sold unless they have been registered or qualified for sale in the applicable state or an exemption from the registration or qualification requirement is available and is complied with.

We have advised the selling stockholder that the anti-manipulation rules of Regulation M under the Securities and Exchange Act may apply to sales of shares in the market and to the activities of the selling stockholder and their affiliates. In addition, we will make copies of this prospectus available to the selling stockholder for the purpose of satisfying the prospectus delivery requirements of the Securities Act. The selling stockholder may indemnify any

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broker-dealer that participates in transactions involving the sale of the shares against some types of liabilities, including liabilities arising under the Securities Act.

At the time a particular offer of shares is made, if required, a prospectus supplement will be distributed that will set forth the number of shares being offered and the terms of the offering, including the name of any underwriter, dealer or agent, the purchase price paid by any underwriter, any discount, commission and other item constituting compensation, any discount, commission or concession allowed or reallocated or paid to any dealer, and the proposed selling price to the public.

We have agreed to indemnify the selling stockholder against specified liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

We have agreed with the selling stockholder to keep the registration statement of which this prospectus constitutes a part effective until the earlier of (i) such time as all of the shares covered by this prospectus have been disposed of pursuant to and in accordance with the registration statement and (ii) one year after the date of the prospectus (or such later date as of which we no longer have any other secondary shelf registration statement in effect).

**LEGAL MATTERS**

The validity of the common stock offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale and Dorr LLP.

**EXPERTS**

The financial statements and management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting (which is included in Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting) incorporated in this Prospectus by reference to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.



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**Table of Contents****PART II****INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS****Item 14. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution.**

The following table sets forth the various expenses to be incurred in connection with the sale and distribution of the securities being registered hereby, all of which will be borne by the registrant (except any underwriting discounts and commissions and expenses incurred by any selling stockholder for brokerage, accounting, tax or legal services or any other expenses incurred by any selling stockholder in disposing of the shares). All amounts shown are estimates except the Securities and Exchange Commission registration fee.

SEC registration fee	\$ 1,069
Legal fees and expenses	5,000
Accounting fees and expenses	4,700
Printing, EDGAR formatting and mailing expenses	1,500
Miscellaneous expenses	731
	<hr/>
Total expenses	\$ 13,000
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**Item 15. Indemnification of Directors and Officers.**

Section 102 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, as amended, or the DGCL, allows a corporation to eliminate or limit the personal liability of a director of a corporation to the corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except where the director breached his duty of loyalty, failed to act in good faith, engaged in intentional misconduct or knowingly violated a law, authorized the payment of a dividend or approved a stock repurchase in violation of Delaware corporate law or obtained an improper personal benefit.

Section 145 of the DGCL provides, among other things, that we may indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding (other than an action by us or in our right) by reason of the fact that the person is or was one of our directors, officers, agents or employees or is or was serving at our request as a director, officer, agent, or employee of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by the person in connection with such action, suit or proceeding. The power to indemnify applies (a) if such person is successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action, suit or proceeding, or (b) if such person acted in good faith and in a manner which the person reasonably believed to be in our best interest, or not opposed to our best interest, and with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe such conduct was unlawful. The power to indemnify applies to actions brought by us or in our right as well but only to the extent of defense expenses (including attorneys' fees but excluding amounts paid in settlement) actually and reasonably incurred and not to any satisfaction of judgment or settlement of the claim itself, and with the further limitation that in such actions no indemnification shall be made in the event of any adjudication of negligence or misconduct in the performance of his duties to us, unless the court believes that in light of all the circumstances indemnification should apply.

Section 174 of the DGCL provides, among other things, that a director, who willfully or negligently approves of an unlawful payment of dividends or an unlawful stock purchase or redemption, may be held liable for such actions. A director who was either absent when the unlawful

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actions were approved or dissented at the time, may avoid liability by causing his or her dissent to such actions to be entered in the books containing the minutes of the meetings of the board of directors at the time such action occurred or immediately after such absent director receives notice of the unlawful acts.

As permitted under Delaware law, our certificate of incorporation includes a provision that eliminates the personal liability of our directors for monetary damages for breach of fiduciary duty as a director, except for liability for:

any breach of the director's duty of loyalty to us or our stockholders;

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acts or omissions not in good faith or that involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law;

unlawful payments of dividends or unlawful stock re-purchases or redemptions; or

any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

Our by-laws further provide that:

we must indemnify our directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law;

we may indemnify our other employees and agents to the same extent that we indemnified our officers and directors, unless otherwise determined by our board of directors; and

we must advance expenses, as incurred, to our directors and executive officers in connection with a legal proceeding to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law.

The indemnification provisions contained in our certificate of incorporation and by-laws are not exclusive of any other rights to which a person may be entitled by law, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise. In addition, we maintain general liability insurance on behalf of our directors and executive officers insuring them against any liability asserted against them based on acts or omissions in their capacities as directors or officers or arising out of such status.

**Item 16. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.**

Exhibit Number	Description	Filed With This Form S-3	Incorporated by Reference		Exhibit Number
			Form	Filing Date With SEC	
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of Centene Corporation.		S-1	October 9, 2001	3.2
3.1a	Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on November 8, 2001.		S-1	November 13, 2001	3.2a
3.1b	Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on May 7, 2004.		10-Q	July 26, 2004	3.1b
3.1c	Certificate of Designations of Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on August 30, 2002.		8-K	December 17, 2004	3.1

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3.1d	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Designations of Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on December 15, 2004.	8-K	December 17, 2004	3.2
3.2	By-Laws of Centene Corporation	S-1	October 9, 2001	3.2
4.1	Specimen common stock certificate for shares of common stock, \$.001 par value, of Centene Corporation.	S-1/A	November 13, 2001	4.1
4.2	Amended and Restated Shareholders Agreement, dated as of September 23, 1998.	S-1	October 9, 2001	4.2
4.3	Rights Agreement between Centene Corporation and Mellon Investor Services LLC, as Rights Agent, dated as of August 30, 2002.	8-K	August 30, 2002	4.1

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Exhibit Number	Description	Filed With This Form S-3	Incorporated by Reference		Exhibit Number
			Form	Filing Date With SEC	
5.1	Opinion of Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale and Dorr LLP.	X			
23.1	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.	X			
23.2	Consent of Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale and Dorr LLP (included in Exhibit 5.1).	X			
24.1	Power of Attorney (included on page II-6 of this registration statement).				
99.1	Registration Agreement, dated as of December 21, 2004, between Centene Corporation and Summa Health System.		10-Q	April 25, 2005	4.1
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**Item 17. Undertakings.**

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

(1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:

(i) To include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933;

(ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of this registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in this registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in the volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than 20 percent change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the Calculation of Registration Fee table in the effective registration statement; and

(iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in this registration statement or any material change to such information in this registration statement;

*provided, however*, that paragraphs (1)(i) and (1)(ii) do not apply if the registration statement is on Form S-3, Form S-8 or Form F-3 and the information required to be included in a post-effective amendment by those paragraphs is contained in periodic reports filed with or furnished to the Commission by the registrant pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that are incorporated by reference in this registration statement.

(2) That, for the purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at the time shall be deemed to be the initial *bona fide* offering thereof.

(3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each filing of the registrant's annual report pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (and, where applicable, each filing of an employee benefit plan's annual report pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) that is incorporated by reference in this registration statement shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein and the offering of such securities at the time shall be deemed to be the initial *bona fide* offering thereof.

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Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the forgoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and is, therefor, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form S-3 and has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, as of May 9, 2005.

CENTENE CORPORATION

By: /s/ Michael F. Neidorff  
Michael F. Neidorff  
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

We, the undersigned officers and directors of Centene Corporation, hereby severally constitute and appoint Michael F. Neidorff and Karey L. Witty, and each of them singly, our true and lawful attorneys with full power to any of them, and to each of them singly, to sign for us and in our names in the capacities indicated below the registration statement on Form S-3 filed herewith and any and all pre-effective and post-effective amendments to said registration statement and generally to do all such things in our name and behalf in our capacities as officers and directors to enable Centene Corporation to comply with the provisions of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and all requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby ratifying and confirming our signatures as they may be signed by our said attorneys, or any of them, to said registration statement and any and all amendments thereto.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities indicated as of May 9, 2005.

<b><u>Signature</u></b>	<b><u>Title</u></b>
<u>/s/ Michael F. Neidorff</u> Michael F. Neidorff	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer <i>(Principal Executive Officer)</i>
<u>/s/ Karey L. Witty</u> Karey L. Witty	Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer <i>(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)</i>
<u>/s/ Steve Bartlett</u> Steve Bartlett	Director
<u>/s/ Robert K. Ditmore</u> Robert K. Ditmore	Director
<u>/s/ John R. Roberts</u> John R. Roberts	Director

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John R. Roberts

/s/ David L. Steward

Director

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David L. Steward

Director

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Tommy G. Thompson

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<b>Exhibit</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Filed With</b>	<b>Incorporated by Reference</b>		
			<b>Form</b>	<b>Filing Date With SEC</b>	
<b>Number</b>		<b>This Form S-3</b>			<b>Exhibit Number</b>
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of Centene Corporation.		S-1	October 9, 2001	3.2
3.1a	Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on November 8, 2001.		S-1	November 13, 2001	3.2a
3.1b	Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on May 7, 2004.		10-Q	July 26, 2004	3.1b
3.1c	Certificate of Designations of Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on August 30, 2002.		8-K	December 17, 2004	3.1
3.1d	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Designations of Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock, as filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on December 15, 2004.		8-K	December 17, 2004	3.2
3.2	By-Laws of Centene Corporation.		S-1	October 9, 2001	3.2
4.1	Specimen common stock certificate for shares of common stock, \$.001 par value, of Centene Corporation.		S-1/A	November 13, 2001	4.1
4.2	Amended and Restated Shareholders Agreement, dated as of September 23, 1998.		S-1	October 9, 2001	4.2
4.3	Rights Agreement between Centene Corporation and Mellon Investor Services LLC, as Rights Agent, dated as of August 30, 2002.		8-K	August 30, 2002	4.1
5.1	Opinion of Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale and Dorr LLP.	X			
23.1	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.	X			
23.2	Consent of Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale and Dorr LLP (included in Exhibit 5.1).	X			
24.1	Power of Attorney (included on page II-6 of this registration statement).				
99.1	Registration Agreement, dated as of December 21, 2004, between Centene Corporation and Summa Health System.		10-Q	April 25, 2005	4.1