

IGI LABORATORIES, INC  
Form 10-Q  
May 11, 2015

**UNITED STATES**

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

**Washington, DC 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  
ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT  
OF 1934**

**For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_**

**Commission File Number 001-08568**

**IGI Laboratories, Inc.**

*(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)*

**Delaware**  
*(State or other Jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)*

**01-0355758**  
*(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)*

**105 Lincoln Avenue**



## PART I

## FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. Financial Statements

**IGI LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
**For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014**  
**(in thousands, except shares and per share information)**  
**(Unaudited)**

	<b>March 31, 2015</b>	<b>March 31, 2014</b>
Revenues:		
Product sales, net	\$10,510	\$6,383
Research and development income	51	313
Licensing, royalty and other revenue	110	157
Total revenues	10,671	6,853
Costs and Expenses:		
Cost of revenues	5,043	3,987
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,900	1,282
Product development and research expenses	2,630	1,365
Total costs and expenses	9,573	6,634
Operating income	1,098	219
Other Income (Expense):		
Change in the fair value of derivative liability	8,625	-
Interest and other expense, net	(3,168)	(52)
Income before income tax expense	6,555	167
Income tax expense	-	-
Net income	\$6,555	\$167
Basic earnings per share	\$0.12	\$0.00
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.01	\$0.00
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding:		
Basic	52,841,900	46,826,733
Diluted	67,210,177	48,529,603

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

**IGI LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
(in thousands, except share and per share information)

	<b>March 31, 2015 (Unaudited)</b>	<b>December 31, 2014*</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 157,031	\$ 158,883
Accounts receivable, net	16,305	14,366
Inventories	3,722	2,784
Prepaid expenses and other receivables	1,336	1,185
Total current assets	178,394	177,218
Property, plant and equipment, net	3,355	3,262
Product acquisition costs, net	12,074	10,604
Debt issuance costs, net	4,946	5,132
Other	834	862
Total assets	\$ 199,603	\$ 197,078
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,551	\$ 1,643
Accrued expenses	6,591	5,141
Payable for product acquisition costs	6,000	6,000
Deferred income, current	27	87
Capital lease obligation, current	129	131
Total current liabilities	15,298	13,002
Convertible 3.75% senior notes, net of debt discount (face of \$143,750)	101,901	100,311
Fair value of derivative liability - convertible 3.75% senior notes	32,775	41,400
Note payable, bank	3,160	3,160
Other long term liabilities	40	71
Total liabilities	153,174	157,944
Stockholders' equity:		
Series A Convertible Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 100 shares authorized; 0 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	-	-
Series C Convertible Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 1,550 shares authorized; 0 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	-	-
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 60,000,000 shares authorized; 52,859,953 and 52,819,787 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	548	548
Additional paid-in capital	78,912	78,172
Accumulated deficit	(33,031	) (39,586 )

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Total stockholders' equity	46,429	39,134
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 199,603	\$ 197,078

\*Derived from the audited December 31, 2014 financial statements

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

**IGI LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014**  
**(in thousands)**  
**(Unaudited)**

	<b>March 31,</b>	<b>March 31,</b>
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net income	\$ 6,555	\$ 167
Reconciliation of net income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets	118	93
Amortization of license fee	25	25
Stock based compensation	378	259
Amortization of debt issuance costs	195	8
Amortization of product acquisition costs	30	30
Provision for write down of inventory	-	14
Amortization of debt discount on convertible 3.75% senior notes	1,590	-
Change in the fair value of derivative liability	(8,625 )	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	(1,939 )	827
Inventories	(938 )	194
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(148 )	(50 )
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,705	(1,095 )
Deferred income	(60 )	(409 )
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(114 )	63
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Product acquisition costs	(1,500 )	-
Capital expenditures	(211 )	(68 )
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,711 )	(68 )
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Proceeds from exercise of common stock options and warrants	15	327
Principal payments on capital lease obligations	(33 )	(6 )
Debt issuance costs	(9 )	-
Costs related to stock issuance	-	(3 )
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(27 )	318
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,852 )	313
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	158,883	2,101
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 157,031	\$ 2,414

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Supplemental Cash flow information:

Cash payments for interest	\$ 49	\$ 54
Cash payments for income taxes	45	7

Non cash investing and financing transactions:

Issuance of restricted stock	\$ 347	\$ -
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

**IGI LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**  
**For the three months ended March 31, 2015**  
**(in thousands, except share information)**  
**(Unaudited)**

	<b>Common Stock Shares</b>	<b>Common Stock Amount</b>	<b>Additional Paid-In Capital</b>	<b>Accumulated Deficit</b>	<b>Total Stockholders' Equity</b>
Balance, December 31, 2014	52,819,787	\$ 548	\$ 78,172	\$ (39,586)	) \$ 39,134
Stock based compensation expense			378		378
Stock options exercised	7,666		15		15
Issuance of restricted stock	32,500		347		347
Net income	-	-	-	6,555	6,555
Balance, March 31, 2015	52,859,953	\$ 548	\$ 78,912	\$ (33,031)	) \$ 46,429

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

**IGI LABORATORIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO (UNAUDITED) CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

*The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”), for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8-03 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, as updated by other reports we may file from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2014 has been derived from those audited consolidated financial statements. Operating results for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2015.*

**1. Organization and Business**

IGI Laboratories, Inc. is a Delaware corporation incorporated in 1977. The Company’s office, laboratories and manufacturing facilities are located at 105 Lincoln Avenue, Buena, New Jersey. The Company is a specialty generic pharmaceutical company. The Company’s mission is to become a leader in the specialty generic pharmaceutical market. Under its own label, the Company currently sells generic topical pharmaceutical products that are bioequivalent to their brand name counterparts. The Company also provides development, formulation and manufacturing services to the pharmaceutical, over-the-counter, or (“OTC”) and cosmetic markets.

## **2. Liquidity**

The Company's principal sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$157 million at March 31, 2015, the \$6.8 million available under the \$10 million credit facility detailed below and cash from operations. The Company will be required to pay up to an additional aggregate of \$6 million, payable at the time of the Company's first filing with the FDA related to any asset purchased from AstraZeneca (see Note 14).

On December 10, 2014, the Company entered into a purchase agreement (the "Purchase Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell its 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2019 (the "Notes"). The Company received net proceeds of approximately \$139 million after expenses of approximately \$4.8 million upon completion of the transaction. (See Note 6)

The Company may require additional funding and this funding will depend, in part, on the timing and structure of potential business arrangements. If necessary, the Company may continue to seek to raise additional capital through the sale of its equity or through a strategic alliance with a third party. There may also be additional acquisition and growth opportunities that may require external financing. There can be no assurance that such financing will be available on terms acceptable to the Company, or at all. The Company also has the ability to defer certain product development and other programs, if necessary. The Company believes that our existing capital resources will be sufficient to support its current business plan and operations beyond May 2016.

## **3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include valuation of the derivative liability, sales returns and allowances ("SRA"), allowances for excess and obsolete inventories, allowances for doubtful accounts, provisions for income taxes and related deferred tax asset valuation allowances, stock based compensation and accruals for environmental cleanup and remediation costs.

### **Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, restricted cash, notes payable, accounts payable, capital leases and other accrued liabilities at March 31, 2015 approximate their fair value for all periods presented. The Company measures fair value in accordance with ASC 820-10, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures". ASC 820-10 clarifies that fair value is an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or a liability. As a basis for considering such assumptions, ASC 820-10 establishes a three-tier value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in the valuation methodologies in measuring fair value:

Level 1 Inputs: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities accessible to the reporting entity at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs: Other than quoted prices included in Level 1 inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability used to measure fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at measurement date. The fair value hierarchy also requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

The Company measures its derivative liability at fair value. The derivative convertible option related to Convertible Notes issued December 16, 2014 was valued using the “with” and “without” analysis. A “with” and “without” analysis is a standard valuation technique for valuing embedded derivatives by first considering the value of the Convertible Notes with the option and then considering the value of the Convertible Notes without the option. The difference is the fair value of the embedded derivatives. The convertible note derivative is classified within Level 3 because it is valued using the “with” and “without” method, which does utilize inputs that are unobservable in the market.

The following table presents the Company’s assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2015:

Derivative liabilities on account of convertible notes	Balance	Fair value measurement at reporting date using (in thousands)		
		Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
As of March 31, 2015	\$32,775	-	-	\$ 32,775

Based on the closing price of the Company's common stock as of March 31, 2015, the fair value of the Notes was approximately \$132.9 million compared to their face value of \$143.75 million as of March 31, 2015. However, this variance is due to the conversion feature in the Notes rather than to changes in market interest rates. The Notes carry a fixed interest rate and therefore do not subject the Company to interest rate risk. As a result in the change in fair value, the Company recorded an \$8.6 million change in the fair value of the derivative liability on the consolidated statements of operations.

**Net Earnings Per Share**

Basic net income per share of common stock is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per share of common stock is computed using the weighted average number of shares of common stock and potential dilutive common stock equivalents outstanding during the period. Potential dilutive common stock equivalents include shares issuable upon the conversion of the convertible 3.75% senior Notes and the exercise of options and warrants.

**For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014**  
**(in thousands except shares and per share data)**

	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
<b>Basic earnings per share computation:</b>		
Net income - basic	\$6,555	\$ 167
Weighted average common shares - basic	52,841,900	46,826,733
Basic earnings per share	\$0.12	\$0.00
<b>Dilutive earnings per share computation:</b>		
Net income - basic	\$6,555	\$ 167
Interest expense related to convertible 3.75% senior notes	1,348	-
Amortization of discount related to convertible 3.75% senior notes	1,590	-
Change in the fair value of derivative liability	(8,625 )	-
Net income - diluted	\$868	\$ 167
<b>Share Computation:</b>		
Weighted average common shares - basic	52,841,900	46,826,733
Effect of convertible 3.75% senior notes	12,732,168	-
Effect of dilutive stock options and warrants	1,636,109	1,702,870
Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted	67,210,177	48,529,603
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.01	\$0.00

**Revenue Recognition**

The Company considers revenue realized or realizable and earned when it has persuasive evidence of an arrangement, delivery has occurred or contractual services rendered, the sales price is fixed or determinable, and collection is reasonably assured in conformity with ASC 605, "Revenue Recognition".

The Company derives its revenues from three basic types of transactions: sales of its own generic pharmaceutical topical products, sales of manufactured product for its customers included in product sales, and research and product development services performed for third parties. Due to differences in the substance of these transaction types, the transactions require, and the Company utilizes, different revenue recognition policies for each.

**Product Sales: Product Sales includes IGI Product Sales and Contract Manufacturing Sales.**

**IGI Product Sales:** The Company records revenue from IGI product sales when title and risk of ownership have been transferred to the customer, which is typically upon delivery of products to the customer.



*Revenue and Provision for Sales Returns and Allowances*

As customary in the pharmaceutical industry, the Company's gross product sales from IGI label products are subject to a variety of deductions in arriving at reported net product sales. When the Company recognizes revenue from the sale of products, an estimate of SRA is recorded, which reduces product sales. Accounts receivable and/or accrued expenses are also reduced and/or increased by the SRA amount. These adjustments include estimates for chargebacks, rebates, cash discounts and returns and other allowances. These provisions are estimates based on historical payment experience, historical relationship to revenues, estimated customer inventory levels and current contract sales terms with direct and indirect customers. The estimation process used to determine our SRA provision has been applied on a consistent basis and no material adjustments have been necessary to increase or decrease our reserves for SRA as a result of a significant change in underlying estimates. The Company will use a variety of methods to assess the adequacy of our SRA reserves to ensure that our financial statements are fairly stated. These will include periodic reviews of customer inventory data, customer contract programs, subsequent actual payment experience, and product pricing trends to analyze and validate the SRA reserves.

The provision for chargebacks is our most significant sales allowance. A chargeback represents an amount payable in the future to a wholesaler for the difference between the invoice price paid to the Company by our wholesale customer for a particular product and the negotiated contract price that the wholesaler's customer pays for that product. The Company's chargeback provision and related reserve varies with changes in product mix, changes in customer pricing and changes to estimated wholesaler inventories. The provision for chargebacks also takes into account an estimate of the expected wholesaler sell-through levels to indirect customers at contract prices. The Company will validate the chargeback accrual quarterly through a review of the inventory reports obtained from our largest wholesale customers. This customer inventory information is used to verify the estimated liability for future chargeback claims based on historical chargeback and contract rates. These large wholesalers represent 90% - 95% of the Company's chargeback payments. The Company continually monitors current pricing trends and wholesaler inventory levels to ensure the liability for future chargebacks is fairly stated.

Net revenues and accounts receivable balances in the Company's consolidated financial statements are presented net of SRA estimates. Certain SRA balances are included in accounts payable and accrued expenses.

**Gross-To-Net Sales Deductions**

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
	(in thousands)	
Gross IGI product sales	\$ 22,307	\$ 5,025
Reduction to gross product sales:		
Chargebacks and billbacks	12,512	1,584

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Sales discounts and other allowances	1,699	498
Total reduction to gross product sales	\$ 14,211	\$ 2,082
Net IGI product sales	\$ 8,096	\$ 2,943

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Net IGI product sales of \$8.1 million and \$2.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively are included in Product sales, net in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. Accounts receivable are presented net of SRA balances of \$6.1 million and \$1.5 million at March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Accounts payable and accrued expenses include \$2.9 million and \$0.2 million at March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, for certain fees related to services provided by the wholesalers. Wholesale fees of \$1.6 million and \$0.2 million for the three month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, were included in cost of goods sold. In addition, in connection with four of the six products the Company currently manufactures, markets and distributes in its own label, in accordance with an agreement entered into in December of 2011, the Company is required to pay a royalty calculated based on net sales to one of its pharmaceutical partners. The royalty is calculated based on contracted terms of 40% of net sales for the four products which is to be paid quarterly to the pharmaceutical partner. In accordance with the agreement, net sales excludes fees related to services provided by the wholesalers. Accounts payable and accrued expenses include \$0.9 million and \$0.9 million at March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, related to these royalties. Royalty expense of \$0.9 million and \$1.3 million was included in cost of goods sold for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Company includes significant estimates to arrive at net product sales arising from wholesaler chargebacks, Medicaid and Medicare rebates, allowances and other pricing and promotional programs.

Contract Manufacturing Sales: The Company recognizes revenue when title transfers to its customers, which is generally upon shipment of products. These shipments are made in accordance with sales commitments and related sales orders entered into with customers either verbally or in written form. The revenues associated with these transactions, net of appropriate cash discounts, product returns and sales reserves, are recorded upon shipment of the products.

Research and Development Income: The Company establishes agreed upon product development agreements with its customers to perform product development services. Product development revenues are recognized in accordance with the product development agreement upon the completion of the phases of development and when the Company has no future performance obligations relating to that phase of development. Revenue recognition requires the Company to assess progress against contracted obligations to assure completion of each stage. These payments are generally non-refundable and are reported as deferred until they are recognizable as revenue. If no such arrangement exists, product development fees are recognized ratably over the entire period during which the services are performed.

In making such assessments, judgments are required to evaluate contingencies such as potential variances in schedule and the costs, the impact of change orders, liability claims, contract disputes and achievement of contractual performance standards. Changes in total estimated contract cost and losses, if any, are recognized in the period they are determined. Billings on research and development contracts are typically based upon terms agreed upon by the Company and customer and are stated in the contracts themselves and do not always align with the revenues recognized by the Company.

### **Major Customers**

Major customers of the Company are defined as having revenue greater than 10% of total gross revenue. For the three months ended March 31, 2015, three of the Company's customers accounted for 69% of the Company's revenue. For the three months ended March 31, 2014, three of the Company's customers accounted for 50% of the Company's revenue. One of these customers is the same for both periods. Accounts receivable related to the Company's major customers comprised 64% of all accounts receivable as of March 31, 2015. The loss of one or more of these customers could have a significant impact on our revenues and harm our business and results of operations.

The Company had net revenue from one product, econazole nitrate cream, which accounted for 53% and 15% of total revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

### **Derivatives**

The Company accounts for its derivative instruments in accordance with ASC 815-10, "Derivatives and Hedging". ASC 815-10 establishes accounting and reporting standards requiring that derivative instruments, including derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, be recorded on the balance sheet as either an asset or liability measured at its fair value. ASC 815-10 also requires that changes in the fair value of derivative instruments be recognized currently in results of operations unless specific hedge accounting criteria are met. The Company has not entered into hedging activities to date. The Company's derivative liability is the embedded convertible option of its Convertible Notes issued December 16, 2014 (see Note 6), all of which have been recorded as a liability at fair value, and are revalued at each reporting date, with changes in the fair value of the instruments included in the consolidated statements of operations as non-operating income (expense).

### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In May 2014, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2014-09, “Revenue from Contracts with Customers”. This ASU is a comprehensive new revenue recognition model that requires a company to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration it expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. This ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and early adoption is not permitted. Accordingly, the Company will adopt this ASU on January 1, 2017. Companies may use either a full retrospective or modified retrospective approach to adopt this ASU and management is currently evaluating which transition approach to use. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU 2014-09.

In August 2014, FASB issued ASU 2014-15, “Presentation of Financial Statements — Going Concern: Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity’s Ability to Continue as a Going Concern”. This ASU requires management to evaluate, in connection with preparing financial statements for each annual and interim reporting period, whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about an entity’s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued (or within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued when applicable) and provide related disclosures. ASU 2014-15 is effective for the annual period ending after December 15, 2016, and for annual and interim periods thereafter. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU 2014-15.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, “Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs,” which requires debt issuance costs to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying value of the associated debt liability, consistent with the presentation of debt discounts or premiums. The ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU 2015-03.

#### 4. License Fee

On December 12, 2005, the Company extended its license agreement with Novavax, Inc. for an additional ten years for \$1 million. This extension entitles the Company to the exclusive use of the Novasome® lipid vesicle encapsulation and certain other technologies (each a “Microencapsulation Technology”, and collectively, the “Technologies”) in the fields of (i) animal pharmaceuticals, biologicals and other animal health products; (ii) foods, food applications, nutrients and flavorings; (iii) cosmetics, consumer products and dermatological over-the-counter and prescription products (excluding certain topically delivered hormones); (iv) fragrances; and (v) chemicals, including herbicides, insecticides, pesticides, paints and coatings, photographic chemicals and other specialty chemicals, and the processes for making the same (collectively, the “IGI Field”) through 2015. This payment is being amortized ratably over the ten-year period. The Company recorded amortization expense of \$25,000 related to this agreement for each of the three month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014. Remaining amortization of this license fee will amount to \$75,000 in 2015.

#### 5. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market, using the first-in-first-out method.

Inventories at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 consist of:

	<b>March 31, 2015</b>	<b>December 31, 2014</b>
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	(amounts in thousands)	
Raw materials	\$ 2,957	\$ 2,299
Work in progress	53	140
Finished goods	712	345
Total	\$ 3,722	\$ 2,784

## 6. Convertible 3.75% Senior Notes

On December 16, 2014, the Company issued \$125 million aggregate principal amount of 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2019, or the Notes. On December 22, 2014, the Company announced the closing of the initial purchasers' exercise in full of their option to purchase an additional \$18.75 million aggregate principal amount. The Notes were offered and sold only to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). The net proceeds from the sale of the Notes were approximately \$139 million, after deducting underwriting fees and other related expenses of approximately \$4.8 million. Accrued interest in the amount of \$1.6 million related to the Notes was included in accrued expenses.

The Notes bear interest at a fixed rate of 3.75% per year, payable semiannually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning on June 15, 2015 and mature on December 15, 2019, unless earlier repurchased, redeemed or converted. The Notes are convertible into shares of the Company's common stock, cash or a combination thereof. However, if the Company has not received stockholder approvals to increase the number of authorized shares of the Company's common stock and comply with certain listing standards of the NYSE MKT, the Company would be required to satisfy any conversion obligations solely in cash or, at the Company's option subject to certain conditions and limitations, in shares of the Company's common stock. The Notes are convertible at an initial conversion price of approximately \$11.29 per share, which is equivalent to an initial conversion rate of 88.5716 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of Notes, subject to adjustment in certain events, such as distributions of dividends or stock splits. Holders may convert their Notes at their option prior to September 15, 2019, when or if certain conditions have been met or circumstances have occurred, such as the Company's stock price exceeds 130% of the conversion price under the Notes for a designated period of time, or the trading price of the Notes is, for a designated period of time, less than 98% of the closing sale price of the Company's common stock multiplied by the then-current conversion rate of the Notes, or the Company calls Notes for redemption, or certain specified corporate events occur. Holders may also convert their Notes at their option at any time on or after September 15, 2019 and prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the stated maturity date. In addition, following the occurrence of certain changes of control of the Company described in the Indenture governing the Notes or termination of trading of the Company's common stock or other securities into which the Notes are convertible (a "make-whole fundamental change") or the delivery by the Company of a notice of redemption, the conversion rate for a holder who elects to convert its Notes in connection with such make-whole fundamental change or such notice of redemption will increase. Additionally, if certain conditions have been met or circumstances have occurred, such as the Company's stock price exceeds 150% of the conversion price under the Notes for a designated period of time, or the trading of the Notes is, for a designated period of time, less than 98% of the closing sale price of the Company's stock multiplied by the then-current conversion rate of the Notes, or the Company calls Notes for redemption, the Company may redeem for cash any or all outstanding Notes on or after December 19, 2017 in an amount equal to the outstanding principal amount of such Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest.

The Notes and any common stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes have not been registered under the Securities Act, applicable state securities laws or the securities laws of any other jurisdiction, and may not be offered or sold in the United States without registration or an applicable exemption from registration requirements. The Company does not intend to file a registration statement for the resale of the Notes or any common stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes, nor shall there be any sale of these securities in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation, or sale would be unlawful.

Since the Company does not have sufficient authorized shares available to share-settle the conversion option in full, the embedded conversion option does not qualify for equity classification and instead is separately valued and accounted for as a derivative liability. On December 16, 2014, the initial value allocated to the derivative liability was \$43.7 million of the \$143.75 million principal amount of the Notes, which represents a discount to the debt to be amortized through interest expense using the effective interest method through the maturity of the Notes. Accordingly, the effective interest rate used to amortize the debt discount on the Notes is 12.94%. During each reporting period, the derivative liability is marked to fair value through the statement of operations. As of March 31, 2015, the derivative liability, which is classified in long-term liability, had a fair value of \$32.8 million. This resulted in a change in the fair value of the derivative liability of \$8.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015. If the Company receives shareholder approval for the increase in the number of shares of common stock authorized and available for issuance upon conversion of the Notes so the conversion option can be share-settled in full, the conversion option may qualify for equity classification and the bifurcated derivative liability would no longer need to be accounted for as a separate derivative on a prospective basis from the date of reassessment. Any remaining debt discount that arose at the date of debt issuance from the original bifurcation will continue to be amortized through interest expense.

The Notes are being accounted for in accordance with ASC 470-20. Under ASC 470-20, issuers of convertible debt instruments that may be settled in cash upon conversion, including partial cash settlement, are required to separately account for the liability (debt) and equity (conversion option) components.

The application of ASC 470-20 resulted in the recognition of \$32.8 million as the value for the liability at March 31, 2015. The remaining unamortized discount and unamortized debt financing costs will be amortized over the remaining term of 4.71 years. At March 31, 2015 the net carrying amount of the liability component and the remaining unamortized debt discount were as follows:

	March 31, 2015 (in thousands)
Face Amount of the Notes	\$ 143,750
Unamortized discount of the liability component	41,849
Carrying Amount of the Notes	\$ 101,901

Deferred financing costs associated with the Notes, include fees of \$4.6 million at March 31, 2015. The assumptions used in connection with the valuation of the convertible option of the Notes issued December 16, 2014 utilizing the "with" and "without" method, discussed in Note 3 was as follows:

	<b>Initial Measurement December 16, 2014</b>		<b>Measurement December 31, 2014</b>		<b>Measurement March 31, 2015</b>	
Issue date	12/17/2014		12/17/2014		12/17/2014	
Maturity date	12/15/2019		12/15/2019		12/15/2019	
Term	4.99		4.92		4.71	
Principal (millions)	143.75		143.75		143.75	
Coupon	3.75	%	3.75	%	3.75	%
Seniority	Senior unsecured		Senior unsecured		Senior unsecured	
Conversion shares	88.572		88.572		88.572	
Conversion price	\$ 11.29		\$ 11.29		\$ 11.29	
Stock price	\$ 9.45		\$ 8.80		\$ 8.16	
Risk free rate	1.61	%	1.64	%	1.30	%
Volatility (rounded)	40.00	%	40.00	%	42.00	%

The table below provides a reconciliation of beginning and ending balances for the liability measured at fair value using significant observable and unobservable inputs (Level 3). The table reflects the gain for the three months ended

March 31, 2015 associated with the decrease in fair value.

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	<b>Initial Measurement</b>		<b>December 31, 2014</b>		<b>December 31, 2014</b>		<b>March 31, 2015</b>	
	<b>December 16, 2014</b>	<b>Decrease in Fair Value</b>	<b>December 31, 2014</b>	<b>Decrease in Fair Value</b>	<b>December 31, 2014</b>	<b>Decrease in Fair Value</b>	<b>December 31, 2014</b>	<b>March 31, 2015</b>
<b>Fair value of convertible feature of convertible 3.75% senior notes</b>	\$ 43,700	\$ 2,300	\$ 41,400	\$ 8,625	\$ 41,400	\$ 8,625	\$ 41,400	\$ 32,775

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company recorded the following expenses in relation to the Notes:

	March 31, 2015 (in thousands)	
Interest Expense at 3.75% coupon rate (1)	\$	1,348
Debt discount amortization (1)		1,590
Amortization of deferred financing costs (1)		173
	\$	3,111

(1) Included within “Interest and other expense, net” on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

## 7. Note Payable - General Electric Capital Corporation

On November 18, 2014, the Company entered into an asset-based revolving senior secured credit facility (the “Credit Agreement”) with General Electric Capital Corporation, as agent (the “Agent”), and GE Capital Bank and the other financial institutions party thereto, as lenders (the “Lenders”), pursuant to which the Lenders agreed to extend credit facilities to the Company (the “Financing”).

To secure payment of the amounts financed under the Credit Agreement, the Company and the Agent entered into a Guaranty and Security Agreement (the “Guaranty and Security Agreement”). Under the terms of the Guaranty and Security Agreement, the Company granted to the Agent, for the benefit of the Lenders and other secured parties, a continuing security interest in and against substantially all of its tangible and intangible assets, except intellectual property, and each of the Company’s direct and indirect future subsidiaries shall guarantee the Company’s obligations under the Credit Agreement.

Under the Credit Agreement, the Company can request revolving loan advances up to an aggregate total amount of \$10 million, which may be increased to \$15 million at the request of the Company if certain conditions are met. The Company may also request an incremental facility for revolving loan commitments of up to \$10 million. Borrowings under the Credit Agreement may be made as prime rate loans with an applicable margin of 3.0% per annum or 1, 2, 3 or 6 month LIBOR loans with an applicable margin of 4.0% per annum. At March 31, 2015, the interest rate in effect was 4.2%. Availability under the Credit Agreement is calculated as 85% of the book value of eligible accounts at such time multiplied by a liquidity factor, less any reserves established by the Agent. As of March 31, 2015, the outstanding balance of the credit facility was \$3.2 million. In accordance with the Credit Agreement, the Company is required to provide the Lenders information related to working capital by which the Lenders will calculate the available line of credit, defined in the agreement as the Borrowing Base Certificate. As of March 31, 2015, the Company had a remaining availability of \$6.8 million.

The term of the Credit Agreement is up to five years from November 18, 2014. The Credit Agreement contains customary representations and warranties and customary affirmative and negative covenants, including, among others, covenants that limit or restrict the Company's ability to incur indebtedness, grant liens, merge or consolidate, dispose of assets, make investments, make acquisitions, enter into certain transactions with affiliates, pay dividends or make distributions, or repurchase stock, in each case, subject to customary exceptions for a loan facility of this size and type. In addition, the Credit Agreement contains customary events of default (subject to customary cure periods for certain events of default), including, among others, non-payment, inaccuracy of representations and warranties, covenant defaults, cross-default to material agreements, cross-default to material indebtedness, bankruptcy and insolvency and material judgment defaults. The Company must meet certain financial reporting and audit requirements, as defined by the credit agreement. The Company was in compliance with all covenants of the Credit Agreement as of March 31, 2015.

In connection with this Financing, the Company paid in full its existing credit facility with Square 1 Bank (see Note 8) and executed a Release and Termination Note and Credit Agreement with Square 1 Bank to release the Company from any future obligations under the Credit Agreement executed on August 31, 2012, as amended July 26, 2013.

#### **8. Note Payable - Square 1 Bank**

On August 31, 2012, as amended on July 26, 2013, the Company entered into a Loan and Security Agreement (the "*Loan and Security Agreement*") with Square 1 Bank (the "*Lender*") pursuant to which the Lender agreed to extend credit facilities to the Company.

On November 18, 2014, the Company paid in full its existing credit facility with the Lender under the Loan and Security Agreement. The Company recorded amortization expense in the amount of \$42,000 to write-off the remaining unamortized debt issuance costs during the year ended December 31, 2014.

## 9. Stock-Based Compensation

### Stock Options

The 1999 Director Stock Option Plan, as amended (the “Director Plan”), provides for the grant of stock options to non-employee directors of the Company at an exercise price equal to the fair market value per share on the date of the grant. An aggregate of 1,975,000 shares have been approved and authorized for issuance pursuant to this plan. A total of 2,514,798 options have been granted to non-employee directors through March 31, 2015 and 807,782 of those have been forfeited through March 31, 2015 and returned to the option pool. The options granted under the Director Plan vest in full one year after their respective grant dates and have a maximum term of ten years.

The 1999 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended (“1999 Plan”), replaced all previously authorized employee stock option plans, and no additional options may be granted under those previous plans. Under the 1999 Plan, options or stock awards may be granted to all of the Company's employees, officers, directors, consultants and advisors to purchase a maximum of 3,200,000 shares of common stock. However, pursuant to the terms of the 1999 Plan, no awards may be granted after March 16, 2009. A total of 2,892,500 options, having a maximum term of ten years, have been granted at 100% of the fair market value of the Company's common stock at the date of grant. Options outstanding under the 1999 Plan are generally exercisable in cumulative increments over four years commencing one year from date of grant.

On June 26, 2009, the Board of Directors adopted, and the Company's stockholders subsequently approved by partial written consent, the IGI Laboratories, Inc. 2009 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2009 Plan”). The 2009 Plan became effective on July 29, 2009. The 2009 Plan allows the Company to continue to grant options and restricted stock, as under the 1999 Plan, but also authorizes the Board of Directors to grant a broad range of other equity-based awards, including stock appreciation rights, restricted stock units and performance awards. The 2009 Plan has been created, pursuant to and consistent with the Company's current compensation philosophy, to assist the Company in attracting, retaining and rewarding designated employees, directors, consultants and other service providers of the Company and its subsidiaries and affiliates, in a manner that will be cost efficient to the Company from both an economic and financial accounting perspective. On April 12, 2010, the Board of Directors adopted, and the Company's stockholders subsequently approved, an amendment of the 2009 Plan to increase the number of shares of Common Stock available for grant under such plan by adding 2,000,000 shares of Common Stock. On May 29, 2014, the Board of Directors adopted and the Company's stockholders approved a further amendment of the 2009 Plan to increase the number of shares of common stock available for grant under such plan by adding 1,000,000 shares of common stock. The 2009 Plan, as amended on May 29, 2014, authorizes up to 5,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock for issuance pursuant to the terms of the 2009 Plan. The maximum number of shares that may be subject to awards made to any individual in any single calendar year under the 2009 Plan is 1,000,000 shares. As of March 31, 2015, options to purchase 2,434,334 shares of common stock were outstanding under the 2009 Plan. As of March 31, 2015, 112,750 restricted stock units (“RSUs”) were outstanding under the 2009 Plan. As of March 31, 2015, 1,506,248 shares of restricted stock had been granted under the 2009 Plan and 230,420 of those have been forfeited through March 31, 2015 and returned to the pool.

In summary, there are 3,009,168 options outstanding under the 1999 Plan, the Director Plan and the 2009 Plan, collectively as of March 31, 2015.

There are 1,361,070 options available for issuance under the Director Plan and the 2009 Plan collectively as of March 31, 2015.

The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing formula that uses assumptions noted in the following table. Expected volatilities and risk-free interest rates are based upon the expected life of the grant. The interest rates used are the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of the grant.

For the three months ended  
March 31, 2015

Expected volatility	52.7% - 55.2%
Expected term (in years)	3.2 -3.3 years
Risk-free rate	0.89% - 1.14%
Expected dividends	0%

A summary of option activity under the 1999 Plan, the Director Plan and the 2009 Plan as of March 31, 2015 and changes during the period are presented below:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding as of January 1, 2015	2,436,834	\$ 1.79
Issued	590,500	\$ 10.12
Exercised	(7,666 )	\$ 2.07
Forfeited	(10,500 )	\$ 3.06
Expired	-	-
Outstanding as of March 31, 2015	3,009,168	\$ 3.42
Exercisable as of March 31, 2015	1,736,997	\$ 1.20

Based upon application of the Black-Scholes option-pricing formula described above, the weighted-average grant-date fair value of options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2015 was \$3.84.

The following table summarizes information regarding options outstanding and exercisable at March 31, 2015:

**Outstanding:**

Range of Exercise Prices	Stock Options Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life
\$0.55 - \$1.00	95,000	\$ 0.78	2.83
\$1.01 - \$1.50	1,883,500	\$ 1.07	6.89
\$1.51 - \$10.67	1,030,668	\$ 7.96	9.23
Total	3,009,168	\$ 3.42	7.57



**Exercisable:**

Range of Exercise Prices	Stock Options Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$0.55 - \$1.00	95,000	\$ 0.78
\$1.01 - \$1.50	1,446,664	\$ 1.08
\$1.51 - \$10.67	195,333	\$ 2.33
Total	1,736,997	\$ 1.20

As of March 31, 2015, the intrinsic value of the options outstanding is \$15.5 million and the intrinsic value of the options exercisable is \$12.1 million. The intrinsic value of options exercised during the three months ended March 31, 2015 was \$46,664. As of March 31, 2015, there was approximately \$2.6 million of total unrecognized compensation cost that will be recognized through March 2018 related to non-vested share-based compensation arrangements granted under the Plans.

**Restricted Stock and RSUs**

The Company periodically grants restricted stock and RSU awards to certain officers and other employees that typically vest one to three years from their grant date. The Company recognized \$99,000 and \$183,300 of compensation expense during the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, related to restricted stock and RSU awards. Stock compensation expense is recognized over the vesting period of the restricted stock and RSUs. At March 31, 2015, the Company had approximately \$1.2 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted stock and RSUs, all of which will be recognized through February 2018.

	Number of Restricted Stock	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Non-vested balance at January 1, 2015	108,334	\$ 2.86
Changes during the period:		
Shares granted	32,500	10.67
Shares vested	(32,500)	10.67
Shares forfeited	-	-
Non-vested balance at March 31, 2015	108,334	\$ 2.86

	Number of RSUs	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Non-vested balance at January 1, 2015	-	\$ -

Changes during the period:

Shares granted	145,250	10.67
Shares vested	(32,500 )	10.67
Shares forfeited	-	-

Non-vested balance at March 31, 2015 112,750 \$ 10.67

## 10. Stock Warrants

Stock Warrant activity for the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 consisted of:

	2015		2014	
	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance at January 1,	84,000	\$ 1.21	354,546	\$ 1.21
Changes during the period:				
Stock warrants granted	-	-	-	-
Stock warrants expired	-	-	-	-
Stock warrants exercised	-	-	(270,546)	1.21
Balance at March 31,	84,000	\$ 1.21	84,000	\$ 1.21

In connection with the private placement of the Company's common stock on December 8, 2010, the Company granted common stock warrants to purchase up to 338,182 and 16,364 shares, respectively, to each of its two placement agents for \$1.21 per share which expire on December 8, 2015. On March 7, 2014, 270,546 of the 338,182 warrants were exercised.

## 11. Income Taxes

The Company's ability to use net operating loss carry forwards is subject to substantial limitation in future periods under certain provisions of Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code, which limit the utilization of net operating losses upon a more than 50% change in ownership of the Company's stock that is held by 5% or greater stockholders. The Company examined the application of Section 382 with respect to an ownership change that took place during 2010, as well as the limitation on the application of net operating loss carry forwards. The Company believes that operating losses subsequent to the change date in 2010 (aggregating \$7.8 million) are not subject to Section 382 limitations. The Company has estimated that the annual limitation starting in 2010 aggregates from \$1.0 million to \$2.3 million per year including the effect of amortization of built in gains.

The Company is subject to the provisions of ASC 740-10-25, *Income Taxes* (ASC 740). ASC 740 prescribes a more likely-than-not threshold for the financial statement recognition of uncertain tax positions. ASC 740 clarifies the accounting for income taxes by prescribing a minimum recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. On a quarterly basis, the Company undergoes a process to evaluate whether income tax accruals are in accordance with

ASC 740 guidance on uncertain tax positions. The Company has not recorded a significant tax provision at March 31, 2015, as it has estimated its effective tax rate for 2015 (after considering utilization of existing net operating losses) to be insignificant. For federal purposes, post 1998 tax years remain open to examination as a result of net operating loss carryforwards. The Company is currently open to audit by the appropriate state income taxing authorities for tax years 2011 to 2014.

## **12. Legal**

The Company is involved from time to time in claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the Company has made adequate provision for potential liabilities, if any, arising from any such matters. However, litigation is inherently unpredictable, and the costs and other effects of pending or future litigation, governmental investigations, legal and administrative cases and proceedings (whether civil or criminal), settlements, judgments and investigations, claims and changes in any such matters, and developments or assertions by or against the Company relating to intellectual property rights and intellectual property licenses, could have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition and operating results.

## **13. 2014 Public Offering**

On June 27, 2014, the Company entered into an underwriting agreement with Roth Capital Partners, LLC and Oppenheimer & Co., as representatives of the several underwriters named therein (the “Underwriters”), relating to the underwritten public offering and sale of up to an aggregate of 4,650,000 shares of the Company’s common stock, par value \$0.01 (the “shares”), at a price to the public of \$5.00 per share (the “Offering”). The Company also granted the underwriters a 30-day option to purchase up to an aggregate of 697,500 shares to cover over-allotments, if any.

The Offering was made pursuant to the Company’s shelf registration statement on Form S-3 (Registration No. 333-196543), filed on June 5, 2014 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) and declared effective by the SEC on June 16, 2014, as well as the prospectus supplement describing the terms of the Offering, dated June 27, 2014.

On July 2, 2014, the Company closed the Offering, and after giving effect to the underwriters' exercise of the over-allotment option, the Company sold an aggregate of 5,347,500 shares of common stock in the Offering at a public offering price of \$5.00 per share. The net proceeds of the Offering were approximately \$24.9 million, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and other offering expenses paid by the Company.

#### **14. Asset Purchase Agreements**

##### *AstraZeneca*

On September 24, 2014, the Company entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement (the "AZ Purchase Agreement") with AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, a Delaware corporation ("AstraZeneca"), pursuant to which the Company acquired all rights, titles and interests of AstraZeneca and its affiliates in Abbreviated New Drug Applications and New Drug Applications associated with eighteen products (collectively the "Purchased Regulatory Approvals") and certain documents relating thereto (together with the Purchased Regulatory Approvals, the "Purchased Assets").

In consideration for the purchase of the Purchased Assets, the Company paid AstraZeneca \$500,000 in cash and will be required to pay up to an additional aggregate of \$6 million upon the occurrence of a certain milestone event. The \$6 million is accrued at March 31, 2015 in the payable for product acquisition costs. In addition, the Company has agreed to pay, for each product manufactured by the Company pursuant to a Purchased Regulatory Approval, a royalty on future gross profits from product sales. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at any time prior to December 1, 2015, the Company may satisfy in full its royalty obligations with a single payment of \$3 million. The transaction is accounted for as a purchase of the product and product rights, and as such the initial payment, milestone payment and related costs to acquire the asset are included as part of product acquisition costs totaling \$6.9 million. The Company and will amortize the costs over fifteen years, the useful life of the acquired products and product rights, commencing when the product can be sold.

### Valeant

On September 30, 2014, the Company entered into two Asset Purchase Agreements (each, a “Valeant Purchase Agreement” and together, the “Valeant Asset Purchase Agreements”) one with Valeant Pharmaceuticals North America LLC and one with Valeant Pharmaceuticals Luxembourg SARL (together, “Valeant”), pursuant to which the Company acquired all rights, titles and interests of Valeant and their respective affiliates in Abbreviated New Drug Applications and New Drug Applications associated with two products (collectively, the “Valeant Purchased Regulatory Approvals”) and certain documents relating thereto (together with the Valeant Purchased Regulatory Approvals, the “Valeant Purchased Assets”). Pursuant to the terms of the Valeant Asset Purchase Agreements, the Company also acquired the option (each, an “Option” and, collectively, the “Options”) to purchase Abbreviated New Drug Applications and New Drug Applications associated with three additional products (the “Additional Assets”).

In consideration for the purchase of the Valeant Purchased Assets, the Company paid Valeant an aggregate of \$1.5 million in cash. In consideration for the purchase of the Additional Assets, the Company may exercise any Option, in its sole discretion, and pay \$750,000 for each of two additional products and \$500,000 for one additional product, for a total aggregate of \$2 million if all Options are exercised. The Company purchased the one additional product for \$500,000 on November 18, 2014. On March 27, 2015, the Company purchased the two additional products for a total of \$1.5 million in cash. The transaction is accounted for as a purchase of the product and product rights, and as such the initial payment and related costs to acquire the Valeant Purchased Assets are included as part of product acquisition costs totaling \$3.5 million. The Company will amortize the costs over fifteen years, the useful life of the acquired product and product rights, commencing when the product can be sold.

## ITEM 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" section and other sections of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and

the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, that are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about the industry and markets in which the Company operates and on management's beliefs and assumptions. In addition, other written or oral statements, which constitute forward-looking statements, may be made by or on behalf of the Company. Words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements are based on current expectations of management and are not guarantees of future performance, and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions, which are difficult to predict. These risks and uncertainties include, without limitation, competitive factors, outsourcing trends in the pharmaceutical industry, the general economic conditions in the markets in which the Company operates, levels of industry research and development spending, the Company's ability to continue to attract and retain qualified personnel, the fixed price nature of product development agreements or the loss of customers and other factors described in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the "Risk Factors" section as set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, as updated below in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Therefore, actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements set forth herein speak only as of the date of this report. The Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required by applicable law.

## **Company Overview**

### *Strategic Overview*

IGI Laboratories, Inc. is a Delaware corporation incorporated in 1977. The Company's office, laboratories and manufacturing facilities are located at 105 Lincoln Avenue, Buena New Jersey. The Company is a specialty generic pharmaceutical company. The Company's mission is to become a leader in the specialty generic pharmaceutical market. Under its own label, the Company currently sells generic topical pharmaceutical products that are bioequivalent to their brand name counterparts. The Company also provides development, formulation, and manufacturing services to the pharmaceutical, over-the-counter (OTC) and cosmetic markets.

Currently, we have two platforms for growth:

§ Developing, manufacturing and marketing a portfolio of generic pharmaceutical products in our own label in topical, injectable, complex and ophthalmic dosage forms; and,

§ Managing our current contract manufacturing and formulation services business.

We currently operate and generate revenue in one segment, which includes the manufacture and development of topical pharmaceutical, OTC and cosmetic products. We have been in the contract manufacturing and development of topical products business since the early 1990s, but our strategy since 2010 has been focused on the growth of our own generic pharmaceutical business. Since 2010, we have focused on transitioning our business to include more customers in the topical pharmaceutical industry. In 2014, we focused on the transformation of a business that was working toward being a leader in the topical generic pharmaceutical industry into becoming a leader in the broader specialty generic pharmaceutical markets. We believe that expanding our development and commercial base beyond topical generics, historically the cornerstone of our expertise, to include injectable generics, complex generics and ophthalmic generics (what we call our TICO Strategy), will leverage existing expertise and capabilities, and broaden our platform for strategic growth.

To date, we have filed 26 Abbreviated New Drug Applications, or ANDAs, with the United States Food and Drug Administration, or FDA for additional pharmaceutical products. We expect to continue to expand our presence in the generic topical pharmaceutical market through the filing of additional ANDAs with the FDA and the subsequent launch of products as these applications are approved. Our target is to file at least 20 ANDAs in 2015 through our internal research and development program. We will also seek to license or acquire further products, intellectual property, or ANDAs to expand our portfolio.



The manufacturing and commercialization of generic specialty pharmaceutical markets is competitive, and there are established manufacturers, suppliers and distributors actively engaged in all phases of our business. We currently only manufacture and sell topical generic pharmaceutical products under our own label. As we continue to execute our TICO strategy, we will compete in other markets, including the injectable and ophthalmic generic pharmaceutical markets, and expect to face other competitors.

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, 62% of our total product sales, net were to one of the three large wholesale drug distributors noted below. For the three months ended March 31, 2014, 25% of our total product sales, net were to one of the three large wholesale drug distributors noted below. The three large wholesale drug distributors are: AmericasourceBergen Corporation, (“ABC”), Cardinal Health, Inc., (“Cardinal”), and McKesson Drug Company, (“McKesson”).

ABC accounted for approximately 45% and 79% of our accounts receivable as of March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

ABC, Cardinal and McKesson are key distributors of our products, as well as a broad range of health care products for many other companies. None of these distributors is an end user of our products. Generally speaking, if sales to any one of these distributors were to diminish or cease, we believe that the end users of our products would likely find little difficulty obtaining our products either directly from us or from another distributor. However, the loss of one or more of these distributors, together with a delay or inability to secure an alternative distribution source for end users, could have a material negative impact on our revenue, business, financial condition and results of operations. Furthermore, ABC, Cardinal and McKesson have recently entered into strategic alliances with Walgreens, CVS Caremark and Rite-Aid, respectively. Since Walgreens, CVS Caremark and Rite-Aid are customers for several of our products, the loss of our distributor relationship with any of the three large wholesalers could result in a reduction to our revenues.

We consider our business relationships with ABC, Cardinal and McKesson to be in good standing and have fee for services contracts with each of them. However, a change in purchasing patterns, a decrease in inventory levels, an increase in returns of our products, delays in purchasing products and delays in payment for products by one or more of these distributors could have a material negative impact on our revenue, business, financial condition and results of operations. We experienced a change in purchasing patterns at ABC in April 2015. We are currently evaluating the financial impact of this change on our business, and are analyzing the market for other opportunities to expand our current relationships with other customers. We continue to seek to diversify our existing portfolio of specialty generic drug products through internal research and development, adding to the 26 ANDAs we have filed with the FDA, as we expect to file an additional 18 ANDAs in 2015. In addition, we continue to explore business development opportunities to add additional products and or capabilities to our existing portfolio.

Our customers in the contract manufacturing business generally consist of pharmaceutical companies, as well as cosmetic and OTC product marketers, who require product development/manufacturing support. For the three months ended March 31, 2015, approximately 79% of our revenue was derived from pharmaceutical customers, as compared to 71% of total contract manufacturing revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2014. One of our contract manufacturing services customers represented 11% of total revenue in for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and two of our contract manufacturing services customers represented 35% of total revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2014. We do not expect any contract manufacturing or formulation services customers to exceed 10% of revenue in 2015 and beyond.

**Recent Events**

On March 23, 2015, we appointed John Celentano to our Board of Directors. Mr. Celentano also serves on the Company's Audit Committee.

On March 26, 2015 and April 28, 2015, we filed our first two ANDAs in 2015. On April 28, 2015, we announced that believe our current pipeline of twenty-four submissions, exclusive of partnered submissions, pending approval by the FDA now has a combined addressable market of over \$702 million based on February 2015 data from IMS Health.

On March 27, 2015, we acquired ANDAs and NDAs associated with two injectable products from Valeant, as part of Valeant Asset Purchase Agreements which we executed on September 30, 2014.

**Results of Operations****Three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to March 31, 2014**

We had net income of \$6,555,000, or \$0.12 per share, for the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$167,000, or \$0.00 per share, for the three months ended March 31, 2014, which resulted from the following:

**Revenues (in thousands):**

Components of Revenue:	Three Months Ended March 31,		\$ Change	% Change	
	2015	2014			
Product sales, net	\$ 10,510	\$ 6,383	\$4,127	65	%
Research and development income	51	313	(262 )	(84	)%
Licensing, royalty and other revenue	110	157	(47 )	(30	)%
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>\$ 10,671</b>	<b>\$ 6,853</b>	<b>\$3,818</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>%</b>

The increase in product sales for the three months ended March 31, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014 was primarily due to increased revenue from our own generic pharmaceutical product line that was launched in the first quarter of 2013, including the launch of two additional IGI label products in June 2014. This increase was partially offset by a decrease in product sales in our contract manufacturing services, however revenue within contract manufacturing services related to pharmaceutical customers increased for the three months ended March 31, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014. Research and development income will not be consistent and will vary, from period to period, depending on the required timeline of each development project. Licensing, royalty and other revenue decreased slightly due to a decrease in other revenue while licensing and royalty revenue remained the same.

**Costs and Expenses (in thousands):**

	Three Months Ended March 31,		\$ Change	% Change	
	2015	2014			
Cost of sales	\$ 5,043	\$ 3,987	\$1,056	26	%
Selling, general and administrative	1,900	1,282	618	48	%
Product development and research	2,630	1,365	1,265	93	%
Totals costs and expenses	\$ 9,573	\$ 6,634	\$2,939	44	%

Cost of sales increased for the three months ended March 31, 2015 as a result of the increase in total revenue. Cost of sales as a percentage of total revenue was 47% for the three months ended March 31, 2015 as compared to 58% for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The decrease in cost of sales as a percentage of product sales for 2015 was attributable to increased revenue from our own generic pharmaceutical product line, which has higher margins, and a shift in the mix of our contract manufacturing product sales to include greater higher margin pharmaceutical products. During the three months ended March 31, 2015, 79% of our revenue in contract manufacturing was from pharmaceutical customers as compared to 71% for the same period in 2014. Our research and development income results primarily from services rendered under contractual agreements, and therefore cost of sales as a percentage of our research and development income is relatively low. Consistent with our strategy, we expect cost of sales as a percentage of total revenue to decline over time.

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2015 increased by \$618,000 as compared to the same period in 2014. There were increases of \$169,000 in salaries, bonuses and related costs, \$91,000 in the expense from the issuance of stock based compensation related to options and restricted stock, \$157,000 in professional fees, \$57,000 in travel related, \$51,000 in contributions, \$20,000 in overhead costs and \$56,000 in other corporate expenses.

Product development and research expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2015 increased by \$1,265,000 as compared to the same period in 2014. Consistent with our strategy to expand our portfolio of generic prescription pharmaceutical products, we increased spending on clinical studies by \$651,000, pilot batch expense by \$146,000, outside testing and supplies by \$230,000, consulting fees by \$123,000, professional fees by \$32,000, overhead costs by \$26,000 and salaries, bonuses and related costs by \$88,000. These increases were partially offset by a decrease of \$46,000 in fees related to the Generic Drug User Fee Act and the associated filing of our applications with the FDA.

**Other Income (Expense) (in thousands):**

**Three Months Ended March 31,**

	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>\$ Change</b>	<b>% Change</b>	
<b>Interest expense</b>	\$ 3,168	\$ 52	\$3,116	5,992	%
<b>Change in the fair value of derivative liability</b>	(8,625 )	-	(8,625)	-	

Interest expense increased for the three months ended March 31, 2015 as compared to the same period in 2014 due to the inclusion of approximately \$3,111,000 of interest expense, amortization of debt discount and amortization of debt issuance costs related to the Convertible 3.75% Senior Notes (see Note 6 to the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements) in the three months ended March 31, 2015. We also recorded an \$8,625,000 change in the fair value of the derivative liability as a result of the change in the fair value of our derivative liability, caused primarily by the decrease in the price of our common stock in the three months ended March 31, 2015.

**Net Income (in thousands, except per share numbers):**

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>			
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>%</b>
			<b>Change</b>	<b>Change</b>
<b>Net income</b>	\$ 6,555	\$ 167	\$6,388	3,825 %
<b>Basic earnings per share</b>	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.00	\$0.12	-

Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2015 was \$6,555,000 as compared to \$167,000 in the same period last year. The increase is due to the change in the fair value of derivative liability, partially offset by the increases in revenues and the increases in costs and expenses noted above.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

The Company's operating activities used \$114,000 of cash during the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$63,000 of cash provided by operating activities during the three months ended March 31, 2014. The cash used by operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2015 was a result of the net income, offset by the change in the fair value of derivative liability and the non-cash expenses for the period. The cash provided by operating activities for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was a result of the net income and the changes in operating assets and liabilities, particularly a significant increase in accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued expenses related to our IGI label products.

The Company's investing activities used \$1,711,000 during the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$68,000 of cash used in investing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2014. The funds used for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were for the purchase of two additional products (see Note 14 to the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements) and capital expenditures related to additional equipment for the compounding and packaging areas and additional IT equipment. The funds used for the period ended March 31, 2014 were for additional IT equipment and equipment and improvements for the compounding area and the warehouse.

The Company's financing activities used \$27,000 of cash during the three months ended March 31, 2015, compared to \$318,000 of cash provided during the three months ended March 31, 2014. The cash used in the three months ended March 31, 2015 was mainly the \$33,000 principal payments on capital lease obligations offset by the \$15,000 proceeds from the exercise of common stock options and the cash provided for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was mainly the \$327,000 proceeds from the exercise of common stock warrants.

The Company's principal sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$157,031,000 at March 31, 2015, the \$6,840,000 available on the \$10,000,000 credit facility detailed in Note 7 and future cash from operations. The Company had working capital of \$163,096,000 at March 31, 2015.

The Company may require additional funding and this funding will depend, in part, on the timing and structure of potential business arrangements. If necessary, the Company may continue to seek to raise additional capital through the sale of its equity or through a strategic alliance with a third party. There may also be additional acquisition and growth opportunities that may require external financing. There can be no assurance that such financing will be available on terms acceptable to the Company, or at all. We believe that our existing capital resources will be sufficient to support our current business plan beyond May 2016.

### **Off Balance Sheet Arrangements**

The Company does not have any off balance sheet arrangements as of the date of this report.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

IGI's condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, which require management to make estimates and assumptions about future events that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Please refer to the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 for a complete list of all Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates. See also Note 3 to the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

### **ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

As of March 31, 2015, our principal debt obligation was related to our Notes. Interest accrues at a fixed rate of 3.75% on the outstanding principal amount of the Notes and is paid semi-annually every June 15 and December 15 until the Notes mature on December 15, 2019. Since the interest rate is fixed, we have no market risk related to the Notes.

Our revolving Credit and Security Agreement with GECC calls for interest to accrue based on a premium above either the current prime rate or current LIBOR rates. Therefore, borrowings pursuant to this revolving credit facility would be subject to market risk. However, as of March 31, 2015, we had no outstanding loans and therefore no market risk related to this revolving credit facility.

Our financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and the Notes. The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate book value because of the short maturity of these instruments. Based on the closing price of our common stock as of March 31, 2015, the fair value of our Notes was approximately \$113.7 million compared to their face value of \$143.75 million as of March 31, 2015. However, this variance is due to the conversion feature in the Notes rather than to changes in market interest rates. As noted above, the Notes carry a fixed interest rate and therefore do not subject us to interest rate risk. As a result in the change in fair value, we recorded an \$8.6 million change in the fair value of the derivative liability on our consolidated statements of operations.



#### **ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures**

##### ***Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures***

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial and Accounting Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of March 31, 2015. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial and Accounting Officer concluded that, as of March 31, 2015, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

##### ***Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting***

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our first quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

OTHER INFORMATION

**ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings**

We are involved from time to time in claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, we have made adequate provision for potential liabilities, if any, arising from any such matters. However, litigation is inherently unpredictable, and the costs and other effects of pending or future litigation, governmental investigations, legal and administrative cases and proceedings (whether civil or criminal), settlements, judgments and investigations, claims and changes in any such matters, and developments or assertions by or against us relating to intellectual property rights and intellectual property licenses, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results.

**ITEM 1A. Risk Factors.**

Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors," of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 includes a detailed discussion of risks and uncertainties which could adversely affect our future results. Except as set forth below, the risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 have not materially changed.

**Risks Related to Our Business**

**We rely on a limited number of customers for a large portion of our revenues.**

We depend on a limited number of customers for a large portion of our revenue. Three of our customers accounted for 69% of our revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and three of our customers accounted for 50% of our revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2014. The loss of one or more of these customers could have a significant impact on our revenues and harm our business and results of operations.

We had net revenue from one product, econazole nitrate cream, which accounted for 53% and 15% of total revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

**We have a history of losses and cannot assure you that we will become profitable, and as a result, we may have to cease operations and liquidate our business.**

Prior to 2014, our expenses have exceeded our revenue in each of the last nine years, and no net income has been available to common stockholders during each of these years. As of March 31, 2015, our stockholders' equity was \$46.4 million and we had an accumulated deficit of \$33 million. Our future profitability depends on revenue exceeding expenses, but we cannot assure you that this will occur. If we do not become profitable or continue to raise external financing, we could be forced to curtail operations and sell or liquidate our business, and you could lose some or all of your investment.

#### **Risks Related to the Notes**

**We may not have the ability to raise the funds necessary to settle conversions of the Notes, purchase the Notes as required pursuant to the terms of the indenture governing the Notes or pay the redemption price for any Notes we redeem, and our future debt may contain limitations on our ability to pay cash upon conversion or repurchase of the notes.**

On December 16, 2014, we completed the sale of \$125 million aggregate principal amount of our 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2019 (the "Notes") to Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC as the initial purchasers and on December 22, 2014, we issued to the initial purchasers an additional \$18.75 million aggregate principal amount of the Notes. Pursuant to the terms of the indenture governing the Notes, following a certain events, holders of notes will have the right to require us to purchase their notes for cash. Such event may also constitute an event of default or prepayment under, and result in the acceleration of the maturity of, our then-existing indebtedness. We cannot assure you that we will have sufficient financial resources, or will be able to arrange financing, to pay the purchase price in cash with respect to any notes surrendered by holders for purchase at that time, make cash payments upon conversions or pay the redemption price for any notes we redeem. In addition, restrictions in our then existing credit facilities or other indebtedness, if any, may not allow us to purchase the notes (even if required pursuant to the terms of the indenture), make cash payments upon conversions of the notes or pay the redemption price for any notes we redeem would result in an event of default with respect to the notes which could, in turn, constitute a default under the terms of our other indebtedness, if any. If the repayment of the related indebtedness were to be accelerated after any applicable notice or grace periods, we may not have sufficient funds to repay the indebtedness and purchase the notes, make cash payments upon conversions thereof or pay the redemption price for any notes we redeem.



**Servicing our debt requires a significant amount of cash, and we may not have sufficient cash flow from our business to pay our debt.**

Our ability to make scheduled payments of the principal of, to pay interest on, to pay any cash due upon conversion of or to refinance our indebtedness, including the Notes, depends on our future performance, which is subject to economic, financial, competitive and other factors beyond our control. Our business may not continue to generate cash flow from operations in the future sufficient to service our debt and make necessary capital expenditures. If we are unable to generate such cash flow, we may be required to adopt one or more alternatives, such as selling assets, restructuring debt or obtaining additional equity capital on terms that may be onerous or highly dilutive. Our ability to refinance our indebtedness will depend on the capital markets and our financial condition at such time. We may not be able to engage in any of these activities or engage in these activities on desirable terms, which could result in a default on our debt obligations.

**Until we obtain the necessary stockholder approvals, our ability to settle any conversions of the Notes with shares of our common stock will be limited by certain listing standards of the NYSE MKT and the number of available authorized shares of our common stock.**

Upon conversion, we will pay or deliver, as the case may be, cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, at our election. However, our ability to settle any conversions with shares of our common stock will be limited by certain listing standards of the NYSE MKT and the number of authorized shares that we have available for such purpose. Accordingly, unless and until we obtain stockholder approval (i) for issuances of our shares of common stock in excess of the NYSE MKT limitations in accordance with its listing standards and/or (ii) for an increase in the number of authorized shares of our common stock, we will settle conversions by paying cash or, subject to certain conditions if we so elect with respect to conversions prior to September 15, 2019, by delivering shares of our common stock.

### **Risks Related to Our Securities**

**Shares of our common stock are relatively illiquid which may affect the trading price of our common stock.**

For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the average daily trading volume of our common stock on the NYSE MKT was approximately 1,005,000 shares. As a result of our relatively small public float, our common stock may be less liquid than the stock of companies with broader public ownership. Among other things, trading of a relatively small volume of our common stock may have a greater impact on the trading price for our shares than would be the case if our public float were larger.

**ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

None.

**ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities**

None.

**ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

Not applicable.

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**ITEM 5. Other Information**

None.

**ITEM 6. Exhibits**

Exhibit  
Number Description

- 31.1\* Certification of the President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2\* Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1\* Certification of the President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2\* Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 101\* The following financial information from this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2015, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations; (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets; (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows; and (iv) the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, tagged as blocks of text.

\* Filed herewith.

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

IGI Laboratories, Inc.

Date: May 11, 2015 By: /s/ Jason Grenfell-Gardner  
Jason Grenfell-Gardner  
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 11, 2015 By: /s/ Jenniffer Collins  
Jenniffer Collins  
Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit Index

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