SEABOARD CORP /DE/ Form 10-Q August 11, 2015

incorporation or organization)

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)	
{ X }	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 19
	For the quarterly period ended July 4, 2015
	OR
{ }	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1
For the trans	sition period from to
	Commission File Number 1-3390
	Seaboard Corporation
	(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
Delaware (State or other	04-2260388 ner jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

9000 West 67th Street, Shawnee Mission, Kansas

(Address of principal executive offices)

66202 (Zip Code)

(913) 676-8800

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to b	se filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities
Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.	that the registrant was required to file such
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and pos Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of I the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was require	Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated fithe Exchange Act.	
Large Accelerated Filer [X] Non-Accelerated Filer [_] (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Accelerated Filer [_] Smaller Reporting Company [_]
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Ru	ule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No X.

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There were 1,170,550 shares of common stock, \$1.00 par value per share, outstanding on July 28, 2015.

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

SEABOARD CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(Thousands of dollars except share and per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended Six M						
	July 4,		June 28,		July 4,		June 28,
	2015		2014		2015		2014
Net sales:							
Products (includes sales to							
affiliates of \$212,464,							
\$179,031, \$424,170 and				•			
\$375,017)	\$ 1,148,164	\$	1,417,116	\$	2,325,091	\$, , -
Service revenues	251,846		224,127		500,955		436,160
Other	27,876		53,348		54,198		107,196
Total net sales	1,427,886		1,694,591		2,880,244		3,174,227
Cost of sales and operating							
expenses:							
Products	1,081,425		1,249,249		2,200,088		2,354,832
Services	224,298		202,482		443,316		396,989
Other	22,634		45,433		44,147		99,391
Total cost of sales and							
operating expenses	1,328,357		1,497,164		2,687,551		2,851,212
Gross income	99,529		197,427		192,693		323,015
Selling, general and							
administrative expenses	67,867		63,088		133,192		123,473
Operating income	31,662		134,339		59,501		199,542
Other income (expense):							
Interest expense	(3,760)		(3,856)		(8,290)		(8,676)
Interest income	2,596		1,724		5,925		8,804
Interest income from							
affiliates	7,179		6,880		14,239		13,236
Income from affiliates	12,257		8,120		23,036		15,401
Other investment income							
(loss), net	(2,736)		2,787		3,812		3,360
Foreign currency gains	,						
(losses), net	363		(2,994)		1,775		(8,687)
Miscellaneous, net	3,517		(2,393)		(910)		(2,253)
Total other income, net	19,416		10,268		39,587		21,185
Earnings before income							
taxes	51,078		144,607		99,088		220,727
Income tax expense	(18,968)		(49,851)		(33,850)		(76,885)
Net earnings	\$ 32,110	\$	94,756	\$	65,238	\$	143,842
Less: Net income							
attributable to							
noncontrolling interests	(459)		(762)		(685)		(1,045)
Net earnings attributable to	, ,		, ,		,		,
Seaboard	\$ 31,651	\$	93,994	\$	64,553	\$	142,797

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Earnings per common share	\$ 27.04		\$	79.28	\$;	55.15		\$	120.34	
			·						·		
Other comprehensive											
income (loss), net of income											
tax benefit of \$682, \$725,											
\$824 and \$10,388:											
Foreign currency translation											
adjustment		(8,836)			(2,790)			(14,794)			(29,565)
Unrealized gain (loss) on											
investments		(3)			498			674			1,024
Unrealized gain (loss) on											
cash flow hedges		-			(275)			-			86
Unrecognized pension cost		945			320			2,227			640
Other comprehensive loss,											
net of tax	\$	(7,894)			\$ (2,247)		\$	(11,893)			\$ (27,815)
Comprehensive income		24,216			92,509			53,345			116,027
Less: Comprehensive											
income attributable to											
noncontrolling interests		(451)			(765)			(754)			(1,044)
Comprehensive income											
attributable to Seaboard	\$	23,765			\$ 91,744		\$	52,591			\$ 114,983
Average number of shares											
outstanding		1,170,550			1,185,633			1,170,550			1,186,640
outstanding		1,170,550			1,100,000			1,170,550			1,100,040

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

SEABOARD CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Thousands of dollars except share and per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

		De	December 31, 2014		
	<u>Assets</u>				
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	80,093	\$	36,459	
Short-term investments		626,537		490,566	
Receivables, net of allowance		488,986		633,965	
Inventories		664,970		736,302	
Deferred income taxes		46,435		45,647	
Other current assets		124,684		110,053	
Total current assets		2,031,705		2,052,992	
Net property, plant and equipment		839,661		846,757	
Investments in and advances to affiliates		605,014		543,411	
Notes receivable from affiliates		191,778		197,270	
Other assets		70,188		51,328	
Total assets	\$	3,738,346	\$	3,691,758	
<u>Li</u>	abilities and Stockholders	<u>Equity</u>			
Current liabilities:					
Notes payable to banks	\$	103,252	\$	75,524	
Accounts payable		163,977		214,218	
Deferred revenue		66,713		51,158	
Other current liabilities		306,368		293,932	
Total current liabilities		640,310		634,832	
Deferred income taxes		76,029		95,538	
Other liabilities and deferred credits		234,108		226,677	
Total non-current liabilities		310,137		322,215	
Commitments and contingent liabilities					
Stockholders equity:					
Common stock of \$1 par value,					
Authorized 1,250,000 shares;					
issued and outstanding 1,170,550 shares		1,171		1,171	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(264,530)		(252,637)	
Retained earnings		3,046,355		2,981,802	
Total Seaboard stockholders equity		2,782,996		2,730,336	
Noncontrolling interests		4,903		4,375	
Total equity		2,787,899		2,734,711	
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$	3,738,346	\$	3,691,758	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

SEABOARD CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Thousands of dollars)

(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended				
		June 28,			
		2015		2014	
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net earnings	\$	65,238	\$	143,842	
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to cash from operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		46,126		46,057	
Gain from sale of fixed assets		(499)		(1,887)	
Deferred income taxes		(19,538)		13,362	
Pay-in-kind interest and accretion on notes receivable from affiliates		(8,765)		(7,535)	
Income from affiliates		(23,036)		(15,401)	
Dividends received from affiliates		18,326		1,823	
Other investment income, net		(3,812)		(3,360)	
Other, net		1,672		626	
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Receivables, net of allowance		145,444		69,297	
Inventories		63,569		(51,365)	
Other current assets		(14,193)		6,042	
Current liabilities, exclusive of debt		(18,973)		(5,728)	
Other, net		12,385		7,140	
Net cash from operating activities		263,944		202,913	
Cash flows from investing activities:		· ·		ŕ	
Purchase of short-term investments		(313,417)		(567,264)	
Proceeds from the sale of short-term investments		165,751		530,709	
Proceeds from the maturity of short-term investments		15,877		3,338	
Capital expenditures		(68,005)		(68,213)	
Proceeds from the sale of fixed assets		24,079		2,252	
Investments in and advances to affiliates, net		(49,831)		(1,786)	
Principal payments received on long-term notes receivable from affiliates		74		-	
Purchase of long-term investments		(22,258)		(2,333)	
Other, net		(2,897)		(70)	
Net cash from investing activities		(250,627)		(103,367)	
Cash flows from financing activities:		(, , ,		, , ,	
Notes payable to banks, net		30,757		(23,943)	
Principal payments of long-term debt		, -		(5,903)	
Repurchase of common stock		-		(53,781)	
Other, net		(226)		(18)	
Net cash from financing activities		30,531		(83,645)	
Effect of exchange rate change on cash		(214)		2,698	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		43,634		18,599	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		36,459		55,055	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	80,093	\$	73,654	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

SEABOARD CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 1 Accounting Policies and Basis of Presentation

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Seaboard Corporation and its domestic and foreign subsidiaries (Seaboard). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Seaboard s investments in non-consolidated affiliates are accounted for by the equity method. The unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements of Seaboard for the year ended December 31, 2014 as filed in its Annual Report on Form 10-K. Seaboard s first three quarterly periods include approximately 13 weekly periods ending on the Saturday closest to the end of March, June and September. Seaboard s year-end is December 31.

The accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of financial position, results of operations and cash flows. Results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for a full year. As Seaboard conducts its commodity trading business with third parties, consolidated subsidiaries and non-consolidated affiliates on an interrelated basis, gross margin on non-consolidated affiliates cannot be clearly distinguished without making numerous assumptions primarily with respect to mark-to-market accounting for commodity derivatives.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include those related to allowance for doubtful accounts, valuation of inventories, impairment of long-lived assets, potential write-down related to investments in and advances to affiliates and notes receivable from affiliates, income taxes and accrued pension liability. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Supplemental Non-Cash Transactions

Seaboard has notes receivable from affiliates which accrue pay-in-kind interest income, primarily from one affiliate as discussed in Note 9. Seaboard recognized \$4,405,000 and \$8,765,000 of non-cash, pay-in-kind interest income and accretion of discount for the three and six months ended July 4, 2015, respectively, and \$3,907,000 and \$7,535,000 for the three and six months ended June 28, 2014, respectively, related to these notes receivable.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued guidance to develop a single, comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers. This guidance requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. This guidance will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP when it becomes effective. Seaboard is currently evaluating the impact this new guidance will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. Seaboard will be required to adopt this guidance on

January 1, 2018 and it is currently anticipated that Seaboard will apply this guidance using the cumulative effect transition method.

In July 2015, the FASB issued guidance to simplify the subsequent measurement of inventory; excluding inventory measured using last-in, first out or the retail inventory method. Under the new standard, inventory should be at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The new guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016 with early adoption permitted. Seaboard is analyzing the impact of this new standard and, at this time, cannot estimate the impact of adoption on net earnings.

Change in Accounting Method

During the second quarter of 2015, Seaboard invested an additional \$10,000,000 in a business operating a 300 megawatt electricity generating facility in the Dominican Republic. This investment increased Seaboard s ownership interest to 29.9% from less than 20%. Seaboard s previous investment of \$5,910,000 was accounted for using the cost method and as a result of this additional investment, Seaboard changed its accounting method to the equity method. This change in accounting requires Seaboard to present its prior period financial results to reflect the equity method of accounting from the date of the initial investment which resulted in a \$12,691,000 adjustment to retained earnings and a corresponding increase to its investment as of January 1, 2014. The results for the three and six months ended July 4, 2015 and

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June 28, 2014, which represents Seaboard s portion of the income (losses) incurred by the investee were not material. There is no tax impact to Seaboard on these amounts. See Note 9 for more information.

Note 2 Investments

Seaboard s short-term investments are treated as either available-for-sale securities or trading securities. All of Seaboard s available-for-sale and trading securities are classified as current assets as they are readily available to support Seaboard s current operating needs. Available-for-sale securities are recorded at their estimated fair value with unrealized gains and losses reported, net of tax, as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive loss. Trading securities are recorded at their estimated fair value with unrealized gains and losses reflected in other investment income (loss), net. At July 4, 2015, money market funds included \$969,000 denominated in British pounds and \$560,000 denominated in Canadian dollars.

The following is a summary of the amortized cost and estimated fair value of short-term investments for both available-for-sale and trading securities at July 4, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

(Thousands of dollars)	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Money market funds	\$ 266,106	\$ 266,106	\$ 142,	132 \$ 142,432
Corporate bonds	12,540	12,538	11,	11,015
U.S. Government agency securities	9,437	9,480	9,	9,666
Other available-for-sale investments	3,685	3,706	3,	3,983
Total available-for-sale short-term investments	291,768	291,830	167,	167,096
High yield trading debt securities	162,196	159,798	187,	191 181,483
Equity mutual fund	86,309	84,557	83,	82,542
Domestic equity ETF	59,155	61,914	31,	32,651
Money market funds held in trading accounts	23,618	23,618	21,	101 21,401
Other trading investments	5,719	4,820	6,	173 5,393
Total trading short-term investments	336,997	334,707	330,	181 323,470
Total short-term investments	\$ 628,765	\$ 626,537	\$ 497,	230 \$ 490,566

The following table summarizes the estimated fair value of fixed rate securities designated as available-for-sale classified by the contractual maturity date of the security as of July 4, 2015.

(Thousands of dollars)	2015
Due within one year	\$ 980
Due after one year through three years	9,841
Due after three years	12,542
Total fixed rate securities	\$ 23,363

In addition to its short-term investments, Seaboard also has trading securities related to Seaboard s deferred compensation plans classified in other current assets in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. See Note 5 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for information on the types of trading securities held related to the deferred compensation plans.

Note 3 Inventories

The following is a summary of inventories at July 4, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

July 4,	December 31,
2015	2014
\$ 212,405	\$ 208,641
27,140	28,573
239,545	237,214
(30,992)	(36,560)
208,553	200,654
266,388	320,066
51,069	48,863
59,785	57,344
377,242	426,273
79,175	109,375
\$ 664,970	\$ 736,302
	\$ 212,405 27,140 239,545 (30,992) 208,553 266,388 51,069 59,785 377,242 79,175

Note 4 Income Taxes

Seaboard s tax returns are regularly audited by federal, state and foreign tax authorities, which may result in material adjustments. Seaboard s U.S. federal income tax years are closed through 2010. There have not been any material changes in unrecognized income tax benefits since December 31, 2014. Interest related to unrecognized tax benefits and penalties was not material for the six months ended July 4, 2015.

Note 5 Derivatives and Fair Value of Financial Instruments

U.S. GAAP discusses valuation techniques, such as the market approach (prices and other relevant information generated by market conditions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities), the income approach (techniques to convert future amounts to single present amounts based on market expectations including present value techniques and option-pricing), and the cost approach (amount that would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset which is often referred to as replacement cost). U.S. GAAP utilizes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels. The following is a brief description of those three levels:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets and quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that reflect the reporting entity s own assumptions.

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The following table shows assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of July 4, 2015 and also the level within the fair value hierarchy used to measure each category of assets and liabilities. Seaboard uses the end of the reporting period to determine if there were any transfers between levels. There were no transfers between levels that occurred in the first six months of 2015. The trading securities classified as other current assets below are assets held for Seaboard s deferred compensation plans.

	Balance July 4,				
(Thousands of dollars)	2015	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Assets:					
Available-for-sale securities - short-term					
investments:					
Money market funds	\$ 266,106	\$ 266,106	\$ -	\$	-
Corporate bonds	12,538	-	12,538		-
U.S. Government agency securities	9,480	-	9,480		-
Other available-for-sale investments	3,706	-	3,706		-
Trading securities - short-term investments:					
High yield trading debt securities	159,798	-	159,798		-
Equity mutual fund	84,557	84,557	-		-
Domestic equity ETF	61,914	61,914	-		-
Money market funds held in trading accounts	23,618	23,618	-		-
Other trading investments	4,820	2,453	2,367		-
Trading securities - other current assets:					
Domestic equity securities	36,294	36,294	-		-
Foreign equity securities	7,010	7,010	-		-
Fixed income mutual funds	3,587	3,587	-		-
Other	2,919	2,520	399		-
Derivatives:					
Commodities(1)	20,737	20,737	-		-
Interest rate swaps	1,368	-	1,368		-
Foreign currencies	2,285	-	2,285		-
Total Assets	\$ 700,737	\$ 508,796	\$ 191,941	\$	-
Liabilities:					
Derivatives:					
Commodities(1)	\$ 11,530	\$ 11,530	\$ -	\$	-
Interest rate swaps	5,348	-	5,348		-
Foreign currencies	1,606	-	1,606		-
Total Liabilities	\$ 18,484	\$ 11,530	\$ 6,954	\$	-

⁽¹⁾ Seaboard s commodity derivative assets and liabilities are presented in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets on a net basis, including netting the derivatives with the related margin accounts. As of July 4, 2015, the commodity derivatives had a margin account balance of \$10,168,000 resulting in a net other current asset in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet of \$19,852,000 and a net other current liability of \$477,000.

The following table shows assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2014 and also the level within the fair value hierarchy used to measure each category of assets.

		Balance cember 31,				
(Thousands of dollars)	De	2014	Level 1	Level 2	L	_evel 3
Assets:						
Available-for-sale securities - short-term						
investments:						
Money market funds	\$	142,432	\$ 142,432	\$ -	\$	-
Corporate bonds		11,015	-	11,015		-
U.S. Government agency securities		9,666	-	9,666		-
Other available-for-sale investments		3,983	-	3,983		-
Trading securities - short term investments:						
High yield trading debt securities		181,483	-	181,483		-
Equity mutual fund		82,542	82,542	-		-
Domestic equity ETF		32,651	32,651	-		-
Money market funds held in trading accounts		21,401	21,401	-		-
Other trading investments		5,393	2,614	2,779		-
Trading securities - other current assets:						
Domestic equity securities		33,857	33,857	-		-
Foreign equity securities		6,532	6,532	-		-
Fixed income mutual funds		4,570	4,570	-		-
Other		2,676	2,405	271		-
Derivatives:						
Commodities(1)		6,136	6,136	-		-
Foreign currencies		1,675	-	1,675		-
Total Assets	\$	546,012	\$ 335,140	\$ 210,872	\$	-
Liabilities:						
Derivatives:						
Commodities(1)	\$	1,779	\$ 1,779	\$ -	\$	-
Interest rate swaps		7,715	-	7,715		-
Foreign currencies		407	-	407		-
Total Liabilities	\$	9,901	\$ 1,779	\$ 8,122	\$	-

(1) Seaboard s commodity derivative assets and liabilities are presented in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets on a net basis, including netting the derivatives with the related margin accounts. As of December 31, 2014, the commodity derivatives had a margin account balance of \$4,314,000 resulting in a net other current asset in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet of \$9,267,000 and a net other current liability of \$596,000.

Financial instruments consisting of cash and cash equivalents, net receivables, notes payable, and accounts payable are carried at cost, which approximates fair value, as a result of the short-term nature of the instruments. The amortized cost and estimated fair values of investments at July 4, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are presented in Note 2.

While management believes its derivatives are primarily economic hedges of its firm purchase and sales contracts or anticipated sales contracts, Seaboard does not perform the extensive record-keeping required to account for these types of transactions as hedges for accounting purposes. Since the derivatives discussed below are not accounted for as hedges, fluctuations in the related commodity prices, currency exchange rates and interest rates could have a material impact on earnings in any given period. Seaboard also enters into speculative derivative transactions not directly related to its raw material requirements. The nature of Seaboard s market risk exposure has not changed materially since December 31, 2014.

Commodity Instruments

Seaboard uses various derivative futures and options to manage its risk to price fluctuations for raw materials and other inventories, finished product sales and firm sales commitments. At July 4, 2015, Seaboard had open net derivative contracts to purchase 32,400,000 pounds of hogs, 17,087,000 bushels of grain, 3,240,000 pounds of soybean oil, 312,000 tons of soybean meal and 220,000 pounds of dry whey powder and open net derivative contracts to sell 1,722,000 pounds of sugar. At December 31, 2014, Seaboard had open net derivative contracts to purchase 19,800,000 pounds of hogs, 19,620,000 pounds of soybean oil, 15,551,000 pounds of sugar, 10,697,000 bushels of grain, 88,000 pounds of dry whey powder and 85,000 tons of soybean meal and open net derivative contracts to sell 4,326,000 gallons of heating oil. Commodity derivatives are recorded at fair value with any changes in fair value being marked-to-market as a component of cost of sales in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Foreign Currency Exchange Agreements

Seaboard enters into foreign currency exchange agreements to manage the foreign currency exchange rate risk with respect to certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies. Foreign currency exchange agreements that are primarily related to an underlying commodity transaction are recorded at fair value with changes in value marked-to-market as a component of cost of sales in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. Foreign exchange agreements that are not related to an underlying commodity transaction are recorded at fair value with changes in value marked-to-market as a component of foreign currency gains (losses), net in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

At July 4, 2015 and December 31, 2014, Seaboard had trading foreign currency exchange agreements to cover its firm sales and purchase commitments and related trade receivables and payables with net notional amounts of \$45,737,000 and \$143,961,000, respectively, primarily related to the South African rand.

Interest Rate Exchange Agreements

During 2014, Seaboard initially put into place four, approximately eight-year interest rate exchange agreements with mandatory early termination dates in the second half of 2014 and early 2015 for one of the agreements. During 2014 and 2015, these interest rate exchange agreements were terminated and replaced, each with a mandatory early termination date, which coincides with the revised anticipated delivery dates in 2015 of dry bulk vessels to be leased, and have similar terms as the original agreements terminated. In June 2015, one agreement was terminated and not renewed with the delivery of a bulk vessel now leased. Payments made by Seaboard to unwind these agreements were not material. These exchange agreements involve the exchange of fixed-rate and variable-rate interest payments without the exchange of the underlying notional amounts to mitigate the potential effects of fluctuations in interest rates on the anticipated four dry bulk vessel leases in 2015. Seaboard pays a fixed rate and receives a variable rate of interest on these three notional amounts outstanding of \$22,000,000 each. In 2010, Seaboard entered into three ten-year interest rate exchange agreements, which involve the exchange of fixed-rate and variable-rate interest payments over the life of the agreements without the exchange of the underlying notional amounts, to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in interest rates on variable rate debt. Seaboard pays a fixed rate and receives a variable rate of interest on these three notional amounts of \$25,000,000 each, All of Seaboard is outstanding interest rate exchange agreements do not gualify as hedges for accounting purposes. Accordingly, the changes in fair value of these agreements are recorded in miscellaneous, net in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income. At July 4, 2015 and December 31, 2014, Seaboard had six and seven interest rate exchange agreements outstanding, respectively, with a total notional value of \$141,000,000 and \$163,000,000, respectively.

Counterparty Credit Risk

From time to time Seaboard is subject to counterparty credit risk related to its foreign currency exchange agreements and interest rate swaps, should the counterparties fail to perform according to the terms of the contracts. As of July 4, 2015, Seaboard has a maximum amount of loss due to credit risk in the amount of \$2,285,000 with five counterparties related to foreign currency exchange agreements and \$1,368,000 with one counterparty related to the interest rate swaps. Seaboard does not hold any collateral related to these agreements.

The following table provides the amount of gain or (loss) recognized in income for each type of derivative and where it was recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and six months ended July 4, 2015 and June 28, 2014.

(Thousands of dollars)

		Three Mo	nded	Six Montl	ed		
		July 4,		June 28,	July 4,		June 28,
		2015		2014	2015		2014
Commodities	Cost of sales	\$ 3,886	\$	9,962	\$ (2,062)	\$	3,378
Foreign currencies	Cost of sales	1,915		2,328	1,421		2,813
Foreign currencies	Foreign currency	69		(1,185)	1,602		(420)
Interest rate	Miscellaneous, net	3,568		(3,293)	(1,123)		(3,895)

The following table provides the fair value of each type of derivative held as of July 4, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and where each derivative is included in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

(Thousands of dollars)		Asset Derivatives			Liability Derivatives	
		July 4,	December 31,		July 4,	December 31,
		2015	2014		2015	2014
Commodities(1)	Other current			Other current		
	assets	\$20,737	\$ 6,136	liabilities	\$ 11,530	\$ 1,779
Foreign currencies	Other current			Other current		
	assets	2,285	1,675	liabilities	1,606	407
Interest rate	Other current			Other current		
	assets	1,368	-	liabilities	5,348	7,715

⁽¹⁾ Seaboard s commodity derivative assets and liabilities are presented in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets on a net basis, including netting the derivatives with the related margin accounts. As of July 4, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the commodity derivatives had a margin account balan