

RADIANT LOGISTICS, INC
Form 10-Q
November 13, 2012

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: September 30, 2012

TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-35392

RADIANT LOGISTICS, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| Delaware | 04-3625550 |
| (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization) | (IRS Employer Identification No.) |

405 114th Ave S.E., Bellevue, WA 98004
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(425) 943-4599

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(Issuer's Telephone Number, including Area Code)

N/A

(Former Name, Former Address, and Former Fiscal Year, if Changed Since Last Report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

| | |
|--|---|
| Large accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/> | Accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/> |
| Non-accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/> | Smaller reporting company <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

There were 33,041,430 issued and outstanding shares of the registrant's common stock, par value \$.001 per share, as of November 09, 2012.

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RADIANT LOGISTICS, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(unaudited)

| | SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 | JUNE 30, 2012 |
|--|-----------------------|------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 676,477 | \$66,888 |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$1,469,245 and \$1,311,670, respectively | 53,803,171 | 51,939,016 |
| Current portion of employee and other receivables | 264,721 | 201,451 |
| Income tax deposit | - | 11,248 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 3,770,884 | 2,573,531 |
| Deferred tax asset | 734,136 | 684,231 |
| Total current assets | 59,249,389 | 55,476,365 |
| | | |
| Furniture and equipment, net | 1,773,197 | 1,735,157 |
| | | |
| Acquired intangibles, net | 10,765,717 | 11,722,812 |
| Goodwill | 14,951,217 | 14,951,217 |
| Employee and other receivables, net of current portion | 149,880 | 162,088 |
| Deposits and other assets | 422,500 | 422,500 |
| Deferred tax asset | 357,422 | 33,259 |
| Total long term assets | 26,646,736 | 27,291,876 |
| Total assets | \$ 87,669,322 | \$84,503,398 |
| | | |
| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued transportation costs | \$ 36,684,523 | \$37,131,212 |
| Commissions payable | 3,323,547 | 2,929,449 |
| Other accrued costs | 2,095,881 | 2,041,596 |
| Income taxes payable | 240,079 | - |
| Current portion of notes payable to former shareholders of DBA | 767,092 | 767,092 |
| Current portion of amounts due to former shareholders of acquired operations | 2,664,224 | 2,664,224 |
| Other current liabilities | 65,289 | 64,392 |
| Total current liabilities | 45,840,635 | 45,597,965 |
| | | |
| Notes payable and other long-term debt, net of current portion and debt discount | 22,886,367 | 20,532,934 |
| Contingent consideration, net of current portion | 6,250,000 | 6,200,000 |
| Deferred rent liability | 682,090 | 680,521 |
| Other long term liabilities | 73,224 | 89,887 |
| Total long term liabilities | 29,891,681 | 27,503,342 |
| Total liabilities | 75,732,316 | 73,101,307 |

RADIANT LOGISTICS, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (continued)

(unaudited)

| | SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 | JUNE 30, 2012 |
|--|-----------------------|------------------|
| Stockholders' equity: | | |
| Radiant Logistics, Inc. stockholders' equity: | | |
| Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding | - | - |
| Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized, 33,041,430 and 33,025,865 shares issued and outstanding, respectively | 14,497 | 14,481 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 13,123,506 | 13,003,987 |
| Deferred compensation | (18,034 |) - |
| Retained deficit | (1,310,775 |) (1,713,928) |
| Total Radiant Logistics, Inc. stockholders' equity | 11,809,194 | 11,304,540 |
| Non-controlling interest | 127,812 | 97,551) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 11,937,006 | 11,402,091 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 87,669,322 | \$84,503,398 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

RADIANT LOGISTICS, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(unaudited)

| | THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 |
| Revenue | \$79,148,458 | \$71,833,044 |
| Cost of transportation | 56,910,016 | 50,594,124 |
| Net revenues | 22,238,442 | 21,238,920 |
| Agent commissions | 13,295,325 | 13,892,425 |
| Personnel costs | 3,757,372 | 2,893,738 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 2,900,237 | 2,661,126 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,119,804 | 390,393 |
| Transition costs associated with DBA acquisition | - | 282,636 |
| Change in contingent consideration | 50,000 | - |
| Total operating expenses | 21,122,738 | 20,120,318 |
| Income from operations | 1,115,704 | 1,118,602 |
| Other income (expense): | | |
| Interest income | 4,073 | 4,934 |
| Interest expense | (495,331) | (92,088) |
| Other | 148,972 | 72,729 |
| Total other expense | (342,286) | (14,425) |
| Income before income tax expense | 773,418 | 1,104,177 |
| Income tax expense | (340,004) | (401,469) |
| Net income | 433,414 | 702,708 |
| Less: Net income attributable to non-controlling interest | (30,261) | (47,681) |
| Net income attributable to Radiant Logistics, Inc. | \$403,153 | \$655,027 |
| Net income per common share – basic and diluted | \$.01 | \$.02 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding: | | |
| Basic shares | 33,031,110 | 31,676,438 |
| Diluted shares | 35,602,281 | 34,609,965 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

RADIANT LOGISTICS, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity

(unaudited)

| | RADIANT LOGISTICS, INC. STOCKHOLDERS | | | | | | TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY |
|--|--------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | COMMON STOCK SHARES | AMOUNT | ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL | DEFERRED COMPENSATION | RETAINED EQUITY | NON- CONTROLLING INTEREST | |
| Balance at June 30, 2012 | 33,025,865 | \$ 14,481 | \$ 13,003,987 | \$ - | \$(1,713,928) | \$ 97,551 | \$ 11,402,091 |
| Share-based compensation | - | - | 94,320 | - | - | - | 94,320 |
| Grant of restricted stock awards at \$1.62 per share | 15,565 | 16 | 25,199 | (25,215) | - | - | - |
| Amortization of deferred compensation | - | - | - | 7,181 | - | - | 7,181 |
| Net income for the three months ended September 30, 2012 | - | - | - | - | 403,153 | 30,261 | 433,414 |
| Balance at September 30, 2012 | 33,041,430 | \$ 14,497 | \$ 13,123,506 | \$ (18,034) | \$(1,310,775) | \$ 127,812 | \$ 11,937,006 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

RADIANT LOGISTICS, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(unaudited)

| | THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 |
| CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Net income | \$ 403,153 | \$ 655,027 |
| ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE NET INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| share-based compensation expense | 101,501 | 24,244 |
| amortization of intangibles | 957,095 | 290,755 |
| depreciation and leasehold amortization | 162,709 | 99,638 |
| deferred income tax benefit | (374,068) | (151,744) |
| amortization of loan fees and original issue discount | 66,008 | - |
| change in contingent consideration | 50,000 | - |
| change in non-controlling interest | 30,261 | 47,681 |
| change in provision for doubtful accounts | 157,575 | 150,586 |
| CHANGE IN OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES: | | |
| accounts receivable | (2,021,730) | (1,144,808) |
| employee and other receivables | (51,062) | 43,349 |
| income tax deposit and income taxes payable | 251,327 | (844,582) |
| prepaid expenses, deposits and other assets | (1,197,353) | (1,386,935) |
| accounts payable and accrued transportation costs | (446,689) | 2,622,130 |
| commissions payable | 394,098 | 39,761 |
| other accrued costs | 54,285 | (104,210) |
| other liabilities | (15,766) | (14,917) |
| deferred rent liability | 1,569 | (1,162) |
| Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities | (1,477,087) | 324,813 |
| CASH FLOWS USED FOR INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Purchase of furniture and equipment | (200,749) | (299,148) |
| Payments to former shareholders of acquired operations | - | (614,250) |
| Net cash used for investing activities | (200,749) | (913,398) |
| CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Proceeds from credit facility, net of credit fees | 2,287,425 | 659,004 |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 2,287,425 | 659,004 |
| NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 609,589 | 70,419 |

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| | | |
|---|-----------|-------------|
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD | 66,888 | 434,185 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD | \$676,477 | \$504,604 |
| SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION: | | |
| Income taxes paid | \$462,445 | \$1,406,560 |
| Interest paid | \$429,046 | \$101,738 |

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RADIANT LOGISTICS, INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(unaudited)

NOTE 1 – THE COMPANY AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Company

Radiant Logistics, Inc. (the "Company") is a non-asset based transportation and logistics services company providing customers domestic and international freight forwarding services and other value added supply chain management services, including order fulfillment, inventory management and warehousing. The Company is executing a strategy to expand operations through a combination of organic growth and the strategic acquisition of non-asset based transportation and logistics providers meeting the Company's acquisition criteria.

The Company's first acquisition of Airgroup Corporation ("Airgroup") was completed on January 1, 2006. Airgroup, headquartered in Bellevue, Washington, is a non-asset based logistics company providing domestic and international freight forwarding services through a network of independent agent offices across North America.

The Company continues to seek additional companies as suitable acquisition candidates and has completed five material acquisitions since its acquisition of Airgroup. In November 2007, the Company acquired certain assets of Automotive Services Group in Detroit, Michigan to service the automotive industry. In September 2008, the Company acquired Adcom Express, Inc. d/b/a Adcom Worldwide ("Adcom"), adding an additional 30 locations across North America and augmenting the Company's overall domestic and international freight forwarding capabilities. In April 2011, the Company acquired DBA Distribution Services, Inc., d/b/a Distribution by Air ("DBA"), adding an additional 26 locations across North America, further expanding the Company's physical network and service capabilities. In December 2011, the Company acquired Laredo, Texas based ISLA International Ltd, ("ISLA") to serve as the Company's gateway to Mexico. In February 2012, the Company acquired New York-JFK based Brunswicks Logistics, Inc. d/b/a ALBS Logistics, Inc. ("ALBS"), a strategic location for domestic and international logistics services.

In connection with the acquisition of Adcom, the Company changed the name of Airgroup Corporation to Radiant Global Logistics, Inc. ("RGL") in order to better position its centralized back-office operations to service a multi-brand network. RGL, through the Radiant, Airgroup, Adcom and DBA network brands, has a diversified account base including manufacturers, distributors and retailers using a network of independent carriers through a combination of company-owned and independent agency offices and international agents positioned strategically around the world.

The Company's growth strategy will continue to focus on both organic growth and growth through acquisition. For organic growth, the Company will focus on strengthening and retaining existing, and expanding new customer agency relationships. Since the Company's acquisition of Airgroup in January 2006, the Company has focused its efforts on the build-out of its network of independent agency offices, as well as enhancing its back-office infrastructure, transportation and accounting systems. In addition to the focus on organic growth, the Company will continue to search for targets that fit within its acquisition criteria.

Interim Disclosure

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. The Company's management believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2012.

The interim period information included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q reflects all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, that are, in the opinion of the Company's management, necessary for a fair statement of the results of the respective interim periods. Results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for an entire year.

Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries as well as a single variable interest entity, Radiant Logistics Partners, LLC ("RLP"), which is 40% owned by RGL, and 60% owned by RCP, an affiliate of Bohn H. Crain, the Company's CEO, whose accounts are included in the condensed consolidated financial statements. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Such estimates include revenue recognition, accruals for the cost of purchased transportation, the fair value of acquired assets and liabilities, changes in contingent consideration, accounting for the issuance of shares and share-based compensation, the assessment of the recoverability of long-lived assets and goodwill, and the establishment of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and the effects of revisions are reflected in the period that they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

b) Fair Value Measurements

In general, fair values determined by Level 1 inputs utilize quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Fair values determined by Level 2 inputs utilize observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the related assets or liabilities. Fair values determined by Level 3 inputs are unobservable data points for the asset or liability, and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability.

c) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair values of the Company's receivables, accounts payable and accrued transportation costs, commissions payable, other accrued costs, income taxes payable and amounts due to former shareholders of acquired operations approximate the carrying values due to the relatively short maturities of these instruments. The fair value of the Company's credit facility, DBA notes payable, and other long-term liabilities would not differ significantly from the recorded amount if recalculated based on current interest rates. The fair value of the subordinated Caltius notes payable is not practicable to determine given the complex terms associated with this instrument. Contingent consideration attributable to the Company's recent acquisitions of ISLA and ALBS are reported at fair value.

d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are not securing any corporate obligations.

e) Concentrations

The Company maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts, which, at times, may exceed federally-insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

f) Accounts Receivable

The Company's receivables are recorded when billed and represent claims against third parties that will be settled in cash. The carrying value of the Company's receivables, net of the allowance for doubtful accounts, represents their estimated net realizable value. The Company evaluates the collectability of accounts receivable on a customer-by-customer basis. The Company records a reserve for bad debts against amounts due to reduce the net recognized receivable to an amount the Company believes will be reasonably collected. The reserve is a discretionary amount determined from the analysis of the aging of the accounts receivable, historical experience and knowledge of specific customers.

The Company derives a substantial portion of its revenue through independently-owned agent offices operating under the various Company brands. Each individual agent office is responsible for some or all of the bad debt expense related to the underlying customers being serviced by the office. To facilitate this arrangement, each office is required to maintain a security deposit with the Company that is recognized as a liability in the Company's financial statements. The Company charges each individual office's bad debt reserve account for any accounts receivable aged beyond 90 days. The bad debt reserve account is continually replenished with a portion (typically 5% - 10%) of the office's weekly commission check being directed to fund this account. However, the bad debt reserve account may carry a deficit balance when amounts charged to this reserve exceed amounts otherwise available in the bad debt reserve account. In these circumstances, deficit bad debt reserve accounts are recognized as a receivable in the Company's financial statements. Further, the agency agreements provide that the Company may withhold all or a portion of future commission checks payable to the individual office in satisfaction of any deficit balance. As of the date of this report, a number of the Company's agency offices have a deficit balance in their bad debt reserve account. The Company expects to replenish these funds through the future business operations of these offices. However, to the extent any of these offices were to cease operations or otherwise be unable to replenish these deficit accounts, the Company would be at risk of loss for any such amount. The Company is currently in collection proceedings against two customers who owe the Company approximately \$1.5 million. The Company has expensed its portion of these amounts. While there can be no assurance as to the amount that may be recovered in the future, the Company does not believe its exposure to these customers will be material based upon, among others: (i) the Company's historic collection experience; (ii) the portion of the bad debt recoverable from the individual agency location responsible for the account; and (iii) the anticipated recovery likely from these customers.

g) Furniture and Equipment

Technology (computer software, hardware, and communications), furniture, and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Depreciation is computed using five to seven year lives for vehicles, communication, office, furniture, and computer equipment using the straight line method of depreciation. Computer software is depreciated over a three year life using the straight line method of depreciation. For leasehold improvements, the cost is depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or useful life on a straight line basis. Upon retirement or other disposition of these assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is reflected in other income or expense. Expenditures for maintenance, repairs and renewals of minor items are charged to expense as incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized.

h) Goodwill

The Company typically performs its annual goodwill impairment test effective as of April 1 of each year, unless events or circumstances indicate impairment may have occurred before that time. The Company assesses qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. After assessing qualitative factors, the Company determined that no further testing was necessary. If further testing was necessary, the Company would have performed a two-step impairment test for goodwill. The first step requires the Company to determine the fair value of each reporting unit, and compare the fair value to the reporting unit's carrying amount. The Company has only one reporting unit. To the extent a reporting unit's carrying amount

exceeds its fair value, an indication exists that the reporting unit's goodwill may be impaired and the Company must perform a second more detailed impairment assessment. The second impairment assessment involves allocating the reporting unit's fair value to all of its recognized and unrecognized assets and liabilities in order to determine the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill as of the assessment date. The implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill is then compared to the carrying amount of goodwill to quantify an impairment charge as of the assessment date. As of September 30, 2012, management believes there are no indications of impairment.

i)

Long-Lived Assets

Acquired intangibles consist of customer related intangibles and non-compete agreements arising from the Company's acquisitions. Customer related intangibles are amortized using accelerated methods over approximately five years and non-compete agreements are amortized using the straight line method over the term of the underlying agreements.

The Company reviews long-lived assets to be held-and-used for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. If the sum of the undiscounted expected future cash flows over the remaining useful life of a long-lived asset is less than its carrying amount, the asset is considered to be impaired. Impairment losses are measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. When fair values are not available, the Company estimates fair value using the expected future cash flows discounted at a rate commensurate with the risks associated with the recovery of the asset. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell. Management has performed a review of all long-lived assets and has determined no impairment of the respective carrying value has occurred as of September 30, 2012.

j) Business Combinations

The Company accounts for business combinations using the purchase method of accounting and allocates the purchase price to the tangible and intangible assets acquired and the liabilities assumed based upon their estimated fair values at the acquisition date. The difference between the purchase price and the fair value of the net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. While the Company uses its best estimates and assumptions to accurately value assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date, the estimates are inherently uncertain and subject to refinement. As a result, during the measurement period, which may be up to one year from the acquisition date, the Company records adjustments to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed with the corresponding offset to goodwill. Upon the conclusion of the measurement period or final determination of the values of assets acquired or liabilities assumed, whichever comes first, any subsequent adjustments are recorded in the consolidated statement of operations.

The fair values of intangible assets acquired are estimated using a discounted cash flow approach with Level 3 inputs. Under this method, an intangible asset's fair value is equal to the present value of the incremental after-tax cash flows (excess earnings) attributable solely to the intangible asset over its remaining useful life. To calculate fair value, the Company uses risk-adjusted cash flows discounted at rates considered appropriate given the inherent risks associated with each type of asset. The Company believes the level and timing of cash flows appropriately reflects market participant assumptions.

The Company determines the acquisition date fair value of the contingent consideration payable based on the likelihood of paying the contingent consideration as part of the consideration transferred. The fair value is estimated using projected future operating results and the corresponding future earn-out payments that can be earned upon the achievement of specified operating objectives and financial results by acquired companies using Level 3 inputs and the amounts are then discounted to present value. These liabilities are measured quarterly at fair value, and any change in the contingent liability is included in the consolidated statement of operations. For the three months ended September 30, 2012, the Company recorded an increase to contingent consideration of \$50,000.

k) Commitments

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The Company has operating lease commitments for equipment rentals, office space, and warehouse space under non-cancelable operating leases expiring at various dates through May 2021. As of September 30, 2012, minimum future lease payments under these non-cancelable operating leases for the next five fiscal years ending June 30 and thereafter are as follows:

| | |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| 2013 (remaining portion) | \$ 1,609,874 |
| 2014 | 1,968,307 |
| 2015 | 1,663,623 |
| 2016 | 1,038,382 |
| 2017 | 309,111 |
| Thereafter | 1,302,257 |

Total minimum lease payments \$ 7,891,554

Rent expense amounted to \$536,907 and \$449,999 for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

l) 401(k) Savings Plan

The Company has employee savings plans under which the Company provides safe harbor matching contributions. During the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, the Company's contributions under the plans were \$68,053 and \$27,552 respectively.

m) Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes are reported using the liability method. Deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences and deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences. Temporary differences are the differences between the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

The Company reports a liability for unrecognized tax benefits resulting from uncertain income tax positions taken or expected to be taken in an income tax return. Estimated interest and penalties are recorded as a component of interest expense or other expense, respectively.

n) Revenue Recognition and Purchased Transportation Costs

The Company is the primary obligor responsible for providing the service desired by the customer and is responsible for fulfillment, including the acceptability of the service(s) ordered or purchased by the customer. At the Company's sole discretion, it sets the prices charged to its customers, and is not required to obtain approval or consent from any other party in establishing its prices. The Company has multiple suppliers for the services it sells to its customers, and has the absolute and complete discretion and right to select the supplier that will provide the product(s) or service(s) ordered by a customer, including changing the supplier on a shipment-by-shipment basis. In most cases, the Company determines the nature, type, characteristics, and specifications of the service(s) ordered by the customer. The Company also assumes credit risk for the amount billed to the customer.

As a non-asset based carrier, the Company does not own transportation assets. The Company generates the major portion of its freight forwarding revenues by purchasing transportation services from direct (asset-based) carriers and

reselling those services to its customers. Based upon the terms in the contract of carriage, revenues related to shipments where the Company issues a House Airway Bill or a House Ocean Bill of Lading are recognized at the time the freight is tendered to the direct carrier at origin net of taxes. Costs related to the shipments are also recognized at this same time based upon anticipated margins, contractual arrangements with direct carriers, and other known factors. The estimates are routinely monitored and compared to actual invoiced costs. The estimates are adjusted as deemed necessary by the Company to reflect differences between the original accruals and actual costs of purchased transportation.

This method generally results in recognition of revenues and purchased transportation costs earlier than the preferred methods under GAAP which does not recognize revenue until a proof of delivery is received or which recognizes revenue as progress on the transit is made. The Company's method of revenue and cost recognition does not result in a material difference from amounts that would be reported under such other methods.

All other revenue, including revenue from other value added services including warehousing and fulfillment services, is recognized upon completion of the service.

o) Share-Based Compensation

The Company has issued restricted stock awards and stock options to certain directors, officers and employees. The Company accounts for share-based compensation under the fair value recognition provisions such that compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the value of the award and is expensed ratably over the vesting period. Determining the fair value of share-based awards at the grant date requires judgment, including estimating the percentage of awards that will be forfeited, stock volatility, the expected life of the award, and other inputs. If actual forfeitures differ significantly from the estimates, share-based compensation expense and the Company's results of operations could be materially impacted.

The Company recorded share-based compensation expense of \$101,501 and \$24,244 for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

p) Basic and Diluted Income per Share

Basic income per share is computed by dividing net income attributable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted income per share is computed similar to basic income per share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potential common shares, such as stock options, had been issued and if the additional common shares were dilutive.

For the three months ended September 30, 2012, the weighted average outstanding number of potentially dilutive common shares totaled 35,602,281 shares of common stock, including options to purchase 4,948,719 shares of common stock as of September 30, 2012, of which 1,240,803 were excluded as their effect would have been anti-dilutive. For the three months ended September 30, 2011, the weighted average outstanding number of potentially dilutive common shares totaled 34,609,965, including options to purchase 3,865,242 shares of common stock as of September 30, 2011, of which none were excluded as the option price was less than the weighted average share price.

The following table reconciles the numerator and denominator of the basic and diluted per share computations for earnings per share as follows:

| | Three months ended September 30, | |
|--|----------------------------------|------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 |
| Weighted average basic shares outstanding | 33,031,110 | 31,676,438 |
| Options | 2,571,171 | 2,933,527 |
| Weighted average dilutive shares outstanding | 35,602,281 | 34,609,965 |

q) Other Comprehensive Income

The Company has no components of Other Comprehensive Income and, accordingly, no Statement of Comprehensive Income has been included in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

r) Reclassifications

Certain amounts for prior periods have been reclassified in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements to conform to the classification used in fiscal year 2012.

NOTE 3 – BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS

Acquisition of Adcom Express, Inc.

On September 5, 2008, the Company entered into and closed a Stock Purchase Agreement (the "SPA") pursuant to which it acquired Adcom, a privately-held Minnesota corporation founded in 1978. At the time of the acquisition, Adcom provided a full range of domestic and international freight forwarding solutions to a diversified account base including manufacturers, distributors and retailers through a combination of three company-owned and twenty-seven independent agency locations across North America.

Through the final earn-out period ended June 30, 2012, the former Adcom shareholders earned a total of \$2,318,365 in base earn-out payments. Of this amount, \$887,083 was paid in cash and \$567,058 was settled in stock through the year ended June 30, 2012. The remaining amount of \$864,224 is included in the amount due to former shareholders of acquired operations as of September 30, 2012 and June 30, 2012, and is expected to be paid out 50% in cash and 50% in Company stock in November 2012.

Acquisition of DBA Distribution Services, Inc.

On April 6, 2011, the Company closed on an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "DBA Agreement") pursuant to which the Company acquired DBA, a privately-held New Jersey corporation founded in 1981. At the time of the acquisition DBA serviced a diversified account base including manufacturers, distributors and retailers through a combination of company-owned logistics offices located in Somerset, New Jersey and Los Angeles, California and twenty-four agency offices located across North America. For financial accounting purposes, the transaction was deemed to be effective as of April 1, 2011. The shares of DBA were acquired by the Company via a merger transaction pursuant to which DBA was merged into a newly-formed subsidiary of the Company. The \$12.0 million purchase price consisted of \$5.4 million paid in cash at closing, the delivery of \$4.8 million in Company notes (See Note 8), and \$1.8 million payable in cash in connection with the achievement of certain integration milestones. The integration payment is included in the amount due to former shareholders of acquired operations and is to be paid within 180 days after the milestones have been achieved; however, no later than the 18th month following the closing.

Associated with the acquisition of DBA, the Company incurred \$282,636 of non-recurring transition costs for the three months ended September 30, 2011, consisting principally of personnel, general and administrative costs that are being eliminated in connection with the winding down of DBA's historical back-office operations and transitioning them to the corporate headquarters. There were no such costs for the three months ended September 30, 2012. These costs are reported as a separate line item on the face of the Company's consolidated statement of operations.

In February 2012, the Company initiated an arbitration action asserting certain claims for indemnification against the former shareholders of DBA under the DBA Agreement dated March 29, 2011, relating to, among others, the failure to identify certain purchased transportation charges and related party transactions, as well as the breach of certain non-competition and non-solicitation covenants by one of the DBA selling shareholders and a former DBA employee affiliated with such selling shareholder.

Acquisition of ISLA International, Ltd.

On December 1, 2011, through a wholly-owned subsidiary, RGL, the Company acquired the operations and substantially all of the assets of Laredo, Texas based ISLA, a privately-held company founded in 1996. At the time of the acquisition, ISLA provided bilingual expertise in both north and south bound cross-border transportation and logistics services to a diversified account base including manufacturers in the automotive, appliance, electronics and consumer packaged goods industries from its strategically-aligned location in Laredo, Texas and serves as the Company's gateway to the Mexico markets. The transaction was structured as an asset purchase and valued at up to approximately \$15.0 million, consisting of \$7.657 million paid in cash at closing, \$1.325 million paid through the issuance of common stock, and up to \$5.975 million in aggregate earn-out payments covering the four-year earn-out period immediately following closing. The various earn-out payments shall be made in a combination of cash and common stock, as the Company may elect to satisfy up to 25% of each of the earn-out payments through the issuance

of common stock valued based upon a 30-day volume weighted average price to be calculated preceding the delivery of the shares.

Acquisition of Brunswicks Logistics, Inc.

On February 27, 2012, through a wholly-owned subsidiary, RGL, the Company acquired the operations and substantially all of the assets of New York based ALBS, a privately-held company founded in 1997. At the time of the acquisition, ALBS provided a full range of domestic and international transportation and logistics services across North America to a diversified account base including manufacturers, distributors and retailers from its strategic international gateway location at New York-JFK airport. The transaction was structured as an asset purchase and valued at up to approximately \$7.275 million, consisting of \$2.655 million paid in cash at closing, \$295,000 paid through the issuance of common stock, and up to \$4.325 million in aggregate earn-out payments covering the four-year earn-out period immediately following closing.

NOTE 4 – ACQUIRED INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The table below reflects acquired intangible assets related to the acquisitions of Airgroup, Automotive Services Group, Adcom, DBA, ISLA, and ALBS:

| | As of September 30, 2012 | | As of June 30, 2012 | |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Gross Carrying Amount | Accumulated Amortization | Gross Carrying Amount | Accumulated Amortization |
| Amortizable intangible assets: | | | | |
| Customer related | \$ 18,712,673 | \$ 8,209,624 | \$ 18,712,673 | \$ 7,275,865 |
| Covenants not to compete | 420,000 | 157,332 | 420,000 | 133,996 |
| Total | \$ 19,132,673 | \$ 8,366,956 | \$ 19,132,673 | \$ 7,409,861 |
| Aggregate amortization expense: | | | | |
| For the three months ended September 30, 2012 | | \$ 957,095 | | |
| For the three months ended September 30, 2011 | | \$ 290,755 | | |
| Aggregate amortization expense for the fiscal years ending June 30: | | | | |
| 2013 (remaining portion) | | \$ 2,241,254 | | |
| 2014 | | 2,174,175 | | |
| 2015 | | 1,715,511 | | |
| 2016 | | 2,852,403 | | |
| 2017 | | 1,782,374 | | |
| Total | | \$ 10,765,717 | | |

NOTE 5 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The following table sets forth the Company's financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

| | Fair Value Measurements as of September 30, 2012, | |
|--------------------------|---|-----------|
| | Level 3 | Total |
| Contingent consideration | \$ 6,250,000 | 6,250,000 |

The fair value of the contingent consideration was estimated using projected future operating results and the corresponding future earn-out payments. To calculate fair value, the future earn-out payments were then discounted

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using Level 3 inputs. The Company believes the discount rate used to discount the earn-out payments reflect market participant assumptions.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the beginning and ending liabilities for the liabilities measured at fair value using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

| | Contingent consideration |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Balance, June 30, 2012 | \$ 6,200,000 |
| Increase related to accounting for acquisitions | - |
| Change in fair value | 50,000 |
| Balance, September 30, 2012 | \$ 6,250,000 |

NOTE 6 – VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITY AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

RLP is owned 40% by RGL and 60% by Radiant Capital Partners, LLC ("RCP"), a company for which the Chief Executive Officer of the Company is the sole member. RLP is a certified minority business enterprise that was formed for the purpose of providing the Company with a national accounts strategy to pursue corporate and government accounts with diversity initiatives. RCP's ownership interest entitles it to a majority of the profits and distributable cash, if any, generated by RLP. The operations of RLP are intended to provide certain benefits to the Company, including expanding the scope of services offered by the Company and participating in supplier diversity programs not otherwise available to the Company. In the course of evaluating and approving the ownership structure, operations and economics emanating from RLP, a committee consisting of the independent Board member of the Company, considered, among other factors, the significant benefits provided to the Company through association with a minority business enterprise, particularly as many of the Company's largest current and potential customers have a need for diversity offerings. In addition, the Committee concluded that the economic relationship with RLP was on terms no less favorable to the Company than terms generally available from unaffiliated third parties.

Certain entities in which equity investors do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or do not have the sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support from other parties are considered "variable interest entities". RLP qualifies as a variable interest entity and is included in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements. Non-controlling interest recorded as an expense on the statements of operations was \$30,261 and \$47,681 for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

For the three months ended September 30, 2012, RLP recorded \$50,435 in profits, of which Mr. Crain's distributable share was \$30,261. For the three months ended September 30, 2011, RLP recorded \$79,469 in profits, of which Mr. Crain's distributive share was \$47,681.

NOTE 7 – FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT

Furniture and equipment consists of the following:

| | September 30, 2012 | June 30, 2012 |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Vehicles | \$ 30,288 | \$ 30,288 |
| Communication equipment | 36,341 | 30,006 |
| Office equipment | 524,545 | 524,545 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 212,058 | 212,058 |

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| | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Computer equipment | 748,010 | 721,025 |
| Computer software | 1,847,543 | 1,698,123 |
| Leasehold improvements | 864,668 | 846,659 |
| | 4,263,453 | 4,062,704 |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization | (2,490,256) | (2,327,547) |
| Furniture and equipment – net | \$ 1,773,197 | \$ 1,735,157 |

Depreciation and amortization expense related to furniture and equipment was \$162,709 and \$99,638 for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

NOTE 8 – NOTES PAYABLE AND OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT

Notes payable and other long-term debt consist of the following:

| | September 30, 2012 | June 30, 2012 |
|---|-----------------------|------------------|
| Notes Payable – Caltius | \$ 10,000,000 | \$ 10,000,000 |
| Less: Original Issue Discount (net) | (1,038,945) | (1,081,739) |
| Less: Debt Issuance Costs (net) | (563,602) | (586,816) |
| | | |
| Total Caltius Senior Subordinated Notes (net) | 8,397,453 | 8,331,445 |
| Notes Payable to former shareholders of DBA | 1,534,183 | 1,534,183 |
| Long-Term Credit Facility | 13,721,823 | 11,434,398 |
| | | |
| Total notes payable and other long-term debt | 23,653,459 | 21,300,026 |
| Less: Current portion | (767,092) | (767,092) |
| Total notes payable and other long-term debt | \$ 22,886,367 | \$ 20,532,934 |

Future maturities of notes payable and other long-term debt for the fiscal years ending June 30 are as follows:

| | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| 2013 (remaining portion) | \$ 767,092 |
| 2014 | 14,488,914 |
| 2015 | - |
| 2016 | - |
| 2017 | 10,000,000 |
| | \$ 25,256,006 |

Bank of America Credit Facility

The Company has a \$20.0 million senior credit facility (the “Credit Facility”) with Bank of America, N.A. (the “Lender”). The Credit Facility includes a \$1.0 million sublimit to support letters of credit and matures November 30, 2013. Borrowings accrue interest, at the Company’s option, at the Lender’s prime rate minus 0.75% to plus 0.50% or LIBOR plus 1.75% to 3.00%, and can be adjusted based on the Company’s performance relative to certain financial covenants. The Credit Facility is collateralized by the Company’s accounts receivable and other assets of its subsidiaries.

The available borrowing amount is limited to up to 80% of eligible domestic accounts receivable and up to 60% of eligible foreign accounts receivable, and is available to fund future acquisitions, capital expenditures or for other corporate purposes. The terms of the Credit Facility are subject to customary financial and operational covenants, including covenants that may limit or restrict the ability to, among other things, borrow under the Credit facility, incur indebtedness from other lenders, and make acquisitions. As of September 30, 2012, the Company was in compliance with all of its covenants.

As of September 30, 2012, the Company had \$7,971,663 in advances under the Credit Facility and \$5,750,160 in outstanding payments, which had not yet been presented to the bank for payment. The outstanding checks have been reclassified from cash as they will be advanced from, or against, the Credit Facility when presented for payment to the bank.

As of June 30, 2012, the Company had \$7,159,159 in advances under the Credit Facility and \$4,275,239 in outstanding payments, which had not yet been presented to the bank for payment. The outstanding checks have been reclassified from cash, as they will be advanced from, or against, the Credit Facility when presented for payment to the bank.

At September 30, 2012, based on available collateral and \$491,800 in outstanding letter of credit commitments, there was \$11,536,537 available for borrowing under the Credit Facility based on advances outstanding.

Caltius Senior Subordinated Notes

In connection with the Company's acquisition of ISLA, the Company entered into an Investment Agreement with Caltius Partners IV, LP and Caltius Partners Executive IV, LP (collectively, "Caltius"). Under the Investment Agreement, Caltius provided the Company with a \$10.0 million aggregate principal amount evidenced by the issuance of senior subordinated notes (the "Senior Subordinated Notes"), the net proceeds of which were primarily used to finance the cash payments due at closing of the ISLA transaction. The Senior Subordinated Notes accrue interest at the rate of 13.5% per annum (the "Accrual Rate"), and must be paid currently in cash on a quarterly basis at a rate of 11.75% per annum (the "Pay Rate"). The outstanding principal balance of the Senior Subordinated Notes will be increased by an amount (the "PIK Amount") equal to the difference between interest accrued at the Accrual Rate and Interest Accrued at the Pay Rate unless the Company makes an election to pay the PIK Amount in cash. The Company has exercised its option to pay all PIK in cash. The Senior Subordinated Notes are non-amortizing, with all principal due upon maturity at December 1, 2016.

The terms of the Investment Agreement are subject to customary financial and operational covenants, including covenants that may limit or restrict the ability to, among other things, incur indebtedness from other lenders, and make acquisitions. As of September 30, 2012, the Company was in compliance with all of its covenants.

DBA Notes Payable

In connection with the DBA acquisition, the Company issued notes payable in the amount of \$4.8 million payable to the former shareholders of DBA. The notes accrue interest at a rate of 6.5%, and such interest is payable on a quarterly basis. The Company elected to satisfy \$2.4 million of the notes through the issuance of common stock. The Company has also repaid \$98,725 of the notes early in connection with the termination of some former DBA employees who were also shareholders. The principal amount of the notes is payable annually on March 31 in three equal payments commencing on March 31, 2012.

NOTE 9 – PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES

For the three months ended September 30, 2012, the Company recognized net income tax expense of \$340,004 which consisted of current income tax expense of \$714,072 and deferred income tax benefit of \$374,068. For the three months ended September 30, 2011, the Company recognized net income tax expense of \$401,469 which consisted of current income tax expense of \$553,213, and deferred income tax benefit of \$151,744.

Tax years that remain subject to examination by federal and state authorities are the years ended June 30, 2009 through June 30, 2012.

NOTE 10 – CONTINGENCIES

Legal Proceedings

In February 2012, the Company initiated an arbitration action asserting certain claims for indemnification against the former shareholders of DBA under the Agreement and Plan of Merger dated March 29, 2011, relating to, among others, the failure to identify certain purchased transportation charges and related party transactions, as well as the breach of certain non-competition and non-solicitation covenants by one of the DBA selling shareholders and a former DBA employee affiliated with such selling shareholder.

Contingent Consideration and Earn-out Payments

The Company's agreements with respect to the acquisitions of Adcom, ISLA and ALBS (See Note 3) contain future consideration provisions that provide for the selling shareholder to receive additional consideration if specified operating objectives and financial results are achieved in future periods, as defined in their respective agreements. Any changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration are recorded in the consolidated statements of operations. Earn-out payments are generally due annually on November 1, and 90 days following the quarter of the final earn-out period for each respective acquisition.

The following table represents the estimated undiscounted earn-out payments to be paid in each of the following fiscal years:

| | 2013 (remaining) | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | Total |
|--|---------------------|-------|---------|---------|---------|
| Earn-out payments (in thousands): | | | | | |
| Cash | \$ 432 | \$685 | \$1,610 | \$3,457 | \$6,184 |
| Equity | 432 | 85 | 270 | 679 | 1,466 |
| Total estimated earn-out payments ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 864 | \$770 | \$1,880 | \$4,136 | \$7,650 |

(1)The Company generally has the right but not the obligation to satisfy a portion of the earn-out payments in stock.

NOTE 11 – STOCKHOLDERS’ EQUITY

Preferred Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value at \$.001 per share. As of September 30, 2012 and June 30, 2012, none of the shares were issued or outstanding.

NOTE 12 – SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Stock Awards

The Company granted restricted stock awards to certain employees in August 2012. The shares are restricted in transferability for a term of up to five years and are forfeited in the event the employee terminates employment prior to the lapse of the restriction. The awards generally vest ratably over a five-year period. During the three months ended September 30, 2012, the Company recognized share-based compensation expense of \$7,181 related to these stock awards. The following table summarizes stock award activity under the plan for the three months ended September 30, 2012:

| | Number of Shares | Weighted Average Grant- date Fair value |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| Unvested as of June 30, 2012 | - | \$ - |
| Granted | 15,565 | 1.65 |
| Vested | (1,647) | 1.65 |
| Balance as of September 30, 2012 | 13,918 | \$ 1.65 |

Stock Options

The Company issued options to certain employees to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.84 per share in July 2012, and options to purchase 25,545 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.75 per share in September 2012. The options generally vest ratably over a five-year period. No options have been exercised during the three months ended September 30, 2012.

During the three months ended September 30, 2012, the weighted average fair value per share of employee options granted was \$1.14. The fair value of options granted were estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, with the following assumptions for each issuance of options:

| | July 2012 | | September 2012 | |
|-------------------------|--------------|---|-------------------|---|
| Risk-Free Interest Rate | 1.01 | % | 1.08 | % |
| Expected Term | 6.5 years | | 6.5 years | |
| Expected Volatility | 68.49 | % | 67.76 | % |
| Expected Dividend Yield | 0.00 | % | 0.00 | % |

During the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, the Company recognized share-based compensation expense related to stock options of \$94,320 and \$24,244, respectively. The following table summarizes activity under the plan for the three months ended September 30, 2012:

| | Number of Shares | Weighted Average Exercise Price | Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life - Years | Aggregate Intrinsic Value |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Outstanding as of June 30, 2012 | 4,873,174 | \$ 0.95 | 5.64 years | \$4,481,263 |
| Granted | 75,545 | 1.81 | 9.84 years | - |
| Outstanding as of September 30, 2012 | 4,948,719 | \$ 1.04 | 5.46 years | \$4,223,497 |
| Exercisable as of September 30, 2012 | 3,311,834 | \$ 0.55 | 3.86 years | \$3,764,039 |

NOTE 13 – OPERATING AND GEOGRAPHIC SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segments are identified as components of an enterprise about which separate discrete financial information is available for evaluation by the chief operating decision-maker, or decision-making group, in making decisions regarding allocation of resources and assessing performance. The Company's chief decision-maker is the Chief Executive Officer. The Company continues to operate in a single operating segment.

The Company's geographic operations outside the United States include shipments to and from Canada, Central America, Europe, Africa, Asia and Australia. The following data presents the Company's revenue generated from shipments to and from these locations for the United States and all other countries, which is determined based upon the geographic location of a shipment's initiation and destination points (in thousands):

| | United States | | Other Countries | | Total | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------------|----------|----------|----------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Three months ended September 30: | | | | | | |
| Revenue | \$43,792 | \$42,315 | \$35,356 | \$29,518 | \$79,148 | \$71,833 |
| Cost of transportation | 29,165 | 26,942 | 27,745 | 23,652 | 56,910 | 50,594 |
| Net revenue | \$14,627 | \$15,373 | \$7,611 | \$5,866 | \$22,238 | \$21,239 |

NOTE 14 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On November 1, 2012, through a wholly-owned subsidiary, RGL, the Company acquired the operations and assets of one of its independently-owned agent offices serving the Los Angeles market and operating under the Airgroup brand. The acquisition provides the Company with increased company owned operations as well as potential cost synergies. The Company has structured the transaction similar to previous acquisitions with a portion of the expected purchase price payable in subsequent periods is based on future performance of the acquired operation. The Company has concluded that the transaction is not material to its financial statements.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This report contains “forward-looking statements” – that is, statements related to future, not past, events. In this context, forward-looking statements often address our expected future business and financial performance and financial condition, and often contain words such as “expect,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “plan,” “believe,” “seek,” “see,” or “will.” These forward-looking statements are not guarantees and are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. For us, particular uncertainties that could cause our actual results to be materially different than those expressed in our forward-looking statements include: continued relationships with our independent agents; challenges in locating suitable acquisition opportunities and securing the financing necessary to complete such acquisitions; general industry conditions and competition; economic factors; transportation costs; our ability to mitigate, to the best extent possible, our dependence on current management and certain of our larger agency locations; laws and governmental regulations affecting the transportation industry in general and our operations in particular; and such other factors that may be identified from time to time in our Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) filings and other public announcements including those set forth below under the caption “Risk Factors” in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2012. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us, or persons acting on our behalf, are expressly qualified in their entirety by the foregoing. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements, as they speak only as of the date made. Except as required by law, we assume no duty to update or revise our forward-looking statements.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and result of operations should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the related notes and other information included elsewhere in this report.

Overview

We are a non-asset based transportation and logistics services company providing customers domestic and international freight forwarding services and other value added supply chain management services, including order fulfillment, inventory management and warehousing. We are executing a strategy to expand operations through a combination of organic growth and the strategic acquisition of non-asset based transportation and logistics providers meeting our acquisition criteria.

Our first acquisition of Airgroup was completed on January 1, 2006. Airgroup, headquartered in Bellevue, Washington, is a non-asset based logistics company providing domestic and international freight forwarding services through a network of independent agent offices across North America.

We continue to seek additional companies as suitable acquisition candidates and have completed five material acquisitions since our acquisition of Airgroup. In November 2007, we acquired certain assets of Automotive Services Group in Detroit, Michigan to service the automotive industry. In September 2008, we acquired Adcom, adding an additional 30 locations across North America and augmenting our overall domestic and international freight forwarding capabilities. In April 2011, we acquired DBA, adding an additional 26 locations across North America, further expanding our physical network and service capabilities. In December 2011, we acquired Laredo, Texas based ISLA to serve as our gateway to Mexico. In February 2012, we acquired New York-JFK based ALBS, a strategic location for domestic and international logistics services.

In connection with our acquisition of Adcom, we changed the name of Airgroup Corporation to Radiant Global Logistics, Inc. ("RGL") to better position our centralized back-office operations to service our multi-brand network. Today, RGL, through the Radiant, Airgroup, Adcom and DBA network brands, has a diversified account base including manufacturers, distributors and retailers using a network of independent carriers through a combination of company-owned and independent agency offices and international agents positioned strategically around the world.

Our growth strategy will continue to focus on both organic growth and growth through acquisition. For organic growth, we will focus on strengthening and retaining existing, and expanding new customer agency relationships. Since our acquisition of Airgroup in January 2006, we have focused our efforts on the build-out of our network of independent agency offices, as well as enhancing our back-office infrastructure, transportation and accounting systems. In addition to the focus on organic growth, we will continue to search for targets that fit within our

acquisition criteria.

Performance Metrics

Our principal source of income is derived from freight forwarding services. As a freight forwarder, we arrange for the shipment of our customers' freight from point of origin to point of destination. Generally, we quote our customers a turnkey cost for the movement of their freight. Our price quote will often depend upon the customer's time-definite needs (first day through fifth day delivery), special handling needs (heavy equipment, delicate items, environmentally sensitive goods, electronic components, etc.), and the means of transport (motor carrier, air, ocean or rail). In turn, we assume the responsibility for arranging and paying for the underlying means of transportation.

Our transportation revenue represents the total dollar value of services we sell to our customers. Our cost of transportation includes direct costs of transportation, including motor carrier, air, ocean and rail services. We act principally as the service provider to add value in the execution and procurement of these services to our customers. Our net transportation revenue (gross transportation revenue less the direct cost of transportation) is the primary indicator of our ability to source, add value and resell services provided by third parties, and is considered by management to be a key performance measure. In addition, management believes measuring its operating costs as a function of net transportation revenue provides a useful metric, as our ability to control costs as a function of net transportation revenue directly impacts operating earnings.

Our operating results will be affected as acquisitions occur. Since all acquisitions are made using the purchase method of accounting for business combinations, our financial statements will only include the results of operations and cash flows of acquired companies for periods subsequent to the date of acquisition.

Our GAAP-based net income will be affected by non-cash charges relating to the amortization of customer related intangible assets and other intangible assets attributable to completed acquisitions. Under applicable accounting standards, purchasers are required to allocate the total consideration in a business combination to the identified assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their fair values at the time of acquisition. The excess of the consideration paid over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is to be allocated to goodwill, which is tested at least annually for impairment. Applicable accounting standards require that we separately account for and value certain identifiable intangible assets based on the unique facts and circumstances of each acquisition. As a result of our acquisition strategy, our net income will include material non-cash charges relating to the amortization of customer related intangible assets and other intangible assets acquired in our acquisitions and changes in contingent consideration. Although these charges may increase as we complete more acquisitions, we believe we will be growing the value of our intangible assets (e.g., customer relationships). Thus, we believe that earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or EBITDA, is a useful financial measure for investors because it eliminates the effect of these non-cash costs and provides an important metric for our business.

Further, the financial covenants of our Credit Facility are measured against adjusted EBITDA which excludes costs related to share-based compensation expense, change in contingent consideration, extraordinary items and other non-cash charges.

Our compliance with the financial covenants of our borrowing arrangements is particularly important given the materiality of these facilities to our day-to-day operations and overall acquisition strategy. Our debt capacity, subject to the requisite collateral at an advance rate of 80% of eligible domestic accounts receivable and up to 60% of eligible foreign receivables, is limited to a multiple of our consolidated EBITDA (as adjusted) as measured on a rolling four quarter basis. If we fail to comply with these covenants and are unable to secure a waiver or other relief, our financial condition would be materially weakened and our ability to fund day-to-day operations would be materially and adversely affected. Accordingly, we intend to employ EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA as management tools to measure our historical financial performance and as a benchmark for future financial flexibility.

Our operating results are also subject to seasonal trends when measured on a quarterly basis. The impact of seasonality on our business will depend on numerous factors, including the markets in which we operate, holiday seasons, consumer demand and economic conditions. Since our revenue is largely derived from customers whose shipments are dependent upon consumer demand and just-in-time production schedules, the timing of our revenue is often beyond our control. Factors such as shifting demand for retail goods and/or manufacturing production delays could unexpectedly affect the timing of our revenue. As we increase the scale of our operations, seasonal trends in one area of our business may be offset to an extent by opposite trends in another area. We cannot accurately predict the timing of these factors, nor can we accurately estimate the impact of any particular factor, and thus we can give no assurance any historical seasonal patterns will continue in future periods.

Results of Operations

Basis of Presentation

The results of operations discussion that appears below has been presented utilizing a combination of historical and, where relevant, pro forma unaudited information to include the effects on our condensed consolidated financial statements of our acquisitions of ISLA and ALBS. The pro forma results are developed to reflect a consolidation of the historical results of operations of the Company and adjusted to include the historical results of ISLA and ALBS, as if we had acquired all of them as of July 1, 2011. The pro forma results are also adjusted to reflect a consolidation of the historical results of operations of ISLA, ALBS, and the Company as adjusted to reflect the amortization of acquired intangibles and are also provided in the consolidated financial statements included within this report.

The pro forma financial data is not necessarily indicative of results of operations that would have occurred had these acquisitions been consummated at the beginning of the periods presented or which might be attained in the future.

Three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 (actual and unaudited)

We generated transportation revenue of \$79.1 million and \$71.8 million and net transportation revenue of \$22.2 million and \$21.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Net income was \$0.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, as compared to \$0.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011.

We had adjusted EBITDA of \$2.5 million and \$1.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure of income and does not include the effects of interest and taxes, and excludes the "non-cash" effects of depreciation and amortization on long-term assets. Companies have some discretion as to which elements of depreciation and amortization are excluded in the EBITDA calculation. We exclude all depreciation charges related to furniture and equipment, all amortization charges, including amortization of leasehold improvements and other intangible assets. We then further adjust EBITDA to exclude changes in contingent consideration, expenses specifically attributable to acquisitions, extraordinary items, costs related to share-based compensation expense, and other non-cash charges consistent with the financial covenants of our Credit Facility. Our ability to generate adjusted EBITDA ultimately limits the amount of debt that we may carry and is a good indicator of our financial flexibility and capacity to complete additional acquisitions in compliance with the Credit Facility. A violation of this covenant in the Credit Facility would greatly limit our financial flexibility, reduce available liquidity, and absent a waiver, could give rise to an event of default under the Credit Facility. For the foregoing reasons, we believe the Credit Facility is material to our operations and that adjusted EBITDA is important to an evaluation of our financial condition and liquidity. While management considers EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA useful in analyzing

our results, it is not intended to replace any presentation included in our condensed consolidated financial statements.

The following table provides a reconciliation for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 of adjusted EBITDA to net income, the most directly comparable GAAP measure in accordance with SEC Regulation G (in thousands):

| | Three months ended September 30 | | Change | |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | Amount | Percent |
| Net income | \$ 403 | \$ 655 | \$(252) | (38.5)% |
| Income tax expense | 340 | 401 | (61) | (15.2)% |
| Net interest expense | 491 | 88 | 403 | 458.0 % |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,120 | 390 | 730 | 187.2 % |
| EBITDA | \$ 2,354 | \$ 1,534 | \$820 | 53.5 % |
| Share-based compensation | 102 | 24 | 78 | 325.0 % |
| Change in contingent consideration | 50 | - | 50 | NM |
| Expenses specifically attributable to acquisitions, including severance | - | 81 | (81) | (100.0)% |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ 2,506 | \$ 1,639 | \$867 | 52.9 % |

The following table summarizes transportation revenue, cost of transportation and net transportation revenue (in thousands) for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 (actual and unaudited):

| | Three months ended September 30, | | Change | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|---------|---------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | Amount | Percent |
| Transportation revenue | \$ 79,148 | \$ 71,833 | \$7,315 | 10.2 % |
| Cost of transportation | 56,910 | 50,594 | 6,316 | 12.5 % |
| Net transportation revenue | \$ 22,238 | \$ 21,239 | \$999 | 4.7 % |
| Net transportation margins | 28.1 % | 29.6 % | | |

Transportation revenue was \$79.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, an increase of 10.2% over transportation revenue of \$71.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. Domestic transportation revenue increased by 3.5% to \$43.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, from \$42.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. International transportation revenue increased by 19.8% to \$35.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, from \$29.5 million for the comparable prior year period. These increases in revenue were due principally to incremental revenues attributed to our acquisition of ISLA and ALBS.

Cost of transportation increased 12.5% to \$56.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, compared to \$50.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. The increase is due to increased volume as reflected in our increased transportation revenues.

Net transportation margins decreased to 28.1% of transportation revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2012, as compared to 29.6% of transportation revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2011. The margin reduction is attributable to differing product mixes of shipments throughout the quarter and the inclusion of our recently acquired operations in the current quarter, which are providing services that typically yield lower margins than the comparable prior year period.

The following table compares certain condensed consolidated statement of operations data as a percentage of our net transportation revenue (in thousands) for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 (actual and unaudited):

| | Three months ended September 30, | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---------|----------|---------|--------|-----------|--|--|
| | 2012 | | 2011 | | Change | | | |
| | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent | | |
| Net transportation revenue | \$22,238 | 100.0 % | \$21,239 | 100.0 % | \$999 | 4.7 % | | |
| Agent commissions | 13,295 | 59.8 % | 13,892 | 65.4 % | (597) | (4.3)% | | |
| Personnel costs | 3,758 | 17.0 % | 2,894 | 13.6 % | 864 | 29.9 % | | |
| Selling, general and administrative | 2,900 | 13.0 % | 2,661 | 12.5 % | 239 | 9.0 % | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,120 | 5.0 % | 390 | 1.9 % | 730 | 187.2 % | | |
| Transition costs associated with DBA acquisition | - | - % | 283 | 1.3 % | (283) | (100.0)% | | |
| Change in contingent consideration | 50 | 0.2 % | - | 0.0 % | 50 | NM | | |
| Total operating expenses | 21,123 | 95.0 % | 20,120 | 94.7 % | 1,003 | 5.0 % | | |
| Income from operations | 1,115 | 5.0 % | 1,119 | 5.3 % | (4) | (0.4)% | | |
| Other expense | (342) | (1.5)% | (15) | (0.1)% | (327) | 2,180.0 % | | |
| | 773 | 3.5 % | 1,104 | 5.2 % | (331) | (30.0)% | | |

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| | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|---------|--------|---------|----------|----------|--|
| Income before income taxes and non-controlling interest | | | | | | | |
| Income tax expense | (340) | (1.6)% | (401) | (1.9)% | 61 | (15.2)% | |
| Income before non-controlling interest | 433 | 1.9 % | 703 | 3.3 % | (270) | (38.4)% | |
| Non-controlling interest | (30) | (0.1)% | (48) | (0.2)% | 18 | (37.5)% | |
| Net income | \$403 | 1.8 % | \$655 | 3.1 % | \$(252) | (38.5)% | |

Agent commissions were \$13.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, a decrease of 4.3% from \$13.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. Agent commissions as a percentage of net transportation revenue decreased to 59.8% for the three months ended September 30, 2012, from 65.4% for the comparable prior year period as a result of our acquisitions of ISLA and ALBS, which added company-owned operations in Laredo and New York-JFK and are not paid commissions as these are company-owned locations.

Personnel costs were \$3.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, an increase of 29.9% from \$2.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. Personnel costs as a percentage of net transportation revenue increased to 17.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2012, from 13.6% for the comparable prior year period. The increase is primarily attributable to our acquisitions of ISLA and ALBS, which added the personnel costs associated with the new company-owned operations in Laredo and New York-JFK.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$2.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, an increase of 9.0% from \$2.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. As a percentage of net transportation revenue, selling, general and administrative expenses increased to 13.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2012, from 12.5% for the comparable prior year period. These higher costs were driven, in part, by the incremental facilities costs of our new Company-owned locations, and includes approximately \$251,000 in non-recurring legal expenses associated with the ongoing dispute with the former DBA shareholders and other legal matters.

Depreciation and amortization costs for the three months ended September 30, 2012, were \$1.1 million, an increase of 187.2% from \$0.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. Depreciation and amortization as a percentage of net transportation revenue increased to 5.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2012, from 1.9% for the comparable prior year period. The increase is primarily due to amortization costs associated with our acquisitions of ISLA and ALBS.

Transition costs represent non-recurring operating costs incurred in connection with our acquisition of DBA and totaled \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. As a percentage of net transportation revenue, non-recurring transition costs were 1.3% for the three months ended September 30, 2011. There were no such costs for the three months ended September 30, 2012.

Change in contingent consideration represents the change in the fair value of contingent consideration due to former shareholders of acquired operations and totaled expense of less than \$0.1 for the three months ended September 30, 2012. There were no such costs during the comparable prior period. As a percentage of revenues, the change in contingent consideration was 0.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2012.

Income from operations was \$1.1 million for each of the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, a 0.4% decrease.

Other expense was \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, compared to other expense of less than \$0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. As a percentage of net revenues, other expense was 1.5% of net revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2012, up from 0.1% for the three months ended

September 30, 2011.

Net income was \$0.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, reflecting a \$0.3 million, or 38.5% decrease from \$0.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, driven principally by the increased amortization of intangibles resulting from our recent acquisitions, higher interest costs associated with increased notes payable used to acquire ISLA and ALBS, and non-recurring legal expenses associated with the ongoing dispute with the former DBA shareholders and other legal matters. Although we do not believe the deterioration in GAAP-based earnings is reflective of the true earnings power of the business, our near-term earnings have and will continue to be negatively impacted as a result of these incremental non-cash charges and other non-recurring costs including, lost revenue experienced by our Los Angeles DBA office, and the legal expenses incurred in connection with the legal proceedings relating to the DBA acquisition, although it is our expectation that some or all of these amounts may be recoverable in our claims brought against the former DBA shareholders.

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Supplemental Pro forma Information

The following table provides a reconciliation for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 (pro forma and unaudited) of adjusted EBITDA to net income, the most directly comparable GAAP measure in accordance with SEC Regulation G (in thousands):

| | Three months ended September 30, | | Change | |
|--|----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | Amount | Percent |
| Net income | \$ 403 | \$ 1,049 | \$(646) | (61.6)% |
| Income tax expense | 340 | 643 | (303) | (47.1)% |
| Net interest expense | 491 | 441 | 50 | 11.3 % |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,120 | 975 | 145 | 14.9 % |
| EBITDA | \$ 2,354 | \$ 3,108 | \$(754) | (24.3)% |
| Share-based compensation | 102 | 59 | 43 | 72.9 % |
| Change in contingent consideration | 50 | - | 50 | NM |
| Expenses specifically attributable to acquisitions | - | 81 | (81) | (100.0)% |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ 2,506 | \$ 3,248 | \$(742) | (22.8)% |

The following table summarizes transportation revenue, cost of transportation and net transportation revenue (in thousands) for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 (pro forma and unaudited):

| | Three months ended September 30, | | Change | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | Amount | Percent |
| Transportation revenue | \$ 79,148 | \$ 84,887 | \$(5,739) | (6.8)% |
| Cost of transportation | 56,910 | 60,527 | (3,617) | (6.0)% |
| Net transportation revenue | \$ 22,238 | \$ 24,360 | \$(2,122) | (8.7)% |
| Net transportation margins | 28.1 % | 28.7 % | | |

Pro forma transportation revenue was \$79.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, a decrease of 6.8% from \$84.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011.

Pro forma cost of transportation was \$56.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, a decrease of 6.0% from \$60.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011.

Pro forma net transportation margins decreased to 28.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2012, compared to 28.7% for the three months ended September 30, 2011.

The following table compares certain condensed consolidated statements of operations data as a percentage of our net transportation revenue (in thousands) for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 (pro forma and unaudited):

| | Three months ended September 30, | | | | | | Change | |
|---|----------------------------------|---------|----------|---------|-----------|----------|--------|---------|
| | 2012 | | 2011 | | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent |
| | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent | | | | |
| Net transportation revenue | \$22,238 | 100.0 % | \$24,360 | 100.0 % | \$(2,122) | (8.7)% | | |
| Agent commissions | 13,295 | 59.8 % | 13,892 | 57.0 % | (597) | (4.3)% | | |
| Personnel costs | 3,758 | 17.0 % | 3,808 | 15.6 % | (50) | (1.3)% | | |
| Selling, general and administrative | 2,900 | 13.0 % | 3,293 | 13.5 % | (393) | (11.9)% | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,120 | 5.0 % | 975 | 4.0 % | 145 | 14.9 % | | |
| Transition costs associated with DBA acquisition | - | - % | 283 | 1.2 % | (283) | (100.0)% | | |
| Change in contingent consideration | 50 | 0.2 % | - | - % | 50 | NM | | |
| Total operating expenses | 21,123 | 95.0 % | 22,251 | 91.3 % | (1,128) | (5.1)% | | |
| Income from operations | 1,115 | 5.0 % | 2,109 | 8.7 % | (994) | (47.1)% | | |
| Other income (expense) | (342) | (1.5)% | (369) | (1.6)% | 27 | (7.3)% | | |
| Income before income taxes and non-controlling interest | 773 | 3.5 % | 1,740 | 7.1 % | (967) | (55.6)% | | |
| Income tax expense | (340) | (1.6)% | (643) | (2.6)% | 303 | (47.1)% | | |
| Income before non-controlling interest | 433 | 1.9 % | 1,097 | 4.5 % | (664) | (60.5)% | | |
| Non-controlling interest | (30) | (0.1)% | (48) | (0.2)% | 18 | (37.5)% | | |
| Net income | \$403 | 1.8 % | \$1,049 | 4.3 % | \$(646) | (61.6)% | | |

Pro forma agent commissions were \$13.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, a decrease of 4.3% from \$13.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. Pro forma agent commissions as a percentage of net transportation revenue increased to 59.8% of net transportation revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2012, compared to 57.0% for three months ended September 30, 2011.

Pro forma personnel costs were \$3.8 million for each of the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, a decrease of 1.3%. Pro forma personnel costs as a percentage of net transportation revenue increased to 17.0% of net transportation revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2012, compared to 15.6% for three months ended September 30, 2011.

Pro forma selling, general and administrative costs were \$2.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, a decrease of 11.9% from \$3.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. As a percentage of net transportation revenue, pro forma selling, general and administrative costs decreased to 13.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2012, from 13.5% three months ended September 30, 2011.

Pro forma depreciation and amortization costs were \$1.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, an increase of 14.9% from \$1.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. As a percentage of net transportation revenue, pro forma depreciation and amortization costs increased to 5.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2012, from 4.0% three months ended September 30, 2011.

Pro forma transition costs associated with the DBA acquisition were \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. There were no such costs during the three months ended September 30, 2012. As a percentage of net transportation revenue, non-recurring transition costs were 1.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2011.

Pro forma change in contingent consideration totaled expense of less than \$0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012. There were no such costs during the comparable prior period. As a percentage of revenues, the change in contingent consideration was 0.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2012.

Pro forma income from operations was \$1.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, compared to \$2.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011.

Pro forma other expense was \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, compared to \$0.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011.

Pro forma net income was \$0.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, compared to \$1.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Net cash used in operating activities was \$1.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, compared to net cash provided of \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. The change was principally driven by increases in accounts receivable, decreases in accounts payable, changes to our income tax deposits and payables, and changes in non-cash operating expenses.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$0.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, compared to \$0.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. Use of cash for the three months ended September 30, 2012, consisted of the purchase of \$0.2 million of furniture and equipment. Use of cash for the three months ended September 30, 2011, consisted of the purchase of \$0.3 million in fixed assets and payments made to the former shareholders of acquired operations totaling \$0.6 million.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$2.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, compared to net cash provided of \$0.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. The cash provided by financing activities for each of the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 consisted of net proceeds from our credit facility.

Credit Facility and Senior Subordinated Notes

We have a \$20.0 million Credit Facility that includes a \$1.0 million sublimit to support letters of credit and matures November 30, 2013. Amounts borrowed accrue interest, at our option, at the Lender's prime rate minus 0.75% to plus 0.50% or LIBOR plus 1.75% to 3.00%, and can be adjusted based on our performance relative to certain financial covenants. The Credit Facility is collateralized by accounts receivable and other assets.

The available borrowing amount is limited to up to 80% of eligible domestic accounts receivable and up to 60% of eligible foreign accounts receivable, and are available to fund future acquisitions, capital expenditures or for other corporate purposes. The terms of the Credit Facility are subject to customary financial and operational covenants, including covenants that may limit or restrict the ability to, among other things, borrow under the Credit facility, incur indebtedness from other lenders, and make acquisitions. As of September 30, 2012, the Company was in compliance with all of its covenants.

We also have Senior Subordinated Notes of \$10.0 million, the proceeds of which were primarily used to finance the ISLA transaction. The Senior Subordinated Notes accrue interest at the rate of 13.5% per annum, are non-amortizing, and are due upon maturity at December 1, 2016.

For additional information regarding the Credit Facility and Senior Subordinated Notes, see Note 13 to our Consolidated Financial Statements contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2012.

DBA Notes Payable

In connection with the DBA acquisition, we issued notes payable in the amount of \$4.8 million payable to the former shareholders of DBA. The notes accrue interest at a rate of 6.5%, payable on a quarterly basis, and are payable annually on March 31 in three equal payments. In May 2011, we elected to satisfy \$2.4 million of the notes through the issuance of common stock. We have also repaid \$98,725 of the notes early in connection with the termination of some former DBA employees who were also shareholders.

Acquisitions

Our agreements with respect to the acquisitions of Adcom, ISLA and ALBS contain future consideration provisions that provide for the selling shareholder to receive additional consideration if specified operating objectives and financial results are achieved in future periods. For additional information regarding the acquisitions and potential earn-out payments, see Notes 4, 5, 6 and 7 to our Consolidated Financial Statements contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of September 30, 2012, we did not have any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partners, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes. As such, we are not materially exposed to any financing, liquidity, market or credit risk that could arise if we had engaged in such relationships.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

An evaluation of the effectiveness of our "disclosure controls and procedures" (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act as of September 30, 2012, was carried out by our management under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"). Based upon that evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that, as of September 30, 2012, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our CEO and CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure.

There have not been any changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2012 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, the Company and our operating subsidiaries are involved in claims, proceedings and litigation, including the following:

DBA Distribution Services, Inc.

In February 2012, we initiated an arbitration action with the American Arbitration Association (Case No. 18 125 Y 00196 12) asserting certain claims for indemnification against the former shareholders of DBA under the DBA Agreement dated March 29, 2011. Our claims are based upon breaches that occurred under the DBA Agreement that arose as a result of, among others, the failure of the former DBA shareholders to properly disclose certain purchased transportation charges, related party transactions, tax obligations and certain real property leases, as well as the breach of certain non-competition and non-solicitation covenants by Paul Pollara, one of the DBA selling shareholders, and Brettta Santini Pollara, a former DBA employee and wife of Mr. Pollara. Subject to certain baskets and caps within the DBA Agreement, we are seeking relief in the form of an award permitting us to, among other things, assert setoff rights against the full amount of a \$1.8 million "Integration Payment" and against certain amounts of a \$2.4 million promissory note otherwise due to be paid under the DBA Agreement, as well as injunctive relief restraining future breaches of certain non-competition and non-solicitation covenants by Mr. Pollara, directly, and by Mr. Pollara, indirectly through his wife, Ms. Pollara, plus our attorneys' fees and costs. In response to our claims, the former DBA shareholders have asserted a counterclaim against us for payment of the \$1.8 million "Integration Payment". The parties are engaged in the discovery process, and an arbitration hearing is currently scheduled to begin in the fourth calendar quarter of 2012. We intend to vigorously assert our claims and defend against the counterclaim.

In a related matter, in December 2011, Ms. Pollara filed a claim in California Superior Court for declaratory relief against the Company seeking an order stipulating that she is not bound by the non-compete covenant contained within the DBA Agreement signed by her husband, Mr. Pollara. The Company removed the matter to federal court on January 13, 2012. On January 23, 2012, the Company filed a counterclaim against Ms. Pollara, her company Santini Productions, Daniel Reffner (a former employee of the Company now working for Ms. Pollara), and Oceanair, Inc. (a company doing business with Santini Productions). The Company's counterclaim alleges claims for statutory and common law misappropriation of trade secrets, breach of duty of loyalty, and unfair competition, and seeks damages

in excess of \$500,000. Following denial of a motion for preliminary injunctive relief due to lack of standing, DBA, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, has intervened in the counterclaims asserted against Ms. Pollara because DBA owns the trade secrets that we believe were misappropriated by Ms. Pollara. The trial date is scheduled for May 7, 2013. We intend to vigorously assert our counterclaims and defend against the claim for declaratory relief.

In addition to the foregoing, we are involved in various other claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the information set forth in this Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider the risk factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Item 6. Exhibits

| Exhibit No. | Exhibit | Method of Filing |
|-------------|---|------------------|
| 31.1 | Certification by Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | Filed herewith |
| 31.2 | Certification by Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | Filed herewith |
| 32.1 | Certification by the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 | Filed herewith |
| 101.INS* | XBRL Instance | Filed herewith |
| 101.SCH* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema | Filed herewith |
| 101.CAL* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation | Filed herewith |
| 101.DEF* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition | Filed herewith |
| 101.LAB* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label | Filed herewith |
| 101.PRE* | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation | Filed herewith |

* XBRL information is furnished and not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus of sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, is deemed not filed for purposes of section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

RADIANT LOGISTICS, INC.

Date: November 13, 2012 /s/ Bohn H. Crain
Bohn H. Crain
Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 13, 2012 /s/ Todd E. Macomber
Todd E. Macomber
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

EXHIBIT INDEX

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