PERNIX THERAPEUTICS HOLDINGS, INC.

Form 10-Q November 10, 2016

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549
FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)
þ
Quarterly report pursuant to section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the quarterly period ended: September 30, 2016
o Transition report pursuant to section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from: to
<u>001-14494</u>
Commission File Number
PERNIX THERAPEUTICS HOLDINGS, INC.
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)
Maryland
33-0724736
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)
(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

10 North Park Place, Suite 201, Morristown, NJ
(Address of principal executive offices)

07960 (Zip Code)

(800) 793-2145

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such report(s)) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes

þ No o.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes

þ No o.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting b

company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES

o NO b

On November 3, 2016, there were 9,499,812 shares outstanding of the Registrant's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share.

PERNIX THERAPEUTICS HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016

INDEX

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Edgar Filing: PERNIX THERAPEUTICS HOLDINGS, INC Form 10-Q	
Item 1.	
Financial Statements (unaudited)	
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	
	3
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations	
	4
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	

	5
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	
	6
Item 2.	
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	
	28
Item 3.	
Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	
	41
Item 4.	
Controls and Procedures	

Edgar Filing:	PERNIX T	HERAPEU	TICS HOL	DINGS.	INC	Form ¹	10-Q
---------------	----------	---------	----------	--------	-----	-------------------	------

41

PART II.

OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1.

<u>Legal Proceedings</u>

Item 1A.	
Risk Factors	
	42
Item 2.	
Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	
	43
Item 3.	
Defaults upon Senior Securities	
	43
Item 4.	
Mine Safety Disclosures	
	43
Item 5.	
Other Information	

			43
Item 6.			
<u>Exhibits</u>			
			44
<u>Signatures</u>			
			4.5
			45
	2	 	

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

PERNIX THERAPEUTICS HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

Current assets
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 28,521 \$ 56,135 Restricted cash - 10,002 Accounts receivable, net 44,772 61,209 Inventory, net 8,282 10,035 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 13,256 11,574 Income tax receivable 3,351 6,735 Total current assets 98,182 155,690 Property and equipment, net 1,199 2,346 Goodwill 54,366 54,865 Intangible assets, net 220,138 285,943 Other 279 347 Total assets 374,164 499,191 Current liabilities 27,772 347 Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 23,133 \$ 27,772 Accorued allowances 56,355 62,678 Interest payable 6,618 11,903 Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liab
Restricted cash 1,0002 Accounts receivable, net 44,772 61,209 Inventory, net 8,282 10,035 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 13,256 11,575 Income tax receivable 3,351 6,735 Total current assets 98,182 155,690 Property and equipment, net 1,199 2,346 Goodwill 54,366 54,865 Intangible assets, net 220,138 285,943 Other 279 347 Total assets \$ 374,164 \$ 499,191 Liabilities and Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity S 23,133 \$ 27,772 Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 23,133 \$ 27,772 Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 23,133 \$ 27,772 Accrued allowances 56,355 62,678 Interest payable 6,618 11,903 Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753
Accounts receivable, net 44,772 61,209 Inventory, net 8,282 10,035 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 13,256 11,574 Income tax receivable 3,351 6,735 Total current assets 98,182 155,690 Property and equipment, net 1,199 2,346 Goodwill 54,366 54,865 Intangible assets, net 220,138 285,943 Other 279 347 Total assets \$ 374,164 \$ 499,191 Current liabilities \$ 374,164 \$ 499,191 Current labilities \$ 23,133 \$ 27,772 Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 23,133 \$ 27,772 Accrued allowances 56,355 62,678 Interest payable 6,618 11,903 Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 <
Inventory, net 8,282 10,035 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 13,256 11,574 Income tax receivable 3,351 6,735 Total current assets 98,182 155,690 Property and equipment, net 1,199 2,346 Goodwill 54,366 54,865 Intangible assets, net 220,138 285,943 Other 279 347 Total assets 374,164 499,191 Current liabilities: 23,133 27,772 Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$23,133 27,772 Accrued allowances 56,355 62,678 Interest payable 6,618 11,903 Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Prepaid expenses and other current assets 13,256 11,574 Income tax receivable 3,351 6,735 Total current assets 98,182 155,690 Property and equipment, net 1,199 2,346 Goodwill 54,366 54,865 Intangible assets, net 220,138 285,943 Other 279 347 Total assets 374,164 499,191 Liabilities and Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 23,133 27,772 Accrued allowances 56,355 62,678 Interest payable 6,618 11,903 Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Income tax receivable 3,351 6,735 Total current assets 98,182 155,690 Property and equipment, net 1,199 2,346 Goodwill 54,366 54,865 Intangible assets, net 220,138 285,943 Other 279 347 Total assets 374,164 \$ 499,191 Current liabilities and Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 23,133 \$ 27,772 Accrued allowances 56,355 62,678 Interest payable 6,618 11,903 Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Total current assets 98,182 155,690 Property and equipment, net 1,199 2,346 Goodwill 54,366 54,865 Intangible assets, net 220,138 285,943 Other 279 347 Total assets 374,164 \$ 499,191 Current liabilities and Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 23,133 \$ 27,772 Accrued allowances 56,355 62,678 Interest payable 6,618 11,903 Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Total current assets 98,182 155,690 Property and equipment, net 1,199 2,346 Goodwill 54,366 54,865 Intangible assets, net 220,138 285,943 Other 279 347 Total assets 374,164 \$ 499,191 Current liabilities and Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 23,133 \$ 27,772 Accrued allowances 56,355 62,678 Interest payable 6,618 11,903 Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Goodwill 54,366 54,865 Intangible assets, net 220,138 285,943 Other 279 347 Total assets \$ 374,164 \$ 499,191 Liabilities and Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 23,133 \$ 27,772 Accrued allowances 56,355 62,678 Interest payable 66,18 11,903 Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Intangible assets, net 220,138 285,943 Other 279 347 Total assets \$ 374,164 \$ 499,191 Liabilities and Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 23,133 \$ 27,772 Accrued allowances 56,355 62,678 Interest payable 6,618 11,903 Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Other 279 347 Total assets \$ 374,164 \$ 499,191 Liabilities and Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 23,133 \$ 27,772 Accrued allowances 56,355 62,678 Interest payable 6,618 11,903 Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Total assets \$ 374,164 \$ 499,191 Liabilities and Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 23,133 \$ 27,772 Accrued allowances 56,355 62,678 Interest payable 6,618 11,903 Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Liabilities and Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 23,133 \$ 27,772 Accrued allowances 56,355 62,678 Interest payable 6,618 11,903 Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 23,133 \$ 27,772 Accrued allowances 56,355 62,678 Interest payable 6,618 11,903 Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 23,133 \$ 27,772 Accrued allowances 56,355 62,678 Interest payable 6,618 11,903 Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Accrued allowances 56,355 62,678 Interest payable 6,618 11,903 Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Interest payable 6,618 11,903 Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Treximet Secured Notes - current 633 13,335 Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Restricted cash payable - 10,002 Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Other liabilities - current 4,387 6,753 Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Total current liabilities 91,126 132,443 Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Convertible notes - long-term 102,953 99,776 Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
Derivative liability 2,421 9,165
·
Contingent consideration 5,097 14,055
Treximet Secured Notes - long-term 184,002 188,715
Credit facilities - long-term 14,000 15,000
Deferred income tax liability - long-term 226 202
Other liabilities - long-term 4,408 6,738
Total liabilities 404.233 466,094
Commitments and contingencies (notes 1, 3, 6, 7, 10 and 11)
Stockholders' (deficit) equity:
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, authorized 10,000,000 shares; no shares issued
and outstanding
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 140,000,000 shares authorized, 9,499,812
and 6,387,455 issued and 9,499,812 and 6,111,253 outstanding
at September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively 95 61
Additional paid-in capital 242,164 227,387
Treasury stock, at cost, 0 and 2,762,022 shares held at September 30, 2016
and December 31, 2015, respectively, see Note 1 - (5,548)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (12) -
Accumulated deficit (272,316) (188,803)
Total stockholders' (deficit) equity (30,069) 33,097
Total liabilities and stockholders' (deficit) equity \$ 374,164 \$ 499,191

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

PERNIX THERAPEUTICS HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2016		2015	2016		2015
Net revenues	\$ 41,468	\$	48,615	\$ 110,683	\$	129,481
Costs and operating expenses:						
Cost of product sales	10,840		12,036	34,272		36,906
Selling, general and administrative expense	22,173		27,419	73,615		73,262
Research and development expense	1,712		3,180	5,139		5,644
Depreciation and amortization expense	20,700		25,733	65,426		66,492
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	516		(3,596)	(8,958)		(3,596)
Loss from disposal and impairments of assets	652		-	2,423		-
Restructuring costs	2,277		(4)	2,277		1,193
Total costs and operating expenses	58,870		64,768	174,194		179,901
Loss from operations	(17,402)		(16,153)	(63,511)		(50,420)
Other income (expense):						
Interest income	-		43	-		153
Interest expense	(8,857)		(9,687)	(26,818)		(28,818)
Change in fair value of derivative liability	(209)		10,527	6,744		19,230
Foreign currency transaction gain	31		-	98		-
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-		(1,112)	-		(1,112)
Cost of inducement	-		-	-		(19,500)
Total other expense, net	(9,035)		(229)	(19,976)		(30,047)
Loss before income tax expense (benefit)	(26,437)		(16,382)	(83,487)		(80,467)
Income tax expense (benefit)	1		(5,642)	26		(13,818)
Net loss	\$ (26,438)	\$	(10,740)	\$ (83,513)	\$	(66,649)
Net loss per common share						
Basic	\$ (2.99)	\$	(1.76)	\$ (11.57)	\$	(13.15)
Diluted	\$ (2.99)	\$	(1.76)	\$ (11.57)	\$	(13.15)
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:						
Basic	8,842		6,097	7,215		5,070
Diluted	8,842		6,097	7,215		5,070

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

PERNIX THERAPEUTICS HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (In thousands) (Unaudited)

		Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2016	2015		
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net loss	\$ (83,513)	\$ (66,649)		
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:				
Depreciation	588	251		
Amortization of intangibles	64,886	66,241		
Amortization of deferred financing costs	1,824	1,961		
Accretion of debt discount	2,655	1,436		
Interest accretion of notes receivable	-	(127)		
Deferred income tax benefit	24	(10,159)		
Stock compensation expense	2,080	4,428		
Fair market value change in derivative liability	(6,744)	(19,230)		
Issuance of stock for inducement	-	19,500		
Fair market value change in contingent consideration	(8,958)	(3,596)		
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	35	19		
Impairment of fixed assets and intangibles	2,388	-		
(Increase) decrease in operating assets (excluding effect of acquisitions):				
Accounts receivable	16,966	(16,461)		
Income tax receivable	3,384	(6,194)		
Inventory	1,753	(182)		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	635	3,002		
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities (excluding effect of acquisitions):				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(7,005)	15,019		
Accrued allowances	(6,323)	5,354		
Interest payable	(5,285)	(2,957)		
Other liabilities	(2,280)	(2,551)		
Net cash used in operating activities	(22,890)	(10,895)		
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Acquisition of Zohydro ER®	-	(83,341)		
Acquisition of supplier contract	(583)	-		
Acquisition of TREXIMET®	-	(2,836)		
Payments received on notes receivable	-	4,850		
Purchase of software and equipment	(964)	(1,029)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,547)	(82,356)		
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Payments on Treximet Secured Notes	(20,406)	(10,013)		
Net (payments) drawdowns on credit facilities	(1,000)	2.655		
Net proceeds from issuance of Convertible Notes	-	130.000		
Payments for financing costs	-	(5,045)		
Payment of consent fee	-	(2,150)		
Payments on mortgages and capital leases	(50)	(28)		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of tax and costs	18,303	276		
Shares withheld for the payment of taxes	(24)	(112)		
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(3,177)	115,583		
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(27,614)	22,332		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	56,135	34,855		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 28,521	\$ 57,187		
	1' 1 . 1 6'			

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

PERNIX THERAPEUTICS HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

Note 1. Company Overview

Pernix Therapeutics Holdings, Inc. and subsidiaries (collectively, "Pernix", the "Company", "we", "our" and "us") is a specialty pharmaceutical company focused on the acquisition, development and commercialization of prescription drugs, primarily for the United States ("U.S.") market. The Company targets underserved therapeutic areas, such as the central nervous system ("CNS") and Pain, including neurology, psychiatry as well as Pain specialties, and has an interest in expanding into additional specialty segments. The Company promotes its branded products to physicians through its Pernix sales force, and markets its generic portfolio through its wholly owned subsidiaries, Macoven Pharmaceuticals, LLC ("Macoven") and Cypress Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("Cypress").

The Company's branded products include Treximet®, a medication indicated for the acute treatment of migraine attacks with and without aura, Silenor®, a non-controlled substance and approved medication for the treatment of insomnia characterized by difficulty with sleep maintenance and Zohydro ER® with BeadTek, an extended-release opioid agonist indicated for the management of pain severe enough to require daily, around-the-clock, long-term opioid treatment and for which alternative treatment options are inadequate.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") and under the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) for interim reporting. In management's opinion, the interim financial data presented includes all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring items) necessary for fair presentation. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Certain information required by GAAP has been condensed or omitted in accordance with rules and regulations of the SEC. Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any future period or for the year ending December 31, 2016.

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2015, included in Pernix Therapeutics' 2015 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC.

The preparation of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions relating to reporting of the assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities to prepare these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period in conformity with GAAP. Significant estimates of the Company include: revenue recognition, sales allowances such as returns on product sales, government program rebates, customer coupon redemptions, wholesaler/pharmacy discounts, product service fees, rebates and chargebacks, sales commissions, amortization, stock-based compensation, the determination of fair values of assets and liabilities in connection with business combinations, and deferred income taxes. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated all events and transactions since September 30, 2016.

The Company had the following non-recognized subsequent event:

On November 1, 2016, the Company made the decision that it would not be exercising its option to obtain an exclusive, royalty-bearing license to the Altus Technology and the Altus Product Technology, as defined in the Development and Option Agreement dated November 1, 2013 between Zogenix, Inc. and Altus Formulation, Inc. The

decision was made based on a careful evaluation of the Development and Option Agreement and the potential alternative technologies available to Pernix. The Company remains committed to continuing to improve the abuse-deterrent properties of Zohydro ER by investing in innovative technologies for future development of the product, including a reformulation of Zohydro ER with BeadTek and/or the license, development and commercialization of other abuse-deterrent technologies. The Company anticipates recording approximately \$4.2 million as an impairment charge during the fourth quarter of 2016.

The Company had the following recognized subsequent event:

On October 13, 2016, the Company filed Articles of Amendment to its charter (the "Articles of Amendment"), with the State Department of Assessments and Taxation of Maryland to effect a one-for-ten reverse stock split of the outstanding shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company (the "Reverse Stock Split"). The Reverse Stock Split was duly approved by the Board of Directors of the Company without stockholder approval in accordance with the authority conferred by Section 2-309(e)(2) of the Maryland General Corporation Law and Article IV, Section 6 of the Company's charter. Pursuant to the Articles of Amendment, effective as of the close of business on October 13, 2016, each outstanding share of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, was automatically combined into 1/10th of share of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share. Fractional share holdings were rounded up to the nearest whole number. As a result of the Reverse Stock Split, the number of outstanding shares of common stock of the Company was reduced to approximately 9.5 million shares.

Each stockholder's percentage ownership in the Company and proportional voting power remained unchanged immediately after the Reverse Stock Split, except for minor changes resulting from the rounding up of fractional shares. The rights and privileges of stockholders were also unaffected by the Reverse Stock Split. There was no change to the number of authorized shares of the Company's common stock as a result of the Reverse Stock Split. Accordingly, all share and per share information in this Report has been restated to retroactively show the effect of the Reverse Stock Split.

Acquisition of Zohydro ER with BeadTek

On April 24, 2015, the Company, through a wholly owned subsidiary Pernix Ireland Pain Limited ("PIPL") completed the acquisition of the pharmaceutical product line Zohydro ER, including an abuse-deterrent pipeline and all related intellectual property, a supplier contract, an associated liability payable and a specified quantity of inventory associated therewith, from Zogenix, Inc. ("Zogenix"). See Note 12, *Business Combinations*, for further discussion.

Reclassifications

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. The Company reclassified the \$5.6 million of outstanding treasury stock from Treasury stock to Common stock and Additional paid-in capital at September 30, 2016. Also, in accordance with Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2015-03, *Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs*, ("ASU 2015-03"), the Company reclassified \$1.7 million from Prepaid expenses and other current assets to Treximet Secured Notes - current, \$4.0 million from Other assets to Convertible notes - long-term and \$6.2 million from Other assets to Treximet Secured Notes - long-term on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2015.

Principles of Consolidation

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Pernix's wholly-owned subsidiaries Pernix Therapeutics, LLC, Macoven, Cypress, Cypress' subsidiary, Hawthorn Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Pernix Ireland Limited and Pernix Ireland Pain Limited. Transactions between and among the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries are eliminated.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is defined as cash equivalent, evidence of an ownership interest in an entity, or a contract that creates a contractual obligation or right to deliver or receive cash or another financial instrument from another party. The Company's financial instruments consist primarily of cash equivalents, notes receivable, and a credit facility. The carrying values of these assets and liabilities approximate their fair value due to their short-term nature.

Significant Customers

The Company's customers consist of drug wholesalers, retail drug stores, mass merchandisers and grocery store pharmacies in the United States. The Company primarily sells its products directly to large national drug wholesalers, which in turn resell the products to smaller or regional wholesalers, retail pharmacies, chain drug stores, and other third parties. The following tables list the Company's customers that individually comprised greater than 10% of total gross product sales for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, or 10% of total accounts receivable as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

Gross Product Sales:

		Three Months Ended September 30, September 30,		
	2016	2015	2016	2015
McKesson Corporation	34%	38%	35%	40%
AmerisourceBergen Drug Corporation	31%	27%	32%	25%
Cardinal Health, Inc.	26%	28%	26%	28%
Total	91%	93%	93%	93%

Accounts Receivable, net:

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
McKesson Corporation	32%	34%
Cardinal Health, Inc.	30%	28%
AmerisourceBergen Drug Corporation	30%	30%
Total	92%	92%

Note 2. Earnings per Share

Basic net income (loss) per common share is the amount of net income (loss) for the period divided by the weighted average shares of common stock outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted income (loss) per common share is the amount of income (loss) for the period plus interest expense on convertible debt divided by the sum of weighted average shares of common stock outstanding during the reporting period and weighted average shares that would have been outstanding assuming the issuance of common shares for all dilutive potential common shares.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net loss per share (in thousands except per share data):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Numerator:					
Net loss	\$ (26,438) \$	(10,740) \$	(83,513) \$	(66,649)	
Denominator:					
Weighted-average common shares, basic	8,842	6,097	7,215	5,070	
Dilutive effect of stock options	-	-	-	-	
Weighted-average common shares, diluted	8,842	6,097	7,215	5,070	
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	\$ (2.99) \$	(1.76) \$	(11.57) \$	(13.15)	
	8				

The following table sets forth the potential common shares that could potentially dilute basic income per share in the future that were not included in the computation of diluted income (loss) per share because to do so would have been anti-dilutive for the periods presented (in thousands):

	Three Montl Septembo	Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2016	2015	2016	2015
4.25% Convertible Notes	1,133	1,133	1,133	673
8.00% Convertible Notes	-	-	-	734
Stock options and restricted stock	696	426	805	371
Warrants	33	-	33	-
Total potential dilutive effect	1,862	1,559	1,971	1,778

Note 3. Fair Value Measurement

The Company's financial assets and liabilities are measured using inputs from the three levels of the fair value hierarchy. The three levels are as follows:

Level 1- Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2- Inputs are other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (i.e., interest rates, yield curves, etc.), and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means (market corroborated inputs).

Level 3- Inputs are unobservable and reflect the Company's assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The Company develops these inputs based on the best information available.

Summary of Assets Recorded at Fair Value

In accordance with the fair value hierarchy described above, the following table shows the fair value of the Company's financial assets that are required to be measured at fair value as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 (in thousands):

As of Contombon 20, 2016

	As of September 30, 2010							
]	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Money market fund and trust cash sweep investments (1)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
				As of Decei	nbe	r 31, 2015		
]	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Money market fund and trust cash sweep investments (1)	\$	4,367	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,367
Total assets		4.367	ф		ф		ф	4,367

(1) The Company's money market and trust cash sweep investments are included in cash and cash equivalents within the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The Company's cash equivalents are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy because they are valued using quoted market prices or broker or dealer quotations for similar assets. These investments are initially valued at the transaction price and subsequently valued utilizing third-party pricing providers or other market observable data. Data used in the analysis include reportable trades, broker/dealer quotes, bids and offers, benchmark yields and credit spreads. The Company validates the prices provided by its third-party pricing providers by reviewing their pricing methods, analyzing pricing inputs and confirming that the securities have traded in normally functioning markets. The Company did not adjust or override any fair value measurements provided by its pricing providers as of September 30, 2016 or December 31, 2015.

As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company did not have any investments in Level 2 or Level 3 securities.

There were no transfers of assets or liabilities between Level 1 and Level 2 during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

The carrying amounts reflected in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets for certain short-term financial instruments including accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, and other liabilities approximate fair value due to their short-term nature.

Summary of Liabilities Recorded at Carrying Value and Fair Value

The 4.25% Convertible Notes and the Treximet Secured Notes are recorded at carrying value. The derivative liability and contingent consideration are recorded at fair value. Within the hierarchy of fair value measurements, the derivative liability and contingent consideration are Level 3 fair values. The fair and carrying value of our debt instruments are detailed as follows (in thousands):

	As of September 30, 2016					As of December 31, 2015			
		Fair Value		Carrying Value		Fair Value		Carrying Value	
4.25% Convertible Notes	\$	31,350	\$	102,953	\$	68,637	\$	99,776	
Derivative liability		2,421		2,421		9,165		9,165	
Contingent consideration		5,097		5,097		14,055		14,055	
Treximet Secured Notes		144,797		184,635		179,518		202,050	
Total	\$	183,665	\$	295,106	\$	271,375	\$	325,046	
Convertible Notes									

The fair values of the Convertible notes were estimated using the (i) terms of the convertible notes; (ii) rights, preferences, privileges, and restrictions of the underlying security; (iii) time until any restriction(s) are released; (iv) fundamental financial and other characteristics of the Company; (v) trading characteristics of the underlying security (exchange, volume, price, and volatility); (vi) valuation of derivative liability; and (vii) precedent sale transactions.

Derivative Liability

The fair value of the derivative liability was determined using a "with and without" scenario. Under this methodology, valuations are performed on the convertible note inclusive of all terms as well as for a convertible note that has identical terms and features but excluding the conversion option. The difference between the two valuations is equal to the fair value of the conversion option. Significant increases or decreases in these inputs would result in a significant change in the fair value of the derivative liability.

Contingent Consideration

The fair value of contingent consideration is based on two components - a regulatory milestone and commercial milestone.

For the regulatory milestone, the expected regulatory earn out payment was discounted taking into account (a) the Company's cost of debt, (b) the expected timing of the payment and (c) subordinate nature of the earn out obligation.

The fair value of the commercial milestone was determined using a Monte Carlo simulation. This simulation assumed a risk-neutral framework, whereby future net revenue was simulated over the earn out period using the Geometric Brownian Motion. For each simulation path, the earn out payments were calculated based on the achievement of the revenue milestone and then were discounted to the valuation date. Significant increases or decreases in these unobservable inputs and/or the probability of achievement of these milestones would result in a significant change in the fair value of the contingent consideration.

Treximet Secured Notes

The fair value of the Company's Treximet Secured Notes was estimated using a discounted cash flow model.

Fair Value Measurements Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)

For the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3), the following table provides a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for each category therein, and gains or losses recognized during the periods (in thousands).

		Niı	of and for the ne months Ended tember 30, 2016	Y	s of and for the Year Ended ecember 31, 2015
Derivative liability:					
Balance at beginning of year		\$	9,165	\$	-
Initial measurement of derivative liability			-		28,480
Remeasurement adjustments - gains included in earnings			(6,744)		(19,315)
Ending balance		\$	2,421	\$	9,165
Contingent consideration:					
Balance at beginning of year		\$	14,055	\$	-
Initial measurement of contingent consideration			-		14,193
Remeasurement adjustments - gains included in earnings			(8,958)		(138)
Ending balance		\$	5,097	\$	14,055
	11				

Note 4. Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Inventories consist of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2016			December 31, 2015		
Raw materials	\$	1,506	\$	2,047		
Work-in-process		-		1,425		
Finished goods		9,732		9,011		
Inventory, gross		11,238		12,483		
Reserve for obsolescence		(2,956)		(2,448)		
Inventory, net	\$	8,282	\$	10,035		

Note 5. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill consists of the following (in thousands):

	I	Amount
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$	44,900
Goodwill acquired - Zohydro ER		180
Measurement period adjustments - Zohydro ER		6,949
Measurement period adjustments - Treximet		2,836
Balance at December 31, 2015		54,865
Measurement period adjustments - Zohydro ER		(499)
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$	54,366

Intangible assets consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

		As of September 30, 2016							
	Weighted Average Life		Gross Carrying Amount		Impairment		ccumulated mortization	No	et Carrying Amount
Unamortized intangible assets:									
In-process research and development	Indefinite	\$	26,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	26,500
Total unamortized intangible assets			26,500		-		-		26,500
Amortized intangible assets:									
Brand	0.0 years		891		(891)		-		-
Product licenses	8.4 years		2,846		-		(1,141)		1,705
Supplier contracts	5.0 years		583		-		(49)		534
Acquired developed technologies	7.7 years		376,237		(611)		(184,227)		191,399
Total amortized intangible assets	·		380,557		(1,502)		(185,417)		193,638
Total intangible assets		\$	407,057	\$	(1,502)	\$	(185,417)	\$	220,138
			12						

As of December 31.	2015	
--------------------	------	--

		Gross				
	Weighted	Carrying		Accumulated	1	Net Carrying
	Average Life	Amount	Impairment	Amortization		Amount
Unamortized intangible assets:						
Trademark rights	Indefinite	\$ 400	\$ (400)	\$ -	\$	-
In-process research and development	Indefinite	29,500	(3,000)	-		26,500
Total unamortized intangible assets		29,900	(3,400)	-		26,500
Amortized intangible assets:						
Patents	11.0 years	500	(106)	(394)		-
Brand	8.0 years	3,887	-	(2,794)		1,093
Product licenses	10.5 years	17,581	(10,059)	(5,542)		1,980
Non-compete and supplier contracts	5.6 years	6,337	-	(6,337)		-
Acquired developed technologies	4.1 years	391,624	(10,787)	(124,467)		256,370
Total amortized intangible assets		419,929	(20,952)	(139,534)		259,443
Total intangible assets		\$ 449,829	\$ (24,352)	\$ (139,534)	\$	285,943

As of September 30, 2016, the weighted average remaining life for our definite-lived intangible assets in total was approximately 8.0 years.

In connection with the Zohydro ER acquisition (see Note 12, *Business Combinations*, for further information), the Company recorded, at fair value, intangible assets consisting of intellectual property valued at \$98.8 million and in-process research and development ("IPR&D") intangibles valued at \$4.2 million. Intellectual property will be amortized on a straight-line basis over 18.3 years. IPR&D will be amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life once the receipt of regulatory approval is obtained.

During 2016, the Company recorded impairment charges of approximately \$891,000 against acquired brands and approximately \$611,000 against acquired developed technologies. This impairment during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was due to a review of the Company's product portfolio which resulted in the discontinuation of products that were not profitable. During 2015, the Company recorded impairment charges of approximately \$400,000 against trademark rights, \$3.0 million against IPR&D, \$106,000 against patents, \$10.1 million against product licenses and \$10.8 million against acquired developed technologies. The Company decided during the year ended December 31, 2015 to focus its efforts on certain core products and no longer promote certain other products which are not aligned with this business strategy or due to the termination of certain contractual agreements.

Estimated amortization expense related to intangible assets with definite lives for each of the five succeeding years and thereafter is as follows (in thousands):

		Amount
2016 (October - December)	\$	20,626
2017		80,835
2018		15,608
2019		6,324
2020		6,237
Thereafter		64,008
Total	\$	193,638
	13	

Amortization expense was \$20.6 million and \$64.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively, of which, \$48,000 is included in cost of product sales in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations. Amortization expense was \$25.6 million and \$66.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively.

Note 6. Accrued Allowances

Accrued allowances consist of the following (in thousands):

	nber 30, 016	December 31, 2015		
Accrued returns allowance	\$ 16,368	\$ 11,896		
Accrued price adjustments	33,124	44,100		
Accrued government program rebates	6,863	6,682		
Total	\$ 56,355	\$ 62,678		
Note 7. Debt				

Debt, net of discounts and deferred financing costs, consists of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2016		December 31, 2015		
Wells Fargo Credit Facility	\$ 14,000	\$	15,000		
4.25% Convertible Notes	102,953	,	99,776		
Treximet Secured Notes	184,635	j	202,050		
Total outstanding debt	301,588	j	316,826		
Less current portion	633)	13,335		
Long-term debt outstanding	\$ 300,955	\$	303,491		
Credit Facilities					

Wells Fargo

On August 21, 2015, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement with Wells Fargo, National Association, as Administrative Agent and the lenders party thereto for a \$50.0 million, three-year senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Wells Fargo Credit Facility"), which may be increased by an additional \$20.0 million in the lenders' discretion.

The Company's obligations under the Wells Fargo Credit Facility are secured by, among other things, the Company's and certain subsidiaries' inventory and accounts receivable, and are guaranteed by certain of the Company's subsidiaries. As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, \$14.0 million and \$15.0 million, respectively, were outstanding under the Wells Fargo Credit Facility and classified as Credit facilities - long-term on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets. Availability of borrowings under the Wells Fargo Credit Facility from time to time is subject to a borrowing base calculation based upon a valuation of the Company's eligible inventories and eligible accounts receivable, each multiplied by an applicable advance rate. Borrowing availability under the Wells Fargo Credit Facility was \$11.4 million as of September 30, 2016. Borrowings under the Wells Fargo Credit Facility will bear interest at the Company's election at (i) the rate of LIBOR plus 1.5% to LIBOR plus 2.0% or (ii) the Base Rate (as defined in the Wells Fargo Credit Facility) plus 0.5% to the Base Rate plus 1.0%. The applicable interest rate margin percentage will be determined by the average daily availability of borrowings under the Wells Fargo Credit Facility. In addition, the Company is required to pay a commitment fee on the undrawn commitments under the Wells Fargo Credit Facility from time to time at an applicable rate of 0.25% per annum according to the average daily balance of borrowings under the Wells Fargo Credit Facility during any month. The Wells Fargo Credit Facility contains representations and warranties, affirmative, restrictive and financial covenants, and events of default (applicable to the Company and certain of its subsidiaries) which are customary for credit facilities of this type. The effective interest rate was 3.6% at September 30, 2016.

MidCap Funding V, LLC

On August 21, 2015, the Company terminated the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of May 8, 2013, as amended, by and among MidCap Funding IV, LLC, and certain subsidiaries of the Company and repaid all outstanding loans thereunder (the "MidCap Credit Facility"). The MidCap Credit Facility provided for a \$20.0 million revolving loan commitment and a \$20.0 million uncommitted accordion feature. The obligations under the MidCap Credit Facility were secured by a first priority security interest in the Company's accounts, inventory, deposit accounts, securities accounts, securities entitlements, permits and cash and bore interest at a rate equal to the sum of the LIBOR (with a floor of 1.5%) plus an applicable margin of 7.50% per annum. The MidCap Credit Facility has been closed and has been replaced with the Wells Fargo Credit Facility.

Convertible Notes:

4.25% Convertible Notes

On April 22, 2015, the Company issued \$130.0 million aggregate principal amount 4.25% Convertible Senior Notes (the "4.25% Convertible Notes"). The 4.25% Convertible Notes mature on April 1, 2021, unless earlier converted, redeemed or repurchased. The Company received net proceeds from the sale of the 4.25% Convertible Notes of \$125.0 million, after deducting placement agent fees and commissions and offering expenses payable by the Company. Interest on the 4.25% Convertible Notes is payable on April 1 and October 1 of each year, beginning October 1, 2015. The discounted note balance of \$106.5 million and \$103.8 million is recorded as long-term debt on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

The 4.25% Convertible Notes are governed by the terms of an indenture (the "Indenture"), between the Company and Wilmington Trust, National Association (the "Trustee"), each of which were entered into on April 22, 2015.

The Company may not redeem the 4.25% Convertible Notes prior to April 6, 2019. However, the holders may convert their 4.25% Convertible Notes at any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding January 1, 2021 only under certain circumstances. Upon conversion, the Company will deliver a number of shares of the Company's common stock equal to the conversion rate in effect on the conversion date. Effective upon the Reverse Stock Split, the conversion rate decreased from 87.2030 shares of the Company's common stock for each \$1,000 principal amount of the 4.25% Convertible Notes to 8.7237 shares of the Company's common stock for each \$1,000 principal amount of the 4.25% Convertible Notes, which represents a conversion price of approximately \$114.63 per share. Following certain corporate transactions that can occur on or prior to the stated maturity date, the Company will increase the conversion rate for a holder that elects to convert its 4.25% Convertible Notes in connection with such a corporate transaction. In addition to the holder option to convert, the 4.25% Convertible Notes may be redeemed upon the occurrence of certain events. The Company incurred debt issuance costs of approximately \$5.0 million, which have been deferred and which are being amortized over a six-year period, unless earlier converted, in which case the unamortized costs would be recorded in additional paid-in capital. The effective interest rate on the 4.25% Convertible Notes, including debt issuance costs and bifurcated conversion option derivative (discussed below), is 9.7%.

The Company is required to separate the conversion option in the 4.25% Convertible Notes under ASC 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*. During April 2015, the Company recorded the bifurcated conversion option valued at \$28.5 million as a derivative liability, which created a discount on the debt. The derivative liability is marked to market through the other income (expense) section on the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations for each reporting period, while the discount created on the 4.25% Convertible Notes is accreted as interest expense over the life of the debt. The derivative liability is valued at \$2.4 million and \$9.2 million as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. If the Company obtains shareholder approval to remove the contractual limit on the number of shares that may be delivered to settle the conversion of the 4.25% Convertible Notes, the conversion feature may meet an exception from derivative accounting and no longer require separate accounting as a bifurcated

derivative. As the conversion feature is accounted for as a bifurcated derivative liability, the Company was not required to consider whether the cash conversion or beneficial conversion guidance contained in ASC 470-20, *Debt with Conversion and Other Options*, is applicable to the 4.25% Convertible Notes.

In addition to the bifurcated conversion feature, there are two other features that require bifurcation but contain de minimis value. Although the probability was considered remote, at the time of the transaction, that (1) additional interest would be incurred for failure to file financial statements timely or (2) the 4.25% Convertible Notes would be redeemed by the Company following the failure of the Zohydro ER acquisition to close prior to July 8, 2015. The Company will continue to monitor the timely filing of its financial statements for any additional interest that could be incurred.

Interest expense was \$2.3 million and \$6.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively and \$2.2 million and \$3.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, related to the 4.25% Convertible Notes. Change in fair value of derivative liability was an expense of \$209,000 and income of \$6.7 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively and income of \$10.5 million and \$19.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015. Accrued interest on the 4.25% Convertible Notes was approximately \$2.8 million and \$1.4 million as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. The Company recorded debt issuance costs of \$5.0 million, which are being amortized using the effective interest method. As of September 30, 2016, \$688,000 and \$3.5 million are recorded on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet in Prepaid expenses and other current assets and Convertible Notes - long-term, respectively, in accordance with ASU 2015-03. As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had outstanding borrowings of \$130.0 million related to the 4.25% Convertible Notes, respectively.

8.00% Convertible Notes

On April 16, 2015, the Company entered into an agreement (the "Inducement Agreement") with all of the holders of its 8.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2019 (the "8.00% Convertible Notes") representing \$65.0 million aggregate principal amount, pursuant to which such holders agreed to the removal of substantially all of the material restrictive covenants in the indenture governing the 8.00% Convertible Notes and to convert their notes in accordance with the provisions of such indenture in exchange for an aggregate of 233,813 shares of the Company's common stock (the "Inducement Shares"). The Company recorded \$19.5 million as cost of inducement expense in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015. The issuance of the Inducement Shares was made pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act contained in Section 4(a)(2). Each of the holders entering into the Inducement Agreement agreed not to sell the shares of our common stock to be issued to it upon conversion of the 8.00% Convertible Notes for 145 days (the "lock-up period") subject to exceptions, including in connection with settling existing short positions with respect to the 8.00% Convertible Notes and underwritten public offerings pursuant to existing registration rights with respect to such shares of our common stock. In addition, such holders are permitted to dispose of up to 80 percent of such shares of our common stock remaining after settling existing short positions prior to the end of the lock-up period in specified intervals.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the holders of the 8.00% Convertible Notes converted the outstanding notes at a conversion price of \$36.00 per share. The Company issued 1.8 million shares pursuant to this conversion and retired the \$65.0 million of the outstanding 8.00% Convertible Notes.

Interest expense was \$0 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and \$0 and \$1.6 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively related to the 8.00% Convertible Notes. As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had no outstanding borrowings related to the 8.00% Convertible Notes. Interest expense of \$547,000 that accrued during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 was forfeited and recorded in additional paid-in capital. During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company recorded the remaining \$5.4 million unamortized deferred financing costs related to the 8.00% Convertible Notes in additional paid-in capital.

Secured Notes:

Treximet Note Offering

On August 19, 2014, the Company issued \$220.0 million aggregate principal amount of its 12% Senior Secured Notes due 2020 (the "Treximet Secured Notes") pursuant to an Indenture (the "August 2014 Indenture") dated as of August 19, 2014 among the Company, certain of its subsidiaries (the "Guarantors") and U.S. Bank National Association (the "August 2014 Trustee"), as trustee and collateral agent.

The Treximet Secured Notes mature on August 1, 2020 and bear interest at a rate of 12% per annum, payable in arrears on February 1 and August 1 of each year (each, a "Payment Date"), beginning on February 1, 2015. On each Payment Date, commencing August 1, 2015, the Company began paying installments of principal of the Treximet Secured Notes in an amount equal to 50% of net sales of Treximet for the two consecutive fiscal quarters immediately preceding such Payment Date (less the amount of interest paid on the Treximet Secured Notes on such Payment Date). At each month-end beginning with January 2015, the net sales of Treximet will be calculated, the monthly interest accrual amount will then be deducted from the net sales and this resulting amount will be recorded as the current portion of the Treximet Secured Notes. If the Treximet net sales less the interest due at each month-end of each six-month period does not result in any excess over the interest due, no principal payment must be paid at that time. The remaining balance outstanding on the Treximet Secured Notes will be due on the maturity date, which is August 1, 2020. As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company classified \$633,000 and \$15.0 million, respectively, of the Treximet Secured Notes as a current liability and \$189.0 million and \$194.9 million as a non-current liability, respectively.

The Treximet Secured Notes are unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, by the Guarantors. The Treximet Secured Notes and the guarantees of the Guarantors are secured by a continuing first-priority security interest in substantially all of the assets of the Company and the Guarantors related to Treximet other than inventory and certain inventory related assets, including accounts arising from the sale of the inventory.

The Company may redeem the Treximet Secured Notes at its option, in whole at any time or in part from time to time, on any business day, on not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days prior notice provided to each holder's registered address. If such redemption was prior to August 1, 2015, the redemption price would have been equal to the greater of (i) the principal amount of the Treximet Secured Notes being redeemed and (ii) the present value, discounted at the applicable treasury rate of the principal amount of the Treximet Secured Notes being redeemed plus 1.00%, of such principal payment amounts and interest at the rate per annum shown above on the outstanding principal balance of the Treximet Secured Notes being redeemed assuming the principal balances were amortized at the times and in the assumed amounts set forth on Schedule A to the August 2014 Indenture. If such redemption occurs (i) on or after August 1, 2016 and prior to August 1, 2017, the redemption price will equal 103% of the outstanding principal amount of the August Notes being redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon and (ii) on or after August 1, 2017, the redemption price will equal 100% of the outstanding principal amount of the Treximet Secured Notes being redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon.

The August 2014 Indenture contains covenants that limit the ability of the Company and the Guarantors to, among other things: incur certain additional indebtedness; pay dividends on, redeem or repurchase stock or make other distributions in respect of its capital stock—repurchase, prepay or redeem certain indebtedness; make certain investments; create restrictions on the ability of the Guarantors to pay dividends to the Company or make other intercompany transfers; create liens; transfer or sell assets; consolidate, merge or sell or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its assets and enter into certain transactions with affiliates. Upon the occurrence of certain events constituting a change of control, the Company is required to make an offer to repurchase all of the Treximet Secured Notes (unless otherwise redeemed) at a purchase price equal to 101% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any to the repurchase date.

The August 2014 Indenture provides that an Event of Default (as defined in the August 2014 Indenture) will occur if, among other things, (a) the Company defaults in any payment of interest on any note when due and payable, and such default continues for a period of 30 days; (b) the Company defaults in the payment of principal of or premium, if any, on any note when due and payable on the maturity date, upon declaration of acceleration or otherwise, or to pay the change of control repurchase price, when due and payable, and such default continues for a period of five days; (c) failure to make a repurchase offer in the event of a change in control when required under the August 2014 Indenture, which continues for three business days; (d) the Company or any Guarantor fails to comply with certain covenants after receiving written notice from the August 2014 Trustee or the holders of more than 25% of the principal amount of the outstanding Treximet Secured Notes; (e) the Company or any Guarantor defaults with respect to other indebtedness for borrowed money in excess of \$8.0 million and such default is not cured within 30 days after written notice from the August 2014 Trustee or the holders of more than 25% of the principal amount of the outstanding Treximet Secured Notes; (f) the Company or any Guarantor has rendered against it a final judgment for the payment of \$8.0 million (or its foreign currency equivalent) or more (excluding any amounts covered by insurance) under certain circumstances; (g) certain bankruptcy, insolvency, liquidation, reorganization or similar events occur with respect to the Company or any Guarantor; (h) a guarantee of the Treximet Secured Notes (with certain exceptions) is held to be unenforceable or invalid in a judicial proceeding or ceases to be in full force and effect or a Guarantor disaffirms its obligations under its guarantee of the Treximet Secured Notes; and (i) certain changes in control of a Guarantor.

Interest expense related to the Treximet Secured Notes was \$5.7 million and \$17.6 million, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively and \$6.4 million and \$19.6 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. Accrued interest on the Treximet Secured Notes was approximately \$3.8 million and \$10.5 million as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. The Company recorded debt issuance costs of \$7.8 million, which are being amortized using the effective interest method. As of September 30, 2016, \$1.3 million and \$3.8 million are recorded on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet in Prepaid expenses and other current assets and Treximet Secured Notes - long-term, respectively, in accordance with ASU 2015-03.

On April 13, 2015, the Company furnished to the holders of the Treximet Secured Notes a Consent Solicitation Statement (the "Consent Solicitation"). The Consent Solicitation sought the consent of the holders of a majority of the principal amount of the Treximet Secured Notes to amend the Indenture, dated August 19, 2014 (the "Indenture"), among the Company, certain subsidiaries of the Company, as guarantors, and U.S. Bank National Association, that governs the Treximet Secured Notes to allow the Company to, among other things, incur up to \$42.2 million of additional debt (the "Indenture Amendments") in exchange for a consent fee in cash equal to 1% of the principal amount of consenting Treximet Secured Notes (the "Consent Fees"). Through April 28, 2015, the Company received consent to the Indenture Amendments from holders representing approximately 98% of the principal amount of the Notes, and subsequently paid the holders approximately \$2.2 million during the year ended December 31, 2015. The cost of inducement of \$403,000 and \$1.2 million is recorded in Prepaid expenses and other current assets and Treximet Secured Notes - long-term, respectively, in accordance with ASU 2015-03, on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2016 and are being amortized using the effective interest method.

The following table represents the future maturity schedule of the outstanding debt and line of credit at September 30, 2016 (in thousands):

	Amount
2016	\$ -
2017	633
2018	14,000
2019	-
2020	188,948
Thereafter	130,000
Total maturities	333,581
Less:	
Note discount	(23,539)
Deferred financing costs	(8,454)
Total outstanding debt	\$ 301,588

Note 8. Stockholders' Equity

Reverse Stock Split

On October 13, 2016, the Company effectuated a reverse stock split of its outstanding shares of common stock at a ratio of 1 to 10. Upon the effectiveness of the Reverse Stock Split, which occurred on October 13, 2016, the Company's issued and outstanding shares of common stock was decreased from 94,961,549 to 9,499,812 shares, all with a par value of \$0.01. Accordingly, all share and per share information has been restated in the Report to retroactively show the effect of the Reverse Stock Split.

Controlled Equity Offering

On November 7, 2014, the Company entered into a controlled equity offering sales agreement (the "Sales Agreement") with Cantor Fitzgerald & Co. ("Cantor") pursuant to which the Company could issue and sell shares of its common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to one hundred million dollars, pursuant to an effective registration statement on Form S-3 (No. 333-200005), from time to time through Cantor, acting as agent. The Company will pay Cantor a commission rate of 3.0% of the gross sales price per share of the common stock sold through Cantor as agent under the Sales Agreement.

During the three months ended September 30, 2016, the Company sold 984,148 shares of common stock under the Sales Agreement at an average price of approximately \$6.56 per share for gross proceeds of \$6.5 million and net proceeds of \$6.2 million, after deducting Cantor's commission. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company sold 3,376,284 shares of common stock under the Sales Agreement at an average price of approximately \$5.59 per share for gross proceeds of \$18.9 million and net proceeds of \$18.3 million, after deducting Cantor's commission. As of September 30, 2016, approximately \$81.1 million of common stock remained available to be sold under this facility.

Warrants

As of September 30, 2016, the Company has approximately 32,992 outstanding common stock warrants in connection with the acquisition of Somaxon in March 2013.

19

Stock Option Plans

In June 2015, the Company's shareholders approved the 2015 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "2015 Plan"). The maximum number of shares that can be offered under this plan is 700,000. Incentives may be granted under the 2015 Plan to eligible participants in the form of (a) incentive stock options, (b) non-qualified stock options, (c) restricted shares, (d) restricted stock units, (e) share appreciation rights and (f) other share-based awards. Incentive grants under the 2015 Plan generally vest based on four years of continuous service and have 10-year contractual terms.

Stock-Based Compensation

Stock-based compensation expense is recognized, net of an estimated forfeiture rate, on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period, which is the vesting period.

The Company currently uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair value of its stock options and the Monte Carlo option pricing model to determine the fair value of its performance stock options. The determination of the fair value of stock-based payment awards on the date of grant using an option pricing model is affected by the Company's stock price, as well as assumptions regarding a number of complex and subjective variables. These variables include the Company's expected stock price volatility over the term of the awards, actual employee exercise behaviors, risk-free interest rate and expected dividends.

The weighted average fair value of stock options granted during the periods and the assumptions used to estimate those values using the Black-Scholes option pricing mode were as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,		
		2016	2015	2016	2015	
Weighted average expected						
stock price volatility		81.7%	71.4%	71.8%	72.3%	
Estimated dividend yield		-	-	-	_	
Risk-free interest rate		1.3%	1.8%	1.4%	1.7%	
Expected life of option (in years)		6.2	6.3	6.2	6.3	
Weighted average grant date						
fair value per option	\$	4.20 \$	30.90 \$	12.59	\$ 42.60	

The expected stock price volatility for the stock options is based on historical volatility of the Company's stock. The Company has not paid and does not anticipate paying cash dividends; therefore, the expected dividend rate is assumed to be 0%. The risk-free rate was based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant commensurate with the expected life assumption. The expected life of the stock options granted was estimated based on the historical exercise patterns over the option lives.

Stock-based compensation expense was (\$159,000) and \$2.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively and \$1.3 million and \$4.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. Stock-based compensation expense for the periods presented is included within the selling, general and administrative expense in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Stock Options

As of September 30, 2016, approximately 659,000 options are outstanding that have been issued to employees and directors under the Company's Golf Trust of America, Inc. 2007 Stock Option Plan, the Amended and Restated Pernix Therapeutics Holdings, Inc. 2009 Stock Incentive Plan and the 2015 Plan. As of September 30, 2016, there was approximately \$7.9 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock options issued to employees and directors of the Company, which is expected to be recognized ratably over a weighted-average period of 2.60 years.

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company's Board of Directors awarded a total of 48,500 stock options ("Performance Options") to certain of the Company's executive officers, A determination of whether and how many of the Performance Options vest and become exercisable will be made on August 14, 2018 (the "Measuring Date") (the date that is three-years from the grant date) based upon the average closing bid price of the Company's Common Stock for the twenty trading days ending on the Measuring Date. If the average closing bid price of the Company's Common Stock for the twenty trading days immediately ending on the Measuring Date is (i) less than \$200 per share, no Performance Options vest, (ii) \$200 per share or more and less than \$250 per share, then 50% of the Performance Options vest, (iii) \$250 per share or more and less than \$300 per share, then 75% of the Performance Options vest, (iii) \$300 per share or more and less than \$350 per share, then 100% of the Performance Options vest, and (iv) \$350 per share or more, then 150% of the Performance Options vest. 50% of any such vested options shall be exercisable on the Measuring Date and the remaining 50% of such vested options shall be exercisable one year after the Measuring Date. Upon a change of control of the Company after the Measuring Date, any vested but exercisable Performance Options shall become exercisable. Upon a change of control prior to the Measuring Date, the Measuring Date shall become the effective date of the change of control and the amount of Performance Options that vest, if any, shall be based upon the common stock price as of the effective date of the change of control. For example, if a change of control occurs prior to August 14, 2018 and the price of the Company's Common Stock for the twenty trading days prior to the effective date of the change of control is \$240 per share then each named executive officer would vest in 50% of the Performance Options.

The Company utilized a Monte Carlo Simulation to determine the grant date fair value of the Performance Options. Compensation expense is recognized over the performance period of each tranche in accordance with ASC 718, *Compensation - Stock Compensation*. The Company recorded \$0 and \$35,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively and \$15,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 of share-based compensation expense related to these Performance Options. Due to the corporate restructuring that was announced in July 2016 and the associated departures of Company's former executive officers, all Performance Options have been canceled.

The following table shows the option activity, described above, during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 (share and intrinsic values in thousands):

	Shares	Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value		
Options Outstanding at December 31, 2015	703	\$ 55.42				
Granted	328	19.64				
Exercised	-	-		\$ -		
Cancelled	(372)	49.19				
Expired	-	-				
Options outstanding at September 30, 2016	659	\$ 41.13	8.3	\$ 37		
Options vested and expected to						
vest as of September 30, 2016	598	\$ 41.99	8.3	\$ 28		
Options vested and exercisable as of September 30,						
2016	235	\$ 50.87	7.4	\$ -		
		21				

Restricted Stock

The following table shows the Company's non-vested restricted stock activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 (share and intrinsic values in thousands):

			Weighted Average Grant Date	Aggregate		
	Shares		Fair Value		Intrinsic Value	
Non-vested restricted stock outstanding at December 31, 2015	6	\$	30.00			
Granted	-		-			
Vested	(6)		30.00	\$	63	
Forfeited	-		-			
Non-vested restricted stock outstanding at September 30, 2016	_	\$	_			

As of September 30, 2016, there was \$0 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted stock issued to employees and directors of the Company due to the acceleration of restricted stock expense related to the restructuring during the year ended December 31, 2015.

Note 9. Income Taxes

The Company reported an income tax expense of \$1,000 and \$26,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively and a benefit of \$5.6 million and \$13.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively. The Company's effective tax rate was 0.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to an estimated annual effective rate of 17.2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The change in tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was primarily due to the Company having a full valuation allowance as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. All deferred tax assets were subject to a full valuation allowance as of December 31, 2015.

The Company evaluates the realizability of its U.S. net deferred tax assets based on all available evidence, both positive and negative, on a quarterly basis. The realization of net deferred tax assets is dependent on the Company's ability to generate sufficient future taxable income during periods prior to the expiration of tax attributes to fully utilize these assets. The Company weighed both positive and negative evidence and determined that due to recent losses there is a continued need for a full valuation allowance against all of the Company's deferred tax assets as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

Our gross deferred tax assets are comprised primarily of U.S. Federal net operating losses and accruals. A substantial portion of the deferred tax liability at September 30, 2016 relates to the difference between the financial statement and tax basis of the intangibles acquired in the Cypress acquisition. The deferred tax liability related to these Cypress intangibles is reduced on an annual basis by the financial statement amortization of such intangibles.

Income tax returns subject to review by taxing authorities include 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015.

Note 10. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

GlaxoSmithKline Arbitration

The Company is currently involved in an arbitration proceeding with GSK. GSK has claimed that the Company owes GSK damages relating to an alleged breach by the Company of a covenant contained in the Asset Purchase and Sale Agreement ("APSA") dated as of May 13, 2014 by and among GSK and its affiliates and the Company pertaining to a pre-existing customer agreement. The Company has asserted counterclaims and defenses under the APSA and also asserted claims against GSK related to breaches of a Supply Agreement between the parties. The Company and GSK entered into an Interim Settlement Agreement under which the Company agreed to make payments to GSK and escrow additional funds. Additionally, the parties agreed to submit the matter to binding arbitration. The Company has paid GSK approximately \$10.3 million through September 30, 2016 and deposited an additional amount of approximately \$6.2 million into an escrow account on account of the settlement of disputed amounts. The amounts paid by the Company to GSK and escrowed represent approximately 46% of the amounts GSK claims are owed to them as a result of the Company's alleged breach under the APSA. The amounts paid and escrowed by the Company for GSK claims are consistent with the amounts accrued by the Company for managed care rebates and fees during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015. An arbitration hearing for the APSA claims was held in April 2016 and a second hearing for the Supply Agreement claims was held in October 2016. A decision by the arbitrators is expected no later than February 2017.

Recro Gainesville LLC v. Actavis Laboratories FL, Inc.,

District of Delaware Case Nos. 14-1118, 15-413, and 15-1196; Recro Gainesville LLC v. Alvogen Malta Operations Ltd., District of Delaware Case No. 14-1364

Recro is the owner of U.S. Patent Nos. 6,228,398 ("the '398 Patent") and 6,902,742 ("the '742 Patent"), both of which expire on November 1, 2019, and U.S. Patent No. 9,132,096 ("the '096 Patent"), which expires on September 12, 2034. All three patents (collectively, "the Orange Book Patents") are listed in the United States Food and Drug Administration's ("FDA") Orange Book: Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations ("Orange Book") as covering Zohydro ER. Actavis and Alvogen each filed Abbreviated New Drug Applications ("ANDAs") with the FDA seeking approval of proposed generic versions of Zohydro ER in 10, 15, 20, 30, 40, and 50 mg dosage strengths. Those ANDAs and amendments thereto contained certifications asserting that the Orange Book Patents are invalid and not infringed. Pursuant to the Hatch-Waxman Act, Recro brought suit against Actavis on September 3, 2014 and May 21, 2015 for declaratory judgment of infringement of the '398 and '742 Patents, and on December 23, 2015 for declaratory judgment of infringement of the '096 Patent. In response, Actavis filed counterclaims seeking declaratory judgments of noninfringement and invalidity of all three Orange Book Patents. Pursuant to the Hatch-Waxman Act, Recro brought suit against Alvogen on November 3, 2014 for declaratory judgment of infringement of the '398 and '742 Patents. In response, Alvogen filed counterclaims seeking declaratory judgments of noninfringement and invalidity of those two patents. On September 13, 2016, Recro and Actavis jointly filed a stipulation of dismissal of all claims and counterclaims relating to the '398 Patent, and that stipulation was entered by the Court on September 14, 2016. On September 29, 2016, Recro and Alvogen jointly filed a stipulation of dismissal of all claims and counterclaims then pending, and that stipulation was entered by the Court on September 30, 2016, ending the case between Recro and Alvogen. Recro and Actavis participated in a bench trial in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware regarding the '742 and '096 Patents, which was completed on October 7, 2016. During the trial, Actavis declined to pursue its invalidity counterclaims as to both the '742 and '096 Patents. The parties' post-trial submissions regarding the remaining issues of infringement have been filed.

Other Commitments and Contingencies

In July 2012 and January 2013, Somaxon settled two patent litigation claims with parties seeking to market generic equivalents of Silenor. As of September 30, 2016, remaining payment obligations of the Company owed under these settlement agreements are \$1.3 million. The balance is payable in equal annual installments of \$250,000 through 2019, and a payment of \$500,000, payable in 2017. The current portion is recorded in other liabilities - current and the non-current portion is recorded in other liabilities - long-term on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2016.

During the first quarter of 2014, the Company settled all claims arising from certain actions by Cypress under the Texas Medicaid Fraud Prevention Act prior to its acquisition by the Company. As part of the settlement, the Company agreed to pay \$12.0 million, payable in annual amounts of \$2.0 million until the settlement is paid in full. As of September 30, 2016, the net present value of remaining payment obligations owed under this settlement agreement are \$5.4 million. The current portion is recorded in other liabilities - current and the non-current portion is recorded in other liabilities - long-term on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2016.

In connection with the acquisition of Treximet, the Company is responsible for the payment of royalties to Pozen of 18% of Treximet net sales with quarterly minimum royalty amounts of \$4.0 million for the calendar quarters commencing on January 1, 2015 and ending on March 31, 2018.

Note 11. Restructuring

On July 7, 2016, the Company announced a restructuring of its sales force and operations. The reorganization plan included (1) a reduction of 54 sales positions, primarily from the Company's Neurology sales team; (2) prioritization and reorganization of sales territories to reduce the inefficient time that sales representatives spent driving long distances between customers; (3) improvement of the Company's compensation plan to incentivize the field sales staff to increase the frequency of calls on the focused targets; and (4) consolidation of the Neurology and Pain sales forces under one sales management structure to eliminate redundancies. In addition, as part of this initiative, the Company reduced its administrative staff by 6 employees. The Company incurred \$2.3 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 in severance and other related cash expenses. The charge during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was comprised of \$1.3 million in severance related cash expenses, and \$1.0 million in other cash related expenses. Associated severance and other related payments are expected to be paid by December 31, 2017.

On March 16, 2015, the Company instituted an initiative to restructure operations and shut down its Charleston, South Carolina site. This step was done to consolidate operations within the Company's headquarters located in Morristown, New Jersey. The Company incurred \$0 during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, and a reduction of \$4,000 and a charge of \$1.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015, respectively, related to the restructuring. The charge during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was comprised of \$541,000 in severance related cash expenses, and \$653,000 for the modification and accelerated vesting of options and awards under existing employee agreements. Associated severance payments were paid by May 31, 2016.

A summary of accrued restructuring costs, included as a component of accounts payable and accrued expenses on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets, is as follows (in thousands):

	De	ecember 31,				Se	eptember 30,
		2015	Charges	Cash	Non-cash		2016
2016 restructuring costs	\$	-	\$ 2,277	\$ (1,443)	\$ -	\$	834
2015 restructuring costs		104	-	(104)	-		-
Totals	\$	104	\$ 2,277	\$ (1,547)	\$ -	\$	834
	De	ecember 31,				Se	eptember 30,
		2014	Charges	Cash	Non-cash		2015
2015 restructuring costs	\$	-	\$ 1,193	\$ (289)	\$ (653)	\$	251
N . 10 D	1 .	· ·					

Note 12. Business Combinations

Consideration paid by the Company for each business it purchased is allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired based upon their estimated fair values as of the date of each acquisition. The excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill.

Zohydro ER Acquisition

On April 24, 2015, Pernix completed the acquisition of the pharmaceutical product line, Zohydro ER, including an abuse-deterrent pipeline and all related intellectual property, a favorable supplier contract and an associated liability payable, and a specified quantity of inventory associated therewith, from Zogenix, Inc. ("Zogenix"). There were no other tangible or intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed related to the Zohydro ER product line from Zogenix. The total purchase price consisted of an upfront cash payment of \$80.0 million including a deposit of \$10.0 million in an escrow fund, stock consideration of \$11.9 million issued in common stock of Pernix, \$927,000 for a specified quantity of inventory, and regulatory and commercial milestones of up to \$283.5 million including a \$12.5 million milestone payment upon approval of a ZX007 abuse-deterrent extended-release hydrocodone tablet and up to \$271.0 million in potential sales milestones if the Zohydro ER product line achieves certain agreed-upon net sales targets.

The Zohydro ER product line acquisition was accounted for as a business combination in accordance with ASC 805 *Business Combinations* ("ASC 805"). The Company finalized the purchase price allocation in the quarter ended June 30, 2016 and recorded the measurement period adjustments in accordance with ASU 2015-16. The results of operations of the acquired Zohydro ER product line, along with the estimated fair values of the net assets acquired, have been included in the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements since the Company acquired Zohydro ER on April 24, 2015.

Treximet Acquisition

On August 20, 2014, the Company, through a wholly owned subsidiary PIL, formerly known as Worrigan Limited, completed the acquisition of the U.S. intellectual property rights to the pharmaceutical product, Treximet, from GSK. There were no other tangible or intangible assets acquired or liabilities assumed related to Treximet intellectual property from GSK. The total purchase price consisted of an upfront cash payment of \$250.0 million and \$1.95 million paid to GSK upon receipt of an updated Written Request for pediatric exclusivity from the FDA. The Company funded this acquisition with \$220.0 million in debt, plus approximately \$32.0 million from available cash.

The Treximet acquisition was accounted for as a business combination in accordance with ASC 805. The Company finalized the purchase price allocation in the quarter ended September 30, 2015 and recorded the measurement period adjustments in accordance with ASU 2015-16.

Note 13. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		2016		2015	
Supplemental disclosures of Cash Flow Information:					
Cash (received) paid for income taxes, net	\$	(3,482)	\$	140	
Cash paid for interest		27,294		27,736	
Supplemental disclosures of Non-cash Investing and Financing Activities:					
Conversion of 8.00% Convertible Notes		-		60,172	
Issuance of 168,209 shares to Zogenix for Zohydro ER acquisition		-		11,926	

Note 14. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2016-15, *Statement of Cash Flows* (*Topic 230*) ("ASU 2016-15") which provides updated guidance on eight classification issues related to the statement of cash flows: debt prepayments and extinguishment costs, settlement of zero-'coupon bonds, contingent consideration payments made after a business combination, proceeds from the settlement of insurance claims, proceeds from the settlement of corporate-owned life insurance policies, distributions received from equity method investees, beneficial interests in securitization transactions and separately identifiable cash flows and application of the predominance principle. ASU 2016-15 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. If an entity early adopts the amendments in an interim period, any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year that includes that interim period. An entity that elects early adoption must adopt all of the amendments in the same period. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of adopting ASU 2016-15 on its financial statements and related disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, *Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting*, ("ASU 2016-09"). ASU 2016-09 simplifies several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities and classification on the statement of cash flows. This ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of adopting ASU 2016-09 on its financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases* ("ASU 2016-02"). ASU 2016-02 supersedes the lease guidance under FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 840, *Leases*, resulting in the creation of FASB ASC Topic 842, *Leases*. ASU 2016-02 requires a lessee to recognize in the statement of financial position a liability to make lease payments and a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term for both finance and operating leases. This ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of adopting ASU 2016-02 on its financial statements and related disclosures.

In January 2016, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments-Overall (Subtopic 825-10): *Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* ("ASU 2016-01"). The accounting standard primarily affects the accounting for equity investments, financial liabilities under the fair value option, and the presentation and disclosure requirements for financial instruments. In addition, it includes a clarification related to the valuation allowance assessment when recognizing deferred tax assets resulting from unrealized losses on available-for-sale debt securities. The accounting guidance is effective for annual reporting periods (including interim periods within those periods) beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted for the provision to record fair value changes for financial liabilities under the fair value option resulting from instrument-specific credit risk in other comprehensive income. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In July 2015, the FASB issued, ASU 2015-11, Inventory (Topic 330): Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory which requires that inventory within the scope of the guidance be measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Prior to the issuance of the standard, inventory was measured at the lower of cost or market (where market was defined as replacement cost, with a ceiling of net realizable value and floor of net realizable value less a normal profit margin). The accounting guidance is effective for annual reporting periods (including interim periods within those periods) beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-15, "Presentation of Financial Statements - Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40)." This ASU defines management's responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an organization's ability to continue as a going concern and provides guidance on required financial statement footnote disclosures. This ASU is effective for annual periods ending after December 15, 2016. The Company will adopt this ASU as of December 31, 2016 and use its guidance when evaluating whether there is substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASU 2014-09"). ASU 2014-09 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements of FASB ASC Topic 605, Revenue Recognition and most industry-specific guidance throughout the ASC, resulting in the creation of FASB ASC Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. ASU 2014-09 requires entities to recognize revenue in a way that depicts the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. This ASU provides alternative methods of adoption. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, Deferral of the Effective Date ("ASU 2015-14"). ASU 2015-14 defers the effective date of ASU 2014-09 by one year to December 15, 2017 for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after that date and permits early adoption of the standard, but not before the original effective date for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016. In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-08, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net) ("ASU 2016-08") clarifying the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations. Specifically, an entity is required to determine whether the nature of a promise is to provide the specified good or service itself (that is, the entity is a principal) or to arrange for the good or service to be provided to the customer by the other party (that is, the entity is an agent). The determination influences the timing and amount of revenue recognition. In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-10, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing, clarifying the implementation guidance on identifying performance obligations and licensing. Specifically, the amendments reduce the cost and complexity of identifying promised goods or services and improves the guidance for determining whether promises are separately identifiable. The amendments also provide implementation guidance on determining whether an entity's promise to grant a license provides a customer with either a right to use the entity's intellectual property (which is satisfied at a point in time) or a right to access the entity's intellectual property (which is satisfied over time). The effective date and transition requirements for ASU 2016-08 and ASU 2016-10 are the same as the effective date and transition requirements for ASU 2014-09. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of adopting ASU 2014-09, ASU 2016-08 and ASU 2016-10 on its financial statements and related disclosures.

There were no other recent accounting pronouncements that have not yet been adopted by the Company that are expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes included in "Part I-Item 1. Financial Statements" of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015. Some of the information contained in this discussion and analysis or set forth elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including information with respect to our plans and strategy for our business and related financing, includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, those set forth under "Part I-Item1A. Risk Factors" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 and "Part II-Item1A. Risk Factors" of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016.

The discussion below contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. For this purpose, any statements contained herein, other than statements of current or historical fact, including statements regarding our current expectations of our future growth, results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, performance and business prospects, and opportunities and any other statements about management's future expectations, beliefs, goals, plans or prospects, constitute forward-looking statements. We have tried to identify forward-looking statements by using words such as "anticipate," "believe," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "plan," "project," "should," "target," "will," "would" or other words that convey uncertainty of future events or outcomes to identify these forward-looking statements. Among the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements are risks and uncertainties inherent in our business including, without limitation: our ability to successfully complete a refinancing or restructuring of our existing debt, the rate and degree of market acceptance of, and our ability and our distribution and marketing partners' ability to obtain reimbursement for, any approved products; our ability to successfully execute our sales and marketing strategy, including to continue to successfully recruit and retain sales and marketing personnel in the U.S.; our ability to obtain additional financing; our ability to maintain regulatory approvals for our products; the accuracy of our estimates regarding expenses, future revenues and capital requirements; our ability to manage our anticipated future growth; the ability of our products to compete with generic products as well as new products that may be developed by our competitors; our ability and our distribution and marketing partners' ability to comply with regulatory requirements regarding the sales, marketing and manufacturing of our products; the performance of our manufacturers, over which we have limited control; our ability to obtain and maintain intellectual property protection for our products; our ability to operate our business without infringing the intellectual property rights of others; the success and timing of our clinical development efforts; the loss of key scientific or management personnel; regulatory developments in the U.S. and foreign countries; our ability to either acquire or develop and commercialize other product candidates in addition to our current products and other risks detailed above in "Part I-Item 1A. Risk Factors" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 and "Part II-Item1A. Risk Factors" of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in our forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, events, levels of activity, performance or achievement. In addition, any forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q represent our views only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and should not be relied upon as representing our views as of any subsequent date. We anticipate that subsequent events and developments may cause our views to change. However, while we may elect to update these forward-looking statements publicly at some point in the future, we specifically disclaim any obligation to do so unless required by law, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Our forward-looking statements do not reflect the potential impact of any acquisitions, mergers, dispositions, business development transactions, joint ventures or investments we may enter into or make in the future.

Overview

We are a specialty pharmaceutical company focused on improving patients' lives by identifying, developing and commercializing differentiated products that address unmet medical needs. Our strategy is to continue to create shareholder value by:

- Growing sales of the existing products in our portfolio in various ways, including identifying new growth opportunities;
- Acquiring additional marketed specialty products or products close to regulatory approval to leverage our existing expertise and infrastructure; and
- Pursuing targeted development of a pipeline of post-discovery specialty product candidates.

We target underserved segments, such as central nervous system (CNS) indications, including neurology, pain and psychiatry, as well as other specialty therapeutic areas. We promote our core branded products to physicians through our sales force. We promote our non-core branded products through co-promotion arrangements with established third-party sales organizations, and we market our generic products through our wholly owned subsidiaries, Macoven and Cypress.

Our branded products include Treximet, a medication indicated for the acute treatment of migraine attacks, with or without aura, in adults, Zohydro ER® with BeadTek, an extended-release opioid agonist indicated for the management of pain, Silenor, a non-controlled substance and approved medication indicated for the treatment of insomnia characterized by difficulty with sleep maintenance.

Product Update

Treximet

On August 11, 2016, we announced that we are discontinuing the development of a new formulation of Treximet that we had intended to launch prior to generic entry in early 2018. We recently experienced a delay related to the manufacturing of our proposed new formulation, and based on the revised development timeline, we do not believe the required spending on this program can achieve an acceptable return on investment. While we expect to realize near-term cost savings, we still believe that Treximet and our authorized generic will be important components of our product portfolio.

Zohydro ER with BeadTek

We inherited a development program for Zohydro ER with BeadTek as part of the acquisition of Zohydro ER in 2015. Several key studies designed to highlight some of the abuse-deterrent characteristics of Zohydro ER with BeadTek have been completed.

The first study was a Category 1 study to evaluate Zohydro ER with BeadTek for susceptibility to physical manipulation and chemical extraction of hydrocodone compared to the original formulation of Zohydro ER. The study demonstrated that injection by needles and syringes of various sizes is deterred in Zohydro ER with BeadTek, and that Zohydro ER with BeadTek deters abuse via common means such as crushing, grinding, and dissolving in commonly available and other aqueous and non-aqueous solvents. Further, all formulations studied were seen to decompose when heated, indicating abuse by inhalation of vapor will not be effective.

In a separate, Category 3 intranasal Human Abuse Liability study, we assessed the abuse potential of crushed Zohydro ER with BeadTek capsules administered intranasally to nondependent, recreational opioid users with intranasal experience. The primary objective of the study was to assess the abuse potential of crushed Zohydro ER with BeadTek compared to the original formulation of Zohydro ER, with secondary objectives comparing Zohydro ER with BeadTek and the original formulation to hydrocodone API and placebo. The study demonstrated a statistically significant reduction in Drug Liking for Zohydro ER with BeadTek compared to the original formulation, thus

meeting the primary objective of the study. However, the difference in Drug Liking compared to hydrocodone API was not statistically significant and the secondary endpoints did not demonstrate statistical significance.

While these results support some of the abuse-deterrent properties of Zohydro ER with BeadTek, most notably the potential to deter intravenous abuse, we believe an opportunity exists to strengthen the properties of the product. As a result, we have prioritized the development of a next generation version of Zohydro ER with enhanced abuse-deterrent characteristics. The recent strengthening of our intellectual property portfolio for Zohydro ER through 2033 has allowed us to consider several options for our next generation product with enhanced abuse deterrent properties.

See Part I, Item 1 - Business included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 for additional information regarding our products and product candidates.

Quarterly Update

- On July 7, 2016, we announced a restructuring of our sales force and operations. The reorganization plan included (1) a reduction of 54 sales positions, primarily from our Neurology sales team; (2) prioritization and reorganization of sales territories to reduce the inefficient time that sales representatives spent driving long distances between customers; (3) improvement of our compensation plan to incentivize the field sales staff to increase the frequency of calls on the focused targets; and (4) consolidation of the Neurology and Pain sales forces under one sales management structure to eliminate redundancies. In addition, as part of this initiative, we reduced our administrative staff by 6 employees.
- On July 26, 2016, we announced a reorganization of our senior management team intended to improve our efficiency, drive profitability and position the Company for future growth. As part of the management change, John Sedor assumed the role of Chief Executive Officer on a permanent basis and pharmaceutical industry veteran, Dr. Graham Miao, who previously served as a senior advisor to Pernix's Board of Directors since May, was appointed as President and Chief Financial Officer. Dr. Miao reports directly to Mr. Sedor and has responsibility for all functions related to finance, operations, regulatory and scientific affairs. In addition, Sanjay Patel, Chief Financial Officer, Terence Novak, Chief Operating Officer, and Barry Siegel, Senior Vice President and General Counsel are no longer employed by Pernix.
- On August 11, 2016, we announced the commencement of a formal process to pursue alternatives to improve financial flexibility, and we have retained advisors to explore options to restructure our debt and assess other potential alternatives in order to maximize value for all stakeholders. We are currently negotiating with a group of note holders of the Treximet Secured Notes and a group of note holders of the 4.25% Convertible Notes. We are proposing an exchange of both the Treximet Secured Notes and the 4.25% Convertible Notes into a package of new securities, including debt securities, preferred equity securities, common stock and warrants to purchase common stock.
- On October 13, 2016, we filed Articles of Amendment to our charter, with the State Department of Assessments and Taxation of Maryland to effect a one-for-ten reverse stock split of the outstanding shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share. The purpose of the Reverse Stock Split was to raise the per share trading price of our common stock to regain compliance with the minimum \$1.00 continued listing requirement for the listing of our common stock on The NASDAQ Global Market. As of the date of this Report, we have regained compliance with NASDAQ Listing Rule 5450(a)(1).
- On November 1, 2016, we made the decision that we would not be exercising our option to obtain an exclusive, royalty-bearing license to the Altus Technology and the Altus Product Technology, as defined in the Development and Option Agreement dated November 1, 2013 between Zogenix, Inc. and Altus Formulation, Inc. The decision was made based on a careful evaluation of the Development and Option Agreement and the potential alternative technologies available to Pernix. We remain committed to continuing to improve the abuse-deterrent properties of Zohydro ER by investing in innovative technologies for future development of the product, including a reformulation of Zohydro ER with BeadTek and/or the license, development and commercialization of other abuse-deterrent technologies.

- On November 3, 2016, we entered into employment agreements with each of John A. Sedor, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Dr. Miao, the Company's President and Chief Financial Officer.
- On November 4, 2016, our Board of Directors increased its size to 5 members and appointed Graham Miao and Dennis Langer as members of the Board of the Directors. In addition, the Board of Directors appointed Dr. Langer to Compensation Committee as chairman and the Audit and Nominating Committees as a member. We are now in compliance with the "three independent member audit committee" requirement of The NASDAQ Stock Market Listing Rule 5605(c)(2)(A).

Controlled Equity Offering

On November 7, 2014, we entered into a controlled equity offering sales agreement (the "Sales Agreement") with Cantor Fitzgerald & Co. ("Cantor") pursuant to which we could issue and sell shares of our common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$100,000,000 from time to time through Cantor, acting as agent. We will pay Cantor a commission rate of 3.0% of the gross sales price per share of the common stock sold through Cantor as agent under the Sales Agreement.

During the three months ended September 30, 2016, we sold 984,148 shares of common stock under the Sales Agreement, pursuant to an effective registration statement on Form S-3 (No. 333-200005), at an average price of approximately \$6.56 per share, for gross proceeds of \$6.5 million and net proceeds of \$6.2 million, after deducting Cantor's commission. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, we sold 3,376,284 shares of common stock under the Sales Agreement, pursuant to an effective registration statement on Form S-3 (No. 333-200005), at an average price of approximately \$5.59 per share, for gross proceeds of \$18.9 million and net proceeds of \$18.3 million, after deducting Cantor's commission. As of September 30, 2016, approximately \$81.1 million of common stock remained available to be sold under this facility.

Results of Operations

Comparison of Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 and 2015

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30, Increase /							
		2016		2015		(Decrease)	Percent	
Net revenues	\$	41,468	\$	48,615	\$	(7,147)	-15%	
Costs and operating expenses:								
Cost of product sales		10,840		12,036		(1,196)	-10%	
Selling, general and administrative expense		22,173		27,419		(5,246)	-19%	
Research and development expense		1,712		3,180		(1,468)	-46%	
Depreciation and amortization expense		20,700		25,733		(5,033)	-20%	
Change in fair value of contingent consideration		516		(3,596)		4,112	*	
Loss from disposal and impairments of assets		652		-		652	*	
Restructuring costs		2,277		(4)		2,281	*	
Other income (expense):								
Interest income		-		43		(43)	*	
Interest expense		(8,857)		(9,687)		(830)	-9%	
Change in fair value of derivative liability		(209)		10,527		(10,736)	*	
Foreign currency transaction gain		31		-		31	*	
Loss on extinguishment of debt		-		(1,112)		(1,112)	*	
Income tax expense (benefit)		1		(5,642)		(5,643)	*	

^{*} Comparison to prior period is not meaningful.

Net Revenues

Net revenues consist of net product sales and revenue from co-promotion and other revenue sharing arrangements. We recognize product sales net of estimated allowances for product returns, price adjustments (customer rebates, managed care rebates, service fees, chargebacks, coupons and other discounts), government program rebates (Medicaid, Medicare and other government sponsored programs) and prompt pay discounts. The primary factors that determine our net product sales are the level of demand for our products, unit sales prices, the applicable federal and supplemental government program rebates, contracted rebates, services fees, and chargebacks and other discounts that we may offer such as consumer coupon programs. In addition to our own product portfolio, we have entered into co-promotion agreements and other revenue sharing arrangements with various parties in return for a percentage of revenue on sales we generate or on sales they generate.

The following table sets forth a summary of our net revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands):

		Three Mo	onths	Ended			
	September 30, Increase /				Increase /		
		2016		2015		(Decrease)	Percent
Treximet	\$	24,015	\$	28,571	\$	(4,556)	-16%
Silenor		4,615		5,149		(534)	-10%
Zohydro ER		6,100		5,363		737	14%
Other		6,667		8,546		(1,879)	-22%
Net product sales		41,397		47,629		(6,232)	-13%
Co-promotion and other revenue		71		986		(915)	-93%
Total net revenues	\$	41,468	\$	48,615	\$	(7,147)	-15%

Net revenues decreased \$7.1 million or 15% during the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015.

Treximet net sales decreased by \$4.6 million or 16% during the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015 due primarily to \$3.9 million of inventory changes at the wholesaler level and a decrease in the net selling price of Treximet and other factors.

Silenor net sales decreased by \$534,000, or 10%, during the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease in net sales of Silenor was primarily driven by a lower net selling price.

Zohydro ER was acquired in April 2015 with the first sale occurring on May 4, 2015. Zohydro ER net sales increased by \$737,000 or 14% during the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015. The increase was primarily due to a \$705,000 increase in demand, a \$809,000 increase in the net selling price, which were partially offset by a \$776,000 decrease due to inventory changes at the wholesaler level.

Net product sales - other decreased by \$1.9 million, or 22%, during the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015. Declining net product sales - other was due to (i) the discontinuation of certain less profitable products, primarily generics, and certain OTC monograph seasonal cough and cold products and (ii) the termination of certain contracts pursuant to which we marketed and distributed products for others and invoiced those sales.

Co-promotion and other revenue decreased by \$915,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease in co-promotion and other revenue was primarily attributable to the termination of the co-promotion agreement on Omeclamox.

Cost of Product Sales

Cost of product sales decreased by \$1.2 million, or 10%, during the three months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease in cost of product sales is primarily due to lower royalty expenses based on decreased net sales.

Selling, General and Administrative Expense

Selling, general and administrative expense decreased by \$5.2 million, or 19%, during the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease was driven primarily by lower selling and marketing costs for Treximet and Silenor, partially offset by higher legal expenses.

Research and Development Expense

Research and development expense decreased by \$1.5 million during the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease was related to the timing of work for Zohydro ER.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased by \$5.0 million during the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease was primarily a result of an extension of the estimated useful life of Zohydro ER with BeadTek during the three months ended March 31, 2016 due to the additional patents that were issued in February 2016 and intangible asset impairments during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and the fourth quarter of 2015.

Change in Fair Value of Contingent Consideration

For the acquisition of Zohydro ER, we recorded \$14.2 million of contingent consideration. The fair value of the contingent consideration linked to FDA approval was \$2.7 million and the fair value of the contingent consideration linked to achievement of the net sales target was \$11.5 million. As of September 30, 2016, the current fair value of the contingent consideration is approximately \$5.1 million. We recorded an expense of \$516,000 and a benefit of \$3.6 million as change in fair value of contingent consideration in the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Restructuring Costs

Restructuring costs were \$2.3 million and a credit of \$4,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Restructuring costs during the three months ended September 30, 2016 were related to the initiative to restructure our sales force and operations as discussed above.

Interest Expense

Interest expense decreased by \$830,000, or 9%, during the three months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease was primarily due to the lower principal balance on the Treximet Secured Notes which reduced interest expense by \$657,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Change in Fair Value of Derivative Liability

We are required to separate the conversion option in the 4.25% Convertible Notes under ASC 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*. We recorded the bifurcated conversion option valued at \$28.5 million at issuance, as a derivative liability, which creates additional discount on the debt. The derivative liability is marked to market through the other income (expense) section on the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations for each reporting period. We recorded an expense of \$209,000 and a benefit of \$10.5 million as change in fair value of derivative liability in other income (expense) in the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Loss on extinguishment of debt

During the three months ended September 30, 2015, we terminated the MidCap Credit Facility and recorded a \$1.1 million loss on extinguishment of debt for the deferred financing costs that had been capitalized at the time of acquisition of this debt in other expense, net.

Income Tax Expense (Benefit)

We recognized an income tax expense of \$1,000 and a benefit of \$5.6 million, during the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The change in tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2016 was primarily related to a change in our judgment that, based on the evaluation of all available evidence, our deferred tax assets are not more likely than not realizable, which resulted in a valuation allowance recorded against our deferred tax assets.

Comparison of Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 and 2015

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands):

	Nine Mo Septe		Increase /	
	2016	2015	(Decrease)	Percent
Net revenues	\$ 110,683	\$ 129,481	\$ (18,798)	-15%
Costs and operating expenses:				
Cost of product sales	34,272	36,906	(2,634)	-7%
Selling, general and administrative expense	73,615	73,262	353	*
Research and development expense	5,139	5,644	(505)	-9%
Depreciation and amortization expense	65,426	66,492	(1,066)	-2%
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	(8,958)	(3,596)	(5,362)	*
Loss from disposal and impairments of assets	2,423	-	2,423	*
Restructuring costs	2,277	1,193	1,084	91%
Other income (expense):				
Interest income	-	153	(153)	*
Interest expense	(26,818)	(28,818)	(2,000)	-7%
Change in fair value of derivative liability	6,744	19,230	(12,486)	-65%
Foreign currency transaction gain	98	-	98	*
Loss on extinguishment of debt	-	(1,112)	(1,112)	*
Cost of inducement	-	(19,500)	(19,500)	*
Income tax expense (benefit)	26	(13,818)	(13,844)	*

^{*} Comparison to prior period is not meaningful.

Net Revenues

The following table sets forth a summary of our net revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands):

		Nine Mo	nths E	Ended			
	September 30, Increase /					Increase /	
		2016		2015		(Decrease)	Percent
Treximet	\$	58,149	\$	74,997	\$	(16,848)	-22%
Silenor		12,388		16,177		(3,789)	-23%
Zohydro ER		17,448		9,329		8,119	87%
Other		22,396		27,462		(5,066)	-18%
Net product sales		110,381		127,965		(17,584)	-14%
Co-promotion and other revenue		302		1,516		(1,214)	-80%
Total net revenues	\$	110,683	\$	129,481	\$	(18,798)	-15%

Net revenues decreased \$18.8 million or 15% during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Treximet net sales decreased by \$16.8 million or 22% during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015 due to \$8.3 million of inventory changes at the wholesaler level and \$4.3 million decrease in demand and a \$4.2 million decrease in the net selling price.

Silenor net sales decreased by \$3.8 million, or 23%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease in sales of Silenor was primarily driven by a \$2.5 million decrease in the net selling price and \$1.8 million of inventory changes at the wholesaler level. These decreases were partially offset by a \$473,000 increase in demand.

Zohydro ER was acquired in April 2015 with the first sale occurring on May 4, 2015. Zohydro ER net sales increased by \$8.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the prior period which consisted of five months of sales.

Net product sales - other decreased by \$5.1 million, or 18%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015. Declining net product sales - other was due to (i) the discontinuation of certain less profitable products, primarily generics, and certain OTC monograph seasonal cough and cold products and (ii) the termination of certain contracts pursuant to which we marketed and distributed products for others and invoiced those sales.

Co-promotion and other revenue decreased by \$1.2 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease in co-promotion and other revenue was primarily attributable to the termination of the co-promotion agreement on Omeclamox.

Cost of Product Sales

Cost of product sales decreased by \$2.6 million, or 7%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2016, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease in cost of product sales is primarily due to lower royalty expenses based on decreased net sales.

Selling, General and Administrative Expense

Selling, general and administrative expense increased by \$353,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The increase was driven primarily by selling and marketing costs for Zohydro ER with BeadTek, which was acquired in April 2015 and we began to promote in May 2015.

Research and Development Expense

Research and development expense decreased by \$505,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease was related to the timing of work for Zohydro ER.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased by \$1.1 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease was primarily related to intangible asset impairments during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and the fourth quarter of 2015. These decreases were partially offset by the amortization of Treximet pediatrics developed technology which began in May 2015.

Change in Fair Value of Contingent Consideration

For the acquisition of Zohydro ER, we recorded \$14.2 million of contingent consideration. The fair value of the contingent consideration linked to FDA approval was \$2.7 million and the fair value of the contingent consideration linked to achievement of the net sales target was \$11.5 million. As of September 30, 2016, the current fair value of the contingent consideration is approximately \$5.1 million. We recorded a benefit of \$9.0 million and \$3.6 million as change in fair value of contingent consideration in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Restructuring Costs

Restructuring costs were \$2.3 million and \$1.2 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Restructuring costs during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 were related to the initiative to restructure our sales force and operations as discussed above. Restructuring costs during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 were related to the initiative to restructure operations and shut down the Charleston, South Carolina site in 2015.

Interest Expense

Interest expense decreased by \$2.0 million, or 7%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The decrease was primarily due to the lower principal balance on the Treximet Secured Notes.

Change in Fair Value of Derivative Liability

We are required to separate the conversion option in the 4.25% Convertible Notes under ASC 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*. We recorded the bifurcated conversion option valued at \$28.5 million at issuance, as a derivative liability, which creates additional discount on the debt. The derivative liability is marked to market through the other income (expense) section on the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations for each reporting period. We recorded benefits of \$6.7 million and \$19.2 million as change in fair value of derivative liability in other income (expense) in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Loss on extinguishment of debt

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we terminated the MidCap Credit Facility and recorded a \$1.1 million loss on extinguishment of debt for the deferred financing costs that had been capitalized at the time of acquisition of this debt in other expense, net.

Cost of Inducement

In April 2015, we entered into the "Inducement Agreement" with all of the holders of our 8.00% Convertible Notes, pursuant to which such holders agreed to the removal of substantially all of the material restrictive covenants in the indenture governing such notes and to convert such notes in accordance with the provisions of such indenture in exchange for an aggregate of 233,813 shares of our common stock. The Company recorded \$19.5 million as cost of inducement expense in the nine months ended September 30, 2015. For further discussion, see Note 7, *Debt*, to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Income Tax (Benefit) Expense

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, we recognized an income tax expense of \$26,000. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we recognized an income tax benefit of \$13.8 million. The change in tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was primarily related to a change in our judgment that, based on the evaluation of all available evidence, our deferred tax assets are not more likely than not realizable, which resulted in a valuation allowance recorded against our deferred tax assets.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

To supplement our financial results determined by GAAP, we have also disclosed in the tables below the following non-GAAP information: (a) adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") and (b) adjusted EBITDA per basic and diluted common share. This financial measure excludes the impact of certain items and, therefore, has not been calculated in accordance with GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures exclude, among other things, depreciation and amortization, net interest, taxes, net revenue adjustments, deal expenses, share-based compensation expense, amortization of inventory step-up included in cost of product sales, severance expenses and restructuring costs (comprehensively "Adjustment Items"). In addition, from time to time in the future there may be other items that we may exclude for the purposes of our non-GAAP financial measures; likewise, we may in the future cease to exclude items that we have historically excluded for the purpose of our non-GAAP financial measures. We believe that these non-GAAP financial measures provide meaningful supplemental information regarding our operating results because they exclude amounts that management and the board of directors do not consider part of core operating results or that are non-recurring when assessing the performance of the organization. We believe that inclusion of these non-GAAP financial measures provides consistency and comparability with past reports of financial results and provides consistency in calculations by outside analysts reviewing our results. Accordingly, we believe these non-GAAP financial measures are useful to investors in allowing for greater transparency of supplemental information used by management.

We believe that non-GAAP financial measures are helpful in understanding our past financial performance and potential future results, but there are limitations associated with the use of these non-GAAP financial measures. These non-GAAP financial measures are not prepared in accordance with GAAP, do not reflect a comprehensive system of accounting and may not be completely comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies due to potential differences in the exact method of calculation between companies. Adjustment items that are excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures can have a material impact on net earnings. As a result, these non-GAAP financial measures have limitations and should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, net loss, cash flow from operations or other measures of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. We compensate for these limitations by using these non-GAAP financial measures as supplements to GAAP financial measures and by

reconciling the non-GAAP financial measures to their most comparable GAAP financial measure. Investors are encouraged to review the reconciliations of the non-GAAP financial measures to their most comparable GAAP financial measures that are included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Reconciliation of GAAP reported net loss to adjusted EBITDA are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2016		2015		2016		2015	
GAAP net loss	\$	(26,438)	\$	(10,740)	\$	(83,513)	\$	(66,649)	
Adjustments:									
Interest expense, net		8,857		9,644		26,818		28,665	
Depreciation and amortization		20,730		25,733		65,475		66,492	
Income tax expense (benefit)		1		(5,642)		26		(13,818)	
EBITDA		3,150		18,995		8,806		14,690	
Net revenue adjustments (1)		-		644		-		(2,339)	
Cost of product sales adjustments (2)		-		-		-		97	
Selling, general and administrative adjustments									
(3)		1,606		1,548		4,766		9,282	
Research and development adjustments		-		500		-		500	
Change in fair value of contingent consideration		516		(3,596)		(8,958)		(3,596)	
Loss from disposal and impairments of assets (4)		652		-		2,423		-	
Loss on extinguishment of debt		-		1,112		-		1,112	
Cost of inducement		-		-		-		19,500	
Change in fair value of derivative liability		209		(10,527)		(6,744)		(19,230)	
Foreign currency transaction gain		(31)		-		(98)		-	
Restructuring costs (5)		2,277		(4)		2,277		1,193	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	8,379	\$	8,672	\$	2,472	\$	21,209	

- (1) To include impact of change in estimates related to gross to net accruals of \$0 and \$644,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Also, to include impact of change in estimates related to gross to net accruals of \$0 and \$2.6 million and to exclude impact on returns from FDA reclass of Hydrocodone products from C3 to C2 classification of \$0 and \$303,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- (2) To exclude amortization of inventory step-up from acquisitions.
- (3) To exclude deal costs of \$0 and \$186,000; stock compensation expense of \$(159,000) and \$1.3 million; severance expense of \$431,000 and \$0; loss on disposal of assets of \$0 and \$19,000; and litigation settlement expenses of \$1.3 million and \$0 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Also, to exclude deal costs of \$18,000 and \$4.1 million; stock compensation expense of \$2.1 million and \$3.8 million; severance expense of \$1.6 million and \$0; litigation settlement expenses of \$1.0 million and \$1.4 million and loss on disposal of assets of \$0 and \$19,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- (4) To exclude the impairment of assets primarily related to our cough and cold product line.
- (5) To exclude the cost related to the initiative to restructure our sales force and operations in 2016 and the restructure of our operations and shut down of the Charleston, South Carolina site in 2015.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of September 30, 2016, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$28.5 million, borrowing availability of \$11.4 million under our \$50.0 million credit agreement, which may be increased by an additional \$20.0 million in the lenders' discretion. Our debt included \$189.6 million aggregate principal amount of our 12.0% Treximet Secured Notes issued August 19, 2014 and due August 1, 2020 ("Treximet Secured Notes"), \$14.0 million under our senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Wells Fargo Credit Facility") and \$130.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 4.25% Convertible Notes, issued April 22, 2015 and due April 1, 2021, ("4.25% Convertible Notes") unless earlier converted.

We have an effective shelf registration statement on Form S-3, which covers the offering, issuance and sale of up to \$300.0 million of our common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, warrants, subscription rights and units. The shelf registration statement includes a sales agreement prospectus covering the offering, issuance and sale of up to one hundred million dollars' worth of shares of our common stock that may be issued and sold under the Controlled Equity Offering Sales Agreement, dated November 7, 2014, between us and Cantor Fitzgerald & Co. as agent. We have sold 984,148 and 3,376,284 shares of common stock under this controlled equity program for net proceeds of \$6.2 million and \$18.3 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016. This program will provide us with financial flexibility and the ability to opportunistically access the capital markets.

Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including:

- the level of product sales of our currently marketed products and any additional products that we may market in the future;
- the extent to which we acquire or invest in products, businesses and technologies;
- the level of inventory purchase commitments under supply, manufacturing, license and/or co-promotion agreements;
- the scope, progress, results and costs of development activities for our current product candidates;
- the costs, timing and outcome of regulatory review of our product candidates;
- the number of, and development requirements for, additional product candidates that we pursue;
- the costs of commercialization activities, including product marketing, sales and distribution;
- the costs and timing of establishing manufacturing and supply arrangements for clinical and commercial supplies of our product candidates and products;
- the extent to which we choose to establish collaboration, co-promotion, distribution or other similar arrangements for our marketed products and product candidates;
- the costs of and any judgments resulting from legal proceedings; and
- the costs of preparing, filing and prosecuting patent applications and maintaining, enforcing and defending claims related to intellectual property owned by or licensed to us.

On each Payment Date, which commenced on August 1, 2015, the Company will pay an installment of principal on the Treximet Secured Notes in an amount equal to 50% of net sales of Treximet for the two consecutive fiscal quarters immediately preceding such Payment Date (less the amount of interest paid on the Treximet Secured Notes on such Payment Date). At each month-end beginning with January 2015, the net sales of Treximet will be calculated, and the monthly interest accrual amount will then be deducted from the net sales and this resulting amount will be recorded as the current portion of the Treximet Secured Notes. If the Treximet net sales less the interest due at each month-end of each six-month period does not result in any excess over the interest due, no principal payment will be paid at that time. The balance outstanding on the Treximet Secured Notes will be due on the maturity date of the Treximet Secured Notes, which is August 1, 2020. Based on the calculation of the principal payments as described, the Company has recorded \$189.0 million of Treximet Secured Notes as long-term debt and \$633,000 as short-term debt as of September 30, 2016.

As of September 30, 2016, we believe that our existing cash balance, our ability to opportunistically access the capital markets and funds remaining available under our Wells Fargo Credit Facility, which may be increased by an additional \$20.0 million in the lenders' discretion will be sufficient to fund our operations through the next year.

To continue to grow our business over the longer term, we may need to commit additional resources to one or more of the following: product acquisition, product development and clinical trials of product candidates, business acquisition, technology acquisition and expansion of other operations. In this regard, we have evaluated and expect to continue to evaluate a wide array of strategic transactions as part of our strategy to acquire or in-license and develop additional products and product candidates. To improve financial flexibility, we have retained advisors to explore options to restructure our debt and assess other potential alternatives in order to maximize value for all stakeholders. Acquisition opportunities that we pursue could materially affect our liquidity and capital resources and may require us to incur additional indebtedness, seek equity capital or both. In addition, we may pursue new operations or the expansion of our existing operations. There can be no assurance that the exploration of options will result in the identification or consummation of any transaction.

On July 7, 2016, we announced a restructuring of our sales force and operations. The reorganization plan included (1) a reduction of 54 sales positions, primarily from our Neurology sales team; (2) prioritization and reorganization of sales territories to reduce the inefficient time that sales representatives spent driving long distances between customers; (3) improvement of our compensation plan to incentivize the field sales staff to increase the frequency of calls on the focused targets; and (4) consolidation of the Neurology and Pain sales forces under one sales management structure to eliminate redundancies. In addition, as part of this initiative, we reduced our administrative staff by 6 employees. We anticipate that this reorganization will result in an estimated annualized cost savings of approximately \$10 million, which began during the third quarter of 2016. We recorded a one-time charge of \$2.3 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 in connection with this reorganization.

Cash Flows

The following table provides information regarding our cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, and 2015 (in thousands).

		Nine Mor	iths I	Ended
		Septen	30,	
Cash (used in) provided by		2016		2015
Operating activities	\$	(22,890)	\$	(10,895)
Investing activities		(1,547)		(82,356)
Financing activities		(3,177)		115,583
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(27,614)	\$	22,332
Comparison of the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 a	nd 2015			

Net cash used in operating activities

Net cash used in operating activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$22.9 million, an increase of \$12.0 million from cash used in operating activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 of \$10.9 million. The cash used in operating activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was driven by the net loss of \$83.5 million. This use was partially offset by non-cash expenses totaling \$58.8 million and net changes in operating assets/liabilities of \$1.8 million. The \$10.9 million used in operating activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was primarily driven by a net loss of \$66.6 million, net changes in operating assets/liabilities of \$5.0 million partially offset by non-cash expenses totaling \$60.7 million.

Net cash used in investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$1.5 million, which primarily consisted of purchases of fixed assets. The cash used of \$82.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was primarily due to the purchase of Zohydro ER with BeadTek.

Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities

Net cash used in financing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$3.2 million. Cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was primarily for principal payments on our Treximet Secured Notes of \$20.4 million. This use was partially offset by the issuance of 3.4 million shares under the Controlled Equity Offering Sales Agreement for \$18.3 million. Net cash provided by financing activities was \$115.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and was primarily due to the net proceeds of the issuance of the 4.25% Convertible Notes in April 2015 which were partially offset by a \$10.0 million principal payment on our Treximet Secured Notes.

We have committed to make potential future milestone payments to third parties as part of licensing, distribution, acquisition and development agreements. Payments under these agreements generally become due and payable only upon achievement of certain development, regulatory and/or commercial milestones. As the achievement of milestones is neither probable nor reasonably estimable, such contingent payments have not been recorded, except for the contingent consideration discussed in Note 12, *Business Combinations*, for the acquisition of Zohydro ER in April 2015, on our unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We maintain "disclosure controls and procedures" within the meaning of Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. Our disclosure controls and procedures, or Disclosure Controls, are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file under the Exchange Act, such as this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Our Disclosure Controls are also designed to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating our Disclosure Controls, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating and implementing possible controls and procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

As of September 30, 2016, we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, which was done under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer. Immediately following the Signatures section of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are certifications of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, which are required in accordance with Rule 13a-14 of the Exchange Act. This Controls and Procedures section includes the information concerning the controls evaluation referred to in the certifications and it should be read in conjunction with the certifications for a more complete understanding of the topics presented. Based on the controls evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that as of the date of their evaluation, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that (a) the information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and (b) such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and President and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Change in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

. There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and Rule 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during our most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Information regarding legal proceedings is incorporated by reference herein from *Legal Proceedings* under Note 10, *Commitments and Contingencies*, to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 contained in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Except for the additional disclosures set forth below, for additional information about our risk factors, see Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, filed with the SEC on March 10, 2016.

Our board of directors has authorized us to explore alternatives to refinance or restructure our existing debt, which could materially and adversely affect our business. Any refinancing or restructuring of our existing debt will be highly dilutive to our existing equity holders and certain debt holders and could adversely affect the price of our common stock.

On August 11, 2016, we announced the commencement of a formal process to pursue alternatives to refinance or restructure our existing debt, including the engagement of external financial advisors. These alternatives may include, but not be limited to, seeking a restructuring or refinancing of our existing debt through a private restructuring or reorganization under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. We believe the consummation of a successful refinancing or restructuring of our existing debt is critical to our continued viability. In connection with our exploration of alternatives to refinance or restructure our existing debt, we expect to incur expenses associated with identifying and evaluating our alternatives. The process of exploring refinancing or restructuring alternatives may be disruptive to our business operations. The inability to effectively manage the process and any resulting agreement or transaction could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations. Any refinancing or restructuring will likely be subject to a number of conditions, many of which will be outside of our control. We can make no assurances that any refinancing or restructuring that we pursue will be successful, or what the terms thereof would be or what, if anything, our existing debt and equity holders would receive in any resulting transaction, which will depend on our enterprise value, although we believe that any refinancing or restructuring would be highly dilutive to our existing equity holders and certain debt holders. In addition, we can make no assurances with respect to what the value of our debt and equity will be following the consummation of any refinancing or restructuring. The issuance and sale of substantial amounts of common stock or the announcement that such issuances and sales may occur, could adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

Failure to complete a refinancing or restructuring of our existing debt may limit our ability to fund our operations, meet our obligations and continue as a going concern.

We continue to evaluate our financial and strategic alternatives, which may include a private restructuring of our existing debt or reorganization under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. We are currently negotiating with a group of note holders of the Treximet Secured Notes and a group of note holders of the 4.25% Convertible Notes. We are proposing an exchange of both the Treximet Secured Notes and the 4.25% Convertible Notes into a package of new securities, including debt securities, preferred equity securities, common stock and warrants to purchase common stock. We, along with our advisors, are actively working toward such a transaction that would address our existing debt. If we fail to successfully complete a restructuring or refinancing of our existing debt, our indebtedness may be accelerated and we may not be able to otherwise source adequate liquidity to fund our operations, meet our obligations (including our debt payment obligations) and continue as a going concern. In such an event, we may be forced to seek relief under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (or an involuntary petition for bankruptcy relief or similar creditor action may be filed against it). We cannot provide assurance that we will be successful in completing a refinancing or

restructuring of our existing debt in a private, out-of-court transaction.

Recent changes in senior management and the reductions in workforce associated with our restructuring efforts could disrupt the operation of our business, distract our management from focusing on revenue-generating efforts, result in the erosion of employee morale, and impair our ability to respond rapidly to growth opportunities in the future.

We have experienced a number of recent changes in senior management and other key personnel, including the departure of our President and Chief Executive Officer, our Chief Financial Officer, our Chief Operating Officer, and our General Counsel. Our new Chief Executive Officer was appointed on a permanent basis in July 2016 after serving as interim Chief Executive Officer since May 2016 and our new President and Chief Financial Officer was appointed in July 2016, after serving as a senior advisor to the Board since May 2016. The recruitment and retention of a new senior management staff has created and could continue to create a number of transitional challenges for us. These transitional issues have caused, and may cause, disruptions to our business. We cannot be assured that a smooth transition of our senior management staff has occurred, or that we have taken the necessary steps to effect an orderly continuation of our operations during the transitional period. Further, the process of locating personnel with the combination of skills and attributes required to carry out our goals and integrating such personnel once they are recruited is often lengthy. We cannot be assured that the integration of our new senior management staff will occur in a timely manner, or that such integration will not present additional transitional challenges for us or adversely affect the operation of our business.

Moreover, we have implemented a number of recent restructuring plans, including the most recent restructuring activities in July 2016 that resulted in personnel reduction of approximately 23%, primarily through a reduction of sales positions. The employee reductions and changes in connection with our restructuring activities, as well as future changes in senior management and key personnel, could result in an erosion of morale, and affect the focus and productivity of our remaining employees, including those directly responsible for revenue generation and the management and administration of our finances, which in turn may adversely affect our revenue in the future or cause other administrative deficiencies. Additionally, employees directly affected by the reductions may seek future employment with our business partners, customers or competitors. We may face wrongful termination, discrimination, or other claims from employees affected by the reduction related to their employment and termination. We could incur substantial costs in defending ourselves or our employees against such claims, regardless of the merits of such actions. Furthermore, such matters could divert the attention of our employees, including management, away from our operations, harm productivity, harm our reputation and increase our expenses. We cannot assure you that our restructuring efforts will be successful, and we may need to take additional restructuring efforts, including additional personnel reduction, in the future.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6.EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.
Description
3.1*
Articles of Incorporation of Pernix Therapeutics Holdings, Inc., as amended.
3.2*
Bylaws of Pernix Therapeutics Holdings, Inc., as amended.
10.1*
Resignation and Release Agreement, dated July 26, 2016, by and between Pernix Therapeutics Holdings, Inc. and Barry Siegel.

31.1*
Certification of the Registrant's Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2*
Certification of the Registrant's Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1*
Certification of the Registrant's Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101*
Attached as Exhibit 101 to this report are the following items formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language):

(i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015;
(ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 and 2015;
(iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 and
(iv) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.
* Filed herewith.
44

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

	INC.
Date: November 10, 2016	
Ву:	
/s/ JOHN SEDOR	
John Sedor	
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer	
(Principal Executive Officer)	

Edgar Filing: PERNIX THERAPEUTICS HOLDINGS, INC. - Form 10-Q Date: November 10, 2016 By: /s/ GRAHAM MIAO Graham Miao President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

45