

PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA

Form 6-K

December 02, 2011

Table of Contents

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

**Report of Foreign Private Issuer
Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

For the month of November 2011

Commission File Number 1-13758

PORTUGAL TELECOM, SGPS, S.A.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Av. Fontes Pereira de Melo, 40
1069 - 300 Lisboa, Portugal**

(Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

Form 20-F x Form 40-F o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes o No x

Table of Contents

Table of Contents

Portugal Telecom

Consolidated report

First nine months 2011

<u>01 Financial review</u>	4
<u>02 Business performance</u>	18
<u>Portuguese Telecommunication businesses</u>	18
<u>International businesses</u>	25
<u>Consolidated financial statements</u>	31
<u>Annexes</u>	71
<u>Glossary</u>	73

The terms "PT", "Portugal Telecom Group", "PT Group", "Group" and "Company" refer to Portugal Telecom and its subsidiaries or any of them as the context.

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

Table of Contents

Portugal

Revenues (Euro million)

Residential	• consumer customers that subscribe to wireline products and services	510
Personal	• consumer customers that subscribe to wireless products and services	575
Enterprise	• SOHOs, SMEs and corporate customers that subscribe wireline and wireless products and services	737
Wholesale, other and eliminations	• Wireline and wireless wholesale business	352

Main international assets

Revenues (Euro million)

Oi 25.6% (a)	• Brazil	• Wireline, mobile, other	(c)
Contax 44.4% (a)	• Brazil	• Contact centre	(c)
Unitel 25% (b)	• Angola	• Mobile	518
CTM 28%	• Macao	• Wireline, mobile	88
MTC 34% (b)	• Namibia	• Mobile	60
CVT 40% (b)	• Cape Verde	• Wireline, mobile	29
Timor Telecom 41.12%	• East Timor	• Wireline, mobile	19
CST 51% (b)	• São Tomé e Príncipe	• Wireline, mobile	2

(a) These stakes represent the percentages used in the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax, corresponding to the stakes held, directly and indirectly, in Telemar Participações and CTX Participações, respectively. The effective stakes held in Oi and Contax are 25.3% and 19.5%, respectively. (b) These stakes are held by Africatel, which is controlled 75% by PT. (c) Assets and liabilities of Oi and Contax were proportionally consolidated as at 31 de March 2011, while its earnings will be proportionally consolidated as from 1 April 2011.

Support companies

Systems and IT [PT Sistemas de Informação 100%]; Innovation, research and development [PT Inovação 100%];

Backoffice and shared services [PT PRO 100%]; Procurement [PT Compras 100%];

Call centres and telemarketing services [PT Contact 100%]; Pension funds management [Previsão 82.05%]

Table of Contents

01

Financial review

Consolidated income statement

Consolidated income statement (1)**Euro million**

	3Q11	3Q10	y.o.y	9M11	9M10	y.o.y
Operating revenues	1,747.0	952.2	83.5%	4,415.8	2,792.6	58.1%
Portugal (2)	731.0	789.3	(7.4)%	2,173.6	2,354.7	(7.7)%
Residential	171.0	162.3	5.4%	510.0	481.7	5.9%
Personal	199.9	224.0	(10.8)%	574.8	648.1	(11.3)%
Enterprise	238.0	261.6	(9.0)%	736.7	817.2	(9.9)%
Wholesale, other and eliminations	122.1	141.5	(13.7)%	352.1	407.7	(13.6)%
Brazil • Oi	801.4	0.0	n.m.	1,633.7	0.0	n.m.
Other and eliminations	214.6	162.9	31.8%	608.5	437.9	39.0%
Operating costs (3)	1,092.8	570.3	91.6%	2,761.8	1,663.3	66.0%
Wages and salaries	284.0	163.7	73.4%	743.3	470.6	58.0%
Direct costs	299.3	137.4	117.9%	716.2	412.8	73.5%
Commercial costs	140.7	98.0	43.5%	351.4	272.2	29.1%
Other operating costs	368.9	171.2	115.5%	950.9	507.8	87.3%
EBITDA (4)	654.2	381.9	71.3%	1,654.0	1,129.2	46.5%
Post retirement benefits	14.3	17.8	(20.0)%	40.6	53.5	(24.0)%
Depreciation and amortisation	349.6	199.6	75.1%	914.0	549.3	66.4%
Income from operations (5)	290.4	164.5	76.6%	699.4	526.5	32.8%
Other expenses (income)	11.8	100.5	(88.3)%	24.3	121.1	(79.9)%
Curtailement costs, net	0.8	1.6	(52.6)%	6.3	10.9	(41.6)%
Net losses (gains) on disposal of fixed assets	0.1	(1.8)	n.m.	(0.0)	(1.0)	(95.6)%
Net other costs (gains)	10.9	100.7	(89.1)%	18.0	111.2	(83.8)%
Income before financ. & inc. taxes	278.6	64.0	n.m.	675.1	405.4	66.5%
Financial expenses (income)	88.6	98.8	(10.3)%	116.9	145.6	(19.8)%
Net interest expenses (income)	118.2	56.9	107.5%	199.4	175.5	13.6%
Equity in earnings of affiliates, net	(46.6)	18.5	n.m.	(169.1)	(65.4)	158.7%
Net other financial losses (gains)	17.1	23.3	(26.7)%	86.5	35.5	144.0%
Income before income taxes	190.0	(34.8)	n.m.	558.2	259.7	114.9%
Provision for income taxes	(53.3)	(37.6)	41.8%	(155.1)	(64.1)	141.8%
Income from continued operations	136.7	(72.4)	n.m.	403.1	195.6	106.1%
Income from discontinued operations	0.0	5,474.8	n.m.	0.0	5,551.5	n.m.
Income before non-controlling interests	136.7	5,402.4	(97.5)%	403.1	5,747.0	(93.0)%
Losses (income) attributable to non-controlling interests	(31.1)	(49.2)	(36.8)%	(69.7)	(129.3)	(46.1)%
Consolidated net income	105.6	5,353.2	(98.0)%	333.5	5,617.7	(94.1)%

(1) Following PT's strategic investment in Oi and Contax on 28 March 2011, PT proportionally consolidated the net income as from 1 April 2011. (2) Businesses in Portugal include former wireline and TMN. This caption includes the impact of the decline in regulated mobile termination rates (MTRs). At TMN, this impact amounted to Euro 9 million in 3Q11. (3) Operating costs = wages and salaries + direct costs + commercial costs + other operating costs. (4) EBITDA = income from operations + post retirement benefits + depreciation and amortisation. (5) Income from operations = income before financials and income taxes + curtailement costs + losses (gains) on disposal of fixed assets + other

costs (gains).

Consolidated operating revenues

In 9M11, consolidated operating revenues increased by 58.1% y.o.y to Euro 4,416 million, as compared to Euro 2,793 million in 9M10, reflecting the impact of the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 1,858 million), including the Dedic/GPTI business as from 1 July 2011, following the completion of the exchange of PT's interest in this business for an additional stake in Contax. Excluding this effect, consolidated operating revenues would have decreased by 8.4% y.o.y to Euro 2,558 million in 9M11, as a result of revenue

Table of Contents

decline in Portuguese telecommunication businesses and the disposal of Dedic/GPTI to Contax in 1 July 2011 and notwithstanding revenue growth in international operations, namely MTC in Namibia and Timor Telecom.

In 9M11, revenues from Portuguese telecommunication businesses decreased by 7.7% y.o.y (Euro 181 million), negatively impacted by: (1) revenue decline at the Personal customer segment (Euro 73 million), including lower equipment sales (Euro 9 million), lower interconnection revenues (Euro 22 million), and lower customer revenues (Euro 42 million) that reflected challenging economic conditions, including a VAT increase (+3pp y.o.y in 1H11 and 2pp y.o.y in 3Q11), coupled with increasing popularity of tribal plans; (2) the decline in the Enterprise segment (Euro 81 million), and (3) lower revenues associated with the wholesale and other businesses (Euro 56 million), including a negative impact from the directories business (Euro 16 million). PT has a financial investment of 25% in the company Páginas Amarelas, which is managed by Truvo. The total impact in Portuguese revenues of lower mobile termination rates (MTRs) stood at Euro 26 million in 9M11. These negative effects were partially offset by an increase in revenues from Residential customer segment (+5.9% y.o.y), mainly related to Pay-TV and broadband revenues, which are underpinned by the success of Meo's double and triple play offers. In 9M11, non-voice revenues in Portugal represented 46.1% of service revenues, having grown 3.8pp y.o.y. This positive evolution of PT's revenue mix is making performance more resilient and predictable and was achieved on the back of increased penetration of data and video services across all segments, following the significant investments in the rollout of FTTH and leading-edge technology.

In the Residential customer segment, operating revenues increased by 5.9% y.o.y in 9M11, from Euro 482 million to Euro 510 million, on the back of the continued strong performance of Meo triple-play offer (voice, broadband and pay-TV) and benefiting from a relentless effort to transform PT's residential service offering from a legacy fixed telephone to a triple play offering, which is more competitive and more resilient to adverse economic conditions. Residential retail accesses or retail revenue generating units (RGUs) increased by 9.7% y.o.y, reaching 3,460 thousand, with pay-TV and broadband accesses already accounting for 52% of total residential retail accesses in 9M11. Pay-TV customers increased by 135 thousand, reaching 909 thousand, up by 26.7% y.o.y, while broadband customers increased by 70 thousand to 880 thousand, up by 13.6% y.o.y. Retail RGU per access increased by 9.1% y.o.y in 9M11 to 2.07. This solid performance was also underpinned by the investment in the coverage of one million households with FTTH, carried throughout 2009 and 2010, which continues to show steady commercial traction as more households become available for commercial sales.

In 9M11, Personal operating revenues decreased by Euro 73 million (-11.3% y.o.y) to Euro 575 million, mainly due to: (1) lower customer revenues (Euro 42 million), as a result of the economic conditions, including the increase in VAT and increased popularity of tribal plans, namely those without a monthly fee and only with mandatory top-up obligations; (2) lower interconnection revenues (Euro 22 million), mostly as a result of the negative impact of lower MTRs, and (3) lower equipment sales (Euro 9 million). It is worth highlighting that 3Q11 continued to show a sequential improvement in service revenues: -9.5% y.o.y in 3Q11, which compares to minus 11.5% y.o.y in 2Q11 and to minus 12.0% in 1Q11. The improvement of service revenues is underpinned by customer revenues, that were down by 6.8% in 3Q11 (-8.9% y.o.y in 2Q11 and -9.4% y.o.y in 1Q11). Notwithstanding the significant growth in fixed broadband, in 9M11 data revenues from Personal segment accounted for 30.9% of service revenues (+2.2pp y.o.y), as a result of the solid performance of data packages *internotelemovei*, which continued to show strong growth, explained by the commercial success of *e nunca mais acaba* and increased penetration of smartphones.

Operating revenues from the Enterprise customer segment decreased by 9.9% y.o.y in 9M11 (Euro 81 million), from Euro 817 million to Euro 737 million, penalised by the economic environment and consequent cost cutting efforts from companies and the one-off projects with public administration that took place in 2010. PT's strategy

Table of Contents

continued to focus on convergent offers and unlimited fixed-to-mobile voice and data solutions, integrated and vertical offers bundled with specific business software and flexible pricing solutions on a per workstation basis. Additionally, PT continued to provide advanced one-stop-shop IT/IS solutions focusing on BPO and on the marketing of machine-to-machine solutions. These offers leverage on PT's investment in FTTH and cloud computing solutions, which allow the offering of cloud-based services in partnership with software and hardware vendors.

Wholesale and other operating revenues, including intra-portuguese businesses eliminations, decreased by Euro 56 million (-13.6% y.o.y) to Euro 352 million, impacted by: (1) lower revenues from directories (Euro 16 million); (2) lower wholesale revenues (Euro 22 million), including lower ULL revenues and lower capacity sales, and (3) lower revenues from public phones (Euro 3 million).

Based on the former operating segments in Portugal, wireline operating revenues decreased by 5.3% y.o.y in 9M11, from Euro 1,453 million to Euro 1,376 million, while adjusting for a contract with public administration related to the provision of broadband in schools (Euro 18 million) and for the decline in the directories business (Euro 16 million), wireline revenues would have declined by 3.1% y.o.y impacted primarily by lower wholesale and data and corporate revenues. In 9M11, retail revenues increased by 0.7% y.o.y, from Euro 725 million to Euro 730 million, proving the steady and resilient performance of retail revenues, sustained by the improvement of non-voice revenues and the success of Meo offers.

In 9M11, TMN's operating revenues decreased by Euro 116 million (-11.1% y.o.y) to Euro 930 million, mainly due to: (1) lower customer revenues (Euro 71 million), as a result of the economic conditions, including the increase in VAT and increased popularity of tribal plans, namely those without a monthly fee and only with mandatory top-up obligations; (2) lower interconnection revenues (Euro 32 million), mostly as a result of the negative impact of lower MTRs (Euro 24 million), and (3) lower equipment sales (Euro 16 million). It is worth highlighting that 3Q11 registered a marked improvement in service revenues performance: -8.6% y.o.y in 3Q11, which compares to -10.7% in 2Q11 and -12.2% in 1Q11.

In 9M11, Oi's revenues stood at Euro 1,634 million, equivalent to R\$ 3,748 million. Oi's results are proportionally consolidated as from 1 April 2011, reflecting the 25.6% direct and indirect stake that PT owns in Telemar Participações, the controlling shareholder of Oi, which fully consolidates Oi companies, including Tele Norte Leste Participações, Telemar Norte Leste and Brasil Telecom.

Other revenues, including intra-group eliminations, increased by 39.0% y.o.y in 9M11 to Euro 609 million. This performance was mainly due to: (1) the impact of the proportional consolidation of Contax as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 226 million), including Dedic/GPTI as from 1 July 2011, and (2) an increase of 10.3% and 7.8% y.o.y at Timor Telecom and MTC, respectively. These effects were partially offset by a lower contribution from Dedic/GPTI, that was fully consolidated until 30 June 2011 and then integrated in Contax.

The contribution from fully and proportionally consolidated international assets to operating revenues stood at 58.1% in 3Q11, while Brazil accounted for 53.4% of operating revenues.

In 9M11, total PT customers stood at 89,678 thousand, up by 7.2% from 83,654 thousand in 9M10. Customers in international operations, including Brazil and Africa, represented 87% of total PT customers.

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

EBITDA increased by 46.5% y.o.y to Euro 1,654 million in 9M11, as compared to Euro 1,129 million in the same period last year, primarily due to the impact of the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax as from 1 April 2011

Table of Contents

(Euro 580 million), including Dedic/GPTI in Contax as from 1 July 2011. Excluding this effect, EBITDA would have decreased by 4.9% y.o.y in 9M11 to Euro 1,074 million, equivalent to a margin of 42.0% (+1.5pp y.o.y). EBITDA performance in the period was impacted by the revenue decline and notwithstanding a 9.9% y.o.y reduction in operating costs excluding D&A and PRBs in Portuguese telecommunications businesses. This effect was partially offset by the revenue improvement from the Residential customer segment in 9M11.

It is worth highlighting that, based on the former operating segments in Portugal, the wireline business continued to show a solid performance (+0.6% y.o.y to Euro 564 million). TMN's EBITDA margin was stable in 9M11 (-0.1pp y.o.y to 46.6%) as a result of a solid and continued cost cutting effort (operating costs declined by Euro 61 million) and notwithstanding the revenue decline.

Consolidated Operating Costs (excluding post retirement benefit costs and depreciation and amortisation)

Consolidated operating costs, excluding depreciation and amortization costs and post retirement benefits, amounted to Euro 2,762 million in 9M11 and Euro 1,663 million in 9M10, an increase of Euro 1,098 million primarily explained by the impact of the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 1,278 million), including the Dedic/GPTI business as from 1 July 2011, following the completion of the exchange of PT's interest in this business for an additional stake in Contax. Adjusting for this effect, consolidated operating costs would have decreased by 10.8% y.o.y (Euro 179 million) in 9M11 to Euro 1,484 million, reflecting primarily a decrease at Portuguese operations, primarily as a result of strict cost control, strong focus on the profitability of operations and lower direct costs resulting from the decrease in revenues.

Wages and salaries increased by 58.0% y.o.y (Euro 273 million) in 9M11 to Euro 743 million, as compared to Euro 471 million in the same period last year, mainly due to the impact of the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 327 million), including the Dedic/GPTI business as from 1 July 2011. Adjusting for this effect, wages and salaries would have decreased by 11.4% y.o.y (Euro 54 million) in 9M11 to Euro 417 million, reflecting lower contributions from: (1) Dedic/GPTI, as this business was fully consolidated until 30 June 2011 and then integrated in Contax, and (2) Portuguese operations, reflecting primarily the strong focus on cost reduction and also benefiting from curtailment in 4Q10. Wages and salaries accounted for 16.8% of consolidated operating revenues in 9M11.

Direct costs increased by 73.5% y.o.y (Euro 303 million) in 9M11 to Euro 716 million and accounted for 16.2% of consolidated operating revenues. This increase reflected primarily the impact of the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 350 million). Adjusting for this effect, direct costs would have decreased by 11.3% y.o.y (Euro 46 million) in 9M11 to Euro 366 million, primarily due to lower contributions from Portuguese operations, as a result of a decrease in interconnection costs, due to lower MTRs, and the decline in the directories business, which more than offset an increase in programming costs due to the continued growth in pay-TV customers, notwithstanding a decline in programming costs per customer (-20.9% y.o.y in 9M11) as pay-TV is reaching critical mass.

Commercial costs, which include costs of products sold, commissions and marketing and publicity, increased by 29.1% y.o.y (Euro 79 million) in 9M11 to Euro 351 million and accounted for 8.0% of consolidated operating revenues. This increase reflected primarily the impact of the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 97 million). Excluding this effect, commercial costs would have decreased by 6.4% y.o.y (Euro 17 million) in 9M11 to Euro 255 million, mainly due to a reduction at Portuguese operations, reflecting primarily the

Table of Contents

effect resulting from the decrease in operating revenues, including lower sales and its effect on costs of products sold, and strict cost discipline, and despite an increase in marketing expenses related to the continued marketing of Meo and the new tariff plans in the Personal customer segment.

Other operating costs, which mainly include support services, supplies and external services, indirect taxes and provisions, increased by 87.3% y.o.y in 9M11 (Euro 443 million) to Euro 951 million, as compared to Euro 508 million in 9M10. This increase reflected primarily the impact of the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 505 million), which includes Dedic/GPTI as from 1 July 2011. Adjusting for this effect, other operating costs would have decreased by 12.1% y.o.y in 9M11 to Euro 446 million, basically due to lower contributions from (1) Portuguese operations, related mainly to a reduction in external supplies as a result of the strict operational and cost discipline, and (2) the Dedic/GPTI business, which was fully consolidated until 30 June 2011 and then integrated in Contax.

EBITDA

EBITDA by business segment (1)

Euro million

	3Q11	3Q10	y.o.y	9M11	9M10	y.o.y
Portugal	329.9	345.9	(4.6)%	992.9	1,044.7	(5.0)%
Brazil • Oi	277.7	0.0	n.m.	562.3	0.0	n.m.
Other and eliminations	46.7	36.0	29.7%	98.9	84.5	17.0%
EBITDA	654.2	381.9	71.3%	1,654.0	1,129.2	46.5%
EBITDA margin (%)	37.4	40.1	(2.7)pp	37.5	40.4	(3.0)pp
Portugal	329.9	345.9	(4.6)%	992.9	1,044.7	(5.0)%
Wireline	185.7	184.1	0.9%	563.6	560.4	0.6%
TMN	145.5	163.2	(10.8)%	433.5	488.4	(11.3)%
Other	(1.3)	(1.4)	(5.7)%	(4.2)	(4.1)	1.6%

(1) EBITDA = income from operations + post retirement benefits + depreciation and amortisation.

EBITDA from Portuguese telecommunication businesses amounted to Euro 993 million in 9M11 (-5.0% y.o.y), equivalent to a 45.7% margin, a 1.3pp y.o.y improvement. In 3Q11, EBITDA margin improved by 1.3pp y.o.y, to 45.1%, a resilient performance (+1.2pp in 2Q11, +1.5pp in 1Q11), that underlines the sustainability of PT's cost cutting initiatives. Operating costs decreased by 9.9% y.o.y, on the back of: (1) pay-TV reaching critical mass, which leads to lower programming costs per customer; (2) fibre rollout, which has a superior quality of service leading to lower customer support and network maintenance costs; (3) the implementation of transformation initiatives, namely in customer care and field force, promoting the usage of self-care and benefiting from fixed-mobile integration, (4) increased simplicity of commercial offers and processes, namely for Personal customer segment, and (5) additional measures undertaken in anticipation of weaker macro fundamentals, reflecting PT's strong cost focus. This solid performance was achieved against a backdrop of lower contribution to revenues and EBITDA derived from the directories business, which contracted Euro 16 million and Euro 5 million, respectively. PT has a financial investment of 25% in the company Páginas Amarelas, which is managed by Truvo.

In 9M11, Oi's EBITDA reached Euro 562 million, equivalent to R\$ 1,290 million, corresponding to its proportional consolidation as from 1 April 2011. EBITDA margin in the period stood at 34.4%.

Other EBITDA increased by 17.0% y.o.y to Euro 99 million in 9M11 mainly due to: (1) the impact of the proportional consolidation of Contax as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 20 million), and (2) the 5.9% and 2.2% y.o.y growth in Timor Telecom and MTC, respectively. After several quarters of EBITDA contraction at CVT in Cape Verde, primarily due to

Table of Contents

weaker economic conditions and adverse regulation, in 9M11 CVT's EBITDA increased by 1.6% y.o.y. These effects were partially offset by lower contribution from Dedic/GPTI business, that was fully consolidated until 30 June 2011 and then integrated in Contax.

Fully and proportionally consolidated international assets represented 52.4% of PT's EBITDA in 3Q11. Brazilian businesses accounted for 44.1% of EBITDA in the period and fully consolidated African businesses accounted for 5.0% of EBITDA.

Net income

Post retirement benefits costs decreased to Euro 41 million in 9M11 from Euro 53 million in 9M10, reflecting primarily the impact of the transfer of regulatory unfunded pension obligations to the Portuguese State, which was completed in December 2010. This effect was partially offset by the impact of the proportional consolidation of Oi as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 3 million).

Depreciation and amortisation costs increased by 66.4% y.o.y to Euro 914 million in 9M11, reflecting primarily the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax (Euro 335 million), including the holding companies. Adjusting for this effect, depreciation and amortisation costs would have increased by 5.4% to Euro 579 million in 9M11, due to higher contribution from the Portuguese businesses (Euro 25 million), as a result of the FTTH rollout and pay-TV growth. In 3Q11, depreciation and amortisation costs amounted to Euro 350 million, a reduction of 5.0% compared to Euro 368 million in 2Q11, primarily explained by the impact of the swap of TMN's 2G equipment to LTE (4G enabled equipment), a lower contribution from Dedic, which was integrated in Contax as from 1 July 2011, and lower amortisation expenses at Oi.

Net interest expenses increased to Euro 199 million in 9M11 as compared to Euro 176 million in 9M10, reflecting primarily the impact of the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax, including the holding companies, as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 115 million). Adjusting for this effect, net interest expenses would have decreased by Euro 91 million to Euro 85 million in 9M11, mainly as a result of: (1) an Euro 51 million interest gain in 1Q11 on cash deposits in Brazilian Reais which were used to pay the strategic investment in Oi on 31 March 2011, and (2) the reduction in the average cost of debt from Portuguese businesses, excluding the impact of the interest income on cash deposits in Brazilian Reais as referred to above, which stood at 3.4% in 9M11 compared to 4.6% in 9M10. These effects more than offset the impact of the increase in the average net debt from Portuguese businesses, which reflected: (1) the investment in Oi concluded on 31 March 2011 (Euro 3,728 million); (2) the dividends paid in June 2011 (Euro 1,118 million related to the second instalment of the special dividend amounting to Euro 0.65 per share and the ordinary dividend amounting to Euro 0.65 per share), and (3) the debt related to the transfer of unfunded pension obligations completed in December 2010 (Euro 1,022 million), which more than offset the impact of the first and second instalments received from Telefónica in 2010 (Euro 5,500 million) related to the Vivo transaction.

Equity in earnings of affiliates amounted to Euro 169 million in 9M11, as compared to Euro 65 million in 9M10. In 9M11, this caption includes a gain of Euro 38 million related to the completion of the disposal of the investment in UOL for a total amount of Euro 156 million, while in 9M10 includes non-recurring losses on investments in associate companies, totalling Euro 72 million, to adjust its carrying value to the corresponding estimated recoverable amounts. Adjusting for these effects and PT's share in UOL's earnings in 9M10 (Euro 14 million), equity accounting in earnings of affiliated companies would have amounted to Euro 131 million in 9M11 and Euro 124 million in 9M10, reflecting primarily the improvement in earnings of Unitel, notwithstanding the devaluation of local currency, and CTM.

Table of Contents

Net other financial losses, which include net foreign currency losses, net losses on financial assets and net other financial expenses, increased from Euro 35 million in 9M10 to Euro 87 million in 9M11, reflecting primarily: (1) the impact of the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 36 million), and (2) certain financial taxes incurred in Brazil in connection with the transfer of funds for the investment in Oi (Euro 14 million).

Income taxes increased to Euro 155 million in 9M11, from Euro 64 million in 9M10, corresponding to an effective tax rate of 27.8% and 24.7%, respectively. The increase in income taxes is primarily explained by: (1) the impact of the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 37 million); (2) a tax gain in 9M10, amounting to Euro 52 million, related to a corporate restructuring of Africatel businesses that resulted in lower taxable profits, and (3) a gain of Euro 4 million corresponding to the impact on deferred taxes, as at 1 January 2010, of the change in the statutory tax rate applicable in Portugal from 26.5% to 29.0% for companies with taxable profits in excess of Euro 2 million.

Adjusting for: (1) the one-off gains recorded in 2010 mentioned above; (2) the impact of lower non-deductible interest expenses, and (3) certain non-recurring losses recognised in 3Q10, that are not tax deductible, the effective tax rate would have been 28.2% in 9M11 and 29.0% in 9M10.

Income from discontinued operations amounted to Euro 5,551 million in 9M10, including primarily the capital gain obtained with the disposal of the investment in Vivo, which was concluded on 27 September 2010, its earnings before non-controlling interests up to that date, and the accumulated currency translation adjustments that were recognised in net income on the date of disposal, although not contributing to the distributable net income.

Income attributable to non-controlling interests decreased by Euro 60 million in 9M11 to Euro 70 million, reflecting the reduction in income attributable to non-controlling interests of Vivo (Euro 61 million), following the acquisition of this investment by Telefónica in September 2010. The proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax as from 1 April 2011, amounting to Euro 14 million, was offset by the decrease in non-controlling interests from African businesses (Euro 14 million), which is primarily explained by the share of non-controlling interests in the tax gain recognised in 2Q10 as a result of a corporate restructuring of these businesses.

Net income amounted to Euro 333 million in 9M11. In 9M10, net income amounted to Euro 5,618 million, primarily affected by the net income from discontinued operations and the corresponding non-controlling interests related to the disposal of the investment in Vivo. Adjusting for these effects, net income would have increased from Euro 128 million in 9M10 to Euro 333 million in 9M11.

Capex

Capex increased by 42.6% y.o.y to Euro 704 million in 9M11, as compared to Euro 494 million in the same period last year, mainly due to the impact of the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 240 million). Excluding this effect, capex would have decreased by 6.0% y.o.y in 9M11 to Euro 464 million, equivalent to 18.1% of revenues, and was directed towards investments in future proof technologies, namely FTTH, and also 3G and 3.5G.

Table of Contents**Capex by business segment****Euro million**

	3Q11	3Q10	y.o.y	9M11	9M10	y.o.y
Portugal	149.6	138.5	8.0%	400.5	403.1	(0.7)%
Brazil • Oi	106.5	0.0	n.m.	223.2	0.0	n.m.
Other	29.6	42.9	(30.9)%	80.1	90.4	(11.4)%
Total capex	285.8	181.4	57.5%	703.8	493.6	42.6%
Capex as % of revenues (%)	16.4	19.1	(2.7)pp	15.9	17.7	(1.7)pp

Capex from Portuguese telecommunication businesses was broadly stable at Euro 400 million in 9M11 (-0.7% y.o.y). This performance reflected a decline in capex from residential segment due to a decrease in customer-related capex as a result of: (1) a lower number of set-top boxes per fibre TV customer as compared to ADSL; (2) lower unitary cost of set-top boxes, optical network terminators and home gateways, and (3) improved refurbishment rates of set-top boxes, which reached 75% in 9M11 (74% in 1H11 and 63% in 9M10); which was offset by an increase in capex related to the investments in the swap of TMN's 2G equipments to LTE (4G) enabled equipment and investments in capacity of existing 3G and 3.5G networks, namely in urban areas. Additionally, PT has been strengthening its mobile data capabilities and its network quality by leveraging the existing FTTH deployment to boost its mobile network quality and lead the 4G roll-out in the Portuguese market. Capex to sales ratio in Portuguese telecommunication businesses stood at 18.4% of revenues, compared to 17.1% in 9M10. PT aims at strengthening further the value proposition to its corporate, SME/SOHO and residential customers by extending FTTH coverage to an additional up to 600 thousand households and investing in the construction of a state of the art 75.5 thousand sqm data centre.

In 9M11, Oi's capex proportionally consolidated as from 1 April 2011 reached Euro 223 million, equivalent to R\$ 512 million, and was mainly towards to: (1) improve fixed network quality and coverage; (2) increase speed of broadband services; (3) improve mobile network coverage, and (4) reinforce data capacity.

In 9M11, other capex decreased to Euro 80 million, compared to Euro 90 million in 9M10, primarily as a result of lower capex from MTC, in Namibia, and CVT, in Cape Verde, and notwithstanding an increase in capex from Timor Telecom. The consolidation of Contax as from 1 April 2011 was offset by the lower contribution from Dedic/GPTI, due to investments undertaken in 1Q10 related to the expansion of Dedic, namely the construction of new sites, and its integration in Contax as from 1 July 2011.

Cash Flow

Operating cash flow increased to Euro 894 million in 9M11, compared to Euro 410 million in 9M10, including the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 295 million). Adjusting for this effect, operating cash flow would have increased by Euro 188 million to Euro 598 million in 9M11, mainly due to a significant improvement in working capital management (Euro 248 million), primarily explained by: (1) the one-off reduction in the payment cycle to certain suppliers undertaken in 4Q10, following the cash inflow from the Vivo transaction, leading to lower payments to suppliers in 9M11, and (2) a lower investment related to trade receivables in Portuguese businesses.

Table of Contents**Free cash flow (1)****Euro million**

	3Q11	3Q10	y.o.y	9M11	9M10	y.o.y
EBITDA minus Capex	368.5	200.4	83.8%	950.3	635.6	49.5%
Non-cash items	39.4	11.6	240.4%	93.6	31.1	200.7%
Change in working capital	(38.9)	15.5	n.m.	(150.0)	(256.4)	(41.5)%
Operating cash flow	369.0	227.5	62.2%	893.8	410.4	117.8%
Interests	(8.6)	(15.7)	(45.5)%	(160.3)	(181.1)	(11.5)%
Net reimbursements (contributions) to pension funds (2)	(11.2)	(5.9)	90.4%	(20.4)	31.5	n.m.
Paym. to pre-retired, suspended employees and other	(46.8)	(45.4)	3.3%	(128.2)	(116.2)	10.4%
Income taxes	(40.8)	2.7	n.m.	(119.5)	(37.6)	218.1%
Dividends received	0.3	0.9	(70.4)%	147.0	9.6	n.m.
Net disposal (acquisition) of financial investments	12.1	0.1	n.m.	123.6	1.4	n.m.
Share capital reductions at Brasilcel	0.0	0.0	n.m.	0.0	89.9	n.m.
Other cash movements (3)	(92.9)	(34.3)	170.8%	(238.3)	(56.1)	n.m.
Free cash flow	180.9	130.0	39.2%	497.7	151.8	227.8%

(1) Free cash flow in 9M11 and 9M10 exclude the cash out-flow related to the acquisition of PT's strategic investment in Oi and Contax and the first instalment related to Vivo transaction, respectively. (2) In 9M11, this caption includes Euro 16 million related to the service cost payments associated to the active employees transferred to the Portuguese State. (3) In 9M11, this caption includes payments of expenses incurred with the strategic investment in Oi, bank commissions and certain payments of contractual penalties and legal actions, mainly at Oi and Contax.

Excluding the cash out-flow related to the acquisition of PT's investment in Oi and Contax in 1Q11 and the first instalment received from Telefónica in 3Q10 related to Vivo transaction, free cash flow amounted to Euro 498 million in 9M11, compared to Euro 152 million in 9M10. This performance is primarily explained by: (1) a higher operating cash flow (Euro 483 million) as referred to above; (2) proceeds received from the disposal of the investment in UOL amounting to Euro 156 million; (3) dividends received from Unitel (Euro 126 million) in 9M11 relating to 2009 earnings, while the 2008 dividends had been fully received in 4Q09, and (4) a reduction in interest paid amounting to Euro 18 million, due to the decrease in the average net debt from Portuguese businesses and the interest on cash deposits in Brazilian Reais used to pay the strategic investment in Oi and Contax, which more than offset the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax, including the holding companies, as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 104 million). These effects were partially offset by: (1) an amount of Euro 90 million received from Brasilcel in 9M10 related to share capital reductions; (2) an increase in payments regarding legal actions (Euro 160 million), primarily related to the proportional consolidation of Oi; (3) an increase in net payments related to post retirement benefits (Euro 64 million), due to the Euro 75 million reimbursement in 1Q10 related to the excessive funding of the healthcare plan; (4) an amount paid by Contax in 2Q11 for the acquisition of the investment in Allus (Euro 44 million), and (5) higher payments of income taxes (Euro 82 million), mainly related to the impact of the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax (Euro 36 million) and withholding taxes on financial applications incorporated with the proceeds from the disposal of Vivo. For comparative purposes, PT's free cash flow in 9M11 adjusted for the investment in Oi and Contax and the proportional consolidation of its free cash flow increased to Euro 591 million, as compared to Euro 152 million in 9M10, adjusted for the first instalment received from Telefónica.

Table of Contents

Consolidated Net Debt

Change in net debt	Euro million			
	3Q11	3Q10	9M11	9M10
Net debt (initial balance as reported)	8,874.9	6,092.8	2,099.8	5,528.0
Less: Vivo's net debt	0.0	719.5	0.0	699.0
Net debt (initial balance adjusted)	8,874.9	5,373.3	2,099.8	4,829.0
Less: free cash flow	180.9	130.0	497.7	151.8
First instalment related to Vivo transaction	0.0	(4,500.0)	0.0	(4,500.0)
Acquisition of strategic investment in Oi and Contax	0.0	0.0	3,727.6	0.0
Translation effect on foreign currency debt	(190.6)	0.0	(132.4)	0.0
Dividends paid by PT	0.0	0.0	1,117.7	503.6
Acquisition of own shares	0.0	0.0	86.8	0.0
Changes in consolidation perimeter (Oi and Contax)	0.0	0.0	2,052.5	0.0
Other changes in consolidation perimeter	10.0	0.9	(1.4)	31.7
Other (1)	27.2	37.3	87.6	69.1
Net debt (final balance)	8,540.6	781.6	8,540.6	781.6
Less: TEF receivable	2,000.0	3,000.0	2,000.0	3,000.0
Less: Tax effect on unfunded post retirement benefits	226.1	226.1	226.1	226.1
Adjusted net debt (final balance)	6,314.5	(2,444.5)	6,314.5	(2,444.5)
Less: Net debt from Oi and Contax, inc. holding companies	2,164.0	0.0	2,164.0	0.0
Adjusted net debt exc. Oi and Contax (final balance)	4,150.5	(2,444.5)	4,150.5	(2,444.5)
Change in net debt	(334.3)	(4,591.7)	6,440.8	(4,047.4)
Change in net debt (%)	(3.8)%	(75.4)%	306.7%	(73.2)%

(1) In 9M11 and 9M10, this caption includes mainly Euro 78 million and Euro 63 million, respectively, related to dividends paid by PT's fully and proportionally consolidated subsidiaries to non-controlling interests.

Consolidated net debt, adjusted for the receivable from Telefónica, excluding the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax, and the holding companies, and the tax effect on the payments due to the Portuguese State in connection with the pensions transaction, amounted to Euro 4,151 million as at 30 September 2011, a Euro 119 million decrease from 30 June 2011. Consolidated net debt increased from Euro 2,100 million at the end of December 2010 to Euro 8,541 million as at 30 September 2011, an increase of Euro 6,441 million reflecting: (1) the acquisition of the strategic investments in Oi and Contax for a total consideration of Euro 3,728 million and the proportional consolidation of its net debt position amounting to Euro 2,053 million as at 31 March 2011; (2) dividends paid by PT to its shareholders (Euro 1,118 million) and by its subsidiaries to non-controlling interests (Euro 78 million), and (3) the acquisition by Oi of PT's own shares in 2Q11 (Euro 87 million). These effects were partially offset by the free cash flow generated in the period, adjusted for the acquisition of the investments in Oi and Contax, amounting to Euro 498 million, and the impact of the depreciation of the Brazilian Real against the Euro, leading to a reduction in net debt of Euro 132 million.

Excluding the proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax, the amount of cash available plus the receivable from Telefónica and the undrawn amount of PT's committed commercial paper lines and standby facilities totalled Euro 5,524 million at the end of September 2011, of which Euro 940 million was undrawn committed commercial paper and standby facilities. After the Euro 600 million 5-year Eurobond issued in January 2011 and the Euro 1,200 million 3-year credit facility signed in March and April 2011, with eight leading international banks, PT has now its debt maturities fully financed until the end of 2013 and financial flexibility to continue to invest in its businesses whilst honouring its commitments to its shareholders.

Table of Contents

In 9M11, excluding the Euro 51 million interest gain on cash deposits related to the strategic investment in Oi, PT's average cost of debt stood at 3.4%, down from 4.6% in 9M10. As at 30 September 2011, PT's consolidated net debt had a maturity of 5.9 years. Excluding the consolidation of Oi and Contax, the maturity of PT's net debt was also 5.9 years. As at the end of September 2011, the net debt to EBITDA ratio was 2.9x.

Post Retirement Benefits Obligations

As at 30 September 2011, the projected post retirement benefits obligations (PBO) from Portuguese businesses related to pensions supplements and healthcare amounted to Euro 434 million and market value of assets under management amounted to Euro 381 million, compared to Euro 472 million and Euro 448 million as at 31 December 2010, respectively. In addition, PT had liabilities in the form of salaries due to suspended and pre-retired employees amounting to Euro 824 million as at 30 September 2011, which are not subject to any legal funding requirement. These monthly salaries are paid directly by PT to the beneficiaries until retirement age. As a result, total gross unfunded obligations from Portuguese businesses amounted to Euro 878 million and after-tax unfunded obligations amounted to Euro 658 million. PT's post retirement benefits plans for pensions supplements and healthcare are closed to new participants.

In addition, following the strategic investment in Oi, PT proportionally consolidated its net post retirement benefit obligations, amounting to Euro 52 million as at 31 March 2011 and Euro 51 million as at 30 September 2011, which relate to several plans with different characteristics, including defined contribution plans and defined benefits plans. Most of these plans are already closed to new participants. Oi has several plans that present a surplus position and the surplus position is not recorded as an asset as it is not possible to obtain reimbursements.

Post retirement benefits obligations	Euro million	
	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Pensions obligations	124.5	129.9
Healthcare obligations	309.9	342.5
PBO of pension and healthcare obligations	434.4	472.4
Market value of funds (1)	(380.6)	(448.1)
Unfunded pensions and healthcare obligations	53.8	24.2
Salaries to suspended and pre-retired employees	824.1	924.3
Gross unfunded obligations from Portuguese businesses	877.9	948.6
After-tax unfunded obligations from Portuguese businesses	658.4	711.4
Gross unfunded obligations at Oi	51.0	0.0
Unrecognised prior years service gains	17.2	18.3
Accrued post retirement benefits	946.0	966.9

(1) The reduction in the market value of funds resulted mainly from: (i) payments of supplements of Euro 7.0 million; (ii) the negative performance of assets under management amounting to Euro 49.7 million (equivalent to negative 11.4% in 9M11), and (iii) the refund of healthcare expenses paid previously by PT amounting to Euro 10.9 million.

Total gross unfunded obligations from Portuguese businesses decreased by Euro 71 million to Euro 878 million as at 30 September 2011, primarily as a result of salary payments to suspended and pre-retired employees made during the period amounting to Euro 128 million, which were partially offset by total post retirement benefits and curtailment costs (Euro 29 million) and net actuarial losses (Euro 33 million) recognised in the period. Unfunded obligations from Oi decreased from Euro 52 million as at 31 March 2011 to Euro 51 million as at 30 September 2011, reflecting primarily the impact of the depreciation of the Brazilian Real against the Euro (Euro 4 million), partially offset by

post retirement benefits costs amounting to Euro 3 million.

Table of Contents

Change in gross unfunded obligations	Euro million	
	9M11	9M10
Gross unfunded obligations (initial balance)	948.6	1,467.4
Changes in the consolidation perimeter	52.5	0.0
Post retirement benefits costs (PRB) (1)	26.1	54.9
Curtailment cost	6.3	10.9
Net reimbursements (contributions) to pension funds (2)	(4.9)	31.5
Salary payments to pre-retired, suspended employees and other	(128.2)	(116.2)
Net actuarial (gains) losses (3)	33.0	72.6
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(4.5)	0.0
Gross unfunded obligations (final balance)	928.9	1,521.1

(1) In 9M11, this caption excludes the service cost payments related to active employees transferred to the Portuguese State amounting to Euro 16 million. (2) In 9M11, this caption includes healthcare expenses net of reimbursements amounting to Euro 2.0 million, and termination payments amounting to Euro 2.6 million. Additionally, contributions amounting to Euro 16 million related to the service cost of the employees transferred to the Portuguese state were paid. (3) In 9M11, net actuarial losses includes: (i) a gain of Euro 36 million related to changes in discount rates from 4.75% to 5.00% in pension supplements and from 4.75% to 5.50% in healthcare liabilities, and (ii) a loss of Euro 69 million related to the difference between actual return on assets in the period (-11.4%) and expected return of assets (6% annualised).

Post retirement benefits costs decreased to Euro 41 million in 9M11 from Euro 53 million in 9M10, reflecting primarily the impact of the transfer of regulatory unfunded pension obligations to the Portuguese State, completed in December 2010. This effect was partially offset by the impact of the proportional consolidation of Oi as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 3 million).

Equity

Change in shareholders equity (excluding non-controlling interests)	Euro million
	9M11
Equity before non-controlling interests (initial balance)	4,392.4
Net income	333.5
Net currency translation adjustments	(430.1)
Dividends	(1,118.0)
Net actuarial gains (losses), net of taxes	(24.7)
PT s shares acquired by Oi (1)	(148.3)
Other	(12.3)
Equity before non-controlling interests (final balance)	2,992.5
Change in equity before non-controlling interests	(1,400.0)
Change in equity before non-controlling interests (%)	(31.9)%

(1) This caption includes Euro 61 million of PT s shares acquired before 31 March 2011 (initial consolidation of Oi).

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

As at 30 September 2011, shareholders' equity excluding non-controlling interests amounted to Euro 2,992 million, which represents a decrease of Euro 1,400 million in 9M11. This decrease is primarily explained by: (1) the dividends paid by PT to its shareholders amounting to Euro 1,118 million; (2) negative currency translation adjustments amounting to Euro 430 million, mainly related to the depreciation of the Brazilian real against the Euro, and (3) the acquisition by Oi of PT's own shares (Euro 148 million), which for accounting purposes are classified as treasury shares. These effects more than offset the net income generated in the period of Euro 333 million.

Strategic Investment in Oi

On 31 March 2011, PT concluded its strategic investments in Telemar Norte Leste, S.A. (Oi) and Contax, S.A. (Contax) for a total consideration of R\$8,437 million (Euro 3,728 million). These strategic investments were made

Table of Contents

in connection with the agreements entered into with the controlling shareholders of Telemar Participações, S.A., which controls and fully consolidates Oi, and CTX Participações, S.A., which in turn controls and fully consolidates Contax. Under these agreements, PT shares the control of these companies and plays a key role in the strategic financial and operational policies and, consequently, the acquired investments are treated for accounting purposes as jointly controlled entities. As allowed by IAS 31, PT's results in 9M11 include the proportional consolidation of the earnings of Oi and Contax Groups, as from 1 April 2011. Additionally, the process of exchange of PT's interest in Dedic/GPTI for an additional stake in Contax was completed on 1 July 2011. Oi is proportionally consolidated, through the 25.6% direct and indirect stake that PT owns in Telemar Participações, the controlling shareholder of Oi, which fully consolidates Oi companies, including Tele Norte Leste Participações, Telemar Norte Leste and Brasil Telecom. Contax is proportionally consolidated through the 44.4% direct and indirect stake that PT owns in CTX Participações, which in turn fully consolidates Contax, which fully consolidates Dedic/GPTI as from 1 July 2011.

PT made the strategic investment in Oi and Contax through its wholly owned holding companies Bratel Brasil and PT Brasil, respectively, having acquired economic interests of 25.3% in Oi (Telemar Norte Leste) and 14.1% in Contax. The economic interest in Contax was increased to 19.5% on 1 July 2011, following the exchange of PT's interest in Dedic/GPTI for an additional stake in Contax

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

The main changes in the statement of financial position are basically explained by the acquisition of the investments in Oi and Contax. This operation was completed as at 31 March 2011, and therefore PT proportionally consolidated the assets and liabilities of these companies in its statement of financial position as from 31 March 2011.

Total assets and liabilities increased from Euro 15.2 billion and Euro 10.6 billion as at 31 December 2010 to Euro 22.2 billion and Euro 18.4 billion as at 30 September 2011, respectively, reflecting primarily the impacts resulting from the acquisition and proportional consolidation of Oi and Contax (total assets and liabilities of Euro 7.4 billion and Euro 6.8 billion, respectively). Adjusting for these effects, total liabilities increased by Euro 1.1 billion, primarily due to the Euro 0.6 billion Eurobond issued in January 2011 and total assets decreased by Euro 0.4 billion, mainly due to the impact of the depreciation of the Brazilian Real against the Euro.

The main effects following the strategic investment in Oi and Contax and its proportional consolidation on PT's statement of financial position as at 31 March 2011 are: (1) total assets and liabilities related to those businesses amounting to Euro 9.3 billion and Euro 6.8 billion, respectively, and non-controlling interests of Euro 0.7 billion; (2) a reduction in cash and cash equivalents of Euro 3.7 billion corresponding to the amount paid for the acquisition of these investments, and (3) the recognition of a preliminary goodwill amounting to Euro 1.8 billion as a result of this transaction.

Total assets and liabilities that were proportionally consolidated for the first time as at 31 March 2011, considering the goodwill recorded as a result of this transaction, include primarily tangible and intangible assets (Euro 6,445 million), cash and cash equivalents (Euro 1,696 million), current accounts receivable (Euro 778 million), deferred tax assets (Euro 654 million), gross debt (Euro 3,749 million), provisions (Euro 807 million) and related judicial deposits (Euro 984 million), current accounts payable and accrued expenses (Euro 773 million), taxes payable (Euro 630 million) and deferred tax liabilities (Euro 353 million).

Table of Contents**Consolidated statement of financial position****Euro million**

	30 September 2011	31 December 2010
Cash and equivalents	3,867.1	5,106.5
Accounts receivable, net	3,934.8	3,403.2
Inventories, net	128.5	101.5
Judicial Deposits	1,028.3	0.0
Financial investments	505.4	539.6
Intangible assets, net	4,573.2	1,111.7
Tangible assets, net	6,133.6	3,874.6
Accrued post retirement asset	11.8	1.9
Other assets	657.3	338.1
Deferred tax assets and prepaid expenses	1,312.6	692.7
Total assets	22,152.6	15,169.9
Accounts payable	1,136.8	722.6
Gross debt	12,407.7	7,206.3
Accrued post retirement liability	957.8	968.8
Other liabilities	2,989.3	1,063.0
Deferred tax liabilities and deferred income	880.9	600.1
Total liabilities	18,372.5	10,560.8
Equity before non-controlling interests	2,992.5	4,392.4
Non-controlling interests	787.6	216.7
Total shareholders' equity	3,780.1	4,609.1
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	22,152.6	15,169.9

Table of Contents

02 Business performance

Portuguese Telecommunication Businesses

As from 3Q11, PT reports its Portuguese telecommunication businesses, which include former wireline and TMN, as a new operating segment. As part of this new operating report format, PT also reports its revenues on a per customer segment basis, which are as follows: (1) Residential, which comprises fixed telephony, broadband and pay-TV services, including double and triple-play services provided to homes, and was previously booked under the wireline caption; (2) Personal, which includes mainly mobile voice and broadband services provided to individuals and was previously included in TMN, and (3) Enterprise, which includes mobile and fixed voice, broadband and video services as well as customised and more sophisticated applications and ICT services marketed to large corporations and small and medium businesses and that was previously registered both in wireline and in TMN. Other services, including wholesale services and directories, are registered under a different revenue caption, Wholesale, other and eliminations. Tables related to wireline and TMN, PT's former operating segments are provided in Annex for comparative purposes.

The Portuguese telecommunication businesses continued to show steady customer growth, with the fixed retail customers growing 6.3% y.o.y to 4,709 thousand (net additions reached 182 thousand in 9M11) and mobile customers up by 0.5% y.o.y to 7,354 thousand (-65 thousand net additions in 9M11).

Portuguese operating data

	3Q11	3Q10	y.o.y	9M11	9M10	y.o.y
Fixed retail accesses ('000)	4,709	4,428	6.3%	4,709	4,428	6.3%
PSTN/ISDN	2,662	2,695	(1.2)%	2,662	2,695	(1.2)%
Broadband customers	1,072	964	11.2%	1,072	964	11.2%
Pay-TV customers	974	769	26.7%	974	769	26.7%
Retail RGU per access	1.77	1.64	7.6%	1.77	1.64	7.6%
Mobile Customers ('000)	7,354	7,314	0.5%	7,354	7,314	0.5%
Postpaid	2,341	2,267	3.3%	2,341	2,267	3.3%
Prepaid	5,013	5,047	(0.7)%	5,013	5,047	(0.7)%
Net additions ('000)						
Fixed retail accesses	77	83	(7.4)%	182	239	(23.6)%
PSTN/ISDN	(10)	(15)	33.7%	(33)	(52)	35.8%
Broadband customers	32	32	1.4%	71	102	(30.4)%
Pay-TV customers	55	67	(17.5)%	145	188	(23.3)%
Mobile Customers	20	46	(55.9)%	(65)	62	(205.0)%
Postpaid	23	22	3.4%	51	33	55.1%
Prepaid	(3)	23	(112.6)%	(116)	29	n.m.
Data as % of mobile service revenues (%)	28.5	25.2	3.3pp	27.7	24.5	3.2pp

Growth of fixed retail customers was underpinned by a solid performance of Meo, PT's pay-TV service, with pay-TV customers growing by 26.7% y.o.y to 974 thousand (net additions of 145 thousand in 9M11), and by an accelerated growth of broadband customers, which were up by 11.2% y.o.y to 1,072 thousand (net additions 71 thousand in 9M11). The success of Meo is achieved on the back of a very differentiated value proposition, which leverages on an innovative non-linear pay-TV service offering a seamless multiscreen experience with live TV channels,

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

video on demand, games and music on demand available on multiple devices. With 974 thousand customers, Meo already commands a 33.6% market share and on 14 November PT announced that Meo had surpassed one million

Table of Contents

customers. Mobile customers benefited from a solid performance of post paid customers, which grew by 3.3% y.o.y (51 thousand net adds in 9M11). The *o nunca mais acaba* tariff plan, that reached 568 thousand customers in 9M11, as well as the wireless broadband customers also continued to show solid growth trends.

During 9M11, PT launched new features and commercial offers aimed at further strengthening and differentiating its value proposition to all its customer segments, leveraging on the convergence of the TV, PC and mobile phone. In terms of services, PT continues to make available convergent offers that include fixed and mobile voice, fixed and mobile broadband and that may also bundle a laptop or smartphone to various customer segments. Additionally, PT also developed convergent applications for TMN, Sapo and Meo customers, including Meo Mobile, which offers 40 TV channels and remote home recording via the mobile phone, and Music Box, which offers unlimited mobile, PC and TV access to over four million songs. Moreover, PT launched during the summer period a specific campaign, using both Meo and TMN's brand that offers a double loyalty programme for Meo and TMN customers. For new Meo subscriptions, TMN customers get a bonus of Euro 5 for a six month period following the installation of Meo. Other convergent services, like Meo Jogos, a platform for games on demand through the PC, continues to be available for Meo customers. Finally, Meo online is a convergent value added service that allow customers to access live TV channels, the VoD catalogue for movie rentals and Meo's programming grid through the PC. PT's web portal, Sapo, continued to be an important lever to develop, in close collaboration with Meo and TMN, differentiated and convergent applications and services for the residential and personal customer segments. These apps and services are available on various platforms and devices, including Android, iPhone and iPad and on PT's TV platform.

Residential

In 9M11, retail net additions reached 203 thousand, as a result of the growth of the pay-TV service, which accounted for 135 thousand net additions, bringing the total pay-TV residential customers to 909 thousand (up by 26.7% y.o.y). September was the best performing month in terms of Meo sales in 2011. Fixed broadband net additions in the nine months stood at 70 thousand, with the residential broadband customer base growing by 13.6% y.o.y to 880 thousand. Residential PSTN/ISDN lines increased by 0.5% y.o.y in 9M11, also reflecting the positive impact of the triple-play offers. Residential revenue generating units per access, or total retail accesses divided by PSTN/ISDN lines stood at 2.07, up 9.1% y.o.y reflecting the continued success of the triple-play offers. As a result of this success, residential ARPU was up by 6.1% y.o.y to Euro 30.7. This performance is even more noteworthy as it was achieved against a backdrop of: (1) a challenging economic environment, which leads to some pressure on those services that are more exposed to the economic environment, such as premium and thematic channels, video on demand and other value added services, and (2) aggressive commercial stance by certain competitors that offer unlimited international voice traffic in the monthly fee, with a direct negative impact on traffic revenues.

The solid growth of residential customers is clearly supported by the success of Meo, PT's innovative pay-TV service that has already moved towards a seamless multiscreen experience, with live TV channels, video-on-demand and games and music on demand. Meo delivers a differentiated content proposition, with more than 150 TV channels, including exclusive content, HD and 3D channels, thousands of VoD titles and interactivity over anchor programmes (e.g. *Ídolos*, *Secret Story*, *Biggest Loser*). Meo also offers advanced and customised applications, through multiple widgets in an app store covering areas like: (1) Entertainment (e.g. surf, football); (2) Convenience (e.g. news, pharmacies), and (3) Personal Content (e.g. online photo storage).

Table of Contents**Residential operating data**

	3Q11	3Q10	y.o.y	9M11	9M10	y.o.y
Fixed retail accesses (000)	3,460	3,155	9.7%	3,460	3,155	9.7%
PSTN/ISDN	1,671	1,663	0.5%	1,671	1,663	0.5%
Broadband customers	880	774	13.6%	880	774	13.6%
Pay-TV customers	909	718	26.7%	909	718	26.7%
Retail RGU per access	2.07	1.90	9.1%	2.07	1.90	9.1%
Net additions (000)						
Fixed retail accesses	81	95	(14.4)%	203	274	(26.0)%
PSTN/ISDN	(0)	2	(104.5)%	(2)	1	(281.6)%
Broadband customers	30	30	0.6%	70	95	(26.2)%
Pay-TV customers	51	64	(19.3)%	135	178	(24.3)%
ARPU (Euro)	30.9	29.5	4.6%	30.7	28.9	6.1%
Non-voice revenues as % of revenues (%)	58.5	52.2	6.3pp	57.8	50.2	7.6pp

PT continued to surprise the pay-TV market with new content experiences. Leveraging on the second edition of Secret Story, the notorious reality show on TVI (a local FTA channel), MEO launched an exclusive Secret Story channel, airing live 24h of the Secret Story house, with an interactive application that allows customer to select the camera from which they want to follow participants in the house and delivers exclusive best of videos. This channel has been a clear commercial success, reaching over 10% audience share and out-performing all other pay-TV channels on most days of the week since it was launched. With RTP, another leading FTA channel, Meo launched a new interactive application that allows customers to create their own news playlists by selecting and aggregating categorised news clips from a catalogue automatically collected and categorised by Meo-RTP throughout the day. Meo also strengthened its music offer by launching a radio application that brings together 25 radio stations on the TV screen. Radio stations include: (1) the radio stations of the Renascença group, the clear leader in this market; (2) SW TMN, PT's new radio station targeted at the youth segment, and (3) several international radios.

In 9M11 Meo continued to strengthen its brand, which is perceived by the market as a young, innovative and fun brand. Moreover, in September 2011 Meo reached the highest brand notoriety amongst all pay-TV operators, with spontaneous ad recall reaching 62% having increased the lead over the second pay-TV operator to more than 40pp. Operating revenues in the Residential customer segment reached Euro 510 million, up by 5.9% y.o.y a noteworthy performance that is clearly leveraged on Meo's commercial success, which is underpinning growth of double-play and triple-play services. As a result of this success, the weight of non-voice services in Residential stood at 57.8% in 9M11, up by 7.6pp y.o.y.

Personal

Mobile Personal customers, including voice and broadband customers, were stable in 9M11, having stood at 5,872 thousand at the end of the period as the growth in post-paid customers (+4.8% y.o.y to 1,054 million) was compensated by the decline in pre-paid customers. Post-paid customer growth was underpinned by the commercial success of TMN's Unlimited tariff plans and by the continued growth of broadband customers.

Table of Contents**Personal operating data**

	3Q11	3Q10	y.o.y	9M11	9M10	y.o.y
Mobile Customers (000)	5,872	5,874	(0.0)%	5,872	5,874	(0.0)%
Postpaid	1,054	1,005	4.8%	1,054	1,005	4.8%
Prepaid	4,819	4,869	(1.0)%	4,819	4,869	(1.0)%
Net additions (000)	13	39	(67.6)%	(91)	68	(232.8)%
Postpaid	13	18	(23.5)%	32	46	(29.6)%
Prepaid	(1)	21	(104.3)%	(123)	22	n.m.
MOU (minutes)	91	88	3.8%	88	83	6.0%
ARPU (Euro)	10.2	11.3	(9.8)%	9.8	11.1	(12.1)%
Customer	9.2	9.9	(7.1)%	8.8	9.7	(9.5)%
Interconnection	0.9	1.4	(29.8)%	1.0	1.4	(30.3)%
SARC (Euro)	27.8	28.4	(2.2)%	27.2	27.1	0.5%
Data as % of service revenues (%)	30.6	28.4	2.3pp	30.9	28.7	2.2pp

PT's strategy for the Personal customer segment is anchored on mobile data offers based on market segmentation to meet customer demand for increasingly higher bandwidth and provide the best quality of service in the market. TMN's commercial offers include: (1) voice and data tariff plans designed to integrate seamlessly unlimited voice and data plans targeted at the high value post-paid segments and, in the pre-paid segment, to prevent migration to the low value tariff plans by offering additional voice and data services; (2) distinctive smartphone offering leveraging on a comprehensive portfolio of circa 30 smartphones, including exclusive handsets, and on innovative value added and convergent services to use on-the-go (mobile TV, music on demand, social network aggregator, etc), and (3) mobile broadband competitive offers of up to 21.6Mbps speed and offering free access to PT's leading national WiFi network.

In 9M11, TMN consolidated strategic changes in its commercial offer for the Personal segment. These include the launch of the *o nunca mais acaba* and of the *ilimitado* tariff plans, which are targeted at improving the upselling of mobile Internet, leveraging on an increased popularity of smartphones, and promoting usage of voice and value added services. In particular, the *o nunca mais acaba* tariff plan reached 568 thousand customers by the end of 9M11, reflecting a clear commercial success only 8 months after the commercial launch, which is being celebrated with a marketing campaign targeted at communicating the 600 thousand mark. TMN launched a new offering in March targeted at the kids segment, which is positioned upon the concept of security and cost control thus addressing the main concerns of parents in choosing the first mobile phone for their children. This offer became available with the launch of a new tariff plan with free calls and sms to parents and with an authorised contact list for a monthly fee of Euro 5. TMN also introduced changes in the roaming tariff structures. In August, TMN launched two new daily tariff plans for *internet no telemovel*, TMN's internet offering for smartphones, aimed at increasing the number of customers that use mobile internet while in roaming. Additionally, TMN launched convergent offers aimed at reducing churn. These offers include *Pontos TMN a dobrar*, which doubles the benefits (air miles) attributed to those customers who are simultaneously customers of TMN and Meo. As a result, TMN is clearly improving its market share in this segment.

As a result of these initiatives, Personal revenue trends are showing sustained improvements throughout the year. In effect, customer revenues declined by 8.3% y.o.y to Euro 468 million in 9M11 and -6.8% y.o.y in 3Q11, showing a sequential improvement when compared to -8.9% y.o.y in 2Q11 and -9.4% y.o.y in 1Q11. This clear improvement is underpinned by the growth of *internet no telemovel* revenues and by sequential improvements in voice revenues, particularly in prepaid services. Service revenues in the Personal customer segment declined by 11.0% in 9M11, as a result of the decline in interconnection revenues (-29.3% y.o.y to Euro 52 million in 9M11), which reflect

Table of Contents

the regulated declines in MTRs. ARPU of the personal segment stood at Euro 9.8 (-12.1% y.o.y). The weight of non-voice revenues in service revenues stood at 30.9% in 9M11, up by 2.2pp y.o.y.

Enterprise

The Enterprise customer segment includes mobile and fixed, voice and data and IT convergent and integrated offers provided to large corporates and to small and medium size businesses. In this customer segment PT aims at growing its revenue base beyond connectivity by seizing the ICT opportunity on the back of best-in-class and data centre investments to meet demand for high bandwidth services and virtualisation. The value proposition for corporate customers is anchored on the following pillars: (1) maximise value from traditional telecommunication services by upselling additional services, including fixed-mobile convergence on FTTH to push for VPN, LAN management and video services; (2) IT transformation accelerated by cloud computing, where PT aims at leveraging on partnerships with key suppliers to enable business process transformation and significant cost reductions to the enterprise customers; (3) leverage on specialisation to seize gains from scale, including focus on BPO and outsourcing to improve productivity, and (4) introduce a business consulting approach in order to extend the services provided to corporations to video, multiscreen and highly differentiated convergent services. In the SME customer segment, PT aims at integrating its service offerings, including bundling fixed and mobile and voice and data offers with access to subsidised equipment (PCs, PBX, smartphones and tablets) while at the same time making available vertical solutions to specific sectors (ex: restaurants and coffee-shops, retail, healthcare). During 9M11, PT also continued to invest significantly on its cloud computing offering both for corporates and SMEs, having now in place structured offers, SmartcloudPT, that include infrastructure as a service (IaaS), platform as a service (PaaS) and software as a service (SaaS).

Enterprise operating data

	3Q11	3Q10	y.o.y	9M11	9M10	y.o.y
Fixed retail accesses (000)	1,096	1,114	(1.7)%	1,096	1,114	(1.7)%
PSTN/ISDN	841	876	(3.9)%	841	876	(3.9)%
Broadband customers	191	188	1.2%	191	188	1.2%
Pay-TV customers	64	50	26.3%	64	50	26.3%
Retail RGU per access (2)	1.30	1.27	2.3%	1.30	1.27	2.3%
Mobile Customers (000)	1,416	1,373	3.1%	1,416	1,373	3.1%
Net additions (000)						
Fixed retail accesses	(6)	(8)	25.1%	(21)	(25)	17.5%
PSTN/ISDN	(12)	(13)	8.4%	(31)	(42)	25.6%
Broadband customers	2	2	21.9%	0	6	(93.6)%
Pay-TV customers	4	3	19.5%	10	10	(4.5)%
Mobile Customers	8	7	22.3%	26	(0)	n.m.
ARPU (Euro)	25.5	27.8	(8.2)%	26.3	28.9	(9.1)%

As a result of these important investments, revenue performance of the corporate segment continued to improve in 9M11. In effect, operating revenues in the Enterprise customer segment declined by 9.9% y.o.y to Euro 737 million and -9.0% y.o.y in 3Q11, compared to -10.4% y.o.y in 2Q11 and -10.1% y.o.y in 1Q11. In 9M11, non-voice services weighted 46.1% in retail revenues, up by 3.0pp y.o.y.

Table of Contents

Consolidated financial performance in Portugal

In 9M11, revenues in Portugal declined by 7.7% y.o.y to Euro 2,174 million. This performance was penalised by lower wholesale revenues (Euro 24 million), including lower ULL revenues and lower capacity sales, lower sales (Euro 26 million), and by lower revenues from the directories business (Euro 16 million).

Notwithstanding the revenue pressure in the Portuguese telecommunication businesses, the measures implemented to control costs and the transformation initiatives that are taking place are allowing PT to reduce costs and improve margins.

In 9M11, operating costs excluding D&A declined by 9.9% y.o.y (Euro 129 million) to Euro 1,181 million. Wages and salaries declined by 8.4% y.o.y (Euro 17 million) to Euro 190 million, as a result of the focus on cost cutting, including: (1) lower variable and overtime remunerations; (2) higher efficiency levels in certain internal processes, and (3) the benefits from the curtailment programme implemented in 4Q10. Direct costs were down 11.3% y.o.y in 9M11 (Euro 46 million) to Euro 359 million, reflecting: (1) lower traffic costs at TMN, following the impact of the regulatory MTR cuts and lower roaming interconnection costs; (2) lower costs associated with the directories business, and (3) lower costs associated with the provision of LAN services to schools. These declines were partially offset by an increase in programming costs reflecting the growth in customer base (+26.7% y.o.y, EoP) and notwithstanding the continued decline in average programming cost per customer (-20.9% y.o.y in 9M11). Commercial costs were down by 4.7% y.o.y in 9M11 (Euro 11 million) to Euro 224 million, reflecting the rationalisation of TMN's handset portfolio and lower equipment sales which are driving down cost of goods sold in mobile business, which more than compensated higher commissions and marketing on the back of continued marketing of Meo and the new tariff plans in mobile. Other operating expenses were down by 11.9% y.o.y in 9M11 (Euro 55 million) to Euro 409 million, as a result of: (1) lower support costs, which benefited from the introduction of a new self-care website, the revision of IVR self-care processes, and new script tools and revision of processes aimed at increasing first call resolution; (2) lower maintenance and repairs, which following the rollout of PT's FTTH network benefit from less faults and also benefit from an extensive field force transformation programme that is delivering improved quality of service, and (3) a strict cost control, which is benefiting from several context initiatives, like renegotiation of network maintenance contracts, renegotiation of collection fees and car pooling for sales force and field force, that are already delivering visible results.

In 9M11, EBITDA in Portugal stood at Euro 993 million (-5.0% y.o.y) with a margin of 45.7% (+1.3pp y.o.y). EBITDA performance in the Wireline business is also noteworthy as it reached Euro 564 million in 9M11 (+0.6% y.o.y). At TMN, EBITDA was down by 11.3% y.o.y to Euro 433 million in 9M11. EBITDA margin stood at 46.6% in 9M11, reflecting a very solid focus on cost cutting and profitability.

Capex in 9M11 was down by 0.7% y.o.y to Euro 400 million. Customer related capex stood Euro 130 million (-20.2% y.o.y), representing 32% of total capex in Portugal, as a result of lower unitary equipment costs and innovation, namely the roll out of the RF overlay that is bringing down the number of set top boxes per customer and a higher level of refurbished equipments that are reinstalled in new customers. Infrastructure capex was up by 16% y.o.y to Euro 210 million as a result of the investment in new technologies, including the FTTH rollout, the increased coverage of TMN's base stations with fibre and the swap of TMN's 2G network to 4G enabled equipment. EBITDA minus capex in 9M11 stood at Euro 592 million.

Table of Contents**Portuguese telecommunication operations income statement (1)****Euro million**

	3Q11	3Q10	y.o.y	9M11	9M10	y.o.y
Operating revenues	731.0	789.3	(7.4)%	2,173.6	2,354.7	(7.7)%
Residential	171.0	162.3	5.4%	510.0	481.7	5.9%
Service revenues	168.0	160.8	4.5%	501.5	473.0	6.0%
Sales and other revenues	3.0	1.5	101.7%	8.4	8.7	(2.5)%
Personal	199.9	224.0	(10.8)%	574.8	648.1	(11.3)%
Service revenues	178.9	197.6	(9.5)%	520.1	584.2	(11.0)%
Customer revenues	162.2	173.9	(6.8)%	468.0	510.5	(8.3)%
Interconnection revenues	16.7	23.7	(29.6)%	52.1	73.7	(29.3)%
Sales and other	21.0	26.4	(20.2)%	54.7	63.9	(14.4)%
Enterprise	238.0	261.6	(9.0)%	736.7	817.2	(9.9)%
Wholesale, other and eliminations	122.1	141.5	(13.7)%	352.1	407.7	(13.6)%
Operating costs	401.1	443.4	(9.5)%	1,180.7	1,310.0	(9.9)%
Wages and salaries	63.9	69.3	(7.8)%	189.5	206.8	(8.4)%
Direct costs	120.0	134.5	(10.8)%	358.6	404.1	(11.3)%
Commercial costs	80.5	86.2	(6.6)%	224.1	235.3	(4.7)%
Other operating costs	136.7	153.4	(10.9)%	408.5	463.9	(11.9)%
EBITDA (2)	329.9	345.9	(4.6)%	992.9	1,044.7	(5.0)%
Post retirement benefits	12.5	17.8	(29.6)%	37.3	53.4	(30.2)%
Depreciation and amortisation	168.2	180.7	(6.9)%	519.7	494.9	5.0%
Income from operations (3)	149.2	147.3	1.3%	435.9	496.4	(12.2)%
EBITDA margin	45.1%	43.8%	1.3pp	45.7%	44.4%	1.3pp
Capex	149.6	138.5	8.0%	400.5	403.1	(0.7)%
Capex as % of revenues	20.5%	17.5%	2.9pp	18.4%	17.1%	1.3pp
EBITDA minus Capex	180.3	207.4	(13.0)%	592.4	641.6	(7.7)%

(1) Operations in Portugal include former wireline and TMN. (2) EBITDA = income from operations + post retirement benefits + depreciation and amortisation. (3) Income from operations = income before financials and income taxes + curtailment costs + losses (gains) on disposal of fixed assets + net other costs.

Table of Contents

International Businesses

Oi

In 3Q11, Oi's revenue generating units (RGUs) stood at 67,055 thousand, up by 7.5% y.o.y, including: 19,078 fixed lines (-6.5% y.o.y); 4,776 thousand broadband customers, Oi Velox, up by 10.5% y.o.y, 330 thousand pay-TV customers (+17.9% y.o.y), and 42,871 thousand mobile customers, which grew by 14.7% y.o.y.

Oi operating data

	3Q11	3Q10	y.o.y
Wireline Services - Oi Fixo			
Lines in Service (000)	19,078	20,410	(6.5)%
Residential	13,277	14,487	(8.4)%
Commercial	5,004	5,088	(1.6)%
Public Telephones	797	836	(4.7)%
Alternatives Plans (000)*	13,155	12,927	1.8%
Proportion of Lines in Service (%)	69.0%	63.3%	5.6pp
ARPU Fixed (R\$)	50.1	55.3	(9.4)%
Broadband Services - Oi Velox			
Broadband Customers (000)	4,776	4,324	10.5%
Proportion of Lines in Service (%)	25.0%	21.0%	4.1pp
ARPU Broadband (R\$)	39.1	43.8	(10.8)%
Mobile Services - Oi Móvel			
Mobile Customers (000)	42,871	37,387	14.7%
Pre-Paid Plans	35,657	30,962	15.2%
Post-Paid Plans	4,848	4,569	6.1%
Oi Control	2,367	1,856	27.5%
Oi Conta Total (000)	1,477	1,423	3.8%
Market Share Oi (%) - Brazil	18.9%	19.5%	(0.7)pp
Proportion of Net Additions in Brazil (%)	13.3%	2.5%	10.8pp
Monthly Churn rate (%)	4.1%	4.1%	0.0pp
CAPU (R\$)	31	24	29.2%
ARPU Mobile (R\$)	22.2	22.9	(3.1)%
Pay TV - Oi TV			
Pay TV Customers (000)	330	280	17.9%
RGUs (000)	67,055	62,401	7.5%

During 3Q11, Oi continued to invest in the convergence of services, making available to its customers Oi Fixo Mais and Oi Fixo Ilimitado. These plans add value to fixed phone calls by expanding its benefits including: (1) free minutes for local fixed calls; (2) free minutes for national long distance fixed calls using Oi's long distance codes; (3) free minutes for local calls to Oi Mobile, and (4) digital calling services. At the end of 3Q11, Oi repositioned its offers that include unlimited on-net local fixed calls, aiming at strengthening its offering value proposition. This includes: (1) Oi Fale Ilimitado Digital, with unlimited minutes on-net local fixed calls, but the first 1,000 minutes can be use for off-net fixed calls, and digital calling services, and (2) Oi Fixo Ilimitado Digital, that includes all the benefits of Oi Fale Ilimitado Digital and more 5,000 minutes for national long distance fixed calls using Oi's long distance calls. Oi continued to provide special commercial conditions to Oi Velox customers when joining these offers. Oi also launched a new plan Oi Conta Total Brasil with the purpose to repositioning Oi Conta Total

existing plan. This new plan allows customers to have unlimited long distance calls from Oi Fixed or Oi Mobile to a fixed line of

Table of Contents

any operator in Brazil, through Oi's long distance prefixes, while also offering the possibility of faster Oi Velox services. Additionally, Oi continued to invest in the quality of its fixed broadband service, which offers speeds up to 20Mbps for prices that start at R\$39.90 per month, and expanded Oi Velox to 4,600 cities in Brazil. Oi also increased the speeds it provides to customers, as a means to differentiate and strengthen its services. As a result, the average fixed broadband speed stood at 2.33Mbps at the end of 3Q11, which compares to 2.13Mbps in June 2011, 1.91Mbps in March 2011 and 1.38Mbps in September 2010. As referred to above, Oi Velox customers reached 4,776 thousand at the end of 3Q11 (+10.5% y.o.y), including 938 thousand (20% of total base, compared to 17% at the end of June 2011) with speeds of more than 5Mbps and 446 thousand with speeds higher than 10Mbps (389 thousand as at 30 June 2011). In September 2011, Oi initiated a partnership with the Government for the implementation of Plano Nacional de Banda Larga, aiming at increasing the access and penetration of broadband in Brazil. Oi launched an initial plan with 1Mbps speed in 100 municipalities for and up to the end of the year more 200 cities will be covered. In this context, Oi pretends to cover 4,800 cities until 2014. Oi's TV service is primarily targeted at its fixed customers. During 3Q11, Oi continued to promote the new offers launched in June 2011 aimed at increasing the penetration of TV plans with premium movies channels, namely Telecine and HBO. In October 2011, Oi launched its new service in Rio de Janeiro that includes GloboSat and TV Globo channels. Oi's pay-TV service is made available in 23 states and in the Federal District. At the end of 3Q11, Oi's pay-TV customers reached 330 thousand, having grown by 17.9% y.o.y.

Oi's mobile customers stood at 42,871 (+14.7% y.o.y), with net additions of 1,331 thousand in 3Q11 and 5,484 thousand in the last 12 months. Oi's mobile customer base already represents 63.9% of Oi's total RGUs. Gross additions in 3Q11 stood at 6.5 million, a solid pace that represents the best performance since 2008. Churn level in the period is primarily explained by the decision to adopt a more restrictive policy to keep inactive customers in the customer base, particularly in the prepaid segment, aiming at minimising spectrum fees and improving Oi's profitability. The implementation of this new policy began in 2Q11 and was finalised in 3Q11. It is worth highlighting that 41% of this quarter disconnections were in July, 33% in August and 26% in September. Additionally, Oi simplified its postpaid offering structure, reinforcing its strategy aimed at reducing churn and launched a new commercial campaign focused on establishing fair and distinct values for handset and services, which breaks down the value of voice and data services as well as of the handset. Oi continued to offer a broad set of postpaid plans, with prices that start at R\$48.0 per month that include 10 thousand monthly minutes for local calls made to any Oi or fixed line customer beyond the minutes packaged in the subscription fee and 200MB of internet traffic for smartphones. During 3Q11, Oi continued to market the new offers launched in the end of 2010, that allow daily bonuses, which are dependent on the amount of the recharges, that may be used for on-net and off-net SMS, local calls to fixed lines and Oi Mobile and long distance calls using Oi's long distance codes to Oi fixed and mobile customers. In 3Q11, as a complement to these new offers, Oi launched SMS packages, allowing customers to send on-net and off-net messages with up to 64% discount. During 2011, Oi has been increasing some recharging requirements in certain regions, aiming at improving profitability, while at the same time offering improved bonuses to maintain the attractiveness of commercial offers. As a result, Oi's mobile customer base grew 14.7% y.o.y. Prepaid customers stood at 35,657 thousand, representing 83.2% of Oi's mobile customer base. Postpaid customers grew by 6.1% y.o.y to 4,848 thousand in 3Q11 and Oi Control customers grew by 27.5% to 2,367 thousand customers.

In 2011, Oi continued to reinforce its strategy aimed at increasing attractiveness of its offers and convergence of its products. At the end of July 2011, Oi launched a new campaign for Fathers Day, bringing additional benefits for postpaid customers Oi à Vontade and Oi Conta Total. These additional benefits, beyond the initial ones, include up to 5 hours per day in local fixed calls to Oi mobile customers for Oi Conta Total plans and up to 5 hours per day in DDD for local calls made to any Oi or fixed line customer calls for Oi à Vontade plans. Oi also launched a new

Table of Contents

convergent offer, Oi Conta Total Light, following the purpose to repositioning Oi Conta Total existing plan, for customers with a low usage profile. This new offer includes mobile, fixed telephone and broadband for R\$129. During the quarter, Oi also launched new data plans, Oi Dados and Oi Velox 3G, with a comprehensive range of tariffs to reach all the customers profiles. These plans include 1Mbps speed and unlimited traffic.

In 9M11, Oi's consolidated gross revenue, as reported by Oi in compliance with Brazilian regulations, namely the requirements of Comissão de Valores Mobiliários (CVM) and presented in accordance with the IFRS, declined by 4.6% y.o.y to R\$ 32,923 million and consolidated net revenue declined by 5.6% y.o.y to R\$ 20,949.

Oi consolidated revenues**R\$ million, 100%**

	3Q11	3Q10	y.o.y	9M11	9M10	y.o.y
Wireline	7,606	8,378	(9.2)%	23,424	25,623	(8.6)%
Local (exc. - VC1)	2,753	3,156	(12.8)%	8,628	9,640	(10.5)%
Local Fixed-to-Mobile (VC1)	873	1,001	(12.7)%	2,651	3,011	(12.0)%
Long Distance FF + PCS	900	1,062	(15.2)%	2,883	3,345	(13.8)%
LD Fixed-to-Mobile (VC2/3)	243	299	(18.7)%	756	944	(19.9)%
Network Usage	226	240	(5.6)%	711	704	1.0%
Data	2,226	2,190	1.6%	6,549	6,573	(0.4)%
Public Phones	53	113	(53.0)%	256	404	(36.7)%
Additional Services / Advanced Voice	331	318	4.1%	990	1,001	(1.1)%
Mobile	3,064	2,835	8.1%	8,715	8,229	5.9%
Services	3,030	2,802	8.1%	8,606	8,075	6.6%
Subscriptions	680	673	1.1%	1,929	1,929	0.0%
Outgoing Calls	1,084	1,060	2.3%	3,184	3,028	5.2%
Domestic/Inter. Roaming	30	25	20.8%	85	94	(9.5)%
Network Usage	695	648	7.2%	1,991	1,890	5.3%
Data / Value Added	540	395	36.5%	1,416	1,134	24.9%
Sales of handsets, sim cards and others	34	33	3.8%	109	154	(28.7)%
Other services	255	223	14.4%	783	669	17.0%
Total gross revenues	10,925	11,436	(4.5)%	32,923	34,521	(4.6)%
Consolidated net revenues	6,940	7,346	(5.5)%	20,949	22,182	(5.6)%
Wireline	4,830	5,332	(9.4)%	14,804	16,272	(9.0)%
Mobile	1,944	1,846	5.3%	5,641	5,400	4.5%
Other Services	166	168	(1.2)%	504	510	(1.2)%

Oi's wireline gross revenues declined by 8.6% y.o.y to R\$ 23,424 million. Wireline revenue performance is mainly explained by: (1) lower fixed-to-fixed local service revenues (-10.5% y.o.y), on the back of declining fixed lines in service and lower local traffic; (2) lower fixed-to-mobile calls (VC1), down by 12.0% y.o.y, due to lower installed base of fixed lines, the bundle in the fixed subscription fee of fixed to mobile calls and larger traffic bonuses offered by mobile operators; (3) lower long distance revenues (FF, SMP, VC2 and VC3) due to aggressive mobile offers that bundle long distance calls in the subscription fee and the increase of Oi's alternative plans that now include long distance calls, and (4) lower data transmission service revenues (-0.4% y.o.y) due to lower ARPU, as a result of a more aggressive commercial stance by Oi in the market to be able to compete more effectively, namely in broadband services.

Oi's mobile gross revenues stood at R\$ 8,715 million, having increased by 5.9% y.o.y on the back of higher revenues from outgoing calls and mainly data and value added services. This revenue performance is primarily due to: (1) increased traffic revenues (+5.2% y.o.y) on the back of customer growth; (2) network usage, which increased by

Table of Contents

5.3% y.o.y, due to higher mobile traffic, primarily following the inclusion of free SMS in bundled offers, and (3) revenues from value added services, which increased by 24.9% y.o.y, on the back of higher penetration of 3G services and increased popularity of SMS offers. In 9M11, data and value added revenues represented 16.5% of mobile service revenues as compared to 14.0% in 9M10.

Oi income statement**R\$ million, 100%**

	3Q11	3Q10	y.o.y	9M11	9M10	y.o.y
Consolidated net revenues	6,939.5	7,345.8	(5.5)%	20,949.3	22,181.6	(5.6)%
Operating costs	4,472.2	4,550.6	(1.7)%	14,021.1	14,161.0	(1.0)%
Cost of Services	1,496.6	1,452.5	3.0%	4,325.2	4,421.8	(2.2)%
Cost of Goods Sold	47.5	11.7	n.m.	148.3	105.4	40.7%
Interconnection Costs	1,162.8	1,216.1	(4.4)%	3,494.1	3,778.1	(7.5)%
Selling Expenses	1,162.5	1,206.1	(3.6)%	3,695.9	3,593.6	2.8%
General and Administrative Expenses	671.0	565.2	18.7%	1,958.3	1,606.3	21.9%
Other Operating Expenses (Revenue), net	(68.1)	98.9	n.m.	399.2	655.8	(39.1)%
EBITDA (1)	2,467.3	2,795.2	(11.7)%	6,928.3	8,020.6	(13.6)%
Depreciation and amortisation	1,367.4	1,546.1	(11.6)%	4,258.8	4,635.4	(8.1)%
Income from operations	1,099.9	1,249.1	(11.9)%	2,669.5	3,385.2	(21.1)%
EBITDA margin	35.6%	38.1%	(2.5)pp	33.1%	36.2%	(3.1)pp

(1) EBITDA = income from operations + depreciation and amortisation.

EBITDA, as reported by Oi, amounted to R\$ 6,928 million (-13.6% y.o.y), with a margin of 33.1%. EBITDA performance in 9M11 as compared to 9M10 reflected primarily lower wireline revenues, notwithstanding also lower operating expenses (-1.0% y.o.y to R\$ 14,021 million). Oi's opex decline was mainly driven by: (1) lower interconnection costs (-7.5% y.o.y), as a result of higher proportion of on-net traffic, as well as increased weight of SMS in total off-net usage; (2) lower provisions for bad debt (-17.3% y.o.y), due to higher collection efficiency, namely in wireline business, having accounted for 2.0% of gross revenues in 9M11, down by 0.3pp y.o.y, and (3) higher other operating revenues benefiting from lower provisions for profit sharing and from some reimbursements related to pension plans that present a surplus position; and notwithstanding the increase in: (1) wages and salaries (+12.5% y.o.y), as a result of increased staff levels, mainly in call centre areas, and salary adjustments occurred in December 2010, and (2) third-party services (+5.0% y.o.y), mostly due to higher selling expenses, namely in terms of commissions, focused on the postpaid mobile segment as well as on Oi Conta Total and fixed broadband. D&A declined by 8.1% y.o.y to R\$ 4,259 million, largely due to lower D&A in the wireline business which benefited from assets already fully depreciated.

Table of Contents

Other international assets

In 9M11, other international assets, on a pro-forma basis, increased their proportional revenues by 14.3% y.o.y to Euro 322 million and increased EBITDA by 4.9% y.o.y to Euro 157 million, mainly due to the performance in Unitel in Angola, CTM in Macao and in MTC in Namibia.

Proportional income statement of other international assets (1)**Euro million**

	3Q11	3Q10	y.o.y	9M11	9M10	y.o.y
Operating revenues	113.0	98.8	14.4%	322.3	282.0	14.3%
EBITDA (2)	55.2	50.9	8.4%	157.2	149.8	4.9%
Depreciation and amortisation	11.8	10.6	11.0%	34.5	30.6	12.7%
Income from operations (3)	43.5	40.3	7.7%	122.7	119.2	2.9%
EBITDA margin	48.9%	51.6%	(2.7)pp	48.8%	53.1%	(4.4)pp

(1) Pro-forma consolidation of other international assets using the percentage of ownership held by PT. (2) EBITDA = income from operations + depreciation and amortisation. (3) Income from operations = income before financials and income taxes + curtailment costs + losses (gains) on disposal of fixed assets + net other costs.

Highlights of main assets in Africa and Asia (9M11) (1)**Million (financials)**

	Stake	Rev. local	y.o.y	EBITDA local	y.o.y	Margin	Rev. Eur	EBITDA Eur
Unitel, Angola (2) (4)	25.00%	1,286	18.8%	728	14.2%	56.6%	914	518
MTC, Namibia (3) (4)	34.00%	1,156	8.3%	590	2.4%	51.0%	118	60
CVT, Cape Verde (3) (4)	40.00%	6,460	(0.2)%	3,219	1.6%	49.8%	59	29
CTM, Macao (2)	28.00%	2,979	47.3%	992	11.3%	33.3%	264	88
CST, S.Tomé & Principe (3) (4)	51.00%	214,275	(6.9)%	58,875	(14.2)%	27.5%	9	2
Timor Telecom, East Timor (3)	41.12%	48	18.2%	26	13.3%	54.2%	34	19

(1) Figures account for 100% of the company. PT has management contracts in CVT, CST and Timor Telecom. (2) Equity consolidation method. (3) Full consolidation method. (4) These stakes are held by Africatel, which is 75% controlled by PT.

In 9M11, Unitel's revenues and EBITDA, in Angolan Kwanzas, increased by 20.4% and by 16.0% y.o.y, respectively, and, in USD, increased by 18.8% and by % 14.2 y.o.y, to USD 1,286 million and 728 USD million. In 9M11 Unitel presented strong 3Q11 operational and financial figures on the back of campaigns to promote voice, increased penetration of mobile broadband, strengthening of its distribution channels and increased quality of its network.

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

In 9M11, MTC's revenues and EBITDA increased by 8.3% and 2.4% y.o.y, reaching NAD 1,156 million and NAD 590 million, respectively. This revenue performance was achieved against a backdrop of a significant decline in MTRs and heavy promotions with traffic bonus to reinforce further MTC's competitive position. Excluding the impact of lower MTRs (average tariff down 34.0% y.o.y), revenues and EBITDA would have increased by 10.0% and 4.3%, respectively. In 9M11, EBITDA margin stood at 51.0%. Data revenues accounted for 21.1% of service revenues. In 9M11, MTC focused its marketing efforts and commercial activity on: (1) launching BlackBerry solutions for postpaid and prepaid offers, thus further enhancing its smartphone offering; (2) campaigns aimed at promoting usage, and (3) boosting growth of broadband customers, under the brand Netman, with download speeds of up to 7.2 Mbps.

In 9M11, CVT's revenues slightly decreased by 0.2% y.o.y to CVE 6,460 million, while EBITDA increased by 1.6% y.o.y to CVE 3,219 million. EBITDA margin stood at 49.8%. Revenues and EBITDA evolution were impacted by international accounting rules related to concession contracts (IFRIC 12). Excluding these effects, revenues and EBITDA would have increased by 2.9% and 2.2%, respectively. In 9M11, mobile revenues were positively impacted by retail and roaming revenue growth, while wireline revenues were positively impacted by broadband growth. In

Table of Contents

9M11, CVT launched: (1) new commercial offers for corporate segment, under the new brand CVT Negócios; (2) several campaigns to stimulate SMS usage, and (3) new TV channels to strengthen further IPTV market momentum. Broadband and IPTV customers increased significantly, representing 25.6% and 11.0% of the wireline customer base, respectively.

In 9M11, CST's revenues decreased by 6.9% y.o.y to STD 214,275 million and EBITDA decreased by 14.2% y.o.y to STD 58,875 million. EBITDA margin was 27.5%. Excluding some accounting reclassifications made during 9M11, revenues would have increased by 4.8% y.o.y. EBITDA performance was negatively impacted by a new tax on foreign suppliers and an increase in commercial costs. Excluding those impacts, EBITDA would have increased by 4.0% y.o.y. In 9M11, São Tomé e Príncipe reached more than 67% of penetration of mobile services.

In 9M11, CTM's revenues and EBITDA increased by 47.3% y.o.y and by 11.3% y.o.y, to MOP 2,979 million and MOP 992 million, respectively. EBITDA margin stood at 33.3%. Revenue growth was driven by an increase in equipment sales and telecom services to corporate customers. Mobile service revenues increased by 14.0% impacted by growth in data and roaming revenues. Data revenues represented 20.0% of mobile service revenues. In 9M11, CTM launched several marketing campaigns aimed at increasing smartphones and wireless broadband penetration.

In 9M11, Timor Telecom's revenues and EBITDA increased by 18.2% y.o.y and by 13.3% y.o.y, to USD 48 million and USD 26 million, respectively, mainly as a result of the strong increase in customer base. EBITDA margin stood at 54.2%. At the end of September, Timor Telecom had 548 thousand mobile customers. Data revenues accounted for 17.7% of mobile service revenues. In 9M11, Timor Telecom: (1) launched several voice and data stimulation campaigns, and (2) strengthened its distribution network.

Table of Contents

Consolidated financial statements

31

Table of Contents

PORTUGAL TELECOM, SGPS, S.A.

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

FOR THE NINE AND THREE MONTH PERIODS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011 AND 2010

Euro

	Notes	9M11	9M10	3Q11	3Q10
CONTINUING OPERATIONS					
REVENUES					
Services rendered		4,222,054,643	2,636,664,859	1,674,140,159	895,110,497
Sales		95,675,178	111,655,844	36,866,114	39,656,432
Other revenues		98,087,941	44,239,939	36,012,141	17,397,203
	5	4,415,817,762	2,792,560,642	1,747,018,414	952,164,132
COSTS, LOSSES AND (INCOME)					
Wages and salaries		743,321,416	470,592,158	283,960,889	163,747,717
Direct costs		716,154,377	412,784,469	299,250,904	137,352,741
Commercial costs		351,407,150	272,186,306	140,650,576	98,018,299
Supplies and external services		721,044,844	442,680,198	258,776,696	148,192,280
Indirect taxes		121,400,649	33,990,504	55,870,785	11,418,808
Provisions and adjustments		108,448,283	31,113,525	54,268,529	11,569,077
Depreciation and amortisation	15	913,998,536	549,274,796	349,564,062	199,584,429
Post retirement benefits costs	6	40,637,318	53,467,700	14,257,047	17,822,567
Curtailement costs	6	6,337,564	10,852,969	765,172	1,613,756
Losses (gains) on disposal of fixed assets, net		(42,943)	(979,799)	89,808	(1,807,160)
Other costs, net	7	18,013,071	111,233,065	10,926,291	100,672,487
		3,740,720,265	2,387,195,891	1,468,380,759	888,185,001
Income before financial results and taxes	5	675,097,497	405,364,751	278,637,655	63,979,131
FINANCIAL LOSSES AND (GAINS)					
Net interest expenses	5 and 8	199,426,072	175,549,954	118,170,429	56,944,015
Equity in earnings (losses) of associated companies, net	5	(169,098,713)	(65,375,621)	(46,599,246)	18,544,647
Net other financial losses	5 and 9	86,543,057	35,467,825	17,070,168	23,287,711
		116,870,416	145,642,158	88,641,351	98,776,373
Income before taxes		558,227,081	259,722,593	189,996,304	(34,797,242)
Income taxes	5 and 10	155,088,583	64,127,014	53,309,631	37,603,344
Net income from continuing operations		403,138,498	195,595,579	136,686,673	(72,400,586)
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS					
Net income from discontinued operations	5 and 11		5,551,451,400		5,474,765,812
NET INCOME		403,138,498	5,747,046,979	136,686,673	5,402,365,226
Attributable to non-controlling interests		69,667,004	129,344,442	31,079,840	49,156,893
Attributable to equity holders of the parent	12	333,471,494	5,617,702,537	105,606,833	5,353,208,333
Earnings per share					
Basic	12	0.39	6.41	0.12	6.11
Diluted	12	0.38	6.00	0.12	5.70

Earnings per share from continuing operations					
Basic	12	0.39	0.15	0.12	(0.10)
Diluted	12	0.38	0.15	0.12	(0.10)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents**PORTUGAL TELECOM, SGPS, S.A.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME****FOR THE NINE AND THREE MONTH PERIODS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2011 AND 2010**

	Notes	9M11	9M10	3Q11	3Q10
Income (expenses) recognised directly in shareholders equity					
Foreign currency translation adjustments					
Translation of foreign operations (i)		(466,265,947)	397,674,704	(438,084,355)	(224,601,835)
Transferred to profit and loss (ii)		(37,794,036)	(1,166,099,952)		(1,134,159,099)
Post retirement benefits					
Net actuarial gains (losses)	6	(32,971,620)	(72,623,637)	(32,195,584)	70,577,626
Tax effect	10	8,242,905	19,245,264	8,048,896	(18,703,071)
Hedge accounting of financial instruments					
Change in fair value		(3,316,449)	(6,425,077)	(4,942,904)	(1,512,904)
Transferred to profit and loss		98,411	2,823,867	32,805	915,525
Tax effect		852,780	954,321	1,301,176	83,210
Other expenses recognised directly in shareholders equity, net (iii)		(11,830,527)	(4,473,635)	3,023,689	(877,618)
		(542,984,483)	(828,924,145)	(462,816,277)	(1,308,278,166)
Income recognised in the income statement		403,138,498	5,747,046,979	136,686,673	5,402,365,226
Total income recognised		(139,845,985)	4,918,122,834	(326,129,604)	4,094,087,060
Attributable to non-controlling interests		(6,186,882)	227,972,358	(37,777,715)	(4,333,169)
Attributable to equity holders of the parent		(133,659,103)	4,690,150,476	(288,351,889)	4,098,420,229

(i) Losses recorded in the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2011 are mainly related to the impact of the depreciation of the Brazilian Real against the Euro on Portugal Telecom's investments in Oi and Contax. Gains and losses recognized in the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2010 are related, respectively, to the impact of the appreciation and depreciation of the Brazilian Real against the Euro on Portugal Telecom's former investment in Brasilcel (gain of Euro 337 million and loss of Euro 173 million, respectively), that was disposed of to Telefónica in September 2010.

(ii) In the nine months period ended 30 September 2011, this caption corresponds to the cumulative amount of foreign currency translation adjustments relating to the investment in UOL, which was reclassified to consolidated profit and loss upon the completion of the disposal of this investment in January 2011 (Note 14). In the nine months period ended 30 September 2010, this caption includes an amount of Euro 1,134,159,099 (Note 11) corresponding to the cumulative amount of foreign currency translation adjustments relating to the investment in Brasilcel, which was reclassified to profit and loss upon the disposal of this investment in September 2010, and an amount of Euro 31,940,853 (Note 11) corresponding to a portion of the cumulative amount of foreign currency translation adjustments that was reclassified to profit and loss following a repayment of part of the investment in Brasilcel through share capital reductions occurred at this company during the first half of 2010.

(iii) In the nine month periods ended 30 September 2011 and 2010, this caption includes Euro 10 million and Euro 4 million, respectively, corresponding to the tax effect on dividends received from own shares recorded under equity swap contracts, relating to the dividends paid by Portugal Telecom in June 2011 and May 2010.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents

PORTUGAL TELECOM, SGPS, S.A.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

30 SEPTEMBER 2011 AND 31 DECEMBER 2010

Euro

	Notes	30 Sep 2011	31 Dec 2010
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		3,203,517,865	4,764,732,734
Short-term investments		663,586,350	341,772,444
Accounts receivable		3,927,657,250	3,384,124,217
Inventories		128,510,764	101,515,755
Taxes receivable		296,958,291	37,545,321
Prepaid expenses		97,324,820	39,617,800
Judicial deposits	13	200,223,485	
Other current assets		59,062,796	25,647,001
Non-current assets held for sale	14		160,448,046
Total current assets		8,576,841,621	8,855,403,318
Non-Current Assets			
Accounts receivable		7,146,048	19,113,062
Financial investments		505,442,496	379,198,216
Intangible assets	15	4,573,230,899	1,111,692,584
Tangible assets	15	6,133,619,962	3,874,613,414
Post retirement benefits	6	11,774,799	1,927,991
Deferred taxes	10	1,194,583,909	653,075,198
Judicial deposits	13	828,081,005	
Other non-current assets		321,887,731	274,908,378
Total non-current assets		13,575,766,849	6,314,528,843
Total assets		22,152,608,470	15,169,932,161
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Short-term debt	16	3,401,787,536	951,921,279
Accounts payable		973,870,353	711,489,295
Accrued expenses		895,485,394	558,974,927
Deferred income		275,267,268	287,808,093
Taxes payable		424,242,258	57,410,840
Provisions	17	271,822,595	87,683,131
Other current liabilities		186,201,786	28,391,592
Total current liabilities		6,428,677,190	2,683,679,157
Non-Current Liabilities			
Medium and long-term debt	16	9,005,929,895	6,254,380,288
Taxes payable		293,096,288	3,805,301
Provisions	17	556,132,336	40,947,202
Post retirement benefits	6	957,802,216	968,792,596
Deferred taxes	10	596,002,966	311,597,337
Other non-current liabilities		534,872,596	297,585,145

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

Total non-current liabilities	11,943,836,297	7,877,107,869
Total liabilities	18,372,513,487	10,560,787,026
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		
Share capital	26,895,375	26,895,375
Treasury shares	(326,382,864)	(178,071,827)
Legal reserve	6,773,139	6,773,139
Reserve for treasury shares	6,970,320	6,970,320
Revaluation reserve	661,111,962	693,283,402
Other reserves and accumulated earnings	2,617,123,169	3,836,598,153
Equity excluding non-controlling interests	2,992,491,101	4,392,448,562
Non-controlling interests	787,603,882	216,696,573
Total equity	3,780,094,983	4,609,145,135
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	22,152,608,470	15,169,932,161

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents**PORTUGAL TELECOM, SGPS, S.A.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY****FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIODS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2010 AND 2011****Euro**

	Share capital	Treasury shares	Legal reserve	Reserve for treasury shares	Revaluation reserve	Other reserves and accumulated earnings	Equity excluding non-controlling interests	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Balance as at 31 December 2009	26,895,375	(178,071,827)	6,773,139	6,970,320	722,108,135	733,636,104	1,318,311,246	1,069,135,212	2,387,446,458
Dividends						(503,626,688)	(503,626,688)	(51,751,239)	(555,377,927)
Acquisitions, disposals and share capital increases (i)								(1,040,747,347)	(1,040,747,347)
Tax effect on equity component of exchangeable bonds						(15,143,542)	(15,143,542)		(15,143,542)
Realization of revaluation reserve					(32,364,562)	32,364,562			
Income recognized directly in equity						(927,552,061)	(927,552,061)	98,627,916	(828,924,145)
Income recognized in the income statement						5,617,702,537	5,617,702,537	129,344,442	5,747,046,979
Balance as at 30 September 2010	26,895,375	(178,071,827)	6,773,139	6,970,320	689,743,573	4,937,380,912	5,489,691,492	204,608,984	5,694,300,476

Euro

Balance as at 31 December 2010	26,895,375	(178,071,827)	6,773,139	6,970,320	693,283,402	3,836,598,153	4,392,448,562	216,696,573	4,609,145,135
Change in the consolidation perimeter related to Oi and Contax acquisition (Note 2)								709,690,052	709,690,052
Share distribution and redemption of								(86,347,388)	(86,347,388)

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

Brasil Telecom
shares (Note 1)

Realization of revaluation reserve	(32,171,440)	32,171,440			
Income recognized in the income statement		333,471,494	333,471,494	69,667,004	403,138,498

(i) This caption includes a reduction of Euro 1,049 million, corresponding to the non-controlling interests of Vivo as at the date of disposal of this business, and an increase Euro 8.7 million resulting from the acquisition of GPTI.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents**PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS, S.A.****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS****FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIODS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2010 AND 2011****Euro**

	Notes	9M11	9M10
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Collections from clients		4,938,274,066	3,090,368,148
Payments to suppliers		(2,193,808,568)	(1,522,382,716)
Payments to employees		(746,419,877)	(469,580,537)
Payments relating to income taxes	18.b	(119,397,318)	(37,657,867)
Payments relating to post retirement benefits, net	6	(148,645,463)	(84,692,826)
Payments relating to indirect taxes and other		(455,779,026)	(150,901,417)
Cash flows from operating activities from continuing operations	18.a	1,274,223,814	825,152,785
Cash flows from operating activities from discontinued operations	11		603,033,383
Cash flows from operating activities (1)		1,274,223,814	1,428,186,168
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Cash receipts resulting from:			
Short-term financial applications	18.c	84,162,241	11,684,490
Financial investments	18.d	170,496,269	1,288,284
Tangible and intangible assets		3,778,543	11,950,639
Interest and related income	18.e	247,921,023	41,507,027
Dividends	18.f	146,949,883	53,660,109
Other investing activities	18.g	44,604,303	422,318
		697,912,262	120,512,867
Payments resulting from:			
Short-term financial applications	18.c	(405,976,146)	(251,751,834)
Financial investments	18.h	(2,075,048,786)	(335,652)
Tangible and intangible assets		(877,102,712)	(619,532,709)
Other investing activities	18.h	(31,378,084)	(12,095,651)
		(3,389,505,728)	(883,715,846)
Cash flows from investing activities related to continuing operations		(2,691,593,466)	(763,202,979)
Cash flows from investing activities related to discontinued operations	11		4,399,821,507
Cash flows from investing activities (2)		(2,691,593,466)	3,636,618,528
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash receipts resulting from:			
Loans obtained	18.i	5,326,583,616	15,489,643,417
Subsidies		726,972	1,556,535
Other financing activities		854,747	48,042
		5,328,165,793	15,491,247,994
Payments resulting from:			
Loans repaid	18.i	(3,606,285,886)	(14,535,697,615)
Interest and related expenses		(433,508,613)	(222,576,418)

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

Dividends	18.j	(1,189,188,769)	(560,931,289)
Acquisition of treasury shares	18.k	(86,819,821)	
Other financing activities	18.l	(47,368,837)	(5,973,602)
		(5,363,171,926)	(15,325,178,924)
Cash flows from financing activities related to continuing operations		(35,006,133)	166,069,070
Cash flows from financing activities related to discontinued operations	11		(359,060,119)
Cash flows from financing activities (3)		(35,006,133)	(192,991,049)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		4,764,732,734	1,449,516,549
Change in cash and cash equivalents (4)=(1)+(2)+(3)		(1,452,375,785)	4,871,813,647
Effect of exchange differences		(105,866,066)	46,719,438
Cash and cash equivalents of non-current assets held for sale	14	(2,973,018)	
Cash and cash equivalents of discontinued operations as at the date of disposal			(382,468,228)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		3,203,517,865	5,985,581,406

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents

Portugal Telecom, SGPS, S.A.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements as at 30 September 2011

(Amounts stated in Euros, except where otherwise mentioned)

1. Introduction

Portugal Telecom, SGPS, SA (Portugal Telecom) and its subsidiaries (Group , Portugal Telecom Group , or the Company) are engaged in rendering a comprehensive range of telecommunications and multimedia services in Portugal, Brazil and other countries or regions, including Africa.

On 28 March 2011, Portugal Telecom concluded the acquisition process of the investments in Oi and Contax and the agreements with the controlling shareholders of these companies, for a total cash consideration of R\$8,437 million (Note 2).

Telemar Norte Leste, S.A. (Telemar), which uses the brand named Oi, is the leading provider of telecommunication services in the Brazilian market and the largest fixed telecommunications operator in South America in terms of active clients. Following the share capital increases undertaken, on 28 March 2011, by Telemar Participações, S.A. (Telemar Participações), Tele Norte Leste Participações, S.A. (TNL) and Telemar, Portugal Telecom acquired on that date a direct and indirect stake of 25.3% in Telemar for a total cash consideration of R\$ 8.32 billion (Euro 3.68 billion). Under the terms of the agreements entered into with the controlling shareholders, Portugal Telecom shares the power to govern the financial and operating policies of these companies, resulting in the proportional consolidation of its direct and indirect stake in Telemar Participações (25.6%), which fully consolidates TNL and Telemar. This transaction was completed following the Memorandum of Understanding entered into, on 28 July 2010, by Portugal Telecom with Andrade Gutierrez Participações, S.A. (AG) and LF Tel, S.A. (LF), two of the main shareholders of Telemar Participações, which sets the principles for the development of a strategic partnership between Portugal Telecom and Oi Group.

The purpose of the strategic partnership between Portugal Telecom and Oi is to develop a global telecommunications platform that will allow for cooperation in diverse areas, with a view to, among other things, sharing best practices, achieving economies of scale, implementing research and development initiatives, developing new technologies, expanding internationally, particularly in Latin America and Africa, diversifying the services provided to customers, maximizing synergies and reducing costs, and seeking to offer constant high quality services to our corporate and individual customers, while creating and adding value for our shareholders.

Under the strategic partnership between Portugal Telecom and Oi, it was envisaged that, amongst other purposes, Oi would use part of the proceeds received from the share capital increase for the acquisition of up to 10% of the outstanding shares of Portugal Telecom. Up to 30 September 2011, Oi acquired 64,557,566 shares of Portugal Telecom (Note 12), representing 7% of outstanding shares. As mentioned below, Portugal Telecom's share in this investment was classified as treasury shares in its Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and amounted to Euro 148 million as at 30 September 2011, including Euro 61 million (Note 2) related to shares acquired before the end of March 2011 and Euro

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

87 million (Note 18.k) related to shares acquired during the second quarter of 2011.

Additionally, on 28 March 2011, Portugal Telecom concluded the acquisition of a 16.2% stake in CTX Participações S.A. (CTX) for a consideration of R\$ 116 million (Euro 50 million). CTX is the controlling shareholder of and fully consolidates Contax, S.A. (Contax),

Table of Contents

one of the leading corporate services company and the leader in contact centre services in Brazil. As a result of this acquisition, Portugal Telecom acquired a direct (16.2%) and indirect stake (25.8%, via AG and LF) of 42.0% in CTX and an indirect stake of 14.1% in Contax. CTX, which controls and fully consolidates Contax, is proportionally consolidated in Portugal Telecom's financial statements, considering the corporate governance rights attributed to Portugal Telecom under the shareholders agreements entered into by the Company.

The final step of the acquisition of Contax, which included the acquisition of Dedic/GPTI (Portugal Telecom's Business Process Outsourcing provider) by Contax, was completed on 1 July 2011, as the Board of Directors and the Shareholders' Meetings of Dedic, CTX and Contax approved the following operations: (1) the exchange of Portugal Telecom's investment in Dedic/GPTI for a 7.6% stake in Contax; (2) the exchange of a 1.3% stake in Contax held by Portugal Telecom for an additional 3.7% stake in CTX; and (3) the disposal by Portugal Telecom to CTX of a 2.0% stake in Contax for a total amount of R\$49.7 million (Euro 22 million). As a result of these operations, Portugal Telecom's direct and indirect stakes in CTX and Contax were increased from 42.0% to 44.4% and from 14.1% to 19.5%, respectively, and Dedic/GPTI became a wholly owned subsidiary of Contax and, as such, its assets, liabilities and results were proportionally consolidated as from 1 July 2011, together with Contax. Additionally, a total goodwill of Euro 47 million (Note 15) was recorded, corresponding to the difference between the fair value and the carrying amount of the net assets acquired by both Portugal Telecom and Contax.

In April 2011, moving ahead with its internationalization strategy, Contax completed the acquisition of 100% of Allus Global BPO Center (Allus) for an amount of R\$245 million (Note 2). Consequently, the results of Contax, which are proportionally consolidated in Portugal Telecom's Income Statement as from 1 April 2011, include the full consolidation of the results of Allus as from 1 May 2011. Allus is one of the largest contact center service providers in Latin America, with operations in Argentina, Colombia and Peru and commercial activities in the United States and Spain. With this acquisition, Contax took an important step towards becoming one of the most complete global BPO (Business Process Outsourcing) providers, dedicated to supporting its clients throughout their entire customer relationship chain.

On 24 May 2011, in a pre-meeting of the shareholders of Telemar Participações, in accordance with the terms of the Shareholders Agreement of this company, its shareholders approved to instruct the managements of Telemar Participações and of each of its controlled companies TNL, Telemar, Coari Participações (Coari) and Brasil Telecom (together Oi Companies) to conduct the relevant analysis and implement the required procedures for the execution of a corporate reorganization of the Oi companies (the Corporate Reorganization). Regarding this corporate reorganization, the following should be mentioned:

- The main steps necessary to conclude this corporate reorganization include:

(a) The share exchange of newly issued shares of Coari for currently outstanding shares issued by Telemar, resulting in Telemar becoming a wholly-owned subsidiary of Coari;

(b) The merger of Coari into Brasil Telecom, with Coari ceasing to exist;

(c) The merger of TNL into Brasil Telecom, with TNL ceasing to exist; and

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

(d) The distribution of redeemable shares of Brasil Telecom exclusively to holders of Brasil Telecom prior to the merger, with cash redemption of such shares to be made immediately after their issuance for an amount of R\$1,502 million, which shall be reflected in the calculation of the exchange ratios. Considering the commitment underlying these operations, Brasil Telecom recognized this amount payable to its shareholders, including R\$740 million payable to its controlling shareholder Coari Participações (49,3%), which is fully owned by Telemar, and R\$ 762 million payable to non-controlling interests. Consequently, Portugal Telecom proportionally consolidated the liability related to non-controlling interests amounting to Euro 86 million as at the date of the deliberation, which was included under the caption Other current liabilities .

Following these operations, Brasil Telecom, which shall be renamed Oi, S.A., will consolidate all of the current equity interests of the Oi Companies, and will be the only of the Oi Companies to have its shares listed on the stock exchange.

Table of Contents

- The main benefits associated with this reorganization include, among other things, simplifying the corporate structure of the Oi Companies, consolidating the Oi Companies' shareholders bases, significantly increasing the liquidity of the shares of the Oi Companies, consolidating the Oi Companies' balance sheets allowing for the definition of a long term dividend policy and reducing operational, administrative and financial costs.
- In order to conclude this corporate reorganization, TNL, Telemar and Brasil Telecom constituted Special Independent Committees, each of which will negotiate the conditions of the transactions involving its company, including the definition of the exchange ratios, and submit its recommendations to the Board of Directors of each company.
- On 1 August 2011, as a result of the analysis made by each independent committees individually and the negotiations held among all, the independent committees informed the president of the Board of Directors of each of those companies about the exchange ratios recommended that the Oi Companies' respective Board of Directors should adopt in relation to the mergers of Coari and TNL into Brasil Telecom.
- The shareholders meetings of Brasil Telecom, TNL, Coari and Telemar that will vote on the transactions described above are expected to be convened in order to be held during the fourth quarter of 2011 or the first quarter of 2012.

On 26 July 2011, Portugal Telecom's General Meeting of Shareholders approved an amendment to the Company's Bylaws, eliminating the special rights granted to the 500 Class A shares (the so-called "golden share").

During the year 2010, Vivo was classified as a discontinued operation following the agreement reached by Portugal Telecom with Telefónica on 28 July 2010 for the disposal of its 50% stake in Brasilcel, which was completed in September 2010. Consequently, financial information relating to this business was restated to be presented as a discontinued operation.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on 27 October 2011.

2. Basis of presentation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard N°. 34 - IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. These financial statements do not include all the information required by the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and accordingly should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2010. In addition, further explanations for the main changes of revenues and costs are disclosed in our interim management report, which should be read in conjunction with these interim consolidated financial statements.

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

The consolidation principles followed in the preparation of these interim financial statements are the same as were applied in the preparation of the last annual consolidated financial statements.

Changes in the consolidation perimeter

The main changes in the consolidation perimeter relate to the acquisition of direct and indirect stakes in Telemar and Contax, completed on 28 March 2011, following which Portugal Telecom proportionally consolidated its assets and liabilities as from 31 March 2011 and its results as from 1 April 2011, as explained above. The investment in Telemar was realized through the acquisition of a direct stake in this company and indirectly through the acquisition of stakes in the share capital of its controlling shareholders, while the investment in Contax was realized indirectly through the acquisition of a stake in the share capital of CTX.

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

Table of Contents

The investments in Telemar and Contax were acquired through the subsidiaries Bratel Brasil, S.A. and Portugal Telecom Brasil, S.A., respectively, and were structured as follows as at 28 March 2011 (acquisition date):

Company	Notes	Head office	Activity	Stake as at 28 March 2011 (a)	
				Direct	Effective
PASA Participações, S.A.		Belo Horizonte	Management of investments.	Bratel Brasil, S.A. (35.0%)	35.0%
EDSP75 Participações, S.A.		São Paulo	Management of investments.	Bratel Brasil, S.A. (35.0%)	35.0%
AG Telecom Participações, S.A.		Belo Horizonte	Management of investments.	PASA Participações, S.A. (100%)	35.0%
Luxemburgo Participações, S.A.		Belo Horizonte	Management of investments.	AG Telecom Participações, S.A. (100%)	35.0%
LF Tel, S.A.		São Paulo	Management of investments.	EDSP75 Participações, S.A. (100%)	35.0%
Telemar Participações, S.A.	(b)	Rio de Janeiro	Management of investments.	Bratel Brasil, S.A. (12.1%); AG Telecom Participações, S.A. (12.9%); Luxemburgo Participações, S.A. (6.5%); LF Tel, S.A. (19.4%)	25.6%
Tele Norte Leste Participações, S.A.	(c)	Rio de Janeiro	Management of investments.	Bratel Brasil, S.A. (10.5%); Luxemburgo Participações, S.A. (2.4%); LF Tel, S.A. (2.4%); Telemar Participações (22.2%)	17.9%
Telemar Norte Leste, S.A.	(d)	Rio de Janeiro	Provider of telecommunications services in Brazil.	Bratel Brasil, S.A. (9.4%); Luxemburgo Participações, S.A. (3.3%); LF Tel, S.A. (3.3%); Telemar Participações (3.8%); TNL (70.5%)	25.3%
CTX Participações, S.A.	(b)	Rio de Janeiro	Management of investments.	Portugal Telecom Brasil, S.A. (16.2%); AG Telecom Participações, S.A. (25.4%); Luxemburgo Participações, S.A. (11.4%); LF Tel, S.A. (36.8%)	42.0%
Contax Participações, S.A.	(e) (f)	Rio de Janeiro	Management of investments.	CTX Participações (33.5%)	14.1%
Contax, S.A.	(f)	Rio de Janeiro	Call center services.	Contax Participações (100%)	14.1%

(a) Except for the changes mentioned below, there were no other relevant changes in the ownership structures of Telemar and Contax between the acquisition date of these investments (28 March 2011) and the date of the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (30 September 2011).

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

(b) Under the terms of the acquisition of the stakes in Oi and Contax and of the agreements entered into with its controlling shareholders, Portugal Telecom shares the power to govern the financial and operating policies, resulting in the proportional consolidation of Portugal Telecom's direct and indirect stakes in Telemar Participações (25.6%), which fully consolidates TNL, Telemar and all its subsidiaries, and in CTX (42.0%), which fully consolidates Contax Participações, Contax and its subsidiaries. Following the operations completed on 1 July 2011 regarding the Contax transaction, as mentioned above, Portugal Telecom increased its effective stake in CTX to 44.4%.

(c) The voting rights of Telemar Participações in TNL are 56.4%.

(d) The voting rights of TNL in Telemar are 98.0%.

(e) The voting rights of CTX in Contax Participações were 69.3% as at 28 March 2011 and were increased to 71.6% following the operations completed on 1 July 2011.

(f) Following the operations completed on 1 July 2011 regarding the Contax transaction, as mentioned above, Portugal Telecom obtained a direct stake of 4.3% in Contax Participações and increased its effective stakes in Contax Participações and Contax, S.A. from 14.1% to 19.5%.

Oi Group is the leading provider of telecommunication services in the Brazilian market, providing these services through Telemar and its subsidiaries, as follows:

- Telemar renders fixed telephone services in Region I of Brazil;
- TNL PCS, S.A. renders mobile telephone services in Regions I and III of Brazil (99.7% owned by Telemar);
- Brasil Telecom, S.A. (Brasil Telecom) renders fixed telephone services in Region II of Brazil (49.3% indirectly owned by Telemar, with voting rights of 79.6%);
- 14 Brasil Telecom Celular, S.A. renders mobile telephone services in Region II of Brazil (100% owned by Brasil Telecom);
- Several other companies, including holding companies and companies rendering network services, data traffic services, financial services, services related to payment and credit systems and call center and telemarketing services.

The Company is currently in the process of assessing the fair value of the net assets acquired under this business combination and, consequently, on a preliminary basis, allocated the difference between the purchase price and the carrying value of net assets

Table of Contents

acquired to goodwill. Although *IFRS 3 Business Combinations* allows this process to be completed within one year from acquisition date, Portugal Telecom estimates to conclude this process up to 31 December 2011 and any fair value adjustments to be recorded under this purchase price allocation shall be recognized as of 1 April 2011.

The detail of the net assets proportionally consolidated in Portugal Telecom's Statement of Financial Position related to Telemar (25.6%), Contax (42.0%) and its controlling shareholders and the goodwill recorded on a preliminary basis in connection with the transaction mentioned above is as follows:

	28 Mar 2011 (acquisition date) (i)		31 Mar 2011 (i)
	Brazilian Reais	Euro	Euro
Assets	21,412	9,461	9,286
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 18.h)	3,911	1,728	1,696
Current accounts receivable	1,793	792	778
Current taxes receivable	691	305	300
Current judicial deposits (Note 13)	479	212	208
Tangible assets (Note 15)	6,069	2,681	2,632
Intangible assets (Note 15)	4,693	2,073	2,035
Deferred taxes (Note 10)	1,508	666	654
Non-current judicial deposits (Note 13)	1,790	791	776
Post retirement benefits (Note 6)	25	11	11
Other (ii)	454	201	197
Liabilities	15,578	6,882	6,756
Short-term debt (Note 16)	1,513	668	656
Current accounts payable	938	414	407
Current accrued expenses	845	374	367
Current taxes payable	733	324	318
Current provisions (Note 17)	492	217	213
Medium and long-term debt (Note 16)	7,131	3,150	3,092
Non-current taxes payable (iii)	719	317	312
Non-current provisions (Note 17)	1,370	605	594
Post retirement benefits (Note 6)	146	64	63
Deferred taxes (Note 10)	815	360	353
Other (iv)	877	387	381
Net assets acquired	5,834	2,579	2,530
Non-controlling interests	1,636	723	710
Sub-total	4,197	1,856	1,820
Treasury shares acquired (Note 1) (v)	142	61	61
Sub-total	4,339	1,917	1,882
Goodwill (Note 15)	4,098	1,810	1,777
Acquisition price (Note 18.h)	8,437	3,728	n.a.

- (i) The amounts as at 28 March 2011 correspond to the net assets acquired as at the acquisition date, while the amounts as at 31 March 2011 relate to the net assets proportionally consolidated for the first time in Portugal Telecom's Statement of Financial Position. The difference between these amounts corresponds to changes in exchange rates and was recognised directly in shareholders' equity and included in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income under the caption 'Foreign currency translation adjustments'.

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

- (ii) This caption includes primarily prepaid expenses and non-current taxes receivable.
- (iii) Non-current taxes payable mainly relate to federal tax partial payment programmes in place in Brazil, under which companies enrolled a substantial portion of their tax debt to the National Treasury and the National Social Security Institute past due up to 30 November 2008.
- (iv) This caption includes primarily (1) dividends payable, which are included under the caption *Other current liabilities* of the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, (2) non-current accounts payable, namely related to licenses payable to Anatel, which are included under the caption *Other non-current liabilities* of the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, and (3) deferred income.
- (v) As at 31 March 2011, Oi had a 3.1% stake in Portugal Telecom, acquired by the end of March 2011. This investment was recorded as treasury shares under Portugal Telecom's Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and was made in connection with the strategic partnership entered into between Portugal Telecom and Oi (Note 1).

Table of Contents

The contribution of Oi, Contax and their controlling shareholders for Portugal Telecom's net income in the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2011 was Euro 35 million and Euro 14 million, respectively, detailed as follows:

	Euro	
	9M11	3Q11
REVENUES	1,857,912,608	932,833,186
COSTS, EXPENSES, LOSSES AND (INCOME)		
Wages and salaries	326,502,604	176,096,337
Direct costs	349,830,772	176,994,580
Commercial costs	96,547,478	45,042,123
Supplies and external services and other expenses	320,816,138	150,727,921
Indirect taxes	87,658,420	44,522,455
Provisions and adjustments	96,330,164	50,927,047
Depreciation and amortisation (Note 15)	335,326,388	164,440,952
Post retirement benefits, net (Note 6)	3,279,040	1,703,412
Other costs, net	5,890,887	2,607,881
Income before financial results and taxes	235,730,717	119,770,478
Net interest expenses (Note 8)	114,738,147	65,396,398
Net other financial expenses	34,686,260	17,812,091
Income before taxes	86,306,310	36,561,989
Income taxes (Note 10)	37,021,676	8,800,826
Net income (before non-controlling interests)	49,284,634	27,761,163
Income attributable to non-controlling interests	13,882,780	13,547,115
Net income	35,401,854	14,214,048

The pro-forma of Portugal Telecom's consolidated operating revenues and net income before non-controlling interests for the nine months period ended 30 September 2011 as if Oi, Contax and their controlling shareholders had been proportionally consolidated as from 1 January 2011 is as follows:

	Euro million		
	Reported figures	Oi and Contax effect	Pro-forma information
Operating revenues	4,416	890	5,306
Net income (before non-controlling interests)	403	(65)	338

In April 2011, as mentioned above, Contax acquired an investment in Allus for an amount of R\$245 million (Note 1), equivalent to R\$103 million corresponding to the stake proportionally consolidated by Portugal Telecom. This investment was proportionally consolidated in Portugal Telecom's Statement of Financial Position for the first time as at 30 April 2011. The detail of the net assets proportionally consolidated as at 30 April 2011 and the goodwill recorded on a preliminary basis in connection with this transaction is as follows:

Million

	Brazilian Reais	Euro
Assets	94	40
Current assets (i)	41	18
Tangible assets (Note 15)	16	7
Intangible assets (Note 15)	31	13
Other	5	2
Liabilities	59	25
Current liabilities	46	19
Medium and long-term debt	13	5
Other	1	0
Net assets acquired	35	15
Goodwill (Note 15)	68	29
Acquisition price (Note 18.h)	103	44

(i) This caption includes cash and cash equivalents amounting to Euro 2 million, which were included in the Consolidation Statement of Cash Flows under the caption Cash receipts resulting from financial investments (Note 18.h).

Table of Contents

As mentioned above, following the operations completed on 1 July 2011 regarding the Contax transaction, Dedic/GPTI is no longer fully consolidated by Portugal Telecom as it became a wholly owned subsidiary of Contax. Consequently, its assets, liabilities and results were proportionally consolidated as from 1 July 2011, together with Contax, while its results up to that date were fully consolidated in Portugal Telecom's Income Statement.

In addition, in 2010, Vivo was classified as a discontinued operation following the agreement reached by Portugal Telecom with Telefónica on 28 July 2010 for the disposal of its 50% stake in Brasilcel, which was completed in September 2010. Consequently, financial information relating to this business was restated to be presented as a discontinued operation.

Except for the changes mentioned above, there are no other relevant changes in the consolidation Group that occurred during the nine months period ended 30 September 2011.

3. Accounting policies, judgments and estimates

The accounting policies, judgments and estimates applied in these interim consolidated financial statements are consistent with those applied in Portugal Telecom's last annual financial statements, despite these interim financial statements include certain accounting policies, judgments and estimates related to Oi and Contax operations which were not applicable as at 31 December 2010.

The following standards, revised standards or interpretations approved by the European Union became effective during the nine months period ended 30 September 2011, although their adoption had no impact in Portugal Telecom's financial statements:

- Amendments to IAS 24 *Related Party Disclosures*;

- Amendments to IFRIC 14 *The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction*;

- IFRIC 19 *Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments*;

- Amendments to IFRS 1 *First Time Adoption of IFRS*;

- Amendments to IAS 32 *Financial Instruments*; and

- Amendments to IFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures*.

In 2011, the *International Accounting Standards Board* (IASB) issued the following new standards, which were not yet adopted by Portugal Telecom as they were not yet endorsed by the European Union and their application is only required in subsequent periods:

- On 12 May 2011, the IASB issued IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements*, which establishes the principles for the presentation and preparation of consolidated financial statements when an entity controls one or more entities. IFRS 10 builds on existing principles by identifying the concept of control as the determining factor in whether an entity should be included within the consolidated financial statements of the parent company. The standard provides additional guidance to assist in the determination of control where this is difficult to assess. IFRS 10 replaces the consolidation requirements in SIC 12 *Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities* and IAS 27 *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements*. The Company is assessing the impacts of the adoption of this standard, which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013;
- On 12 May 2011, the IASB issued IFRS 11 *Joint Arrangements*, which classifies joint arrangements as either joint operations (combining the existing concepts of jointly controlled assets and jointly controlled operations) or joint ventures (equivalent to the existing concept of a jointly controlled entity) and requires the use of the equity method of accounting for interests in joint ventures thereby eliminating the proportionate consolidation method. This standard, which supersedes IAS 31 *Interest*

Table of Contents

in Joint Ventures and SIC 13 *Jointly Controlled Entities – Non-Monetary Contributions by Ventures*, is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. Upon the adoption of this new standard, Portugal Telecom will not proportionally consolidate its investments in Oi and Contax;

- On 12 May 2011, the IASB issued IFRS 12 *Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities*, which is applicable to entities that have an interest in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates or unconsolidated structured entities, establishes disclosure objectives and specifies minimum disclosures that an entity must provide to meet those objectives. In accordance with this standard, an entity should disclose information that helps users of its financial statements to evaluate the nature of and risks associated with its interests in other entities and the effects of those interests on its financial statements. The Company is accessing the impacts of the adoption of this standard, which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013;
- On 12 May 2011, the IASB issued IFRS 13 *Fair Value Measurement*, which establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurement under IFRS. Fair value is defined as “the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date”. The Company is accessing the impacts of the adoption of this standard, which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013;
- Following the changes mentioned above, the standards IAS 27 *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements* and IAS 28 *Investments in Associates* were revised accordingly;
- On 16 June 2011, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 19 *Employee Benefits*, which include primarily: (i) the elimination of an option to defer the recognition of actuarial gains and losses, known as the “corridor method”; (ii) streamlining the presentation of changes in assets and liabilities arising from defined benefit plans, including requiring remeasurements to be presented in other comprehensive income, thereby separating those changes from changes that many perceive to be the result of an entity’s day-to-day operations; and (iii) enhancing the disclosure requirements for defined benefit plans, providing better information about the characteristics of defined benefit plans and the risks that entities are exposed to when participating in those plans. This standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. The Company is accessing the impacts resulting from the adoption of this revised standard, although it should be mentioned that Portugal Telecom recognizes actuarial gains and losses directly in shareholders’ equity.

4. Exchange rates

As at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010, assets and liabilities denominated in Brazilian Reais were translated to Euros using the exchange rates of 2.5067 and 2.2177 Brazilian Reais to the Euro, respectively. During the nine month periods ended 30 September 2011 and 2010, the income statements of subsidiaries expressed in Brazilian Reais were translated to Euros using the average exchange rates of 2.2942 and 2.3410 Brazilian Reais to the Euro, respectively.

Table of Contents

5. Segment reporting

Following the acquisition of a 25.3% stake in Oi, the results of which were proportionally consolidated as from 1 April 2011, Portugal Telecom discloses it as an operating segment since the Company's management currently reviews and assesses its performance periodically. This operating segment, named Oi, includes the holding company TNL and Telemar Norte Leste and its subsidiaries.

Up to 30 June 2011, Portugal Telecom's operating segments in Portugal, which were organized based on the type of technology used to provide its services and products to its customers, included the Wireline (fixed telecommunication services rendered through PT Comunicações and PT Prime) and Mobile (mobile telecommunication services rendered through TMN) operating segments. Following the progressive integration of the fixed line and mobile services and products offered to its customers, Portugal Telecom changed, as from that date, the disclosure of its operating segments in Portugal, replacing the former operating segments Wireline in Portugal and Mobile in Portugal for one operating segment named Telecommunications in Portugal that includes all telecommunications services in Portugal. This change is consistent with the way the Company's management reviews and assesses the performance of its business in Portugal. Following this change, the corresponding financial information for previous years was restated.

As a result of the changes mentioned above, the operating segments as at 30 September 2011 are as follows: (i) Telecommunications in Portugal; and (ii) Telecommunications in Brazil - Oi. There is no difference between operating and reportable segments.

In the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2011 and 2010, revenues by operating segment and its contribution to the Group's consolidated revenues were as follows:

	Euro					
	Standalone revenues	9M11 Intragroup revenues	Consolidated revenues	Standalone revenues	9M10 Intragroup revenues	Consolidated revenues
Revenues relating to reportable segments:						
Telecommunications in Portugal (i)	2,173,602,149	(17,092,067)	2,156,510,082	2,354,697,030	(16,153,114)	2,338,543,916
Telecommunications in Brazil - Oi (ii)	1,633,713,628	(2,200,648)	1,631,512,980			
Revenues relating to other businesses (iii)	1,077,219,510	(449,424,810)	627,794,700	825,460,030	(371,443,304)	454,016,726
Group consolidated revenues			4,415,817,762			2,792,560,642

Euro

3Q11

3Q10

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

	Standalone revenues	Intragroup revenues	Consolidated revenues	Standalone revenues	Intragroup revenues	Consolidated revenues
Revenues relating to reportable segments:						
Telecommunications in Portugal						
(i)	731,008,804	(7,213,977)	723,794,827	789,310,028	(6,056,284)	783,253,744
Telecommunications in Brazil - Oi						
(ii)	801,442,855	(1,096,111)	800,346,744			
Revenues relating to other businesses (iii)	406,978,914.15	(184,102,071)	222,876,843	324,790,288	(155,879,900)	168,910,388
Group consolidated revenues			1,747,018,414			952,164,132

(i) The reduction in revenues from telecommunications in Portugal in the nine months period ended 30 September 2011 (Euro 181 million) is primarily explained by: (1) revenue decline in the Personal customer segment (Euro 73 million), including lower equipment sales (Euro 10 million), lower interconnection revenues (Euro 22 million), mainly as a result of the negative impact of lower Mobile Termination Rates (MTRs), and lower customer revenues (Euro 42 million) that reflect challenging economic conditions, including a VAT increase (+3pp in the first half of 2011 and +2pp in the third quarter of 2011), coupled with increasing popularity of tribal plans; (2) lower revenues driven by the Enterprise customer segment (Euro 81 million), penalized by the economic environment and consequent cost cutting efforts from companies and also by a schools project that took place in 2010; and (3) lower revenues from wholesale and other businesses (Euro 56 million), including the impact from the decline in the directories business (Euro 16 million). These effects were partially offset by an increase in revenues from the Residential customer segment, mainly related to Pay-TV and broadband revenues, which are underpinned by the success of Meo s double and triple play offers.

(ii) As mentioned in Note 1, the results of Oi were proportionally consolidated as from 1 April 2011.

Table of Contents

(iii) The increase in the contribution of other businesses to consolidated revenues in the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2011 relates mainly to (1) the impact of the proportional consolidation of Contax as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 226 million and Euro 132 million, respectively) and (2) improved revenue performance of MTC (mobile operator in Namibia) and Timor Telecom. These effects were partially offset by a lower contribution from Dedic/GPTI, as this business was fully consolidated until 30 June 2011 and then integrated in Contax.

In the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2011 and 2010, the reconciliation between income before financial results and taxes relating to operating segments and the Group's consolidated net income is as follows:

	9M11	9M10	3Q11	3Q10
Income before financial results and taxes relating to operating segments:				
Telecommunications in Portugal (i)	422,177,145	413,203,416	141,466,247	80,020,018
Telecommunications in Brazil - Oi (ii)	240,486,853		121,321,917	
Income before financial results and taxes relating to other businesses (iii)	12,433,499	(7,838,665)	15,849,491	(16,040,887)
Income before financial results and taxes	675,097,497	405,364,751	278,637,655	63,979,131
Financial gains and (losses):				
Net interest expenses (Note 8)	(199,426,072)	(175,549,954)	(118,170,429)	(56,944,015)
Equity in earnings of associated companies, net (iv)	169,098,713	65,375,621	46,599,246	(18,544,647)
Net other financial losses (Note 9)	(86,543,057)	(35,467,825)	(17,070,168)	(23,287,711)
Income taxes (Note 10)	(155,088,583)	(64,127,014)	(53,309,631)	(37,603,344)
Net income from continuing operations	403,138,498	195,595,579	136,686,673	(72,400,586)
Net income from discontinued operations (Note 11)		5,551,451,400		5,474,765,812
Net income	403,138,498	5,747,046,979	136,686,673	5,402,365,226

- (i) The improvement in this caption in the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2011, as compared to the same periods of last year, is primarily explained by (1) the cost cutting policy implemented at Portuguese operations, which led to a reduction in other operating expenses, (2) lower post retirement benefits costs, due to the transfer to the Portuguese State of the unfunded regulatory pension obligations (Note 6), completed in December 2010, and (3) certain non-recurring costs recognized in the third quarter of 2010 (Note 7). These effects more than offset the decrease in net service revenues (service revenues minus direct costs).
- (ii) As mentioned in Note 1, the results of Oi were proportionally consolidated as from 1 April 2011. In the third quarter of 2011, Oi received an information from the manager of one of its post retirement benefits plans that the company will receive a reimbursement amounting to 354 million Brazilian Reals. As this plan presents a surplus position for which an assets is not recorded (Note 6), Oi recorded a receivable and a gain of the same amount in the third quarter of 2011.
- (iii) The improvement in this caption in the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2011, as compared to the same periods of last year, is primarily explained by the expenses incurred in the third quarter of 2010, amounting to Euro 25 million, for services rendered in relation to the acquisition process of the investment in Oi, as mentioned in Note 7.
- (iv) In the nine months period ended 30 September 2011, this caption includes a gain of Euro 38 million related to the completion of the disposal of the investment in UOL (Note 14), while in the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2010, this caption includes the recognition of non-recurring losses on the carrying value of certain investments in associate companies totalling Euro 72 million. Adjusting for these effects, and Portugal Telecom's share in UOL's earnings in the nine months period ended 30 September 2010 (Euro 14 million), equity in earnings of associated companies would have amounted to Euro 131 million and Euro 124 million in the nine month periods ended 30 September 2011 and 2010, respectively, reflecting primarily the improvement in earnings of Unitel, notwithstanding the

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

devaluation of local currency, and CTM.

In the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2011 and 2010, capital expenditures by operating segment and their reconciliation to the consolidated capital expenditures are as follows (Note 15):

Euro

	9M11	9M10	3Q11	3Q10
Telecommunications in Portugal	400,488,943	403,136,701	149,605,882	138,515,394
Telecommunications in Brazil - Oi	223,178,934		106,545,274	
Other businesses	80,100,379	90,436,778	29,632,704	42,912,995
	703,768,256	493,573,479	285,783,860	181,428,389

The change in capital expenditures in the nine months period ended 30 September 2011, as compared to the same period of last year, reflects primarily the following effects:

- A reduction in the Portuguese operations, reflecting a decline in capital expenditures related to residential customers as a result of: (1) a lower number of set-top boxes per fiber TV customer as compared to ADSL; (2) lower unitary cost of set-top boxes, optical network terminators and home gateways, and (3) improved refurbishment rates of set-top boxes. These

Table of Contents

effects were partially offset by an increase in capital expenditures related to mobile network, explained by investments in the swap of TMN's 2G equipments to LTE (4G) enabled equipment and investments in capacity of existing 3G and 3.5G networks, namely in urban areas;

- The proportional consolidation of Oi's capital expenditures as from 1 April 2011; and
- A decrease in capital expenditures of other businesses, reflecting primarily lower capital expenditures at (1) Dedic/GPTI business, due to investments undertaken in the first quarter of 2010 related to the expansion of Dedic, namely the construction of new sites, and its integration in Contax as from 1 July 2011, (2) MTC, in Namibia, and (3) CVT, in Cape Verde. These effects more than offset the impact of the proportional consolidation of Contax as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 16 million), including Dedic/GPTI as from 1 July 2011, and higher capital expenditures at Timor Telecom.

6. Post retirement benefits

As at 30 September 2011, the Company did not obtain an actuarial valuation to recognize post retirement benefits and therefore costs recorded during the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2011 are based on the 31 December 2010 actuarial studies, adjusted only by curtailment costs incurred during those periods.

As at 30 September 2011, the projected post retirement benefits obligations (PBO) from Portuguese operations, which relate to pension complements and healthcare benefits, totaled Euro 434 million and the market value of assets under management amounted to Euro 381 million, as compared to Euro 472 million and Euro 448 million as at 31 December 2010, respectively. In addition, Portugal Telecom had liabilities with salaries payable to suspended and pre-retired employees amounting to Euro 824 million as at 30 September 2011, as compared to Euro 924 million as at 31 December 2010, which are not subject to any legal funding requirement. These salaries are paid on a monthly basis directly by Portugal Telecom to beneficiaries until retirement age. As at 30 September 2011, Portugal Telecom had unrecognized prior years' service gains related to unvested rights amounting to Euro 17 million and therefore net benefits obligations from Portuguese operations recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position amounted to Euro 895 million.

In addition, following the acquisition of the investment in Oi, concluded on 28 March 2011 (Note 1), Portugal Telecom proportionally consolidated net post retirement benefits obligations of that company, which amounted to Euro 52 million as at 31 March 2011, including a liability of Euro 63 million (Note 2) and an asset of Euro 11 million (Note 2), and Euro 51 million as at 30 September 2011. These net obligations mainly relate to pension benefits under several plans with different characteristics, including defined contribution plans and defined benefits plans, most of which are already closed to new participants. Oi also has several plans that present a surplus position and for which an asset is not recorded as it is not possible to obtain reimbursements for the excess financing of those plans.

During the nine month periods ended 30 September 2010 and 2011, the movements occurred in post retirement benefits obligations, net of the market value of plan assets and unrecognized prior year service gains, were as follows:

	Pension benefits	Healthcare benefits	Salaries to pre-retired and suspended employees	Total
Balance as at 31 December 2009	764,851,062	(65,540,099)	791,441,962	1,490,752,925
Periodic post retirement benefits costs	26,943,017	(3,182,817)	29,707,500	53,467,700
Work force reduction costs	120,332		6,579,828	6,700,160
Net actuarial losses	60,870,023	11,753,614		72,623,637
Payments, contributions and reimbursements	(35,676,487)	70,727,897	(115,591,427)	(80,540,017)
Balance as at 30 September 2010	817,107,947	13,758,595	712,137,863	1,543,004,405

Table of Contents

Euro

	Portuguese operations				Oi			
	Pension benefits complements	Healthcare benefits	Salaries to pre-retired and suspended employees	Sub-total	Pension benefits	Healthcare benefits	Sub-total	Total
Balance as at 31 December 2010	25,772,632	16,767,576	924,324,397	966,864,605				966,864,605
Changes in the consolidation perimeter (Note 2)					52,083,050	406,094	52,489,144	52,489,144
Periodic post retirement benefits costs	(536,463)	(1,328,197)	23,539,309	21,674,649	3,257,715	21,325	3,279,040	24,953,689
Work force reduction costs			3,778,437	3,778,437				3,778,437
Net actuarial losses	7,956,834	25,014,786		32,971,620				32,971,620
Payments, contributions and reimbursements	(677,781)	(2,017,820)	(127,570,339)	(130,265,940)	(303,751)	(1,540)	(305,291)	(130,571,231)
Foreign currency translation adjustments					(4,424,623)	(34,224)	(4,458,847)	(4,458,847)
Balance as at 30 September 2011	32,515,222	38,436,345	824,071,804	895,023,371	50,612,391	391,655	51,004,046	946,027,417

Certain post retirement benefits plans that have a surplus position, for which an asset can be recorded as it is possible to obtain reimbursements for the excess financing of those plans, are presented in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position separately from those plans with a deficit position. As at 30 September 2011 and 31 December 2010, net post retirement obligations were recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as follows:

Euro

	30 Sep 2011	31 Dec 2010
Pension plans with a deficit position	94,902,412	27,700,623
Salaries to pre-retired and suspended employees	824,071,804	924,324,397
Healthcare plan with a deficit position	38,828,000	16,767,576
Plans with a deficit position	957,802,216	968,792,596
Pension plans with a surplus position	(11,774,799)	(1,927,991)
	946,027,417	966,864,605

The detail of post retirement benefits costs in the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2011 and 2010 is as follows:

Euro

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

	9M11	9M10	3Q11	3Q10
Post retirement benefits costs				
Portuguese operations (i)				
Periodic service cost	2,645,700	6,111,065	881,900	2,037,021
Interest cost	39,750,466	151,532,883	13,249,981	50,510,961
Expected return on plan assets	(19,579,748)	(102,723,991)	(6,526,582)	(34,241,330)
Amortization of prior years service gains	(1,141,769)	(1,452,257)	(380,591)	(484,085)
	21,674,649	53,467,700	7,224,708	17,822,567
Service cost related to liabilities transferred to the Portuguese State (ii)	15,683,629		5,328,926	
Sub-total	37,358,278	53,467,700	12,553,634	17,822,567
Oi (Note 2)				
Periodic service cost	513,209		255,898	
Interest cost	46,940,172		23,405,459	
Expected return on plan assets	(69,094,848)		(34,452,294)	
Amortization of prior years service gains	(103,901)		(51,807)	
Effect of the limit on a defined benefit asset (iii)	25,024,408		12,546,156	
Sub-total	3,279,040		1,703,412	
Total post retirement benefits costs	40,637,318	53,467,700	14,257,046	17,822,567
Work force reduction costs				
Work force reduction program	3,778,437	6,700,160	29,279	1,056,091
Termination payments	2,559,127	4,152,809	735,892	557,665
Total work force reduction costs	6,337,564	10,852,969	765,171	1,613,756

- (i) The decrease in post retirement benefits costs from Portuguese operations reflects primarily the impact of the transfer of the regulatory pension obligations to the Portuguese State, which was completed in December 2010.
- (ii) This caption corresponds to the contribution paid by Portugal Telecom to the Portuguese Social Security System, relating to the annual service of active employees that were entitled to pension benefits under the Company's post retirement benefits plans transferred to the Portuguese State in December 2010.
- (iii) As mentioned above, Oi has several plans that present a surplus position for which an asset is not recorded as it is not possible to obtain reimbursements for the excess financing of those plans; accordingly, and considering the provisions of IFRIC 14 *The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction*, losses are recognized for those plans for which an asset cannot be recognized.

Table of Contents

The detail of net actuarial gains (losses) recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income in the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2011 and 2010, which relate to Portuguese operations, is as follows:

Euro

	9M11	9M10	3Q11	3Q10
Changes in actuarial assumptions (i)	36,259,333			
Differences between actual data and actuarial assumptions (ii)	(69,230,953)	(72,623,637)	(32,195,584)	70,577,626
	(32,971,620)	(72,623,637)	(32,195,584)	70,577,626

Net cash out flows relating to post retirement benefits in the nine month periods ended 30 September 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

Euro

	9M11	9M10
Payments of salaries to pre-retired and suspended employees	127,570,339	115,591,427
Healthcare expenses (i)	2,019,360	4,272,103
Payments of pension complement benefits	677,781	578,879
Contributions to the pension funds	303,751	35,097,608
Reimbursement related to the excessive funding of the healthcare plan		(75,000,000)
	130,571,231	80,540,017
Service cost related to liabilities transferred to the Portuguese State (ii)	15,515,105	
Termination payments	2,559,127	4,152,809
	148,645,463	84,692,826

7. Other costs, net

The reduction in other costs in the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2011, as compared to the same periods of last year, is mainly related to the following non-recurring items recognized in the third quarter of 2010: (1) adjustments totaling Euro 38 million in order to adjust certain receivables (Euro 26 million) and inventories (Euro 12 million) to their recoverable amounts; (2) provisions amounting to Euro 15 million to reflect estimated losses with certain legal actions; and (3) expenses incurred in the third quarter of 2010 for services rendered in relation to the acquisition of the investment in Oi Group (Euro 25 million).

Table of Contents

8. Net interest expenses

In the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2011 and 2010, this caption consists of (Note 5):

Euro

	9M11	9M10	3Q11	3Q10
Interest expense				
Related to loans obtained and financial instruments	413,512,336	206,207,170	180,335,769	70,586,977
Other	36,630,716	6,685,641	15,158,913	2,195,768
Interest income				
Related to cash, short-term investments and financial instruments	(245,350,956)	(33,400,885)	(76,166,299)	(14,261,347)
Other	(5,366,024)	(3,941,972)	(1,157,954)	(1,577,383)
	199,426,072	175,549,954	118,170,429	56,944,015

The increase in net interest expenses in the nine months period ended 30 September 2011, as compared to the same period of last year, is primarily explained by: (1) the impact of the proportional consolidation of Oi, Contax and their controlling shareholders as from 1 April 2011 (Euro 115 million Note 2). Adjusting for this effect, net interest expenses would have decreased by Euro 91 million to Euro 85 million in the nine months period ended 30 September 2011, reflecting (1) the interest income recognized in the first quarter of 2011 resulting from cash deposits in Brazilian Reais that were used to pay the strategic investment in Oi on 31 March 2011, and (2) the interest income related to the effect resulting to the present value of the receivable from Telefónica regarding the disposal of Vivo. These effects more than offset the impact of the increase in the average net debt from Portuguese operations.

9. Net other financial losses

In the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2011 and 2010, this caption consists of (Note 5):

Euro

	9M11	9M10	3Q11	3Q10
Net foreign currency exchange losses (i)	24,297,189	11,097,152	358,146	14,981,390
Other, net (ii)	62,245,868	24,370,673	16,712,020	8,306,321
	86,543,057	35,467,825	17,070,166	23,287,711

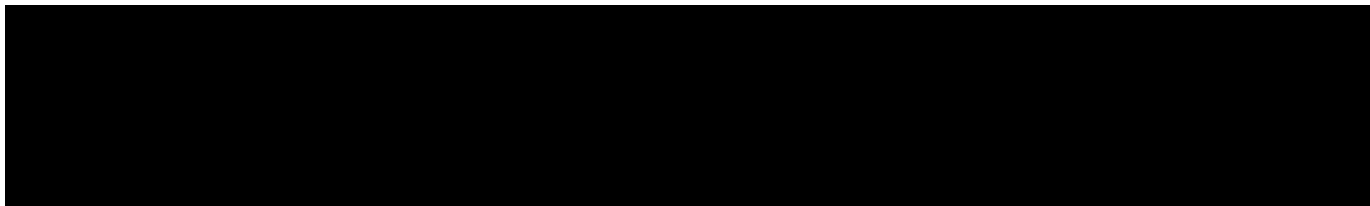


Table of Contents

10. Income taxes


Following a change in Portuguese tax legislation occurred in the second quarter of 2010, Portugal Telecom and its subsidiaries located in Portugal are subject to Corporate Income Tax at a maximum aggregate tax rate of approximately 29.0%, corresponding to a base rate of 25%, which is increased up to a maximum of 1.5% of collectible profit through a municipal tax and by another 2.5% state surcharge applicable on taxable income in excess of Euro 2 million.

Companies located in Brazil, namely Oi and Contax that were proportionally consolidated as from 1 April 2011, are subject to income taxes at a nominal rate of 34%.

In the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2011 and 2010, the reconciliation between the nominal and the effective income tax is as follows:

Euro

	9M11	9M10	3Q11	3Q10
Income before taxes	558,227,081	259,722,593	189,996,308	(34,797,242)
Statutory tax rate	29.0%	29.0%	29.0%	29.0%
	161,885,853	75,319,552	55,098,929	(10,091,200)
Adjustments to the provision for income taxes of the previous year	(7,673,135)	(1,652,162)	(2,700,971)	8,285,044
Tax incentives obtained by Oi	(9,513,091)		(3,433,094)	
Permanent differences (i)	10,527,233	42,105,868	6,274,671	34,431,527
Difference in tax rates	(5,846,594)	(8,563,945)	(6,582,111)	(261,427)
Increases and reductions in provisions for income tax contingencies	4,897,962	7,309,694	5,629,753	4,702,482
Gain resulting from a reduction in deferred tax liabilities (ii)		(51,972,905)		(3,565,317)
Change in tax rate (iii)		(3,503,355)		
Recognition and reversal of tax losses from previous periods by certain foreign companies		4,520,000		4,520,000
Other	810,355	564,267	(977,546)	(417,765)
	155,088,583	64,127,014	53,309,631	37,603,344
Income tax (Note 5) (iv)				
Income tax-current	125,260,513	90,777,039	44,849,422	19,669,571
Deferred taxes	29,828,070	(26,650,025)	8,460,209	17,933,773
	155,088,583	64,127,014	53,309,631	37,603,344



The increase in deferred tax assets recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, from Euro 653 million as at 31 December 2010 to Euro 1,195 million as at 30 September 2011, is primarily explained by the deferred tax assets from Oi and Contax that were proportionally consolidated in Portugal Telecom's Statement of Financial Position for the first time as at 31 March 2011 (Euro 654 million - Note 2). This effect was partially offset by (1) the impact of the depreciation of the Brazilian Real against the Euro and (2) the decrease in deferred tax assets related to post-retirement liabilities from Portuguese operations, as the tax effect on related payments and contributions more than offset the tax effects on post retirement benefits costs and net actuarial losses recorded in the nine months period ended 30 September 2011. The tax effect on net actuarial losses recorded in the nine months period ended 30 September 2011 was a gain of Euro 8 million and was recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The increase in deferred tax liabilities recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, from Euro 312 million as at 31 December 2010 to Euro 596 million as at 30 September 2011, is primarily explained by the deferred tax liabilities from Oi and Contax that were proportionally consolidated in Portugal Telecom's Statement of Financial Position for the first time as at 31

Table of Contents

March 2011 (Euro 353 million - Note 2). This effect was partially offset by the impact of the depreciation of the Brazilian Real against the Euro.

Deferred tax assets from Oi and Contax primarily relate to tax losses carryforward and provisions for contingencies, while deferred tax liabilities mainly relate to the tax effect of fair value adjustments made in connection with purchase price allocations from business combinations occurred in previous years.

11. Discontinued operations

In 2010, Vivo was classified as a discontinued operation following the agreement reached by Portugal Telecom with Telefónica on 28 July 2010 for the disposal of its 50% stake in Brasilcel, which was completed in September 2010. Consequently, financial information relating to the former mobile business in Brasil was restated to be presented as a discontinued operation. The sale was agreed for a total consideration of Euro 7,500 million, of which Portugal Telecom received Euro 4,500 million upon the completion of the disposal, on 27 September 2010, and Euro 1,000 million on 30 December 2010, with the remainder of the consideration, amounting to Euro 2,000 million, to be received on 31 October 2011, in accordance with the terms of the agreement reached with Telefónica.

Portugal Telecom recognized a net gain of Euro 5,409 million in connection with the sale of Vivo, which includes: (1) Euro 4,390 million corresponding to the difference between the total consideration agreed with Telefónica (Euro 7,500 million) and the carrying value of the investment in Brasilcel on the date of the disposal (Euro 3,110 million); (2) Euro 1,134 million corresponding to the cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments transferred to net income; (3) Euro 47 million related to the difference between the outstanding amounts due by Telefónica as at 27 September 2010 (Euro 3,000 million) and their respective present value (Euro 2,953 million); and (4) Euro 68 million related to legal and financial advisory fees and other costs related to the sale.

In the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2010, net income from discontinued operations totaled Euro 5,551 million and Euro 5,475 million, respectively, and includes: (1) the gain of Euro 5,409 million recognized with the sale of Vivo, as explained above; (2) Portugal Telecom 50% stake of Vivo's net income before non-controlling interests up to the conclusion of the sale of this business (Euro 110 million and Euro 66 million, respectively); and (3) positive foreign currency translation adjustments (CTAs) transferred to net income in the first half of 2010 (Euro 32 million), following share capital reductions undertaken by Brasilcel related to repayment of investment made. The results of Vivo in the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2010 were as follows:

Euro

	9M10	3Q10
Revenues	2,593,095,228	708,290,015
Costs:		
Wages and salaries	150,109,495	41,913,708
Direct costs	545,450,454	144,775,255
Commercial costs	555,285,283	146,579,451
Depreciation and amortization	530,428,173	107,117,259
Other costs	567,810,280	148,327,682

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

Total costs	2,349,083,685	588,713,355
Income before financial results and taxes	244,011,543	119,576,660
Financial losses	38,752,802	12,199,449
Income before income taxes	205,258,741	107,377,211
Income taxes	94,814,218	41,677,423
Net income	110,444,523	65,699,788

Table of Contents

Cash flows from discontinued operations include (1) the proceeds obtained with the disposal of the 50% stake in Brasilcel, which are classified as cash flows from investing activities, (2) Portugal Telecom's 50% share of Vivo's cash flows and, (3) under cash flows from investing activities, cash receipts of PT Móveis related to share capital reductions undertaken by Brasilcel prior to the sale of this investment, which are included in Vivo's cash flows from financing activities, as detailed below. The detail of cash flows from investing activities relating to discontinued operations in the nine months period ended 30 September 2010 is as follows:

	Euro
	9M10
Disposal of the 50% stake in Brasilcel (i)	4,500,000,000
Share capital reductions at Brasilcel	91,116,750
Proportional consolidation of Vivo's cash flows from investing activities	(191,295,243)
Cash flows from investing activities	4,399,821,507

Portugal Telecom's 50% share of Vivo's cash flows in the nine months period ended 30 September 2010 was as follows:

	Euro
	9M10
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Collections from clients	2,893,087,731
Payments to suppliers	(1,863,175,077)
Payments to employees	(152,705,823)
Payments relating to income taxes	(25,099,067)
Payments relating to indirect taxes and other	(249,074,381)
Cash flows from operating activities	603,033,383
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Cash receipts resulting from:	
Interest and related income	11,349,529
Other investing activities	5,616,759
	16,966,288
Payments resulting from:	
Tangible and intangible assets	(207,313,414)
Other investing activities	(948,117)
	(208,261,531)
Cash flows from investing activities	(191,295,243)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Cash receipts resulting from:	
Loans obtained	172,578,466
Other financing activities	3,299,354
	175,877,820
Payments resulting from:	

Edgar Filing: PORTUGAL TELECOM SGPS SA - Form 6-K

Loans repaid	(336,418,441)
Interest and related expenses	(74,696,080)
Dividends	(32,706,668)
Share capital reductions	(91,116,750)
	(534,937,939)
Cash flows from financing activities	(359,060,119)

Table of Contents

12. Earnings per share and dividends

Earnings per share for the nine and three month periods ended 30 September 2011 and 2010 were computed as follows:

Euro

9M11