DGSE COMPANIES INC Form 10-Q October 31, 2012

incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC. 20549 Form 10-Q (Mark One) $\boldsymbol{\mathfrak{p}}$ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2012 or TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from ____ to ____ **Commission File Number 1-11048 DGSE** Companies, Inc. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) 88-0097334 Nevada (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer

11311 Reeder Road

Dallas, Texas 75229

(972) 484-3662

(Address, including zip code, and telephone

number, including area code, of registrant's

principal executive offices)

NONE

(Former name, former address and former

fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES b NO o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). o Yes b No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer "

Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company b

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

YES o NO b

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of October 29, 2012:

Class Outstanding Common stock, \$.01 par value per share 12,175,584

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Unless the context indicates otherwise, references to "we," "us," "our," "the Company" and "DGSE" refer to the consolidate business operations of DGSE Companies, Inc. (the parent) and all of its direct and indirect subsidiaries.

We previously issued our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010 on April 15, 2011. We subsequently issued our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarters ended March 31, 2011, June 30, 2011 and September 30, 2011 on May 6, 2011, August 11, 2011 and November 14, 2011, respectively. We were obligated to file our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011 (such fiscal year, "Fiscal 2011" and such Annual Report on Form 10-K, the "Fiscal 2011 10-K") by March 30, 2012. On March 30, 2012, we filed a Form 12b-25 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") stating that we were unable to file the Fiscal 2011 10-K by the prescribed filing date. On April 16, 2012 we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K disclosing that our Board of Directors had determined the existence of certain accounting irregularities beginning approximately during the second calendar quarter of 2007 and continuing in periods subsequent thereto (the "Accounting Irregularities"), which could affect financial information reported since that time. We also announced that we had engaged forensic accountants to analyze the Accounting Irregularities, and that financial statements and information reported since the inception of the Accounting Irregularities, believed to be the second calendar quarter of 2007, should not be relied upon.

On April 17, 2012, we filed a Current Report on Form 8-K in which we announced that we had received a written notice (the "Notice") from the NYSE MKT LLC (then known as the NYSE Amex, LLC) (the "Exchange") indicating that we were not in compliance with the Exchange's continued listing criteria set forth in Sections 134 and 1101 of the Exchange's Company Guide because we did not timely file our Fiscal 2011 10-K. On May 1, 2012, in connection with the listing qualification notification received from the Exchange, we announced that we had submitted to the Exchange our plan to regain compliance with the listing standards of Sections 134 and 1101 of the Exchange's Company Guide. On May 31, 2012, we received notice from the Exchange advising us that the plan of compliance we had previously submitted to the Exchange had been approved with an extended compliance date of October 31, 2012.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2012 (this "Form 10-Q") is being filed concurrently with the Fiscal 2011 10-K, in which we (i) are restating our Consolidated Financial Statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010 ("Fiscal 2010") and (ii) are presenting our Consolidated Financial Statements for Fiscal 2011. Due to the lack of audited financial statements for Fiscal 2011, we were previously unable to file our Forms 10-Q for the quarterly periods ended March 30, 2012, and June 30, 2012. In addition to this Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2012, we are concurrently filing our (i) the Fiscal 2011 10-K and (ii) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2012.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Consolidated Financial Statements.

DGSE COMPANIES, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

| | March 31, 2012 (Unaudited) | December 31, 2011 |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current Assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$3,354,378 | \$5,976,928 |
| Trade receivables | 576,256 | 1,578,892 |
| Inventories | 11,458,174 | 10,717,291 |
| Prepaid expenses | 111,250 | 84,971 |
| Current assets related to continuing operations | 15,500,058 | 18,358,082 |
| Assets related to discontinued operations | 1,030,368 | 1,311,929 |
| Total current assets | 16,530,426 | 19,670,011 |
| Marketable securities-available for sale | 113,112 | - |
| Property and equipment, net | 4,611,976 | 4,420,704 |
| Intangible assets, net | 3,340,485 | 3,397,367 |
| Other assets | 145,310 | 160,491 |
| Total assets | \$24,741,309 | \$27,648,573 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | |
| Line of credit | \$2,999,887 | \$2,999,887 |
| Current maturities of long-term debt | 444,171 | 451,674 |
| Current maturities of capital leases | 25,349 | 21,184 |
| Accounts payable-trade | 996,361 | 1,497,492 |
| Accrued expenses | 833,236 | 3,017,394 |
| Customer deposits and other liabilities | 1,001,879 | 1,836,748 |
| Current liabilities related to continuing operations | 6,300,883 | 9,824,379 |
| Liabilities related to discontinued operations | 175,810 | 54,454 |

| Total current liabilities | 6,476,693 | 9,878,833 |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Long-term debt, less current maturities Capital leases, less current maturities Total liabilities | 2,369,395 21,174 8,867,262 | 2,447,336 30,914 12,357,083 |
| Commitments and contingencies | | |
| STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Common stock | 121,755 | 121,639 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 34,027,769 | 33,942,579 |
| Accumulated deficit | (18,275,477) | (18,772,728) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 15,874,047 | 15,291,490 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$24,741,309 | \$27,648,573 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

DGSE COMPANIES, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|--|---|
| | 2012 | 2011 (As Restated) |
| Revenue: Sales | \$32,814,664 | \$22,970,462 |
| Costs and expenses: Cost of goods sold Selling, general and administrative expenses Depreciation and amortization | 26,087,151 5,609,294 152,427 31,848,872 | 20,423,414 2,042,757 87,691 22,553,862 |
| Operating income | 965,792 | 416,600 |
| Other expense (income): Other expense (income), net Interest expense | (83,925) 90,714 6,789 | (2,245) 98,606 96,361 |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | 959,003 | 320,239 |
| Income tax expense | - | - |
| Income from continuing operations | 959,003 | 320,239 |
| Discontinued operations: Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes of \$0 | (461,752) | (124,933) |
| Net income | \$497,251 | \$195,306 |
| Basic net income per common share: Income from continuing operations Loss from discontinued operations Net income per share | \$0.08 (0.04 \$0.04 | \$ 0.03 (0.01 \$ 0.02 |
| Diluted net income per common share: Income from continuing operations Loss from discontinued operations Net income per share | \$0.08 (0.04 \$0.04 | \$ 0.03 (0.01 \$ 0.02 |

Weighted-average number of common shares

| Basic | 12,174,689 | 10,379,119 |
|---------|------------|------------|
| Diluted | 12,544,143 | 11,222,041 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

DGSE COMPANIES, INC AND SUBSIDIARIES

Cash Flows From Discontinued Operations:

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

| | Three Month March 31, | s Ended |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 As Restated |
| Cash Flows From Operating Activities: | | |
| Net income | \$497,251 | \$195,306 |
| Loss from discontinued operations | 461,752 | 124,933 |
| Income from continuing operations | 959,003 | 320,239 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities of continuing operations: | ; | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 152,427 | 87,691 |
| Gain on marketable securities | (18,112 |) - |
| Stock based compensation | 8,942 | 8,942 |
| Stock issued as compensation for consulting services | 76,365 | - |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Trade receivables | 1,002,636 | 417,500 |
| Inventories | (740,883 | • |
| Prepaid expenses | (26,279 | |
| Other assets | (219 | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | (2,685,292) | (808,900) |
| Customer deposits and other liabilities | (834,869 | 1,313,315 |
| Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities of continuing operations | (2,106,281) | 1,867,030 |
| Cash Flows From Investing Activities: | | |
| Payments for property and equipment | (209,970 | 290,795 |
| Purchase of available-for-sale investments | (95,000 |) - |
| Net cash (used in) provided by used in investing activities of continuing operations | (304,970 | 290,795 |
| Cash Flows From Financing Activities: | | |
| Repayment of debt | (109,334 | (190,511) |
| Payments on capital lease obligations | (5,575 | - |
| Net cash used in financing activities of continuing operations | (114,909 | (190,511) |
| | | |

| Net cash used in operating activities of discontinued operations | (96,390 | (1,265,391) |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Net change in cash | (2,622,550) | 701,923 |
| Cash, beginning of period | 5,976,928 | 732,449 |
| Cash, end of period | \$3,354,378 | \$1,434,372 |
| Supplemental Disclosures: Cash paid during the period for: | | |
| Interest | \$91,645 | \$88,799 |
| Income taxes | - | - |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of DGSE Companies, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Company") include the financial statements of DGSE Companies, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, DGSE Corporation, Charleston Gold and Diamond Exchange, Inc., Superior Gold and Diamond Exchange, Inc., Superior Precious Metals, Inc., American Gold and Diamond Exchange, Inc. and SBT, Inc. ("SBT").

The interim financial statements of DGSE Companies, Inc. included herein have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the Commission's rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. The Company suggests that these financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011 (such fiscal year, "Fiscal 2011" and such Annual Report on Form 10-K, the "Fiscal 2011 10-K"). In the opinion of the management of the Company, the accompanying unaudited interim financial statements contain all adjustments, consisting only of those of a normal recurring nature, necessary to present fairly its results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. The results of operations for the periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. Certain reclassifications were made to the prior year's consolidated financial statements to conform to the current year presentation.

(2) Restatement of previously issued financial statements

The Company previously issued its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010 on April 15, 2011. The Company was obligated to file its Fiscal 2011 10-K by March 30, 2012. On March 30, 2012, the Company filed a Form 12b-25 with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") stating that the Company was unable to file the Fiscal 2011 10-K by the prescribed filing date. On April 16, 2012, the Company filed a Current Report on Form 8-K disclosing that its Board of Directors had determined the existence of certain accounting irregularities beginning approximately during the second calendar quarter of 2007 and continuing in periods subsequent thereto (the "Accounting Irregularities"), which could affect financial information reported since that time. The Company also announced that it had engaged forensic accountants to analyze the Accounting Irregularities, and that financial statements and information reported since the inception of the Accounting Irregularities, believed to be the second calendar quarter of 2007, should not be relied upon.

As part of the forensic accounting review and the restatement process resulting from the Accounting Irregularities, the Company restated its Fiscal 2010 consolidated financial statements, and made adjustments to its previously unaudited

Fiscal 2011 consolidated financial statements, which are presented in the Fiscal 2011 10-K being filed concurrently with this Form 10-Q. Also as a result of the restatement, numerous changes were made to the Company's previously filed unaudited quarterly financial statements for Fiscal 2011 as follows:

The Company decreased inventory and increased cost of goods sold by \$485,432. Adjustments were also made to correct various other expenses including rent, salaries, property taxes, consulting fees, advertising expense, miscellaneous expense, depreciation, amortization and interest. The result of these adjustments was an overall decrease in selling, general and administrative expense of \$247,098, an increase in depreciation and amortization of \$19,910, an increase in interest expense of \$9,827, and a decrease in income tax expense of \$160,766, compared to previous reported quarterly results. These changes resulted in a net decrease of \$107,305 in net income, compared to previously reported amounts.

Additionally, for the quarter ended March 31, 2011 unaudited consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-Q, the Company has reclassified the operations of its Superior Galleries subsidiary as discontinued operations (see Note 12). This reclassification includes \$1,787,781 of revenue and \$124,933 of net loss, as well as the assets and liabilities of the Company's Superior Galleries subsidiary.

(3) Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for its position in tax uncertainties in accordance with ASC 740, *Income Taxes*. The guidance establishes standards for accounting for uncertainty in income taxes. The guidance provides several clarifications related to uncertain tax positions. Most notably, a "more likely-than-not" standard for initial recognition of tax positions, a presumption of audit detection and a measurement of recognized tax benefits based on the largest amount that has a greater than 50 percent likelihood of realization. The guidance applies a two-step process to determine the amount of tax benefit to be recognized in the financial statements. First, the Company must determine whether any amount of the tax benefit may be recognized. Second, the Company determines how much of the tax benefit should be recognized (this would only apply to tax positions that qualify for recognition). The Company has not taken a tax position that, if challenged, would have a material effect on the financial statements or the effective tax rate during the periods ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Fair Value Measures

The Company follows the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure*. ASC 820 establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair values. These tiers include:

Level 1 Quoted prices for *identical* instruments in active markets; Level 2—

Quoted prices for *similar* instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations whose significant inputs are observable; and Level 3 Instruments whose significant inputs are *unobservable*.

The Company utilizes fair value techniques to evaluate the need for potential impairment losses related to goodwill and intangible assets not subject to amortization pursuant to ASC 350, *Intangible—Goodwill and Other* and long-lived assets pursuant to ASC 360, *Property, Plant and Equipment*. The Company calculates estimated fair value using Level 3 inputs, including the present value of future cash flows expected to be generated using weighted average cost of capital, terminal values and updated financial projections. The weighted average cost of capital is estimated using information from comparable companies and management's judgment related to risks associated with the operations of each reporting unit. Marketable securities are classified as Level 1 investments.

Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per common share is computed by dividing net earnings available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the reporting period. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock. For the calculation of diluted earnings per share, the basic weighted average number of shares is increased by the dilutive effect of stock options and warrants outstanding determined using the treasury stock method.

(4) Inventories

A summary of inventories is as follows:

| | March 31, 2012 | December 31, 2011 |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Jewelry | \$ 4,816,349 | \$ 4,357,724 |
| Rare coins and collectibles | 1,841,402 | 2,656,959 |
| Bullion | 1,879,781 | 1,521,550 |
| Scrap | 2,920,642 | 2,181,058 |
| Total | \$ 11,458,174 | \$ 10,717,291 |

The inventory amounts in the chart above exclude discontinued operations.

(5) Earnings per share.

A reconciliation of the earnings and number of shares of the basic earnings per common share and diluted earnings per common share for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011 is as follows:

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| | 2012 Three months ended March 31, Net | | 2011 Three months ended March 31, Net | | rch 31, | |
|-----------------------------------|---|------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| | Earnings | Shares | Per share | Earnings | Shares | Per share |
| Basic earnings per common share | \$497,251 | 12,174,689 | \$ 0.04 | \$195,306 | 10,379,119 | \$ 0.02 |
| Effect of dilutive stock options | - | 369,454 | - | - | 842,922 | - |
| Diluted earnings per common share | \$497,251 | 12,544,143 | \$ 0.04 | \$195,306 | 11,222,041 | \$ 0.02 |

For the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, options to purchase 5,000,000 and 18,000 shares of the common stock of the Company, respectively, were not added to the denominator because inclusion of such shares would be antidilutive.

As of March 31, 2012 and March 31, 2011, options to purchase 5,547,500 and 1,493,134 shares of the common stock of the Company, respectively, were outstanding.

(6) Long-Term Debt

| | Outstanding March 31, 2012 | Balance December 31, 2011 | Current Interest Rate | Maturity |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Texas Capital Bank note and line of credit (1)(2) | \$3,633,213 | \$3,683,214 | 6.0% | June 22, 2012 |
| Mortgage payable | 2,038,753 | 2,064,887 | 6.7% | August 1, 2016 |
| Settlement payment (3) | 127,551 | 136,860 | 8.0% | February 15,2013 |
| Notes payable | 13,936 | 13,936 | Various | Various |
| Capital leases (4) | 46,523 | 52,098 | 17.4% | December 2013 |
| Sub-Total | 5,859,976 | 5,950,995 | | |
| Less: Capital leases | 46,523 | 52,098 | | |
| Less: Current maturities | 444,171 | 451,674 | | |
| Long-term debt | 5,369,282 | 5,447,223 | | |
| Less: Line of credit | 2,999,887 | 2,999,887 | | |
| Long term debt, less current maturities | \$2,369,395 | \$2,447,336 | | |

Based on the revolving promissory notes payable to the bank, a note of \$2,999,887 at March 31, 2012 and 2011 which bears an interest rate of 6% or prime plus 1% (6.0% at March 2012) and was due June 22, 2012. In addition,

- (1) another note of \$633,326 which bears an interest rate of 6% or prime plus 1% (6.0% at March 2012) due in equal monthly payments of \$16,667 through June 22, 2012. These notes are secured by all accounts receivable, inventory, property and equipment and intangible assets. The notes contain certain covenants, restricting payment of dividends and requiring the Company to maintain certain financial ratios.

 Subsequent to the period covered by this report, on July 19, 2012, DGSE entered into a Loan Agreement with NTR Metals, LLC ("NTR"), pursuant to which NTR agreed to provide the Company a guidance line of revolving credit in
 - an amount up to \$7,500,000. The Loan Agreement provides that the Loan Agreement will terminate—and all amounts outstanding thereunder will be due and payable (such amounts, the "Obligations")—upon the earlier of (i) August 1, 2014, (ii) the date that is twelve months after the Company receives notice from NTR demanding the repayment of the Obligations, (iii) the date the Obligations are accelerated in accordance with the terms of the
- (2) Loan Agreement or (iv) the date on which the commitment terminates under the Loan Agreement. In connection with the Loan Agreement, the Company granted a security interest in the respective personal property of each of its subsidiaries. The loan carries an interest rate of two percent (2%) per annum for all funds borrowed pursuant to the Loan Agreement. Proceeds received by the Company pursuant to the terms of the Loan Agreement were used for repayment of all outstanding financial obligations incurred in connection with that certain Loan Agreement, dated as of December 22, 2005, between the Company and Texas Capital Bank, and additional proceeds are expected to be used as working capital in the ordinary course of business.
- On February 26, 2010, Superior Galleries entered into a settlement agreement for a lawsuit filed by its previous
- (3) landlord, DBKK, LLC ("DBKK") for \$385,000 to be paid over three years bearing interest at 8%. The lawsuit resulted from a lease transaction entered into by certain officers of Superior Galleries.
 - On November 23, 2010, DGSE entered into a capital lease for \$78,450 with Direct Capital Corporation for a radio-frequency identification ("RFID") inventory management solution. The non-cancelable lease agreement
- (4) required an advanced payment of \$5,169 and monthly payments of \$2,584 for 36 months at an interest rate of 11.5% beginning in January 2011. At the end of the lease in December 2013, the equipment can be purchased for \$1.

(7) Stock-based Compensation.

The Company accounts for share-based compensation by measuring the cost of the employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments, including grants of stock options, based on the fair value of the award at the date of grant. In addition, to the extent that the Company receives an excess tax benefit upon exercise of an award, such benefit is reflected as cash flow from financing activities in the consolidated statement of cash flows. Stock-based compensation expense includes compensation expense for new share-based awards and for share-based awards granted prior to, but not yet vested, as of January 1, 2006.

Stock-based compensation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011 was \$8,942 and \$8,942, respectively, relating to employee and director stock options.

(8) Related party transactions.

The Company purchases and sells a substantial portion of precious metal and bullion to NTR, a major stockholder of the Company. During the three months ended March 31, 2012, the Company sold approximately \$13.1 million, or 38%, of precious metals and bullion to NTR. During the three months ended March 31, 2012, the Company purchased approximately \$5.5 million, or 19%, in precious metal, bullion and other products from NTR to fulfill customer orders. As of March 31, 2012, the Company was obligated to pay \$25,012 to NTR as a trade payable. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company sold approximately \$10.3 million, or 42%, of precious metals and bullion to NTR. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company purchased approximately \$3.8 million, or 16%, in precious metal and bullion from NTR to fulfill customer orders. As of December 31, 2011, the Company was obligated to pay \$677,000 to NTR as a trade payable

On July 19, 2012, DGSE entered into a Loan Agreement with NTR, pursuant to which NTR agreed to provide the Company a guidance line of revolving credit in an amount up to \$7,500,000. The Loan Agreement provides that the Loan Agreement will terminate—and all amounts outstanding thereunder will be due and payable (such amounts, the "Obligations")—upon the earlier of (i) August 1, 2014, (ii) the date that is twelve months after the Company receives notice from NTR demanding the repayment of the Obligations, (iii) the date the Obligations are accelerated in accordance with the terms of the Loan Agreement or (iv) the date on which the commitment terminates under the Loan Agreement. In connection with the Loan Agreement, the Company granted a security interest in the respective personal property of each of its subsidiaries. The loan carries an interest rate of two percent (2%) per annum for all funds borrowed pursuant to the Loan Agreement. Proceeds received by the Company pursuant to the terms of the Loan Agreement were used for repayment of all outstanding financial obligations incurred in connection with that certain Loan Agreement, dated as of December 22, 2005, between the Company and Texas Capital Bank, N.A. ("Texas Capital Bank"), and additional proceeds are expected to be used as working capital in the ordinary course of business.

The Audit Committee has reviewed these transactions and deemed them to be on terms no less favorable than terms generally available to an unaffiliated third-party under the same or similar circumstances.

(9) Acquisitions.

Southern Bullion Trading, LLC. On September 14, 2011, the Company completed its acquisition of Southern Bullion Trading, LLC, in exchange for the issuance of 600,000 restricted shares of the common stock of DGSE.

The total purchase price has been allocated to the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as follows:

Intangible assets \$3,412,896 Property and other assets 902,807 Inventory 3,429,711 Liabilities assumed (2,308,557)

Total purchase price \$5,436,857

The operating results of SBT have been included in the consolidated financial statements since the acquisition date of September 14, 2011. The amount of SBT's revenue and earnings has been estimated in the proforma below through the three months ended 2011:

Revenue Earnings 8/31/2011 \$7.121.222 \$673.403

The revenue and earnings of the combined entity had the acquisition date been January 1, 2011 are:

Revenue Earnings
Three months ended 2011 Combined entity proforma \$30,091,685 \$868,710

(10) Legal proceedings.

On April 16, 2012, the Company filed a Current Report on Form 8-K disclosing that its Board had determined the existence of the Accounting Irregularities beginning approximately during the second calendar quarter of 2007 and continuing in periods subsequent thereto, which could affect financial information reported since that time. On April 16, 2012, the Company also announced that it had engaged forensic accountants to analyze the Accounting Irregularities, and that financial statements and information reported since the inception of the Accounting Irregularities, believed to begin in the second calendar quarter of 2007, should not be relied upon. The Company brought the Accounting Irregularities to the attention of the SEC in a letter dated April 16, 2012. On June 18, 2012, the Company received written notice that the SEC had initiated a private investigation into the Accounting Irregularities, to determine whether any persons or entities had engaged in any possible violations of the federal securities laws. The Company has cooperated fully, and continue to cooperate fully, with the SEC staff in the investigation. This investigation is still pending as of the date of the filing of this Form 10-Q, and there can be no certainty as to the outcome of this investigation, or to the findings of the SEC.

Also, in connection with the Accounting Irregularities, and the subsequent halt in trading of the Company's common stock on the Exchange, the Company has received notice of two lawsuits that have been filed by its shareholders. The first is a lawsuit filed by Grant Barfuss, one of the Company's shareholders, on September 7, 2012 in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas. Although Mr. Barfuss desires this suit to be a class action, the court has not certified a class for this suit. Mr. Barfuss filed this suit against DGSE, Dr. L.S. Smith, the Company's former Chief Executive Officer, John Benson, the Company's former Chief Financial Officer, and William H. Oyster, the Company's former Chief Operating Officer and Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Barfuss alleges violations of securities laws and seeks unspecified damages, and alleges that certain of the Company's public filings in 2010 and 2011 were false and misleading. The second is a lawsuit filed by Jason Farmer, one of the Company's shareholders, on September 21, 2012 in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas. Mr. Farmer filed this as a derivative lawsuit on behalf of DGSE against William H. Oyster, the Company's former Chief Operating Officer and Chief Executive Officer, James D. Clem, the Company's Chief Operating Officer, William Cordeiro, a member of the Company's Board, Craig Alan-Lee, a member of the Company's Board, David Rector, a member of the Company's Board, Dr. Smith and Mr. Benson, the Company's former Chief Financial Officer. Messrs. Clem, Cordeiro, Alan-Lee and Rector are members of the Company's Current Management, and their interests in this suit could be materially adverse to the Company. Mr. Farmer alleges that certain of the Company's proxy statements were false and misleading, that the defendants breached their fiduciary duties owed to DGSE and that there was an abuse of control by the defendants. The suit seeks unspecified compensatory and exemplary damages, along with certain corporate governance changes, for DGSE's benefit.

The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (the "Comptroller") conducted a sales and use tax audit of DGSE with respect to the period March 1, 2006 through November 30, 2009 and subsequently sent a Notification of Audit Results, by letter dated December 17, 2010, asserting that the Company owes an amount of tax due, plus penalties and interest. The Company submitted a request for redetermination to the Comptroller on January 13, 2011. Some of the issues have been resolved with the auditor, and the auditor's tax adjustment schedules currently show a lower amount of tax due than was previously stated in the assessment letter. By letter dated August 25, 2011, the Comptroller stated that the Company's request for a redetermination hearing has been granted. The hearing has not yet taken place.

The Company is currently discussing, both internally among the members of its Board and with its outside counsel, whether it will take legal action against those officers and providers of professional services who were involved in the Accounting Irregularities.

(11) Subsequent events.

On July 19, 2012, DGSE entered into a Loan Agreement with NTR, as more fully discussed in Note 8, above, which is hereby incorporated by reference.

(12) Discontinued Operations

In March 2012, the Company decided to discontinue the operations of its Superior Galleries subsidiary due to the lack of profitability and current management's belief that it was unlikely that profitability would be reached in the foreseeable future. The Company officially discontinued operations on June 8, 2012 but continued to incur losses in the first and second quarter of 2012 for the discontinued operations. The operating results of the for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2012 and 2011 have been reclassified as discontinued operations in the consolidated statements of operations as detailed in the table below.

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 | Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 |
|---|--|---|
| Revenue: Sales | \$ 2,019,827 | \$ 1,787,781 |
| Costs and expenses: Cost of sales S,G&A expense Depreciation and amortization | 1,826,439 198,935 232,245 2,257,619 | 1,519,714 359,658 33,342 1,912,714 |
| Operating loss | (237,792 |) (124,933) |
| Other (expense)/income, net Interest expense | (220,965 (2,995 (223,960 |) -) -) - |
| Loss from discontinued operations before income taxes | (461,752 |) (124,933) |
| Income tax expense | - | - |
| Loss from discontinued operations after income taxes | \$ (461,752 |) \$ (124,933 |

For the period ended March 31, 2012, depreciation and amortization expense includes \$201,091 related to the write off of Superior assets with no future value to the Company. Other (expense)/income, net for the period ended March 31, 2012, consists of a \$62,872 write off of the deferred rent liability net of rent expense and a \$158,093 expense related to a settlement paid in October 2012, which was accrued in the three months ended March 31, 2012.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Form 10-Q, including but not limited to the section of this Form 10-Q entitled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," information concerning our business prospects or future financial performance, anticipated revenues, expenses, profitability or other financial items, including the outcome of the SEC investigation described elsewhere in this Form 10-Q or pending litigation, and our strategies, plans and objectives, together with other statements that are not historical facts, includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Forward-looking statements generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, such as "may," "will," "would," "expect," "intend," "could," "estimate," "should," "anticipate" or "believe." We intend that all forward-looking statements be subject to the safe harbors created by these laws. All statements other than statements of historical information provided herein are forward-looking and may contain information about financial results, economic conditions, trends, and known uncertainties. All forward-looking statements are based on current expectations regarding important risk factors. Many of these risks and uncertainties are beyond our ability to control, and, in many cases, we cannot predict all of the risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements, and readers should not regard those statements as a representation by us or any other person that the results expressed in the statements will be achieved. Important risk factors that could cause results or events to differ from current expectations are described under the section of this Form 10-Q entitled "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this Form 10-Q as well as under the section entitled "Risk Factors" in the Fiscal 2011 10-K. These factors are not intended to be an all-encompassing list of risks and uncertainties that may affect the operations, performance, development and results of our business. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. We undertake no obligation to release publicly the results of any revisions to these forward-looking statements which may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereon, including without limitation, changes in our business strategy or planned capital expenditures, store growth plans, or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended March 31, 2012 compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2011

Sales. Sales increased by \$9,844,202 or 43% during the three months ended March 31, 2012 to \$32,814,664 as compared to \$22,970,462 during the same period in 2011. This increase was primarily due to the addition of \$7,779,828 in sales attributable to SBT, which was not a part of our operations until September 2011. Non-SBT sales increased by \$2,064,374 or 9% compared to the same period in 2011 due to an increase in jewelry, rare coins and

scrap sales.

Cost of Sales. For the three months ended March 31, 2012, cost of sales increased to \$26,087,151, or 28%, compared to \$20,423,414 over the same period in 2011. Cost of goods as a percentage of sales decreased from 88.9% in 2011 to 79.5% in 2012 primarily due to the higher margins on the newly acquired SBT business.

Selling, General and Administrative Expense. For the three months ended March 31, 2012, Selling, General and Administrative ("SG&A") expenses increased by \$3,566,537, to \$5,609,294, an increase of 175%, as compared to \$2,042,757 during the same period in 2011. \$2,043,547 of this increase is due to the addition of the SBT stores. The opening of four new non-SBT stores added \$644,417 in the current period, due to increased advertising costs, salaries, payroll taxes, building rent and other costs. In addition, the Company incurred \$364,598 in professional fees associated with the restatement of our financial statements, and the related SEC investigation.

Depreciation and Amortization. For the three months ended March 31, 2012, depreciation and amortization expense was \$152,427 compared to \$87,691 for the same period in 2011, an increase of 74%. The current period increase in amortization over the same period in 2011 is related to the amortization of intangibles acquired as part of the acquisition of SBT in September, 2011 (See note 9 under Item 1 for details on the acquisition).

Interest Expense. For the three months ended March 31, 2012, interest expense decreased by \$7,892 to \$90,714, as compared to \$98,606 over the same period in 2011. This decrease is primarily due to the early pay-off of two credit agreements in the fourth quarter of 2011 which reduced quarterly interest payments by \$8,000.

Loss from Discontinued Operations. For the three-month period ended March 31, 2012, the discontinued operations of Superior Galleries, Inc. generated a net loss of \$461,752. This loss included an operating loss of \$237,792, a \$62,872 write off of the deferred rent liability and a \$158,093 expense related to a litigation settlement paid in October 2012, which was accrued for as of March 31, 2012.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

During the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011, cash flows (used in) provided by operating activities totaled (\$2,106,281) and \$1,867,030, respectively. The cash flows used for the three months ended 2012 were primarily a result of net income of \$497,251, a \$2,685,292 decrease in accounts payable related to the final settlement of the DBKK, LLC lawsuit, as discused in Note 6 in Part I, above, as well as an increase in inventory of \$740,883, partially offset by a \$1,002,636 decrease in trade receivables. During the same period in 2011, there was an increase in customer deposits and other liabilities of \$1,313,315, decrease in inventory of \$588,148 and an increase in trade receivables of \$417,500, partially offset by a decrease in accounts payable of \$808,900 and small increase in prepaid expenses of \$52,738.

During the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011 cash flows (used in) provided by investing activities totaled (\$304,970) and \$290,795, respectively. The use of cash in 2012 was primarily driven by investments in property and equipment, related to new store openings as well as \$95,000 in purchase of available for sale investments.

During the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011 cash flows used in financing activities totaled \$114,909 and \$190,511, respectively. The use of cash during both years was the result of repayment of notes payable and payments on capital lease obligations.

During the three months ended March 31, 2012 and 2011 cash flows used in discontinued operations totaled \$96,390 and \$1,265,391, respectively.

We expect capital expenditures to total approximately \$1,000,000 during the next twelve months. These expenditures will be largely driven by new store openings. It is anticipated that these expenditures will be funded from working capital. As of March 31, 2012 there were no commitments outstanding for capital expenditures.

In the event of significant growth in retail and or wholesale jewelry sales, the demand for additional working capital will expand due to a related need to stock additional jewelry inventory and increases in wholesale accounts receivable. Historically, vendors have offered us extended payment terms to finance the need for jewelry inventory growth and

our management believes that we will continue to do so in the future. Any significant increase in wholesale accounts receivable will be financed under a new bank credit facility or from short-term loans from individuals.

Our ability to finance our operations and working capital needs are dependent upon management's ability to negotiate extended terms or refinance its debt. We have historically renewed, extended or replaced short-term debt as it matures and management believes that we will be able to continue to do so in the near future.

From time to time, we have adjusted our inventory levels to meet seasonal demand or in order to meet working capital requirements. Management is of the opinion that if additional working capital is required, additional loans can be obtained from individuals or from commercial banks. If necessary, inventory levels may be adjusted in order to meet unforeseen working capital requirements.

On November 2, 2011, we announced that Texas Capital Bank agreed to renew our then-current credit facility under that certain Loan Agreement, dated as of December 22, 2005, between Texas Capital Bank and us (the "TCB Facility"). The TCB facility was composed of a \$3.5 million revolving note and a \$1.0 million term loan. The renewal agreement was finalized on November 2, 2011. The TCB facility matured in June 2012.

Subsequent to the period covered by this report, on June 21, 2012 we entered into an agreement with TCB to extend the maturity date of the credit facility to July 22, 2012. On July 19, 2012, we entered into a Loan Agreement with NTR Metals, LLC, our majority shareholder ("NTR") pursuant to which NTR agreed to provide to us a guidance line of revolving credit in an amount up to \$7,500,000. The Loan Agreement provides that the Loan Agreement will terminate—and all amounts outstanding thereunder will be due and payable (such amounts, the "Obligations")—upon the earlier of (i) August 1, 2014, (ii) the date that is twelve months after the we receive notice from NTR demanding the repayment of the Obligations, (iii) the date the Obligations are accelerated in accordance with the terms of the Loan Agreement or (iv) the date on which the commitment terminates under the Loan Agreement. In connection with the Loan Agreement, we granted a security interest in the respective personal property of each of our subsidiaries. The loan carries an interest rate of two percent (2%) per annum for all funds borrowed pursuant to the Loan Agreement. Proceeds received by us pursuant to the terms of the Loan Agreement were used for repayment of all outstanding financial obligations incurred in connection with the TCB Facility, and additional proceeds are expected to be used as working capital in the ordinary course of business.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements.

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to stockholders.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Because we are a "smaller reporting company," we are not required to disclose the information required by this item.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Based upon the evaluation required by Section 13a-13(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, as of March 31, 2012, were not effective.

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal controls over financial reporting of the Company. Management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls over financial reporting as of December 31, 2011 using the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework*. On the basis of that assessment, management determined that the internal controls over financial reporting were not effective as of that date, because the Company did not maintain effective controls over certain account reconciliations, which constituted a material weakness in these internal controls. Specifically, account reconciliations associated with inventory, depository accounts, accounts payable, accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and intercompany accounts lacked appropriate supporting documentation and were not reviewed in a satisfactory manner. This material weakness contributed to the restatement of the current year's quarterly data contained in Note 1 in our financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011, being filed concurrently with this Form 10-Q.

PART II- OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

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for a redetermination hearing has been granted. The hearing has not yet taken place.

We are currently discussing, both internally among the members of our Board and with our outside counsel, whether we will take legal action against those officers and providers of professional services who were involved in the Accounting Irregularities.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in our risk factors from those disclosed in Part I, Item 1A to our Fiscal 2011 10-K. The risk factors disclosed in our Fiscal 2011 10-K, in addition to the other information set forth in this report, could materially affect our business, financial condition or results. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or results.

| Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proce | eds |
|---|---|
| None. | |
| Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities | |
| None. | |
| Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures | |
| None. | |
| Item 5. Other Information | |
| None. | |
| Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K. | |
| Exhibits: | |
| Exhibit No. Description Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities 31.1 Exchange Act of 1934 implementing Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by James J. Vierling | Filed Incorporated Date Filed Exhibit Herein by Reference Form with SEC No. |

X

31.2

Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities

Exchange Act of 1934 implementing Section 302 of the

Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by C. Brett Burford

- Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted
 32.1 pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 x
 by James J. Vierling
- Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted 32.2 pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 x by C. Brett Burford

Reports on Form 8-K:

None.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DGSE Companies, Inc. (Registrant)

Date: October 31, 2012 By:/s/ JAMES J. VIERLING

James J. Vierling Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: October 31, 2012 /s/ C. BRETT BURFORD

C. Brett Burford Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)