

LUKE DOUGLAS S
Form 4
July 27, 2012

FORM 4

**UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

OMB APPROVAL

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES

Filed pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Section 17(a) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 or Section 30(h) of the Investment Company Act of 1940

(Print or Type Responses)

1. Name and Address of Reporting Person *
LUKE DOUGLAS S

2. Issuer Name and Ticker or Trading Symbol
REGENCY CENTERS CORP
[REG]

5. Relationship of Reporting Person(s) to Issuer

(Check all applicable)

(Last) (First) (Middle)

3. Date of Earliest Transaction (Month/Day/Year)
07/27/2012

Director 10% Owner
 Officer (give title below) Other (specify below)

C/O HL CAPITAL, INC., 405
LEXINGTON AVENUE, 48TH
FLOOR

(Street)

4. If Amendment, Date Original Filed(Month/Day/Year)

6. Individual or Joint/Group Filing(Check Applicable Line)
 Form filed by One Reporting Person
 Form filed by More than One Reporting Person

NEW YORK, NY 10174

(City) (State) (Zip)

Table I - Non-Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned

1. Title of Security (Instr. 3)	2. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	2A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	3. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	4. Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4 and 5)	5. Amount of Securities Beneficially Owned Following Reported Transaction(s) (Instr. 3 and 4)	6. Ownership Form: Direct (D) or Indirect (I) (Instr. 4)	7. Nature of Ownership (Instr. 4)
				(A) or (D) Price			
Common Stock	07/27/2012		A	279 ⁽¹⁾ A \$ 0	59,746	D	

Reminder: Report on a separate line for each class of securities beneficially owned directly or indirectly.

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SEC 1474 (9-02)

Table II - Derivative Securities Acquired, Disposed of, or Beneficially Owned (e.g., puts, calls, warrants, options, convertible securities)

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1. Title of Derivative Security (Instr. 3)	2. Conversion or Exercise Price of Derivative Security	3. Transaction Date (Month/Day/Year)	3A. Deemed Execution Date, if any (Month/Day/Year)	4. Transaction Code (Instr. 8)	5. Number of Derivative Securities Acquired (A) or Disposed of (D) (Instr. 3, 4, and 5)	6. Date Exercisable and Expiration Date (Month/Day/Year)	7. Title and Amount of Underlying Securities (Instr. 3 and 4)	8. Price of Derivative Security (Instr. 5)	9. Number of Derivative Securities Owned Following Reporting Transaction (Instr. 6)
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Reporting Owners

Reporting Owner Name / Address	Relationships			
	Director	10% Owner	Officer	Other
LUKE DOUGLAS S C/O HL CAPITAL, INC. 405 LEXINGTON AVENUE, 48TH FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10174	X			

Signatures

/s/ Michael B. Kirwan, Attorney-in-Fact for Douglas S. Luke 07/27/2012

__Signature of Reporting Person

Date

Explanation of Responses:

* If the form is filed by more than one reporting person, see Instruction 4(b)(v).

** Intentional misstatements or omissions of facts constitute Federal Criminal Violations. See 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 15 U.S.C. 78ff(a).

(1) Represents directors' fees paid in stock pursuant to Regency's Omnibus Incentive Plan.

Note: File three copies of this Form, one of which must be manually signed. If space is insufficient, see Instruction 6 for procedure.

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Total current liabilities

1,021 672 4,776 (2,382) 4,087

Long-term debt

2,280 90 2,370

Intercompany loans payable

9,939 4,633 (14,572)

Long-term pension and postretirement liabilities

1,140 1,140

Deferred income taxes

321 321

Income taxes

1,996 1,996

Other liabilities

3 312 315

Total Liabilities

1,021 12,894 13,268 (16,954) 10,229

Total Equity

8,399 7,549 15,797 (23,346) 8,399

Total Liabilities and Equity

\$9,420 \$20,443 \$29,065 \$(40,300)\$18,628

Table of Contents**TE CONNECTIVITY LTD.****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)****18. Tyco Electronics Group S.A. (Continued)****Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet (UNAUDITED)
As of September 27, 2013**

	TE Connectivity Ltd.	TEGSA	Other Subsidiaries	Consolidating Adjustments	Total
	(in millions)				
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$	\$ 1,403	\$	\$ 1,403
Accounts receivable, net			2,323		2,323
Inventories			1,762		1,762
Intercompany receivables	1,823	222	255	(2,300)	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	6	1	480		487
Deferred income taxes			334		334
Total current assets	1,829	223	6,557	(2,300)	6,309
Property, plant, and equipment, net			3,166		3,166
Goodwill			4,326		4,326
Intangible assets, net			1,244		1,244
Deferred income taxes			2,146		2,146
Investment in subsidiaries	7,014	17,040		(24,054)	
Intercompany loans receivable	18	2,120	9,489	(11,627)	
Receivable from Tyco International Ltd. and Covidien plc			1,002		1,002
Other assets		28	240		268
Total Assets	\$ 8,861	\$ 19,411	\$ 28,170	\$ (37,981)	\$ 18,461
Liabilities and Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$	\$ 650	\$ 61	\$	\$ 711
Accounts payable	1		1,382		1,383
Accrued and other current liabilities	213	49	1,500		1,762
Deferred revenue			68		68
Intercompany payables	256		2,044	(2,300)	
Total current liabilities	470	699	5,055	(2,300)	3,924
Long-term debt		2,213	90		2,303
Intercompany loans payable	5	9,485	2,137	(11,627)	
Long-term pension and postretirement liabilities			1,155		1,155
Deferred income taxes			321		321

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Income taxes			1,979		1,979
Other liabilities			393		393
Total Liabilities	475	12,397	11,130	(13,927)	10,075
Total Equity	8,386	7,014	17,040	(24,054)	8,386
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 8,861	\$ 19,411	\$ 28,170	\$ (37,981)	\$ 18,461

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TE CONNECTIVITY LTD.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

18. Tyco Electronics Group S.A. (Continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows (UNAUDITED)
For the Six Months Ended March 28, 2014

	TE Connectivity Ltd.	TEGSA	Other Subsidiaries (in millions)	Consolidating Adjustments	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:					
Net cash provided by (used in) continuing operating activities	\$ (62)	\$ 1,768	\$ 938	\$ (1,804)	\$ 840
Net cash used in discontinued operating activities			(6)		(6)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(62)	1,768	932	(1,804)	834
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:					
Capital expenditures			(301)		(301)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant, and equipment			21		21
Change in intercompany loans		(1,820)		1,820	
Intercompany distribution receipts		3		(3)	
Other			(18)		(18)
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,817)	(298)	1,817	(298)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:					
Changes in parent company equity ⁽¹⁾	33	6	(39)		
Net increase in commercial paper		25			25
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		323			323
Repayment of long-term debt		(303)	(57)		(360)
Proceeds from exercise of share options			109		109
Repurchase of common shares			(392)		(392)
Payment of common share dividends to shareholders	(210)	5			(205)
Intercompany distributions			(1,807)	1,807	
Loan activity with parent	239		1,581	(1,820)	
Other		(2)	(4)		(6)
Net cash provided by (used in) continuing financing activities	62	49	(604)	(13)	(506)
Net cash provided by discontinued financing activities			6		6
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	62	49	(598)	(13)	(500)
Effect of currency translation on cash			(10)		(10)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			26		26
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			1,403		1,403

Explanation of Responses:

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	\$	\$	1,429	\$	\$	1,429
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(1) Changes in parent company equity includes cash flows related to certain intercompany equity and funding transactions, and other intercompany activity.

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TE CONNECTIVITY LTD.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

18. Tyco Electronics Group S.A. (Continued)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows (UNAUDITED)
For the Six Months Ended March 29, 2013

	TE Connectivity Ltd.	TEGSA	Other Subsidiaries (in millions)	Consolidating Adjustments	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:					
Net cash provided by (used in) continuing operating activities	\$ (68)	\$ (62)	\$ 969	\$	\$ 839
Net cash used in discontinued operating activities			(2)		(2)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(68)	(62)	967		837
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:					
Capital expenditures			(253)		(253)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant, and equipment	1		3		4
Change in intercompany loans		721		(721)	
Other			17		17
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	1	721	(233)	(721)	(232)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:					
Changes in parent company equity ⁽¹⁾	613	5	(618)		
Net increase in commercial paper		50			50
Repayment of long-term debt		(714)			(714)
Proceeds from exercise of share options			86		86
Repurchase of common shares	(365)				(365)
Payment of cash distributions to shareholders	(181)		4		(177)
Loan activity with parent			(721)	721	
Other			(2)		(2)
Net cash provided by (used in) continuing financing activities	67	(659)	(1,251)	721	(1,122)
Net cash provided by discontinued financing activities			2		2
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	67	(659)	(1,249)	721	(1,120)
Effect of currency translation on cash			(1)		(1)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents			(516)		(516)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			1,589		1,589

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	\$	\$	1,073	\$	\$	1,073
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(1) Changes in parent company equity includes cash flows related to certain intercompany equity and funding transactions, and other intercompany activity.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the accompanying notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report. The following discussion may contain forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates, and beliefs. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed in these forward-looking statements as a result of many factors, including but not limited to those under the heading "Forward-Looking Information" and "Part II. Item 1A. Risk Factors."

Our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in United States ("U.S.") Dollars, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("GAAP").

Organic net sales growth and free cash flow are non-GAAP financial measures which are discussed in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. We believe these non-GAAP financial measures, together with GAAP financial measures, provide useful information to investors because they reflect the financial measures that management uses in evaluating the underlying results of our operations. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for more information about these non-GAAP financial measures, including our reasons for including the measures and material limitations with respect to the usefulness of the measures.

Overview

TE Connectivity Ltd. ("TE Connectivity" or the "Company," which may be referred to as "we," "us," or "our") is a world leader in connectivity. We design and manufacture products to connect power, data, and signal in a broad array of industries including automotive, energy, industrial, broadband communications, consumer devices, healthcare, and aerospace and defense. We help our customers solve the need for more energy efficiency, always-on communications, and ever-increasing productivity.

During fiscal 2014, we realigned certain businesses, principally the Relay Products business, within our segment reporting structure to better align our product portfolio. The Relay Products business, which was previously included in the Consumer Solutions segment, has been moved to the Industrial Solutions segment. We continue to operate through four reporting segments: Transportation Solutions, Industrial Solutions, Network Solutions, and Consumer Solutions. See Note 16 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding our segments. Prior period segment results have been restated to conform to the current segment reporting structure.

Our business and operating results have been and will continue to be affected by worldwide economic conditions. Our sales are dependent on certain industry end markets that are impacted by consumer as well as industrial and infrastructure spending, and our operating results can be affected by changes in demand in those markets.

Overall, our net sales increased 5.1% and 5.6% in the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2014, respectively, as compared to the same periods of fiscal 2013. Increased net sales in the Transportation Solutions segment and, to a lesser degree, the Industrial Solutions segment were partially offset by declines in the Network Solutions and Consumer Solutions segments. On an organic basis, net sales increased 6.1% and 6.6% in the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2014, respectively, as compared to the same periods of fiscal 2013. In the Transportation Solutions segment, our sales in the automotive end market increased 13.3% and 13.6% on an organic basis in the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2014, respectively, with sales increases in all regions. In the Industrial Solutions segment, our organic net sales increased 4.4% and 5.3% in the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2014, respectively, due primarily to growth in the industrial equipment and

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aerospace, defense, oil, and gas end markets, driven by the Asia Pacific region. On an organic basis, our net sales decreased 1.3% and 0.5% in the Network Solutions segment in the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2014, respectively, as growth in the telecom networks and enterprise networks end markets was more than offset by declines in the subsea communications and data communications end markets. In the Consumer Solutions segment, our organic net sales decreased 2.9% and 1.1% in the second quarter and first six months of fiscal 2014, respectively, as declines in the consumer devices end market were partially offset by increases in the appliances end market.

Outlook

In the third quarter of fiscal 2014, we expect net sales to be between \$3.54 billion and \$3.64 billion. This primarily reflects sales increases of approximately 8% to 10% in the Transportation Solutions segment and, to a lesser degree, sales increases in the Industrial Solutions segment, partially offset by sales decreases in the Network Solutions segment relative to the third quarter of fiscal 2013. In the Consumer Solutions segment, we expect our sales to be up slightly as compared to third quarter fiscal 2013 levels. In the Transportation Solutions segment, we expect our sales growth to outpace anticipated growth in global automotive production of approximately 2% in the third quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to the same period of fiscal 2013. In the Industrial Solutions segment, we expect our sales to increase approximately 10% to 12% in the aerospace, defense, oil, and gas end market and to increase, to a lesser degree, in the industrial equipment end market, and expect our sales in the energy end market to be consistent with third quarter fiscal 2013 levels. In the Consumer Solutions segment, we expect an increase in our sales in the appliances end market to be partially offset by a slight decline in our sales in the consumer devices end market in the third quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to the third quarter of fiscal 2013. In the Network Solutions segment, we expect our sales decrease to be primarily driven by declines in our sales in the subsea communications end market. We expect diluted earnings per share to be in the range of \$0.93 to \$0.97 per share in the third quarter of fiscal 2014.

For fiscal 2014, we expect net sales to be between \$13.8 billion and \$14.1 billion, reflecting expected sales increases of approximately 10% to 12% in the Transportation Solutions segment and, to a lesser degree, sales increases in the Industrial Solutions segment, partially offset by sales decreases in the Network Solutions segment from fiscal 2013 levels. We expect our sales in the Consumer Solutions segment to be consistent with fiscal 2013 levels. In the Transportation Solutions segment, we expect our sales growth to outpace anticipated growth in global automotive production of approximately 5% from fiscal 2013 levels. In the Industrial Solutions segment, we expect our sales to increase in the aerospace, defense, oil, and gas and industrial equipment end markets in fiscal 2014, and expect our sales in the energy end market to be consistent with fiscal 2013 levels. In the Network Solutions segment, we expect our sales decrease in the subsea communications end market and, to a lesser degree, in the data communications end market to be partially offset by a sales increase in the telecom networks end market in fiscal 2014 as compared to fiscal 2013. We expect our net sales in the subsea communications end market to be approximately \$300 million in fiscal 2014. In the Consumer Solutions segment, we expect our sales decline in the consumer devices end market to be offset by an increase in our sales in the appliances end market in fiscal 2014 as compared to fiscal 2013. We expect diluted earnings per share to be in the range of \$3.62 to \$3.74 per share in fiscal 2014.

The above outlook is based on foreign exchange rates and commodity prices that are consistent with current levels.

We are monitoring the current macroeconomic environment and its potential effects on our customers and the end markets we serve. Additionally, we continue to closely manage our costs in line with economic conditions. We also are managing our capital resources and monitoring capital availability to ensure that we have sufficient resources to fund future capital needs. (See further discussion in "Liquidity and Capital Resources.")

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In April 2014, we entered into a definitive agreement to acquire the SEACON Group, a leading provider of underwater connector technology and systems, for \$490 million in cash. The transaction, which is expected to close during fiscal 2014, is subject to certain regulatory approvals and other closing conditions.

Restructuring

We are committed to continuous productivity improvements and consistently evaluate opportunities to simplify our global manufacturing footprint, migrate facilities to lower-cost regions, reduce fixed costs, and eliminate excess capacity. These initiatives are designed to help us maintain our competitiveness in the industry, improve our operating leverage, and position us for growth in the years ahead. In connection with these initiatives and in response to market conditions, we incurred net restructuring charges of \$28 million during the first six months of fiscal 2014 and expect to incur net restructuring charges of approximately \$50 million during fiscal 2014. Cash spending related to restructuring was \$87 million during the first six months of fiscal 2014, and we expect total spending, which will be funded with cash from operations, to be approximately \$190 million in fiscal 2014. Total annualized cost savings related to all actions commenced in fiscal 2014 are estimated to be approximately \$30 million and are expected to be realized by the end of fiscal 2016. Annualized cost savings related to actions commenced in fiscal 2013 are estimated to be approximately \$115 million and are expected to be realized by the end of fiscal 2015. Cost savings will be reflected primarily in cost of sales and selling, general, and administrative expenses.

Results of Operations

Key business factors that influenced our results of operations for the periods discussed in this report include:

Raw material prices. We expect to purchase approximately 177 million pounds of copper, 131,000 troy ounces of gold, and 2.5 million troy ounces of silver in fiscal 2014. Prices continue to fluctuate. The following table sets forth the average copper, gold, and silver prices incurred, inclusive of the impact of commodity hedges.

Measure	For the Quarters Ended		For the Six Months Ended	
	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013
Copper Lb.	\$ 3.31	\$ 3.58	\$ 3.35	\$ 3.58
Gold Troy oz.	\$ 1,425	\$ 1,663	\$ 1,445	\$ 1,672
Silver Troy oz.	\$ 24.14	\$ 30.83	\$ 24.72	\$ 31.23

Foreign exchange. Approximately 56% of our net sales are invoiced in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar. Our results of operations are influenced by changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Increases or decreases in the value of the U.S. Dollar, compared to other currencies, will directly affect our reported results as we translate those currencies into U.S. Dollars at the end of each fiscal period.

Consolidated Operations

Net Sales. Net sales increased \$166 million, or 5.1%, to \$3,431 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 from \$3,265 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2013. On an organic basis, net sales increased \$196 million, or 6.1%, in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 from the second quarter of fiscal 2013 due primarily to increased net sales in the Transportation Solutions segment and, to a lesser degree, the Industrial Solutions segment, partially offset by decreased net sales in the Consumer

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Solutions and Network Solutions segments. Price erosion adversely affected organic sales by \$62 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2013.

In the first six months of fiscal 2014, net sales increased \$358 million, or 5.6%, to \$6,757 million from \$6,399 million in the first six months of fiscal 2013. On an organic basis, net sales increased \$422 million, or 6.6%, in the first six months of fiscal 2014 as compared to the same period of fiscal 2013 as a result of net sales increases in the Transportation Solutions segment and, to a lesser degree, the Industrial Solutions segment. Price erosion adversely affected organic sales by \$123 million in the first six months of fiscal 2014 as compared to the same period of fiscal 2013.

See further discussion of organic net sales below under "Results of Operations by Segment."

The following table sets forth the percentage of our total net sales by geographic region:

	For the Quarters Ended		For the Six Months Ended	
	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013
Europe/Middle East/Africa ("EMEA")	37%	35%	36%	34%
Asia Pacific	32	33	33	34
Americas	31	32	31	32
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

The following table provides an analysis of the change in our net sales by geographic region:

	Change in Net Sales for the Quarter Ended March 28, 2014 versus Net Sales for the Quarter Ended March 29, 2013						Change in Net Sales for the Six Months Ended March 28, 2014 versus Net Sales for the Six Months Ended March 29, 2013										
	Organic ⁽¹⁾		Translation ⁽²⁾		Investitures		Total		Organic ⁽¹⁾		Translation ⁽²⁾		Investitures		Total		
(\$ in millions)																	
EMEA	\$ 88	7.8%	\$ (25)	(18)	\$ (5)	\$ 124	10.8%	\$ 155	7.2%	\$ 88	(10)	\$ 233	10.6%				
Asia Pacific	90	8.6	(22)	(18)	47	4.4	213	10.1	(73)	(34)	106	4.9					
Americas	18	1.7	(22)	(1)	(5)	(0.5)	54	2.6	(32)	(3)	19	0.9					
Total	\$ 196	6.1%	\$ (6)	(24)	\$ 166	5.1%	\$ 422	6.6%	\$ (17)	(47)	\$ 358	5.6%					

(1) Represents the change in net sales resulting from volume and price changes, before consideration of acquisitions, divestitures, and the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

(2) Represents the change in net sales resulting from changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

The following table sets forth the percentage of our total net sales by segment:

For the Quarters Ended **For the Six Months Ended**

Explanation of Responses:

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	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013
Transportation Solutions	46%	42%	44%	41%
Industrial Solutions	23	23	23	23
Network Solutions	20	22	21	23
Consumer Solutions	11	13	12	13
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

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The following table provides an analysis of the change in our net sales by segment:

	Change in Net Sales for the Quarter Ended March 28, 2014 versus Net Sales for the Quarter Ended March 29, 2013						Change in Net Sales for the Six Months Ended March 28, 2014 versus Net Sales for the Six Months Ended March 29, 2013									
	Organic ⁽¹⁾		Translation ⁽²⁾		Divestitures		Total		Organic ⁽¹⁾		Translation ⁽²⁾		Divestitures		Total	
(\$ in millions)																
Transportation Solutions	\$ 184	13.3%	\$ 2		\$ 186	13.4%	\$ 360	13.6%	\$ 2		\$ 362	13.7%				
Industrial Solutions	33	4.4	2	(4)	31	4.1	78	5.3	4	(8)	74	5.0				
Network Solutions	(9)	(1.3)	(8)	(20)	(37)	(5.1)	(7)	(0.5)	(12)	(39)	(58)	(4.0)				
Consumer Solutions	(12)	(2.9)	(2)		(14)	(3.5)	(9)	(1.1)	(11)		(20)	(2.5)				
Total	\$ 196	6.1%	\$ (6)	(24)	\$ 166	5.1%	\$ 422	6.6%	\$ (17)	(47)	\$ 358	5.6%				

- (1) Represents the change in net sales resulting from volume and price changes, before consideration of acquisitions, divestitures, and the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.
- (2) Represents the change in net sales resulting from changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Gross Margin. In the second quarter of fiscal 2014, gross margin was \$1,173 million, reflecting a \$121 million increase from gross margin of \$1,052 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2013. In the first six months of fiscal 2014, gross margin increased \$249 million to \$2,290 million as compared to \$2,041 million in the first six months of fiscal 2013. The increases in gross margin resulted primarily from higher volume, improved manufacturing productivity and, to a lesser degree, lower materials costs, partially offset by price erosion. Gross margin as a percentage of net sales increased to 34.2% in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 from 32.2% in the second quarter of fiscal 2013. In the first six months of fiscal 2014, gross margin as a percentage of net sales increased to 33.9% from 31.9% in the same period of fiscal 2013.

Selling, General, and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general, and administrative expenses increased \$33 million to \$471 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 from \$438 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2013. Selling, general, and administrative expenses increased \$72 million to \$938 million in the first six months of fiscal 2014 as compared to \$866 million in the same period of fiscal 2013. The increases in selling, general, and administrative expenses resulted primarily from increased selling expenses to support higher sales levels and increased incentive compensation costs, partially offset by savings attributable to restructuring actions. Selling, general, and administrative expenses as a percentage of net sales increased to 13.7% in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 from 13.4% in the same period of fiscal 2013. In the first six months of fiscal 2014, selling, general, and administrative expenses as a percentage of net sales increased to 13.9% from 13.5% in the same period of fiscal 2013.

Restructuring and Other Charges, Net. Net restructuring and other charges were \$21 million and \$81 million in the second quarters of fiscal 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net restructuring and other charges were \$28 million and \$173 million in the first six months of fiscal 2014 and 2013, respectively. During fiscal 2014, we initiated a restructuring program primarily associated with headcount reductions in the Network Solutions segment. During fiscal 2013, we initiated a restructuring program associated with headcount reductions and manufacturing site closures impacting all segments. See Note 2 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding net restructuring and other charges.

Operating Income. In the second quarter of fiscal 2014, operating income was \$510 million as compared to \$359 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2013. Results for the second quarter of fiscal 2014 included \$21 million of net restructuring and other charges and \$1 million of acquisition and integration costs. Results for the second quarter of fiscal 2013 included \$81 million of net restructuring and other charges and \$3 million of acquisition and integration costs.

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Operating income was \$989 million and \$652 million in the first six months of fiscal 2014 and 2013, respectively. Results for the first six months of fiscal 2014 included \$28 million of net restructuring and other charges and \$1 million of acquisition and integration costs. Results for the first

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six months of fiscal 2013 included \$173 million of net restructuring and other charges and \$8 million of acquisition and integration costs.

See further discussion of operating income below under "Results of Operations by Segment."

Non-Operating Items

Other Income (Expense), Net. We recorded net other income of \$16 million and \$9 million during the quarters ended March 28, 2014 and March 29, 2013, respectively, primarily consisting of income pursuant to the Tax Sharing Agreement with Tyco International Ltd. ("Tyco International") and Covidien plc ("Covidien"). See Note 7 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information regarding the Tax Sharing Agreement.

We recorded net other income of \$48 million and net other expense of \$217 million during the six months ended March 28, 2014 and March 29, 2013, respectively, primarily pursuant to the Tax Sharing Agreement with Tyco International and Covidien. The net other income in the six months ended March 28, 2014 included \$18 million of income related to our share of a settlement agreement entered into by Tyco International with a former subsidiary, CIT Group Inc., which arose from a pre-separation claim for which we were entitled to 31% once resolved. The net other expense in the six months ended March 29, 2013 included \$231 million related to the effective settlement of all undisputed tax matters for the period 1997 through 2000. See Note 8 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Income Taxes. We recorded tax provisions of \$136 million and \$60 million for the quarters ended March 28, 2014 and March 29, 2013, respectively. The tax provision for the quarter ended March 28, 2014 reflects income tax charges related to adjustments to prior year income tax returns, partially offset by tax benefits recognized in connection with the lapse of statutes of limitations for examinations of prior year income tax returns in certain non-U.S. locations. The tax provision for the quarter ended March 29, 2013 reflects tax benefits recognized in connection with the lapse of statutes of limitations for examinations of prior year income tax returns in certain non-U.S. locations, partially offset by charges related to adjustments to prior year income tax returns. In addition, the tax provision for the quarter ended March 29, 2013 reflects tax benefits recognized in connection with the extension of the U.S. research and development credit for fiscal 2012 enacted in January 2013 through the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012.

We recorded a tax provision of \$263 million and an income tax benefit of \$185 million for the six months ended March 28, 2014 and March 29, 2013, respectively. The tax provision for the six months ended March 28, 2014 reflects income tax charges related to adjustments to prior year income tax returns, as well as an income tax charge related to the impact of certain non-U.S. tax law changes and the associated increase in the valuation allowance for tax loss carryforwards. The tax benefit for the six months ended March 29, 2013 reflects a \$331 million income tax benefit related to the effective settlement of all undisputed tax matters for the period 1997 through 2000. In addition, the tax benefit for the six months ended March 29, 2013 reflects tax benefits recognized in connection with the lapse of statutes of limitations for examinations of prior year income tax returns in certain non-U.S. locations, partially offset by charges related to adjustments to prior year income tax returns.

Table of Contents**Results of Operations by Segment****Transportation Solutions**

	For the Quarters Ended		For the Six Months Ended	
	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013
	(\$ in millions)			
Net sales	\$ 1,571	\$ 1,385	\$ 3,011	\$ 2,649
Operating income	\$ 347	\$ 241	\$ 643	\$ 433
Operating margin	22.1%	17.4%	21.4%	16.3%

Quarter Ended March 28, 2014 Compared to Quarter Ended March 29, 2013

Net sales in the Transportation Solutions segment increased \$186 million, or 13.4%, to \$1,571 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 from \$1,385 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2013. Organic net sales increased \$184 million, or 13.3%, during the second quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to the same period of fiscal 2013.

In the automotive end market, which is the Transportation Solutions segment's primary industry end market, our organic net sales increased 13.3% in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2013. The increase resulted from growth of 17.6% in the Asia Pacific region, 11.9% in the EMEA region, and 9.7% in the Americas region. In the Asia Pacific region, growth was driven by increased demand in China, partially offset by declines in certain southeastern Asia Pacific areas. In the EMEA region, growth resulted primarily from increased exports to other regions and, to a lesser degree, increased local demand. Growth in the Americas region was driven by strong consumer demand in North America and share gains. In the commercial vehicle market, our organic net sales increase was due to stronger market conditions and the acceleration of purchases in advance of upcoming emission standard changes in the EMEA region and China truck markets.

In the second quarter of fiscal 2014, operating income in the Transportation Solutions segment increased \$106 million to \$347 million from \$241 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2013. Segment results for the second quarter of fiscal 2014 included \$1 million of net restructuring and other credits. Segment results for the second quarter of fiscal 2013 included \$18 million of net restructuring and other charges and \$1 million of acquisition and integration costs related to the acquisition of Deutsch Group SAS ("Deutsch"). Excluding these items, operating income increased in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 over the second quarter of fiscal 2013 due primarily to higher volume and, to a lesser degree, improved manufacturing productivity, partially offset by price erosion.

Six Months Ended March 28, 2014 Compared to Six Months Ended March 29, 2013

In the first six months of fiscal 2014, net sales in our Transportation Solutions segment increased \$362 million, or 13.7%, to \$3,011 million from \$2,649 million in the first six months of fiscal 2013. Organic net sales increased by \$360 million, or 13.6%, in the first six months of fiscal 2014 as compared to the first six months of fiscal 2013.

In the automotive end market, our organic net sales increased 13.6% in the first six months of fiscal 2014 as compared to the first six months of fiscal 2013. The increase was due to growth of 17.2% in the Asia Pacific region, 12.2% in the Americas region, and 11.4% in the EMEA region. The Asia Pacific region growth was driven by increased demand in China, partially offset by declines in certain southeastern Asia Pacific areas. Growth in the Americas region was driven by strong consumer demand in North America and share gains. In the EMEA region, growth resulted primarily from increased exports to other regions and, to a lesser degree, increased local demand. In the commercial vehicle market, our organic net sales increase was due to stronger market conditions and the

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acceleration of purchases in advance of upcoming emission standard changes in the EMEA region and China truck markets.

Operating income in our Transportation Solutions segment increased \$210 million to \$643 million in the first six months of fiscal 2014 from \$433 million in the same period of fiscal 2013. Segment results for the first six months of fiscal 2013 included \$28 million of net restructuring and other charges and \$4 million of acquisition and integration costs related to the acquisition of Deutsch. Excluding these items, operating income increased in the first six months of fiscal 2014 over the same period of fiscal 2013 primarily as a result of higher volume and, to a lesser degree, improved manufacturing productivity and lower material costs, partially offset by price erosion.

Industrial Solutions

	For the Quarters Ended		For the Six Months Ended	
	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013
	(\$ in millions)			
Net sales	\$ 789	\$ 758	\$ 1,552	\$ 1,478
Operating income	\$ 106	\$ 79	\$ 205	\$ 151
Operating margin	13.4%	10.4%	13.2%	10.2%

The following table sets forth the Industrial Solutions segment's percentage of total net sales by primary industry end market⁽¹⁾:

	For the Quarters Ended		For the Six Months Ended	
	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013
Industrial Equipment	42%	40%	42%	40%
Aerospace, Defense, Oil, and Gas	35	34	34	34
Energy	23	26	24	26
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

(1)

Industry end market information is presented consistently with our internal management reporting and may be periodically revised as management deems necessary.

The following table provides an analysis of the change in the Industrial Solutions segment's net sales by primary industry end market:

	Change in Net Sales for the Quarter Ended March 28, 2014 versus Net Sales for the Quarter Ended March 29, 2013				Change in Net Sales for the Six Months Ended March 28, 2014 versus Net Sales for the Six Months Ended March 29, 2013							
	Organic ⁽¹⁾	Translation ⁽²⁾	Divestiture ⁽³⁾	Total	Organic ⁽¹⁾	Translation ⁽²⁾	Divestiture ⁽³⁾	Total				
	(\$ in millions)											
Industrial Equipment	\$ 22	7.5%	\$ 3	\$ 25	8.2%	\$ 51	8.5%	\$ 1	\$ 52	8.7%		
Aerospace, Defense, Oil, and Gas	12	4.5	1	13	5.0	20	4.1	4	24	4.8		
Energy	(1)	(0.6)	(2)	(4)	(7)	(3.6)	7	1.9	(1)	(8)	(2)	(0.5)
Total	\$ 33	4.4%	\$ 2	\$ 31	4.1%	\$ 78	5.3%	\$ 4	\$ 74	5.0%		

(1) Represents the change in net sales resulting from volume and price changes, before consideration of acquisitions, divestitures, and the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

(2) Represents the change in net sales resulting from changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Quarter Ended March 28, 2014 Compared to Quarter Ended March 29, 2013

Net sales in the Industrial Solutions segment increased \$31 million, or 4.1%, to \$789 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 from \$758 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2013. Organic net sales

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increased \$33 million, or 4.4%, during the second quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to the same period of fiscal 2013.

In the industrial equipment end market, our organic net sales increased 7.5% in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2013 due to market recovery, particularly in the Asia Pacific region. In the aerospace, defense, oil, and gas end market, our organic net sales increased 4.5% in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to the same period of fiscal 2013. The increase resulted from continued strength in the commercial aviation market and growth in the oil and gas market, partially offset by a slowdown in the defense market. In the energy end market, our organic net sales were flat in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2013 as growth in the Americas and Asia Pacific regions was offset by declines in the EMEA region.

In the second quarter of fiscal 2014, operating income in the Industrial Solutions segment increased \$27 million to \$106 million from \$79 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2013. Segment results for the second quarter of fiscal 2014 included \$5 million of net restructuring and other charges and \$1 million of acquisition and integration costs. Segment results for the second quarter of fiscal 2013 included \$21 million of net restructuring and other charges and \$2 million of acquisition and integration costs related to the acquisition of Deutsch. Excluding these items, operating income increased in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 over the same period of fiscal 2013 due primarily to higher volume and improved manufacturing productivity, partially offset by price erosion.

Six Months Ended March 28, 2014 Compared to Six Months Ended March 29, 2013

In the first six months of fiscal 2014, net sales in our Industrial Solutions segment increased \$74 million, or 5.0%, to \$1,552 million from \$1,478 million in the same period of fiscal 2013. Organic net sales increased \$78 million, or 5.3%, during the first six months of fiscal 2014 as compared to the first six months of fiscal 2013.

In the industrial equipment end market, our organic net sales increased 8.5% in the first six months of fiscal 2014 as compared to the same period of fiscal 2013 as a result of market recovery, particularly in the Asia Pacific region and, to a lesser degree, the EMEA region. In the aerospace, defense, oil, and gas end market, our organic net sales increased 4.1% in the first six months of fiscal 2014 from the first six months of fiscal 2013. The increase was attributable to continued strength in the commercial aviation market and growth in the oil and gas market, partially offset by a slowdown in the defense market. In the energy end market, our organic net sales increased 1.9% in the first six months of fiscal 2014 from the same period of fiscal 2013 primarily as a result of growth in the Asia Pacific and Americas regions.

Operating income in the Industrial Solutions segment increased \$54 million to \$205 million in the first six months of fiscal 2014 from \$151 million in the same period of fiscal 2013. Segment results for the first six months of fiscal 2014 included \$6 million of net restructuring and other charges and \$1 million of acquisition and integration costs. Segment results for the first six months of fiscal 2013 included \$33 million of net restructuring and other charges and \$4 million of acquisition and integration costs related to the acquisition of Deutsch. Excluding these items, operating income increased in the first six months of fiscal 2014 as compared to the same period of fiscal 2013 primarily as a result of higher volume, improved manufacturing productivity, and lower material costs, partially offset by price erosion.

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Network Solutions

	For the Quarters Ended		For the Six Months Ended	
	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013
	(\$ in millions)			
Net sales	\$ 688	\$ 725	\$ 1,401	\$ 1,459
Operating income	\$ 23	\$ 19	\$ 69	\$ 55
Operating margin	3.3%	2.6%	4.9%	3.8%

The following table sets forth the Network Solutions segment's percentage of total net sales by primary industry end market⁽¹⁾:

	For the Quarters Ended		For the Six Months Ended	
	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013
Telecom Networks	46%	41%	45%	40%
Data Communications	23	27	23	27
Enterprise Networks	22	21	22	20
Subsea Communications	9	11	10	13
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

(1)

Industry end market information is presented consistently with our internal management reporting and may be periodically revised as management deems necessary.

The following table provides an analysis of the change in the Network Solutions segment's net sales by primary industry end market:

	Change in Net Sales for the Quarter Ended March 28, 2014 versus Net Sales for the Quarter Ended March 29, 2013				Change in Net Sales for the Six Months Ended March 28, 2014 versus Net Sales for the Six Months Ended March 29, 2013						
	Organic ⁽¹⁾	Translation ⁽²⁾	Divestiture	Total	Organic ⁽¹⁾	Translation ⁽²⁾	Divestiture	Total			
	(\$ in millions)										
Telecom Networks	\$ 19	6.3%	\$ (1)	\$ 18	6.0%	\$ 49	8.5%	\$ 1	\$ 50	8.6%	
Data Communications	(13)	(7.2)	(2)	(20)	(35)	(17.9)	(30)	(7.7)	(1)	(39)	(17.8)
Enterprise Networks	7	4.9	(6)	1	0.7	18	5.4	(11)	7	2.4	
Subsea Communications	(22)	(26.5)	1	(21)	(25.6)	(44)	(23.4)	(1)	(45)	(23.7)	
Total	\$ (9)	(1.3)%	\$ (8)	\$ (20)	\$ (37)	(5.1)%	\$ (7)	(0.5)%	\$ (12)	\$ (39)	(4.0)%

(1)

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Represents the change in net sales resulting from volume and price changes, before consideration of acquisitions, divestitures, and the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

(2)

Represents the change in net sales resulting from changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Quarter Ended March 28, 2014 Compared to Quarter Ended March 29, 2013

In the second quarter of fiscal 2014, net sales in the Network Solutions segment decreased \$37 million, or 5.1%, to \$688 million from \$725 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2013. Organic net sales decreased \$9 million, or 1.3% in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to the same period of fiscal 2013.

In the telecom networks end market, our organic net sales increased 6.3% in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2013 as a result of strong growth in the fiber business in the EMEA region. In the data communications end market, our organic net sales decreased 7.2% in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 from the same period of fiscal 2013 as a result of market weakness, particularly in the EMEA region, and the exit of certain product lines. In the enterprise networks end market, our organic net sales increased 4.9% in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2013. The increase was attributable to increased demand in

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the fiber business, primarily in the Americas region. In the subsea communications end market, our organic net sales decreased 26.5% in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2013 as a result of lower levels of project activity resulting from customer funding delays.

Operating income in the Network Solutions segment increased \$4 million to \$23 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 from \$19 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2013. Segment results included \$16 million and \$26 million of net restructuring and other charges in the second quarters of fiscal 2014 and 2013, respectively. Excluding these items, operating income decreased in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to the same period of fiscal 2013 primarily as a result of price erosion, partially offset by improved manufacturing productivity.

Six Months Ended March 28, 2014 Compared to Six Months Ended March 29, 2013

Net sales in our Network Solutions segment decreased \$58 million, or 4.0%, to \$1,401 million in the first six months of fiscal 2014 from \$1,459 million in the first six months of fiscal 2013. Organic net sales were flat in the first six months of fiscal 2014 as compared to the first six months of fiscal 2013.

In the telecom networks end market, our organic net sales increased 8.5% in the first six months of fiscal 2014 over the same period of fiscal 2013 due primarily to growth in the fiber business in the EMEA region. In the data communications end market, our organic net sales decreased 7.7% in the first six months of fiscal 2014 from the first six months of fiscal 2013 due to market weakness, particularly in the EMEA region, and the exit of certain product lines. In the enterprise networks end market, our organic net sales increased 5.4% in the first six months of fiscal 2014 as compared to the first six months of fiscal 2013 as a result of increased demand in the fiber business, primarily in the Americas region. In the subsea communications end market, our organic net sales decreased 23.4% in the first six months of fiscal 2014 as compared to the same period of fiscal 2013 due to lower levels of project activity resulting from customer funding delays.

Operating income in the Network Solutions segment increased \$14 million to \$69 million in the first six months of fiscal 2014 from \$55 million in the same period of fiscal 2013. Segment results included net restructuring and other charges of \$21 million and \$50 million in the first six months of fiscal 2014 and 2013, respectively. Excluding these items, operating income decreased in the first six months of fiscal 2014 as compared to the first six months of fiscal 2013 due primarily to price erosion, partially offset by improved manufacturing productivity.

Consumer Solutions

	For the Quarters Ended		For the Six Months Ended	
	March 28,	March 29,	March 28,	March 29,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(\$ in millions)			
Net sales	\$ 383	\$ 397	\$ 793	\$ 813
Operating income	\$ 34	\$ 20	\$ 72	\$ 13
Operating margin	8.9%	5.0%	9.1%	1.6%

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The following table sets forth the Consumer Solutions segment's percentage of total net sales by primary industry end market⁽¹⁾:

	For the Quarters Ended		For the Six Months Ended	
	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013
Consumer Devices	58%	61%	61%	64%
Appliances	42	39	39	36
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

- (1) Industry end market information is presented consistently with our internal management reporting and may be periodically revised as management deems necessary.

The following table provides an analysis of the change in the Consumer Solutions segment's net sales by primary industry end market:

	Change in Net Sales for the Quarter Ended March 28, 2014 versus Net Sales for the Quarter Ended March 29, 2013			Change in Net Sales for the Six Months Ended March 28, 2014 versus Net Sales for the Six Months Ended March 29, 2013		
	Organic ⁽¹⁾	Translation ⁽²⁾	Total	Organic ⁽¹⁾	Translation ⁽²⁾	Total
	(\$ in millions)					
Consumer Devices	\$ (19)	(7.5)%	\$ (2)	\$ (28)	(5.3)%	\$ (10)
Appliances	7	4.6	7	19	6.4	(1)
Total	\$ (12)	(2.9)%	\$ (2)	\$ (9)	(1.1)%	\$ (11)

- (1) Represents the change in net sales resulting from volume and price changes, before consideration of acquisitions, divestitures, and the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.
- (2) Represents the change in net sales resulting from changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Quarter Ended March 28, 2014 Compared to Quarter Ended March 29, 2013

In the second quarter of fiscal 2014, net sales in the Consumer Solutions segment decreased \$14 million, or 3.5%, to \$383 million from \$397 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2013. Organic net sales decreased \$12 million, or 2.9%, during the second quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to the same period of fiscal 2013.

In the consumer devices end market, our organic net sales decreased 7.5% in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 from the second quarter of fiscal 2013 as a result of significant declines in the personal computer and feature phone markets, partially offset by increased demand and new product launches in the tablet computer and smartphone markets. In the appliances end market, our organic net sales increased 4.6% in the

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second quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to the same period of fiscal 2013. The increase was attributable to increased demand in the Asia Pacific region, partially due to share gains in China.

Operating income in the Consumer Solutions segment increased \$14 million to \$34 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 from \$20 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2013. Segment results included \$1 million and \$16 million of net restructuring and other charges in the second quarters of fiscal 2014 and 2013, respectively. Excluding these items, operating income was flat in the second quarter of fiscal 2014 as compared to the second quarter of fiscal 2013. The impact of price erosion was offset by improved manufacturing productivity and lower material costs.

Six Months Ended March 28, 2014 Compared to Six Months Ended March 29, 2013

Net sales in our Consumer Solutions segment decreased \$20 million, or 2.5%, to \$793 million in the first six months of fiscal 2014 from \$813 million in the first six months of fiscal 2013. Organic net

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sales decreased \$9 million, or 1.1%, during the first six months of fiscal 2014 as compared to the first six months of fiscal 2013.

In the consumer devices end market, our organic net sales decreased 5.3% in the first six months of fiscal 2014 as compared to the same period of fiscal 2013 due to continued declines in the personal computer and feature phone markets, partially offset by increased demand and new product launches in the smartphone and tablet computer markets. In the appliance end market, our organic net sales increased 6.4% in the first six months of fiscal 2014 as compared to the first six months of fiscal 2013 due to increased demand in the Asia Pacific region and, to a lesser degree, the Americas region.

In the first six months of fiscal 2014, operating income in the Consumer Solutions segment increased \$59 million to \$72 million as compared to \$13 million in the first six months of fiscal 2013. Segment results included net restructuring and other charges of \$1 million and \$62 million in the first six months of fiscal 2014 and 2013, respectively. Excluding these items, operating income decreased in the first six months of fiscal 2014 as compared to the first six months of fiscal 2013 primarily as a result of price erosion, largely offset by improved manufacturing productivity and lower material costs.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The following table summarizes our cash flow from operating, investing, and financing activities, as reflected on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows:

	For the Six Months Ended	
	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013
	(in millions)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 834	\$ 837
Net cash used in investing activities	(298)	(232)
Net cash used in financing activities	(500)	(1,120)
Effect of currency translation on cash	(10)	(1)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 26	\$ (516)

Our ability to fund our future capital needs will be affected by our ability to continue to generate cash from operations and may be affected by our ability to access the capital markets, money markets, or other sources of funding, as well as the capacity and terms of our financing arrangements. We believe that cash generated from operations and, to the extent necessary, these other sources of potential funding will be sufficient to meet our anticipated capital needs for the foreseeable future. We may use excess cash to reduce our outstanding debt, including through the possible repurchase of our debt in accordance with applicable law, to purchase a portion of our common shares pursuant to our authorized share repurchase program, to pay distributions or dividends on our common shares, or to acquire strategic businesses or product lines. The cost or availability of future funding may be impacted by financial market conditions. We will continue to monitor financial markets and respond as necessary to changing conditions.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Net cash provided by continuing operating activities was \$840 million in the first six months of fiscal 2013 as compared to \$839 million in the first six months of fiscal 2013. Higher income from continuing operations and lower cash tax payments in the first six months of fiscal 2014 were offset by higher inventories and accounts receivable levels.

The amount of income taxes paid, net of refunds, during the first six months of fiscal 2014 and 2013 was \$124 million and \$173 million, respectively. During the first six months of fiscal 2014 and 2013, we received net reimbursements of \$21 million and made payments of \$67 million, respectively,

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related to pre-separation tax matters. We expect to make net cash payments related to pre-separation tax matters of approximately \$240 million during the next twelve months. These amounts include payments in which we are the primary obligor to the taxing authorities and for which we expect a portion to be reimbursed by Tyco International and Covidien under the Tax Sharing Agreement as well as indemnification payments to Tyco International and Covidien under the Tax Sharing Agreement for tax matters where they are the primary obligor to the taxing authorities. See Note 8 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information related to pre-separation tax matters.

In addition to net cash provided by operating activities, we use free cash flow, a non-GAAP financial measure, as a useful measure of our ability to generate cash. Free cash flow was \$539 million in the first six months of fiscal 2014 as compared to \$657 million in the first six months of fiscal 2013. The decrease in free cash flow was primarily driven by higher capital expenditures and changes in Tax Sharing Agreement activity with Tyco International and Covidien.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of net cash provided by continuing operating activities, the most comparable GAAP financial measure, to free cash flow.

	For the Six Months Ended	
	March 28, 2014	March 29, 2013
	(in millions)	
Net cash provided by continuing operating activities	\$ 840	\$ 839
Capital expenditures	(301)	(253)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant, and equipment	21	4
Payments (receipts) related to pre-separation U.S. tax matters, net	(21)	67
Free cash flow	\$ 539	\$ 657

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Capital spending increased \$48 million in the first six months of fiscal 2014 to \$301 million as compared to \$253 million in the first six months of fiscal 2013. We expect fiscal 2014 capital spending levels to be approximately 4% to 5% of net sales. We believe our capital funding levels are adequate to support new programs, and we continue to invest in our manufacturing infrastructure to further enhance productivity and manufacturing capabilities.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities and Capitalization

Total debt at March 28, 2014 and September 27, 2013 was \$2,995 million and \$3,014 million, respectively. See Note 6 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding debt.

During November 2013, Tyco Electronics Group S.A. ("TEGSA"), our 100%-owned subsidiary, redeemed all of its outstanding 5.95% senior notes due 2014, representing \$300 million principal amount. We paid an immaterial premium in connection with the early redemption.

During November 2013, TEGSA issued \$325 million aggregate principal amount of 2.375% senior notes due December 17, 2018. The notes are TEGSA's unsecured senior obligations and rank equally in right of payment with all existing and any future senior indebtedness of TEGSA and senior to any subordinated indebtedness that TEGSA may incur. The notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed as to payment on an unsecured senior basis by TE Connectivity Ltd.

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TEGSA has a five-year unsecured senior revolving credit facility ("Credit Facility") with total commitments of \$1,500 million. This facility expires in August 2018. TEGSA had no borrowings under the Credit Facility at March 28, 2014 and September 27, 2013.

The Credit Facility contains a financial ratio covenant providing that if, as of the last day of each fiscal quarter, our ratio of Consolidated Total Debt (as defined in the Credit Facility) to Consolidated EBITDA (as defined in the Credit Facility) for the then most recently concluded period of four consecutive fiscal quarters exceeds 3.75 to 1.0, an Event of Default (as defined in the Credit Facility) is triggered. The Credit Facility and our other debt agreements contain other customary covenants. None of our covenants are presently considered restrictive to our operations. As of March 28, 2014, we were in compliance with all of our debt covenants and believe that we will continue to be in compliance with our existing covenants for the foreseeable future.

In addition to the Credit Facility, TEGSA is the borrower under the outstanding senior notes and commercial paper. TEGSA's payment obligations under its senior notes, commercial paper, and Credit Facility are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by its parent, TE Connectivity Ltd. Neither TE Connectivity Ltd. nor any of its subsidiaries provides a guarantee as to payment obligations under the 3.50% convertible subordinated notes due 2015 issued by ADC Telecommunications, Inc. prior to its acquisition in December 2010.

Payments of common share dividends and cash distributions to shareholders were \$205 million and \$177 million in the first six months of fiscal 2014 and 2013, respectively. We paid a cash dividend of \$0.25 per share to shareholders out of contributed surplus in each of the first and second quarters of fiscal 2014.

In March 2014, our shareholders approved a dividend payment to shareholders of CHF 1.04 (equivalent to \$1.16) per share out of contributed surplus, payable in four equal quarterly installments of \$0.29 per share beginning in the third quarter of fiscal 2014 through the second quarter of fiscal 2015.

In the first quarter of fiscal 2014, our board of directors authorized an increase of \$1 billion in the share repurchase program. We repurchased approximately 7 million of our common shares for \$390 million and approximately 11 million of our common shares for \$409 million under our share repurchase authorization during the six months ended March 28, 2014 and March 29, 2013, respectively. At March 28, 2014, we had \$1,088 million of availability remaining under our share repurchase authorization.

Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

In the ordinary course of business, we are subject to various legal proceedings and claims, including patent infringement claims, product liability matters, employment disputes, disputes on agreements, other commercial disputes, environmental matters, antitrust claims, and tax matters, including non-income tax matters such as value added tax, sales and use tax, real estate tax, and transfer tax. Management believes that these legal proceedings and claims likely will be resolved over an extended period of time. Although it is not feasible to predict the outcome of these proceedings, based upon our experience, current information, and applicable law, we do not expect that the outcome of these proceedings, either individually or in the aggregate, will have a material effect on our results of operations, financial position, or cash flows. However, the proceedings discussed below in "Income Tax Matters" could have a material effect on our results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

At March 28, 2014, we had a contingent purchase price commitment of \$80 million related to our fiscal 2001 acquisition of Com-Net. This represents the maximum amount payable to the former shareholders of Com-Net only after the construction and installation of a communications system was

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completed for and approved by the State of Florida in accordance with guidelines set forth in the contract. Under the terms of the purchase and sale agreement, we do not believe we have any obligation to the sellers. However, the sellers have contested our position and initiated a lawsuit in June 2006 in the Court of Common Pleas in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania. A liability for this contingency has not been recorded on the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as we do not believe that any payment is probable at this time.

Income Tax Matters

Effective June 29, 2007, we became the parent company of the former electronics businesses of Tyco International. On June 29, 2007, Tyco International distributed all of our shares, as well as its shares of its former healthcare businesses ("Covidien"), to its common shareholders (the "separation").

In connection with our separation from Tyco International in 2007, we entered into a Tax Sharing Agreement that generally governs our, Tyco International's, and Covidien's respective rights, responsibilities, and obligations after the distribution with respect to taxes, including ordinary course of business taxes and taxes, if any, incurred as a result of any failure of the distribution of all of our shares or the shares of Covidien to qualify as a tax-free distribution for U.S. federal income tax purposes within the meaning of Section 355 of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") or certain internal transactions undertaken in anticipation of the spin-offs to qualify for tax-favored treatment under the Code.

Pursuant to the Tax Sharing Agreement, upon separation, we entered into certain guarantee commitments and indemnifications with Tyco International and Covidien. Under the Tax Sharing Agreement, we, Tyco International, and Covidien share 31%, 27%, and 42%, respectively, of certain contingent liabilities relating to unresolved pre-separation tax matters of Tyco International. See Note 7 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the Tax Sharing Agreement.

During fiscal 2007, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") concluded its field examination of certain of Tyco International's U.S. federal income tax returns for the years 1997 through 2000 and issued Revenue Agent Reports that reflected the IRS' determination of proposed tax adjustments for the 1997 through 2000 period. Additionally, the IRS proposed civil fraud penalties against Tyco International arising from alleged actions of former executives in connection with certain intercompany transfers of stock in 1998 and 1999. The penalties were asserted against a prior subsidiary of Tyco International that was distributed to us in connection with the separation. Tyco International appealed certain of the proposed adjustments for the years 1997 through 2000, and Tyco International resolved all but one of the matters associated with the proposed tax adjustments, including reaching an agreement with the IRS on the penalty adjustment in the amount of \$21 million. In October 2012, the IRS issued special agreement Forms 870-AD, effectively settling its audit of all tax matters for the period 1997 through 2000, excluding one issue that remains in dispute as described below. As a result of these developments, in the first six months of fiscal 2013, we recognized an income tax benefit of \$331 million, representing a reduction in tax reserves for the matters that were effectively settled, and other expense of \$231 million, representing a reduction of associated indemnification receivables, pursuant to the Tax Sharing Agreement with Tyco International and Covidien.

The disputed issue involves the tax treatment of certain intercompany debt transactions. The IRS field examination asserted that certain intercompany loans originating during the period 1997 through 2000 did not constitute debt for U.S. federal income tax purposes and disallowed approximately \$2.7 billion of related interest deductions recognized during the period on Tyco International's U.S. income tax returns. In addition, if the IRS is ultimately successful in asserting its claim, it is likely to disallow an additional \$6.6 billion of interest deductions reflected on U.S. income tax returns in years subsequent to fiscal 2000. Tyco International contends that the intercompany financing qualified as debt

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for U.S. tax purposes and that the interest deductions reflected on the income tax returns are appropriate. The IRS and Tyco International were unable to resolve this matter through the IRS appeals process. On June 20, 2013, Tyco International advised us that it had received Notices of Deficiency from the IRS for certain former U.S. subsidiaries of Tyco International increasing taxable income by approximately \$2.9 billion in connection with the audit of Tyco International's fiscal years 1997 through 2000. The Notices of Deficiency assert that Tyco International owes additional taxes totaling \$778 million, associated penalties of \$154 million, and withholding taxes of \$105 million. In addition, Tyco International received Final Partnership Administrative Adjustments for certain U.S. partnerships owned by former U.S. subsidiaries with respect to which Tyco International estimates an additional tax deficiency of approximately \$30 million will be asserted. The amounts asserted by the IRS exclude any applicable deficiency interest, and do not reflect any impact to subsequent period tax liabilities in the event that the IRS were to prevail on some or all of its assertions. We understand that Tyco International strongly disagrees with the IRS position and has filed petitions in the U.S. Tax Court contesting the IRS' proposed adjustments. Tyco International has advised us that it believes there are meritorious defenses for the tax filings in question and that the IRS positions with regard to these matters are inconsistent with the applicable tax laws and existing U.S. Treasury regulations.

Resolution of this matter in the U.S. Tax Court could take several years and no payments to the IRS with respect to these matters would be required until the matter is fully and finally resolved. In accordance with the terms of a tax sharing agreement, we, Tyco International, and Covidien would share 31%, 27%, and 42%, respectively, of any payments made in connection with these matters.

If the IRS were to prevail on its assertions, our share of the assessed tax, deficiency interest, and applicable withholding taxes and penalties could have a material adverse impact on our results of operations, financial position, and cash flows. We have reviewed the Notices of Deficiency, the relevant facts surrounding the intercompany debt transactions, relevant tax regulations, and applicable case law, and we continue to believe that we are appropriately reserved for this matter.

We received net reimbursements of \$21 million and made payments of \$67 million related to pre-separation tax matters during the first six months of fiscal 2014 and 2013, respectively. Tyco International's income tax returns for the years 2001 through 2004 remain subject to adjustment by the IRS upon ultimate resolution of the disputed issue involving certain intercompany loans originated during the period 1997 through 2000. For the undisputed issues for years 2001 through 2004, it is our understanding that Tyco International expects the IRS to issue general agreement Forms 870 during fiscal 2014. The IRS commenced its audit of certain Tyco International income tax returns for the years 2005 through 2007 in fiscal 2011, and it is our understanding that fieldwork for this audit period is expected to be completed in fiscal 2014. Also, during fiscal 2012, the IRS commenced its audit of our income tax returns for the years 2008 through 2010. We expect fieldwork for the 2008 through 2010 audit to conclude in fiscal 2014. Over the next twelve months, we expect to make net cash payments of approximately \$240 million in connection with pre-separation tax matters.

At March 28, 2014 and September 27, 2013, we have reflected \$58 million and \$15 million, respectively, of income tax liabilities related to the audits of Tyco International's and our income tax returns in accrued and other current liabilities as certain of these matters could be resolved within the next twelve months.

We believe that the amounts recorded on our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements relating to the matters discussed above are appropriate. However, the ultimate resolution is uncertain and could result in a material impact to our results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

In certain instances, we have guaranteed the performance of third parties and provided financial guarantees for uncompleted work and financial commitments. The terms of these guarantees vary with

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end dates ranging from fiscal 2014 through the completion of such transactions. The guarantees would be triggered in the event of nonperformance, and the potential exposure for nonperformance under the guarantees would not have a material effect on our results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

In disposing of assets or businesses, we often provide representations, warranties, and/or indemnities to cover various risks including unknown damage to assets, environmental risks involved in the sale of real estate, liability for investigation and remediation of environmental contamination at waste disposal sites and manufacturing facilities, and unidentified tax liabilities and legal fees related to periods prior to disposition. We do not expect that these uncertainties will have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

At March 28, 2014, we had outstanding letters of credit and letters of guarantee in the amount of \$336 million.

We have recorded liabilities for known indemnifications included as part of environmental liabilities. See Note 8 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of these liabilities.

In the normal course of business, we are liable for contract completion and product performance. In the opinion of management, such obligations will not significantly affect our results of operations, financial position, or cash flows.

Pursuant to the Tax Sharing Agreement, upon separation, we entered into certain guarantee commitments and indemnifications with Tyco International and Covidien. Under the Tax Sharing Agreement, we, Tyco International, and Covidien share 31%, 27%, and 42%, respectively, of certain contingent liabilities relating to unresolved pre-separation tax matters of Tyco International. The effect of the Tax Sharing Agreement is to indemnify us for 69% of certain liabilities settled in cash by us with respect to unresolved pre-separation tax matters. Pursuant to that indemnification, we have made similar indemnifications to Tyco International and Covidien with respect to 31% of certain liabilities settled in cash by the companies relating to unresolved pre-separation tax matters. If any of the companies responsible for all or a portion of such liabilities were to default in its payment of costs or expenses related to any such liability, we would be responsible for a portion of the defaulting party or parties' obligation. These arrangements have been valued upon our separation from Tyco International in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 460, *Guarantees*, and, accordingly, liabilities amounting to \$219 million were recorded on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet at March 28, 2014. See Notes 7 and 8 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses.

Our accounting policies for revenue recognition, goodwill and other intangible assets, income taxes, pension and postretirement benefits, acquisitions, and contingent liabilities are based on, among other things, judgments and assumptions made by management. During the six months ended March 28, 2014, there were no significant changes to these policies or to the underlying accounting assumptions and estimates used in these policies from those disclosed in the Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 27, 2013.

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Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Organic Net Sales Growth

Organic net sales growth is a non-GAAP financial measure. The difference between reported net sales growth (the most comparable GAAP measure) and organic net sales growth (the non-GAAP measure) consists of the impact from foreign currency exchange rates, acquisitions, and divestitures. Organic net sales growth is a useful measure of the underlying results and trends in our business. It excludes items that are not completely under management's control, such as the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, and items that do not reflect the underlying growth of the company, such as acquisition and divestiture activity.

We believe organic net sales growth provides useful information to investors because it reflects the underlying growth from the ongoing activities of our business. Furthermore, it provides investors with a view of our operations from management's perspective. We use organic net sales growth to monitor and evaluate performance, as it is an important measure of the underlying results of our operations. Management uses organic net sales growth together with GAAP measures such as net sales growth and operating income in its decision making processes related to the operations of our reporting segments and our overall company. We believe that investors benefit from having access to the same financial measures that management uses in evaluating operations. The discussion and analysis of organic net sales growth in "Results of Operations" above utilizes organic net sales growth as management does internally. Because organic net sales growth calculations may vary among other companies, organic net sales growth amounts presented above may not be comparable with similarly titled measures of other companies. Organic net sales growth is a non-GAAP financial measure that is not meant to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for GAAP measures. The primary limitation of this measure is that it excludes items that have an impact on our net sales. This limitation is best addressed by evaluating organic net sales growth in combination with our GAAP net sales. The tables presented in "Results of Operations" above provide reconciliations of organic net sales growth to net sales growth calculated under GAAP.

Free Cash Flow

Free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure. The difference between net cash provided by continuing operating activities (the most comparable GAAP measure) and free cash flow (the non-GAAP measure) consists mainly of significant cash outflows and inflows that we believe are useful to identify. Free cash flow is a useful measure of our ability to generate cash. It also is a significant component in our incentive compensation plans. We believe free cash flow provides useful information to investors as it provides insight into the primary cash flow metric used by management to monitor and evaluate cash flows generated from our operations.

Free cash flow is defined as net cash provided by continuing operating activities excluding voluntary pension contributions and the cash impact of special items, minus net capital expenditures. Net capital expenditures consist of capital expenditures less proceeds from the sale of property, plant, and equipment. These items are subtracted because they represent long-term commitments. Voluntary pension contributions are excluded from the GAAP measure because this activity is driven by economic financing decisions rather than operating activity. Certain special items, including net payments related to pre-separation tax matters, also are considered by management in evaluating free cash flow. We believe investors should also consider these items in evaluating our free cash flow.

Free cash flow as presented herein may not be comparable to similarly-titled measures reported by other companies. The primary limitation of this measure is that it excludes items that have an impact on our GAAP cash flow. Also, it subtracts certain cash items that are ultimately within management's and the board of directors' discretion to direct and may imply that there is less or more cash available for our programs than the most comparable GAAP measure indicates. This limitation is best addressed

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by using free cash flow in combination with the GAAP cash flow results. It should not be inferred that the entire free cash flow amount is available for future discretionary expenditures, as our definition of free cash flow does not consider certain non-discretionary expenditures, such as debt payments. In addition, we may have other discretionary expenditures, such as discretionary dividends, share repurchases, and business acquisitions, that are not considered in the calculation of free cash flow.

The tables presented in "Liquidity and Capital Resources" above provide reconciliations of free cash flow to cash flows from continuing operating activities calculated under GAAP.

Forward-Looking Information

Certain statements in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are based on our management's beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to our management. Forward-looking statements include, among others, the information concerning our possible or assumed future results of operations, business strategies, financing plans, competitive position, potential growth opportunities, potential operating performance improvements, acquisitions, the effects of competition, and the effects of future legislation or regulations. Forward-looking statements include all statements that are not historical facts and can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as the words "believe," "expect," "plan," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "predict," "potential," "continue," "may," "should," or the negative of these terms or similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements involve risks, uncertainties, and assumptions. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed in these forward-looking statements. You should not put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. We do not have any intention or obligation to update forward-looking statements after we file this report except as required by law.

The following and other risks, which are described in greater detail in "Part I. Item 1A. Risk Factors," in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 27, 2013, could also cause our results to differ materially from those expressed in forward-looking statements:

conditions in the global or regional economies and global capital markets, and cyclical industry conditions;

conditions affecting demand for products in the industries we serve, particularly the automotive industry;

competition and pricing pressure;

market acceptance of new product introductions and product innovations and product life cycles;

raw material availability, quality, and cost;

fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates;

financial condition and consolidation of customers and vendors;

reliance on third-party suppliers;

risks associated with current and future acquisitions and divestitures;

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global risks of business interruptions such as natural disasters and political, economic, and military instability;

risks related to compliance with current and future environmental and other laws and regulations;

our ability to protect our intellectual property rights;

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risks of litigation;

our ability to operate within the limitations imposed by our debt instruments;

risks relating to our separation on June 29, 2007 from Tyco International Ltd.;

the possible effects on us of various U.S. and non-U.S. legislative proposals and other initiatives that, if adopted, could materially increase our worldwide corporate effective tax rate and negatively impact our U.S. government contracts business;

various risks associated with being a Swiss corporation;

the impact of fluctuations in the market price of our shares; and

the impact of certain provisions of our articles of association on unsolicited takeover proposals.

There may be other risks and uncertainties that we are unable to predict at this time or that we currently do not expect to have a material adverse effect on our business.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no significant changes in our exposures to market risk during the first six months of fiscal 2014. For further discussion of our exposures to market risk, refer to "Part II. Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 27, 2013.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), as of March 28, 2014. Based on that evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 28, 2014.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

During the quarter ended March 28, 2014, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Table of Contents**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION****ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

There have been no material developments in our legal proceedings since we filed our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 27, 2013. For a description of our previously reported legal proceedings, refer to "Part I. Item 3. Legal Proceedings" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 27, 2013.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes in our risk factors from those disclosed in "Part I. Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 27, 2013. The risk factors described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, in addition to other information set forth in this report, could materially affect our business operations, financial condition, or liquidity. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently believe are immaterial also may impair our business operations, financial condition, and liquidity.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities**

None.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table presents information about our purchases of our common shares during the quarter ended March 28, 2014:

Period		Total Number of Shares Purchased ⁽¹⁾	Average Price Paid Per Share ⁽¹⁾	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs ⁽²⁾	Maximum Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs ⁽²⁾
December 28, 2013	January 24, 2014	1,013,406	\$ 56.13	1,010,447	\$ 1,209,960,571
January 25	February 28, 2014	1,208,868	56.84	1,203,753	1,141,540,071
March 1	March 28, 2014	916,493	58.68	915,997	1,087,788,132
Total		3,138,767	\$ 57.15	3,130,197	

(1) These columns include the following transactions which occurred during the quarter ended March 28, 2014:

- (i) the acquisition of 8,570 common shares from individuals in order to satisfy tax withholding requirements in connection with the vesting of restricted share awards issued under equity compensation plans; and
- (ii) open market purchases totaling 3,130,197 common shares, summarized on a trade-date basis, in conjunction with the share repurchase program announced in September 2007.

(2)

On October 29, 2013, our board of directors authorized a \$1 billion increase in the share repurchase program. Our share repurchase program authorizes us to purchase a portion of our outstanding common shares from time to time through open market or private transactions, depending on business and market conditions. The share repurchase program does not have an expiration date.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Exhibit
31.1	Certification by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
31.2	Certification by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
32.1	Certification by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**
101	Financial statements from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of TE Connectivity Ltd. for the quarterly period ended March 28, 2014, filed on April 24, 2014, formatted in XBRL: (i) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements*

*
Filed herewith

**
Furnished herewith

Neither TE Connectivity Ltd. nor any of its consolidated subsidiaries has outstanding any instrument with respect to its long-term debt, other than those filed as an exhibit to TE Connectivity Ltd.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 27, 2013, under which the total amount of securities authorized exceeds 10% of the total assets of TE Connectivity Ltd. and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis. TE Connectivity Ltd. hereby agrees to furnish to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, upon request, a copy of each instrument that defines the rights of holders of such long-term debt that is not filed or incorporated by reference as an exhibit to our annual and quarterly reports.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

TE CONNECTIVITY LTD.

By: _____ /s/ ROBERT W. HAU

Robert W. Hau

*Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal
Financial Officer)*

Date: April 24, 2014

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