TIVO	INC	1	
Form	10 - C)	

December 04, 2014

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended October 31, 2014 OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to Commission file number 000-27141

TIVO INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 77-0463167
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

2160 Gold Street, P.O. Box 2160, San Jose, CA 95002 (Address of principal executive offices including zip code)

(408) 519-9100

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES x NO o.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES x NO o.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "accelerated filer," "large accelerated filer", and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) (Check One)

Large Accelerated Filer x Accelerated Filer o Non-Accelerated Filer o Smaller Reporting Company o Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES o NO x.

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock, \$0.001 par value, was 102,570,084 as of November 30, 2014.

TIVO INC.

FORM 10-Q

For the Fiscal Quarter Ended October 31, 2014

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Except as the context otherwise requires, the terms "TiVo," "Registrant," "Company," "we," "us," or "our" as used herein are references to TiVo Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These statements relate to, among other things:

our financial results, our expectations of future revenues, and profitability;

our intention and ability to protect our intellectual property in the future and the strength and future value of our intellectual property;

our TiVo-Owned retail subscriptions, our future investments in subscription acquisition activities, future advertising expenditures, hardware costs and associated hardware subsidies, and other sales and marketing activities, including our sales and marketing, subscription acquisition costs (SAC), average revenue per subscription (ARPU), and subscription churn;

our TiVo-Owned retail subscriptions, our estimates of the useful life of TiVo-enabled digital video recorders (DVRs) and Minis in connection with the recognition of revenue received from product lifetime subscriptions and the expected future increase in the number of fully-amortized TiVo-Owned product lifetime subscriptions, and our estimates of the effects of product lifetime subscriptions on churn;

our expectations regarding the seasonality of our business and subscription additions to the TiVo service; our expectations regarding future growth in subscriptions to the TiVo service and TiVo-Owned ARPUs, including future increases in the number of television service operator (MSO) Subscriptions and households through international expansion and the possibility of future decreases in the TiVo-Owned Subscription base as well as future changes in our TiVo-Owned ARPU or fees paid by MSOs, including decreases in TiVo-Owned ARPUs as a result of increased sales of non-DVR devices such as TiVo Mini which have lower product lifetime service fee than for DVRs; our expectations regarding the success of our recently launched TiVo OTA retail product;

our expectations regarding future media services and other revenues;

our future service and hardware revenues from TiVo-Owned Subscriptions and future service, technology, and hardware revenues from MSOs;

our expectations regarding growth in the future advanced television services market for our services, software, and technology for both our hardware and in-home and outside-of-the-home cloud-based solutions, which will be impacted by alternatives to and competitors with our products, such as broadband content delivered by MSOs to their customers' computers and mobile devices (TV Everywhere), video delivered on demand to an MSO customers' set-top box (VOD), and network DVRs;

our expectations regarding continued regulatory required access to and installation and operational issues surrounding cable-operator provided CableCARDsTM and switched digital devices essential for TiVo consumer devices in cable homes;

our expectations that in the future we may also offer services for additional non-DVR products beyond TiVo Preview and Mini, for example, that may or may not incorporate the TiVo user interface and non-DVR software including a network DVR service;

our expectations of the future decrease in hardware revenues and hardware margin as our U.S. MSO customers transition their hardware purchases to third-party hardware manufacturers such as Pace and our belief that this will enable us to gain additional MSO Subscriptions;

our expectations of the growth of the TiVo service and technology revenues outside the United States; our expectations regarding a future decrease in the amount of our research and development spending and our associated ability to remain a competitive technology innovator and invest significant resources in advanced television solutions beyond the DVR;

our expectation that annual research and development spending in fiscal year 2015 will continue to be significant but to be at lower levels than the fiscal year ended January 31, 2014;

our expectations regarding future increases in the amount of deferred expenses in costs of technology revenues related to development work for our television distribution partners and our ability to receive revenues equal to or greater than such deferred expenses from such television distribution partners;

our expectations regarding future changes in our operating expenses, including changes in general and administrative expenses, litigation expenses, sales and marketing, and subscription acquisition costs;

our expectations regarding our ability to oversee outsourcing of our manufacturing processes and engineering work and our ability to support the hardware, inventory, and hardware customization needs of our MSO customers; our expectations regarding the usability of our finished goods inventory of DVRs and non-DVR products and the risks that hardware forecasts of our MSO customers may be reduced or delayed after we have committed manufacturing resources due to long lead times, which may require us to record additional write-downs if such inventory exceeds forecasted demand;

our expectations regarding our ability to perform or comply with laws, regulations, and requirements different than those in the United States;

our expectations regarding future capital allocation activities including share buy-backs, mergers and acquisitions, issuance of debt, and other alternative capital distribution activities;

our expectations and estimates related to long-term investments and their associated carrying value; and our expectations of growth from our acquisition of Digitalsmiths Corporation ("Digitalsmiths").

Forward-looking statements generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "believe," "expect," "may," "will," "intend," "estimate," "continue," "ongoing," "predict," "potential," and "anticipate" or similar express negative of those terms or expressions. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, the information contained under the caption Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in our most recent annual report on Form 10-K and our subsequent current reports on Form 10-Q and Form 8-K. The reader is cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which reflect management's analysis only as of the date of this quarterly report and we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements in this quarterly report. The reader is strongly urged to read the information set forth under the caption Part I, Item 2 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" for a more detailed description of these significant risks and uncertainties.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INC.

(In thousands, except per share and share amounts)

(unaudited)		
A GODTTO	October 31, 2014	January 31, 2014
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS	4.10.200	40.50.510
Cash and cash equivalents	\$148,208	\$253,713
Short-term investments	707,166	748,759
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$464 and \$429,	42,339	35,151
respectively Inventories	16 070	22 216
	16,878	22,316
Deferred cost of technology revenues, current	4,777	9,103
Deferred tax asset, current	122,993	113,621
Prepaid expenses and other, current	14,698	10,922
Total current assets	1,057,059	1,193,585
LONG-TERM ASSETS		
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$50,547 and	11,116	10,687
\$52,819, respectively		
Developed technology and intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization o	^f 53 921	7,328
\$29,166 and \$23,059, respectively		7,320
Deferred cost of technology revenues, long-term	16,144	18,108
Deferred tax asset, long-term	48,189	57,492
Goodwill	99,364	12,266
Prepaid expenses and other, long-term	7,837	2,325
Total long-term assets	236,571	108,206
Total assets	\$1,293,630	\$1,301,791
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$27,804	\$22,918
Accrued liabilities	46,935	50,204
Deferred revenue, current	173,845	174,739
Total current liabilities	248,584	247,861
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Deferred revenue, long-term	282,484	331,534
Convertible senior notes	351,035	172,500
Other long-term liabilities	4,994	811
Total long-term liabilities	638,513	504,845
Total liabilities	887,097	752,706
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (see Note 6)	,	,
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred stock, par value \$0.001: Authorized shares are 10,000,000; Issued and	d	
outstanding shares - none	_	_
Common stock, par value \$0.001: Authorized shares are 275,000,000; Issued	138	134
shares are 138,010,253 and 134,588,456, respectively, and outstanding shares		

are 105,410,103 and 120,617,939, respectively

Treasury stock, at cost: 32,600,150 and 13,970,517 shares, respectively	(397,311)(154,071)
Additional paid-in capital	1,190,483	1,112,957	
Accumulated deficit	(386,736) (410,512)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(41) 577	
Total stockholders' equity	406,533	549,085	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$1,293,630	\$1,301,791	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed c	onsolidated financi	ial statements.	

TIVO INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(In thousands, except per share and share amounts)
(unaudited)

	Three Months 2014	Ended October 31 2013	,Nine Months e 2014	nded October 31 2013	,
Revenues	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Service revenues	\$36,705	\$33,526	\$109,509	\$102,518	
Technology revenues	51,359	48,133	151,182	117,914	
Hardware revenues	30,366	35,597	76,656	79,487	
Net revenues	118,430	117,256	337,347	299,919	
Cost of revenues	110,150	117,230	337,317	2,0,010	
Cost of service revenues	14,970	11,233	42,570	33,446	
Cost of technology revenues	6,567	5,612	16,780	21,190	
Cost of hardware revenues	28,176	33,017	70,464	73,470	
Total cost of revenues	49,713	49,862	129,814	128,106	
Gross margin	68,717	67,394	207,533	171,813	
Research and development	25,546	27,242	76,944	80,009	
Sales and marketing	10,544	10,189	31,143	27,765	
Sales and marketing, subscription acquisition costs	-	2,628	5,451	6,483	
General and administrative	14,292	15,839	45,406	60,850	
Litigation proceeds				(108,102)
Total operating expenses	53,116	55,898	158,944	67,005	,
Income from operations	15,601	11,496	48,589	104,808	
Interest income	1,070	1,133	3,178	3,455	
Interest expense and other expense, net	(3,197)(2,165	(7,139)(6,104)
Income before income taxes	13,474	10,464	44,628	102,159	•
Benefit (provision) for income taxes	(7,129) 2,023	(20,852) 168,947	
Net income	\$6,345	\$12,487	\$23,776	\$271,106	
Net income per common share					
Basic	\$0.06	\$0.11	\$0.22	\$2.28	
Diluted	\$0.06	\$0.10	\$0.21	\$1.98	
Income for purposes of computing net income per share:					
Basic	\$6,345	\$12,487	\$23,776	\$271,106	
Diluted	\$6,345	\$13,739	\$27,530	\$274,863	
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares:					
Basic	107,497,734	116,760,061	110,303,789	118,913,986	
Diluted	111,870,407	136,736,001	130,278,425	139,124,386	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

TIVO INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In thousands) (unaudited)

Total comprehensive income, net of tax

(dinadree)	Three Months 2014	Ended October 3 2013	1,Nine Months e 2014	ended October 31, 2013	
Net income Other comprehensive income (loss):	\$6,345	\$12,487	\$23,776	\$271,106	
Available-for-sale securities: Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities, no of tax	et (205)366	(618)222	

\$12,853

\$23,158

\$271,328

\$6,140 The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

TIVO INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands) (unaudited)

(unaddreed)	Nine Months	s Ended Octobe	r
	2014	2013	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income	\$23,776	\$271,106	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	. ,	. ,	
Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment and intangibles	10,270	7,778	
Stock-based compensation expense	25,577	27,453	
Amortization of discounts and premiums on investments	8,204	5,591	
Deferred income taxes	(2,131)(171,764)
Amortization of debt issuance costs and debt discount	1,439	721	,
Excess tax benefits from employee stock-based compensation	(12,289)(515)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	183	199	
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	(4,128) 1,965	
Inventories	5,438	(4,014)
Deferred cost of technology revenues	5,975	1,499	
Prepaid expenses and other	(761)(3,049)
Accounts payable	3,604	8,961	
Accrued liabilities	2,994	(2,307)
Deferred revenue	(50,914) 354,577	
Other long-term liabilities	(239)(121)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$16,998	\$498,080	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of short-term investments	(608,052)(747,404)
Sales or maturities of short-term investments	639,635	378,095	
Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired	(128,387)—	
Acquisition of property and equipment	(4,668)(5,406)
Net cash used in investing activities	\$(101,472)\$(374,715)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issuance of common stock related to exercise of common stock options	4,886	6,783	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock related to employee stock purchase plan	3,649	3,791	
Excess tax benefits from employee stock-based compensation	12,289	515	
Proceeds from issuance of convertible senior notes, net of issuance costs	224,537	_	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock warrants	30,167		
Purchase of convertible note hedges	(54,018)—	
Treasury stock - repurchase of stock	(242,541) (95,299)
Net cash used in financing activities	\$(21,031)\$(84,210)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$(105,505)\$39,155	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:			
Balance at beginning of period	253,713	157,104	
Balance at end of period	\$148,208	\$196,259	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidate	d financial sta	atements.	

TIVO INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

TiVo Inc. (together with its subsidiaries the Company or TiVo) was incorporated in August 1997 as a Delaware corporation and is located in San Jose, California. The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The Company conducts its operations through one reportable segment. The Company is subject to a number of risks, including delays in product and service developments; competitive product and service offerings; lack of market acceptance; the dependence on third-parties for manufacturing, marketing, and sales support, as well as third-party rollout schedules, software development issues for third-party products which contain its technology; intellectual property claims by and against the Company; access to television programming including digital cable signals in connection with CableCARD and switched digital Internet Protocol, downloadable conditional access, and other new signal delivery and encryption technologies; dependence on its relationships with third-party service providers for subscription growth; and the Company's ability to sustain and grow both its TiVo-Owned and MSO subscription bases. The Company anticipates that its retail business will continue to be seasonal and expects to generate a significant portion of its new subscriptions during and immediately after the holiday shopping season.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information, the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not contain all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete audited annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for the fair presentation of the Company's financial position as of October 31, 2014 and January 31, 2014 and the results of operations and the statement of other comprehensive income for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2014 and 2013 and condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine months ended October 31, 2014 and 2013. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements, including the notes thereto, included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2014. Operating results for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for this fiscal year ending January 31, 2015 or any other periods.

Business Combinations

The Company applies the acquisition method of accounting for business combinations, including its acquisition of Digitalsmiths on February 14, 2014. Under this method of accounting, all assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded at their respective fair values at the date of the completion of the transaction. Determining the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed requires management's judgment and often involves the use of significant estimates and assumptions, including assumptions with respect to future cash inflows and outflows, discount rates, intangibles and other asset lives, among other items. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (an exit price). Market participants are assumed to be buyers and sellers in the principal (most advantageous) market for the asset or liability. Additionally, fair value measurements for an asset assume the highest and best use of that asset by market participants. As a result, the Company may have been required to value the acquired assets at fair value measures that do not reflect its intended use of those assets. Use of different estimates and judgments could yield different results. Any excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired is recognized as goodwill. Although the Company believes the assumptions and estimates it has made are reasonable and appropriate, they are based in part on historical experience and information that may be obtained from the management of the

acquired company and are inherently uncertain. Unanticipated events and circumstances may occur that may affect the accuracy or validity of such assumptions, estimates, or actual results.

As a result, during the measurement period, which may be up to one year from the acquisition date, the Company may record adjustments to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed with the corresponding offset to goodwill. Upon the conclusion of the measurement period or final determination of the values of assets acquired or liabilities assumed, whichever comes first, any subsequent adjustments are recorded to the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

On May 28, 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. The ASU will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP when it becomes effective. The new standard is effective for the Company on February 1, 2017. Early application is not permitted. The standard permits the use of either the retrospective or cumulative effect transition method. The Company is evaluating the effect that ASU 2014-09 will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. The Company has not yet selected a transition method nor has it determined the effect of the standard on its ongoing financial reporting.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments, consisted of the following:

	As of	
	October 31, 2014	January 31, 2014
	(in thousands)	•
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Cash	\$7,573	\$16,718
Cash equivalents:		
Commercial paper	90,907	72,268
Certificates of deposit	2,000	_
Money market funds	47,728	164,727
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$148,208	\$253,713
Marketable securities:		
Certificates of deposit	\$23,400	\$11,424
Commercial paper	109,778	176,205
Corporate debt securities	532,379	492,765
Foreign government securities	10,855	
U.S. Treasury securities		20,024
Variable-rate demand notes	285	350
Asset and mortgage-backed securities	30,469	43,111
Municipal bonds	_	4,880
Current marketable debt securities	\$707,166	\$748,759
Other investment securities:		
Other investment securities - cost method	\$250	\$250
Total other investment securities	\$250	\$250
Total cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities, and other investment securities	\$855,624	\$1,002,722

Marketable Securities

The Company's investment securities portfolio consists of various debt instruments, including corporate and government bonds, asset and mortgage-backed securities, government securities, and municipal bonds, all of which are classified as available-for-sale.

Other investment securities

TiVo has an investment in a private company where the Company's ownership is less than 20% and TiVo does not have significant influence. The investment is accounted for under the cost method and is periodically assessed

for other-than-temporary impairment. Refer to Note 4 "Fair Value" for additional information on the impairment assessment of the investment.

Contractual Maturity Date

The following table summarizes the estimated fair value of the Company's debt investments, designated as available-for-sale, classified by the contractual maturity date of the security:

	As of	
	October 31, 2014	January 31, 2014
	(in thousands)	
Due within 1 year	\$519,391	\$662,299
Due within 1 year through 5 years	187,490	86,110
Due after 10 years	285	350
Total	\$707,166	\$748,759

Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Marketable Investment Securities

The following tables summarize unrealized gains and losses related to the Company's investments in marketable securities designated as available-for-sale:

securities designated as available-101-sale.				
	As of Octo	ber 31, 2014		
	Adjusted Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
	(in thousan		205505	
Certificates of deposit	\$23,400	\$—	\$ —	\$23,400
Commercial paper	109,725	53	<u> </u>	109,778
Corporate debt securities	532,496	127	(244)532,379
Foreign government securities	10,860	1	(6) 10,855
Variable-rate demand notes	285			285
Asset and mortgage-backed securities	30,467	2		30,469
Total	\$707,233	\$183	\$(250)\$707,166
	As of Janua	ary 31, 2014		
	As of Janua Adjusted Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
	Adjusted	Gross Unrealized Gains	Unrealized	
Certificates of deposit	Adjusted Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains ds) \$—	Unrealized	
Commercial paper	Adjusted Cost (in thousan \$11,424 176,120	Gross Unrealized Gains ds) \$— 85	Unrealized Losses \$—	Value \$11,424 176,205
Commercial paper Corporate debt securities	Adjusted Cost (in thousand \$11,424 176,120 492,295	Gross Unrealized Gains ds) \$—	Unrealized Losses	Value \$11,424 176,205)492,765
Commercial paper Corporate debt securities U.S. Treasury securities	Adjusted Cost (in thousan \$11,424 176,120 492,295 20,023	Gross Unrealized Gains ds) \$— 85	Unrealized Losses \$—	\$11,424 176,205)492,765 20,024
Commercial paper Corporate debt securities	Adjusted Cost (in thousan \$11,424 176,120 492,295 20,023 350	Gross Unrealized Gains ds) \$— 85 532 1 —	Unrealized Losses \$— (62 —	\$11,424 176,205)492,765 20,024 350
Commercial paper Corporate debt securities U.S. Treasury securities Variable-rate demand notes Asset and mortgage-backed securities	Adjusted Cost (in thousand \$11,424 176,120 492,295 20,023 350 43,105	Gross Unrealized Gains ds) \$ 85 532 1 10	Unrealized Losses \$—	\$11,424 176,205)492,765 20,024 350)43,111
Commercial paper Corporate debt securities U.S. Treasury securities Variable-rate demand notes	Adjusted Cost (in thousan \$11,424 176,120 492,295 20,023 350	Gross Unrealized Gains ds) \$— 85 532 1 —	Unrealized Losses \$— (62 —	\$11,424 176,205)492,765 20,024 350

None of these investments were in a loss position for greater than twelve months as of October 31, 2014 and January 31, 2014.

4. FAIR VALUE

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Inputs to valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect TiVo's market assumptions. These two types of inputs have created the following fair-value hierarchy:

Level 1 - Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets;

Level 2 - Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets; and

Level 3 - Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

This hierarchy requires TiVo to minimize the use of unobservable inputs and to use observable market data, if available, when determining fair value. TiVo recognizes transfers between levels of the hierarchy based on the fair values of the respective financial instruments at the end of the reporting period in which the transfer occurred. Cash equivalents and available-for-sale marketable securities (including asset- and mortgage-backed securities) are reported at their fair value. Additionally, carrying amounts of certain of the Company's financial instruments including accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued expenses approximate their fair value because of their short maturities. The Company has financial liabilities for which it is obligated to repay the carrying value, unless the holder agrees to a lesser amount. These financial liabilities include TiVo's convertible senior notes which mature in March 2016 (the "4.0% Notes due 2016") and October 2021 (the "2.0% Notes due 2021"). The fair values of TiVo's convertible senior notes are influenced by interest rates, TiVo's stock price and stock price volatility and are determined by Level 2 inputs. The carrying value of the 4.0% Notes due 2016 at October 31, 2014 and January 31, 2014 was \$172.5 million (for both periods) and the fair value was \$220.3 million and \$228.5 million, based on the note's quoted market price as of October 31, 2014 was \$178.5 million and the fair value was \$224.9 million, based on the note's quoted market price as of October 31, 2014.

On a quarterly basis, TiVo measures at fair value certain financial assets and liabilities. The fair value of those financial assets and liabilities was determined using the following levels of inputs as of October 31, 2014 and

January 31, 2014:

•	As of October 3	1, 2014		
	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
	(in thousands)	,		
Assets: Cash equivalents: Commercial paper Certificates of deposit Money market funds	\$90,907 2,000 47,728	\$— — 47,728	\$90,907 2,000 —	\$— —
Short-term investments:				
Certificates of deposit Commercial paper Corporate debt securities Foreign government securities Variable-rate demand notes Asset- and mortgage-backed securities Total	23,400 109,778 532,379 10,855 285 30,469 \$847,801 As of January 31		23,400 109,778 532,379 10,855 285 30,469 \$800,073 Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	
Assets: Cash equivalents:				
Commercial paper Money market funds Short-term investments:	\$72,268 164,727	\$— 164,727	\$72,268 —	\$— —
Certificates of deposit Commercial paper Corporate debt securities U.S. Treasury securities Variable-rate demand notes Asset- and mortgage-backed securities Municipal bonds Total	11,424 176,205 492,765 20,024 350 43,111 4,880		11,424 176,205 492,765 — 350 43,111 4,880	

Level 1 Measurements

TiVo's cash equivalents held in money market funds and investments in U.S. treasury securities are measured at fair value using Level 1 inputs.

Level 2 Measurements

The Company uses inputs such as broker/dealer quotes, and other similar data, which are obtained from quoted market prices, independent pricing vendors, or other sources, to determine the ultimate fair value of these assets and liabilities. The Company uses such pricing data as the primary input to make its assessments and determinations as to

the ultimate valuation of its investment portfolio and has not made, during the periods

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presented, any material adjustments to such inputs. The Company is ultimately responsible for the financial statements and underlying estimates.

Level 3 Measurements

As of October 31, 2014, TiVo had no Level 3 instruments.

The Company did not have any transfers between Level 1, Level 2, and Level 3 fair value measurements during the periods presented as there were no changes in the composition of Level 1, 2, or 3 securities.

TiVo also has a direct investment in a privately-held company accounted for under the cost method, which is periodically assessed for other-than-temporary impairment. If the Company determines that an other-than-temporary impairment has occurred, TiVo will write-down the investment to its fair value. The fair value of a cost method investment is not evaluated if there are no identified events or changes in circumstances that may have a significant adverse effect on the fair value of the investment. However, if such a significant adverse events were identified, the Company would estimate the fair value of its cost method investment considering available information at the time of the event, such as pricing in recent rounds of financing, current cash position, earnings and cash flow forecasts, recent operational performance, and any other readily available data. The carrying amount of the Company's cost method investment was \$250,000 as of October 31, 2014 and January 31, 2014. No events or circumstances indicating a potential impairment were identified as of as of October 31, 2014.

5. INVENTORY

Inventory was as follows:

	As of			
	October 31, 2014			
	(in thousands)			
Raw Materials	\$1,180	\$1,858		
Finished Goods	15,698	20,458		
Total Inventory	\$16,878	\$22,316		

6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Product Warranties

The Company's standard manufacturer's warranty period to consumers for TiVo-enabled DVRs is 90 days for parts and labor from the date of consumer purchase, and from 91-365 days for parts only. Within the limited warranty period, consumers are offered a no-charge exchange for TiVo-enabled DVRs returned due to product defect, within 90 days from the date of consumer purchase. Thereafter, consumers may exchange a TiVo-enabled DVR with a product defect for a charge. As of October 31, 2014 and January 31, 2014, the accrued warranty reserve was \$563,000 and \$621,000, respectively. The Company's accrued warranty reserve is included in accrued liabilities in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The Company also offers its TiVo-Owned customers separately priced optional 2-year and 3-year extended warranties. The Company defers and amortizes cost and revenue associated with the sales of these extended warranties over the warranty period or until a warranty is redeemed. Additionally, the Company offers its MSO customers separately priced optional 3-year extended warranties. The Company recognizes the revenues associated with sale of these extended warranties over the second and third year of the warranty period. As of October 31, 2014, the extended warranty deferred revenue and cost was \$2.1 million and \$275,000, respectively. As of January 31, 2014, the extended warranty deferred revenue and cost was \$2.0 million and \$287,000, respectively. **Indemnification Arrangements**

The Company undertakes indemnification obligations in its ordinary course of business. For instance, the Company has undertaken to indemnify its underwriters and certain investors in connection with the issuance and sale of its securities and the Company provides indemnification for its directors and officers in accordance with Delaware law. The Company has also undertaken to indemnify certain customers and business partners for, among other things, the licensing of its products, the sale of its DVRs, and the provision of engineering and consulting

services. Pursuant to these agreements, the Company may indemnify the other party for certain losses suffered or incurred by the indemnified party in connection with various types of claims, which may include, without limitation, intellectual property infringement, advertising and consumer disclosure laws, certain tax liabilities, negligence and intentional acts in the performance of services and violations of laws, including certain violations of securities laws with respect to underwriters and investors. The term of these indemnification obligations is generally perpetual. The Company's obligation to provide indemnification under its agreements with customer and business partners would arise in the event that a third party filed a claim against one of the parties that was covered by the Company's indemnification obligation. As an example, if a third party sued a customer for intellectual property infringement and the Company agreed to indemnify that customer against such claims, its obligation would be triggered. The Company is unable to estimate with any reasonable accuracy the liability that may be incurred pursuant to its indemnification obligations, if any. Variables affecting any such assessment include but are not limited to: the nature of the claim asserted; the relative merits of the claim; the financial ability of the party suing the indemnified party to engage in protracted litigation; the number of parties seeking indemnification; the nature and amount of damages claimed by the party suing the indemnified party; and the willingness of such party to engage in settlement negotiations. Due to the nature of the Company's potential indemnity liability, its indemnification obligations could range from immaterial to having a material adverse impact on its financial position and its ability to continue operation in the ordinary course of business.

Under certain circumstances, the Company may have recourse through its insurance policies that would enable it to recover from its insurance company some or all amounts paid pursuant to its indemnification obligations. The Company does not have any assets held either as collateral or by third parties that, upon the occurrence of an event requiring it to indemnify a customer, the Company could obtain and liquidate to recover all or a portion of the amounts paid pursuant to its indemnification obligations.

Legal Matters

From time to time, the Company is involved in numerous lawsuits as well as subject to various legal proceedings, claims, threats of litigation, and investigations in the ordinary course of business, including claims of alleged infringement of third-party patents and other intellectual property rights, commercial, employment and other matters. The Company assesses potential liabilities in connection with each lawsuit and threatened lawsuits and accrues an estimated loss for these loss contingencies if both of the following conditions are met: information available prior to issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. While certain matters to which the Company is a party specify the damages claimed, such claims may not represent reasonably possible losses. Given the inherent uncertainties of the litigation, the ultimate outcome of these matters cannot be predicted at this time, nor can the amount of possible loss or range of loss, if any, be reasonably estimated. The Company expenses legal costs as they are incurred.

As of October 31, 2014, the Company has accrued \$1.0 million for an arbitration proceeding related to a contractual dispute.

On June 15, 2011, TNS Media Research, LLC (d/b/a Kantar Media Audiences, or Kantar) brought a claim for declaratory judgment against TRA Global Inc. (which was acquired by TiVo in July 2012) in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York alleging non-infringement of United States Patent No. 7,729,940 entitled "Analyzing Return on Investment of Advertising Campaigns by Matching Multiple Data Sources" (the "940 Patent") and its affiliate Cavendish Square Holding B.V. brought a claim for breach of contract of a Voting Agreement. On June 6, 2012 TRA filed an amended answer and counterclaims alleging affirmative defenses and counterclaims alleging infringement by Kantar of the 940 Patent as well as United States Patent No. 8,000,993 entitled "Using Consumer Purchase Behavior For Television Targeting" (the "993 Patent") and United States Patent No. 8,112,301 with the same title at the 993 Patent. TRA also asserted counterclaims for aiding and abetting breach of fiduciary duty, misappropriation of trade secrets, and breach of contract. On October 3, 2013, the court granted summary judgment to Kantar on all patent and trade secret issues but denied summary judgment on TRA's claims for breach of contract and aiding and abetting breach of fiduciary duties. The Company is currently appealing this grant of summary judgment to Kantar.

On November 4, 2014, the District Court granted Kantar's motion for attorneys fees and expenses directly related to certain arguments advanced by TRA that the Court identified in its order. Kantar is required to submit its request for fees and non-taxable expenses by December 5, 2014. The Company intends to appeal this order and believes it has strong arguments for reversal. However, in the case of adverse outcome, the Company believes the

range of a reasonably possible loss is approximately \$1.0 million to \$3.5 million and in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 450-20, Loss Contingencies, the Company accrued \$1.0 million relating to this matter.

7. CONVERTIBLE SENIOR NOTES

The following table reflects the carrying value of the Company's convertible senior notes:

	As of	
	October 31, 2014	January 31, 2014
	(in thousands)	
4.0% Notes due 2016	\$172,500	\$172,500
2.0% Notes due 2021	230,000	
Less: Unamortized debt discount	(51,465)—
Net carrying amount of 2.0% Notes due 2021	178,535	
Total convertible debt	351,035	172,500
Less: Convertible short-term debt		_
Convertible long-term debt	\$351,035	\$172,500

4.0% Convertible Notes Due 2016: In March 2011, the Company issued and sold \$172.5 million aggregate principal amount of 4.0% Convertible Senior Notes due March 15, 2016 at par. The 4.0% Notes due 2016 may be converted under certain circumstances described below, based on an initial conversion rate of 89.6359 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (which represents an initial conversion price of approximately \$11.16 per share). The net proceeds to the Company from the sale of the 4.0% Notes due 2016 were approximately \$166.1 million. The notes do not have cash settlement provisions.

The following table presents the amount of interest cost recognized relating to the contractual interest coupon and amortization of issuance costs of the 4.0% Notes due 2016 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended October 31,		Nine Months Ended October 31,				
	2014	2013	2014	2013			
	(In Thousands)						
Contractual interest coupon	\$1,725	\$1,725	\$5,175	\$5,175			
Amortization of debt issuance costs	240	240	721	721			
Total interest cost recognized	\$1,965	\$1,965	\$5,896	\$5,896			

Holders of the 4.0% Notes due 2016 may convert the notes at their option on any day through maturity. The notes may not be redeemed by the Company prior to their maturity date. The conversion rate will be adjusted for certain dilutive events and will be increased in the case of corporate events that constitute a "Make-Whole Fundamental Change" (as defined in the indenture governing the notes). The holders of the notes will have the ability to require the Company to repurchase the notes in whole or in part upon the occurrence of an event that constitutes a "Fundamental Change" (as defined in the indenture governing the notes including such events as a "change in control" or "termination of trading"). In such case, the repurchase price would be 100% of the principal amount of the notes plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date.

The Company pays cash interest at an annual rate of 4.00%, payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year through maturity. Debt issuance costs were approximately \$6.4 million and are amortized to interest expense over the term of the 4.0% Notes due 2016. As of October 31, 2014, unamortized deferred issuance cost was \$1.3 million.

The 4.0% Notes due 2016 are unsecured senior obligations of the Company.

2.0% Convertible Notes Due 2021. In September 2014, the Company issued and sold \$230.0 million in aggregate principal amount of 2.0% Convertible Senior Notes due October 1, 2021 at par. The 2.0% Notes due 2021 may be converted under certain circumstances described below, based on an initial conversion rate of

56.1073 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (which represents an initial conversion price of approximately \$17.82 per share). The net proceeds to the Company from the sale of the 2.0% Notes due 2021 were approximately \$223.6 million. The Company can settle the notes in cash, shares of common stock, or any combination thereof.

The Company separately accounts for the liability and equity components of the 2.0% Notes due 2021. The principal amount of the liability component of \$177.9 million as of the date of issuance was recognized at fair value based on the present value of its cash flows using a discount rate of 6.0%; the Company's borrowing rate at the date of the issuance for a similar debt instrument without the conversion feature. The residual \$52.1 million was allocated to the equity component and accounted for as a discount on the notes. As of October 31, 2014, the carrying value of the equity component was unchanged from the date of issuance. The Company initially reduced stockholders' equity by \$19.3 million due to the deferred tax liability related to the equity component of the notes.

The following table presents the amount of interest cost recognized relating to the contractual interest coupon, amortization of issuance costs and amortization of the discount on the liability component of the 2.0% Notes due 2021 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended	Nine Months Ended
	October 31,	October 31,
	2014	2014
	(In Thousands)	
Contractual interest coupon	\$498	\$498
Amortization of debt issuance cost	74	74
Amortization of debt discount	645	645
Total interest cost recognized	\$1,217	\$1,217

The effective interest rate on the liability component of the 2.0% Notes due 2021 was 6.0% for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2014. The remaining unamortized debt discount of \$51.5 million as of October 31, 2014 will be amortized over the remaining life of the 2.0% Notes due 2021, which is approximately 6.9 years. Holders of the 2.0% Notes due 2021 may convert the notes at their option on any day prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding July 1, 2021 only under the following circumstances: (1) during the five business day period after any 10 consecutive trading day period (the "Measurement Period") in which the trading price per Note for each day of that Measurement Period was less than 98% of the product of the closing sale price of our common stock and the conversion rate on each such day; (2) during any calendar quarter after the calendar quarter ending December 31, 2014, if the last reported sale price of our common stock for 20 or more trading days in a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding calendar quarter exceeds 130% of the applicable conversion price in effect on each such trading day; or (3) upon the occurrence of specified corporate events. The Notes will be convertible, regardless of the foregoing circumstances, at any time from, and including, July 1, 2021 until the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the applicable maturity date. The notes may not be redeemed by the Company prior to their maturity date. Upon conversion the Company will pay cash and, if applicable, deliver shares of its common stock, based on a "Daily Conversion Value" calculated on a proportionate basis for each "VWAP Trading Day" (each as defined in the Indenture) of the relevant 20 VWAP Trading Day observation period. The Company intends to settle principal amounts owed under the notes through a cash settlement. The initial conversion rate for the Notes will be 56.1073 shares of common stock per \$1,000 in principal amount of Notes, equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$17.82 per share of common stock. The conversion rate will be subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. Upon a "fundamental change" at any time (as defined in the Indenture), the Company will in certain circumstances increase the conversion rate for a holder who elects to convert its 2.0% Notes due 2021 in connection with such fundamental change. The Company will pay cash interest at an annual rate of 2.00%, payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year beginning April 2015. Debt issuance costs were approximately \$6.4 million, of which \$1.4 million was allocated to additional paid-in capital and \$5.0 million was allocated to deferred issuance costs and is amortized to interest expense over the term of the 2% Notes due 2021. As of October 31, 2014, unamortized deferred issuance cost was \$4.9 million.

The 4.0% Notes due 2016 and the 2.0% Notes due 2021 are equal in rank.

Concurrently with the issuance of the 2.0% Notes due 2021, the Company purchased convertible note hedges and sold warrants. The convertible note hedge and warrant transactions are structured to reduce the potential future economic dilution associated with the conversion of the 2.0% Notes due 2021. The strike price on the warrant transactions related to the 2% Notes is initially \$24.00 per share, which is 75% above the closing price of TiVo's common stock on September 16, 2014. Each of these components is discussed separately below:

Convertible Note Hedge Transactions. Counterparties entered into convertible note hedge transactions with the Company covering approximately 12.9 million shares of the Company's common stock, which is the number of shares initially underlying the 2.0% Notes due 2021. The convertible note hedge transactions, which have an initial strike price of \$17.82 (corresponding to the initial conversion price of the 2.0% Notes due 2021) may be settled through net share settlement (in which case the Company will receive shares of common stock based on the amount by which the market price of the Company's common stock, as measured under the convertible note hedge transactions, exceeds the strike price), cash settlement (in which case the Company will receive cash in lieu of the shares deliverable upon net share settlement), or a combination thereof, which settlement method will generally correspond to the settlement method elected with respect to the 2.0% Notes due 2021. The convertible note hedge transactions are only exercisable upon conversions of the 2.0% Notes due 2021 and will expire upon the earlier of the maturity date of the 2.0% Notes due 2021 or the date on which the 2.0% Notes due 2021 cease to be outstanding. Settlement of the convertible note hedge transactions through net share settlement is expected to result in the Company receiving a number of shares equal to the number of shares issuable by the Company upon net share settlement of the 2.0% Notes due 2021. The convertible note hedge transactions cost of \$54.0 million has been accounted for as an equity transaction. The Company initially recorded approximately \$20.0 million in stockholders' equity from the deferred tax asset related to the convertible note hedges at inception of the transactions. As of October 31, 2014 the Company had not received any shares under these convertible note hedge transactions.

Warrants. The Company received \$30.2 million from the same counterparties from the sale of warrants to purchase up to approximately 12.9 million shares of the Company's common stock at an initial strike price of \$24.00 per share. The warrants expire on various dates between January 1, 2022 and March 29, 2022 and are exercisable on their expiration dates. The warrants may be settled through net share settlement (in which case the Company will be required to deliver to the counterparties a number of shares based on the amount by which the market price of the Company's common stock, as measured under the warrants, exceeds the strike price) or, at the Company's option, subject to certain conditions, through cash settlement (in which case the Company will owe the counterparties cash in lieu of the shares deliverable upon net share settlement). As of October 31, 2014, the warrants had not been exercised and remained outstanding. The value of the warrants was initially recorded in equity and continues to be classified as equity.

8. NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE

Basic net income per common share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding, excluding unvested restricted stock.

Diluted net income per common share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock plus the effect of dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period. Dilutive potential common shares include outstanding stock options, stock awards, and performance stock awards and are calculated using the treasury stock method. Also included in the weighted average effect of dilutive securities for the nine months ended October 31, 2014 and the three and nine months ended October 31, 2013 is the diluted effect of the 4.0% Notes due 2016 which is calculated using the if-converted method. The 4.0% Notes due 2016 have an anti-dilutive effect on the three months ended October 31, 2014 and have been excluded from our calculation of net income per common share for the three months ended October 31, 2014.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share:

	Three Months Ended October 31,		Nine Months 31,	Ended October
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(income in th	ousands)		
Numerator:				
Net income	\$6,345	\$12,487	\$23,776	\$271,106
Interest on dilutive notes, net of tax		1,252	3,754	3,757
Net income for purpose of computing net income per diluted share	6,345	13,739	27,530	274,863
Denominator:				
Weighted average shares outstanding, excluding unvested restricted stock	107,497,734	116,760,061	110,303,789	118,913,986
Weighted average effect of dilutive securities:				
Stock options, restricted stock, and employee stock purchase plan	4,372,673	4,513,747	4,512,443	4,748,207
4.0% Notes due 2016		15,462,193	15,462,193	15,462,193
Denominator for diluted net income per common share	111,870,407	136,736,001	130,278,425	139,124,386
Basic net income per common share	\$0.06	\$0.11	\$0.22	\$2.28
Diluted net income per common share	\$0.06	\$0.10	\$0.21	\$1.98

The weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted net income per share in the three and nine months ended October 31, 2014 and 2013 do not include the effect of the following potentially outstanding common shares because the effect would have been anti-dilutive:

	Three Months Ended October 31,		Nine Months I	Ended October 31,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Unvested restricted stock	71	7,391	3,426	2,491
Options to purchase common stock	269,656	627,104	334,283	713,097
Potential shares to be issued from				
employee stock purchase plan				_
4.0% Notes due 2016	15,462,193	_		_
2.0% Notes due to 2021	6,452,340	_	2,150,780	_
Common stock warrants	6,452,340	_	2,150,780	_
Total	28,636,600	634,495	4,639,269	715,588

Effect of conversion on earning per share ("EPS"). The 2.0% Notes due 2021 have no impact on diluted EPS until the average quarterly price of our common stock exceeds the conversion price of \$17.82 per share. Prior to conversion, we will include the effect of the additional shares that may be issued if our common stock price exceeds \$17.82 per share using the treasury stock method. If the average price of our common stock exceeds \$24.00 per share for a quarterly period, we will also include the effect of the additional potential shares that may be issued related to the Warrants using the treasury stock method. Prior to conversion, the convertible note hedges are not considered for purposes of the EPS calculation, as their effect would be anti-dilutive. Upon conversion, the convertible note hedges are expected to offset the dilutive effect of the 2.0% Notes due 2021 when the stock price is above \$17.82 per share. 9. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

Total stock-based compensation for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2014 and 2013 is as follows:

	Three Mont	ths Ended October 31,	Nine Mont	31,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(In thousand	ds)			
Cost of service revenues	\$495	\$553	\$1,398	\$1,485	
Cost of technology revenues	332	329	933	1,284	
Cost of hardware revenues	61	78	199	235	
Research and development	2,735	3,581	8,763	10,001	
Sales and marketing	1,250	1,525	3,808	4,134	
General and administrative	3,676	3,777	10,476	10,314	
Stock-based compensation before income taxes	\$8,549	\$9,843	\$25,577	\$27,453	
Income tax benefit	(1,931)(2,568) (5,621)(7,034)
Stock-based compensation, net of tax 10. ACQUISITIONS	\$6,618	\$7,275	\$19,956	\$20,419	·

On February 14, 2014, the Company completed its acquisition of Digitalsmiths, pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") dated January 29, 2014 for \$133.3 million in cash. Digitalsmiths was a privately-held cloud-based content discovery and recommendation service company headquartered in Durham, North Carolina. The acquisition of Digitalsmiths accelerates TiVo's evolution to a device and user interface cloud-based Software-as-a-Service company. Digitalsmiths' results of operations and the estimated fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed were included in the Company's unaudited consolidated financial statements beginning February 14, 2014. A total of \$756,000 of acquisition costs were expensed as incurred of which \$709,000 were expensed in fiscal year 2014 and the remainder during the nine months ended October 31, 2014.

The purchase consideration was allocated to the tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed on the basis of their respective estimated fair values on the acquisition date. The Company's allocation of the total purchase price is as follows:

Digitalsmiths

Purchase Accounting - Opening Balance Sheet (in thousands)

Asset	s:

Cash Accounts receivable Other current assets Deferred tax assets, current Fixed assets Total Assets	\$4,882 3,243 3,201 3,831 143 \$15,300
Liabilities: Accounts payable Other current liabilities Deferred revenue Deferred tax liability, long term Other long-term liabilities Total Liabilities	\$(1,266) (8,572) (970) (10,009) (1,012) \$(21,829)
Intangibles Goodwill Total purchase consideration	52,700 87,098 \$133,269

The following table presents details of the intangible assets acquired through this business combination (in thousands, except years):

Description	Asset Life in years Fair Valu			
Software technology	6	\$14,100		
Customer relationships	10	\$37,000		
Trade name	6	\$1,400		
In process research and development	N/A	\$200		
Total identifiable intangible assets		\$52,700		

The Company does not believe there is any significant residual value associated with these intangible assets. The Company's management determined the fair values of the intangible assets with the assistance of a valuation firm. The estimation of the fair value of the intangible assets required the use of valuation techniques and entailed consideration of all the relevant factors that might affect the fair value, such as present value factors, estimates of future revenues, and costs. The estimated fair values of the intangibles acquired were determined based on the relief-from-royalty method for software technology and trade name and multi-period excess earnings method for customer relationships with key assumptions including: 1) forecasted revenue and operating results; 2) royalty rates; 3) discount rates ranging from 12% to 14%; and 4) customer attrition rates. The Company expects to amortize the fair value of these intangible assets on a straight-line basis over their respective estimated useful lives.

The goodwill amount of \$87.1 million represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the identified net tangible and intangible assets. The goodwill recognized in this acquisition was derived from expected benefits from future technology, cost synergies, and knowledgeable and experienced workforce who joined the Company after the acquisition. Goodwill will not be amortized, but will be tested instead for impairment annually or more frequently if certain indicators of impairment are present. Goodwill is not expected to be tax deductible for income tax purposes.

11. INCOME TAX

Goodwill

The Company recorded income tax expense of \$7.1 million and \$20.9 million, respectively for the three months and nine months ended October 31, 2014 as compared to an income tax benefit of \$2.0 million and \$168.9 million, respectively for the same prior year periods. The effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2014 was 53% and 47%, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2013 was (19)% and (165)%, respectively.

The provision for income taxes for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2014 differs from the U.S. statutory tax rate of 35% primarily due to the tax impact of non-deductible executive compensation, stock based compensation, and state taxes. The higher effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2014, compared to the same periods in fiscal year 2014, is primarily attributable to the release of Company's valuation allowance on its deferred tax assets as of October 31, 2013.

As of October 31, 2014, the Company believes that its deferred tax assets are more likely than not to be realized, with the exception of California deferred tax assets. The Company continues to maintain a valuation allowance on its California deferred tax assets as it is not more likely than not that these deferred tax assets will be realized. Income tax benefits attributable to the exercise of employee stock options of \$6.3 million and \$16.2 million during the three and nine months ended October 31, 2014, respectively were recorded directly to "Additional paid-in capital" on the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF **OPERATIONS**

You should read the following discussion and analysis in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes included in this report and our most recent annual report on Form 10-K filed on March 14, 2014, the sections entitled "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of our most recent annual report on Form 10-K and Part II, Item 1A of this quarterly report, as well as other cautionary statements and risks described elsewhere in this report and our most recent annual report on Form 10-K filed on March 14, 2014 before deciding to purchase, sell or hold our common stock.

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Company Overview

We are a global leader in next-generation television software services and innovative cloud-based Software-as-a-Service solutions that enable viewers to consume content across all screens in-home and outside-of-the home. The TiVo experience provides an all-in-one approach for navigating the 'content chaos' by seamlessly combining live, recorded, on-demand, and over-the-top (e.g. Netflix, Amazon, Hulu Plus, Vudu, and YouTube, among others) television into one intuitive user interface with simple universal search, discovery, viewing and recording from any device, creating the ultimate viewing experience. We distribute our software, technology, and services through an increasing variety of consumer electronic applications and devices, such as television set-top boxes with and without DVR functionality, smartphones, and tablets. We offer a full whole-home solution that includes 4-Tuner and 6-Tuner DVRs/gateways, non-DVR IP set-top boxes (STBs), and software to enable streaming to mobile and tablet iOS and Android devices through features such as What to Watch Now, Season Pass® recordings, integrated search (including content from both traditional linear television, cable VOD, and broadband sources in one user interface), access to broadband video content, TiVo Online/Mobile Scheduling and applications on third-party devices such as tablet computers and smartphones. As of October 31, 2014, there were over 5.1 million subscriptions to the TiVo service through our TiVo-Owned and MSO businesses. In our TiVo-Owned business, we distribute the TiVo DVR through online and physical, or brick and mortar, retailers and through our on-line store at TiVo.com. Additionally, in our MSO business we generate service and, in some cases, hardware revenues by providing the TiVo service through agreements with leading satellite and cable television service providers and broadcasters on MSO provisioned STBs (both through TiVo supplied and third-party supplied STBs) and other devices. We also generate technology revenues through engineering professional services in connection with the development and deployment of the TiVo service to our MSO customers.

On February 14, 2014, we acquired Digitalsmiths, one of the Pay TV industry's most broadly adopted cloud-based search and recommendation services. We believe this acquisition will broaden our product and service portfolio and increase our opportunities among Pay TV operators, consumer electronics manufacturers, and content providers. Additionally, we generate advertising and audience research and measurement revenues by providing innovative advertising and audience measurement solutions for the television industry.

We are focused on enhancing long-term shareholder value, and will continue to evaluate opportunities to grow our business organically and/or through acquisitions. On August 26, 2014, we announced that our board of directors had authorized a new \$350.0 million share repurchase program to replace the prior authorization that had \$85.8 million remaining. This new \$350.0 million share repurchase program expires on January 31, 2017, with \$100.0 million in initial share repurchases under this new program intended to be completed in the fiscal year ending January, 31, 2015. On September 5, 2014, our board of directors authorized an additional \$200.0 million repurchase of shares increasing our existing share repurchase program from \$350.0 million to \$550.0 million. Between June 1, 2012 and October 31, 2014 we had purchased a total of 27,849,098 shares of common stock at a weighted average price of \$12.30 per share for an aggregate purchase price of \$342.6 million, including \$86.6 million of the \$100.0 million intended to be completed during the current fiscal year. As of October 31, 2014 the remaining authorized amount for stock repurchases under this program was \$421.6 million.

We have engaged in significant intellectual property litigation with certain television service and technology providers in the United States to protect our technology from infringement. To date, we have received cash and future technology revenue payment commitments totaling approximately \$1.6 billion from intellectual property litigation. Executive Overview

Fiscal year 2015

In the fiscal year ending January 31, 2015, we plan to continue to be focused on our efforts to build leading advanced television products, enter into new distribution agreements, engage in development work for existing distribution customers, and continue deployment activities for our existing distribution customers. Additionally, we have been and plan to continue to actively protect our intellectual property. We will continue to focus on the following priorities:

•We expect to continue our efforts to increase our subscription base by adding new subscriptions through our mass distribution relationships both in the U.S. and internationally as well as our TiVo-Owned direct and retail sales with our TiVo Roamio product line (an all-in-one approach to live, recorded, on demand, and over-the-top television). We

expect to further grow our MSO subscription base during the fiscal year ending January 31, 2015. However, we expect that net subscription growth in our installed base of MSO subscriptions will likely be slightly offset by further declines in our net TiVo-Owned subscriptions.

- •We believe giving operators a choice of hardware platforms is critical to attracting new MSO customers, and driving increased penetration in current MSO customers to increase our MSO service revenues in the long term. As a result, we expect MSO hardware revenues and margins to likely decline in future quarters as U.S. MSO customers transition to third-party hardware such as Pace and other products which can support our TiVo service. Although we lose hardware margin in the short term from decreased hardware sales, we believe we gain additional subscribers through MSOs that would not otherwise be willing to sell the TiVo service.
- •We expect to see revenue growth from our acquisition of Digitalsmiths. Digitalsmiths currently has business relationships with seven of the top ten U.S. Pay TV operators as well as various consumer electronics manufacturers and content providers. Most of these relationships are at the early stages of deployment and we expect increased penetration will drive further growth. Additionally, we are focused on signing additional distribution customers for Digitalsmiths both in the U.S. and internationally as well as launching new Digitalsmiths' products and services in the future.
- •We believe that our investment in research and development is critical to remaining competitive and being a leader in advanced television solutions. Therefore, we expect our annual research and development spending in fiscal year 2015 to continue to be significant but to be at lower levels than the fiscal year ended January 31, 2014 as we continue to launch and pursue new product developments including enhanced cloud-based services such as network DVR, a more personalized user experience, expanded mobile applications, out-of-home and expanded multi-room streaming capabilities, data analytics, and a variety of back-office enhancements which increase our operational capacity to handle more operator deployments.
- •We will continue our efforts to protect our technological innovations and intellectual property. However, we expect our litigation expenses to be significantly lower during the fiscal year ending January 31, 2015 as we have no material ongoing patent enforcement actions.
- •We expect to continue our development efforts under our existing MSO deployment arrangements. As part of these arrangements, we typically receive some payments upfront and a portion over time that is a recoupment of costs to develop. As such, to the extent that our development costs exceed upfront development fees from such arrangements, but the recovery of such development costs through future service fees from these MSOs is reasonably assured, we will defer such development costs and start expensing them in our Statement of Operations later upon deployment with the MSO. As of October 31, 2014 we had deferred costs of approximately \$20.9 million related to development work, largely related to Com Hem and Charter Communications Operating, LLC (Charter). However, despite the deferral of these development costs, we do incur cash outflows associated with these development efforts resulting in potentially higher cash usage in the near term. Also for international MSOs, when related revenues from service fees are received, they are first recognized as technology revenues until the previously deferred costs of development of such arrangements are expensed. Based on the contractual commitments or recent MSO activities, full recovery of the deferred costs must be reasonably assured. However, we face the risk of unexpected losses if we are forced to recognize these deferred costs early if we don't successfully complete the developments and deployments with the MSO partners or these partners default on future guaranteed service fees or are otherwise able to terminate their contracts with us.

Key Business Metrics

Management periodically reviews certain key business metrics in order to evaluate our operations, allocate resources, and drive financial performance in our business. Management monitors these metrics together and not individually as it does not make business decisions based upon any single metric.

Subscriptions and Households. Management reviews these metrics, and believes they may be useful to investors, in order to evaluate our relative position in the marketplace and to forecast future potential service revenues. Below is a table that details the change in our subscription base during the last eight quarters. The TiVo-Owned Subscription lines refer to subscriptions sold directly or indirectly by TiVo to consumers who have TiVo-enabled devices (such as a DVR or TiVo Mini) and for which TiVo incurs acquisition costs. The MSO Subscription lines refer to subscriptions sold to consumers by MSOs such as Com Hem, ONO, RCN, Suddenlink, Virgin, among others, and for which TiVo expects to incur little or no acquisition costs. Additionally, we provide a breakdown of the average subscriptions for the quarter, the total MSO households and the MSO average households for the quarter, the number of fully amortized

active product lifetime subscriptions, and percent of TiVo-Owned Subscriptions for which consumers pay recurring fees as opposed to a one-time prepaid product lifetime

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fee.

	Three Months Ended								
(Subscriptions and Households in	Oct 31,	Jul 31,	Apr 30,	Jan 31,	Oct 31,	Jul 31,	Apr 30,	Jan 31,	
thousands)	2014	2014	2014	2014	2013	2013	2013	2013	
TiVo-Owned Gross Additions:	36	27	32	49	33	20	24	35	
Net Additions/(Losses):									
TiVo-Owned	(9)(20)(9)6	(21)(26)(22)(13)
MSOs	337	283	341	313	295	238	277	222	
Total Net Additions/(Losses)	328	263	332	319	274	212	255	209	
Cumulative Subscriptions:									
TiVo-Owned	928	937	957	966	960	981	1,007	1,029	
MSOs	4,204	3,867	3,584	3,243	2,930	2,635	2,397	2,120	
Total Cumulative Subscriptions	5,132	4,804	4,541	4,209	3,890	3,616	3,404	3,149	
Average Subscriptions:									
TiVo-Owned Average Subscriptions	930	946	961	962	974	994	1,018	1,035	
MSO Average Subscriptions	4,035	3,727	3,420	3,072	2,775	2,514	2,261	2,011	
Total Average Subscriptions:	4,965	4,673	4,381	4,034	3,749	3,508	3,279	3,046	
Total MSO Households	3,651	3,391	3,172						