Cohen & Steers Select Preferred & Income Fund, Inc. Form N-CSR March 08, 2012

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Investment Company Act file number 811-22455

Cohen & Steers Select Preferred and Income Fund, Inc. (Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

280 Park Avenue, New York, NY (Address of principal executive offices)

10017 (Zip code)

Adam M. Derechin

Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc.

280 Park Avenue

New York, New York 10017 (Name and address of agent for service)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (212) 832-3232

Date of fiscal year December 31

end:

Date of reporting period: December 31, 2011

Item 1. Reports to Stockholders.

To Our Shareholders:

We would like to share with you our report for the year ended December 31, 2011. The net asset value (NAV) at that date was \$22.60 per common share. The Fund's common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) and its share price can differ from its NAV; at year end, the Fund's closing price on the NYSE was \$21.68.

The total returns, including income, for the Fund and its comparative benchmarks were:

	Six Months Ended December 31, 2011	Year Ended December 31, 2011
Cohen & Steers Select Preferred and	December 51, 2011	December 31, 2011
Income Fund at Market Value ^a	6.39%	5.35%
Cohen & Steers Select Preferred and		
Income Fund at NAVa	3.76%	3.20%
BofA Merrill Lynch Fixed Rate		
Preferred		
Index ^b	1.23%	4.11%
Blended benchmark 50% BofA Merrill		
Lynch		
US Capital Securities Index/50% BofA		
Merrill Lynch Fixed Rate Preferred		
Index ^b	2.35%	2.27%
S&P 500 Index ^b	3.69%	2.11%

The performance data quoted represent past performance. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. The investment return and the principal value of an investment will fluctuate and shares, if sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted. Performance results reflect the effects of leverage, resulting from borrowings under a credit agreement. Current total returns of the Fund can be obtained by visiting our Web site at cohenandsteers.com.

The Fund implements fair value pricing when the daily change in a specific U.S. market index exceeds a predetermined percentage. Fair value pricing adjusts the valuation of certain non-U.S. holdings to account for such index change following the close of foreign markets. This standard practice has been adopted by a majority of the fund industry. In the event fair value pricing is implemented on the first and/or last day of a performance measurement period, the Fund's return may diverge from the relative performance of its benchmark index, which does not use fair value pricing. An investor cannot invest directly in an index.

Please note that distributions paid by the Fund to shareholders are subject to recharacterization for tax purposes and are taxable up to the amount of the Fund's investment company taxable income and net realized gains. Distributions in excess of the Fund's investment company taxable income and realized gains are a return of capital distributed from the Fund's assets. Distributions of capital decrease the Fund's total assets, and, therefore, could have the effect of increasing the Fund's expense ratio. In addition, in order to make these distributions, the Fund may have to sell portfolio securities at a less than opportune time.

^a As a closed-end investment company, the price of the Fund's NYSE-traded shares will be set by market forces and at times may deviate from the NAV per share of the Fund.

^b The BofA Merrill Lynch Fixed Rate Preferred Index is an unmanaged index of preferred securities. The BofA Merrill Lynch US Capital Securities Index is a subset of The BofA Merrill Lynch US Corporate Index including all fixed-to-floating rate, perpetual callable and capital securities. The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index of common stocks that is frequently used as a general measure of stock market performance.

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Investment Review

Preferred securities had a positive total return for the year despite concerns brought by fiscal strains in Europe and signs of a slowing global economy. The group's above-average income, compared with stocks and most fixed income classes, continued to attract yield-seeking investors amid low and declining interest rates. The income rate of generally 7% or so paid by preferreds also contributed directly to performance, as even securities that fell somewhat in price had positive total returns. Preferreds were further supported by technical factors related to anticipated Tier 1 capital regulatory changes (more securities being called or otherwise removed from the market, along with relatively limited new supply in the period).

Preferreds, and financial markets broadly, made gains through July, but encountered turbulence when it appeared that the global economic recovery was on a weaker trajectory than previously expected. Investor confidence was further eroded by the growing risk of a Greek default, sparking fears of heavy bank losses and fiscal contagion. In addition, the debate over raising the U.S. debt ceiling was followed quickly by a downgrade of the U.S. by Standard & Poor's.

Although preferred securities had price declines in August and September, they held up much better than common stocks on a total return basis. The group then participated in the fourth-quarter recovery, as markets turned up on signs of improving U.S. economic data and progress in Europe. Adjustable-rate preferreds fared poorly, however, as expectations for interest-rate increases in the U.S. were pushed out to 2013 or beyond, reducing the demand for securities whose yields are tied to short-term interest rates.

Performance was positive across most sectors, with non-financial preferreds faring the best. Preferreds issued by real estate, telecommunications and utilities companies were particularly buoyant. Returns from bank preferreds were mixed and the securities more volatile. U.S. bank preferreds generally offered positive returns; they reported better-than-expected improvements in credit quality and capital ratios, although revenue trends generally remained weak, in part reflecting slow loan growth. In addition, the potential for the issuers to buy back their preferreds due to regulatory reform kept issues well bid.

By contrast, European bank and insurance company issues generally declined some significantly hindered by fears of sovereign risk, including the potential dissolution of the European Union and related uncertainty over capital adequacy and funding. However, many of these issues, too, found footing late in the year as a number of foreign banks offered to buy back their securities at premiums to the market prices albeit still at deep discounts to par.

New contingent capital securities were greeted with healthy demand

A significant development in the preferred market in the period was the large, successful issuance of contingent capital securities. These so-called "CoCos" may convert into common shares if a company's core Tier 1 capital ratio falls below a certain level. Another version of these securities would write down to a lower par figure under similar circumstances. Markets focused on this emerging asset class after Credit Suisse priced its large public deal at 7.875% and placed private transactions at the same time. With many existing preferreds destined to lose their Tier 1 status under Basel 3 (the next guidelines from a committee represented by the world's central banks), issuers may increasingly use CoCos as an alternative source of equity-like capital.

Regulatory par call risk emerged

In May, regional bank Fifth Third exercised a par call on a trust preferred trading at a premium via "special event" language, taking the market by surprise. This awakened many to the risk that certain bank preferreds may be subject to near-term par calls as a result of changes to bank regulation that diminish the regulatory capital benefit of the securities. In this particular case, the issuer could call the security at par anytime following a proposed change of this nature. (Typically, there is a short, specified window in which to call such an issue after a special event.)

By paying close attention to prospectus language, we were well-aware of the special event call risk associated with certain premium issues and did not hold the Fifth Third issue when it was called. Later in the year, Wells Fargo also exercised regulatory call language to take out nearly \$6 billion of securities again calling at par many securities trading at premiums. We did not own the premium securities and continue to avoid premium priced securities that have this risk.

Fund performance

The Fund had a positive return in the year based on NAV, underperforming the BofA Merrill Lynch Fixed Rate Preferred Index but outperforming its blended benchmark. Our allocations to the real estate and telecommunication sectors benefited relative returns, as did our allocation to energy pipeline companies. Our security selection in bank preferreds aided performance as well, particularly with respect to European banks.

Factors that detracted from relative performance included security selection in the finance and utilities sectors. In addition, the Fund's positions in below-investment-grade securities detracted from performance as the economic environment cooled in the second half of the year.

The Fund employs leverage as part of a yield-enhancement strategy. Leverage, which can increase total return in rising markets (just as it can have the opposite effect in declining markets), enhanced the Fund's performance for the period compared with its benchmarks, which are not leveraged.

The Fund used swaps and currency forwards during the year

In connection with its use of leverage, the Fund pays interest on borrowings based on a floating rate under the terms of its credit agreement. To reduce the impact that changes in interest rates could have on the performance of the Fund with respect to these borrowings, the Fund used interest rate swaps to exchange the floating rate for a fixed rate. During the period, the Fund's use of swaps had a negative impact on the NAV and performance of the Fund.

The Fund also used derivatives in the form of currency forward contracts in order to manage currency risk on Fund positions denominated in foreign currencies. These contracts did not have a material effect on the Fund's total return in the period.

Our primary focus was on income

The Fund's return based on market price was negative, and lower than its NAV return. However, we met our primary investment objective of providing high current income. The Fund paid monthly

distributions during 2011, and its distribution yield at the end of the period was 9.5% (based on the current annualized distribution rate and the December 31, 2011 market price).

Investment Outlook

In terms of preferreds' broad performance potential, we note that bond yields are at or near historic lows, and that the Federal Reserve is likely to hold interest rates steady until 2013. In such an environment, the income offered by preferreds (7 8% or more) will be hard to come by, likely resulting in good investor demand in the year ahead. At the same time, the high income these securities produce is also likely to continue to factor meaningfully into their total return and dampen returns volatility.

The theme of new regulations defining Tier 1 capital will remain key in the coming year. In the U.S., the Collins Amendment to the Dodd-Frank Act phases out Tier 1 treatment for debt-structured "trust preferred" securities over a period of three years, beginning in 2013. Phase-out of Tier 1 benefits is also slated to take place for a large number of existing preferred instruments abroad. Once banks have clarity on exactly what will qualify as Tier 1 (based on final announcements from the U.S Federal Reserve as well as the global Basel Committee) we expect to see an accelerating wave of refinancings via companies calling, buying back and tendering for their securities ultimately involving hundreds of billions of dollars of preferred securities globally. This activity should continue to provide price support to existing issues while presenting new investment opportunities in the U.S., and globally as new preferreds potentially with new formats come to market to replace called issues.

Turning to the macro environment, the U.S. economic picture has brightened modestly in recent weeks, a positive for credit and preferreds. We expect slow but sustained growth. However, Europe remains a market risk. While recent fiscal, political and central bank initiatives to address the sovereign credit crisis in Europe are somewhat encouraging, the political landscape remains very uncertain there, and economic austerity measures will weigh on growth. There is a long road ahead to get to the deeper fiscal union that markets seem to require. Importantly, the European Central Bank has been actively funding European banks via long-term repurchase operations, which has provided vital breathing room for banks seeking time to retrench and recapitalize. We are cautiously optimistic regarding the ability of Europe to find better footing and calm markets; however, we respect that the issues are difficult and complex and continue to tread more lightly there.

Given global uncertainties, our portfolio remains more heavily weighted towards domestic issuers. Our preference for non-financials also remains in place. For instance, we favor REIT preferreds, which offer high income and generally attractive metrics, including lower leverage and decent cash flow growth. We also continue to like telecom and pipeline issuer preferreds.

In the financials space, our focus is on more traditional banking models, including Tier 1 issues of certain U.S. regional banks. We also have a generally favorable view of insurance company credit fundamentals. While we remain more defensive relative to credit, improvements in the U.S. economy as well as the steps taken in Europe to date have brightened the outlook for risk assets somewhat, and some valuations look compelling. Hence, we have added at the margin to more battered securities, including those of certain European issuers. Our core holdings will remain more conservative for the time being, but we will continue to look for value in beaten-down issues opportunistically and as we see economies and markets mending.

Sincerely,

MARTIN COHEN ROBERT H. STEERS

Co-chairman Co-chairman

JOSEPH M. HARVEY WILLIAM F. SCAPELL

Portfolio Manager Portfolio Manager

The views and opinions in the preceding commentary are subject to change. There is no guarantee that any market forecast set forth in the commentary will be realized. This material represents an assessment of the market environment at a specific point in time, should not be relied upon as investment advice and is not intended to predict or depict performance of any investment.

Visit Cohen & Steers online at cohenandsteers.com

For more information about any of our funds, visit cohenandsteers.com, where you will find daily net asset values, fund fact sheets and portfolio highlights. You can also access newsletters, education tools and market updates covering the global real estate, listed infrastructure, utilities, large cap value and preferred securities sectors.

In addition, our Web site contains comprehensive information about our firm, including our most recent press releases, profiles of our senior investment professionals and an overview of our investment approach.

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Our Leverage Strategy (Unaudited)

Our current leverage strategy utilizes borrowings up to the maximum permitted by the 1940 Act to provide additional capital for the Fund, with an objective of increasing the net income available for shareholders. As of December 31, 2011, leverage represented 32% of the Fund's managed assets.

It has been our philosophy to utilize interest rate swap transactions to seek to reduce the interest rate risk inherent in our utilization of leverage. Considering that borrowings have variable interest rate payments, we seek to lock in those rates on a significant portion of this additional capital through interest rate swap agreements (where we effectively convert our variable rate obligation to a fixed rate obligation for the term of the swap agreements). Specifically, as of December 31, 2011, we have fixed the rate on 85% of our borrowings at an average interest rate of 1.6% for an average remaining period of 2.6 years (when we first entered into the swaps, the average term was 3.5 years). Locking in a significant portion of our leveraging costs is designed to protect the dividend-paying ability of the Fund. The use of leverage increases the volatility of the Fund's net asset value in both up and down markets. However, we believe that locking in a portion of the Fund's leveraging costs for the term of the swap agreements partially protects the Fund's expenses from an increase in short-term interest rates.

Leverage Facts^a

Leverage (as a % of managed assets)	32%
% Fixed Rate	85%
% Variable Rate	15%
Weighted Average Rate on Swaps	1.6%
Weighted Average Term on Swaps	2.6 years
Current Rate on Debt ^b	1.2%

The Fund seeks to enhance its dividend yield through leverage. The use of leverage is a speculative technique and there are special risks and costs associated with leverage. The net asset value of the Fund's common shares may be reduced by the issuance and ongoing costs of leverage. So long as the Fund is able to invest in securities that produce a realized investment yield that is greater than the total cost of leverage, the leverage strategy will produce higher current net investment income for the common shareholders. On the other hand, to the extent that the total cost of leverage exceeds the incremental income gained from employing such leverage, the common shareholders would realize lower net investment income. In addition to the impact on net income, the use of leverage will have an effect of magnifying capital appreciation or depreciation for common shareholders. Specifically, in an up market, leverage will typically generate greater capital appreciation than if the Fund was not employing leverage. Conversely, in down markets, the use of leverage will generally result in greater capital depreciation than if the Fund had been unlevered. To the extent that the Fund is required or elects to reduce its leverage, the Fund may need to liquidate investments, including under adverse economic conditions which may result in capital losses potentially reducing returns to common shareholders. There can be no assurance that a leveraging strategy will be successful during any period in which it is employed.

^a Data as of December 31, 2011. Information is subject to change.

^b See Note 6 in Notes to Financial Statements.

DECEMBER 31, 2011

Top Ten Holdings^a (Unaudited)

Security	Value	% of Managed Assets
JP Morgan Chase & Co., 7.90%, due 4/29/49, Series I (FRN)	\$ 14,421,807	3.6%
Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, (\$1000		
Par Value)		
Series I	11,706,250	2.9
Wells Fargo & Co., 7.98%, due 3/29/49, Series K (FRN)	11,462,062	2.9
Centaur Funding Corp., 9.08%, due 4/21/20, 144A	11,331,250	2.8
Citigroup Capital VIII, 6.95%, due 9/15/31, (TruPS)	9,212,811	2.3
Qwest Corp., 7.375%, due 6/1/51	8,099,344	2.0
Wells Fargo & Co., 7.50%, Series L (Convertible)	8,005,040	2.0
FPL Group Capital, 7.30%, due 9/1/67, Series D	7,304,011	1.8
Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series E	7,197,099	1.8
Enterprise Products Operating LP, 8.375%, due 8/1/66	6,839,508	1.7

^a Top ten holdings are determined on the basis of the value of individual securities held. All of the securities listed above are preferred stock. The Fund may also hold positions in other types of securities issued by the companies listed above. See the Schedule of Investments for additional details on such other positions.

Sector Breakdown

(Based on Managed Assets) (Unaudited)

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

		Number of Shares		Value
PREFERRED SECURITIES \$25				
PAR VALUE	55.4%			
BANK	13.1%			
Ally Financial, 7.35%, due 8/8/32		90,600	\$	1,861,830
BAC Capital Trust II, 7.00%, due				
2/1/32, Series V ^a		77,594		1,620,939
Citigroup Capital VIII, 6.95%, due				
9/15/31, (TruPS) ^a		394,722		9,212,811
Citigroup Capital XVI, 6.45%, due 12/31/66,				
Series W (TruPS)		45,000		966,600
CoBank ACB, 7.00%, 144A (\$50				
Par Value) ^{b,c}		75,000		3,426,562
Deutsche Bank Capital Funding				
Trust VIII, 6.375%		90,000		1,648,800
Deutsche Bank Capital Funding				
Trust X, 7.35%		25,000		505,250
Fifth Third Capital Trust V, 7.25%,				
due 8/15/67 ^a		46,000		1,163,800
Fifth Third Capital Trust VI, 7.25%, due 11/15/67, (FRN) ^a		90,000		2,278,800
First Niagara Financial Group,				
8.625%, Series B		120,000		3,078,000
Fleet Capital Trust VIII, 7.20%, due				
3/15/32		47,698		989,257
KeyCorp, 7.75%, due 12/31/49,				
Series A				
(\$100 Par Value)(Convertible) ^a		20,308		2,145,337
Regions Financing Trust III,				
8.875%, due 6/15/78 ^a		133,983		3,383,071
Zions Bancorp, 9.50%, due				
12/29/49, Series C ^a		130,000		3,282,500
			3	5,563,557
BANK FOREIGN	3.9%			
Barclays Bank PLC, 7.75%, Series IV ^a		246,755		5,201,595
Deutsche Bank Contingent Capital		-,		, , ,
Trust III, 7.60% ^a		122,983		2,660,122
National Westminster Bank PLC,		,		
7.76%, Series C ^a		166,079		2,785,145

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			10,646,862
ELECTRIC INTEGRATED	1.1%		
DTE Energy Co., 6.50%, due			
12/1/61		110,000	2,954,600
FINANCE	2.7%		
INVESTMENT			
BANKER/BROKER	0.1%		
Morgan Stanley Capital Trust III,			
6.25%, due 3/1/33		18,553	383,119
MORTGAGE LOAN/BROKER	2.6%		
Countrywide Capital IV, 6.75%, due			
4/1/33 ^a		164,220	3,261,409
Countrywide Capital V, 7.00%, due			
11/1/36 ^a		181,048	3,671,654
			6,933,063
TOTAL FINANCE			7,316,182
	See accompanying	notes to financial statements. 8	

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number of	
		Shares	Value
INSURANCE	8.0%		
LIFE/HEALTH			
INSURANCE FOREIGN	1.2%		
Aegon NV, 6.875%		35,500	\$ 742,660
Aegon NV, 7.25%		68,800	1,521,168
Aviva PLC, 8.25%, due 12/1/41		40,000	1,004,800
			3,268,628
MULTI-LINE	1.2%		
American International Group,			
7.70%, due 12/18/62 ^a		137,928	3,226,136
MULTI-LINE FOREIGN	2.6%		
Allianz SE, 8.375%		105,000	2,687,349
ING Groep N.V., 6.375%		29,886	500,292
ING Groep N.V., 7.375% ^a		104,002	1,916,757
ING Groep N.V., 8.50% ^a		92,789	2,020,944
			7,125,342
REINSURANCE FOREIGN	3.0%		
Arch Capital Group Ltd., 7.875%,			
Series B		53,275	1,353,718
Axis Capital Holdings Ltd., 7.50%,			
Series B			
(\$100 Par Value) ^d		25,700	2,473,625
Endurance Specialty Holdings Ltd.,			
7.50%,			
Series B		100,000	2,549,000
Montpelier Re Holdings Ltd.,			
8.875%		59,100	1,610,475
			7,986,818
TOTAL INSURANCE			21,606,924
INTEGRATED			
TELECOMMUNICATIONS			
SERVICES	6.1%		
Qwest Corp., 7.375%, due 6/1/51 ^a		305,175	8,099,344
Qwest Corp., 7.50%, due 9/15/51		63,969	1,688,782
Telephone & Data Systems,			
6.875%, due 11/15/59 ^a		137,534	3,663,906
United States Cellular Corp., 6.95%,			
due 5/15/60 ^a		115,000	3,061,300
			16,513,332
MEDIA DIVERSIFIED SERVICES	0.4%		
CBS Corp., 6.75%, due 3/27/56 ^a		39,572	1,005,525

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number of		
DEAL ECTATE	10.70	Shares	Vá	alue
REAL ESTATE DIVERSIFIED	18.7%			
	2.3%			
DuPont Fabros Technology, 7.875%, Series A ^a		102 254	¢ 2	502 709
•		103,254	\$ 2,	592,708
Lexington Corporate Properties Trust, 8.05%,				
Series B		77,000	1 (917,300
Sovereign Real Estate Investment		77,000	1,	917,300
Trust, 12.00%,				
144A (\$1,000 Par Value) ^b		1,500	1 (672,555
144A (\$1,000 f at value)		1,500		182,563
HEALTH CARE	1.4%		0,	102,303
Cogdell Spencer, 8.50%, Series A ^a	1.170	150,000	3 '	795,000
HOTEL	0.5%	120,000	٥,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Hersha Hospitality Trust, 8.00%,	0.0 /6			
Series B ^a		62,500	1.3	381,250
INDUSTRIAL	1.6%	,	ĺ	,
First Potomac Realty Trust, 7.75%,				
Series A ^a		120,000	3,0	078,600
ProLogis, 6.75%, Series Ra		55,022	1,	319,978
			4,	398,578
OFFICE	4.2%			
CommonWealth REIT, 6.50%,				
Series D				
(Convertible) ^a		90,025	1,	826,607
Cousins Properties, 7.50%, Series				
$\mathbf{B}^{\mathbf{a}}$		110,000	2,	659,800
Hudson Pacific Properties, 8.375%,				
Series B ^a		100,000	2,:	594,000
SL Green Realty Corp., 7.625%,		60.006	4	740.051
Series Ca		69,986	1,	743,351
SL Green Realty Corp., 7.875%,		00.050	2	522 105
Series D ^a		99,850		533,195
RESIDENTIAL	1.9%		11,	356,953
APARTMENT	1.3%			
Apartment Investment &	1.5%			
Management Co., 8.00%,				
Series T		55,000	1 *	390,950
Apartment Investment &		82,776		074,366
Management Co., 7.75%,		02,770	2,	. 1,500

		3,465,316
0.6%		
	69,928	1,769,878
		5,235,194
See accompanying notes to fin	ancial statements.	
10		
	See accompanying notes to fin.	69,928 See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

ShOPPING CENTER 5.8% COMMUNITY CENTER 3.8% DDR Copp., 7.375%, Series 14 69,160 1,694,420 Kite Realty Group Trust, 8.25%, Series A2 100,000 2,305,000 Regency Centers Corp., 7.45%, Series C 80,000 2,029,600 REGIONAL MALL 2.0% REGIONAL MALL 2.0% CBL & Associates Properties, 7.375%, Series D2 224,935 5,326,461 TOTAL SHOPPING CENTER 15,720,481 SPECIALTY 1.0% Entertainment Properties Trust, 7.375%, Series D3 110,000 2,742,300 TOTAL REAL ESTATE 50,812,319 TRANSPORT MARINE 1.4% Seaspan Corp., 9.50%, due 1/29/49, Series C3 139,294 3,802,726 TOTAL PREFERRED SECURITIES \$25 PAR VALUE (Identified cost \$135,614,760) 150,222,027 PREFERRED SECURITIES (APITAL SECURITIES 84.5% BANK 29.1% Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series E2 SECURITIES (APITAL SECURITIES 84.5% BANK 29.1% Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 1/22/15? 1,250,000 1,251,563 COBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value)bd 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 1/27/150, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 1/27/150, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 1/27/150, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 1/27/150, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 1/27/150, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 1/27/150, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 1/27/150, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 1/27/150, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 1/27/150, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 1/27/150, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250			Number of	
COMMUNITY CENTER 3.8% 180,000 \$ 4,365,000 DDR Corp., 7.375%, Series I¹a 69,160 1,694,420 Kite Realty Group Trust, 8.25%, Series A¹a 100,000 2,305,000 Regency Centers Corp., 7.45%, Series Call 100,000 2,305,000 Regency Centers Corp., 7.45%, Series Call 100,000 2,305,000 Regency Centers Corp., 7.45%, Series Call 100,000 2,029,600 10,394,020 REGIONAL MALL 2.0% 224,935 5,326,461 TOTAL SHOPPING CENTER 15,720,481 SPECIALTY 1.0% 110,000 2,742,300 TOTAL SHOPPING CENTER 10,000 2,742,300 TOTAL REAL ESTATE 50,812,319 TRANSPORT MARINE 1.4% Seaspan Corp., 9.50%, due 1/29/49, Series Call 139,294 3,802,726 TOTAL PREFERRED SECURITIES S25 PAR VALUE (Identified cost \$153,614,760) 150,222,027 PREFERRED SECURITIES CAPITAL S			Shares	Value
DDR Corp., 7.375%, Series III				
DDR Corp., 7.50%, Series 1a		3.8%		
Kite Realty Group Trust, 8.25%, 100,000 2,305,000 Series A** 100,000 2,305,000 Regency Centers Corp., 7.45%, Series 80,000 2,029,600 REGIONAL MALL 2.0% 10,394,020 CBL & Associates Properties, 7,375%, Series D** 224,935 5,326,461 TOTAL SHOPPING CENTER 15,720,481 SPECIALTY PECIALTY 1.0% 110,000 2,742,300 TOTAL SHOPPING ENTER 50,812,319 TOTAL REAL ESTATE 50,812,319 TOTAL REAL ESTATE 110,000 2,742,300 TOTAL PROSPORT MARINE 1.4% Seaspan Corp., 9.50%, due 1/29/49, Series C** 139,294 3,802,726 TOTAL PREFERRED TOTAL PREFERRED SECURITIES \$25 PAR VALUE (Identified cost \$153,614,760) 150,222,027 PREFERRED SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES (APITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES (APITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES (APITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES (APITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES (APITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES (APITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES (APITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES (APITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES (APITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES (APITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES (APITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES (APITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES (APITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES (APITAL SE	•		•	, , ,
Series Aª 100,000 2,305,000 Regency Centers Corp., 7.45%, Series C 80,000 2,029,600 C 80,000 10,394,020 REGIONAL MALL 2.0%	•		69,160	1,694,420
Regency Centers Corp., 7.45%, Series C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C			400.000	
C 80,000 2,029,600 REGIONAL MALL 2.0% CBL & Associates Properties,			100,000	2,305,000
REGIONAL MALL 2.0% CBL & Associates Properties, 7.375%, Series Da 224,935 5,326,461 TOTAL SHOPPING CENTER 15,720,481 SPECIALTY 1.0% Entertainment Properties Trust, 7.375%, Series Da 110,000 2,742,300 TOTAL REAL ESTATE 50,812,319 TRANSPORT MARINE 1.4% Seaspan Corp., 9.50%, due 1/29/49, Series Ca 139,294 3,802,726 TOTAL PREFERRED SECURITIES \$25 PAR VALUE (Identified cost \$153,614,760) 150,222,027 PREFERRED SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES \$4.5% BANK 29.1% Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series Es \$9.1% Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 1/21/136a 4,000,000 3,913,576 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 1/21/1376 1,250,000 1,251,563 COBAIK ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value) bd 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, \$10,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 [41,000 Par Va			00.000	2 020 600
REGIONAL MALL CBL & Associates Properties, 7.375%, Series Da TOTAL SHOPPING CENTER SPECIALTY 1.0% Entertainment Properties Trust, 7.375%, Series Da TOTAL REAL ESTATE TOTAL REAL ESTATE TRANSPORT MARINE Seaspan Corp., 9.50%, due 1/29/49, Series Ca TOTAL PREFERRED SECURITIES SECURITIES \$25 PAR VALUE (Identified cost \$153,614,760) SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES \$84.5% BANK 29.1% Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series Esc Ca TOTAL PREFERRED SECURITIES SANK Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 12/1/36a Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 12/21/57 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 12/21/57 CoBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 1444 (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5, 262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, Huntingon Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672	С		80,000	
CBL & Associates Properties, 7,375%, Series Da		• • •		10,394,020
7.375%, Series Da 5,326,461 TOTAL SHOPPING CENTER 1.0% SPECIALTY 1.0% Entertainment Properties Trust, 7.375%, Series Da 110,000 2,742,300 TOTAL REAL ESTATE 50,812,319 TRANSPORT MARINE 1.4% Seaspan Corp., 9.50%, due 1/29/49, Series Ca 139,294 3,802,726 TOTAL PREFERRED SECURITIES \$25 PAR VALUE (Identified cost \$153,614,760) 150,222,027 PREFERRED SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES 84.5% BANK 29.1% Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series Es 6,987,000 7,197,099 Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 1/21/136a 4,000,000 3,913,576 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 1/22/157 COBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 1/21/520, \$10,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672		2.0%		
TOTAL SHOPPING CENTER SPECIALTY Entertainment Properties Trust, 7.375%, Series Da 110,000 2,742,300 TOTAL REAL ESTATE 50,812,319 TRANSPORT MARINE 1.4% Seaspan Corp., 9.50%, due 1/29/49, Series Ca 139,294 3,802,726 TOTAL PREFERRED SECURITIES \$25 PAR VALUE (Identified cost \$153,614,760) 150,222,027 PREFERRED SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES 84.5% BANK 29.1% Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series Esc 6,987,000 7,197,099 Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 12/1/36a 4,000,000 3,913,576 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 12/21/57 1,250,000 1,251,563 COBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value) ^{B,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, \$\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672	-		224.025	5.006.461
SPECIALTY			224,935	
Entertainment Properties Trust, 7.375%, Series Da 110,000 2,742,300 TOTAL REAL ESTATE 50,812,319 TRANSPORT MARINE 1.4% Seaspan Corp., 9.50%, due 1/29/49, Series Ca 139,294 3,802,726 TOTAL PREFERRED SECURITIES \$25 PAR VALUE (Identified cost \$153,614,760) 150,222,027 PREFERRED SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES 84.5% BANK 29.1% Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series Es 6,987,000 7,197,099 Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 12/13/36 4,000,000 3,913,576 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 12/15/20 1,250,000 1,251,563 COBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value) b.d 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672		1.00		15,720,481
7.375%, Series Da 110,000 2,742,300 TOTAL REAL ESTATE 50,812,319 TRANSPORT MARINE 1.4% Seaspan Corp., 9.50%, due 1/29/49, Series Ca 139,294 3,802,726 TOTAL PREFERRED SECURITIES \$25 PAR VALUE (Identified cost \$153,614,760) 150,222,027 PREFERRED SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES \$44.5% BANK 29.1% Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series Es 6,987,000 7,197,099 Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 12/1/36a 4,000,000 3,913,576 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 12/21/57 1,250,000 1,251,563 COBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value) b.d 100,000 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672		1.0%		
TOTAL REAL ESTATE TRANSPORT MARINE Seaspan Corp., 9.50%, due 1/29/49, Series Ca 139,294 3,802,726 TOTAL PREFERRED SECURITIES \$25 PAR VALUE (Identified cost \$153,614,760) 150,222,027 PREFERRED SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES \$44.5% BANK 29.1% Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series Es 6,987,000 7,197,099 Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 12/1/36a 4,000,000 3,913,576 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 12/21/57 1,250,000 1,251,563 COBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 1444 (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672	•		110,000	2.742.200
TRANSPORT MARINE Seaspan Corp., 9.50%, due 1/29/49, Series Ca 139,294 3,802,726 TOTAL PREFERRED SECURITIES \$25 PAR VALUE (Identified cost \$153,614,760) PREFERRED SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES 84.5% BANK 29.1% Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series Ea Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 12/1/36a 4,000,000 3,913,576 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 12/21/57 CoBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 1444 (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672			110,000	
Seaspan Corp., 9.50%, due 1/29/49, Series Ca		1 407		50,812,319
Series Ca 139,294 3,802,726		1.4%		
TOTAL PREFERRED SECURITIES \$25 PAR VALUE (Identified cost \$153,614,760) PREFERRED SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES 84.5% BANK 29.1% Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series E 6,987,000 7,197,099 Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 12/1/36a 4,000,000 3,913,576 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 12/21/57 1,250,000 1,251,563 CoBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672	•		120 204	2 902 726
SECURITIES \$25 PAR VALUE (Identified cost \$153,614,760) PREFERRED SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES BANK 29.1% Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series E 6,987,000 7,197,099 Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 12/1/36a 4,000,000 3,913,576 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 12/21/57 1,250,000 1,251,563 COBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672			139,294	3,802,720
(Identified cost \$153,614,760) 150,222,027 PREFERRED SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES 84.5% BANK 29.1% Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series 6,987,000 7,197,099 Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 4,000,000 3,913,576 12/1/36a 4,000,000 3,913,576 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 12/21/57 1,250,000 1,251,563 CoBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, 10,000 11,706,250 (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672				
PREFERRED SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES 84.5% BANK 29.1% Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series E° 6,987,000 7,197,099 Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 12/1/36a 4,000,000 3,913,576 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 12/21/57 1,250,000 1,251,563 CoBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672				150 222 027
SECURITIES CAPITAL SECURITIES 84.5% BANK 29.1% Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series E° 6,987,000 7,197,099 Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 12/1/36a 4,000,000 3,913,576 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 12/21/57 1,250,000 1,251,563 CoBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672				130,222,027
SECURITIES 84.5% BANK 29.1% Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series 6,987,000 7,197,099 E° 6,987,000 7,197,099 Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 4,000,000 3,913,576 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 1,250,000 1,251,563 CoBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672				
BANK 29.1% Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series Ec 6,987,000 7,197,099 Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 12/1/36a 4,000,000 3,913,576 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 12/21/57 1,250,000 1,251,563 CoBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672		81 5%		
Citigroup, 8.40%, due 4/29/49, Series Ec 6,987,000 7,197,099 Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 12/1/36a 4,000,000 3,913,576 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 12/21/57 1,250,000 1,251,563 CoBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672				
Ec 6,987,000 7,197,099 Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due 12/1/36a 4,000,000 3,913,576 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 12/21/57 1,250,000 1,251,563 CoBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672		27.170		
12/1/36a 4,000,000 3,913,576 Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 1,250,000 1,251,563 12/21/57 1,250,000 1,251,563 CoBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 44A (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672	• •		6,987,000	7,197,099
Citigroup Capital XXI, 8.30%, due 1,250,000 1,251,563 12/21/57 1,250,000 1,251,563 CoBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, 10,000 11,706,250 (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672	Citigroup Capital III, 7.625%, due			
12/21/57 1,250,000 1,251,563 CoBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672			4,000,000	3,913,576
CoBank ACB, 11.00%, Series C, 144A (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, 400 10,000 11,706,250 (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672			1 250 000	1 251 562
144A (\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672			1,250,000	1,251,563
(\$50 Par Value) ^{b,d} 100,000 5,262,500 Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672				
Farm Credit Bank of Texas, 10.00%, due 12/15/20, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672			100 000	5 262 500
due 12/15/20, (\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672			100,000	5,202,500
(\$1,000 Par Value) Series I 10,000 11,706,250 Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672				
Huntington Bancshares, 8.50%, due 2,820 3,059,672	· ·		10.000	11.706.250
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Series A (Convertible)		
JP Morgan Chase & Co., 7.90%, due		
4/29/49,		
Series I (FRN) ^a	13,500,000	14,421,807
JP Morgan Chase Capital XXV,		
6.80%, due 10/1/37,		
Series Y	3,500,000	3,548,125
NB Capital Trust II, 7.83%, due		
12/15/26 ^a	3,503,000	3,130,806
PNC Financial Services Group,		
6.75%,		
due 7/29/49, (FRN)	6,000,000	5,888,862
See acco	ompanying notes to financial statements.	
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SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number of Shares	Value
Wells Fargo & Co., 7.98%, due 3/29/49,		Ghares	value
Series K (FRN) ^a		10,650,000	\$ 11,462,062
Wells Fargo & Co., 7.50%, Series L		23,000,000	+,,
(Convertible) ^a		7,520	8,005,040
			78,847,362
BANK FOREIGN	15.1%		
Abbey National Capital Trust I,			
8.963%,			
due 12/29/49 ^a		4,000,000	3,640,000
Barclays Bank PLC, 6.278%, due		1.500.000	1.025.470
12/31/49		1,500,000	1,035,470
BNP Paribas, 7.195%, due 12/31/49, 144Aa,b		3,250,000	2 200 275
BPCE SA, 9.00%, due 12/31/49		3,230,000	2,299,375
(France)(EUR)		750,000	691,615
Claudius Ltd., 7.875%, due 12/12/49		5,000,000	4,936,000
HSBC Capital Funding LP, 10.176%,		3,000,000	4,230,000
due 12/29/49,			
144A ^{a,b}		5,000,000	6,200,000
LBG Capital No.1 PLC, 8.00%, due			
12/29/49, 144A ^b		4,000,000	2,920,000
Rabobank Nederland, 8.375%, due			
12/31/49 ^a		1,000,000	995,795
Rabobank Nederland, 8.40%, due			
12/31/49		2,000,000	1,987,610
Rabobank Nederland, 11.00%, due		2 250 000	2.026.642
6/29/49, 144A ^b		3,350,000	3,936,642
Resona Preferred Global Securities,			
7.191%, due 12/29/49, 144A (FRN) ^b		4,250,000	4,205,791
SMFG Preferred Capital, 9.50%, due		4,230,000	4,203,791
7/29/49,			
144A (FRN) ^{a,b}		4,000,000	4,610,000
Standard Chartered PLC, 7.014%, due		1,000,000	1,010,000
7/29/49, 144A ^{a,b}		4,000,000	3,658,064
ITTA "		4,000,000	41,116,362
FINANCE	3.4%		71,110,302
CREDIT CARD	2.3%		
		4,200,000	4,205,250
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Capital One Capital III, 7.686%, due 8/15/36 ^a			
Capital One Capital VI, 8.875%, due			
5/15/40a		1,920,000	2,002,351
			6,207,601
INVESTMENT ADVISORY			
SERVICES FOREIGN	0.5%		
Old Mutual PLC, 8.00%, due 6/3/21,			
(United Kingdom)(GBP)		1,000,000	1,487,002
MORTGAGE LOAN/BROKER	0.6%		
Countrywide Capital III, 8.05%, due			
6/15/27,			
Series B		1,815,000	1,660,725
TOTAL FINANCE			9,355,328
	See accompanying notes 12		

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Number of	
NIGHT ANGE	20.68	Shares	Value
INSURANCE	20.6%		
LIFE/HEALTH INSURANCE	3.2%		
American General Institutional Capital			
B, 8.125%,			
due 3/15/46, 144Ab		2,000,000	\$ 1,820,000
Great-West Life & Annuity Insurance			
Co.,		4.407.000	
7.153%, due 5/16/46, 144A ^{a,b}		1,405,000	1,376,900
Lincoln National Corp., 7.00%, due			
5/17/66 ^a		2,000,000	1,825,000
Prudential Financial, 8.875%, due			
6/15/38 ^a		3,080,000	3,557,400
			8,579,300
LIFE/HEALTH			
INSURANCE FOREIGN	2.5%		
Dai-Ichi Mutual Life, 7.25%, due			
12/29/49, 144A ^b		1,000,000	1,008,356
Prudential PLC, 7.75%, due 6/23/16 ^a		6,000,000	5,823,000
			6,831,356
MULTI-LINE	6.9%		
American International Group,			
8.175%,			
due 5/15/68, (FRN)		5,000,000	4,500,000
AON Corp., 8.205%, due 1/1/27 ^a		950,000	1,112,023
MetLife Capital Trust IV, 7.875%, due			
12/15/37,			
144A ^{a,b}		6,450,000	6,724,125
MetLife Capital Trust X, 9.25%, due			
4/8/38, 144A ^{a,b}		5,599,000	6,424,853
			18,761,001
MULTI-LINE FOREIGN	2.3%		
AXA SA, 8.60%, due 12/15/30a		2,000,000	1,974,308
AXA SA, 6.463%, due 12/31/49,			
144A ^b		1,300,000	838,500
AXA SA, 6.379%, due 12/31/49,			
144A ^b		2,050,000	1,353,000
Old Mutual Capital Funding PLC,			
8.00%,			
due 5/29/49		2,150,000	2,060,775
			6,226,583
PROPERTY CASUALTY	1.6%		

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ACE Capital Trust II, 9.70%, due		
4/1/30 ^a	1,825,000	2,430,015
Liberty Mutual Group, 7.80%, due		
3/15/37, 144A ^{a,b}	2,000,000	1,800,000
		4,230,015
	See accompanying notes to financial statements.	
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SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

REINSURANCE FOREIGN Catlin Insurance Co., 7.249%, due 12/31/49, 144Aa,b QBE Capital Funding III Ltd., 7.25%, due 5/24/41, 144Aa,b 4,000,000 3,527,876 Swiss Re Capital I LP, 6.854%, due 5/29/49, 144Ab 1,500,000 1,282,287 Swiss Reinsurance Co. Ltd., Series I, 7.635%, due 12/31/49, (Australia)(AUD) 3,000,000 2,432,818
Catlin Insurance Co., 7.249%, due 12/31/49, 144A ^{a,b} QBE Capital Funding III Ltd., 7.25%, due 5/24/41, 144A ^{a,b} 4,000,000 3,527,876 Swiss Re Capital I LP, 6.854%, due 5/29/49, 144A ^b 1,500,000 1,282,287 Swiss Reinsurance Co. Ltd., Series I, 7.635%,
12/31/49, 144A ^{a,b} 4,550,000 \$ 3,901,625 QBE Capital Funding III Ltd., 7.25%, due 5/24/41, 144A ^{a,b} 4,000,000 3,527,876 Swiss Re Capital I LP, 6.854%, due 5/29/49, 144A ^b 1,500,000 1,282,287 Swiss Reinsurance Co. Ltd., Series I, 7.635%,
QBE Capital Funding III Ltd., 7.25%, due 5/24/41, 144Aa,b 4,000,000 3,527,876 Swiss Re Capital I LP, 6.854%, due 5/29/49, 144Ab 1,500,000 1,282,287 Swiss Reinsurance Co. Ltd., Series I, 7.635%,
due 5/24/41, 144Aa,b 4,000,000 3,527,876 Swiss Re Capital I LP, 6.854%, due 5/29/49, 144Ab 1,500,000 1,282,287 Swiss Reinsurance Co. Ltd., Series I, 7.635%,
144A ^{a,b} 4,000,000 3,527,876 Swiss Re Capital I LP, 6.854%, due 5/29/49, 144A ^b 1,500,000 1,282,287 Swiss Reinsurance Co. Ltd., Series I, 7.635%,
Swiss Re Capital I LP, 6.854%, due 5/29/49, 144A ^b 1,500,000 1,282,287 Swiss Reinsurance Co. Ltd., Series I, 7.635%,
5/29/49, 144A ^b 1,500,000 1,282,287 Swiss Reinsurance Co. Ltd., Series I, 7.635%,
7.635%,
due 12/31/49, (Australia)(AUD) 3,000,000 2.432,818
11,144,606
TOTAL INSURANCE 55,772,861
INTEGRATED
TELECOMMUNICATIONS
SERVICES 4.2%
Centaur Funding Corp., 9.08%, due
4/21/20, 144A ^b 10,000 11,331,250
OIL & GAS EXPLORATION &
PRODUCTION 0.6%
Origin Energy Finance Ltd., 7.875%,
due 6/16/71,
(Australia)(EUR) ^e 1,500,000 1,766,652
PIPELINES 5.8%
Enbridge Energy Partners LP, 8.05%,
due 10/1/37 ^a 5,980,000 6,325,734
Enterprise Products Operating LLC,
7.034%, due 1/15/68, Series B 2,500,000 2,603,180
due 1/15/68, Series B 2,500,000 2,603,180 Enterprise Products Operating LP,
8.375%,
due 8/1/66a 6,386,000 6,839,508
15,768,422
UTILITIES 5.7%
ELECTRIC UTILITIES 2.7%
FPL Group Capital, 7.30%, due
9/1/67, Series D ^a 7,015,000 7,304,011
GAS UTILITIES 0.3%
Southern Union Co., 3.447%, due
11/1/66, (FRN) 800,000 750,000
MULTI UTILITIES 2.7%

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Dominion Resources, 7.50%, due		
6/30/66, Series A ^a	3,900,000	4,098,884
PPL Capital Funding, 6.70%, due		
3/30/67, Series A ^a	3,300,000	3,222,645
		7,321,529
TOTAL UTILITIES		15,375,540
TOTAL PREFERRED		
SECURITIES CAPITAL		
SECURITIES		
(Identified cost \$235,737,165)		229,333,777
	See accompanying notes to financial statements.	
	14	

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

		Principal Amount	Value	
CORPORATE BONDS	6.1%	Amount	v alu e	
BANK	0.8%			
Regions Financial Corp., 7.375%, due	0.0 %			
12/10/37		\$ 2,700,000	\$ 2,295,000	
INSURANCE PROPERTY CASUALTY	2.4%	Ψ 2,700,000	Ψ 2,2 ,2,5,000	
Liberty Mutual Insurance, 7.697%, due				
10/15/97,				
144Aa,b		7,000,000	6,636,217	
INTEGRATED				
TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES	1.9%			
Citizens Communications Co., 9.00%,				
due 8/15/31 ^a		5,500,000	5,046,250	
REAL ESTATE SHOPPING CENTER	1.0%			
BR Malls International Finance Ltd., 8.509	% ,			
due 1/29/49, 144A (Brazil) ^{b,c}		2,500,000	2,587,500	
TOTAL CORPORATE BONDS				
(Identified cost \$17,214,159)			16,564,967	
		Number		
	4.0~	of Shares		
SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS	1.2%			
MONEY MARKET FUNDS				
BlackRock Liquidity Funds: FedFund, 0.01% ^f		1 600 120	1 (00 120	
		1,600,130	1,600,130	
Federated Government Obligations Fund, 0.01% ^f		1,600,122	1 600 122	
TOTAL SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS		1,000,122	1,600,122	
(Identified cost \$3,200,252)			3,200,252	
TOTAL INVESTMENTS (Identified			3,200,232	
cost \$409,766,336)	147.2%		399,321,023	
LIABILITIES IN EXCESS OF OTHER	147.270		377,321,023	
ASSETS	(47.2)		(127,967,436)	
NET ASSETS (Equivalent to \$22.60 per	(1,1=)		(==,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
share based on				
12,004,740 shares of common stock				
outstanding)	100.0%		\$ 271,353,587	
See	accompanying notes to final	ncial statements.		
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SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2011

Note: Percentages indicated are based on the net assets of the Fund.

- ^a A portion or all of the security is pledged in connection with the revolving credit agreement: \$177,626,460 has been pledged as collateral.
- ^b Resale is restricted to qualified institutional investors. Aggregate holdings equal 32.7% of net assets of the Fund, of which 2.2% are illiquid.
- ^c Illiquid security. Aggregate holdings equal 4.9% of net assets of the Fund.
- ^d A portion of the security is segregated as collateral for interest rate swap transactions: \$4,120,000 has been segregated as collateral.
- ^e Fair valued security. This security has been valued at its fair value as determined in good faith under procedures established by and under the general supervision of the Fund's Board of Directors. Aggregate fair value securities represent 0.6% of the net assets of the Fund.
- f Rate quoted represents the seven day yield of the fund.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2011

Interest rate swaps outstanding at December 31, 2011 are as follows:

Counterparty	Notional Amount	Fixed Rate Payable	Floating Rate ^a (resets monthly) Receivable	Termination Date	Unrealized Depreciation
Royal Bank		•		February	•
of Canada	\$ 45,000,000	1.695%	0.270%	2, 2015	\$ (1,464,622)
Royal Bank				February	
of Canada	\$ 40,000,000	1.517%	0.276%	10, 2014	(843,444)
Royal Bank				August	
of Canada	\$ 25,000,000	1.750%	0.291%	22, 2014	(753,449)
					\$ (3,061,515)

^a Based on LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate). Represents rates in effect at December 31, 2011.

Open forward foreign currency exchange contracts outstanding at December 31, 2011 are as follows:

Counterparty	Contracts to Deliver	In Exchange For	Settlement Date	Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation)
Brown Brothers,				
Harriman	AUD 2,355,519	USD 2,410,308	1/4/12	\$ 1,083
Brown Brothers,				
Harriman	USD 2,415,349	AUD 2,355,519	1/4/12	(6,124)
Brown Brothers,				
Harriman	AUD 2,375,490	USD 2,428,083	2/2/12	6,410
Brown Brothers,				
Harriman	EUR 1,824,000	USD 2,456,436	1/4/12	95,723
Brown Brothers,				
Harriman	USD 2,367,552	EUR 1,824,000	1/4/12	(6,839)
Brown Brothers,				
Harriman	EUR 1,899,938	USD 2,466,481	2/2/12	7,051
Brown Brothers,				
Harriman	GBP 903,300	USD 1,420,439	1/4/12	17,614
Brown Brothers,				
Harriman	USD 1,403,548	GBP 903,300	1/4/12	(723)
Brown Brothers,				
Harriman	GBP 955,341	USD 1,483,979	2/2/12	704
				\$ 114,899

AUD Australian Dollar

EUR Euro Currency

FRN Floating Rate Note

GBP Great British Pound

REIT Real Estate Investment Trust

TruPS Trust Preferred Securities

USD United States Dollar

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

December 31, 2011

ASSETS:		
Investments in securities, at value (Identified		
cost \$409,766,336)	\$ 399,321,023	
Cash	211,584	
Receivable for:	,	
Dividends and interest	4,582,513	
Investment securities sold	943,318	
Unrealized appreciation on forward foreign currency	,	
exchange contracts	128,585	
Other assets	8,369	
Total Assets	405,195,392	
LIABILITIES:		
Unrealized depreciation on interest rate swap		
transactions	3,061,515	
Unrealized depreciation on forward foreign currency		
exchange contracts	13,686	
Payable for:		
Revolving credit agreement	129,000,000	
Investment securities purchased	1,364,948	
Investment management fees	236,231	
Dividends declared	43,025	
Administration fees	16,874	
Interest expense	8,566	
Other liabilities	96,960	
Total Liabilities	133,841,805	
NET ASSETS	\$ 271,353,587	
NET ASSETS consist of:		
Paid-in capital	\$ 284,945,791	
Accumulated undistributed net investment income	527,618	
Accumulated net realized loss	(722,535)	
Net unrealized depreciation	(13,397,287)	
	\$ 271,353,587	
NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE		
(\$271,353,587 ÷ 12,004,740 shares outstanding)	\$ 22.60	
MARKET PRICE PER SHARE	\$ 21.68	
MARKET PRICE DISCOUNT TO NET ASSET VALUE		
PER SHARE	(4.07)	%

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Investment Income:	
Dividend income (net of \$3,734 of foreign withholding	
tax)	\$ 14,435,758
Interest income (net of \$641 of foreign withholding tax)	14,934,737
Total Income	29,370,495
Expenses:	
Investment management fees	2,841,854
Interest expense	1,402,136
Administration fees	277,698
Professional fees	263,613
Custodian fees and expenses	76,288
Shareholder reporting expenses	54,569
Directors' fees and expenses	23,849
Transfer agent fees and expenses	22,398
Line of credit fees	9,674
Registration and filing fees	8,942
Miscellaneous	62,351
Total Expenses	5,043,372
Net Investment Income	24,327,123
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss):	
Net realized gain (loss) on:	
Investments	(566,801)
Foreign currency transactions	127,132
Interest rate swap transactions	(1,315,949)
Net realized loss	(1,755,618)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on:	
Investments	(10,524,298)
Foreign currency translations	109,541
Interest rate swap transactions	(3,061,515)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	(13,476,272)
Net realized and unrealized loss	(15,231,890)
Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$ 9,095,233

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

				For the Period
	_		Nov	ember 24, 2010 ^a
	_	the Year Ended	Do	through
Change in Net Assets:	Dec	ember 31, 2011	Dec	cember 31, 2010
From Operations:				
Net investment income	\$	24,327,123	\$	935,385
Net realized loss	Ψ	(1,755,618)	Ψ	(10,518)
Net change in unrealized		(1,700,010)		(10,010)
appreciation				
(depreciation)		(13,476,272)		78,985
Net increase in net assets		, , ,		,
resulting				
from operations		9,095,233		1,003,852
Dividends and Distributions to				
Shareholders from:				
Net investment income		(21,678,167)		(2,009,794)
Net realized gain				(3,328)
Tax return of capital		(1,021,314)		
Total dividends and				
distributions				
to shareholders		(22,699,481)		(2,013,122)
Capital Stock Transactions:				
Increase in net assets from				
Fund share		7 44 4 000		070 750 500
transactions		7,114,309		278,752,500
Total increase (decrease) in		(0.400.000)		077 740 000
net assets		(6,489,939)		277,743,230
Net Assets:		077 040 E06		100.006
Beginning of period	\$	277,843,526	\$	100,296 277,843,526
End of period ^b	Ф	271,353,587	Ф	<i>∠11</i> ,043,320

^a Commencement of operations.

^b Includes accumulated undistributed net investment income and dividends in excess of net investment income of \$527,618 and \$1,071,519, respectively.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Decrease in Cash:	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 9,095,233
Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets resulting from	
operations to net cash used for operating activities:	
Purchases of long-term investments	(346,856,451)
Net purchases, sales and maturities of short-term	
investments	24,501,677
Net amortization/accretion of premium (discount)	653,534
Proceeds from sales and maturities of long-term	
investments	188,365,210
Net increase in dividends and interest receivable and	
other assets	(1,863,082)
Net decrease in interest expense payable, accrued	
expenses and	
other liabilities	82,063
Net change in unrealized depreciation on investments	10,524,298
Net change in unrealized depreciation on interest rate	
swaps	3,061,515
Net change on unrealized appreciation on forward	
foreign currency	(, , , , <u>-</u>)
exchange contracts	(114,899)
Net realized loss on investments	566,801
Cash used for operating activities	(111,984,101)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	-
Increase in net assets from Fund share transactions	7,114,309
Drawdown on revolving credit agreement	129,000,000
Distributions paid on common shares	(24,669,578)
Cash provided by financing activities	111,444,731
Decrease in cash	(539,370)
Cash at beginning of year	750,954
Cash at end of year	\$ 211,584

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following table includes selected data for a share outstanding throughout each period and other performance information derived from the financial statements. It should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto.

	Ye	For the ar Ended	Novemb th	he Period per 24, 2010 ^a nrough
Per Share Operating Performance:		nber 31, 2011		ber 31, 2010
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$	23.74	\$	23.88
Income from investment operations:		0.00		0.00
Net investment income		2.03		0.08
Net realized and unrealized gain		(4.00)		0.04
(loss)		(1.28)		0.01
Total income from investment		0.75		0.00
operations	,	0.75		0.09
Less dividends and distributions to shareholde	ers from:	(1.21)		(0.47)
Net investment income		(1.81)		(0.17)
Net realized gain		(2.22)		(0.00) ^b
Tax return of capital		(0.08)		
Total dividends and distributions to		(4.00)		(0.47)
shareholders		(1.89)		(0.17)
Offering costs charged to paid-in				4
capital		(0.00) ^b		(0.06)
Dilutive effect of issuance of common				(= ==)
shares		(0.00) ^b		(0.00) ^b
Net decrease in net asset value		(1.14)		(0.14)
Net asset value, end of period	\$	22.60	\$	23.74
Market value, end of period	\$	21.68	\$	24.83
Total net asset value returnd		3.20%		0.12% ^c
Total market value returnd		5.35%		0.03% ^c
Ratios/Supplemental Data:				
Net assets, end of period (in millions)	\$	271.4	\$	277.8
Ratio of expenses to average daily				
net assets		1.78%		1.17% ^e
Ratio of expenses to average daily				
net assets (excluding				
interest expense)		1.28%		1.17% ^e
Ratio of net investment income to				
average daily net assets		8.57%		3.79% ^e
Ratio of expenses to average daily				
managed assets ^f		1.24%		
Portfolio turnover rate		48%		1% ^c
Revolving Credit Agreement				
		310%		

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Asset coverage ratio for revolving credit agreement

Asset coverage per \$1,000 for revolving credit agreement

\$ 3,104

- ^a Commencement of operations.
- b Amount is less than \$0.005.
- ^c Not annualized.
- ^d Total market value return is computed based upon the New York Stock Exchange market price of the Fund's shares and excludes the effects of brokerage commissions. Total net asset value return measures the changes in value over the period indicated, taking into account dividends as reinvested. Dividends and distributions, if any, are assumed for purposes of these calculations, to be reinvested at prices obtained under the Fund's dividend reinvestment plan.
- e Annualized.
- ^f Average daily managed assets represent net assets plus the outstanding balance of the revolving credit agreement.

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies

Cohen & Steers Select Preferred and Income Fund, Inc. (the Fund) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Maryland on August 16, 2010 and is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, as a nondiversified, closed-end management investment company. The Fund's investment objective is high current income. The Fund had no operations until October 6, 2010 when it sold 4,200 shares to Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc. (the investment manager). Investment operations commenced on November 24, 2010.

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies consistently followed by the Fund in the preparation of its financial statements. The policies are in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Portfolio Valuation: Investments in securities that are listed on the New York Stock Exchange are valued, except as indicated below, at the last sale price reflected at the close of the New York Stock Exchange on the business day as of which such value is being determined. If there has been no sale on such day, the securities are valued at the mean of the closing bid and asked prices on such day or, if no asked price is available, at the bid price. Forward contracts are valued daily at the prevailing forward exchange rate.

Securities not listed on the New York Stock Exchange but listed on other domestic or foreign securities exchanges are valued in a similar manner. Securities traded on more than one securities exchange are valued at the last sale price on the business day as of which such value is being determined as reflected on the tape at the close of the exchange representing the principal market for such securities. If after the close of a foreign market, but prior to the close of business on the day the securities are being valued, market conditions change significantly, certain foreign securities may be fair valued pursuant to procedures established by the Board of Directors.

Readily marketable securities traded in the over-the-counter market, including listed securities whose primary market is believed by the investment manager to be over-the-counter, are valued at the official closing prices as reported by sources as the Board of Directors deem appropriate to reflect their fair market value. If there has been no sale on such day, the securities are valued at the mean of the closing bid and asked prices on such day, or if no asked price is available, at the bid price. However, certain fixed-income securities may be valued on the basis of prices provided by a pricing service when such prices are believed by the investment manager, pursuant to delegation by the Board of Directors, to reflect the fair market value of such securities. Interest rate swaps are valued utilizing quotes received from an outside pricing service.

Securities for which market prices are unavailable, or securities for which the investment manager determines that the bid and/or asked price does not reflect market value, will be valued at fair value pursuant to procedures approved by the Fund's Board of Directors. Circumstances in which market prices may be unavailable include, but are not limited to, when trading in a security is suspended, the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

exchange on which the security is traded is subject to an unscheduled close or disruption or material events occur after the close of the exchange on which the security is principally traded. In these circumstances, the Fund determines fair value in a manner that fairly reflects the market value of the security on the valuation date based on consideration of any information or factors it deems appropriate. These may include, but are not limited to, recent transactions in comparable securities, information relating to the specific security and developments in the markets.

The Fund's use of fair value pricing may cause the net asset value of Fund shares to differ from the net asset value that would be calculated using market quotations. Fair value pricing involves subjective judgments and it is possible that the fair value determined for a security may be materially different than the value that could be realized upon the sale of that security.

Short-term debt securities with a maturity date of 60 days or less are valued at amortized cost, which approximates value. Investments in open-end mutual funds are valued at their closing net asset value.

Fair value is defined as the price that the Fund would receive to sell an investment or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction with an independent buyer in the principal market, or in the absence of a principal market the most advantageous market for the investment or liability. The hierarchy of inputs that are used in determining the fair value of the Fund's investments is summarized below.

- Level 1 guoted prices in active markets for identical investments
- Level 2 other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.)
- Level 3 significant unobservable inputs (including the Fund's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities.

The following is a summary of the inputs used as of December 31, 2011 in valuing the Fund's investments carried at value:

	Total	Quoted Prices In Active Market for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Preferred Securities \$25 Par Value Bank	\$ 35,563,557	\$ 32,136,995	\$	\$ 3,426,562
Preferred Securities \$25	7,125,342	4,437,993	2,687,349	

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Par

Value Insurance

Multi-Line Foreign

Preferred

Securities \$25

Par

Value Insurance

Reinsurance Foreign 7,986,818 5,513,193 2,473,625

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	Total	Quoted Prices In Active Market for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Preferred Securities \$25 Par Value Other				
Industries	\$ 99,546,310	\$ 99,546,310	\$	\$
Preferred Securities Capit	·al			
Securities Bank		16,327,212	62,520,150	
Preferred Securities Capital Securities Oil & Gas Exploration &				
Production	1,766,652			1,766,652
Preferred Securities Capital Securities Other				
Industries	148,719,763		148,719,763	
Corporate Bonds	16,564,967		16,564,967	
Money Market Funds	3,200,252		3,200,252	
Total	Φ 000 004 000	Φ 457 004 700	Ф 000 100 100	Φ 5400.044
Investments Other Financial	\$ 399,321,023	\$ 157,961,703	\$ 236,166,106	\$ 5,193,214
Instruments*	\$ (2,946,616)		\$ (2,946,616)	

^{*} Other financial instruments are forward foreign currency exchange contracts and interest rate swap contracts.

Following is a reconciliation of investments in which significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) were used in determining fair value:

Total	Preferred	Preferred
Investments	Securities \$25	Securities

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	in Securities	Par Value Bank	Capital Securities Oil & Gas Exploration & Production
Balance as of December 31, 2010	\$	\$	\$
Change in unrealized depreciation Purchases	(535,742) 5,728,956	(126,50 3,553,12	,
Balance as of December 31, 2011	\$ 5,193,214	\$ 3,426,50	
		25	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Investments classified as Level 3 infrequently trade and have significant unobservable inputs. The Level 3 \$25 par value security is deemed illiquid and was valued by a pricing service which utilized independent broker quotes. The Level 3 preferred security capital security was fair valued, pursuant to the Fund's fair value procedures, utilizing inputs and assumptions which include book value, recent comparables in similar securities, as well as liquidity and market risk factors.

Security Transactions and Investment Income: Security transactions are recorded on trade date. Realized gains and losses on investments sold are recorded on the basis of identified cost. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Discounts are accreted and premiums are amortized over the life of the respective securities. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date, except for certain dividends on foreign securities, which are recorded as soon as the Fund is informed after the ex-dividend date. The Fund records distributions received in excess of income from underlying investments as a reduction of cost of investments and/or an increase in realized gain. Such amounts are based on estimates if actual amounts are not available, and actual amounts of income, realized gain and return of capital may differ from the estimated amounts. The Fund adjusts the estimated amounts of the components of distributions (and consequently its net investment income) as an increase to unrealized appreciation/(depreciation) and realized gain/(loss) on investments as necessary once the issuers provide information about the actual composition of the distributions.

Foreign Currency Translations: The books and records of the Fund are maintained in U.S. dollars as follows: (1) the foreign currency market value of investment securities, other assets and liabilities and foreign currency contracts are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the period; and (2) purchases, sales, income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions. The resultant exchange gains and losses are recorded as realized and unrealized gain/loss on foreign exchange transactions. Pursuant to U.S. federal income tax regulations, certain foreign exchange gains/losses included in realized and unrealized gain/loss are included in or are a reduction of ordinary income for federal income tax purposes. The Fund does not isolate that portion of the results of operations arising as a result of changes in the foreign exchange rates from the changes in the market prices of the securities.

Foreign Securities and Forward Foreign Currency Exchange Contracts: The Fund may directly purchase securities of foreign issuers. Investing in securities of foreign issuers involves special risks not typically associated with investing in securities of U.S. issuers. The risks include possible revaluation of currencies, the ability to repatriate funds, less complete financial information about companies and possible future adverse political and economic developments. Moreover, securities of many foreign issuers and their markets may be less liquid and their prices more volatile than those of securities of comparable U.S. issuers.

In connection with its investments in foreign securities, the Fund may be exposed to foreign currency risks associated with portfolio investments and therefore use forward foreign currency exchange contracts (forward contracts) to hedge or manage these exposures. Forward contracts represent obligations to purchase or sell foreign currency on a specified future date at a price fixed at the time the contracts are entered into. The risks include the potential inability of counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts and unanticipated movements in the value of a foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar. The resultant unrealized exchange gains and losses are recorded as unrealized foreign currency translation gains or

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

losses. The Fund records realized gains or losses on delivery of the currency or at the time the forward contract is extinguished (compensated) by entering into a closing transaction prior to delivery.

Interest Rate Swaps: The Fund uses interest rate swaps in connection with borrowing under its credit agreement. The interest rate swaps are intended to reduce the risk that an increase in short-term interest rates could have on the performance of the Fund's common shares as a result of the floating rate structure of interest owed pursuant to the credit agreement. In these interest rate swaps, the Fund agrees to pay the other party to the interest rate swap (which is known as the counterparty) a fixed rate payment in exchange for the counterparty agreeing to pay the Fund a variable rate payment that is intended to approximate the Fund's variable rate payment obligation on the credit agreement. The payment obligation is based on the notional amount of the swap. Depending on the state of interest rates in general, the use of interest rate swaps could enhance or harm the overall performance of the common shares. The market value of interest rate swaps is based on pricing models that consider the time value of money, volatility, the current market and contractual prices of the underlying financial instrument. Unrealized appreciation is reported as an asset and unrealized depreciation is reported as a liability on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. The change in value of swaps, including the accrual of periodic amounts of interest to be paid or received on swaps, is reported as unrealized appreciation or depreciation in the Statement of Operations. A realized gain or loss is recorded upon payment or receipt of a periodic payment or termination of swap agreements. Swap agreements involve, to varying degrees, elements of market and counterparty risk, and exposure to loss in excess of the related amounts reflected in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. The Fund's maximum risk of loss from counterparty credit risk is the discounted net value of the cash flows to be received from the counterparty over the contract's remaining life, to the extent that such amount is positive.

For each swap counterparty, the Fund entered into an International Swap and Derivatives Association Inc. Master Agreement and related annexes thereto ("ISDAs") which sets forth the general terms and conditions of the Fund's swap transactions.

Dividends and Distributions to Shareholders: Dividends from net investment income and capital gain distributions are determined in accordance with U.S. federal income tax regulations, which may differ from GAAP. Dividends from net investment income, if any, are declared and paid monthly. Net realized capital gains, unless offset by any available capital loss carryforward, are typically distributed to shareholders at least annually. Dividends and distributions to shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date and are automatically reinvested in full and fractional shares of the Fund in accordance with the Fund's Reinvestment Plan unless the shareholder has elected to have them paid in cash.

Distributions paid by the Fund are subject to recharacterization for tax purposes. Based upon the results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2011, a portion of the dividends have been reclassified to return of capital.

Income Taxes: It is the policy of the Fund to continue to qualify as a regulated investment company, if such qualification is in the best interest of the shareholders, by complying with the requirements of Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to regulated investment companies, and by distributing substantially all of its taxable earnings to its shareholders. Accordingly, no provision for federal income or excise tax is necessary. Dividend and interest income from holdings in non-U.S.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

securities is recorded net of non-U.S. taxes paid. Management has analyzed the Fund's tax positions taken on federal income tax returns as well as its tax positions in non-U.S. jurisdictions where it trades for all open tax years and has concluded that as of December 31, 2011, no additional provisions for income tax would be required in the Fund's financial statements. The Fund's tax positions for the tax years for which the applicable statutes of limitations have not expired are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service, state departments of revenue and by foreign tax authorities.

Note 2. Investment Management Fees, Administration Fees and Other Transactions with Affiliates

Investment Management Fees: The investment manager serves as the Fund's investment manager pursuant to an investment management agreement (the investment management agreement). Under the terms of the investment management agreement, the investment manager provides the Fund with day-to-day investment decisions and generally manages the Fund's investments in accordance with the stated policies of the Fund, subject to the supervision of the Board of Directors.

For the services under the investment management agreement, the Fund pays the investment manager a management fee, accrued daily and paid monthly, at an annual rate of 0.70% of the Fund's average daily managed asset value. Managed asset value is the net asset value of the common shares plus the amount of any borrowings used for leverage outstanding.

Administration Fees: The Fund has entered into an administrative agreement with the investment manager under which the investment manager performs certain administrative functions for the Fund and receives a fee, accrued daily and paid monthly, at the annual rate of 0.05% of the Fund's average daily managed assets. For the year ended December 31, 2011, the Fund paid the investment manager \$202,989 in fees under this administration agreement. Additionally, the Fund pays State Street Bank and Trust Company as co-administrator under a fund accounting and administration agreement.

Directors' and Officers' Fees: Certain directors and officers of the Fund are also directors, officers, and/or employees of the investment manager. The Fund does not pay compensation to any directors and officers affiliated with the investment manager except for the Chief Compliance Officer, who received compensation from the investment manager that was reimbursed by the Fund in the amount of \$6,428 for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Note 3. Purchases and Sales of Securities

Purchases and sales of securities, excluding short-term investments, for the year ended December 31, 2011, totaled \$344,349,171 and \$188,445,504 respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 4. Income Tax Information

The tax character of dividends and distributions paid was as follows:

		For the Period
		November 24,
	For the Year	2010 ^a
	Ended	through
	December 31,	December 31,
	2011	2010
Ordinary income	\$ 21,678,167	\$ 2,009,794
Long-term capital gain		3,328
Tax return of capital	1,021,314	
Total dividends and distributions	\$ 22,699,481	\$ 2,013,122

^a Commencement of operations.

As of December 31, 2011, the tax-basis components of accumulated earnings and the federal tax cost were as follows:

Cost for federal income tax purposes	\$ 409,643,837
Gross unrealized appreciation	\$ 112,916,122
Gross unrealized depreciation	(123,238,936)
Net unrealized depreciation	(10,322,814)
Other cost basis adjustments	(2,741,908)
Total net unrealized depreciation	\$ (13,064,722)

The other cost basis adjustments are primarily attributable to unrealized depreciation on interest rate swaps.

As of December 31, 2011, the Fund had a short-term net capital loss carryforward of \$166,579 which may be used to offset future capital gains. These losses may offset capital gains recognized in any future period. In addition, the Fund incurred short-term capital losses of \$347,455 and net ordinary losses of \$13,448 after October 31, 2011, that it has elected to treat as arising in the following fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2011, the Fund had temporary book/tax differences primarily attributable to wash sales on portfolio securities and income from certain preferred securities and permanent book/tax differences primarily attributable to foreign currency transactions, differing treatment on interest rate swaps and income from certain types of preferred securities. To reflect reclassifications arising from the permanent differences, accumulated net realized loss was credited \$1,049,819 and accumulated undistributed net investment income was charged \$1,049,819. Net assets were not affected by this reclassification.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 5. Capital Stock

The Fund is authorized to issue 250 million shares of common stock at a par value of \$0.001 per share.

On November 24, 2010, the Fund completed the initial public offering of 11,200,000 shares of common stock. Proceeds paid to the Fund amounted to \$266,840,000 after the deduction of underwriting commissions and offering expenses of \$13,160,000.

On December 14, 2010, the Fund completed a subsequent offering of 500,000 shares of common stock. Proceeds paid to the Fund amounted to \$11,912,500 after deduction of underwriting commissions and offering expenses of \$587,500.

On January 4, 2011, the Fund completed a subsequent offering of 278,295 shares of common stock. Proceeds paid to the fund amounted to \$6,582,511 after deduction of underwriting commissions and offering expenses of \$374,864.

Additionally, the investment manager absorbed approximately \$91,000 in offering expenses related to both the initial and subsequent offerings.

On December 14, 2011, the Board of Directors approved the continuation of the delegation of its authority to management to effect repurchases, pursuant to management's discretion and subject to market conditions and investment considerations, of up to 10% of the Fund's common shares outstanding ("Share Repurchase Program") as of January 1, 2012 through the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012. During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Fund did not effect any repurchases.

During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Fund issued 22,245 shares of common stock for the reinvestment of dividends. During the period November 24, 2010 (commencement of operations) through December 31, 2010, the Fund issued no shares of common stock for the reinvestment of dividends.

Note 6. Borrowings

Effective January 6, 2011, the Fund has a revolving credit agreement (the credit agreement) with Bank of America, N.A. London Branch (BoA). The initial amount of the credit agreement was \$122,000,000. On May 23, 2011 the credit agreement was amended to increase the maximum commitment to \$129,000,000. The Fund pays a facility fee of 0.45% per annum on the unused portion of the credit agreement. The credit agreement has a 270-day rolling term that resets daily; however, if the Fund exceeds certain net asset value triggers, the credit agreement may be terminated. The Fund is required to pledge portfolio securities as collateral in an amount up to two times the loan balance outstanding and has granted a security interest in the securities pledged to, and in favor of, BoA as security for the loan balance outstanding. If the Fund fails to meet certain requirements, or maintain other financial covenants required under the credit agreement, the Fund may be required to repay immediately, in part or in full, the loan balance outstanding under the credit agreement necessitating the sale of portfolio securities at potentially inopportune times.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As of December 31, 2011, the Fund has outstanding borrowings of \$129,000,000. During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Fund borrowed an average daily balance of \$124,275,766 at a weighted average borrowing cost of 1.13%.

Note 7. Derivative Investments

The following tables present the value of derivatives held at December 31, 2011 and the effect of derivatives held during the year ended December 31, 2011, along with the respective location in the financial statements. The notional amount of outstanding interest rate swaps at December 31, 2011 is \$110,000,000. The average notional amount outstanding during the year ended December 31, 2011 was \$98,986,301.

Statement of A	ssets and Liabilities			
		Assets		Liabilities
Derivatives Interest rate	Location Unrealized	Fair Value	Location Unrealized	Fair Value
contracts	appreciation	\$	depreciation	\$ 3,061,515
Foreign				
exchange	Unrealized		Unrealized	
contracts	appreciation	128,585	depreciation	13,686
Statement of O	perations			

Derivatives	Location	Realized Gain/(Loss)	Change in Unrealized Appreciation/ (Depreciation)
Interest rate contracts	Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss)	\$ (1,315,949)	\$ (3,061,515)
Foreign exchange contracts	Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss)	129,503	114,899

The notional amount of outstanding forward foreign currency exchange contracts at December 31, 2011 is \$6,378,543. The average notional amount outstanding during the year ended December 31, 2011 was \$2,728,000.

Note 8. Other

In the normal course of business, the Fund enters into contracts that provide general indemnifications. The Fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is dependent on claims that may be made against the Fund in the future and, therefore, cannot be estimated; however, based on experience, the risk of material loss from such claims is considered remote.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 9. New Accounting Pronouncement

In May 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-04, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820) Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs" ("ASU 2011-04"). ASU 2011-04 clarifies the application of existing fair value measurement requirements, changes certain principles related to measuring fair value, and requires additional disclosures about fair value measurements.

Required disclosures are expanded under the new guidance, especially for fair value measurements that are categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, for which quantitative information about the unobservable inputs used, and a narrative description of the valuation processes in place and sensitivity of recurring Level 3 measurements to changes in unobservable inputs will be required.

Management is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of this pronouncement will have on the Fund's financial statements. ASU 2011-04 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2011.

Note 10. Subsequent Events

Events and transactions occurring after December 31, 2011 and through the date that the financial statements were issued, have been evaluated in the preparation of the financial statements and no additional disclosure is required.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Cohen & Steers Select Preferred and Income Fund, Inc.

In our opinion, the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the schedule of investments, and the related statements of operations and of changes in net assets and the financial highlights present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Cohen & Steers Select Preferred and Income Fund, Inc. (the "Fund") at December 31, 2011, the results of its operations for the year then ended and the changes in its net assets and the financial highlights for the year then ended and for the period from November 24, 2010 (commencement of operations) through December 31, 2010, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements and financial highlights (hereafter referred to as "financial statements") are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these financial statements in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits, which included confirmation of securities at December 31, 2011 by correspondence with the custodian and brokers, provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP New York, New York February 23, 2012

AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS

(Periods ended December 31, 2011) (Unaudited)

Based on Net Asset Value		Based on Market Value	
	Since Inception		Since Inception
One Year	(11/24/10)	One Year	(11/24/10)
3.20%	3.01%	5.35%	4.85%

The performance data quoted represent past performance. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. The investment return will vary and the principal value of an investment will fluctuate and shares, if sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted. Performance results reflect the effect of leverage from utilization of borrowings under a credit agreement. Current total returns of the Fund can be obtained by visiting our Web site at cohenandsteers.com.

TAX INFORMATION 2011 (Unaudited)

Pursuant to the Jobs and Growth Relief Reconciliation Act of 2003, the Fund designates qualified dividend income of \$7,536,956. Additionally, 19.1% of the ordinary dividends qualified for the dividends received deduction available to corporations.

REINVESTMENT PLAN

The Fund has a dividend reinvestment plan commonly referred to as an "opt-out" plan (the "Plan"). Each common shareholder who participates in the Plan will have all distributions of dividends and capital gains ("Dividends") automatically reinvested in additional common shares by Computershare as agent (the "Plan Agent"). Effective January 1, 2012, Computershare acquired certain lines of business from The Bank of New York Mellon, who acted as plan agent prior to such date. All terms and conditions of the Plan remain unchanged. Shareholders who elect not to participate in the Plan will receive all Dividends in cash paid by check mailed directly to the shareholder of record (or if the shares are held in street or other nominee name, then to the nominee) by the Plan Agent, as dividend disbursing agent. Shareholders whose common shares are held in the name of a broker or nominee should contact the broker or nominee to determine whether and how they may participate in the Plan.

The Plan Agent serves as agent for the shareholders in administering the Plan. After the Fund declares a Dividend, the Plan Agent will, as agent for the shareholders, either: (i) receive the cash payment and use it to buy common shares in the open market, on the NYSE or elsewhere, for the participants' accounts or (ii) distribute newly issued common shares of the Fund on behalf of the participants.

The Plan Agent will receive cash from the Fund with which to buy common shares in the open market if, on the Dividend payment date, the net asset value ("NAV") per share exceeds the market price per share plus estimated brokerage commissions on that date. The Plan Agent will receive the Dividend in newly issued common shares of the Fund if, on the Dividend payment date, the market price per share plus estimated brokerage commissions equals or exceeds the NAV per share of the Fund on that date. The number of shares to be issued will be computed at a per share rate equal to the greater of (i) the NAV or (ii) 95% of

Edgar Filing: Cohen & Steers Select Preferred & Income Fund, Inc. - Form N-CSR the closing market price per share on the payment date.

If the market price per share is less than the NAV on a Dividend payment date, the Plan Agent will have until the last business day before the next ex-dividend date for the common stock, but in no event more than 30 days after the Dividend payment date (as the case may be, the "Purchase Period"), to invest the Dividend amount in shares acquired in open market purchases. If at the close of business on any day during the Purchase Period on which NAV is calculated the NAV equals or is less than the market price per share plus estimated brokerage commissions, the Plan Agent will cease making open market purchases and the uninvested portion of such Dividends shall be filled through the issuance of new shares of common stock from the Fund at the price set forth in the immediately preceding paragraph.

Participants in the Plan may withdraw from the Plan upon notice to the Plan Agent. Such withdrawal will be effective immediately if received not less than ten days prior to a Dividend record date; otherwise, it will be effective for all subsequent Dividends. If any participant elects to have the Plan Agent sell all or part of his or her shares and remit the proceeds, the Plan Agent is authorized to deduct a \$15.00 fee plus \$0.10 per share brokerage commissions.

The Plan Agent's fees for the handling of reinvestment of Dividends will be paid by the Fund. However, each participant will pay a pro rata share of brokerage commissions incurred with respect to the Plan Agent's open market purchases in connection with the reinvestment of Dividends. The automatic reinvestment of Dividends will not relieve participants of any income tax that may be payable or required to be withheld on such Dividends.

The Fund reserves the right to amend or terminate the Plan. All correspondence concerning the Plan should be directed to the Plan Agent at 800-432-8224.

OTHER INFORMATION

A description of the policies and procedures that the Fund uses to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities is available (i) without charge, upon request, by calling 800-330-7348, (ii) on our Web site at cohenandsteers.com or (iii) on the Securities and Exchange Commission's Web site at http://www.sec.gov. In addition, the Fund's proxy voting record for the most recent 12-month period ended June 30 is available by August 31 of each year (i) without charge, upon request, by calling 800-330-7348 or (ii) on the SEC's Web site at http://www.sec.gov.

The Fund files its complete schedule of portfolio holdings with the SEC for the first and third quarters of each fiscal year on Form N-Q. The Fund's Forms N-Q are available (i) without charge, upon request by calling 800-330-7348, or (ii) on the SEC's Web site at http://www.sec.gov. In addition, the Forms N-Q may be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC. Information on the operation of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling 800-SEC-0330.

Please note that the distributions paid by the Fund to shareholders are subject to recharacterization for tax purposes and are taxable up to the amount of the Fund's investment company taxable income and net realized gains. Distributions in excess of the Fund's net investment company taxable income and realized gains are a return of capital distributed from the Fund's assets. To the extent this occurs, the Fund's shareholders of record will be notified of the estimated amount of capital returned to shareholders for each such distribution and this information will also be available at cohenandsteers.com. The final tax treatment of all distributions is reported to shareholders on their 1099-DIV forms, which are

mailed after the close of each calendar year. Distributions of capital decrease the Fund's total assets and, therefore, could have the effect of increasing the Fund's expense ratio. In addition, in order to make these distributions, the Fund may have to sell portfolio securities at a less than opportune time.

Notice is hereby given in accordance with Rule 23c-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 that the Fund may purchase, from time to time, shares of its common stock in the open market.

Change to Investment Policy

The Board of Directors approved revisions to the ratings criteria for determining whether a security is deemed investment grade or below investment grade. The determination of whether a security is deemed investment grade or below investment grade will be determined at the time of investment. A security will be considered to be investment grade if it is rated as such by one nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) (for example minimum Baa3 or BBB- by Moody's or S&P) or, if unrated, is judged to be investment grade by the investment manager.

MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND

The business and affairs of the Fund are managed under the direction of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors approves all significant agreements between the Fund and persons or companies furnishing services to it, including the Fund's agreements with its advisor, administrator, co-administrator, custodian and transfer agent. The management of the Fund's day-to-day operations is delegated to its officers, the advisor, administrator and co-administrator, subject always to the investment objective and policies of the Fund and to the general supervision of the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors and officers of the Fund and their principal occupations during at least the past five years are set forth below. The statement of additional information (SAI) includes additional information about fund directors and is available, without charge, upon request by calling 800-330-7348.

Name, Address ¹ and Position(s) Held Age With Fund Interested Director ⁴	Term of Office ²	Principal Occupation During At Least The Past 5 Years (Including Other Directorships Held)	Number of Funds Within Fund Complex Overseen by Director (Including the Fund)	Length of Time Served ³
Robert Director and H. Co-Chairman Steers Age: 58	Until next election of directors	Co-Chairman and Co-Chief Executive Officer of Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc. (the Advisor) since 2003 and its parent, Cohen & Steers, Inc. since 2004. Vice President of Cohen & Steers Securities, LLC.	19	1991 to present
Martin Director and Cohen Co-Chairman Age: 63	Until next election of directors	Co-Chairman and Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Advisor since 2003 and Cohen & Steers, Inc. since 2004. Prior to that, President of the Advisor; Vice President of Cohen & Steers Securities, LLC.	19	1991 to present

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Disinterested Directors

From May 2006 to Michael Director Until next 19 June 2011 to election of June 2011, G. present Clark President and Chief directors Age: **Executive Officer of** 46 DWS Funds and Managing Director of Deutsche Asset Management.

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Name, Position(s Address ¹ Held and With Age Fund Bonnie Director Cohen ⁵ Age: 69	Term of Office ² Until next	Principal Occupation During At Least The Past 5 Years (Including Other Directorships Held) Consultant. Board Member, United States Department of Defense Business Board since 2010; Advisory Board member, Posse Foundation since 2004; Trustee, H. Rubenstein Foundation since 1996; Trustee, District of Columbia Public Libraries since 2004; Board member Teluride Mountain Film Festival since 2010; Former Director, Reis, Inc. (real estate analytics firm) from 2003 to 2009; Former member of the Investment Committee, The Moriah Fund from 2002 to 2008; Former Board member, Foundation for Arts and Preservations in Embassies from 2001 to 2009; Former Under Secretary of State for Management, United States Department of State, 1996-2000.	Number of Funds Within Fund Complex Overseen by Director (Including the Fund) 19	Length of Time Served ³ 2001 to present
George Director Grossman Age: 58	Until next election of directors	•	19	1993 to present
Richard Director E. Kroon Age: 69		Member of Investment Committee, Monmouth University since 2004; Retired Chairman and Managing Partner of Sprout Group venture capital funds, then an affiliate of Donaldson, Lufkin and Jenrette Securities Corporation from 1981 to 2001. Former chairman of the National Venture Capital Association for the year 2000.	19	2004 to present

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Name, Position(s Address ¹ Held and With Age Fund Richard Director J. Norman Age: 68	Term of Office ² Until next	Principal Occupation During At Least The Past 5 Years (Including Other Directorships Held) Private Investor. Member, District of Columbia Department of Corrections Chaplains Corps from 2008 to February 2010; Member, Montgomery County, Maryland Department of Corrections Chaplains Corp since February 2010; Special Representative, Salvation Army World Service Organization (SAWSO) since 2010; Advisory Board Member, The Salvation Army since 1985; Financial Education Fund Chair, The Foundation Board of Maryland Public Television since 2009; Former President, Executive Committee, Chair of Investment Committee, The Foundation Board of Maryland Public Television from 1997 to 2008. Prior thereto, Investment Representative of Morgan Stanley Dean Witter from 1966 to 2000.	Number of Funds Within Fund Complex Overseen by Director (Including the Fund) 19	Length of Time Served ³ 2001 to present
Frank Director K. Ross Age: 68	Until next election of directors	Visiting Professor of Accounting, Howard University School of Business since 2004; Board member and Audit Committee Chair and Human Resources and Compensation Committee Member, Pepco Holdings, Inc. (electric utility) since 2004. Formerly, Midatlantic Area Managing Partner for Assurance Services at KPMG LLP and Managing Partner of its Washington, DC offices from 1977 to 2003.	19	2004 to present

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Name, Position(s Address ¹ Held and With Age Fund Willard Director H. Smith Jr. Age: 75	Term of Office ²	Principal Occupation During At Least The Past 5 Years (Including Other Directorships Held) Board member, Essex Property Trust, Inc. since 1996; Former Board member, Realty Income Corporation from 1996 to 2009; Former Board member, Highwoods Property Trust from 1996 to 2005; Former Board member, Crest Net Lease, Inc. from 1999 to 2009 Formerly, Managing Director at Merrill Lynch & Co., Equity Capital Markets Division, from 1983 to 1995.	Number of Funds Within Fund Complex Overseen by Director (Including the Fund) 19	Length of Time Served ³ 1996 to present
C. Director Edward Ward Jr. Age: 65		Member of The Board of Trustees of Manhattan College, Riverdale, New York since 2004. Formerly Director of closed-end fund management for the New York Stock Exchange, where he worked from 1979 to 2004.	19	2004 to present

¹ The address for each director is 280 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017.

² On March 12, 2008, the Board of Directors adopted a mandatory retirement policy stating a Director must retire from the Board on December 31st of the year in which he or she turns 75 years of age.

³ The length of time served represents the year in which the director was first elected or appointed to any fund in the Cohen & Steers fund complex.

⁴ "Interested person", as defined in the 1940 Act, of the fund because of affiliation with CSCM (Interested Directors).

⁵ Martin Cohen and Bonnie Cohen are not related.

⁶ Effective December 31, 2011, Willard H. Smith, Jr. retired from the Board of Directors in accordance with the mandatory retirement policy.

The officers of the fund (other than Messrs. Cohen and Steers, whose biographies are provided above), their address, their ages and their principal occupations for at least the past five years are set forth below.

Name, Address and Age ¹ Adam M. Derechin Age: 47	Position(s) Held With Fund President and Chief Executive Officer	Principal Occupation During At Least the Past 5 Years Chief Operating Officer of CSCM (since 2003) and CNS (since 2004). Prior to that, Senior Vice President of CSCM and Vice President and Assistant Treasurer of the Cohen & Steers funds.	Length of Time Served ² Since 2005
Joseph M. Harvey Age: 48	Vice President	President and Chief Investment Officer of CSCM (since 2003) and President of CNS (since 2004). Prior to that, Senior Vice President and Director of Investment Research of CSCM.	Since 2004
William F. Scapell Age: 44	Vice President	Senior Vice President of CSCM since 2003. Prior to that, chief strategist for preferred securities at Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc.	Since 2003
Francis C. Poli Age: 49	Secretary	Executive Vice President, Secretary and General Counsel of CSCM and CNS since March 2007. Prior thereto, General Counsel of Allianz Global Investors of America LP.	Since 2007
James Giallanza Age: 45	Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer	Senior Vice President of CSCM since September 2006. Prior thereto, Deputy Head of the US Funds Administration and Treasurer & CFO of various mutual funds within the Legg Mason (formally Citigroup Asset Management) fund complex from August 2004 to September 2006; Director/Controller of the US wholesale business at UBS Global Asset Management (U.S.) from September 2001 to July 2004.	Since 2006
Lisa D. Phelan Age: 43	Chief Compliance Officer	Senior Vice President and Director of Compliance of CSCM since 2007 and prior to that, Vice President since 2006. Chief Compliance Officer of CSSL since 2004. Prior to that, Compliance Officer of CSCM since 2004. Chief Compliance Officer, Avatar Associates & Overture Asset Managers, 2003-2004.	Since 2006

¹ The address of each officer is 280 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017

² Officers serve one-year terms. The length of time served represents the year in which the officer was first elected to that position in any fund in the Cohen & Steers fund complex. All of the officers listed above are officers of one or more of the other funds in the complex.

Cohen & Steers Privacy Policy

Facts	What Does Cohen & Steers Do With Your Personal Information?
Why?	Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.
What?	The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information can include: • Social Security number and account balances • Transaction history and account transactions • Purchase history and wire transfer instructions
How?	All financial companies need to share customers' personal information to run their everyday business. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customers' personal information; the reasons Cohen & Steers chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reasons we can share your personal information For our everyday business purposes such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or reports to credit bureaus	Does Cohen & Steers share? Yes	Can you limit this sharing? No
For our marketing purposes to offer our products and services to you	Yes	No
For joint marketing with other financial companies	No	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes information about your transactions and experiences	No	We don't share
For our affiliates' everyday business purposes information about your creditworthiness	No	We don't share
For our affiliates to market to you	No	We don't share
For non-affiliates to market to you	No	We don't share

Questions? Call 800.330.7348

Cohen & Steers Privacy Policy (Continued)

Who we are Who is providing this notice?

Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc., Cohen & Steers Asia Limited, Cohen & Steers UK Limited, Cohen & Steers Europe SA, Cohen & Steers Securities, LLC, Cohen & Steers Private Funds, and Cohen & Steers Open and Closed-End Funds (collectively, "Cohen & Steers").

What we do

protect my personal information?

How does Cohen & Steers To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings. We restrict access to your information to those employees who need it to perform their jobs, and also require companies that provide services on our behalf to protect your information.

collect my personal information?

How does Cohen & Steers We collect your personal information, for example, when you

- Open an account or buy securities from us
- Provide account information or give us your contact information
- Make deposits or withdrawals from your account

We also collect your personal information from other companies.

Why can't I limit all

sharing?

Federal law gives you the right to limit only

- sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes information about your
- creditworthiness
- affiliates from using your information to market to you
- sharing for non-affiliates to market to you

State law and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit

sharing.

Definitions

Affiliates

Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.

Cohen & Steers does not share with affiliates.

Non-affiliates

Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial

and nonfinancial companies.

• Cohen & Steers does not share with non-affiliates so they can market to you.

Joint marketing

A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together

market financial products or services to you. · Cohen & Steers does not jointly market.

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Cohen & Steers Investment Solutions

COHEN & STEERS GLOBAL REALTY SHARES

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in global real estate equity securities
- Symbols: CSFAX, CSFBX*, CSFCX, CSSPX

COHEN & STEERS INSTITUTIONAL REALTY SHARES

- Designed for institutional investors seeking total return, investing primarily in REITs
- · Symbol: CSRIX

COHEN & STEERS REALTY INCOME FUND

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in real estate securities with an emphasis on both income and capital appreciation
 - Symbols: CSEIX, CSBIX*, CSCIX, CSDIX

COHEN & STEERS INTERNATIONAL REALTY FUND

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in international real estate securities
- Symbols: IRFAX, IRFCX, IRFIX

COHEN & STEERS EMERGING MARKETS REAL ESTATE FUND

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in emerging market real estate securities
- Symbols: APFAX, APFCX, APFIX

COHEN & STEERS REALTY SHARES

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in REITs
- Symbol: CSRSX

COHEN & STEERS INSTITUTIONAL GLOBAL REALTY SHARES

- Designed for institutional investors seeking total return, investing primarily in global real estate securities
- Symbol: GRSIX

COHEN & STEERS GLOBAL INFRASTRUCTURE FUND

- Designed for investors seeking total return, investing primarily in global infrastructure securities
- Symbols: CSUAX, CSUBX*, CSUCX, CSUIX

COHEN & STEERS DIVIDEND VALUE FUND

- Designed for investors seeking high current income and long-term growth of income and capital appreciation, investing primarily in dividend paying common stocks and preferred stocks
 - · Symbols: DVFAX, DVFCX, DVFIX

COHEN & STEERS PREFERRED SECURITIES AND INCOME FUND

- Designed for investors seeking total return (high current income and capital appreciation), investing primarily in preferred and debt securities
 - Symbols: CPXAX, CPXCX, CPXIX

COHEN & STEERS REAL ASSETS FUND

- Designed for investors seeking total return and the maximization of real returns during inflationary environments by investing primarily in real assets
 - Symbols: RAPAX, RAPCX, RAPIX, RAPRX, RAPZX

Distributed by Cohen & Steers Securities, LLC.

COHEN & STEERS GLOBAL REALTY MAJORS ETF

- Designed for investors who seek a relatively low-cost "passive" approach for investing in a portfolio of real estate equity securities of companies in a specified index
 - · Symbol: GRI

Distributed by ALPS Distributors, Inc.

ISHARES COHEN & STEERS REALTY MAJORS INDEX FUND

- Designed for investors who seek a relatively low-cost "passive" approach for investing in a portfolio of real estate equity securities of companies in a specified index
 - Symbol: ICF

Distributed by SEI Investments Distribution Co.

* Class B shares are no longer offered except through dividend reinvestment and permitted exchanges by existing Class B shareholders.

Please consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of the fund carefully before investing. A prospectus containing this and other information can be obtained by calling 800-330-7348 or by visiting cohenandsteers.com. Please read the prospectus carefully before investing.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

Robert H. Steers Director and co-chairman

Martin Cohen Director and co-chairman

Michael G. Clark Director

Bonnie Cohen Director

George Grossman Director

Richard E. Kroon Director

Richard J. Norman Director

Frank K. Ross Director

Willard H. Smith Jr. Director

C. Edward Ward, Jr. Director

Adam M. Derechin President and chief executive officer

Joseph M. Harvey Vice president

William F. Scapell Vice president

Francis C. Poli Secretary

James Giallanza
Treasurer and chief financial officer

Lisa D. Phelan Chief compliance officer

KEY INFORMATION

Investment Manager

Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc. 280 Park Avenue New York, NY 10017 (212) 832-3232

Fund Co-administrator and Custodian

State Street Bank and Trust Company One Lincoln Street Boston, MA 02111

Transfer Agent

Computershare 480 Washington Boulevard Jersey City, NJ 07310 (866) 227-0757

Legal Counsel

Ropes & Gray LLP 1211 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10036

New York Stock Exchange Symbol: PSF

Web site: cohenandsteers.com

This report is for shareholder information. This is not a prospectus intended for use in the purchase or sale of Fund shares. Past performance is no guarantee of future results and your investment may be worth more or less at the time you sell.

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COHEN & STEERS

SELECT PREFERRED AND INCOME FUND

280 PARK AVENUE

NEW YORK, NY 10017

Annual Report December 31, 2011

Cohen & Steers Select Preferred and Income Fund

PSFAR

Item 2. Code of Ethics.

The Registrant has adopted an Amended and Restated Code of Ethics that applies to its Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer. The Code of Ethics was in effect during the reporting period. The Registrant has not amended the Code of Ethics as described in Form N-CSR during the reporting period. The Registrant has not granted any waiver, including an implicit waiver, from a provision of the Code of Ethics as described in Form N-CSR during the reporting period. A current copy of the Code of Ethics is available on the Registrant s website at cohenandsteers.com/downloads/code_of_ethics_exec_and_senior.pdf. Upon request, a copy of the Code of Ethics can be made by calling 800-330-7348 or writing to the Secretary of the Registrant, 280 Park Avenue, 10th floor, New York, NY 10017.

Item 3. Audit Committee Financial Expert.

The registrant s board has determined that Michael G. Clark and Frank K. Ross, each a member of the board s Audit Committee, are each an audit committee financial expert. Mr. Clark and Mr. Ross are each independent, as such term is defined in Form N-CSR.

Item 4. Principal Accountant Fees and Services.

(a) (d) Aggregate fees billed to the registrant for the last two fiscal years for professional services rendered by the registrant s principal accountant were as follows:

	2011	2010
Audit Fees	\$ 45,000	\$ 45,000
Audit-Related Fees	\$ 0	\$ 0
Tax Fees	\$ 6,250	\$ 6,250
All Other Fees	\$ 0	\$ 0

Tax fees were billed in connection with the preparation of tax returns, calculation and designation of dividends and other miscellaneous tax services.

(e)(1) The registrant s audit committee is required to pre-approve audit and non-audit services performed for the registrant by the principal accountant. The audit committee also is required to pre-approve non-audit services performed by the registrant s principal accountant for the registrant s investment advisor (not including any sub-advisor whose role is primarily portfolio management and is subcontracted with or overseen by another investment advisor) and/or to any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with the registrant s investment advisor that provides ongoing services to the registrant, if the engagement for services relates directly to the operations and financial reporting of the registrant.

The audit committee may delegate pre-approval authority to one or more of its members who are independent members of the board of directors of the registrant. The member or members to whom such authority is delegated shall report any pre-approval decisions to the audit committee at

its next scheduled meeting. The audit committee may not delegate its responsibility to pre-

approve services to be performed by the registrant s principal accountant to the investment advisor.

- (e) (2) No services included in (b) (d) above were approved by the audit committee pursuant to paragraphs (c)(7)(i)(C) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X.
- (f) Not applicable.
- (g) For the fiscal years ended December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the aggregate fees billed by the registrant s principal accountant for non-audit services rendered to the registrant and for non-audit services rendered to the registrant s investment advisor (not including any sub-advisor whose role is primarily portfolio management and is subcontracted with or overseen by another investment advisor) and/or to any entity controlled by or under common control with the registrant s investment advisor that provides ongoing services to the registrant were:

	2011	2010
Registrant	\$ 6,250	\$ 6,250
Investment Advisor	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000

(h) The registrant s audit committee considered whether the provision of non-audit services that were rendered to the registrant s investment advisor (not including any sub-advisor whose role is primarily portfolio management and is subcontracted with or overseen by another investment advisor) and/or to any entity controlled by or under common control with the registrant s investment advisor that provides ongoing services to the registrant that were not required to be pre-approved pursuant to paragraph (c)(7)(ii) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X was compatible with maintaining the principal accountant s independence.

Item 5. Audit Committee of Listed Registrants.
The registrant has a separately-designated standing audit committee established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The members of the committee are Frank K. Ross (chairman), Bonnie Cohen, George Grossman and Richard E. Kroon
Item 6. Schedule of Investments.
Included in Item 1 above.
Item 7. Disclosure of Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures for Closed-End Management Investment Companies.
The registrant has delegated voting of proxies in respect of portfolio holdings to Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc., in accordance with the policies and procedures set forth below.
COHEN & STEERS CAPITAL MANAGEMENT, INC.
STATEMENT OF POLICIES AND PROCEDURES REGARDING THE VOTING OF SECURITIES
This statement sets forth the policies and procedures that Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc. (C&S) follows in exercising voting right with respect to securities held in our client portfolios. All proxy-voting rights that are exercised by C&S shall be subject to this Statement of Policy and Procedures.
Voting rights are an important component of corporate governance. The Advisor and the Subadvisor have three overall objectives in exercising voting rights:
I. Objectives
Voting rights are an important component of corporate governance. The Advisor has three overall objectives in exercising voting rights:

A. Responsibility. The Advisor shall seek to ensure that there is an effective means in place to hold companies accountable for their actions. While management must be accountable to its board, the board must be accountable to a company s shareholders. Although accountability can be

promoted in a variety of ways, protecting shareholder voting rights may be among our most important tools.

B. Rationalizing Management and Shar	eholder Concerns. The Advisor seeks to ensure that the interests of a company	s management and board
are aligned with those of the company	s shareholders. In this respect, compensation must be structured to reward the ca	reation of shareholder
value.		

C. Shareholder Communication. Since companies are owned by their shareholders, the Advisor seeks to ensure that management effectively communicates with its owners about the company s business operations and financial performance. It is only with effective communication that shareholders will be able to assess the performance of management and to make informed decisions on when to buy, sell or hold a company s securities.

In exercising voting rights, the Advisor follows the general principles set forth below.	
• The ability to exercise a voting right with respect to a security is a valuable right and, therefore, must be viewed as part of the itself.	asset
• In exercising voting rights, the Advisor shall engage in a careful evaluation of issues that may materially affect the rights of shareholders and the value of the security.	
• Consistent with general fiduciary principles, the exercise of voting rights shall always be conducted with reasonable care, prurand diligence.	dence
• In exercising voting rights on behalf of clients, the Advisor shall conduct itself in the same manner as if the Advisor was the constructive owner of the securities.	
• To the extent reasonably possible, the Advisor shall participate in each shareholder voting opportunity.	
• Voting rights shall not automatically be exercised in favor of management-supported proposals.	
• The Advisor, and its officers and employees, shall never accept any item of value in consideration of a favorable proxy voting decision.	r ,
Set forth below are general guidelines followed in exercising proxy voting rights:	
<i>Prudence</i> . In making a proxy voting decision, the Advisor shall give appropriate consideration to all relevant facts and circumstances, income the value of the securities to be voted and the likely effect any vote may have on that value. Since voting rights must be exercised on the an informed judgment, investigation shall be a critical initial step.	
Third Party Views. While the Advisor may consider the views of third parties, the Advisor shall never base a proxy voting decision solely opinion of a third party.	y on th

Rather, decisions shall be based on a reasonable and good faith determination as to how best to maximize shareholder value.

Shareholder Value. Just as the decision whether to purchase or sell a security is a matter of judgment, determining whether a specific proxy resolution will increase the market value of a security is a matter of judgment as to which informed parties may differ. In determining how a proxy vote may affect the economic value of a security, the Advisor shall consider both short-term and long-term views about a company s business and prospects, especially in light of our projected holding period on the stock (e.g., the Advisor may discount long-term views on a short-term holding).

Set forth below are guidelines as to how specific proxy voting issues shall be analyzed and assessed.

While these guidelines will provide a framework for the Advisor decision making process, the mechanical application of these guidelines can never address all proxy voting decisions.

When new issues arise or old issues present nuances not encountered before, the Advisor must be guided by its reasonable judgment to vote in a manner that the Advisor deems to be in the best interests of the Fund and its shareholders. In addition, because the regulatory framework and the business cultures and

practices vary from region to region, the below general guidelines may be inconsistent in certain circumstances.
Uncontested Director Elections
Votes on director nominees should be made on a case-by-case basis using a mosaic approach, where all factors are considered in director elections and where no single issue is deemed to be determinative.
For example, a nominee s experience and business judgment may be critical to the long-term success of the portfolio company, notwithstanding the fact that he or she may serve on the board of more than four public companies. In evaluating nominees, the Advisor considers the following factors:
• Whether the nominee attended less than 75 percent of the board and committee meetings without a valid excuse for the absences;
• Whether the nominee is an inside or affiliated outside director and sits on the audit, compensation, or nominating committees;
• Whether the nominee ignored a significant shareholder proposal that was approved by a (i) majority of the shares outstanding or (ii) majority of the votes cast for two consecutive years;
• Whether the nominee, without shareholder approval, to our knowledge instituted a new poison pill plan, extended an existing plan, or adopted a new plan upon the expiration of an existing plan during the past year;
• Whether the nominee is an inside or affiliated outside director and the full board serves as the audit, compensation, or nominating committee or the company does not have one of these committees;
• Whether the nominee is an insider or affiliated outsider on boards that are not at least majority independent;
• Whether the nominee is the CEO of a publicly-traded company who serves on more than two public boards;
Whether the nominee serves on more than four public company boards;

• Sarbanes C	Whether the nominee serves on the audit committee where there is evidence (such as audit reports or reports mandated under the Oxley Act) that there exists material weaknesses in the company s internal controls;
• or options	Whether the nominee serves on the compensation committee if that director was present at the time of the grant of backdated option the pricing or the timing of which Advisor believes may have been manipulated to provide additional benefits to executives;
•	Whether the nominee is believed by us to have a material conflict of interest with the portfolio company; and
• demonstrat	Whether the nominee (or the overall board) in our view has a record of making poor corporate or strategic decisions or has ted an overall lack of good business judgment.

The Advisor votes on a case-by-case basis for shareholder proposals requesting companies to amend their bylaws in order to create access to the proxy so as to nominate candidates for directors. The Advisor recognizes the importance of shareholder access to the ballot process as a means to ensure that boards do not become self-perpetuating and self-serving. However, the Advisor is also aware that some proposals may promote certain interest groups and could be disruptive to the nomination process. Special attention will be paid to companies that display a chronic lack of shareholder accountability.

Proxy Contests

Director Nominees in a Contested Election. By definition, this type of board candidate or slate runs for the purpose of seeking a significant change in corporate policy or control. Therefore, the economic impact of the vote in favor of or in opposition to that director or slate must be analyzed using a higher standard such as is normally applied to changes in control. Criteria for evaluating director nominees as a group or individually should also include: the underlying reason why the new slate (or individual director) is being proposed; performance; compensation; corporate governance provisions and takeover activity; criminal activity; attendance at meetings; investment in the company; interlocking directorships; inside, outside and independent directors; number of other board seats; and other experience. It is impossible to have a general policy regarding director nominees in a contested election.

Reimbursement of Proxy Solicitation Expenses. Decisions to provide full reimbursement for dissidents waging a proxy contest should be made on a case-by-case basis.

Ratification of Auditors

The Advisor votes for proposals to ratify auditors, unless an auditor has a financial interest in or association with the company, and are therefore not independent; or there is reason to believe that the independent auditor has rendered an opinion that is neither accurate nor indicative of the company s financial position. Generally, the Advisor votes against auditor ratification and withhold votes from audit committee members if non-audit fees exceed audit fees. The Advisor votes on a case-by-case basis on auditor rotation proposals. Criteria for evaluating the rotation proposal include, but are not limited to: tenure of the audit firm; establishment and disclosure of a renewal process whereby the auditor is regularly evaluated for both audit quality and competitive price; length of the rotation period advocated in the proposal; and any significant audit related issues. Generally, the Advisor votes against auditor indemnification and limitation of liability; however the Advisor recognizes there may be situations where indemnification and limitations on liability may be appropriate.

Takeover Defenses

While the Advisor recognizes that a takeover attempt can be a significant distraction for the board and management to deal with, the simple fact is that the possibility of a corporate takeover keeps management focused on maximizing shareholder value. As a result, the Advisor opposes measures that are designed to prevent or obstruct corporate takeovers because they can entrench current management. The following are our guidelines on change of control issues:

Shareholder Rights Plans. The Advisor acknowledges that there are arguments for and against shareholder rights plans, also known as poison pills. Companies should put their case for rights plans to shareholders. The Advisor reviews on a case-by-case basis management proposals to

ratify a poison pill. The Advisor generally looks for shareholder friendly features including a two- to three-year sunset provision, a permitted bid provision and a 20 percent or higher flip-in provision.

Greenmail. The Advisor votes for proposals to adopt anti-greenmail charter or bylaw amendments or otherwise restrict a company s ability to make greenmail payments.

Unequal Voting Rights. Generally, The Advisor votes against dual-class recapitalizations as they offer an effective way for a firm to thwart hostile takeovers by concentrating voting power in the hands of management or other insiders.

Classified Boards. The Advisor generally votes in favor of shareholder proposals to declassify a board of directors, although the Advisor acknowledges that a classified board may be in the long-term best interests of a company in certain situations. In voting on shareholder proposals to declassify a board of directors, the Advisor evaluates all facts and circumstances surrounding such proposal, including whether the shareholder proposing the de-classification has an agenda in making such proposal that may be at odds with the long-term best interests of the company or whether it would be in the best interests of the company to thwart a shareholder s attempt to control the board of directors.

Cumulative Voting. Having the ability to cumulate our votes for the election of directors that is, cast more than one vote for a director about whom they feel strongly generally increases shareholders rights to effect change in the management of a corporation. The Advisor generally supports, therefore, proposals to adopt cumulative voting.

Shareholder Ability to Call Special Meeting. The Advisor votes on a case-by-case basis for shareholder proposals requesting companies to amend their governance documents (bylaws and/or charter) in order to allow shareholders to call special meetings. The Advisor recognizes the importance on shareholder ability to call a special meeting, however, the Advisor is also aware that some proposals are put forth in order to promote the agenda(s) of certain special interest groups and could be disruptive to the management of the company.

Shareholder Ability to Act by Written Consent. The Advisor generally votes against proposals to allow or facilitate shareholder action by written consent. The requirement that all shareholders be given notice of a shareholders meeting and matters to be discussed therein seems to provide a reasonable protection of minority shareholder rights.

Shareholder Ability to Alter the Size of the Board. The Advisor generally votes for proposals that seek to fix the size of the board and vote against proposals that give management the ability to alter the size of the board without shareholder approval. While the Advisor recognizes the importance of such proposals, the Advisor is however also aware that these proposals are sometimes put forth in order to promote the agenda(s) of certain special interest groups and could be disruptive to the management of the company.

Miscellaneous Board Provisions

Board Committees. Boards should delegate key oversight functions, such as responsibility for audit, nominating and compensation issues, to independent committees. The chairman and members of any committee should be clearly identified in the annual report. Any committee should have the authority to engage independent advisors where appropriate at the company s expense.

Audit, nominating and compensation committees should consist solely of non-employee directors, who are independent of management.

Separate Chairman and CEO Positions. The Advisor will generally vote for proposals looking to separate the CEO and Chairman roles. The Advisor does acknowledge, however, that under certain circumstances, it may be reasonable for the CEO and Chairman roles to be held by a single person.

Lead Directors and Executive Sessions. In cases where the CEO and Chairman roles are combined, Advisor will vote for the appointment of a lead (non-insider) director and for regular executive sessions (board meetings taking place without the CEO/Chairman present).

Majority of Independent Directors. The Advisor votes for proposals that call for the board to be composed of a majority of independent directors. The Advisor believes that a majority of independent directors can be an important factor in facilitating objective decision making and enhancing accountability to shareholders.

Independent Committees. The Advisor votes for shareholder proposals requesting that the board s audit, compensation, and nominating committees consist exclusively of independent directors.

Stock Ownership Requirements. The Advisor supports measures requiring senior executives to hold a minimum amount of stock in a company (often expressed as a percentage of annual compensation), requiring stock acquired through option exercise to be held for a certain minimum amount of time and issuing restricted stock awards instead of options.

Term of Office. The Advisor votes against shareholder proposals to limit the tenure of outside directors. Term limits pose artificial and arbitrary impositions on the board and could harm shareholder interests by forcing experienced and knowledgeable directors off the board.

Director and Officer Indemnification and Liability Protection. Proposals concerning director and officer indemnification and liability protection should be evaluated on a case-by-case basis.

Board Size. The Advisor generally votes for proposals to limit the size of the board to 15 members or less.

Majority Vote Standard. The Advisor generally votes for proposals asking for the board to initiate the appropriate process to amend the company s governance documents (charter or bylaws) to provide that director nominees shall be elected by the affirmative vote of the majority of votes cast at an annual meeting of shareholders. The Advisor would generally review on a case-by-case basis proposals that address alternative approaches to a majority vote requirement.

Confidential Voting. The Advisor votes for shareholder proposals requesting that companies adopt confidential voting, use independent tabulators, and use independent inspectors of election as long as the proposals include clauses for proxy contests as follows: in the case of a contested election, management should be permitted to request that the dissident group honor its confidential voting policy. If the dissidents agree, the policy remains in place. If the dissidents do not agree, the confidential voting policy is waived.

The Advisor also votes for management proposals to adopt confidential voting.

Bundled Proposals. The Advisor reviews on a case-by-case basis bundled or conditioned proxy proposals. In the case of items that are conditioned upon each other, the Advisor examines the benefits and costs of the packaged items. In instances where the joint effect of the conditioned items is not in shareholders best interests, the Advisor votes against the proposals. If the combined effect is positive, the Advisor supports such proposals.

Date/Location of Meeting. The Advisor votes against shareholder proposals to change the date or location of the shareholders meeting. No one site will meet the needs of all shareholders.

Adjourn Meeting if Votes are Insufficient. Open-end requests for adjournment of a shareholder meeting generally will not be supported. However, where management specifically states the reason for requesting an adjournment and the requested adjournment is necessary to permit a proposal that would otherwise be supported under this policy to be carried out; the adjournment request will be supported.		
Disclosure of Shareholder Proponents. The Advisor votes for shareholder proposals requesting that companies disclose the names of shareholder proponents. Shareholders may wish to contact the proponents of a shareholder proposal for additional information.		
Capital Structure		
Increase Additional Common Stock. The Advisor generally votes for increases in authorized shares, provided that the increase is not greater than three times the number of shares outstanding and reserved for issuance (including shares reserved for stock-related plans and securities convertible into common stock, but not shares reserved for any poison pill plan). Votes generally are cast in favor of proposals to authorize additional shares of stock except where the proposal:		
• creates a blank check preferred stock; or		
• establishes classes of stock with superior voting rights.		
Blank Check Preferred Stock. Votes generally are cast in opposition to management proposals authorizing the creation of new classes of preferred stock with unspecific voting, conversion, distribution and other rights, and management proposals to increase the number of authorized blank check preferred shares. The Advisor may vote in favor of this type of proposal when it receives assurances to its reasonable satisfaction that (i) the preferred stock was authorized by the board for the use of legitimate capital formation purposes and not for anti-takeover purposes, and (ii) no preferred stock will be issued with voting power that is disproportionate to the economic interests of the preferred stock. These representations should be made either in the proxy statement or in a separate letter from the company to the Advisor.		
Preemptive Rights. Votes regarding shareholder proposals seeking preemptive rights are determined on a case-by-case basis after evaluating:		
• The size of the company;		
• The shareholder base; and		

The liquidity of the stock.

For example, it would be difficult to support a shareholder proposal that would require an S&P 500 company with over \$1 billion in equity held by thousands of shareholders (with no single shareholder owning a significant percentage of outstanding shares) to implement preemptive rights each time it conducted a new offering. Such a requirement would be impractical and extremely costly. Moreover, at companies with that large of a shareholder base and the ease with which shareholders could preserve their relative interest through purchases of shares on the on the open market, the cost of implementing preemptive rights does not seem justifiable in relation to the benefits.

Dual Class Capitalizations. Because classes of common stock with unequal voting rights limit the rights of certain shareholders, the Advisor votes against adoption of a dual or multiple class capitalization structure.

Restructurings/Recapitalizations. The Advisor reviews proposals to increase common and/or preferred shares and to issue shares as part of a debt restructuring plan on a case- by-case basis.			
In voting, the Advisor considers the following issues:			
• be?	dilution how much will ownership interest of existing shareholders be reduced, and how extreme will dilution to any future earning		
•	change in control will the transaction result in a change in control of the company?		
•	bankruptcy generally, approve proposals that facilitate debt restructurings unless there are clear signs of self-dealing or other abuse		
Share Repurchase Programs. Boards may institute share repurchase or stock buy-back programs for a number of reasons. The Advisor will generally vote in favor of such programs where the repurchase would be in the long-term best interests of shareholders, and where the company is not thought to be able to use the cash in a more useful way.			
	sor will vote against such programs when shareholders interests could be better served by deployment of the cash for alternative uses the repurchase is a defensive maneuver or an attempt to entrench management.		
voting stock in an	Share Placements. These shareholder proposals ask companies to seek stockholder approval before placing 10% or more of their ck with a single investor. The proposals are typically in reaction to the placement by various companies of a large block of their voting a ESOP, parent capital fund or with a single friendly investor, with the aim of protecting themselves against a hostile tender offer. posals are voted on a case-by-case basis after reviewing the individual situation of the company receiving the proposal.		

Executive and Director Compensation

Stock-based Incentive Plans. Votes with respect to compensation plans should be determined on a case-by-case basis. The analysis of compensation plans focuses primarily on the transfer of shareholder wealth (the dollar cost of pay plans to shareholders). Other matters included in our analysis are the amount of the company s outstanding stock to be reserved for the award of stock options or restricted stock, whether the exercise price of an option is less than the stock s fair market value at the date of the grant of the options, and whether the plan provides for the exchange of outstanding options for new ones at lower exercise prices. Every award type is valued. An estimated dollar cost for the proposed plan and all continuing plans is derived. This cost, dilution to shareholders equity, will also be expressed as a percentage figure for the transfer of shareholder wealth and will be considered along with dilution to voting power. Once the cost of the plan is estimated, it is compared to an allowable industry-specific and market cap-based dilution cap.

If the proposed plan cost is above the allowable cap, an against vote is indicated. If the proposed cost is below the allowable cap, a vote for the plan is indicated unless the plan violates the repricing guidelines. If the company has a history of repricing options or has the express ability to reprice underwater stock options without first securing shareholder approval under the proposed plan, the plan receives an against vote even in cases where the plan cost is considered acceptable based on the quantitative analysis.

The Advisor votes against equity plans that have high average three year burn rates, unless the company has publicly committed to reduce the burn rate to a rate that is comparable to its peer group (as determined by the Advisor).

Approval of Cash or Cash-and-Stock Bonus Plans. The Advisor votes for cash or cash-and-stock bonus plans to exempt the compensation from limits on deductibility under the provisions of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the Code).

Executive Compensation. Executive compensation should be tied to the performance of the executive and the company as well as relevant market conditions. The Advisor feels that the performance criteria and specific amounts and types of executive compensation are best decided by a company s board of directors and/or its compensation committee and fully disclosed to shareholders.

The Advisor will, however, vote for shareholder proposals that call for shareholders to vote, in a non-binding manner, on executive pay since such vote is non-binding and is merely informative for the board of directors and/or compensation committee. Further, the Advisor generally votes for shareholder proposals that seek additional disclosure of executive and director pay information.

Reload/Evergreen Features. The Advisor will generally vote against plans that enable the issuance of reload options and that provide an automatic share replenishment (evergreen) feature.

Golden Parachutes. The Advisor opposes the use of accelerated employment contracts that result in cash grants of greater than three times annual compensation (salary and bonus) in the event of termination of employment following a change in control of a company. In general, the guidelines call for voting against golden parachute plans because they impede potential takeovers that shareholders should be free to consider. The Advisor generally withholds its votes at the next shareholder meeting for directors who to our knowledge approved golden parachutes.

401(k) Employee Benefit Plans. The Advisor votes for proposals to implement a 401(k) savings plan for employees.

Employee Stock Purchase Plans. The Advisor supports employee stock purchase plans, although the Advisor generally believes the discounted purchase price should be at least 85% of the current market price.

Option Expensing. The Advisor votes for shareholder proposals to expense fixed-price options.

Vesting. The Advisor believes that restricted stock awards normally should vest over at least a two-year period.

Option Repricing. Stock options generally should not be re-priced, and never should be re-priced without shareholder approval. In addition, companies should not issue new options, with a lower strike price, to make up for previously issued options that are substantially underwater. The Advisor will vote against the election of any slate of directors that, to its knowledge, has authorized a company to re-price or replace

underwater options during the most recent year without shareholder approval.

Stock Holding Periods. Generally vote against all proposals requiring executives to hold the stock received upon option exercise for a specific period of time.

Transferable Stock Options. Review on a case-by-case basis proposals to grant transferable stock options or otherwise permit the transfer of outstanding stock options, including cost of proposal and alignment with shareholder interests.

Recoup Bonuses. The Advisor votes on a case-by-case on shareholder proposals to recoup unearned incentive bonuses or other incentive payments made to senior executives if it is later determined that fraud, misconduct, or negligence significantly contributed to a restatement of financial results that led to the awarding of unearned incentive compensation.

Incorporation

Reincorporation Outside of the United States. Generally, the Advisor will vote against companies looking to reincorporate outside of the U.S.

Voting on State Takeover Statutes. The Advisor reviews on a case-by-case basis proposals to opt in or out of state takeover statutes (including control share acquisition statutes, control share cash-out statutes, freeze out provisions, fair price provisions, stakeholder laws, poison pill endorsements, severance pay and labor contract provisions, anti greenmail provisions, and disgorgement provisions). In voting on these shareholder proposals, the Advisor evaluates all facts and circumstances surrounding such proposal, including whether the shareholder proposing such measure has an agenda in making such proposal that may be at odds with the longterm best interests of the company or whether it would be in the best interests of the company to thwart a shareholder s attempt to control the board of directors.

Voting on Reincorporation Proposals. Proposals to change a company s state of incorporation are examined on a case-by-case basis. In making our decision, the Advisor reviews management s rationale for the proposal, changes to the charter/bylaws, and differences in the state laws governing the companies.

Mergers and Corporate Restructurings

Mergers and Acquisitions. Votes on mergers and acquisitions should be considered on a case-by-case basis, taking into account factors including the following: anticipated financial and operating benefits; offer price (cost vs. premium); prospects of the combined companies; how the deal was negotiated; and changes in corporate governance and their impact on shareholder rights.

The Advisor votes against proposals that require a super-majority of shareholders to approve a merger or other significant business combination. The Advisor supports proposals that seek to lower super-majority voting requirements.

Nonfinancial Effects of a Merger or Acquisition. Some companies have proposed a charter provision which specifies that the board of directors may examine the nonfinancial effect of a merger or acquisition on the company. This provision would allow the board to evaluate the impact a proposed change in control would have on employees, host communities, suppliers and/or others. The Advisor generally votes against proposals to adopt such charter provisions. The Advisor feels it is the directors fiduciary duty to base decisions solely on the financial interests of the shareholders.

Corporate Restructuring. Votes on corporate restructuring proposals, including minority squeeze outs, leveraged buyouts, going private proposals, spin-offs, liquidations, and asset sales, should be considered on a case-by-case basis.

Spin-offs. Votes on spin-offs should be considered on a case-by-case basis depending on the tax and regulatory advantages, planned use of sale proceeds, market focus, and managerial incentives.

Asset Sales. Votes on asset sales should be made on a case-by-case basis after considering the impact on the balance sheet/working capital, value received for the asset, and potential elimination of diseconomies.				
Liquidations. Votes on liquidations should be made on a case-by-case basis after reviewing management s efforts to pursue other alternatives, appraisal value of assets, and the compensation plan for executives managing the liquidation.				
Appraisal Rights. The Advisor votes for proposals to restore, or provide shareholders with, rights of appraisal. Rights of appraisal provide shareholders who are not satisfied with the terms of certain corporate transactions the right to demand a judicial review in order to determine a fair value for their shares.				
Changing Corporate Name. The Advisor votes for changing the corporate name.				
Social Issues.				
The Advisor believes that it is the responsibility of the board and management to run a company on a daily basis. With this in mind, in the absence of unusual circumstances, the Advisor does not believe that shareholders should be involved in determining how a company should address broad social and policy issues. As a result, the Advisor generally votes against these types of proposals, which are generally initiated by shareholders, unless the Advisor believes the proposal has significant economic implications.				
Item 8. Portfolio Managers of Closed-End Investment Companies.				
Information pertaining to the portfolio managers of the registrant, as of December 31, 2011, is set forth below.				
Martin Cohen Director and co-chairman	Co-founder, co-chairman and co-chief executive officer of Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc. (C&S) and its parent company, Cohen & Steers, Inc. (CNS). Vice president and director of Cohen & Steers Securities, LLC. Director and co-chairman of each of the Cohen & Steers funds. Previously, president of C&S and each of the			
Portfolio manager since inception	Cohen & Steers funds.			
Robert Steers	Co-founder, co-chairman and co-chief executive officer of C&S and			

CNS. Vice President and Director of Cohen & Steers Securities, LLC. Director and co-chairman of each of the Cohen & Steers funds. Previously, chairman of C&S and each of the Cohen & Steers funds.

- Director and co-chairman
- Portfolio manager since inception

Joseph Harvey

President of C&S and CNS. Previously, senior vice president of C&S and director of research.

- · Vice president
- Portfolio manager since 2004

William F. Scapell

Senior vice president of C&S. Previously, chief strategist for preferred securities at Merrill Lynch & Co.

- Vice President
- Portfolio manager since 2005

C&S utilizes a team-based approach in managing the registrant. Mr. Cohen and Mr. Steers are the leaders of this team and they act in a supervisory capacity. Mr. Harvey and Mr. Scapell direct and supervise the execution of the registrant s investment strategy, and lead and guide the other members of the team. Mr. Scapell manages the registrant s preferred securities investments.

Each portfolio manager listed above manages other investment companies and/or investment vehicles and accounts in addition to the registrant. The following tables show, as of December 31, 2011, the number of accounts each portfolio manager managed in each of the listed categories and the total assets in the accounts managed within each category. Two (2) of the 42 other accounts managed by Messrs. Cohen, Steers and Harvey, with total assets of \$105.89 million, are subject to performance-based fees.

Martin Cohen

		Number of accounts	Total assets
•	Registered investment companies	16	\$ 15,439,761,000
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	38	\$ 16,668,923,000
•	Other accounts	39	\$ 4,275,709,000

Robert Steers

		Number of accounts	Total assets
•	Registered investment companies	16	\$ 15,439,761,000
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	38	\$ 16,668,923,000
•	Other accounts	39	\$ 4,275,709,000

Joseph Harvey

		Number of accounts	Total assets
•	Registered investment companies	16	\$ 15,439,761,000
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	38	\$ 16,668,923,000
•	Other accounts	39	\$ 4,275,709,000

William F. Scapell

		Number of accounts	Total assets
•	Registered investment companies	7	\$ 6,460,047,000
•	Other pooled investment vehicles	2	\$ 7,340,002,000
•	Other accounts	5	\$ 522,559,000

Share Ownership. The following table indicates the dollar range of securities of the registrant owned by the registrant s portfolio managers as of December 31, 2011:

	Dollar Range of Securities Owned
Martin Cohen	None
Robert Steers	\$10,001 - \$50,000
Joseph Harvey	None
William F. Scapell	None

Conflicts of Interest. It is possible that conflicts of interest may arise in connection with the portfolio manager s management of the registrant s investments on the one hand and the investments of other accounts or vehicles for which the portfolio managers are responsible on the other. For example, a portfolio manager may have conflicts of interest in allocating management time, resources and investment opportunities among the registrant and the other accounts or vehicles he advises. In addition, due to differences in the investment strategies or restrictions among the registrant and the other accounts, a portfolio manager may take action with respect to another account that differs from the action taken with respect to the registrant.

In some cases, another account managed by a portfolio manager may provide more revenue to the Advisor. While this may appear to create additional conflicts of interest for the portfolio manager in the allocation of management time, resources and investment opportunities, the Advisor strives to ensure that portfolio managers endeavor to exercise their discretion in a manner that is equitable to all interested persons. In this regard, in the absence of specific account-related impediments (such as client-imposed restrictions or lack of available cash), it is

the policy of the Advisor to allocate investment ideas pro rata to all accounts with the same primary investment objective.

In addition, certain of the portfolio managers may from time to time manage one or more accounts on behalf of the Advisor and its affiliated companies (the CNS Accounts). Certain securities held and traded in the CNS Accounts also may be held and traded in one or more client accounts. It is the policy of the Advisor however not to put the interests of the CNS Accounts ahead of the interests of client accounts. The Advisor may aggregate orders of client accounts with those of the CNS Accounts; however, under no circumstances will preferential treatment be given to the CNS Accounts. For all orders involving the CNS Accounts, purchases or sales will be allocated prior to trade placement, and orders that are only partially filled will be allocated across all accounts in proportion to the shares each account, including the CNS Accounts, was designated to receive prior to trading. As a result, it is expected that the CNS Accounts will receive the same average price as other accounts included in the aggregated order. Shares will not be allocated or re-allocated to the CNS Accounts after trade execution or after the average price is known. In the event so few shares of an order are executed that a pro-rata allocation is not practical, a rotational system of allocation may be used; however, the CNS Accounts will never be part of that rotation or receive shares of a partially filled order other than on a pro-rata basis.

Because certain CNS Accounts are managed with a cash management objective, it is possible that a security will be sold out of the CNS Accounts but continue to be held for one or more client accounts. In situations when this occurs, such security will remain in a client account only if the portfolio manager, acting in its reasonable judgment and consistent with its fiduciary duties, believes this is appropriate for, and consistent with the objectives and profile of, the client account.

C&S Compensation Structure. Compensation of C&S s portfolio managers and other investment professionals has three primary components: (1) a base salary, (2) an annual cash bonus and (3) long-term stock-based compensation consisting generally of restricted stock units of C&S s parent, CNS. C&S s investment professionals, including the portfolio managers, also receive certain retirement, insurance and other benefits that are broadly available to all of its employees. Compensation of C&S s investment professionals is reviewed primarily on an annual basis. Cash bonuses, stock-based compensation awards, and adjustments in base salary are typically paid or put into effect in the January following the fiscal year-end of CNS.

Method to Determine Compensation. C&S compensates its portfolio managers based primarily on the scale and complexity of their portfolio responsibilities and the total return performance of funds and accounts managed by the portfolio manager versus appropriate peer groups or benchmarks. C&S uses a variety of benchmarks to evaluate the portfolio managers performance for compensation purposes, including the NAREIT Equity REIT Index with respect to Messrs. Cohen, Steers, Harvey and Bohjalian and the Merrill Lynch Fixed Rate Preferred Index with respect to Mr. Scapell. In evaluating the performance of a portfolio manager, primary emphasis is normally placed on one- and three-year performance, with secondary consideration of performance over longer periods of time. Performance is evaluated on a pre-tax and pre-expense basis. In addition to rankings within peer groups of funds on the basis of absolute performance, consideration may also be given to risk-adjusted performance. For funds and accounts with a primary investment objective of high current income, consideration will also be given to the

fund s and account s success in achieving this objective. For managers responsible for multiple funds and accounts, investment performance is evaluated on an aggregate basis. C&S has three funds or accounts with performance-based advisory fees. Portfolio managers are also evaluated on the basis of their success in managing their dedicated team of analysts. Base compensation for portfolio managers of C&S varies in line with the portfolio manager s seniority and position with the firm.
Salaries, bonuses and stock-based compensation are also influenced by the operating performance of the Advisor and CNS. While the annual salaries of the Advisor s portfolio managers are fixed, cash bonuses and stock based compensation may fluctuate significantly from year to year based on changes in manager performance and other factors.
Item 9. Purchases of Equity Securities by Closed-End Management Investment Company and Affiliated Purchasers.
Not applicable.
Item 10. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.
There have been no material changes to the procedures by which shareholders may recommend nominees to the registrant s Board implemented after the registrant last provided disclosure in response to this Item.
Item 11. Controls and Procedures.
(a) The registrant s principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the registrant s disclosure controls and procedures are reasonably designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the registrant in this Form N-CSR was recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission s rules and forms, based upo such officers evaluation of these controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days of the filing date of this report.
(b) There were no changes in the registrant s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the second fiscal quarter of the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant s internal control over financial reporting.
Item 12. Exhibits.
(a)(1) Not Applicable

(a) (2) Certifications of principal executive officer and principal financial officer as required by Rule 30a-2(a) under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
(b) Certifications of chief executive officer and chief financial officer as required by Rule 30a- 2(b) under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

COHEN & STEERS SELECT PREFERRED AND INCOME FUND, INC.

By: /s/ Adam M. Derechin

Name: Adam M. Derechin

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 8, 2012

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By: /s/ Adam M. Derechin

Name: Adam M. Derechin

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ James Giallanza

Name: James Giallanza

Title: Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: March 8, 2012