## Edgar Filing: UNITED STATES ANTIMONY CORP - Form 10QSB

UNITED STATES ANTIMONY CORP
Form 10QSB
August 12, 2005


UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB
(Mark One)
[X] QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR $15(\mathrm{~d})$ OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005
[_] TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR $15(\mathrm{~d})$ OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period $\qquad$ to $\qquad$

Commission file number 33-00215

## UNITED STATES ANTIMONY CORPORATION

(Name of small business issuer in its charter)


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subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES [X] No [_]

At August 11, 2005, the registrant had outstanding $32,592,483$ shares of par value $\$ 0.01$ common stock.

> UNITED STATES ANTIMONY CORPORATION QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-QSB FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2005

TABLE OF CONTENTS
Page
PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1: Financial Statements.1
Item 2: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. ..... 6
Item 3: Controls and Procedures .....  9
PART II - OTHER INFORMATION
Item 1: Legal Proceedings .....  9
Item 2: Changes in Securities .....  9
Item 3: Defaults upon Senior Securities .....  9
Item 4: Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders. ..... 9
Item 5: Other Information .....  9
Item 6: Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K .....  9
SIGNATURE ..... 10
CERTIFICATIONS ..... 11
[The balance of this page has been intentionally left blank.] PART I-FINANCIAL INFORMATION
ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

UNITED STATES ANTIMONY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS


THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

1

UNITED STATES ANTIMONY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

Revenues:
Sales of antimony products
Sales of zeolite products

Cost of sales:
Cost of antimony production
Antimony depreciation
Antimony freight and delivery
Cost of zeolite production
Zeolite depreciation
Zeolite freight and delivery

Gross profit

Other operating expenses:
Corporate general and administrative
Antimony general and administrative
Antimony sales expenses
Bear River Zeolite general and administrative
Bear River Zeolite sales expenses

Other (income) expense:
USAMSA expense
Interest expense
Factoring expense
Interest income and other

Net loss
45,639
33,694
13,219
85,949
44,517
$---------\quad$
223,018

882

| JUNE 30, | JUNE 30, |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2005 | 2004 |

633,505
377,689

508,742
10,300
41,960
239,770
18,200
26,289



165,933


45,639
33,694
13,219
85,949
44,517
223,018

38,363
25,686
(321)

64, 610
$\$ \quad(121,695) \quad \$ \quad(115,552) \quad \$$

442,614
10,300
35,526
192,320
13, 800
115,843


41,934

48,316
13,688
11,805
18,789
15,428

108,026


0
30,473
20,964
$(1,977)$
49,460
------------

FOR THE SIX

JUNE 30, 2005
$\$ \quad 1,356,040$
687,678

2,043,718

992,446
20,600
92, 344
498,165
36,400
48,851
$1,688,806$

354,912

127,076
39,927
26,985
157,248
63,986
415,222
------------

1,764
73, 849
53,945
( 653 )
128,905
\$ (189,215)


THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

2

UNITED STATES ANTIMONY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

|  |  | R THE SIX |  | ENDED |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NE } 30 \\ & 2005 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JNE 30, } \\ & 2004 \end{aligned}$ |
| Cash flows from operating activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss | \$ | $(189,215)$ | \$ | $(223,238)$ |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to |  |  |  |  |
| net cash provided (used) by operating activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization |  | 62,514 |  | 52,750 |
| Change in: |  |  |  |  |
| Restricted cash |  | 2,095 |  | 105,649 |
| Accounts receivable |  | $(46,694)$ |  | 8,530 |
| Inventories |  | 3,438 |  | 12,917 |
| Accounts payable |  | 185,997 |  | $(199,727)$ |
| Accrued payroll and related taxes |  | 18,138 |  | $(39,178)$ |
| Other accrued liabilities |  | $(4,778)$ |  | 2,239 |
| Judgment payable |  | 1,700 |  |  |
| Deferred revenue |  | $(30,000)$ |  | 0 |
| Accrued interest payable |  | 14,580 |  | 2,961 |
| Payable to related parties |  | 5,563 |  | 9,743 |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities |  | 21,638 |  | $(265,654)$ |
| Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase of properties, plants and equipment |  | $(209,533)$ |  | $(127,289)$ |
| Net cash used by investing activities |  | $(209,533)$ |  | $(127,289)$ |
| Cash flows from financing activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock and warrants |  | 264,875 |  | 397,214 |
| Principle payments on notes payable to bank |  | $(57,877)$ |  | (142,090) |
| Proceeds from notes payable to bank |  | 58,019 |  | 122,121 |
| Proceeds from related party note payable |  | 25,000 |  | 0 |
| Change in checks issued and payable |  | 0 |  | 15,698 |
| Net cash provided by financing activities |  | 290,017 |  | 392,943 |
| Net change in cash |  | 102,122 |  | 0 |
| Cash, beginning of period |  | 11,642 |  | 0 |
| Cash, end of period | \$ | 113,764 | \$ | 0 |

## Supplemental disclosures:

Non-cash investing activities: Series A preferred stock converted to common stoc

45
-••••••

Non cash financing activities:
Common stock issued in satisfaction of accounts payable

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

## 3

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION, CONTINUED:

UNITED STATES ANTIMONY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information, as well as the instructions to Form 10-QSB. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. In the opinion of the Company's management, all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation of the interim financial statements have been included. Operating results for the three-month period ended June 30,2005 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2005. Certain consolidated financial statement amounts for the three-month period ended June 30,2004 have been reclassified to conform to the 2005 presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the net loss or accumulated deficit as previously reported.

For further information refer to the financial statements and footnotes thereto in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2004.

## 2. LOSS PER COMMON SHARE:

The Company accounts for its income (loss) per common share according to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128 "Earnings Per Share" ("SFAS No. 128"). Under the provisions of SFAS No. 128, primary and fully diluted earnings per share are replaced with basic and diluted earnings per share. Basic earnings per share is arrived at by dividing net income (loss) available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding, and does not include the impact of any potentially dilutive common stock equivalents. Common stock equivalents, including warrants to purchase the company's common stock and common stock issuable upon the conversion of debentures, are excluded from the calculations when their effect is antidilutive.

## 3. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

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Until 1989, the Company mined, milled and leached gold and silver in the Yankee Fork Mining District in Custer County, Idaho. In 1994, the U.S. Forest Service, under the provisions of the Comprehensive Environmental Response Liability Act of 1980 ("CERCLA"), designated the cyanide leach plant as a contaminated site. In 1996, the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality requested that the Company sign a consent decree related to completing the reclamation and remediation at the Preachers Cove mill. The Company has been diligently reclaiming the property and anticipates it will have the reclamation complete in the near term.

In November of 2001, the Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") listed two by-products of the Company's antimony oxide manufacturing process as hazardous wastes under subtitle $C$ of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act ("RCRA"), and emergency notification requirements for releases to the environment under CERCLA. On November 26, 2002, the Company received a notice of violation related to a hazardous waste discharge that was discovered during a hazardous waste compliance evaluation inspection conducted at the Company's Thompson Falls antimony facility. In response to the notice, the Company removed certain antimony materials from its production area and agreed to ensure that future releases of hazardous waste would not occur. At June 30, 2005, management believes that no additional liability will result from the violation.

4

UNITED STATES ANTIMONY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARY
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED), CONTINUED:

## 3. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES, CONTINUED:

The Company's management believes that USAC is currently in substantial compliance with environmental regulatory requirements and that its accrued environmental reclamation costs are representative of management's estimate of costs required to fulfill its reclamation obligations. Such costs are accrued at the time the expenditure becomes probable and the costs can reasonably be estimated. The Company recognizes, however, that in some cases future environmental expenditures cannot be reliably determined due to the uncertainty of specific remediation methods, conflicts between regulating agencies relating to remediation methods and environmental law interpretations, and changes in environmental laws and regulations. Any changes to the Company's reclamation plans as a result of these factors could have an adverse affect on the Company's operations. The range of possible losses in excess of the amounts accrued cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

## 4. BUSINESS SEGMENTS

The Company has two operating segments, antimony and zeolite. Management reviews and evaluates the operating segments exclusive of interest and factoring expenses. Therefore, interest expense is not allocated to the segments. Selected information with respect to segments for the quarters ended June 30, 2005 and 2004 are as follows:

| 2005 |  | 2004 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 633,505 | \$ | 510,324 |
|  | 377,689 |  | 342,013 |


|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text {------------- } \\ & \$ \quad 1,011,194 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \$ | 852,337 |
| Cost of sales: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and freight and delivery: |  |  |  |  |
| Antimony | \$ | 550,702 | \$ | 478,140 |
| Zeolite |  | 266,059 |  | 308,163 |
| Depreciation: |  |  |  |  |
| Antimony |  | 10,300 |  | 10,300 |
| Zeolite |  | 18,200 |  | 13,800 |
|  | \$ | 845,261 | \$ | 810,403 |
| Gross profit (loss) | \$ | 165,933 | \$ | 41,934 |
| Other operating expenses: |  |  |  |  |
| Sales expense: |  |  |  |  |
| Antimony | \$ | 13,219 | \$ | 11,805 |
| Zeolite |  | 44,517 |  | 15,428 |
| General and administrative expense: |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate |  | 45,639 |  | 48,316 |
| Antimony |  | 33,694 |  | 13,688 |
| Zeolite |  | 85,949 |  | 18,789 |
|  | \$ | 223,018 | \$ | 108,026 |
| Capital expenditures: |  |  |  |  |
| Antimony | \$ | 0 | \$ | 19,700 |
| Zeolite |  | 100,721 |  | 58,218 |
|  | \$ | 100,721 | \$ | 77,918 |
| Properties, plant and equipment, net | \$ | 835,536 | \$ | 683,003 |

5

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

GENERAL

This report contains both historical and prospective statements concerning the Company and its operations. Prospective statements (known as
"forward-looking statements") may or may not prove true with the passage of time because of future risks and uncertainties. The Company cannot predict what factors might cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated by prospective statements.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 COMPARED TO THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

The Company's operations resulted in a net loss of $\$ 121,695$ for the three-month period ended June 30,2005 , which is comparable with the net loss of $\$ 115,552$ for the same period ended June 30, 2004.

Total revenues from antimony product sales for the second quarter of 2005

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were $\$ 633,505$ compared with $\$ 510,324$ for the comparable quarter of 2004 , an increase of $\$ 123,181$. During the three-month period ended June 30, 2005, 45\% of the Company's antimony product sales were from sales to one customer (Kohler, Co.) and 18\% were from sales to a second customer (Sarnafil). Sales of antimony products during the second quarter of 2005 consisted of 406,657 pounds at an average sale price of $\$ 1.56$ per pound. During the second quarter of 2004 sales of antimony products consisted of 326,465 pounds at an average sale price of $\$ 1.56$ per pound.

Sales of zeolite products during the second quarter of 2005 were $\$ 377,689$ compared with second quarter sales in 2004 of $\$ 342,013$. The increase in sales for the second quarter of 2005 compared to the same quarter of 2004 was due to the Company's marketing efforts and a corresponding increase in the number of zeolite customers. During the three month period ended June 30,2005 sales of zeolite products consisted of 4,108 tons compared to 1,976 tons for the same period in 2004.

Gross profit from antimony and zeolite sales during the second quarter of 2005 was $\$ 165,933$ compared with gross profit of $\$ 41,934$ during the second quarter of 2004.

The cost of antimony sales was $\$ 508,742$, or $\$ 1.25$ per pound sold, during the second quarter of 2005 compared to $\$ 442,614$ or $\$ 1.36$ per pound sold, during the second quarter of 2004. The increase was due to increased volume of production.

The cost of zeolite sales was $\$ 239,770$ for the second quarter of 2005 compared to $\$ 192,320$ during the second quarter of 2004 . The increase in cost of zeolite sales during the second quarter of 2005 is related to the increase in sales.

Antimony depreciation for the second quarter of 2005 was $\$ 10,300$ compared to $\$ 10,300$ for the second quarter of 2004.

Zeolite depreciation for the second quarter of 2005 was $\$ 18,200$ compared to $\$ 13,800$ for the second quarter of 2004 . The increase in depreciation is due to the continued purchase of capital assets associated with zeolite production.

Antimony freight and delivery for the second quarter of 2005 was $\$ 41,960$ and was comparable to $\$ 35,526$ of freight and delivery expense during the second quarter of 2004.

Zeolite freight and delivery for the second quarter of 2005 was $\$ 26,289$ compared to $\$ 115,843$ for the second quarter of 2004 . The decrease from 2004 to 2005 is due to customers transporting their own product as opposed to the Company paying to have it shipped.

6

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION And ReSULTS OF OPERATIONS, CONTINUED:

During the second quarter of 2005, the Company incurred costs totaling $\$ 85,949$ associated with general and administrative expenses of its 100\% owned subsidiary, Bear River Zeolite Company, compared to $\$ 18,789$ of such expenses in the comparable quarter of 2004 . The increase is due to an increase in royalties that correspond to an increase in sales.

Zeolite sales expenses were $\$ 44,517$ during the second quarter of 2005 compared to $\$ 15,428$ during the second quarter of 2004.

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General and administrative expenses in the antimony division were \$33,694 during the second quarter of 2005 compared to $\$ 13,688$ during the same quarter of 2004.

Antimony sales expenses were $\$ 13,219$ in the second quarter of 2005 and were comparable with $\$ 11,805$ during the second quarter of 2004 .

Interest expense of $\$ 38,363$ was incurred during the second quarter of 2005 compared to $\$ 30,473$ during the second quarter of 2004 .

Accounts receivable factoring expense was $\$ 25,686$ during the second quarter of 2005 compared to $\$ 20,964$ during the second quarter of 2004 . The increase was primarily due to an increase in sales.

Interest and other income decreased from $\$ 1,977$ during the second quarter of 2004 to $\$ 321$ during the second quarter of 2005 . The decrease was the result of less funds invested during the second quarter of 2005 .

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 COMPARED TO THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

The Company's operations resulted in a net loss of $\$ 189,215$ for the six-month period ended June 30,2005 compared with a net loss of $\$ 223,238$ for the six-month period ended June 30, 2004 . The decrease in net loss for the first six months of 2005 as compared to the first six months of 2004 is due to increased sales prices of antimony oxide and an increase in sales of zeolite during the first six months of 2005.

Total revenues from antimony product sales for the first six months of 2005 were $\$ 1,356,040$ compared with $\$ 1,092,739$ for the comparable period of 2004 , an increase of $\$ 263,301$. During the six-month period ended June 30, 2005, $54 \%$ of the Company's revenues from antimony products sales were from sales to one customer (Kohler Co.).

Sales of zeolite products during the first six months of 2005 were $\$ 687,678$ compared with the first six months of 2004 of $\$ 537,099$. The increase in sales for the first six months in 2005 compared to the same period of 2004 was due to the Company's marketing efforts and a corresponding increase in the number of zeolite customers. During the six-month period ended June 30 , 2005 sales of zeolite products consisted of 7,682 tons compared to 4,441 tons for the same period in 2004.

Gross profit from antimony and zeolite sales during the first six months of 2005 was $\$ 354,912$ compared with gross profit of $\$ 175,286$ during the first six months of 2004 .

The cost of antimony sales was $\$ 992,446$ during the first six months of 2005 compared to $\$ 849,235$, during the first six months of 2004 . The increase was due to increased volume of production and sales.

The cost of zeolite sales was $\$ 498,165$ for the first six months of 2005 compared to $\$ 346,920$ during the first six months of 2004 . The increase in cost of zeolite sales during 2005 is related to the increase in sales.

Antimony depreciation for the first six months of 2005 was $\$ 20,600$ compared to $\$ 20,600$ for the first six months of 2004 .

Zeolite depreciation for the first six months of 2005 was $\$ 36,400$ compared to $\$ 27,600$ for the first six months of 2004 . The increase in depreciation is due to the continued purchase of capital assets associated with zeolite production.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION, CONTINUED:

Antimony freight and delivery for the first six months of 2005 was $\$ 92,344$ compared to $\$ 79,683$ of freight and delivery expense during the first six months of 2004. The increase corresponds to the increase in antimony sales and an increase in fuel prices.

Zeolite freight and delivery for the first six months of 2005 was $\$ 48,851$ compared to $\$ 130,514$ for the first six months of 2004 . The decrease from 2004 to 2005 is due to customers transporting their own product as opposed to the Company paying to have it shipped.

During the first six months of 2005, the Company incurred costs totaling $\$ 157,248$ associated with general and administrative expenses of its 100\% owned subsidiary, Bear River Zeolite Company, compared to $\$ 89,950$ of such expenses in the comparable period of 2004 . The increase is due to royalties included in the general and administrative expenses during 2005.

Zeolite sales expenses were $\$ 63,986$ during the first six months of 2005 compared to $\$ 34,592$ during the first six months of 2004 . The increase corresponds to the increase in sales.

General and administrative expenses in the antimony division were $\$ 39,927$ during the first six months of 2005 compared to $\$ 22,600$ during the same period of 2004. The increase is due to expenses related to researching a new antimony operations in Coaluila, Mexico.

Antimony sales expenses were $\$ 26,985$ in the first six months of 2005 and were comparable with $\$ 25,873$ during the first six months of 2004 .

Interest expense of $\$ 73,849$ was incurred during the first six months of 2005 compared to $\$ 57,785$ during the first six months of 2004 . The increase corresponds to an increase in the amount of debt the Company has outstanding.

Accounts receivable factoring expense was $\$ 53,945$ during the first six months of 2005 compared to $\$ 40,243$ during the first six months of 2004 . The increase was primarily due to an increase in sales.

Interest and other income decreased from $\$ 2,463$ during the first six months of 2004 to $\$ 653$ during the first six months of 2005 . The decrease was the result of less funds invested during the first six months of 2005.

## FINANCIAL CONDITION AND LIQUIDITY

At June 30, 2005, Company assets totaled $\$ 1,397,066$, and there was a stockholders' deficit of $\$ 945,481$. The stockholders' deficit decreased $\$ 75,660$ from December 31, 2004. At June 30, 2005 the Company's total current liabilities exceeded its total current assets by $\$ 824,742$. Due to the Company's operating losses, negative working capital, and stockholders' deficit, the company's independent accountants included a paragraph in the Company's 2004 financial statements relating to a going concern uncertainty. To continue as a going concern the Company must generate profits from its antimony and zeolite sales and acquire additional capital resources through the sale of its securities or from short and long-term debt financing. Without financing and profitable operations, the Company may not be able to meet its obligations, fund operations and continue in existence. While management is optimistic that the Company will be able to sustain profitable operations and meet its financial obligations, there can be no assurance of such.

Cash provided by operating activities during the first six months of 2005 was \$21,638.

Cash used in investing activities during the first six months of 2005 was $\$ 209,533$ and related to the construction of capital assets at the Bear River Zeolite facility.

Net cash provided by financing activities was $\$ 290,017$ during the first six months of 2005, and was primarily generated from an increase in proceeds from the issuance of common stock and warrants.

ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

An evaluation was performed by the Company's president and principal financial officer of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, the company's president and principal financial officer concluded that disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2005, in ensuring that all material information required to be filed in this quarterly report has been made known to him in a timely fashion.
There has been no change in our internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30,2005 that has materially affected, or is reasonable likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None

ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES

Neither the constituent instruments defining the rights of the registrant's securities filers nor the rights evidenced by the registrant's outstanding common stock have been modified, limited or qualified.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

The registrant has no outstanding senior securities.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

None

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Reports on Form 8-K None

SIGNATURE
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Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or $15(\mathrm{~b})$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

UNITED STATES ANTIMONY CORPORATION
(Registrant)

By: /s/ John C. Lawrence
Date: August 12, 2005
John C. Lawrence, Director and President
(Principal Executive, Financial and Accounting Officer)

